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Derivation of test tolerances and measurement uncertainty for User Equipment (UE) conformance test cases (3GPP TR 38.903 version 16.5.0 Release 16)



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Introduction

FFS

1 Scope

The present document specifies a general method used to derive Measurement Uncertainties and Test Tolerances for UE conformance tests. The acceptable uncertainties for each test case are documented and establish a system for relating the Test Tolerances to the measurement uncertainties of the Test System.

For UE radio transmitting and reception tests, only FR2 is considered in this document. For UE RRM and Demodulation tests, both FR1 and FR2 are considered in this document.

The test cases which have been analysed to determine Test Tolerances are included as .zip files.

The present document is applicable from Release 15 up to the release indicated on the front page of the present Terminal conformance specifications.

2 References

[1]

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

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- [2] 3GPP TR 36.903: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Derivation of test tolerances for Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance tests".
- [3] 3GPP TS 36.904: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Derivation of test tolerances for User Equipment (UE) radio reception conformance tests".
- [4] ETSI ETR 273-1-2: "Improvement of radiated methods of measurement (using test sites) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 2: Examples and annexes".
- [5] 3GPP TS 36.521-1: "User Equipment (UE) conformance specification, Radio transmission and reception Part 1: conformance testing".
- [6] 3GPP TS 38.521-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
- [7] 3GPP TS 38.521-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
- [8] 3GPP TS 38.521-3: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 3: NR interworking between NR range1 + NR range2; and between NR and LTE".
- [9] 3GPP TS 38.521-4: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception; Part 4: Performance requirements".
- [10] 3GPP TS 38.533: "NR; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio Resource Management (RRM)".

| [11] | ETSI TR 102 273-1-1 V1.2.1 (2001-12): "Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Improvement on Radiated Methods of Measurement (using test site) and evaluation of the corresponding measurement uncertainties; Part 1: Uncertainties in the measurement of mobile radio equipment characteristics; Sub-part 1: Introduction". |
|------|---|
| [12] | 3GPP TR 25.914: "Measurement of Radio Performances for UMTS terminals in speech mode". |
| [13] | 3GPP TR 38.810: "Study on test methods for New Radio ". |
| [14] | CTIA OTA Test Plan version 3.7, https://www.ctia.org/. |
| [15] | 3GPP TS 36.521-3: "User Equipment (UE) conformance specification, Radio transmission and reception Part 3: Radio Resource Management (RRM) conformance testing." |
| [16] | 3GPP TS 38.101-2: "User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception Part 2: Range 2 Standalone" |
| [17] | 3GPP TS 38.133: "Requirements for support of radio resource management" |
| [18] | 3GPP TS 38.508-1: "5GS; User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Part 1: Common test environment" |

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] apply.

3.2 Symbols

BW

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

D DUT radiating aperture

Bandwidth

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

| CA | Carrier Aggregation |
|------|--|
| DFF | Direct Far Field |
| DUT | Device Under Test |
| EIS | Effective Isotropic Sensitivity |
| EIRP | Effective (or equivalent) isotropic radiated power |
| EVM | Error Vector Magnitude |
| FF | Far Field |
| FR1 | Frequency Range 1 |
| FR2 | Frequency Range 2 |
| FWA | Fixed Wireless Access |
| IFF | Indirect Far Field |
| MBW | Maximum Bandwidth |
| MU | Measurement Uncertainty |
| NFTF | Near Field To Far-field |
| NR | New Radio |
| OTA | Over The Air |
| SNR | Signal-to-Noise Ratio |
| TRP | Total Radiated Power |
| UE | User Equipment |
| | |

4 General Principles

4.1 Principle of Superposition

For multi-cell tests there are several cells each generating various Physical channels. In general cells are combined along with AWGN, so the signal and noise seen by the UE may be determined by more than one cell.

Since several cells may contribute towards the overall power applied to the UE, a number of test system uncertainties affect the signal and noise seen by the UE. The aim of the superposition method is to vary each controllable parameter of the test system separately, and to establish its effect on the critical parameters as seen by the UE receiver. The superposition principle then allows the effect of each test system uncertainty to be added, to calculate the overall effect.

The contributing test system uncertainties shall form a minimum set for the superposition principle to be applicable.

4.2 Sensitivity analysis

A change in any one channel level or channel ratio generated at source does not necessarily have a 1:1 effect at the UE. The effect of each controllable parameter of the test system on the critical parameters as seen by the UE receiver shall therefore be established. As a consequence of the sensitivity scaling factors not necessarily being unity, the test system uncertainties cannot be directly applied as test tolerances to the critical parameters as seen by the UE.

EXAMPLE:

In many of the tests described, the $\hat{E}s$ / I_{ot} is one of the critical parameters at the UE. Scaling factors are used to model the sensitivity of the $\hat{E}s$ / I_{ot} to each test system uncertainty. When the scaling factors have been determined, the superposition principle then allows the effect of each test system uncertainty to be added, to give the overall variability in the critical parameters as seen at the UE.

There are often constraints on several parameters at the UE. The aim of the sensitivity analysis, together with the acceptable test system uncertainties, is to ensure that the variability in each of these parameters is controlled within the limits necessary for the specification to apply. The test has then been conducted under valid conditions.

4.3 Statistical combination of uncertainties

The acceptable uncertainties of the test system are specified as the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95 % of the performance of a population of test equipment. In the RRM and UE radio transmission and reception conformance tests covered by the present document, the Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified range, with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values.

The method given in the present document combines the acceptable uncertainties of the test system, to give the overall variability in the critical parameters as seen at the UE. Since the process does not add any new uncertainties, the method of combination should be chosen to maintain the same tolerance interval for the combined uncertainty as is already specified for the contributing test system uncertainties.

The basic principle for combining uncertainties is in accordance with ETR 273-1-2 [4]. In summary, the process requires 3 steps:

- a) Express the value of each contributing uncertainty as a one standard deviation figure, from knowledge of its numeric value and its distribution.
- b) Combine all the one standard deviation figures as root-sum-squares, to give the one standard deviation value for the combined uncertainty.
- c) Expand the combined uncertainty by a coverage factor, according to the tolerance interval required.

Provided that the contributing uncertainties have already been obtained using this method, using a coverage factor of 2, further stages of combination can be achieved by performing step b) alone, since steps a) and c) simply divide by 2 and multiply by 2 respectively.

The root-sum-squares method is therefore used to maintain the same tolerance interval for the combined uncertainty as is already specified for the contributing test system uncertainties. In some cases where correlation between contributing uncertainties has an adverse effect, the method is modified in accordance with clause 4.4.5 of the present document.

In each analysis, the uncertainties are assumed to be uncorrelated, and are added result root-sum-square unless otherwise stated.

The combination of uncertainties is performed using dB values for simplicity. It has been shown that using dB uncertainty values gives a slightly worse combined uncertainty result than using linear values for the uncertainties. The analysis method therefore errs on the safe side.

4.4 Correlation between uncertainties

The statistical (root-sum-square) addition of uncertainties is based on the assumption that the uncertainties are independent of each other. For realisable test systems, the uncertainties may not be fully independent. The validity of the method used to add uncertainties depends on both the type of correlation and on the way in which the uncertainties affect the test requirements.

Clauses 4.4.1 to 4.4.3 give examples to illustrate different types of correlation.

Clauses 4.4.4 to 4.4.7 show how the scenarios applicable to multi-cell RRM tests are treated.

4.4.1 Uncorrelated uncertainties

The graph shows an example of two test system uncertainties, A and B, which affect a test requirement. Each sample from a population of test systems has a specific value of error in parameter A, and a specific value of error in parameter B. Each dot on the graph represents a sample from a population of test systems, and is plotted according to its error values for parameters A and B.

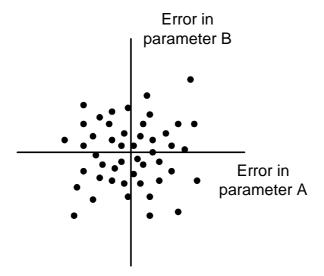


Figure 4.4.1-1: Example of two test system uncertainties affecting a test requirement

It can be seen that a positive value of error in parameter A, for example, is equally likely to occur with either a positive or a negative value of error in parameter B. This is expected when two parameters are uncorrelated, such as two uncertainties which arise from different and unrelated parts of the test system.

4.4.2 Positively correlated uncertainties

The graph shows an example of two test system uncertainties, A and B, which affect a test requirement. Each sample from a population of test systems has a specific value of error in parameter A, and a specific value of error in parameter

B. Each dot on the graph represents a sample from a population of test systems, and is plotted according to its error values for parameters A and B.

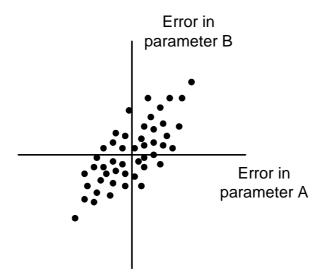


Figure 4.4.2-1: Example of two test system uncertainties affecting a test requirement

It can be seen that a positive value of error in parameter A, for example, is more likely to occur with a positive value of error in parameter B and less likely to occur with a negative value of error in parameter B. This can occur when the two uncertainties arise from similar parts of the test system, or when one component of the uncertainty affects both parameters in a similar way.

In an extreme case, if the error in parameter A and the error in parameter B came from the same sources of uncertainty, and no others, the dots would lie on a straight line of slope +1.

4.4.3 Negatively correlated uncertainties

The graph shows an example of two test system uncertainties, A and B, which affect a test condition. Each sample from a population of test systems has a specific value of error in parameter A, and a specific value of error in parameter B. Each dot on the graph represents a sample from a population of test systems, and is plotted according to its error values for parameters A and B.

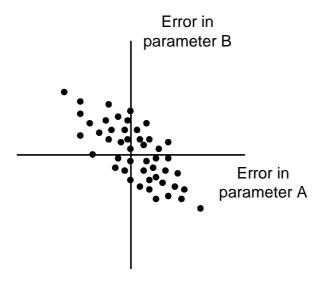


Figure 4.4.3-1: Example of two test system uncertainties affecting a test condition

It can be seen that a positive value of error in parameter A, for example, is more likely to occur with a negative value of error in parameter B and less likely to occur with a positive value of error in parameter B. This effect can theoretically occur, and is included for completeness, but is unlikely in a practical test system.

4.4.4 Treatment of uncorrelated uncertainties

If two uncertainties are uncorrelated, they are added statistically in the analysis. Provided that each uncertainty is already expressed as an expanded uncertainty with coverage factor 2, the contributing uncertainties are added root-sumsquares to give a combined uncertainty which also has coverage factor 2, and the 95% tolerance interval is maintained.

This is the default assumption.

4.4.5 Treatment of positively correlated uncertainties with adverse effect

If two test system uncertainties are positively correlated, and if they affect the value of a critical parameter in the same direction, the combined effect may be greater than predicted by adding the contributing uncertainties root-sum-squares.

In this scenario the two uncertainties are added worst-case in the analysis. Provided that each uncertainty is already expressed as an expanded uncertainty with coverage factor 2, the combined uncertainty will cover a 95% tolerance interval even when the two contributing uncertainties are fully correlated. If the two contributing uncertainties are less than fully correlated, the combined uncertainty will cover a tolerance interval greater than 95%.

4.4.6 Treatment of positively correlated uncertainties with beneficial effect

If two test system uncertainties are positively correlated, and if they affect the value of a critical parameter in opposite directions, the combined effect will be less than predicted by adding the contributing uncertainties root-sum-squares.

In this scenario the two uncertainties are added statistically in the analysis. Provided that each uncertainty is already expressed as an expanded uncertainty with coverage factor 2, the combined uncertainty will cover a 95% tolerance interval when the two contributing uncertainties are uncorrelated. If the two contributing uncertainties are positively correlated, the combined uncertainty will cover a tolerance interval greater than 95%.

4.4.7 Treatment of negatively correlated uncertainties

Negatively correlated uncertainties are excluded by the assumptions. This has been agreed as an acceptable restriction on practical test systems, as the mechanisms which produce correlation generally arise from similarities between two parts of the test system, and therefore produce positive correlation.

5 Determination of Test System Uncertainties

5.1 General

The uncertainty of a test system when making measurements reduces the ability of the test system to distinguish between conformant and non-conformant test subjects. The aim is therefore to minimise uncertainty, subject to a number of practical constraints:

- a) A vendor's test system should be reproducible in the required quantities.
- b) A choice of test systems should be available from different vendors.
- c) The uncertainties should allow reasonable freedom of test system implementation
- d) The test system can be run automatically
- e) The test system may include several radio access technologies

f) It should be possible to maintain calibration of deployed test systems over reasonable spans of time and environmental conditions

In practice therefore within 3GPP the acceptable uncertainty of the test system is the smallest value that can be agreed between the test system vendors represented, consistent with the above constraints. The uncertainty will not therefore be as low as could be achieved, for example, by a national standards laboratory.

5.2 Uncertainty figures

The actual figures for the acceptable uncertainty of a test system are defined in [Annex TBD of 38.521-1, Annex TBD of 38.521-2, Annex TBD of 38.521-3, Annex TBD of TS 38.521-4 and Annex TBD of TS 38.533]. To avoid maintenance issues with figures in separate specifications, the uncertainties are not formally defined within the present document, but informative guidelines are provided in Annex B to Annex E of the present document.

6 Determination of Test Tolerances

6.1 General

The general principles given in the present document are applied to each test case, according to the applicable uncertainties and requirements to obtain a correct verdict.

The test cases which have been analysed to determine Test Tolerances are included the present document as .zip files. The name of the zip file indicates the specification and the test cases covered.

Annex A gives the rationale for their inclusion.

7 Grouping of test cases defined in TS 38.521-4

Editor's note: intended to capture grouping of demodulation test cases.

8 Grouping of test cases defined in TS 38.533

Table 8-1: Grouping of test cases defined in TS 38.533

| Group | Test Case | .zip file name | Comments |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | Numbers | | |
| SCell_Activation_01 | 4.5.3.1 | "38.533 | "2 Inter Frequency |
| | 4.5.3.2 | 4.5.3.1+4.5.3.2+6.5.3.1+6.5.3.2 | NR Cells, |
| | 4.5.3.3 | TT.zip" | 3 time periods, |
| | 0 = 0 4 | | Various number of |
| | 6.5.3.1 | | sub-tests, |
| | 6.5.3.2 | | No fading" |
| Intra_Freq_Meas_01 | 6.5.3.3 4.6.1.1 | "38.533 | "2 Intra Frequency |
| Intra_Freq_ivieas_01 | 4.6.1.1 | 4.6.1.1+4.6.1.2+4.6.1.3+4.6.1.4 | NR Cells, |
| | 4.6.1.3 | TT.zip" | 2 time periods, |
| | 4.6.1.4 | 11.2.10 | Various number of |
| | 4.6.1.5 | | sub-tests, |
| | 4.6.1.6 | | No fading" |
| | | | |
| | 6.6.1.1 | | |
| | 6.6.1.2 | | |
| | 6.6.1.3 | | |
| | 6.6.1.4 | | |
| | 6.6.1.5 | | |
| Inter_Freq_Meas_01 | 6.6.1.6 4.6.2.1 | "4.6.2.1+4.6.2.2+4.6.2.5+4.6.2.6 | "2 Inter Frequency |
| III.GI_I IGY_IVICAS_UI | 4.6.2.1 | 4.6.2.1+4.6.2.2+4.6.2.5+4.6.2.6 TT.zip" | NR Cells, |
| | 4.6.2.5 | Ι 11.21β | 2 time periods, |
| | 4.6.2.6 | | Various number of |
| | 1.0.2.0 | | sub-tests, |
| | 6.6.2.1 | | No fading" |
| | 6.6.2.2 | | |
| | 6.6.2.5 | | |
| | 6.6.2.6 | | |
| Intra_Reselection_01 | 6.1.1.1 | "38.533 6.1.1.1 TT v2.zip" | "2 Intra Frequency |
| | | | NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| Inter_Reselection_01 | 6.1.1.2 | "38.533 6.1.1.2 TT v2.zip" | No fading" "2 Inter Frequency |
| Intel_Reselection_01 | 0.1.1.2 | 36.333 6.1.1.2 11 V2.2IP | NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| InterRAT_Higher_Reselection_01 | 6.1.2.1 | "38.533 6.1.2.1 TT v2.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, |
| | | | 1 NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| InterRAT_Lower_Reselection_01 | 6.1.2.2 | "38.533 6.1.2.2 TT v2.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, |
| | | | 1 NR Cells, |
| | | | 2 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| InterRAT_Known_Handover_01 | 6.3.1.4 | "38.533 6.3.1.4 TT v2.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, |
| | | | 1 NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, No fading" |
| InterRAT_Unknown_Handover_01 | 6.3.1.5 | "38.533 6.3.1.5 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, |
| interiori _onkilowii_riaridovei_01 | 0.0.1.0 | σσ.σσσ σ.σ.τ.σ ττ.Διρ | 1 NR Cells, |
| | | | 2 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| Intra_RRC_re-establishment_01 | 6.3.2.1.1 | "38.533 6.3.2.1.1 TT.zip" | "2 Intra Frequency |
| | | | NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| Intra_SS-RSRP_Abs_Acc_01 | 4.7.1.1.1 | "38.533 4.7.1.1.1+6.7.1.1.1 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Frequency |
| | 6.7.1.1.1 | | NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 Sub-tests, periodic reporting, |
| | | | No fading" |
| | i | <u>l</u> | I NO Taurity |

| Intra_SS-RSRP_Rel_Acc_01 | 4.7.1.1.2 6.7.1.1.2 | "38.533 4.7.1.1.2+6.7.1.1.2 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Frequency NR Cells, 3 Sub-tests, periodic reporting, No fading" |
|-------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Inter_RRC_re-establishment_01 | 6.3.2.1.2 | "38.533 6.3.2.1.2 TT.zip" | "2 Inter Frequency NR Cells, 3 time periods, No fading" |
| Inter_RRC_redirection_01 | 6.3.2.3.1 | "38.533 6.3.2.3.1 TT.zip" | "2 Inter Frequency NR Cells, 2 time periods, No fading" |
| InterRAT_RRC_redirection_01 | 6.3.2.3.2 | "38.533 6.3.2.3.2 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, 1 NR Cells, 2 time periods, No fading" |
| RLM_InSync_01 | 4.5.1.2 4.5.1.4 6.5.1.2 6.5.1.4 4.5.1.6 4.5.1.8 6.5.1.6 6.5.1.8 | "38.533 4.5.1.2+4.5.1.4+6.5.1.2+6.5.1.4 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), 1 sub-test, Fading, 5 Time Periods" |
| RLM_Out_of_Sync_01 | 4.5.1.1 4.5.1.3 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 4.5.1.5 4.5.1.7 6.5.1.5 6.5.1.7 | "38.533 4.5.1.1+4.5.1.3+6.5.1.1+6.5.1.3 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), 1 sub-test, Fading, 3 Time Periods" |
| UE_Timing_Advance_01 | 4.4.3.1 6.4.3.1 | "38.533 4.4.3.1 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), No Fading" |
| UE Transmit_Timing_01 | 4.4.1.1 6.4.1.1 | "38.533 4.4.1.1+6.4.1.1 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), 2 sub-tests, No Fading" |
| RRC_reconfiguration_delay_01 | 4.5.4.1 6.5.4.1 | "38.533 4.5.4.1+6.5.1.1 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRA Cell, 2 NR Cells", 3 Time Periods, No Fading" |
| Intra_Freq_HO_Known_Target | 6.3.1.1 | "38.533 6.3.1.1 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Freq NR Cells, 3 Time Periods, No Fading" |
| Intra_Freq_HO_Unknown_Target | 6.3.1.2 | "38.533 6.3.1.2 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Freq NR Cells, 2 Time Periods, No Fading" |
| Inter_Freq_HO | 6.3.1.3 | "38.533 6.3.1.3 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Freq NR Cells, 2 Time Periods, No Fading" |
| InterRAT_Meas_01 | 6.6.3.1 6.6.3.2 | "38.533 6.6.3.1+6.6.3.2 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, 1 NR Cells, 2 time periods, Fading" |
| Interruption_Transition_01 | 4.5.2.1 4.5.2.2 | "38.533 4.5.2.1+4.5.2.2 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, 1 NR Cells, 1 time period, No fading" |
| Interruption_meas_NR_SCC_01 | 4.5.2.3 4.5.2.4 6.5.2.1 | "38.533 4.5.2.3+4.5.2.4 TT.zip" | "1 E-UTRAN Cell, 2 NR Cells (2 NR Cells for SA case), 1 time period, No fading" |

| | T . = | T #22 - 22 4 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2 - | |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
| Interruption_ meas_NR_SCC _01 | 4.5.2.5 4.5.2.6 | "38.533 4.5.2.5+4.5.2.6 TT.zip" | "2 E-UTRAN Cell, 1 NR Cells, 1 time period, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-RSRP_Abs_Acc_01 | 4.7.1.2.1 6.7.1.2.1 | "38.533 4.7.1.2.1+6.7.1.2.1 TT v2.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-RSRP_Rel_Acc_01 | 4.7.1.2.2 6.7.1.2.2 | "38.533 4.7.1.2.2+6.7.1.2.2 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Intra_SS-SINR_Acc_01 | 4.7.3.1 6.7.3.1 | "38.533 4.7.3.1+6.7.3.1 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| SSB_Based_L1-RSRP-Meas | 4.6.4.1 4.6.4.2 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 | "38.533 4.6.4.1+4.6.4.2 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), 2 time periods, No fading" |
| CSI-RS_Based_L1-RSRP-Meas | 4.6.4.3 4.6.4.4 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.4 | "38.533 4.6.4.3+4.6.4.4 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E-UTRA Cell for NSA case), one time period, No fading" |
| Intra_SS-RSRQ_Acc_01 | 4.7.2.1 6.7.2.1 | "38.533 4.7.2.1+6.7.2.1 TT.zip" | "2 Intra-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-RSRQ_Abs_Acc_01 | 4.7.2.2.1 6.7.2.2.1 | "38.533 4.7.2.2.1+6.7.2.2.1 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-RSRQ_Rel_Acc_01 | 4.7.2.2.2 6.7.2.2.2 | "38.533 4.7.2.2.2+6.7.2.2.2 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-SINR_Abs_Acc_01 | 4.7.3.2.1 6.7.3.2.1 | "38.533 4.7.3.2.1+6.7.3.2.1 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_SS-SINR_Rel_Acc_01 | 4.7.3.2.2 6.7.3.2.2 | "38.533 4.7.3.2.2+6.7.3.2.2 TT.zip" | "2 Inter-Frequency NR Cells, periodic reporting, No fading" |
| Inter_RAT_SS- RSRP_LTE_Serving_01 | 8.5.2.1.1.1 | "38.533 8.5.2.1.1.1 TT.zip" | 1 NR Cell, 1 LTE serving cell, periodic SS-RSRP reporting, No fading |
| Inter_RAT_SS- RSRQ_LTE_Serving_01 | 8.5.2.2.1 | "38.533 8.5.2.2.1 TT.zip" | 1 NR Cell, 1 LTE serving cell, periodic SS-RSRQ reporting, No fading |
| Inter_RAT_SS- SINR_LTE_Serving_01 | 8.5.2.3.1 | "38.533 8.5.2.3.1 TT.zip" | 1 NR Cell, 1 LTE serving cell, periodic SS-SINR reporting, No fading |
| L1-RSRP_Abs_Acc_01 | 4.7.4.1.1 6.7.4.1.1 4.7.4.2.1 6.7.4.2.1 | "38.533 4.7.4.1.1+4.7.4.2.1+6.7.4.1.1+6.7.4.2. 1 TT.zip" | NR Cell, periodic L1-RSRP reporting, No fading |
| L1-RSRP_Rel_Acc_01 | 4.7.4.1.2 6.7.4.1.2 4.7.4.2.2 6.7.4.2.2 | "38.533 4.7.4.1.2+4.7.4.2.2+6.7.4.1.2+6.7.4.2. 2 TT.zip" | 1 NR Cell with 2 Beams, periodic L1- RSRP reporting, No fading |

| SSB_Based_BFR | 4.5.5.1 | "38.533 | "1 NR Cell (1 E- |
|------------------------------|-----------|--|-------------------------|
| | 4.5.5.2 | 4.5.5.1+4.5.5.2+6.5.5.1+6.5.5.2 | UTRA Cell for NSA |
| | 6.5.5.1 | TT.zip" | case), |
| | 6.5.5.2 | | 5 time periods, |
| | | | Fading" |
| CSI-RS_Based_BFR | 4.5.5.3 | "38.533 | "1 NR Cell (1 E- |
| | 4.5.5.4 | 4.5.5.3+4.5.5.4+6.5.5.3+6.5.5.4 | UTRA Cell for NSA |
| | 6.5.5.3 | TT.zip" | case), |
| | 6.5.5.4 | | 5 time periods, |
| | | | Fading" |
| DCI_Based_BWP_Switch | 4.5.6.1.1 | "38.533 | "1 NR Cell (2NR |
| | 4.5.6.1.2 | 4.5.6.1.1+4.5.6.1.2+6.5.6.1.1+6.5.6.1. | Cells for Scell case, 1 |
| | 6.5.6.1.1 | 2 TT.zip" | E-UTRA Cell for NSA |
| | 6.5.6.1.2 | · | case), |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| RRC_Based_BWP_Switch | 4.5.6.2.1 | "38.533 4.5.6.2.1+6.5.6.2.1 TT.zip" | "1 NR Cell (1 E- |
| | 6.5.6.2.1 | · | UTRA Cell for NSA |
| | | | case), |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |
| Intra_RRC_re- | 6.3.2.1.3 | "38.533 6.3.2.1.3 TT.zip" | "2 Intra Frequency |
| establishment_without_timing | | · | NR Cells, |
| | | | 3 time periods, |
| | | | No fading" |

Annex A: Derivation documents for test tolerance

The documents (and spreadsheets where applicable) used to derive the test tolerances for each test case are included in the present document as zip files.

The aim is to provide a reference to completed test cases, so that test tolerances for similar test cases can be derived on a common basis. The information on test case grouping in clauses 7 and 8 can be used to identify similarities.

A.1 Void

A.2 Handling of common Test Tolerance topics for radiated test cases defined in TS 38.533

The basic principles of Test Tolerance analysis are the same for conducted testing and radiated testing, but for radiated testing additional topics are taken into account. This annex contains methods to handle common additional topics, to allow re-use and to avoid the need for each test case analysis to repeat the same detail.

Individual test case analyses are expected to follow the methods contained here where applicable, and to refer to relevant clauses in this Annex.

A.2.1 Angles of Arrival

A.2.1.1 Relevant core requirements

In FR2, the performance of the UE depends on the downlink signal angle of arrival, and is characterised by two parameters:

- Refsens: lowest signal level for a given demodulation performance in the UE Rx beam peak direction, specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 7.3.2 according to UE Power class, Channel bandwidth and operating band
- EIS spherical coverage: lowest signal level for a given demodulation performance in a specified percentile of other directions, specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 7.3.4 according to UE Power class, Channel bandwidth and operating band

As both of these requirements are defined in the context of a throughput requirement, the UE is assumed to be using fine beams. Note that for directions outside the specified percentile of spherical coverage directions, there are no requirements. Testing must therefore be carried out within the spherical coverage directions. For testing, direction is 3-dimensional, but the principle can be illustrated in a 2-dimensional diagram:

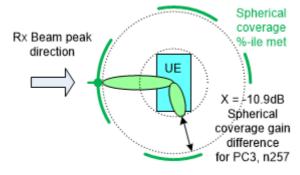


Figure A.2.1.1-1: UE Rx Beam-peak and spherical coverage directions, Fine beams

A.2.1.2 Modelling of variation within spherical coverage directions

Within the spherical coverage directions, a signal may be anywhere from near Rx Beam Peak (high gain direction, close to Refsens) to the worst of the allowed percentile (low gain direction, close to EIS spherical coverage requirement value). This is modelled by taking the midpoint of the Spherical coverage range as the nominal value, and then adding a variation of ±(half the difference between Refsens and Spherical coverage).

UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint in dB is derived as (UE Refsens - UE Spherical coverage)/2

Figure A.2.1.2-1 shows an example for UE Power class 3, Channel bandwidth 100MHz and operating band n257. In this example the UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint would be -5.45dB, as the gain is lower than in the Rx Beam peak direction. Variation about the midpoint is handled as a UE uncertainty.

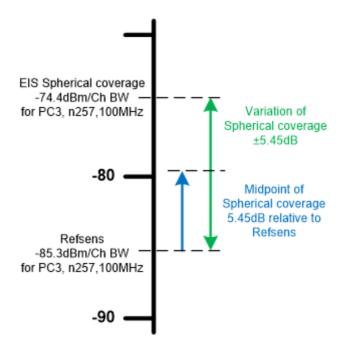


Figure A.2.1.2-1: Example modelling of variation within spherical coverage directions, Fine beams

A.2.1.3 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- The Angle of Arrival for each downlink signal shall be defined: either from UE Rx beam peak direction or from a direction within the EIS spherical coverage
- Variations over the EIS spherical coverage directions shall be included, using the method shown in A.2.1.2.

Variations over the EIS spherical coverage directions do not directly affect signals applied to the UE, but they do affect the SS-RSRP level measured by the UE, and the Es/Iot at UE baseband. Where the test case has requirements on UE baseband Es/Iot_{BB}, UE internal noise calculation is given in clause A.2.3, and calculation of Es/Iot at UE baseband is given in clauses A.2.4 and A.2.7.

A.2.2 UE Fine beams and Rough beams

A.2.2.1 Relevant core requirements

UE requirements such as Refsens in TS 38.101-2 [16], assume that the UE is using a fine beam which has higher antenna gain to give good demodulation performance. However, in some RRM scenarios where the UE is for example

searching for or measuring other cells, the UE uses rough beams which have lower antenna gain. The difference in gain is specified depending on the Angle of Arrival:

- The Gain difference Y between fine and rough beams in the UE Rx beam peak direction is specified in TS 38.133 [17] Table B.2.1.3.1-1 according to UE Power class
- The Gain difference Z between fine and rough beams in the UE Spherical coverage directions is specified in TS 38.133 [17] Table B.2.1.3.2-1 according to UE Power class

The Gain differences Y and Z are not dependent on Channel bandwidth or operating band. The concept is illustrated in Figures A.2.2.1-1 and A.2.2.1-2.

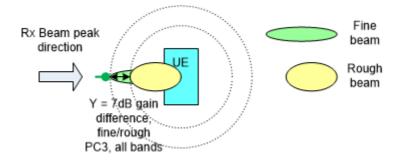


Figure A.2.2.1-1: Fine and rough beams, Rx Beam peak direction

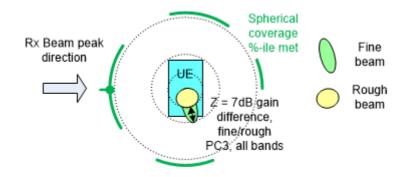


Figure A.2.2.1-2: Fine and rough beams, spherical coverage directions

A.2.2.2 Modelling of Fine beams and Rough beams

Where the UE is assumed to use fine beams, the scenario is already covered in the Refsens and EIS spherical coverage requirements, and no further modifications are needed.

Where the UE is assumed to use rough beams, the effect is modelled as a reduction in gain of YdB or ZdB, according to the Angle of Arrival of each downlink signal. The reduction in gain translates to a higher UE internal noise seen at the Reference point where the downlink signals are applied. UE noise calculated from Refsens or from EIS spherical coverage requirements is increased by YdB or ZdB respectively. UE internal noise calculation is given in clause A.2.3.

A.2.2.3 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- The Type of beam assumed to be used by the UE for each downlink signal shall be defined: either Fine Beam or Rough Beam
- Where UE internal noise is relevant, and the UE is assumed to be using Rough Beams, it is increased by the value of Y or Z, selected according to UE Power class and Angle of Arrival.

UE internal noise calculation is given in clause A.2.3.

A.2.3 UE internal noise

A.2.3.1 Relevant core requirements

The relevant Core requirements are:

- Refsens or EIS spherical coverage, specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clauses 7.3.2 and 7.3.4 respectively
- UE baseband SNR at which Refsens or EIS spherical coverage is specified, in TS 38.133 [17] clause B.2.1.3
- N_{RB} in channel BW at which Refsens or EIS spherical coverage is specified, in TS 38.101-2 [16] Table 5.3.2-1
- Gain difference between fine and rough beams, in TS 38.133 [17] clause B.2.1.3
- UE multi-band relaxation factors, in TS 38.101-2 [16] Table 6.2.1.3-4

A.2.3.2 Calculation method

For signals arriving from Rx Beam Peak direction:

Noise in dBm/SCS = Refsens PC, band, Ch BW - SNR_{Refsens} - 10Log₁₀ (N_{RB_Ch BW}, SCS x 12) + Y PC + \pm MBP

where:

Refsens PC, band, Ch BW is the reference sensitivity value in dBm specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 7.3.2 according to Power Class, Operating band and Channel bandwidth

SNR_{Refsens} is the SNR used for simulation of Refsens and EIS spherical coverage, and is -1 dB

N_{RB_Ch BW, SCS} is the number of PRBs specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] Table 5.3.2-1 according to Channel bandwidth and subcarrier spacing (not necessarily equal to the number of PRBs used in the test case)

12 is the number of subcarriers in a PRB

Y_{PC} is the gain difference in dB specified in TS 38.133 [17] Table B.2.1.3.1-1, according to Power Class, and is only applied when the UE is assumed to be using rough beams. Otherwise, use 0dB

ΣMB_P is the UE multi-band relaxation factor value in dB specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 6.2.1

For signals arriving from Spherical coverage directions:

Noise in dBm/SCS = EIS spherical coverage $_{PC,\ band,\ Ch\ BW}$ - $SNR_{Refsens}$ - $10Log_{10}$ ($N_{RB_Ch\ BW,\ SCS}$ x 12) + Z_{PC} + ΣMB_S where:

EIS spherical coverage PC, band, Ch BW is the EIS spherical coverage value in dBm specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 7.3.4 according to Power Class, Operating band and Channel bandwidth

SNR_{Refsens} is the SNR used for simulation of Refsens and EIS spherical coverage, and is -1 dB

 $N_{RB_Ch\,BW,\,SCS}$ is the number of PRBs specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] Table 5.3.2-1 according to Channel bandwidth and subcarrier spacing (not necessarily equal to the number of PRBs used in the test case)

12 is the number of subcarriers in a PRB

 Z_{PC} is the gain difference in dB specified in TS 38.133 [17] Table B.2.1.3.2-1, according to Power Class, and is only applied when the UE is assumed to be using rough beams. Otherwise, use 0dB

ΣMB₅ is the UE multi-band relaxation factor value in dB specified in TS 38.101-2 [16] clause 6.2.1

The analysis spreadsheet converts dBm/SCS to linear power in pW/SCS for ease of further calculations.

A.2.3.3 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- Where the test case has requirements on UE baseband Es/Iot_{BB}, the Test Tolerance analysis should include UE internal noise in the calculation
- UE internal noise is calculated using the method in A.2.3.2

A.2.4 Calculation of Es/lot at UE baseband

A.2.4.1 Relevant core requirements

Core requirements applicable to RRM test cases depend on the test purpose, and should be selected for each test case. For test cases where the UE makes a measurement, the following are relevant:

- Measurement Performance requirements are specified in TS 38.133 [17] clause 10, and side conditions such as Es/Iot are included in the core requirements for each measurement. For FR2, notes in tables clarify that Es/Iot is at UE baseband.
- Operating band specific conditions for RRM requirements are specified in TS 38.133 [17] Annex B, and side conditions such as Es/Iot are included for each measurement. For FR2, notes in tables clarify that Es/Iot is at UE baseband.

Other UE core requirements may also have conditions on Es/Iot.

A.2.4.2 Calculation method

An example is provided here for a scenario with applied AWGN and two intra-frequency cells. SSB Es/Iot at UE baseband is calculated for Cell 1. Interference to Cell 1 comes from the applied AWGN, from the UE internal noise, and from Cell 2. The values are chosen for illustration, and not taken from any specific test case.

Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} = 10Log₁₀ ((Cell 1 SSB power) / (Applied AWGN power + UE internal noise + Cell 2 SSB power))

Where Applied AWGN power, UE internal noise, Cell 1 power and Cell 2 power are linear powers in W, per subcarrier.

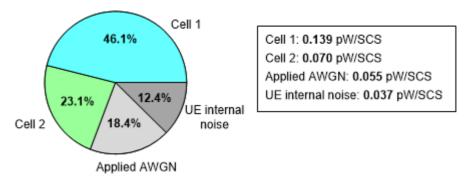


Figure A.2.4.2-1: Example Es/lot_{BB} scenario, applied AWGN and two intra-frequency cells

In this case, the calculation gives Cell 1 SSB Es/ $Iot_{BB} = 10Log_{10} (0.139 / (0.055 + 0.037 + 0.070)) = -0.67dB$

The main point is that the Es/Iot at UE baseband is lower than the applied Es/Iot, because the UE internal noise adds to the interference, and can be a significant contribution for the parameters used in some test cases.

The presence of UE internal noise also affects the calculation of Es/Iot sensitivity factors in the Test Tolerance analysis. The UE internal noise is a fixed (worst) value, being based on the UE minimum requirement, and is taken into account in the scaling which uses linear powers:

- Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity to applied AWGN absolute power = UE internal noise /(Applied AWGN power + UE internal noise + Cell 2 SSB power). In this example, (0.037 / (0.055 + 0.037 + 0.070)) = +0.230
- Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity to Cell 1 Es/Noc = +1.000
- Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity to Cell 2 Es/Noc = -Cell 2 SSB power /(Applied AWGN power + UE internal noise + Cell 2 SSB power). In this example, (0.070 / (0.055 + 0.037 + 0.070)) = -**0.429**

A positive sensitivity factor is used where an increase in the quantity produces an increase in Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB}, for example increasing Cell 1 Es/Noc. A negative sensitivity factor is used where an increase in the quantity produces a decrease in Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB}, for example increasing Cell 2 Es/Noc. The sensitivity factors are used to scale the uncertainties.

Where the uncertainties are uncorrelated, as here, they are added root-sum-square so the sign of the sensitivity factor does not have any effect. In special cases where the uncertainties are correlated, they may be added arithmetically and the sign affects the result, as in clause A.2.7.

A.2.4.3 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- UE internal noise is included in the interference when calculating Es/Iot_{BB}
- Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity factors are calculated using the method in A.2.4.2

A.2.5 Calculation of Applied Io

A.2.5.1 Relevant core requirements

Core requirements applicable to RRM test cases depend on the test purpose, and should be selected for each test case. For test cases where the UE makes a measurement, the following are relevant:

- Measurement Performance requirements are specified in TS 38.133 [17] clause 10, and side conditions such as Io are included in the core requirements for each measurement. Normally the maximum Io condition is specified in the channel bandwidth, whereas the minimum Io condition is specified as a power density per subcarrier.

A.2.5.2 Calculation method

An example is provided here for a scenario with applied AWGN and two intra-frequency cells. Io applied to the UE is the arithmetic sum of linear powers in the channel bandwidth. UE internal noise is not counted, as it is not applied to the UE. The values are chosen for illustration, and not taken from any specific test case.

Channel Io = 10Log₁₀ (Applied AWGN power + Cell 1 power + Cell 2 power) + 10Log₁₀ (N_{RB TC} x 12)

where:

AWGN, Cell 1 power and Cell 2 power are linear powers in W, per subcarrier

 N_{RB_TC} is the number of PRBs allocated in the test case (not necessarily equal to the number of PRBs in the channel bandwidth)

12 is the number of subcarriers in a PRB

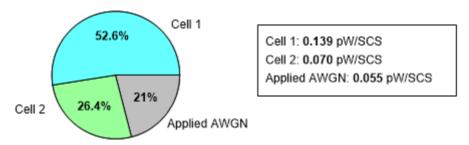


Figure A.2.5.2-1: Example lo scenario, applied AWGN and two intra-frequency cells

With 24 PRBs allocated, the example gives Io = $10Log_{10}$ ((0.055 +0.139 +0.070) $x10^{-9}$)+ $10Log_{10}$ (24 x 12) = **-71.2dBm**

Io sensitivity factors in the Test Tolerance analysis are based on linear powers:

- Io sensitivity to applied AWGN absolute power = +1.000
- Io sensitivity to Cell 1 Es/Noc = Cell 1 power / (Applied AWGN power + Cell 1 power + Cell 2 power). In this example, (0.139 / (0.055 + 0.139 + 0.070)) = +0.527
- Io sensitivity to Cell 2 Es/Noc = Cell 2 power / (Applied AWGN power + Cell 1 power + Cell 2 power). In this example, (0.070 / (0.055 + 0.139 + 0.070)) = +0.264

All the sensitivity factors are positive, as an increase in the quantity produces an increase in Io. The sensitivity factors are used to scale the uncertainties.

A.2.5.3 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- Io is calculated using the method in A.2.5.2
- Io sensitivity factors are calculated using the method in A.2.5.2

A.2.6 UE Reported RSRP and UE gain

A.2.6.1 Relevant core requirements

SS-RSRP is defined to be measured based on the combined signal from antenna elements corresponding to a given receiver branch. The reference point for requirement parameters from the UE perspective is the input of the UE antenna array. The UE gain "G" relates the combined signal from antenna elements corresponding to a given receiver branch to the reference point for requirement parameters.

For test cases where the UE reports a measured value, or compares a measured value to a signalled threshold, the UE Gain "G" affects the SS-RSRP level measured by the UE

- The UE Gain from the reference point (where test case parameters are specified) to the SS-RSRP measurement point is specified in TS 38.133 [17] clause B.2.1.5. As the UE gain "G" is specified for Rx Beam Peak angle of arrival, it does not include effects related to spherical coverage.
- Measurement Performance requirements are specified in TS 38.133 [17] clause 10, and include accuracy requirements as +/-dB values. For FR2, the accuracy is considered to apply at the combined signal from antenna elements corresponding to a given receiver branch, and does not include the UE gain "G".

The specified range of UE Gain "G" allows the UE to use either Rough beams or Fine beams, so no further allowance is required for the parameters Y or Z in A.2.2.

A.2.6.2 Absolute RSRP

An example is provided here for a scenario where the UE reports SS-RSRP for a signal arriving from a direction within the UE spherical coverage, to illustrate variation from both UE spherical coverage and variation from UE gain "G".

 $\label{eq:UE-measured SS-RSRP} \mbox{$^{+}$ UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint} \mbox{$^{+}$ where:}$

Applied SSB_RP is specified in the test case, either directly as Es or derived from Noc and Es/Noc, and is in dBm per subcarrier

UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint in dB is derived as (UE Refsens - UE Spherical coverage)/2

UE gain G midpoint in dB is derived as (Min value of G + Max value of G)/2

As an example for a UE power class 3 in band n257, measuring SS_RSRP from a spherical coverage direction, UE-measured SS-RSRP $_{nom}$ = Applied SSB_RP-5.45dB +5.0dB.

Figure A.2.1.2-1 shows the derivation of UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint. Variation about the midpoint is handled as a UE uncertainty. For signals arriving from Rx Beam Peak direction, this gain is 0dB and does not vary.

Figure A.2.6.2-1 shows the derivation of UE gain G midpoint. Variation about the midpoint is handled as a UE uncertainty.

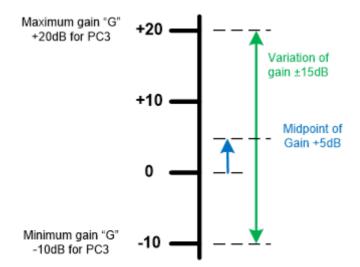


Figure A.2.6.2-1: Example modelling of UE Gain "G" variation

To calculate the range of valid SS-RSRP values that can be reported by the UE, contributions from Spherical coverage gain variation, UE gain variation and UE reporting accuracy are considered:

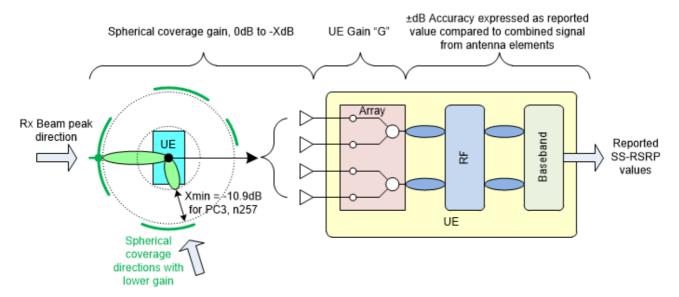


Figure A.2.6.2-2: modelling of contributions affecting SS-RSRP reported values

Reported SS-RSRP = UE measured SS-RSRP_{nom} \pm Spherical coverage gain variation \pm UE gain variation \pm UE accuracy where:

UE measured SS-RSRP_{nom} is the nominal value derived from Applied SSB_RP, UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint and UE gain G midpoint

Spherical coverage gain variation is derived from Refsens and Spherical coverage, as shown in Figure A.2.1.2-1

UE gain variation is derived from Minimum and maximum values of G, as shown in Figure A.2.6.2-1

UE accuracy is the absolute accuracy from the core requirement referred to in A.2.6.1

As an example for a UE power class 3 in band n257, measuring SS_RSRP from a spherical coverage direction with applied Io > -70dBm, the variation would be $(\pm 5.45 dB \pm 15 dB \pm 8 dB) = \pm 28.45 dB$

These variations are added arithmetically in the test case analysis, as each could be systematic and not random. For signals arriving from Rx Beam Peak direction, spherical coverage gain variation is 0dB.

A.2.6.3 Relative RSRP, 2 levels on same cell, same Angle of Arrival

An example is provided here for a scenario where the test case require the UE to report SS-RSRP for the same cell at two different levels, with the signal arriving from the same direction. The Angle of Arrival may be within the UE spherical coverage, or from Rx Beam peak direction.

UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP1 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} = Applied SSB RP2 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP2 - Applied SSB_RP1

where:

Applied SSB_RP1 and Applied SSB_RP2 are specified in the test case, either directly as Es or derived from Noc and Es/Noc, and are in dBm per subcarrier

It can be seen that UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint and UE gain G midpoint cancel out for this relative measurement, as they remain the same for a signal from the same Angle of Arrival.

 $Reported \ SS-RSRP2 - Reported \ SS-RSRP1 = UE-measured \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured \ SS-RSRP1_{nom} \pm UE \\ accuracy$

where:

UE accuracy is the relative accuracy from the core requirement referred to in A.2.6.1

A.2.6.4 Relative RSRP, 2 intra-frequency cells, same Angle of Arrival

An example is provided here for a scenario where the test case require the UE to report SS-RSRP for two different cells, with the signals arriving from the same direction. The Angle of Arrival may be within the UE spherical coverage, or from Rx Beam peak direction.

UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP1 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP2 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP2 - Applied SSB_RP1

where:

Applied SSB_RP1 and Applied SSB_RP2 are specified in the test case, either directly as Es or derived from Noc and Es/Noc, and are in dBm per subcarrier

It can be seen that UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint and UE gain G midpoint cancel out for this relative measurement, as they are the same for signals from the same Angle of Arrival.

 $Reported \ SS-RSRP2 - Reported \ SS-RSRP1 = UE-measured \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured \ SS-RSRP1_{nom} \pm UE \\ accuracy$

where:

UE accuracy is the relative accuracy from the core requirement referred to in A.2.6.1

A.2.6.5 Relative RSRP, 2 inter-frequency cells, same Angle of Arrival

[FFS]

A.2.6.6 Relative RSRP, 2 cells, different Angles of Arrival

Examples are provided here for scenarios where the test case requires the UE to report SS-RSRP for two different cells, with the signals arriving from different directions.

For both Angles of Arrival from UE spherical coverage directions:

UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP1 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

 $\label{eq:uemasured} \ UE-measured \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} = Applied \ SSB_RP2 + UE \ Spherical \ coverage \ gain \ midpoint + UE \ gain \ G \ midpoint + UE \ gain \ gain \ midpoint + UE \ gain \ gain \ midpoint + U$

 $\label{eq:UE-measured} \ \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured \ \ SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied \ \ SSB_RP2 - Applied \ \ SSB_RP1$

where:

Applied SSB_RP1 and Applied SSB_RP2 are specified in the test case, either directly as Es or derived from Noc and Es/Noc, and are in dBm per subcarrier

For the nominal values, UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint and UE gain G midpoint cancel out for this relative measurement. For the variations, UE gain variation cancels out as the same value affects both cells, but Spherical coverage gain variation applies separately to each Angle of Arrival.

 $Reported \ SS-RSRP2 - Reported \ SS-RSRP1 = UE-measured \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured \ SS-RSRP1_{nom} \pm Spherical \ coverage \ gain \ variation_{AoA1} \pm Spherical \ coverage \ gain \ variation_{AoA2} \pm UE \ accuracy$

where:

Spherical coverage gain variation_{AoA1} is derived from Refsens and Spherical coverage, as in Figure A.2.1.2-1

Spherical coverage gain variation_{AoA2} is derived from Refsens and Spherical coverage, as in Figure A.2.1.2-1

UE accuracy is the relative accuracy from the core requirement referred to in A.2.6.1

For one Angle of Arrival from UE spherical coverage directions, and one from Rx Beam peak direction:

UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP1 + UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP2 + UE gain G midpoint

UE-measured SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured SS-RSRP1_{nom} = Applied SSB_RP2 - Applied SSB_RP1 - UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint

where:

Applied SSB_RP1 and Applied SSB_RP2 are specified in the test case, either directly as Es or derived from Noc and Es/Noc, and are in dBm per subcarrier

UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint in dB is derived as (UE Refsens - UE Spherical coverage)/2

For the nominal values, UE gain G midpoint cancels out for this relative measurement, but UE Spherical coverage gain midpoint applies to one Angle of Arrival. For the variations, UE gain variation cancels out as the same value affects both cells, but Spherical coverage gain variation applies to one Angle of Arrival.

 $Reported \ SS-RSRP1 = UE-measured \ SS-RSRP2_{nom} - UE-measured \ SS-RSRP1_{nom} \pm Spherical \\ coverage \ gain \ variation_{AoA1} \pm UE \ accuracy$

where:

Spherical coverage gain variation_{AoA1} is derived from Refsens and Spherical coverage, as in Figure A.2.1.2-1 UE accuracy is the relative accuracy from the core requirement referred to in A.2.6.1

A.2.6.7 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- UE-measured SS-RSRP_{nom} is calculated using the relevant method in A.2.6.2 to A.2.6.6
- The range of SS-RSRP reported values is calculated using the relevant methods in A.2.6.2 to A.2.6.6

A.2.7 Intra-frequency cells without AWGN, same Angle of Arrival

A.2.7.1 Test system

In a practical test system running a test case where Intra-frequency cells come from the same Angle of Arrival, the level uncertainties for all cells will be highly correlated. If the test case has applied AWGN, it will specify Noc and Es/Noc, and the absolute uncertainty for applied AWGN will be the dominant contribution to the overall Es uncertainty for each cell. As AWGN is common to all cells on that frequency, the correlation is already included.

If the test case does not have applied AWGN, it will specify Es for each cell, with an absolute Es uncertainty for each cell. The method of handling the effect of correlation in the Test Tolerance analysis is given in A.2.7.2 and A.2.7.3.

A.2.7.2 Calculation method for Es/lot at UE baseband

An example is provided here for a scenario with two intra-frequency cells, without applied AWGN. SSB Es/Iot at UE baseband is calculated for Cell 1. Interference to Cell 1 comes from the UE internal noise and from Cell 2. The values are chosen for illustration, and not taken from any specific test case.

Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} = 10Log₁₀ ((Cell 1 SSB power) / (UE internal noise + Cell 2 SSB power))

Where UE internal noise, Cell 1 power and Cell 2 power are linear powers in W, per subcarrier.

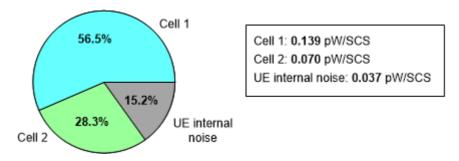


Figure A.2.7.2-1: Example Es/lot_{BB} scenario, two intra-frequency cells

In this case, the calculation gives Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} = $10\text{Log}_{10}(0.139 / (0.037 + 0.070)) = 1.14dB$

The presence of UE internal noise also affects the calculation of Es/Iot sensitivity factors in the Test Tolerance analysis. The UE internal noise is a fixed (worst) value, being based on the UE minimum requirement, and is taken into account in the scaling which uses linear powers:

- Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity to Cell 1 Es = +1.000
- Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity to Cell 2 Es = -Cell 2 SSB power /(UE internal noise + Cell 2 SSB power). In this example, (0.070 / (0.037 + 0.070)) = -0.651

A positive sensitivity factor is used where an increase in the quantity produces an increase in Cell 1 SSB Es/ Iot_{BB} , for example increasing Cell 1 Es. A negative sensitivity factor is used where an increase in the quantity produces a decrease in Cell 1 SSB Es/ Iot_{BB} , for example increasing Cell 2 Es. The sensitivity factors are used to scale the uncertainties.

Where the uncertainties are correlated, as here, they are added arithmetically and the sign affects the result. In this example, increasing Cell 1 Es increases the Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB}, but the correlated increase in Cell 2 Es decreases the Cell 1 SSB Es/Iot_{BB}. The overall effect is smaller, and depends on the ratios of linear powers.

A.2.7.3 Calculation method for Applied Io

An example is provided here for a scenario with two intra-frequency cells, without applied AWGN. Io applied to the UE is the arithmetic sum of linear powers in the channel bandwidth. UE internal noise is not counted, as it is not applied to the UE. The values are chosen for illustration, and not taken from any specific test case.

Channel Io = 10Log_{10} (Cell 1 power + Cell 2 power) + 10Log_{10} (N_{RB_TC} x 12)

where:

Cell 1 power and Cell 2 power are linear powers in W, per subcarrier

 N_{RB_TC} is the number of PRBs allocated in the test case (not necessarily equal to the number of PRBs in the channel bandwidth)

12 is the number of subcarriers in a PRB

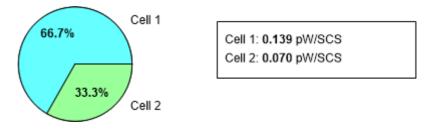


Figure A.2.7.3-1: Example lo scenario, two intra-frequency cells

With 24 PRBs allocated, the example gives Io = $10\text{Log}_{10} ((0.139 + 0.070) \times 10^{-9}) + 10\text{Log}_{10} (24 \times 12) = -72.2dBm$

Io sensitivity factors in the Test Tolerance analysis are based on linear powers:

- In this example, (0.139 + 0.070) = +0.667
- Io sensitivity to Cell 2 Es = Cell 2 power / (Cell 1 power + Cell 2 power). In this example, (0.070 / (0.139 + 0.070)) = +0.333

All the sensitivity factors are positive, as an increase in the quantity produces an increase in Io. The sensitivity factors are used to scale the uncertainties.

Where the uncertainties are correlated, as here, they are added arithmetically, and the sign affects the result. In this example increasing Cell 1 Es increases Io, and the correlated increase in Cell 2 Es also increases Io. The overall effect of scaling adds up to 1, as expected.

A.2.7.4 Principles for Test Tolerance analysis

The following principles shall be followed in the test case analysis:

- For Intra-frequency cells from the same Angle of Arrival without AWGN, Es/Iot_{BB} is calculated using the method in A.2.7.2.
- For Intra-frequency cells from the same Angle of Arrival without AWGN, Es/Iot_{BB} sensitivity factors are calculated using the method in A.2.7.2.
- For Intra-frequency cells from the same Angle of Arrival without AWGN, Io is calculated using the method in A.2.7.3.
- For Intra-frequency cells from the same Angle of Arrival without AWGN, Io sensitivity factors are calculated using the method in A.2.7.3.

A.3 Test Tolerance analysis templates for radiated test cases awaiting completion

Test Tolerance analyses for Radiated testing listed below are not yet complete, but contain the main features for the test cases covered and can be used as templates. For each analysis, the missing aspects are listed.

The analysis documents (and spreadsheets where applicable) are included in the present document as zip files with "draft" at the end of the filename. When the test case analyses are complete, the draft versions and listing in this clause should be removed.

38.533 5.4.1.1+7.4.1.1 TT draft

Editor's note: This test tolerance analysis is incomplete. The following aspects are missing:

- The test system measurement uncertainty for Transmit timing error is in [] and not yet finalised
- The test system measurement uncertainty for relative Transmit timing is in [] and not yet finalised

38.533 5.6.2.2+5.6.2.4+7.6.2.2+7.6.2.4 TT draft

Editor's note: This test tolerance analysis is incomplete. The following aspects are missing:

- The test system measurement uncertainties for Noc absolute levels are not yet agreed
- The A3-Offset Test Tolerance may depend on the Noc absolute level uncertainty values

38.533 5.7.1.1+7.7.1.1 TT draft

Editor's note: This test tolerance analysis is incomplete. The following aspects are missing:

- The test system measurement uncertainties for Noc absolute levels are not yet agreed

- The Test Tolerance final values depend on the Noc absolute level uncertainty
- The test system measurement uncertainty for Es relative level, same cell is not yet agreed

Annex B: Acceptable uncertainty of test system for test cases defined in TS 38.521-2 for radiative testing

This annex contains suggested uncertainties for each test case in TS 38.521-2.

B.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle

Three permitted test methodologies, DFF, IFF and NFTF, have been identified for UE RF FR2 test cases defined in TS 38.521-2.

This Annex is deriving Total expanded Measurement Uncertainties per test case for each test methodology.

Threshold MU is equivalent to Total expanded uncertainty of the reference methodology which has been defined as IFF.

If the Total expanded Measurement Uncertainty per test case of a permitted test method is lower than or equal to the threshold MU, then that test method is applicable to the respective test cases defined in TS 38.521-2.

B.1.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for DFF

The uncertainty tables should be presented with two stages:

- Stage 1: the calibration of the absolute level of the DUT measurement results is performed by means of using a calibration antenna whose absolute gain is known at the frequencies of measurement
- Stage 2: the actual measurement with the DUT as either the transmitter or receiver is performed.

The MU budget should comprise the following headings:

- 1) The uncertainty source. Compile a complete list of the individual measurement uncertainty elements that contribute to a measurement
- 2) Determine the maximum value of each uncertainty
- 3) Determine the distribution of each uncertainty (rectangular, U-shaped, etc.),
- 4) Calculate (if necessary) the standard deviation of each uncertainty, u_i , (NOTE 1) for each uncertainty element,
- 5) Convert the units (if necessary) of each uncertainty element into the chosen unit, i.e., dB,
- 6) Combine ALL the standard uncertainties by the root-sum-squares method to derive the 'combined standard uncertainty',
- 7) Multiply the resulting combined standard uncertainty by an expansion factor 'k' to derive the 'expanded uncertainty' for a given confidence level. All expanded uncertainties are quoted to 95% confidence level, so k is taken as 1.96. This gives 95% confidence that the true value is within 1.96 times the combined standard uncertainty of the measured value to derive the 'expanded uncertainty'.
- 8) Any systematic errors are added to the expanded uncertainty to derive the 'total expanded uncertainty', i.e.,

$$u_{c,\text{total expanded}} = u_{c,\text{expanded}} + u_{c,\text{systematic}} = 1.96\sqrt{\sum u_i^2} + \sum u_{i,\text{systematic}}$$

NOTE 1: The standard deviation from a data set of N samples is defined as

$$u_i = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-1}} \sum_{k=1}^{N} |s_k - \overline{s}|^2$$

where s_k are the respective sample results and \overline{s} the mean of all N samples. For an uncertainty u_i in dB, the dB values (instead of the linear powers) of s_k and \overline{s} are used.

B.1.2 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for IFF

The same as defined in B.1.1.

B.1.3 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for NFTF

The same as defined in B.1.1 with the exception of Stage 2, only the measurement of the DUT transmitter is performed.

B.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions

B.2.1 Measurement error contribution descriptions for DFF

B.2.1.1 Positioning misalignment

This contribution originates from the misalignment of the testing direction and the beam peak direction of the measurement antenna due to imperfect rotation operation. The pointing misalignment may happen in both azimuth and vertical directions and the effect of the misalignment depends highly on the beam width of the beam under test. The same level of misalignment results in a larger measurement error for a narrower beam.

B.2.1.2 Measure distance uncertainty

The cause of this uncertainty contributor is due to the reduction of distance between the measurement antenna and the DUT. If the distance of separation is $2D^2$ /lambda based on D being the entire device size, then the phase variation is 22.5deg. Whether this is the minimum acceptable criteria of phase taper over the entire DUT is FFS and shall be assessed during final MU definition for the test method. Any reduction in the distance of separation increases the phase variation and creates an error which is DUT dependant. Determination of limit of the error shall be done during final MU definition for the test method.

B.2.1.3 Quality of quiet zone

The quality of the quiet zone procedure characterizes the quiet zone performance of the anechoic chamber, specifically the effect of reflections within the anechoic chamber including any positioners and support structures. The MU term additionally includes the amplitude variations effect of offsetting the directive antenna array inside a DUT from the centre of the quiet zone as well as the directivity MU, i.e., the variation of antenna gains in the different direct line-of-sight links. An additional MU term related to phase variation and phase ripple effects which depends on measurement distance is FFS, and shall be assessed during final MU definition for the test method. This might require an augmentation of the quality of the quiet zone validation procedure.

B.2.1.4 Mismatch

Mismatch uncertainty occurs when;

- Changing the signal path between the measurement and calibration procedure
- Evaluating the insertion loss of a signal path

The mismatch uncertainty for a system consisting of a generator, a load and a component in between is defined as

Mismatch contribution (standard deviation) =
$$\frac{|\Gamma_{generator}| \cdot |\Gamma_{load}| \cdot |S_{21}| \cdot |S_{12}| \cdot 100}{\sqrt{2} \cdot 11.5} dB,$$

Where Γ denotes the reflection coefficient and S_{21} is the transmission coefficient, both in linear voltage ratios.

For a cascade of several components, the interactions between all components have to be evaluated. For example, for four devices in a row (shown in Figure B.2.1.4-1) the following contributions have to be accounted for: AB, BC, CD, ABC, BCD, ABCD. The term ABCD represents the interaction between A and D (generator and load) with the components B and C in between.



Figure B.2.1.4-1: Cascade of components

The combined mismatch uncertainty is given by the root sum square of the individual contributions:

combined mismatch uncertainty =
$$\sqrt{(AB)^2 + (BC)^2 + (CD)^2 + (ABC)^2 + (BCD)^2 + (ABCD)^2}$$

In an optimized test procedure, the overall mismatch uncertainty is smaller when matching pairs of mismatches exist in the calibration and measurement stage since these pairs cancel each other out. Figure B.2.1.4-2 displays a calibration setup, where device D is replaced by device F. The mismatch contributions for this path are AB, BC, CE, ABC, BCE and ABCE. For a result based on the measurement and calibration stage, the mismatch contributions AB, BC, and ABC are matching pairs as they occur both in the measurement and calibration stage. Thus, they can be eliminated [11], and the system mismatch uncertainty is obtained as $\sqrt{(CD)^2 + (CE)^2 + (BCD)^2 + (BCE)^2 + (ABCD)^2 + (ABCD)^2}$



Figure B.2.1.4-2: Sketch of a calibration path

In the following, an example mismatch uncertainty calculation for a TX/RX patch from the measurement equipment to the measurement antenna is performed for a frequency of 43.5GHz. The example path under investigation consists of four SPDT switches, one SP6T switch and one DPDT switch and microwave cable interconnects with PC2.4 mm connectors. The attenuation and reflectance of typical components suitable for frequencies ranging up to 43.5 GHz have been considered in the calculation of the mismatch uncertainty.

Figure B1.1.4.4-3 shows a sample system setup for an EIRP/EIS test case with rather simple complexity of the switch box similar to a current sub 6GHz test setup. It should be noted that the switch unit is significantly less complex than a state-of-the-art switch unit currently used for conformance tests.

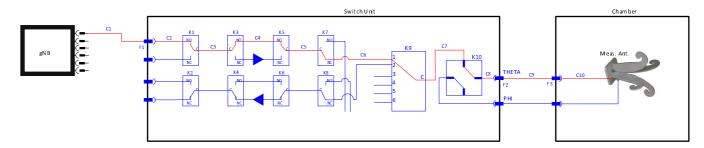


Figure B.2.1.4-3: Block Diagram of an EIRP/EIS test case with components from the gNB to the antenna (only portion of switch unit shown)

| Device / Component | VSWR | Transmission (dB) | Identifier in Figure B.2.1.4-3 | Additional Comment/ Assumption |
|--------------------|------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| System Simulator | 3.5 | | gNB | - |
| Cable | 1.5 | -5.38 | C1 | Length: 1.5m Loss: 3.59dB/m |
| Cable | 1.5 | -0.61 | C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8 | Length: 0.17m Loss: 3.59dB/m |
| Cable | 1.5 | -7.18 | C9, C10 | Length: 2.0m Loss: 3.59dB/m |
| Feedthrough | 1.3 | -0.66 | F1, F2, F3 | |
| SPDT switch | 1.9 | -1.10 | K1, K3, K5, K7 | |
| SP6T switch | 2.2 | -1.20 | K9 | |
| Transfer switch | 2.0 | -1.10 | K10 | |
| Antenna | 2.0 | | Meas. Ant. | |

Table B.2.1.4-1: comprises the reflection and transmission properties of the components of the example path at a frequency of 43.5 GHz

The calculation of the overall mismatch uncertainty for a frequency of 43.5 GHz results in a value of 2.7 dB for the standard deviation, i.e., the expanded uncertainty is 5.3 dB.

Figure B.2.1.4-4 depicts a possible calibration for a part of the setup.

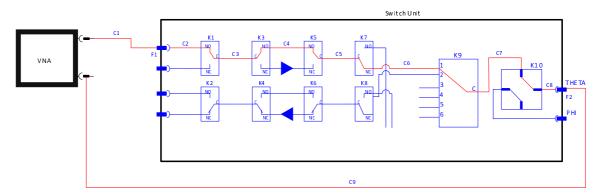


Figure B.2.1.4-4: Block Diagram of the calibration stage

For the VNA a return loss of 30 dB is assumed after a full two-port calibration. The calculation of the system mismatch uncertainty applying the elimination of matching pairs results in a value of 1.0 dB (standard deviation) with an expanded value of 1.9 dB.

Since the overall mismatch uncertainty value is already a standard deviation, which is RSS of values divided by the divisor ($\sqrt{2}$), the overall mismatch uncertainty value should be divided by actual divisor 1 when calculating total mismatch.

B.2.1.5 Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna

This uncertainty term is related to the amplitude ripple coming from the standing waves between the DUT and measurement antenna. If this term is not considered to be negligible one method to obtain this value is to slide the DUT lambda/4 towards the measurement antenna while measuring the amplitude. The uncertainty term can be derived by performing the standard deviation on the results.

B.2.1.6 Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment

The receiving device is used to measure the received signal level in the EIRP tests as an absolute level. These receiving devices are spectrum analysers, communication analysers, or power meters. The uncertainty value will be indicated in the manufacturer's data sheet. It needs to be ensured that appropriate manufacturer's uncertainty contributions are

specified for the settings used such as bandwidth and absolute level. If a power meter is used zero offset, zero drift and measurement noise need to be included.

B.2.1.7 Phase curvature

This contribution originates from the finite far field measurement distance, which causes phase curvature across the antenna of UE/reference antenna. At a measurement distance of 2D²/lambda the phase curvature is 22.5 degrees. The impact of this factor shall be assessed during final MU definition for the test method.

B.2.1.8 Amplifier uncertainties

Any components in the setup can potentially introduce measurement uncertainty. It is then needed to determine the uncertainty contributors associated with the use of such components. For the case of external amplifiers, the following uncertainties should be considered but the applicability is contingent to the measurement implementation and calibration procedure.

- Stability
 - An uncertainty contribution comes from the output level stability of the amplifier. Even if the amplifier is part of the system for both measurement and calibration, the uncertainty due to the stability shall be considered. This uncertainty can be either measured or determined by the manufacturers' data sheet for the operating conditions in which the system will be required to operate.
- Linearity
 - An uncertainty contribution comes from the linearity of the amplifier since in most cases calibration and measurements are performed at two different input/output power levels. This uncertainty can be either measured or determined by the manufacturers' data sheet.
- Noise Figure
 - When the signal goes into an amplifier, noise is added so that the SNR at the output is reduced with regard to the SNR of the signal at the input. This added noise introduces error on the signal which affects the Error Rate of the receiver thus the EVM (Error Vector Magnitude). An uncertainty can be calculated through the following formula:

$$\varepsilon_{EVM} = 20 \log_{10} \left(1 + 10^{\frac{-SNR}{20}} \right)$$

- Where SNR is the signal to noise ratio in dB at the signal level used during the sensitivity measurement.

- Mismatch
 - If the external amplifier is used for both stages, measurement and calibration the uncertainty contribution associated with it can be considered systematic and constant -> 0dB. If it is not the case, the mismatch uncertainty at its input and output shall be either measured or determined by the method described in [12].
- Gain
 - If the external amplifier is used for both stages, measurement and calibration the uncertainty contribution associated with it can be considered systematic and constant -> 0dB. If it is not the case, this uncertainty shall be considered.

B.2.1.9 Random uncertainty

This contribution is used to account for all the unknown, unquantifiable, etc. uncertainties associated with the measurements.

Random uncertainty MU contributions are normally distributed.

The random uncertainty term, by definition, cannot be measured, or even isolated completely. However, past system definitions provide an empirical basis for a value. Current LTE SISO OTA measurements have random uncertainty

contributions of ~0.2dB. A value of 0.5dB is suggested due to increased sensitivity to random effects in more complex, higher frequency NR test systems.

B.2.1.10 Influence of the XPD

This factor takes into account the uncertainty caused due to the finite cross polar discrimination (XPD) between the two polarization ports of the measurement probe. The XPD of the probe antenna shall be take into account during final MU definition for the test method.

A typical probe antenna can have XPD of 30dB.

A transmission matrix and calibration setup as shown in Figure B.2.1.10-1 is considered here. Typically, a single-polarized reference antenna with known gain is placed at the centre of the quiet zone and the total attenuation, L, between the reference antenna terminal and the feed antenna terminals is determined as part of the range reference calibration procedure.

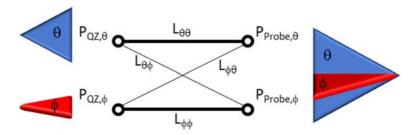


Figure B.2.1.10-1: Calibration Setup

Since the reference antenna is considered a single-polarized antenna, the XPD effect is negligible. Since the measurement probe is assumed to be a dual-linearly polarized antenna, leakage from one terminal/polarization to the other, i.e., XPD, needs to be considered.

The dual-linearly polarized measurement probe has two terminals corresponding to a set of orthogonal polarizations, θ and ϕ which match the orientations of the reference antenna. The most thorough calibration procedure would determine the path losses between the four different combinations of signal paths: $\theta\theta$, $\theta\phi$, $\phi\theta$, and $\phi\phi$, e.g., the power received by the measurement probe at the θ polarization/terminal, $P_{\text{Feed},\theta}$, is attenuated by $L_{\phi\theta}$ with respect to the power delivered to the reference antenna oriented in the ϕ polarization and placed in the centre of quiet zone, $P_{\text{OZ},\phi}$.

The most common calibration approach, however, is based on calibrating the polarization matched paths in Figure B.2.1.10-1 (thick solid lines), i.e., $\theta\theta$ and $\phi\phi$. In this case, as illustrated in Figure B.2.1.10-2, the normalized pathlosses $L_{\theta\theta}$ and $L_{\phi\phi}$ are 1 and the pathlosses of the crossed components become the XPD terms of the measurement probe:

$$\alpha_{\theta\phi} = 10^{\frac{XPD_{\theta\phi}}{10}} \tag{1.1}$$

and

$$\alpha_{\phi\theta} = 10^{\frac{XPD_{\phi\theta}}{10}} \tag{1.2}$$

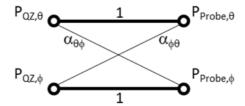


Figure B.2.1.10-2: Common calibration approach based on calibrating the polarization matched signal paths

In the remainder of this analysis, it is assumed that the leakage between the two polarization ports of the measurement probe is assumed to be the same, i.e., $XPD = XPD_{\theta\theta} = XPD_{\theta\theta}$ and $\alpha = \alpha_{\theta\phi} = \alpha_{\phi\theta}$.

The normalized powers at the measurement probe terminals can then be written as

$$P_{\text{Probe},\theta} = P_{\text{OZ},\theta} + \alpha P_{\text{OZ},\phi} \tag{1.3}$$

$$P_{\text{Probe},\phi} = P_{\text{OZ},\phi} + \alpha P_{\text{OZ},\theta} \tag{1.4}$$

The normalized ratio of total powers at measurement probe and the centre of the quiet zone is therefore

$$\frac{P_{\text{Probe}}}{P_{\text{QZ}}} = \frac{P_{\text{Probe},\theta} + P_{\text{Probe},\phi}}{P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}} = \frac{\left(P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}\right)\left(1 + \alpha\right)}{P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}} = 1 + \alpha \tag{1.5}$$

This simple analysis shows that the XPD of the measurement probe introduces a small error of the total power measured by the measurement probe and that the conservation of <u>measured</u> powers is not guaranteed, i.e., the MU based on the XPD can be expressed as

$$MU_{XPD}[dB] = 10\log_{10}(1+\alpha) = 10\log_{10}\left(1+10^{\frac{XPD}{10}}\right)$$
(1.6)

This XPD MU is tabulated for different levels of XPD in Table B.2.1.10-1.

Table B.2.1.10-1: XPD MU for different XPD values

| XPD [dB] | MU _{XPD} [dB] |
|----------|------------------------|
| -20 | 0.043 |
| -25 | 0.014 |
| -30 | 0.004 |
| -35 | 0.001 |
| -40 | 0.000 |

When the range reference calibration is based on a full matrix-based approach, i.e., all signal paths are calibrated, the conservation of measured powers is guaranteed. As shown in Figure B.2.1.10-3, the polarization-matched signal paths take into account the leakage of power into the cross paths.

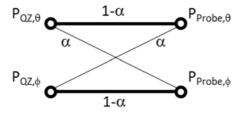


Figure B.2.1.10-3: Calibration approach based on calibrating all signal paths

The powers at the measurement probe can now be written as

$$P_{\text{Probe},\theta} = (1 - \alpha)P_{\text{OZ},\theta} + \alpha P_{\text{OZ},\phi} \tag{1.7}$$

$$P_{\text{Probe},\phi} = (1 - \alpha)P_{\text{QZ},\phi} + \alpha P_{\text{QZ},\theta}$$
 (1.8)

The normalized ratio of total powers at measurement probe and the centre of the quiet zone is then

$$\frac{P_{\text{Probe}}}{P_{\text{QZ}}} = \frac{P_{\text{Probe},\theta} + P_{\text{Probe},\phi}}{P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}} = \frac{P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}}{P_{\text{QZ},\theta} + P_{\text{QZ},\phi}} = 1$$
(1.9)

This simple analysis now shows that for a matrix-based calibration of all signal paths the XPD of the measurement probe no longer introduces any error and that the conservation of <u>measured</u> powers is guaranteed, i.e., the MU based on the XPD is 0dB.

The derivation of the XPD MU based on powers is a more straightforward and less complex approach than with electric fields as attempted in [2]. This annex shows that the same XPU MU result as derived in (1.5) can be derived using electric fields.

The corresponding signal paths are illustrated in Figure B.2.1.10-4.

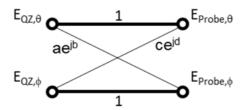


Figure B.2.1.10-4: Signal paths for electric fields (based on calibrating the polarization matched signal paths)

The normalized fields at the measurement probe terminals can then be written as

$$E_{\text{Probe},\theta} = E_{\text{QZ},\theta} + ce^{jd} E_{\text{QZ},\phi}$$
 (1.10)

$$E_{\text{Probe},\phi} = E_{\text{OZ},\phi} + ae^{jb}E_{\text{OZ},\theta}$$
 (1.11)

The transmission matrix can be defined as H

$$\begin{bmatrix}
E_{\text{Probe},\theta} \\
E_{\text{Probe},\phi}
\end{bmatrix} = H \begin{bmatrix}
E_{\text{QZ},\theta} \\
E_{\text{QZ},\phi}
\end{bmatrix}$$
(1.12)

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & ae^{jb} \\ ce^{jd} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{1.13}$$

The total magnitude component of the electric field including coherence/interference terms at the probe is

$$\begin{split} E_{\text{Probe},T} &= \sqrt{\left|E_{\text{Probe},\theta}\right|^2 + \left|E_{\text{Probe},\phi}\right|^2} = \sqrt{\left|E_{\text{QZ},\theta} + ce^{jd}E_{\text{QZ},\phi}\right|^2 + \left|E_{\text{QZ},\phi} + ae^{jb}E_{\text{QZ},\theta}\right|^2} \\ &= \sqrt{\left[\left(E_{\text{QZ},\theta} + cE_{\text{QZ},\phi}\cos(d)\right)^2 + \left(cE_{\text{QZ},\phi}\sin(d)\right)^2\right] + \left[\left(E_{\text{QZ},\phi} + aE_{\text{QZ},\theta}\cos(b)\right)^2 + \left(aE_{\text{QZ},\theta}\sin(b)\right)^2\right]} \\ &= \sqrt{\left[E_{\text{QZ},\theta}^2 + 2cE_{\text{QZ},\theta}E_{\text{QZ},\phi}\cos(d) + c^2E_{\text{QZ},\phi}^2\cos^2(d) + c^2E_{\text{QZ},\phi}^2\sin^2(d)\right] + } \\ &= \sqrt{\left[E_{\text{QZ},\phi}^2 + 2aE_{\text{QZ},\theta}E_{\text{QZ},\phi}\cos(b) + a^2E_{\text{QZ},\theta}^2\cos^2(b) + a^2E_{\text{QZ},\theta}^2\sin^2(b)\right]} \\ &= \sqrt{E_{\text{QZ},\theta}^2 \left(1 + a^2\right) + E_{\text{QZ},\phi}^2 \left(1 + c^2\right) + 2E_{\text{QZ},\theta}E_{\text{QZ},\phi}}\left(c\cos(d) + a\cos(b)\right)} \end{split} \tag{1.14}$$

When it is assumed that leakage between the two polarization ports of the measurement probe is assumed to be the same, then $a=c=10^{\text{XPD}/20}$ in (1.14). Additionally, it has to be assumed that $d=b+\pi$ which guarantees the orthogonality between the two field vectors, i.e., the dot product between the vectors has to be zero. With these assumptions, Equation (1.14) will become

$$E_{\text{Probe},T} = \sqrt{\left(E_{\text{QZ},\theta}^{2} + E_{\text{QZ},\phi}^{2}\right)\left(1 + a^{2}\right)}$$
(1.15)

The normalized ratio of total powers at measurement probe and the centre of the quiet zone is therefore

$$\frac{P_{\text{Probe}}}{P_{\text{OZ}}} \propto \frac{E_{\text{Probe},T}^{2}}{E_{\text{OZ},T}^{2}} = 1 + a^{2} = 1 + 10^{\frac{2XPD}{20}} = 1 + 10^{\frac{XPD}{10}}$$
(1.16)

The derived XPD MU based on electric fields which included the coherence/interference terms in (1.16) is the same as in (1.6).

The XPD of the measurement system shall be determined from the quality of quiet zone measurements, see clause O.2 of [7], at the 7 reference points, P1 through P7, specifically with reference AUT orientations γ = β =0° for distributed axes systems, Section O.2.6.1 [7], or reference AUT orientations β = α =0° for combined-axes systems, Section O.2.6.2 [7]. Alternatively, it can be determined using a reference antenna optimized for XPD measurements and with the corresponding alignment to achieve optimal polarization matching between the reference and the measurement antenna.

The XPD for each reference point shall be calculated as the ratio of cross-polarized to co-polarized measured powers and the largest XPD from the 7 different reference points shall be used to determine the XPD MU, i.e.,

$$MU_{XPD}[dB] = 10 \log_{10} (1 + \alpha_{max}) = 10 \log_{10} (1 + 10^{\frac{XPD_{max}}{10}})$$
 (1-17)

where

$$XPD_{\max}[dB] = 10\log_{10}\left[\max\left(\frac{P_{cross-pol}}{P_{co-pol}}\bigg|_{P_{1},\gamma_{rot}=0^{\circ}}, \frac{P_{cross-pol}}{P_{co-pol}}\bigg|_{P_{1},\gamma_{rot}=90^{\circ}}, ..., \frac{P_{cross-pol}}{P_{co-pol}}\bigg|_{P_{7},\gamma_{rot}=0^{\circ}}, \frac{P_{cross-pol}}{P_{co-pol}}\bigg|_{P_{7},\gamma_{rot}=90^{\circ}}\right)\right]$$
(1-18)

B.2.1.11 Insertion loss Variation

This uncertainty contribution comes from introducing an additional cable which is not present for both the calibration and DUT measurement. If the cables remain the same for the calibration and DUT measurement, then the contribution should be set to zero.

If an additional cable is added for one part of the test, the insertion loss must be accounted for in the measurement results. If the insertion loss is measured the uncertainty contribution will be the combined uncertainty related to the insertion loss measurement. The insertion loss can also be taken from the datasheet and assumed to have a rectangular distribution

B.2.1.12 RF leakage (from measurement antenna to receiver/transmitter)

This contribution denotes noise leaking in to connector and cable(s) between measurement antenna and receiving/transmitting equipment. The contribution also includes the noise leakage between the connector and cable(s) between reference antenna and transmitting equipment for the calibration phase. This uncertainty contributor is contained in the contributor quality of quiet zone described in clause B.2.1.3 and its value therefore is set to zero.

B.2.1.13 Misalignment of positioning System

This contribution originates from uncertainty in sliding position and turn table angle/tilt accuracy. If the calibration antenna is aligned to the beam peak this contribution can be considered negligible and therefore set to zero.

B.2.1.14 Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer

This contribution originates from all uncertainties involved transmission magnitude measurement with a network analyser, for example: drift, frequency flatness, temperature variation from kit calibration to path losses measurement as well as interpolation of calibration data if test frequencies were not calibrated during path loss characterization. The uncertainty value will be indicated in the manufacturer's data sheet. It needs to be ensured that appropriate manufacturer's uncertainty contribution is specified for the absolute levels measured.

When an end-to-end system calibration approach is used, the absolute levels are related to the total system losses of the measurement path. When a split calibration approach is used, separate MU contributions need to be determined

- u_cond: transmission magnitude uncertainty for the conducted portion of the calibration; the absolute levels are related to the total system losses for the portion of the system calibrated
- u_rad: transmission magnitude uncertainty for the radiated portion of the calibration; the absolute levels are related to the total system losses for the portion of the system calibrated

The total MU of the network analyser for the split calibration is the RSS'ed value of u_cond and u_rad.

B.2.1.15 Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna

The calibration antenna only appears in Stage 2. Therefore, the gain uncertainty has to be taken into account. This uncertainty will come from a calibration report with traceability to a National Metrology Institute with measurement uncertainty budgets generated following the guidelines outlined in internationally accepted standards.

B.2.1.16 Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna

This contribution originates from reference antenna alignment and pointing error. In this measurement if the maximum gain direction of the reference antenna and the transmitting antenna are aligned to each other, this contribution can be considered negligible and therefore set to zero.

B.2.1.17 gNB emulator uncertainty

gNB emulator is used to drive a signal to the horn antenna (via multiple external components such as a switch box, an amplifier and a circulator, etc.) in sensitivity tests either as an absolute level or as a relative level. Receiving device

used is typically a UE/phablet/tablet/FWA. Generally there occurs uncertainty contribution from absolute level accuracy, non-linearity and frequency characteristic of the gNB emulator.

For practical reasons, in a case that a VNA is used as calibration equipment, gNB emulator is connected to the system after the calibration measurement (Stage 2) is performed by the VNA. Hence, the uncertainty on the absolute level of gNB emulator (transmitter device) cannot be assumed as systematic. This uncertainty should be calculated from the manufacturer's data in logs with a rectangular distribution, unless otherwise informed. Furthermore, the uncertainty of the non-linearity is included in the absolute level uncertainty.

B.2.1.18 Phase centre offset of calibration

Gain is defined at the phase centre of the antenna. If the phase centre of the calibration antenna is not aligned at the centre of the set up during the calibration, then there will be uncertainty related to the measurement distance.

The phase centre of a horn antenna moves with frequency along the taper length of the antenna therefore during the calibration the phase centre of all frequencies will not be aligned with the setup centre. The associated uncertainty term can be estimated using the following formula [14]:

$$\pm 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{d_m - d_p}{d_m} \right)$$

+/-20log((measurement distance – d)/measurement distance) [14]

Where d_m is the measurement distance and d_p is the maximum positional uncertainty. For a Horn antenna this is equal to 0.5 the length of the taper. This uncertainty is considered to have a rectangular distribution so the standard uncertainty is calculated by dividing the uncertainty by $\sqrt{3}$.

The same equation applies to log periodic antennas with d_m being 0.5 the length of the boom.

For a dipole antenna, given that the phase centre of the antenna is easily aligned with the centre of the set up the measurement uncertainty is zero.

If the calibration antenna (i.e. horn) is adjusted during the calibration to align the phase centre to the setup centre then this uncertainty term can be considered to be zero.

As an example a horn with a taper length of 50 mm, at 43.5 GHz and a measurement distance of 72.55 cm the uncertainty term is 0.62, with a rectangular distribution the standard uncertainty is 0.358 dB.

For DFF systems this uncertainty contribution must be included.

B.2.1.19 Quality of quiet zone for calibration process

During the calibration process the calibration antenna will be placed at the centre of the quiet zone. Therefore, only point P1 from the procedure outlined in B.2.1.3 needs to be considered for the quality of the quiet zone validation measurement.

For gain calibrations, the standard uncertainty of the EIRP results obtained following the method outlined in 2.10 shall be used. For efficiency calibrations, the standard uncertainty of the TRP result obtained following the method outlined in 2.9 shall be used.

B.2.1.20 Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna

This term comes from the amplitude ripple caused by the standing waves between the reference antenna and measurement antenna. This value can be captured by sliding (lambda/4) the reference antenna towards the measurement antenna as the standing waves go in and out of phase causing a ripple in amplitude. The uncertainty term can be derived by performing the standard deviation on the results.

B.2.1.21 Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable (Flexing cables, adapters, attenuators, connector repeatability)

During the calibration measurement a cable (adapters, attenuators) is used to feed the calibration antenna. This uncertainty captures any influence the cable may have on the measurements result. This term can be assessed by repeating measurements while flexing the cables and rotary joints and using the largest difference between the results as the uncertainty. For some calibration test configurations this uncertainty can be considered to be zero.

B.2.1.22 Influence of TRP measurement grid

This contributor describes the uncertainty of the measured TRP value due to the finite number of measurement grid points.

B.2.1.23 Influence of beam peak search grid

This contributor describes the uncertainty of absolute TX power beam peak measurements, e.g., EIRP in beam peak direction, due to the finite number of measurement points in the beam peak search grid.

B.2.1.24 Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature

When calculating TRP using different quadrature of constant step size data, a mean error shall be taken into account. The value of this contributor depends on the number of measurement grid points and the quadrature technique used.

No mean error has to be taken into account for constant density approach (using the charged particle or the golden spiral implementation) for non-sparse antenna arrays.

This measurement uncertainty contributor represents a systematic uncertainty and must not be root sum squared with contributors described by standard deviation.

B.2.1.25 Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty

This contributor describes the uncertainty caused by switching multiple measurement antennas either by mechanically or electrically to measure TRx spurious emission.

A frequency range of spurious tests (e.g. general spurious emission) is defined from 6 GHz to second harmonic of FR2 bands such as 80 GHz. Since that frequency range is quite wide, it is impossible to cover the whole range only by one measurement antenna. Therefore to provide a feature of the spurious emission measurement by FR2 test system, the system has to equip a capability to switch corresponding measurement antennas in an anechoic chamber. One of the mechanical antenna switching methods can be a structure of a slider. Then a repeatability of a bending loss of a feeder cable which is connected to the measurement antennas shall be taken into account. On the other hand for electrical antenna switching, since multiple antennas need to be aligned in a chamber with a different position, the quiet zone characteristics might receive an influence by a displacement from the ideal focal point. In a case of electrical switching system, if the measurement antenna configuration is the same for the quality of the quiet zone measurement and the DUT measurement, then this uncertainty term is encompassed in the quality of the quiet zone results.

B.2.1.26 DUT repositioning

This contributor describes the uncertainty due to a displacement of a DUT. The DUT may need to be re-positioned between measurements, for instance when the battery runs low in charge.

B.2.1.27 Influence of noise

This contributor describes an offset uncertainty factor caused by a noise floor especially in a case of low SNR. This contributor works as a bias to measured results only to a direction to increase values and thus this shall be included in the uncertainty budget table as a systematic uncertainty. The uncertainty value can be derived by the following equation.

Influence of noise =
$$10 * log(1 + 10^{\left(\frac{SNR}{10}\right)})$$

B.2.1.28 Systematic error related to beam peak search

When calculating beam peak search a systematic error shall be taken into account. The value of this contributor depends on the number of measurement grid points.

This measurement uncertainty contributor represents a systematic uncertainty and must not be root sum squared with contributors described by standard deviation.

B.2.1.29 Influence of spherical coverage grid

This contributor describes the uncertainty of spherical measurements, due to the finite number of measurement points in the spherical coverage grid.

B.2.1.30 Systematic error related to EIS spherical coverage

When calculating EIS spherical coverage, a mean error shall be taken into account. The value of this contributor depends on the DL power step size used for the EIS search and then number of measurement grid points.

This measurement uncertainty contributor represents a systematic uncertainty and must not be root sum squared with contributors described by standard deviation.

B.2.1.31 Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation

This contributor describes the uncertainty due to a mis-alignment of a DUT after a change of DUT orientations described in Tables J.2-1 through J.2-3 in [3] during spurious emission and spherical coverage measurements. This contribution is negligible with spherical coverage TC as far as the misalignment is within the accuracy of DUT repositioning.

B.2.1.32 Additional Impact of Interferer ACLR

This contribution describes the effect of the interferer ACLR over the wanted signal channel when testing ACS and inband blocking. Even if power is set perfectly in the configured transmission bandwidth, interferer power will leak in the wanted signal channel due to its ACLR.

B.2.1.33 Modulated Interferer uncertainty

Modulated Interferer is used to drive a signal to the horn antenna (via multiple external components such as a switch box, an amplifier and a circulator, etc.) in ACS and In-band Blocking tests either as an absolute level or as a relative level. Receiving device used is typically a UE/phablet/tablet/FWA. Generally, there occurs uncertainty contribution from absolute level accuracy, non-linearity and frequency characteristic of the interferer generator.

For practical reasons, in a case that a VNA is used as calibration equipment, Modulated Interferer is connected to the system after the calibration measurement (Stage 2) is performed by the VNA. Hence, the uncertainty on the absolute level of Modulated Interferer (transmitter device) cannot be assumed as systematic. This uncertainty should be calculated from the manufacturer's data in logs with a rectangular distribution, unless otherwise informed. Furthermore, the uncertainty of the non-linearity is included in the absolute level uncertainty.

B.2.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions for IFF

B.2.2.1 Positioning misalignment

See B.2.1.1.

B.2.2.2 Measure distance uncertainty

See B.2.1.2. For IFF1 this can be considered to be zero.

B.2.2.3 Quality of Quiet Zone

See B.2.1.3.

B.2.2.4 Mismatch

See B.2.1.4.

B.2.2.5 Standing wave between DUT and measurement antenna

See B.2.1.5.

B.2.2.6 Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment

See B.2.1.6.

B.2.2.7 Phase Curvature

See B.2.1.7. For IFF1 this can be considered to be zero.

B.2.2.8 Amplifier Uncertainties

See B.2.1.8.

B.2.2.9 Random uncertainty

See B.2.1.9.

B.2.2.10 Influence of XPD

See B.2.1.10.

B.2.2.11 Insertion Loss Variation

See B.2.1.11.

B.2.2.12 RF leakage (from measurement antenna to receiver/transmitter)

See B.2.1.12.

B.2.2.13 Misalignment of positioning system

See B.2.1.13.

B.2.2.14 Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer

See B.2.1.14.

B.2.2.15 Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna

See B.2.1.15.

B.2.2.16 Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna

See B.2.1.16.

B.2.2.17 gNB emulator uncertainty

See B.2.1.17.

B.2.2.18 Phase centre offset of calibration

See B.2.1.18. For IFF1 this can be considered to be zero.

B.2.2.19 Quality of the Quiet Zone for Calibration Process

See B.2.1.19.

B.2.2.20 Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna

See B.2.1.20.

B.2.2.21 Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable (Flexing cables, adapters, attenuators, connector repeatability)

See B.2.1.21.

B.2.2.22 Influence of TRP measurement grid

See B.2.1.22.

B.2.2.23 Influence of beam peak search grid

See B.2.1.23.

B.2.2.24 Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature

See B.2.1.24.

B.2.2.25 Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty

See B.2.1.25.

B.2.2.26 DUT repositioning

See B.2.1.26.

B.2.2.27 Influence of noise

See B.2.1.27.

B.2.2.28 Systematic error related to beam peak search

See B.2.1.28.

B.2.2.29 Influence of spherical coverage grid

See B.2.1.29.

B.2.2.30 Systematic error related to EIS spherical coverage

See B.2.1.30.

B.2.2.31 Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation

See B.2.1.31.

B.2.2.32 Additional Impact of Interferer ACLR

See B.2.1.32.

B.2.2.33 Modulated Interferer uncertainty

See B.2.1.33.

B.2.3 Measurement error contribution descriptions for NFTF

B.2.3.1 Axes Alignment

Includes the following mechanical alignment errors:

- The uncertainty related with the lateral displacement between the horizontal and vertical axes of the DUT positioner.
- The differences from 90° of the angle between the horizontal and vertical axes.
- The horizontal mis-pointing of the horizontal axis to the probe reference point for Theta=0°.

These mechanical errors can result in sampling the field on a non-ideal sphere. This uncertainty can be considered to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.2 Measurement Distance uncertainty

See B.2.1.2.

B.2.3.3 Quality of the Quiet Zone

See B.2.1.3.

B.2.3.4 Mismatch

See B.2.1.4.

B.2.3.5 Multiple Reflections: Coupling Measurement Antenna and DUT

The multiple reflections occur when a portion of the transmitted signal is reflected form the receiving antenna back to the transmitting antenna and re-reflected by the transmitting antenna back to the receiving antenna. This uncertainty can be determined by multiple measurements of the DUT when at different distance from the probes. This uncertainty is assumed to have a U-shaped distribution.

B.2.3.6 Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment

See B.2.1.6.

B.2.3.7 Phase curvature

See B.2.1.7.

B.2.3.8 Amplifier uncertainties

See B.2.1.8.

B.2.3.9 Random uncertainty

See B.2.1.9.

B.2.3.10 Influence of the XPD

Refer to B.2.1.10. If the Probe Polarization Amplitude and Phase is measured and corrected for then this uncertainty term can be considered to be zero.

B.2.3.11 NF to FF truncation

The measured near field is expanded using a finite set of spherical modes. The number of modes is linked to number of samples. The filtering effect generated by the finite number of modes can improve measurement results by removing signals from outside the physical area of the DUT. Care must be taken in order to make sure the removed signals are not from the DUT itself. This term also includes the uncertainty related to the scan area truncation. This uncertainty is usually negligible. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.12 Probe Polarization Amplitude and Phase

The amplitude and phase of the probe polarization coefficients should be measured. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.13 Probe Array Uniformity (for multi-probe systems only)

This is the uncertainty due to the fact that different probes are used for each physical position. Different probes have different radiation patterns. Generally, the probe array is calibrated so that the uniformity of the probes is achieved. This uncertainty term must be considered if the amplitude and phase of each probe is not identical or corrected for. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution

B.2.3.14 Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer

See B.2.1.14.

B.2.3.15 Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna

See B.2.1.15.

B.2.3.16 Phase Recovery Non-Linearity over signal bandwidth

This uncertainty originates from the non-linearity of the phase recovery for wide band signal. The phase recovery can be due to either phase non-linearity of the receiver and/or the DUT itself. The method to quantify the non-linearites is not defined.

B.2.3.17 Probe Pattern Effect

The probe/s pattern/s is assumed to be known so that the DUT measurement in near field can be corrected when performing the near field to far field transform. If the probe pattern is known, then the uncertainty term is zero. There is no direct dependence between the DUT pattern and the probe pattern in near field measurements. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.18 Phase centre offset of calibration

See B.2.1.18.

B.2.3.19 Quality of the Quiet Zone for Calibration Process

See B.2.1.19.

B.2.3.20 Phase Drift and Noise

This uncertainty is due to the noise level and drift of the test range and should be determined or measured at the DUT location. The noise level is usually measured with a Spectrum Analyzer. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.21 Mismatch in the connection of the calibration antenna

See B.2.1.4.

B.2.3.22 Influence of TRP measurement grid

See B.2.1.22.

B.2.3.23

B.2.3.24

B.2.3.25 Leakage and Crosstalk

This uncertainty can be addressed by measurements on the actual system setup. The leakage and crosstalk cannot be separated from the random amplitude and phase errors so that the relative importance should be determined. This uncertainty is assumed to have a normal distribution.

B.2.3.26 Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature

See B.2.1.24.

B.2.3.27 Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty

See B.2.1.25.

B.2.3.28 DUT repositioning

See B.2.1.26.

B.2.3.29 Influence of noise

See B.2.1.27.

B.3 UE maximum output power

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP and TRP measurements for UE maximum output power. The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following clauses.

Table B.3-1: MU threshold for EIRP measurement for UE maximum output power

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | 4.89 |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | 5.09 |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤30cm in Table B.3.2-2 for PC2 UEs and B.3.2-6 for PC1 UEs.

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

Table B.3-2: MU threshold for TRP measurement for UE maximum output power

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | 4.42 |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | 4.62 |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total TRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.3.2-2 for PC3 UEs and B.3.2-6 for PC1 UEs

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

Table B.3-3: MU threshold for Spherical coverage measurement for UE maximum output power

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = TBD | 4.60 |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | 5.20 |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = TBD | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total Spherical coverage Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Tables B.3.2-4 for PC3 UEs and B.3.2-7 for PC1 UEs

B.3.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.3.1-1.

Table B.3.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP and TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| 17 | Influence of spherical coverage grid | B.2.1.29 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 18 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 19 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 |
| 30 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |
| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.1.28 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{22.65\text{GHz}, 31.1\text{GHz}, 45.1\text{GHz}\}$, P = [maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP is provided in Table B.3.1-2.

Table B.3.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| | | 2: DUT meas | urement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | |
| <u>, </u> | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
|) 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | | | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 5) | 0.25 | Actual | 1 | 0.25 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | 0.0 | Actual | 1 | 0.0 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | | | |
| 17 | Influence of spherical coverage grid (NOTE 8) | 0.12 | Actual | 1 | 0.12 |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 19 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | | | | |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | | | | |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| | Systematic u | ncertainties (| | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 5) | | | | |
| 30 | Influ | ence of noise | | | |
| 31 | Systematic error related | | | | 0.5 |
| | Total measure | | | | Value |
| | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96 | | | | TBD |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96 | σ - confidence | interval of 95 %) [d | B] | TBD |

| NOTE 1: | The impact of phase variation on EIRP shall be taken into account during final MU definition |
|---------|---|
| | for the test method |
| NOTE 2: | The quality of quiet zone is different for EIRP and TRP. For TRP, the standard uncertainty is |
| | FFS; for EIRP, the standard uncertainty of quiet zone is FFS. |
| NOTE 3: | The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA. |
| NOTE 4: | The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power. |
| NOTE 5: | This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. |
| NOTE 6: | This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements. |
| NOTE 7: | In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be |
| | added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage |
| | 2 contributors. |
| NOTE 8: | This contributor shall only be considered for spherical EIRP measurements |

B.3.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.3.2-1.

Table B.3.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP and TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 | | | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 | | | | |
| 17 | Influence of spherical coverage grid | B.2.2.29 | | | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | _ | | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 | | | | |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 | | | | |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 | | | | |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 | | | | |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.2.16 | | | | |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 | | | | |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 | | | | |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.2.20 | | | | |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 | | | | |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties | | | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 | | | | |
| 30 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 | | | | |
| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.2.28 | | | | |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D

- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, [P = maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP is provided in Table B.3.2-2 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.3.2-6 for PC1 UEs.
- The uncertainty assessment for Spherical coverage is provided in Table B.3.2-4 for PC3 UEs in Table B.3.2-7 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.3.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 1) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3) | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.10 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 4) | 0.25 | Actual | 1 | 0.25 | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 5) | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 | |
| 16 | | 0.00 (NOTE 4) | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 (NOTE 4) | |
| | DUT repositioning | 0.08 (NOTE 5) | | | 0.05 (NOTE 5) | |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | 0) | |
| 17 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 1) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| | | incertainties (| | • | Value | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TI | | |) | 0.00 | |
| 29 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | 0.1 | |
| 29 | | | | | | |
| 30 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 5) | | | | | 0.3 0.5 | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | | | |
| EIRP | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| EIRP Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | 5.09 | |
| TRP E | TRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| TRP | Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < | |) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | 4.62 | |

- NOTE 1: The quality of quiet zone is the same for EIRP and TRP. Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 6: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 7: Void.
- NOTE 8: Void NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.3.2-3: Void

Table B.3.2-4: Uncertainty assessment for Spherical coverage measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|-----|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | 1 (/ [] | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 1) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3) | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 15 | Influence of spherical coverage grid | 0.12 | Actual | 1 | 0.12 | |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | | |
| 16 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 | |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 1) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 | |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 | |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | |
| | | incertainties | | | Value | |
| 27 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | 0.3 | |
| 27 | | | | | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | | | | | |
| • | oherical coverage Expanded uncertain confidence inte | nty (23.45GHz erval of 95 %) | <= f <= 32.125GHz) ([dB] | • | Value 4.60 | |
| | Spherical coverage Expanded uncerta confidence into | erval of 95 %) | [dB] | | 5.19 | |

NOTE 1: The quality of quiet zone is the same for EIRP and TRP. Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.

NOTE 4: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.3.2-5: Void

Table B.3.2-6: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3) | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | |
| 14 | grid (NOTE 4) Influence of beam peak search grid | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | |
| 15 | (NOTE 5) Multiple measurement antenna | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | |
| 16 | uncertainty (NOTE 9) | FFS (NOTE | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS (NOTE | |
| | DUT repositioning | 4) FFS (NOTE | | | 4) FFS (NOTE | |
| | | 5) | | | 5) | |
| | | Calibration n | | | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | |
| | | incertainties | | - | Value | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to T | | |) | FFS | |
| 29 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | FFS | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | | | FFS | |
| 30 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 5) | | | | | FFS | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | | | |
| EIRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval | | | | | Value FFS | |
| of 95 %) [dB] EIRP Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of | | | | | FFS | |
| TRP E | 95 %) [dB] TRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz $<= f <= 32.125GHz$) (1.96 σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| TRP | Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < | f <= 40.8GHz |) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | FFS | |
| | 95.9 | %) [dB] | | | | |

- NOTE 1: The quality of quiet zone is the same for EIRP and TRP. Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 6: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 7: Void.
- NOTE 8: Void NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.3.2-7: Uncertainty assessment for Spherical coverage measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT mea | surement | | (0)[02] |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTÉ 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3) | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 3 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 15 | Influence of spherical coverage grid | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | | Calibration n | | | |
| 6 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | | incertainties | | | Value |
| 27 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of noise | | | | FFS |
| Sp | Total measure oherical coverage Expanded uncertain | ement uncerta nty (23.45GHz | iinty <= f <= 32.125GHz) (| (1.96σ - | Value FFS |
| | confidence inte Spherical coverage Expanded uncerta | | | | FFS |

clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.

NOTE 4: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

B.3.3 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for NFTF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.3.3-1.

Table B.3.3-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP and TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in paragraph | | | | |
|-----|--|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: EIRP Near Field Radiation Pattern Measurement and EIRP Near Field DUT power | | | | | |
| | measurement | | | | | |
| 1 | Axis Alignment | B.2.3.1 | | | | |
| 2 | Measurement Distance Uncertainty | B.2.3.2 | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of the Quiet Zone | B.2.3.3 | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.3.4 | | | | |
| 5 | Multiple Reflections: Coupling between Measurement Antenna and DUT | B.2.3.5 | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.3.6 | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.3.7 | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.3.8 | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.3.9 | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.3.10 | | | | |
| 11 | NF to FF truncation | B.2.3.11 | | | | |
| 12 | Probe Polarization Amplitude and Phase | B.2.3.12 | | | | |
| 13 | Probe Array Uniformity (for multi-probe systems only) | B.2.3.13 | | | | |
| 14 | Phase Recovery Non-Linearity over signal bandwidth | B.2.3.16 | | | | |
| 15 | Probe Pattern Effect | B.2.3.17 | | | | |
| 16 | Phase Drift and Noise | B.2.3.20 | | | | |
| 17 | Leakage and Crosstalk | B.2.3.25 | | | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | B.2.3.4 | | | | |
| 19 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.3.8 | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.3.14 | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.3.15 | | | | |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration | B.2.3.18 | | | | |
| 23 | Quality of the Quiet Zone for Calibration Process | B.2.3.19 | | | | |
| 24 | Mismatch in the connection of the calibration antenna | B.2.3.21 | | | | |

The uncertainty assessment table is organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], f = {22.65GHz, 31.1GHz, 45.1GHz}, P = [maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP is provided in Table B.3.1-2.

Table B.3.3-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Uncertainty Value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|------|--|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage 2: EIRP Near Field Radiation Pattern Measurement and EIRP Near Field DUT power measurement | | | | | |
| 1 | Axis Alignment | | | | | |
| 2 | Measurement Distance | | | | | |
| | Uncertainty | | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of the Quiet Zone | | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | | | | | |
| 5 | Multiple Reflections: Coupling | | | | | |
| | between Measurement Antenna | | | | | |
| | and DUT | | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | | | | | |
| 7 | measurement equipment | | | | | |
| 8 | Phase curvature Amplifier uncertainties | | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | | |
| 11 | | | | | | |
| 12 | NF to FF truncation | | | | | |
| | Probe Polarization Amplitude and Phase | | | | | |
| 13 | Probe Array Uniformity (for | | | | | |
| | multi-probe systems only) | | | | | |
| 14 | Phase Recovery Non-Linearity over signal bandwidth | | | | | |
| 15 | Probe Pattern Effect | | | | | |
| 16 | Phase Drift and Noise | | | | | |
| 17 | Leakage and Crosstalk | | | | | |
| 17 | | ⊥ Stage 1: Calibrat | ion measurement | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | <u> </u> | | | | |
| 19 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network | | | | | |
| 20 | Analyzer | | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain | | | | | |
| | of the calibration antenna | | | | | |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of | | | | | |
| | calibration | | | | | |
| 23 | Quality of the Quiet Zone for | | | | | |
| | Calibration Process | | | | | |
| 24 | Mismatch in the connection of | | | | | |
| | the calibration antenna | | | | | |
| | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| NOT | TRP Expanded uncertainty (1. | | | | ALL 1 (* 10 - 4 - 4 | |
| NOTE | E 1: The impact of phase variation test method. | on EIRP shall be | taken into account di | uring tinal N | iu definition for the | |
| NOTE | | ferent for EIRP ar | nd TRP. For TRP, the | standard u | incertainty is FFS; | |
| NOTE | E 3: The analysis was done only for | or the case of one | rating at max output r | ower in-ha | and, non-CA | |
| NOTE | | | | | | |
| | E 5: The Phase Recovery Non-Lin MU definition for the test meth | earity over signal | | taken into | account during final | |

B.4 UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP measurements for UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth (a.k.a Maximum Power Reduction/MPR). The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following clauses.

Table B.4-1: MU threshold for EIRP measurement for UE maximum output power for modulation / channel bandwidth

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|---|--|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power – MBR - MPR – T(MPR) | 4.92 |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | 5.10 |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power – MBR - MPR – T(MPR) | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤30cm in Table B.4.2-2 for PC2 UEs and B.4.2-x for PC1 UEs.

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power

B.4.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.4.1-1.

Table B.4.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex | | |
|------------------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| Same as Table 3.1-1 for EIRP | | | | |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = 5 cm, f = {22.65GHz, 31.1GHz, 45.1GHz}, P = maximum output power MBR MPR T(MPR).
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP is provided in Table B.4.1-2.

Table B.4.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|-------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | | |
| 1 to 17 | Same as Stage 2 of Table 3.1-2 for FIRP | | | | | |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration m | easurement | | | |
| 18 to 28 | to Same as Stage 1 of Table 3.1-2 for EIRP | | | | | |
| | Systema | atic uncertaint | ies | | Value | |
| 29 | Systematic error due | to TRP calcula | ation/quadrature | | N/A | |
| 30 | Influ | ence of noise | | | | |
| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search Same as Table 3.1-2 | | | | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty Value | | | | | |
| | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] TBD | | | | | |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] TBD | | | | | |
| NOTE | NOTE 1: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power – MBR - MPR – T(MPR) | | | | | |

B.4.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.4.2-1.

Table B.4.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP and TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex | | | |
|-----|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Same as Stage 2 of Table 3.2-1 for EIRP | | | | |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = maximum output power MPR T(MPR).
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP and TRP is provided in Table B.3.2-2 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.4.2-x for PC1 UEs.

Table B.4.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|-------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stag | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | | |
| 1 to 16 | Same a | s Stage 2 of T | able 3.2-2 for EIRP | | | |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | | |
| 17 to 27 | Same as Stage 1 of Table 3.2-2 for FIRP | | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties Value | | | | | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature N/A | | | | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise (2 | 23.45GHz <= f | <= 32.125GHz) | | 0.13 | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | (32.125GHz < | f <= 40.8GHz) | | 0.31 | |
| 30 | Systematic error related to beam peak search Same as Table 3.2-2 | | | | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty Value | | | | | |
| EIRP | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| EIRP | EIRP Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| NOTE | NOTE 1: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power – MBR - MPR – T(MPR) | | | | | |

B.4.3 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for NFTF

FFS

B.5 to B6

B.7 Minimum Output power

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP measurements for Minimum Output Power. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following clauses.

Table B.7-1: MU threshold for EIRP measurement for Minimum output power

| Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value [dB] | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | | | (NOTE1) | | |
| 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Minimum Output Power | PC1: FFS | | |
| | | | PC2: FFS | | |
| | | | <u>PC3:</u> [6.15] | | |
| | | | PC4: FFS | | |
| 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | PC1: FFS | | |
| | | | PC2: FFS | | |
| | | | <u>PC3:</u> [6.15] | | |
| | | | PC4: FFS | | |
| | panded MU for IFF f | or Quiet Zone size s | ≤ 30cm in Table | | |
| B.7.2-2 | B.7.2-2 | | | | |

B.7.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.7.1-1.

Table B.7.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 15 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 16 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 17 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.1.28 |
| 28 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{23.45 \text{ GHz}, 32.125 \text{ GHz}, 40.8 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Minimum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP is provided in Table B.7.1-2.

Table B.7.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | |
|------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | I | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | | | | | |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | | |
| 15 | DUT repositioning | | Actual | 1 | | |
| | | Calibration m | | | <u>'</u> | |
| 16 | Mismatch | | | | | |
| 17 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | | |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | | |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | | | | | |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | | | | | |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 2) | | | | | |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | | | | |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | | |
| 26 | | | | | | |
| EIRP | Expanded uncertainty (1.96o - confid | | | | | |
| | Systematic unce | ertainties (NO | ΓΕ 7) | | Value | |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam pea | ak search | | | | |
| 28 | Influence of noise | | | | | |
| | Total m | easurement u | ncertainty | | | |
| | EIRP total measurement uncertainty [dB] | | | | | |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at Minimum output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 2: The assessment assumes DUT Minimum output power.
- NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 4: Void
- NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 6: Void.
- NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

B.7.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.7.2-1.

Table B.7.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 15 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 16 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.2.16 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.2.20 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.2.28 |
| 28 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = Minimum output power.
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP is provided in Table B.7.2-2 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.7.2-3 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.7.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 8) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | 2.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.25 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.10 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 3) | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 15 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 3) | 0.08 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.05 |
| | | Calibration n | | | |
| 16 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | [1.50] | Normal | 2.00 | [0.75] |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 8) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | | uncertainties | | | Value |
| 27 | Systematic error r | | | | 0.5 |
| 28 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | 1.0 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | | | 1.0 |
| | Total measure | | | | Value |
| | | 5 %) [dB] | , , | | [6.15] |
| EIRF | P Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < 95 ° | : f <= 40.8GHz %) [dB] | r) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | [6.15] |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at Minimum output power, in-band, non-
- NOTE 2: The assessment assumes DUT Minimum output power.
- NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 4: Void
- NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors
- NOTE 6: Void. NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.7.2-3: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|--|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 8) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 3) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 3) | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | |
| 16 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 8) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | | uncertainties | | | Value |
| 27 | Systematic error r | | | | FFS |
| 28 | Influence of noise (2 | | | | FFS |
| 29 Influence of noise (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) | | | | | FFS |
| | Total measure | | | | Value |
| | | 5 %) [dB] | , , | | FFS |
| EIRF | P Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < 95 ° | : f <= 40.8GHz %) [dB] |) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | FFS |

NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at Minimum output power, in-band, non-

NOTE 2: The assessment assumes DUT Minimum output power.

NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 4: Void

NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors

NOTE 6: Void. NOTE 7: Void

NOTE 8: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or

equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE: MU assessment in Table B.7.2-2 and Table B7.2-3 is based on the following relaxations for 400MHz BW:

Table B.7.2-4: Minimum output power requirement relaxation considered in MU assessment for 400 MHz EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm)

| Frequency | Power Class | Relaxation |
|-----------------------------|---------------|------------|
| 23.45GHz <= f | PC1 | FFS |
| <= 32.125GHz | PC2, PC3, PC4 | 8.4 dB |
| 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | PC1 | FFS |
| | PC2, PC3, PC4 | 13.5 dB |

B.8 Transmit OFF power

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for TRP and EIRP measurements for Transmit OFF power. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following clauses.

Table B.8-1: MU threshold for TRP measurement for Transmit OFF power

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE1) | |
|---|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Off Power | 5.49 | |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | N/A | |
| NOTE 1: Total TRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.8.2-2 for PC3 | | | | | |

Table B.8-2: MU threshold for EIRP measurement for Transmit OFF power

| Frequency | CBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE1) |
|---------------|--------|---------------|----------------------------|
| 23.45GHz <= f | 50MHz | P = Off Power | [6.15] |
| <= 32.125GHz | 100MHz | | |
| | 200MHz | | |
| | 400MHz | | |
| 32.125GHz < f | 50MHz | P = Off Power | [6.15] |
| <= 40.8GHz | 100MHz | | |
| | 200MHz | | |
| | 400MHz | | |

NOTE 1: Total Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.8.2-4 for PC3 UEs

B.8.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.8.1-1.

Table B.8.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as \boldsymbol{D}
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{23.45 \text{ GHz}, 32.125 \text{ GHz}, 40.8 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Off power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.8.1-2.

Table B.8.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|--------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | 1 | () [] |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | | | | |
| | measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| <u>7</u> | Phase curvature | | | | |
| 3 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | | | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 5) | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | Actual | 1 | |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | II. | 1 |
| 17 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning | | | | |
| 20 | System | | | | 1 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of | | | | |
| 20 | the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing | | | | |
| | misalignment between the reference antenna and the | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration | | | | |
| 23 | antenna | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration | | | | |
| | process (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference | | | | |
| | calibration antenna and | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| TRP E | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confide | | | | |
| | Systematic unce | | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | tion/quadrature | e (NOTE 5) | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | | | |
| | | easurement u | | | 1 |
| VOT- | TRP total measure | | ity [dB] | | |
| NOTE NOTE | 2: The quality of quiet zone is differ | ent for EIRP a | | he standard | uncertainty is |
| uo | FFS; for EIRP, the standard unce | | | | |
| NOTE | | | | at power, in-l | pand, non-CA. |
| | 4: The assessment assumes maxin | | | | |
| | 5: This contributor shall only be con | | | | |
| NOTE | 6: This contributor shall only be cor7: In order to obtain the total measurement | | | | have to bo |
| 101L | added to the expanded root sum | | | | |

2 contributors.

B.8.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.8.2-1.

Table B.8.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP and EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and | B.2.2.16 |
| | the measurement antenna | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement | B.2.2.20 |
| | antenna | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = Off power.
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.8.2-2.

Table B.8.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT mea | surement | | / |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 8) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | 2.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.25 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.10 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 3) | 0.25 | Actual | 1 | 0.25 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 8) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Systematic u | incertainties (| (NOTE 5) | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | | e (NOTE 3) | | 0.0 |
| 29 | Influence of noise (23.45GHz <= f <= | | | | 1.0 |
| 30 | Influence of noise (32.125GHz < f <= | = 40.8GHz) | | | N/A |
| | Total measure | ment uncerta | | | Value |
| TRP E | Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f 95 ° | <= 32.125GH %) [dB] | z) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | 5.49 |
| TRP | Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < | |) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | N/A |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at TX OFF power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 2: The assessment assumes DUT Off power.
- NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.
- NOTE 4: Void
- NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 6: Void. NOTE 7: Void
- NOTE 8: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE: MU assessment in Table B.8.2-2 for FR2a is based on the relaxation of 30.4dB for 400MHz BW.

Table B.8.2-3: Void

Table B.8.2-4: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | 1 (/ [] |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 8) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | 2.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.25 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.10 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 3) | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 |
| 14 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 15 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 3) | 0.08 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.08 |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | |
| 16 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.75 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 8) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Systematic u | incertainties | (NOTE 5) | | Value |
| 27 | Systematic error r | | | | 0.5 |
| 28 | Influence of noise (2 | 23.45GHz <= f | <= 32.125GHz) | | 1 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | (32.125GHz < | f <= 40.8GHz) | | 1 |
| | Total measure | • | , | | Value |
| EIRP | Expanded uncertainty (23.45GHz <= | | | ce interval | [6.15] |
| EIRP | Expanded uncertainty (32.125GHz < | |) (1.96σ - confidence | interval of | [6.15] |

NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at TX OFF power, in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 2: The assessment assumes DUT Off power.

NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 4: Void

NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 6: Void. NOTE 7: Void

NOTE 8: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or

equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE: MU assessment in Table B.8.2-4 is based on the relaxation of 28.4 dB for FR2a and 30.5 dB for FR2b for 400MHz BW.

B.9

B.10 Frequency error

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP measurements for Frequency error. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.10-1: MU threshold for beam peak measurement for Frequency error

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE1) |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | +/- 0.01 ppm |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | +/- 0.01 ppm |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |
| NOTE 1: Total Ex | panded MU for IFF t | for Quiet Zone size ≤ | 30cm in section B.1 | 10.2 |

B.10.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

+/- 0.01 ppm

The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{23.45 \text{ GHz}, 32.125 \text{ GHz}, 40.8 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Maximum output power].

B.10.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

+/- 0.01 ppm

- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = [Maximum output power].

B.11 to B.14

B.15 Occupied bandwidth

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP measurements for Occupied bandwidth. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.15-1: MU threshold for beam peak measurement for Occupied bandwidth

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE1) |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | TBD |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | TBD |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | TBD |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | TBD |
| NOTE 1: Total Ex | panded MU for IFF 1 | for Quiet Zone size ≤ | ≤ 30cm in Table B.15 | 5.2 |

B.15.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

FFS

- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], f = {23.45 GHz, 32.125 GHz, 40.8 GHz}, P = [Maximum output power].

B.15.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

FFS

The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = Maximum output power.

B.16 Spectrum emission mask

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for TRP measurements for Spectrum emission mask. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.16-1: MU threshold for TRP measurement for Spectrum emission mask

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | 4.94 |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | 5.32 |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |
| NOTE 1: Total Ex | panded MU for IFF | for Quiet Zone size ≤ | 30cm in Table B.16 | 3.2-2 for PC3 UEs |

B.16.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.16.1-1.

and in Table B.16.2-4 for PC1 UEs

Table B.16.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and | B.2.1.16 |
| | the measurement antenna | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{23.45 \text{ GHz}, 32.125 \text{ GHz}, 40.8 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.16.1-2.

Table B.16.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | I. | 71. |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | | | | |
| | measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | | | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 5) | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | | | |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing | | | | |
| | misalignment between the | | | | |
| | reference antenna and the | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration | | | | |
| | antenna | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference | | | | |
| | calibration antenna and | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| TRP | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confide | | | | |
| 00 | Systematic unce | | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | tion/quadrature | e (NOTE 5) | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | maantalii ti i | | |
| | | easurement u | | | 1 |
| NOT | TRP total measure | | | | 1 |
| NOTE | | ent for EIRP a | nd TRP. For TRP, t | he standard | uncertainty is |
| NOTE | FFS; for EIRP, the standard unc E 3: The analysis was done only for t | | | ıt nower in-l | nand non-CA |
| | E 4: The assessment assumes maxir | | | powor, m-1 | Jana, Horr OA. |
| | 5: This contributor shall only be cor | | | | |
| | E 6: This contributor shall only be cor | | | | |
| | 7: In order to obtain the total measu | | | | have to be |
| | added to the expanded root sum 2 contributors | | | | |

2 contributors.

B.16.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.16.2-1.

Table B.16.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and | B.2.2.16 |
| | the measurement antenna | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.2.20 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = [Maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.16.2-2 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.16.2-4 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.16.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 9) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 3) | 0.25 | Actual | 1 | 0.25 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 4) | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 8) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 3) | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | | Calibration n | neasurement | | • |
| 17 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 9) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | | incertainties | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | tion/quadrature | e (NOTE 3) | | 0.00 |
| 29 | Influence of noise (23.45GHz <= f <= | = 32.125GHz) | | | 0.62 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | f <= 40.8GHz) | | 1.00 |
| | Total measure | | | | Value |
| TRP | total measurement uncertainty (23.45 | | | confidence | 4.94 |
| TRI | P total measurement uncertainty (32.1 | | 40.8GHz) (1.96σ - co | nfidence | 5.32 |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 2: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.
- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 6: Values extracted from TR 38.810 v2.6.1 in square brackets pending for further analysis.
- NOTE 7: Void.
- NOTE 8: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.
- NOTE 9: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

Table B.16.2-3: Void

Table B.16.2-4: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 9) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 3) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 8) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 3) | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| | Stage 1: | Calibration n | neasurement | | • | | | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 9) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | | | |
| | | incertainties | | | Value | | | | |
| 28 Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 3) | | | | | FFS | | | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) | | | | | | | | |
| 29 Influence of noise (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) | | | | | | | | | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| TRP total measurement uncertainty (23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | | | | | |
| TRP total measurement uncertainty (32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz) (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | | | | | |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 2: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 3: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.
- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 5: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 6: Values extracted from TR 38.810 v2.6.1 in square brackets pending for further analysis.
- NOTE 7: Void.
- NOTE 8: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.
- NOTE 9: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or
 - equal to 30 cm.

B.17 Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

Editor's Note: MU value analysis for PC1, 2 and 4 are not complete.

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIRP measurements for Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio. The origin MU values for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.17-1: MU threshold for TRP measurement for Spectrum emission mask

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|-------------|-------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | TBD |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | TBD |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | TBD |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | TBD |

NOTE 1: Total Expanded MU for IFF for a Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm in Table B.17.2-2 for PC3 UEs and B.17.2-3 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.17-1B: MU threshold for EIRP measurement for Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio

| Frequency | CBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) | | | |
|---|---|----------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| 23.45GHz <= f | 50MHz | P = Max Output | 5.63 | | | |
| <= 32.125GHz | | Power | | | | |
| | 100MHz | | 6.09 | | | |
| | 200MHz | | 6.09(NOTE5) | | | |
| | 400MHz | | 6.09 (NOTE2) | | | |
| 32.125GHz < f | 50MHz | P = Max Output | 6.09 | | | |
| <= 40.8GHz | | Power | | | | |
| | 100MHz | | 6.09(NOTE6) | | | |
| | 200MHz | | 6.09(NOTE3) | | | |
| | 400MHz | | 6.09(NOTE4) | | | |
| | NOTE 1: Total Expanded MU for IFF for a Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm in Table B.17.2-2 | | | | | |
| NOTE 2: This value is based on the relaxation of (MPR – 3.0) dB for MPR > | | | | | | |
| 3.0dB. | | | | | | |
| NOTE 3: Not app | NOTE 3: Not applicable for MPR > 3.5dB | | | | | |
| NOTE 4: Not applicable for MPR > 2.0dB | | | | | | |
| NOTE 5: This value is based on the relaxation of (MPR $-$ 5.0) dB for MPR $>$ | | | | | | |
| | 5.0dB. | | | | | |
| NOTE 6: Not applicable for MPR > 5.0dB | | | | | | |

B.17.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.17.1-1.

Table B.17.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex | | | |
|-----|---|------------------|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 | | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties | | | | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 | | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 | | | |

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{23.45 \text{ GHz}, 32.125 \text{ GHz}, 40.8 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.17.1-2.

Table B.17.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | | | | |
| | measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | | | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 5) | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | | | |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | • | • |
| 17 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the | | | | |
| | reference antenna and the measurement antenna | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 27 | feed cable | | | | + |
| 27 EIDD | Insertion Loss Variation | ongo interiol s | f 0E 0/ \ [dD] | | + |
| EIKP | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence Systematic uncertainty) | | | | Value |
| 20 | | | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculations Influence of noise | iion/quadrature | # (INOTE 5) | | |
| 29 | I . | 00011102224 | noortoint: | | 1 |
| | | easurement u | • | | 1 |
| | TRP total measure 1: The impact of phase variation on | | ıty [UD] | | 1 |

- NOTE 2: The quality of quiet zone is different for EIRP and TRP. For TRP, the standard uncertainty is FFS; for EIRP, the standard uncertainty of quiet zone is FFS.
- NOTE 3: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 4: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 6: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 7: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 8: Void

B.17.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.17.2-1.

Table B.17.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and | B.2.2.16 |
| | the measurement antenna | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement | B.2.2.20 |
| 00 | antenna | D 0 0 04 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 00 | Systematic uncertainties | D 0 0 0 4 |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, P = Maximum output power MPR MBR(Multi-band relaxation).
- The uncertainty assessment for EIRP is provided in Table B.17.2-2 for PC3 UEs and Table B.17.2-3 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.17.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|
| | | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 10) | 0.52 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.52 |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 2) | 1.84 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.84 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3, 7) | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 4) | 0.0 | Actual | 1 | 0.0 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 5) | 0.00 | Actual | 1 | 0.00 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | 0.0 | Actual | 1 | 0.0 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 4) | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | | Calibration n | neasurement | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.75 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 10) | 0.32 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.32 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| EIRP | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confid | | of 95 %) [dB] | | 5.09 |
| | Systematic u | ıncertainties | (NOTE 6) | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | tion/quadrature | e (NOTE 4) | | 0.00 |
| 29 Influence of noise | | | | | Table B.17.2-4 |
| 30 | Beam peak search | | | | 0.00 |
| | Total measure | | | | Value |
| | EIRP total measure | | | | 5.09 + Influence of Noise |

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power – MPR – MBR(Multi-band relaxation)., in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power – MPR – MBR(Multi-band relaxation).

This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 4:

NOTE 5: Void

NOTE 6: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 7: Void NOTE 8: Void

NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 10: Defined as fixed value MU contributor.

Table B.17.2-3: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | e 2: DUT mea | surement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 10) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 2, NOTE 7) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 3, 7) | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 9) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning (NOTE 4) | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | | Calibration n | | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 10) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| TRP Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) [dB] | | | | | |
| Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 6) | | | | | |
| 28 Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 4) | | | | | FFS |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | | | FFS |
| 30 | Beam peak search | | | | FFS |
| | Total measure | ement uncerta | inty | | Value |
| | TRP total measure | ement uncertai | nty [dB] | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Void

NOTE 2: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.

NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.

NOTE 5: Void

NOTE 6: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 7: Values extracted from TR 38.810 v2.6.1 in square brackets pending for further analysis.

NOTE 8: Void.

NOTE 9: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 10: Defined as fixed value MU contributor.

Table B.17.2-4: Influence of noise measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| | FR2a | FR2b |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| ChBW (50MHz) | 0.54 | 1.0 |
| ChBW (100MHz) | 1.0 | 1.0 (NOTE5) |
| ChBW (200MHz) | 1.0 (NOTE 4) | 1.0 (NOTE2) |
| ChBW (400MHz) | 1.0 (NOTE1) | 1.0 (NOTE3) |

NOTE 1: This value is based on the relaxation of (MPR – 3.0) dB for MPR > 3.0dB.

NOTE 2: Not applicable for MPR > 3.5dB

NOTE 3: Not applicable for MPR > 2.0dB

NOTE 4: This value is based on the relaxation of (MPR -

5.0) dB for MPR > 5.0dB.

NOTE 5: Not applicable for MPR > 5.0dB

B.18 Spurious emissions

Editor's Note:

- MU value analysis for various test setups in clause B.18.x is not complete for above 66GHz.
- Offset value analysis is not complete as it is derived from MU value analysis for above 66GHz.

Test procedure of general spurious emission comprises 2 stages: coarse TRP measurement and fine TRP measurement BW. Coarse TRP measurement is introduced to reduce the measurement time by applying sparser grids and/or wider measurement BW than fine TRP measurement while having offset dB more stringent test requirement in order not to cause additional misjudgement risk. For the frequency ranges for which coarse TRP measurement does not PASS, the measurement is continued with fine TRP measurement procedure.

Tables B.18-1, B.18-1a, B.18-1b summarizes the MU threshold for fine TRP measurements for General spurious emissions, spurious emission band UE co-existence and additional spurious emission, respectively. The origin MU values for fine TRP measurement for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.18-1: MU threshold for TRP measurement for general spurious emission

| Power Class | Frequency | In-band BW | In-band Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|---------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| PC3 | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | 5.14 |
| | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | 5.11 |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | 5.41 |
| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | 7.42 |
| | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | | | TBD |
| PC1 | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | FFS |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | FFS |
| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | FFS |
| NOTE 4 T 4 LE | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | 155 (0 : | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.18.2-3 to

Table B.18.2-11 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.18.2.12 to Table B.18.2.16 for PC1 UEs.

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

Table B.18-1a: MU threshold for TRP measurement for spurious emission band UE co-existence

| Power Class | Frequency | In-band BW | In-band Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|-------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| PC3 | n257, n260, n261 | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | 6.00 |
| | 36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz | | | 6.00 |
| | 57 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | 8.01 |
| PC1 | n257, n261 | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | n260 | | | FFS |
| | 36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz | | | FFS |
| | 57 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | FFS |

NOTE 1: Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.18.2-3 to Table B.18.2-11 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.18.2.12 to Table B.18.2.16 for PC1 UEs.

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

Table B.18-1b: MU threshold for TRP measurement for additional spurious emission

| Power Class | Frequency | In-band BW | In-band Power (NOTE2) | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|-------------|--|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| PC3 | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz NS 202 | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | [5.14] |
| | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz NS 202 | | | [5.70] |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | [6.00] |

| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= | | | [8.01] |
|-----|------------------|--------------|----------------|--------|
| | 66 GHz | | | |
| | 66 GHz <= f <= | | | FFS |
| | 80 GHz | | | |
| PC1 | 6 GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | FFS |
| | <=12.75 GHz | | Power | |
| | 12.75 GHz <= f | | | FFS |
| | <= 23.45 GHz | | | |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f | | | FFS |
| | <= 40.8 GHz | | | |
| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= | | | FFS |
| | 66 GHz | | | |
| | 66 GHz <= f <= | | | FFS |
| | 80 GHz | | | |

NOTE 1: Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.18.2-3 to Table B.18.2-11 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.18.2.12 to Table B.18.2.16 for PC1 UEs.

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

Table B.18-2 provides valid coarse TRP measurement grids and corresponding offset dB value that may be used for UE general spurious emission test case. The offset value is derived as 95%-tile TRP measurement uncertainty including the effect from uncertainty due to Coarse TRP measurement grid, excluding influence of noise.

Table B.18-2: Coarse TRP measurement grids and offset values for UE Tx spurious emission

| Power Class | Coarse TRP measurement grid | Frequency | Min Number of measurement points on the grid | Influence of coarse TRP measurement grid (dB) | Systematic error due to coarse TRP calculation/quadrature (dB) | Offset value (dB) |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| PC3 | Constant density grid | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | 35 | 0.94 | 0.09 | 5.13 |
| | (charged | 12.75 GHz <= f | | | | 5.09 |
| | particle based) | <= 23.45 GHz | | | | 5.00 |
| | | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | | 5.38 |
| | | 40.8 GHz <= f | | | | 7.31 |
| | | <= 66 GHz | | | | |
| | | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | | | | TBD |
| | Constant step | 6 GHz <= f | 62 | 0.97 | 0.2 | 5.26 |
| | size grid | <=12.75 GHz | | | | |
| | | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | | 5.23 |
| | | 23.45 GHz <= f | | | | 5.52 |
| | | <= 40.8 GHz | | | | |
| | | 40.8 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | | 7.43 |
| | | 66 GHz <= f <= | | | | TBD |
| | | 80 GHz | | | | |
| PC1 | Constant density grid | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | FFS | FFS | FFS | FFS |
| | (charged | 12.75 GHz <= f | | | | FFS |
| | particle based) | <= 23.45 GHz | | | | |
| | | 23.45 GHz <= f | | | | FFS |
| | | <= 40.8 GHz 40.8 GHz <= f | | | | FFS |
| | | <= 66 GHz | | | | |
| | | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | | | | FFS |
| | Constant step | 6 GHz <= f | FFS | FFS | FFS | FFS |
| | size grid | <=12.75 GHz | | - | | |
| | | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | | FFS |
| | | 23.45 GHz <= f | | | | FFS |
| | | <= 40.8 GHz | | | | |
| | | 40.8 GHz <= f | | | | FFS |
| | | <= 66 GHz 66 GHz <= f <= | | | | FFS |
| | | 80 GHz | | | | - |

NOTE 1: Based on Total EIRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.18.2-3 to Table B.18.2-11 for PC3 UEs and in Table B.18.2.12 to Table B.18.2.16 for PC1 UEs, replacing "Influence of TRP measurement grid" and "Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature" by the values for coarse TRP grid, and excluding "Influence of noise".

NOTE 2: Max output power level for device with corresponding power class.

B.18.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.18.1-1.

Table B.18.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{6 \text{ GHz to } 80 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.18.1-2 to B.18.1-xx

Table B.18.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] |
|---------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 5) | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 6) | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | | | |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the | | | | |
| 23 | measurement antenna Phase centre offset of calibration | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration | | | | |
| 25 | process (NOTE 2) Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | 1 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confide | nce interval of | 95 %) [dB] | I | 1 |
| | Systematic unce | | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcular | | | | |
| <u></u> 29 | Influence of noise | | ` / | | |
| - | 1 | easurement u | ncertainty | | |
| | TRP total measure | | | | |
| NOTE | 1: The impact of phase variation on | | , i d | | • |

- NOTE 2: The quality of quiet zone is different for EIRP and TRP. For TRP, the standard uncertainty is FFS; for EIRP, the standard uncertainty of quiet zone is FFS.
- NOTE 3: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 4: The assessment assumes maximum DUT output power.
- NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 6: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 7: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 8: Void

B.18.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.18.2-1.

Table B.18.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | B.2.2.31 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 18 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.2.16 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.2.20 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | • |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 |
| 30 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet zone size ≤ 30 cm, f = {6 GHz to 80 GHz}, P = Maximum output power.
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided from Table B.18.2-2 to Table B.18.2-11 for PC3 UEs and from Table B.18.2.12 to Table B.18.2.16 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.18.2-2: Void

Table B.18.2-3: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=6 GHz to 12.75GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.70 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.70 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.50 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.50 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.90 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.45 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.70 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.70 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertain | ty (6 GHz < f < | = 12.75 GHz) [dB] (a) | l | 4.73 |
| | Systematic u | uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | 0.0 | | | |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | 0.41 | | |
|----|---|--------|--|--|
| | (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | |
| 31 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | [0.41] | | |
| | NS_202 (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | |
| 32 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | | | |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | 5.14 | | |
| | NS_202 (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | [5.14] | | |
| | NS_202 (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.
- NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

 NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-4: Void

Table B.18.2-5: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=12.75 GHz to 23.45 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.50 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.50 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.90 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.45 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty | (12.75 GHz < | f <= 23.45 GHz) [dB] (| (a) | 4.70 |
| | Systematic t | uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/c | juadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.0 |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | 0.41 | | |
|----|---|-------|--|--|
| | (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | |
| 31 | 1 Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | | | |
| | NS_202 (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | |
| 32 | 2 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value | | |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | 5.11 | | |
| | (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | | | |
| | NS_202 (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.
- NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

 NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-6: Void

Table B.18.2-7: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45 GHz to 40.8 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Staç | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.40 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.40 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.37 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.0071 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.75 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.6 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.3 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| _ | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) | | | | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) [dB] (a) Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/o | juadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.0 |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | 0.41 |
|-------|--|--------|
| | (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| 31 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c2) | 1.0 |
| | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) | |
| 32 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c ₃) | 1.0 |
| | (36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz) | |
| 33 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₄) | [1.0] |
| | NS_201 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| 34 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₅) | [1.0] |
| | NS_202 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| 35 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₆) | [1.0] |
| | NS_202 (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| 36 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | 5.41 |
| | (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| Spuri | ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | 6.00 |
| | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) | |
| Spuri | ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c3) [dB] | 6.00 |
| | (36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz) | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c4) [dB] | [6.00] |
| | NS_201 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₅) [dB] | [6.00] |
| | NS_202 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₆) [dB] | [6.00] |
| | NS_202 (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.

NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-8: Void

Table B.18.2-9: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 40.8 GHz to 66 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.0 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.0 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 2.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 2.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 4.0 | Normal | 2.00 | 2.00 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.7 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 1.70 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.28 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.14 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) [dB] (a) Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/c | uadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.00 |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | 0.41 | |
|-----|---|---------------|--|
| | (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | | |
| 31 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c2) | 1.0 | |
| | (57 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz) | | |
| 32 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₃) | [1.0] | |
| | NS_202 (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | | |
| 33 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | Value 7.42 | |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| Spu | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | | |
| Spu | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | 7.42 | |
| Spu | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] $ (40.8 \text{ GHz} < f <= 66 \text{ GHz}) $ rious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₂) [dB] | 7.42 | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.

NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 6: Void

Table B.18.2-10: Void

Table B.18.2-11: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 66 GHz to 80 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FSS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 1.70 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.28 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.14 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertain | nty (66 GHz < | f <= 80 GHz) [dB] (a) | | TBD |
| | Systematic u | uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | 0.00 | | | |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | 0.41 | | |
|----|---|------|--|--|
| | (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | |
| 31 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | | | |
| | NS_202 (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | |
| 32 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | | | |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c1) [dB] | TBD | | |
| | (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | | | |
| | | | | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-12: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=6 GHz to 12.75GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | 1 |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| | and measurement antenna | | · | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| | measurement equipment | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | <u>-</u> | | measurement | | , |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| TRP Expanded uncertainty (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) [dB] (a) | | | | | FFS |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRI | P calculation/c | juadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | FFS |

| General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | FFS | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | | |
| Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | FFS | | | |
| NS_202 (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | | |
| Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | | | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | |
| General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | | | | |
| (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | | |
| Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | | | | |
| NS_202 (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) | | | | |
| | $(6~\text{GHz} < f <= 12.75~\text{GHz})$ Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) $NS_202~(6~\text{GHz} < f <= 12.75~\text{GHz})$ Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) $\textbf{Total measurement uncertainty}$ General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] $(6~\text{GHz} < f <= 12.75~\text{GHz})$ Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₂) [dB] | | | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-13: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=12.75 GHz to 23.45 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | | |
|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS | | |
| Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS | | |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS | | |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS | | |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS | | |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) | | | | | | |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) [dB] (a) | | | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | | | | |

| General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | FFS | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | | |
| Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | FFS | | | |
| NS_202 (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | | |
| Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | | | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | |
| General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS | | | |
| (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) | | | | |
| Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | | | | |
| Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₂) [dB] | FFS | | | |
| | (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) NS_202 (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) Total measurement uncertainty General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | | | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements. This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-14: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45 GHz to 40.8 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty | (23.45 GHz < | f <= 40.8 GHz) [dB] (| a) | FFS |
| | Systematic t | ıncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | FFS | | | |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | FFS |
|------|--|------------|
| | (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| 31 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c ₂) | FFS |
| | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) | |
| 32 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c ₃) | FFS |
| | (36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz) | |
| 33 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₄) | FFS |
| | NS_201 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| 34 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₅) | FFS |
| | NS_202 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | |
| 35 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₆) | FFS |
| | NS_202 (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| 36 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | FFS |
| | (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) | |
| Spur | ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | |
| | lous emission band of co-existence rotal measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [db] | FFS |
| | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) | FFS |
| Spur | | FFS FFS |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) | |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] | |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] $ (36 \text{ GHz} <= f <= 37 \text{ GHz}) $ | FFS |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] $ (36 \text{ GHz} <= \text{f} <= 37 \text{ GHz}) $ Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₄) [dB] | FFS |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] $ (36 \text{ GHz} <= f <= 37 \text{ GHz}) $ Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₄) [dB] $ NS_201 (23.6 \text{ GHz} < f <= 24.0 \text{ GHz}) $ | FFS FFS |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] (36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz) Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₄) [dB] NS_201 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₅) [dB] | FFS FFS |
| Spur | (f within NR Bands n257, n260 or n261) ious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] (36 GHz <= f <= 37 GHz) Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₄) [dB] NS_201 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₅) [dB] NS_202 (23.6 GHz < f <= 24.0 GHz) | FFS FFS |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.

NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.18.2-15: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 40.8 GHz to 66 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | 1 |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| | and measurement antenna | | · | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| | measurement equipment | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | | | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertaint | y (40.8 GHz < | < f <= 66 GHz) [dB] (a |) | FFS |
| | Systematic t | ıncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRI | FFS | | | |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | FFS |
|-----|--|-------|
| | (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | |
| 31 | Spurious emission band UE co-existence Influence of noise (c ₂) | FFS |
| | (57 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz) | |
| 32 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₃) | FFS |
| | NS_202 (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | |
| 33 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | FFS |
| | (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | |
| Spu | rious emission band UE co-existence Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | FFS |
| | (57 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz) | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₃) [dB] | FFS |
| | NS_202 (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) | |
| | | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 6: Void

Table B.18.2-16: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 66 GHz to 80 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | Value | | | |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) [dB] (a) | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | FFS | | | |

| 30 | General spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₁) | | | | | |
|----|---|-------|--|--|--|--|
| | (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | | | |
| 31 | Additional spurious emissions Influence of noise (c ₂) | FFS | | | | |
| | NS_202 (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | | | |
| 32 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A | | | | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value | | | | |
| | General spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c ₁) [dB] | FFS | | | | |
| | (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | | | |
| | Additional spurious emissions Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c2) [dB] | FFS | | | | |
| | NS_202 (66 GHz < f <= 80 GHz) | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements.

B.18.3 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for NFTF

FFS

B.19 Reference Sensitivity

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for EIS measurements for Reference Sensitivity. The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.19-1: MU threshold for EIS for Reference Sensitivity

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | 5.19 |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | 5.19 |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | FFS |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | FFS |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |

NOTE 1: Total Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.19.2-2 for PC3 UEs and Table B.19.2-4 for PC1 UEs

NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.19-2: MU threshold for Spherical coverage measurement for Reference Sensitivity

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | 4.90 |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | 4.90 |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | FFS |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | FFS |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |
| NOTE 1: Total E: | xpanded MU for IFF | for Quiet Zone size s | ≤ 30cm in Table B.19 | 0.2-2 for PC3 UEs |
| and Tal | ole B.19.2-3 for PC1 | UEs | | |

B.19.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

FFS

B.19.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.19.2-1.

Table B.19.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for EIS measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | gNB emulator uncertainty | B.2.2.17 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| 15 | Influence of spherical coverage grid | B.2.2.29 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 16 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.2.16 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement | B.2.2.20 |
| 25 | antenna | D 0 0 04 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.2.28 |
| 28 | Systematic error related to EIS spherical coverage | B.2.2.30 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, [P = maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for EIS is provided in Table B.19.2-2 for PC3 UEs and Table B.19.2-3 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.19.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for EIS measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 7) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | gNB uncertainty on absolute level | 2.9 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.45 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 6) | 0.15 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.15 |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 (NOTE 4) 0.08 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 (NOTE 4) 0.05 |
| 15 | Influence of spherical coverage grid (NOTE 4) | 0.12 | Actual | 1 | 0.12 |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | <u> </u> | |
| 16 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 7) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | | ncertainties (| | | Value |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam pea | | • | | 0.5 |
| 28 | Systematic error related to EIS sphe | , | • | | DL power step size, 0.2 |
| | Total measure | ment uncertai | nty | | Value |
| | EIS Expanded uncertainty (1.96c | o - confidence i | interval of 95 %) [dE | 3] | 5.19 |
| EIS S | Spherical coverage Expanded uncerta | inty (1.96σ - co | onfidence interval of | 95 %) [dB] | 4.90 |

- NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.
- NOTE 2: Void.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for spherical EIS measurements.
- NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for EIS measurements.
- NOTE 6: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.
- NOTE 7: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

Table B.19.2-3: Uncertainty assessment for EIS measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 7) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| | and measurement antenna | | | | |
| 6 | gNB uncertainty on absolute level | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 6) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 14 | | FFS (NOTE | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS (NOTE |
| | DUT repositioning | 4) | | | 4) |
| | | FFS | | | FFS |
| 15 | Influence of spherical coverage grid (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | | Calibration m | | | T- |
| 16 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 17 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 18 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 22 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 23 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 7) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 24 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 25 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | | ncertainties (| | - | Value |
| 27 | Systematic error related to beam per | | | | FFS |
| 28 | Systematic error related to EIS sphe | | | | DL power step size, 0.2 |
| | Total measure | ment uncertai | nty | | Value |
| | EIS Expanded uncertainty (1.96c | | • | 3] | FFS |
| EIS S | Spherical coverage Expanded uncerta | | | | FFS |
| NOTE | 1. The analysis was done only for t | L | | | |

NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating at max output power, in-band, non-CA.

- NOTE 4: This contributor shall only be considered for spherical EIS measurements.
- NOTE 5: This contributor shall only be considered for EIS measurements.
- NOTE 6: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.
- NOTE 7: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 2: Void.

NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

B.20

B.21 Adjacent Channel Selectivity

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for Adjacent Channel Selectivity measurement. The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.19-1: MU threshold for Adjacent Channel Selectivity

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | TBD |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | TBD |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output Power | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |
| NOTE 1: Total E: | xpanded MU for IFF | for Quiet Zone size | ≤ 30cm in Table B.21 | .2-2 for PC3 UEs |

B.21.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

FFS

B.21.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.21.2-1.

Table B.21.2-1: Total Uncertainty contributions for Adjacent Channel Selectivity measurement

FFS

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, [P = maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for ACS is provided in Table B.21.2-2 for PC3 UEs.

Table B.21.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for Adjacent Channel Selectivity measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

FFS

B.22 In-Band Blocking

Following tables summarize the MU threshold for In-band Blocking measurement. The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.19-1: MU threshold for In-band Blocking

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | TBD |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | TBD |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | P = Max Output | FFS |
| | <= 32.125GHz | | Power | |
| | 32.125GHz < f | | | FFS |
| | <= 40.8GHz | | | |
| NOTE 1: Total E | xpanded MU for IFF | for Quiet Zone size | ≤ 30cm in Table B.22 | 2.2-2 for PC3 UEs |

B.22.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

FFS

B.22.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.22.2-1.

Table B.22.2-1: Total Uncertainty contributions for In-band Blocking measurement

FFS

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}, [P = maximum output power].
- The uncertainty assessment for IBB is provided in Table B.22.2-2 for PC3 UEs.

Table B.22.2-2: Uncertainty assessment for In-band Blocking measurement (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

FFS

B.23

B.24

B.25 Receiver spurious emissions

Editor's Note:

- MU value analysis and offset value analysis for PC1, 2 and 4 are not complete.
- MU value analysis for various test setups in subsection B.18.x is not complete for above 66GHz for PC3
- Offset value analysis is not complete as it is derived from MU value analysis for above 66GHz for PC3

Test procedure of general spurious emission comprises 2 stages: coarse TRP measurement and fine TRP measurement BW. Coarse TRP measurement is introduced to reduce the measurement time by applying sparser grids and/or wider

measurement BW than fine TRP measurement while having offset dB more stringent test requirement in order not to cause additional misjudgement risk. For the frequency ranges for which coarse TRP measurement does not PASS, the measurement is continued with fine TRP measurement procedure.

Table B.25-1 summarizes the MU threshold for fine TRP measurements for General spurious emissions. The origin MU values for fine TRP measurement for different test setups can be found in following subclauses.

Table B.25-1: MU threshold for TRP measurement for spurious emission

| Frequency | In-band BW | In-band Power | Threshold MU value [dB] (NOTE1) |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 6 GHz <= f | BW <= 400MHz | N/A | 5.50 |
| <=12.75 GHz | | | |
| 12.75 GHz <= f | | | 5.46 |
| <= 23.45 GHz | | | |
| 23.45 GHz <= f | | | 6.11 |
| <= 40.8 GHz | | | |
| 40.8 GHz <= f <= | | | 7.65 |
| 66 GHz | | | |
| 66 GHz <= f <= | | | TBD |
| 80 GHz | | | |
| NOTE 1: Total TR | RP Expanded MU for | IFF for Quiet Zone | size ≤ 30cm in |

Table B.25.2-3 to Table B.25.2-11.

Table B.25-1B: MU threshold for TRP measurement for General spurious emissions

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Aperture size | MU value |
|-------------|-----------|--------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| PC3 | TBD | BW <= 400MHz | P = Maximum Output Power | D <= 5cm | FFS |
| | | | · | 5cm < D <= 15cm | FFS |
| | | | | 15cm < D<= 30cm | FFS |
| PC1 | TBD | BW <= 400MHz | P = Maximum Output Power | D <= 5cm | FFS |
| | | | | 5cm < D <= 15cm | FFS |
| | | | | 15cm < D<= 30cm | FFS |

Table B.25-2 provides valid coarse TRP measurement grids and corresponding offset dB value that may be used for UE general spurious emission test case. The offset value is derived as 95%-tile TRP measurement uncertainty including the effect from uncertainty due to Coarse TRP measurement grid, excluding influence of noise.

Table B.25-2: Coarse TRP measurement grids and offset values for UE Rx spurious emission

| Coarse TRP measurement grid | Frequency | Min Number of measurement points on the grid | Influence of coarse TRP measurement grid (dB) | Systematic error due to coarse TRP calculation/quadrature (dB) | Offset value (dB) |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| Constant density grid (charged particle based) | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | 35 | 0.94 | 0.09 | 5.25 |
| , | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | | 5.21 |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | | 5.49 |
| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | | 7.31 |
| | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | | | | TBD |
| Constant step size grid | 6 GHz <= f <=12.75 GHz | 62 | 0.97 | 0.2 | 5.38 |
| - | 12.75 GHz <= f <= 23.45 GHz | | | | 5.34 |
| | 23.45 GHz <= f <= 40.8 GHz | | | | 5.62 |
| | 40.8 GHz <= f <= 66 GHz | | | | 7.43 |
| | 66 GHz <= f <= 80 GHz | | | | TBD |

NOTE 1: Based on Total TRP Expanded MU for IFF for Quiet Zone size ≤ 30cm in Table B.25.2-3 to Table B.25.2-11, replacing "Influence of TRP measurement grid" and "Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature" by the values for coarse TRP grid, and excluding "Influence of noise".

B.25.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.25.1-1.

Table B.25.1-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in annex |
|-----|---|------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.1.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.1.2 |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | B.2.1.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.1.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.1.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.1.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.1.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.1.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.1.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.1.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.1.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.1.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.1.26 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 17 | Mismatch | B.2.1.4 |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.1.8 |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.1.13 |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.1.14 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.1.15 |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.1.16 |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.1.18 |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.1.19 |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.1.20 |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.1.21 |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.1.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | • |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.1.24 |
| 29 | Influence of noise | B.2.1.27 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of D = [5 cm], $f = \{6 \text{ GHz to } 80 \text{ GHz}\}$, P = [Off power].
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided in Table B.25.1-2 to B.25.1-xx

Table B.25.1-2: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=TBD, D=TBD)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|------------------|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | • | . , , |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of quiet zone | | | | |
| <u>4</u> | Mismatch (NOTE 1) | | | | |
| 5 | Standing Wave Between the DUT | | | | |
| 6 | and measurement antenna Uncertainty of the RF power | | | | + |
| 5 | measurement equipment (NOTE 2) | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | | | |
| 3 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement | | | | |
| | antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 3) | | | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 4) | | | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | | | | |
| | | Calibration m | easurement | · | |
| 17 | Mismatch | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier uncertainties | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing | | | | |
| | misalignment between the reference antenna and the | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration | | | | |
| _0 | antenna | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference | | | | |
| | calibration antenna and | | | | |
| | measurement antenna | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | | | | |
| TRP E | xpanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confide | | | | |
| | Systematic unce | | | | Value |
| 28 | Systematic error due to TRP calcula | tion/quadrature | e (NOTE 3) | | |
| 29 | Influence of noise | | | | |
| | | easurement u | | | 1 |
| IOTE | TRP total measure | | | it nower in | hand non CA |
| | 1: The analysis was done only for t2: The assessment assumes maxing | | | ıı power, ın- | band, non-CA. |
| | : 2: The assessment assumes maxing: 3: This contributor shall only be contributor. | | | | |
| | 4: This contributor shall only be con | | | | |
| | 5: In order to obtain the total measure | | | | have to be |
| - · - | added to the expanded root sum 2 contributors. | | | | |
| OTE | 6: Void | | | | |

B.25.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table B.25.2-1.

Table B.25.2-1: Uncertainty contributions for TRP measurement

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution | Details in clause |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | B.2.2.5 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | B.2.2.6 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | B.2.2.10 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | B.2.2.12 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid | B.2.2.22 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid | B.2.2.23 |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | B.2.2.25 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | B.2.2.31 |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | |
| 18 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and | B.2.2.16 |
| 24 | the measurement antenna Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | B.2.2.20 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 |
| | Systematic uncertainties | · |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature | B.2.2.24 |
| 30 | Influence of noise | B.2.2.27 |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm, f = {6 GHz to 80 GHz}, P = Receiver Spurious Core Requirement Level + Relaxation(For n257, 10.2dB for 6GHz \leq f < 20GHz, 17.2 dB for 20GHz \leq f < 40GHz, 33.1dB for 40GHz \leq f \leq 2nd harmonic)
- The uncertainty assessment for TRP is provided from Table B.25.2-2 to Table B.25.2-11 for PC3 UEs and from Table B.25.2.12 to Table B.25.2.16 for PC1 UEs.

Table B.25.2-2: Void

Table B.25.2-3: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=6 GHz to 12.75 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | surement | | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.70 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.70 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.60 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.00 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.90 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.45 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.70 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.70 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertain | ty (6 GHz < f < | = 12.75 GHz) [dB] (a) | ı | 4.86 |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/q | uadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.0 |
| 30 | Influence of noise (6 GHz < f <= 12.75 GHz) (c) | | | | 0.64 |

| 31 | 31 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | | |
|----|--|-------|--|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value | |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | 5.50 | |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-4: void

Table B.25.2-5: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=12.75 GHz to 23.45 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.60 |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.16 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.08 |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.90 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.45 |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (| [12.75] GHz < | f <= 23.45 GHz) [dB] | (a) | 4.82 |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/q | uadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.0 |
| 30 | Influence of noise (12.75 GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) (c) | | | | 0.64 |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | 5.46 |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-6: Void

Table B.25.2-7: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45 GHz to 40.8 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.50 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.50 | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 2.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.37 | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.0071 | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.75 | | |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.6 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.3 | | |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 | | |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | | |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 | | |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | Value | | | | | |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) [dB] (a) | | | | 5.11 | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | Value | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | 0.0 | | | |
| 30 | Influence of noise (23.45 GHz < f <= 40.8 GHz) (c) | | | 1.0 | | | |

| 31 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | | N/A |
|--|--|-------|
| Total measurement uncertainty | | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | 6.11 |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-8: Void

Table B.25.2-9: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 40.8 GHz to 66 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | |
| 1 | Positi0.0oning misalignment | | Normal | 2.00 | 0.0 | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | 2.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 2.30 | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | 4.0 | Normal | 2.00 | 2.00 | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 | | |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A | | |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 | | |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 | | |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 1.7 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 | | |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 1.70 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 | | |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 | | |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | | |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.28 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.14 | | |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1.96σ - confidence interval of 95 %) | | | | Value | | |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) [dB] (a) | | | | 7.01 | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | Value | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | 0.0 | | | |
| 30 | Influence of noise (40.8 GHz < f <= 66 GHz) (c) | | | 0.64 | | | |

| 31 | 31 Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | |
|-------------------------------|--|-------|
| Total measurement uncertainty | | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | 7.65 |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-10: Void

Table B.25.2-11: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 66 GHz to 80 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC3 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.5 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.09 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.064 |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | 0.32 | Actual | 1 | 0.32 |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | 0.15 | Actual | 1 | 0.15 |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | 0.10 | Actual | 1 | 0.10 |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FSS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 1.70 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.85 |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.05 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.03 |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.60 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.60 |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.28 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.14 |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertain | nty (66 GHz < | f <= 80 GHz) [dB] (a) | | TBD |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/q | quadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | 0.0 |
| 30 | Influence of noise | 0.64 | | | |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | TBD |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-12: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=[6] GHz to [12.75] GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | ge 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty | FFS | | | |
| | Systematic (| Value | | | |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | | FFS |
| 30 | Influence of noise ([| FFS | | | |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-13: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=[12.75] GHz to 23.45 GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | ence interval of 95 % |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty (| [12.75] GHz < | f <= 23.45 GHz) [dB] | (a) | FFS |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TR | P calculation/c | uadrature (NOTE 1) (| b) | FFS |
| 30 | Influence of noise ([12.75] GHz < f <= 23.45 GHz) (c) | | | | FFS |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-14: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f=23.45 GHz to 40.8 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | ge 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertainty | (23.45 GHz < | f <= 40.8 GHz) [dB] (| a) | FFS |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | | FFS |
| 30 | Influence of noise (2 | FFS | | | |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-15: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 40.8 GHz to 66 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | • |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertaint | y (40.8 GHz < | < f <= 66 GHz) [dB] (a |) | FFS |
| | Systematic (| uncertainties | (NOTE 3) | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | | FFS |
| 30 | Influence of noise | FFS | | | |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Table B.25.2-16: Uncertainty assessment for TRP measurement (f= 66 GHz to 80 GHz, Quiet Zone size \leq 30 cm) for PC1 UEs

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Stag | je 2: DUT mea | asurement | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 4 | Mismatch | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 6 | Uncertainty of the RF power measurement equipment | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 7 | Phase curvature | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 13 | Influence of TRP measurement grid (NOTE 1) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 14 | Influence of beam peak search grid (NOTE 2) | N/A | Actual | 1 | N/A |
| 15 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 5) | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| 16 | DUT repositioning | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 17 | Misalignment of DUT due to change of DUT orientation | FFS | Actual | 1 | FFS |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration | measurement | | |
| 18 | Mismatch | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 19 | Amplifier Uncertainties | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 20 | Misalignment of positioning System | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 22 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 23 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 24 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| 25 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | FFS | Actual | 1.00 | FFS |
| 26 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | FFS | U-shaped | 1.41 | FFS |
| 27 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | FFS | Normal | 2.00 | FFS |
| 28 | Insertion Loss Variation | FFS | Rectangular | 1.73 | FFS |
| | Expanded uncertainty (1 | .96σ - confide | |) | Value |
| | TRP Expanded uncertain | nty (66 GHz < | f <= 80 GHz) [dB] (a) | | FFS |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 3) | | | | Value |
| 29 | Systematic error due to TRP calculation/quadrature (NOTE 1) (b) | | | | FFS |
| 30 | Influence of noise | FFS | | | |

| 31 | Systematic error related to beam peak search (NOTE 2) | N/A |
|----|---|-------|
| | Total measurement uncertainty | Value |
| | Total measurement uncertainty (a)+(b)+(c) [dB] | FFS |

- NOTE 1: This contributor shall only be considered for TRP measurements. NOTE 2: This contributor shall only be considered for EIRP measurements.
- NOTE 3: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.
- NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in clause D.2 of TR 38.810 for Quiet Zone size of less or equal to 30 cm.
- NOTE 5: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

Annex C: Acceptable uncertainty of test system for test cases defined in TS 38.521-3 for radiative testing

FFS

Annex D: Acceptable uncertainty of test system for test cases defined in TS 38.521-4 for radiative testing

Editor's note: The MU tables in D-1, D-2, and D-3 serve as sample, consolidated baseline tables for demodulation test cases and can be removed once the MU tables customized for each TS 38.521-4 test case have been finalized.

This annex contains suggested uncertainties for each test case in TS 38.521-4.

The baseline MU table for Mode 1 (conditions with external noise) is shown in Table D-1 for baseband-combining implementation and in Table D-2 for external-combining implementation.

Table D-1: Uncertainty Contributions for Mode 1 Demodulation Test Cases (Baseband-Combining Implementation)

| Measure distance uncertainty | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] |
|--|-------------|---|
| Positioning misalignment | | , , , = = |
| Measure distance uncertainty | | |
| Quality of Quiet Zone | N/A | |
| Mismatch | N/A | |
| Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | N/A | |
| and measurement antenna | N/A | |
| Section Signature Signa | N/A | |
| Phase curvature | 4.00 | 0.450 |
| Amplifier uncertainties | 1.96 N/A | 0.153 |
| Random uncertainty | N/A | |
| 10 | N/A | |
| Insertion Loss Variation | N/A | |
| 12 RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/itransmitter) | N/A | |
| antenna to the receiver/transmitter) Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty 14 DUT repositioning Stage 1: Calibration measurement 15 Mismatch Amplifier Uncertainties N/A Mismatch Mismatch N/A Mismatch N/ | N/A | |
| Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty N/A | IN/A | |
| Uncertainty Stage 1: Calibration measurement | N/A | |
| Stage 1: Calibration measurement | 1 N/ / T | |
| Stage 1: Calibration measurement 15 Mismatch N/A N | N/A | |
| Mismatch | | 1 |
| 16 | N/A | |
| 17 Misalignment of positioning System 18 Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer 19 Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna 20 Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna 21 Phase centre offset of calibration antenna 22 Quality of quiet zone for calibration process 23 Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna 24 Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable 25 Insertion Loss Variation Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty Other contributors affecting test result 27 gNB emulator fading model inpairments 28 AWGN flatness and signal flatness, max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BWConfig (Note 4) 29 0.3 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | N/A | |
| 18 Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer 19 Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna 20 Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna 21 Phase centre offset of calibration antenna 22 Quality of quiet zone for calibration process 23 Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna 24 Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable 25 Insertion Loss Variation Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty Other contributors affecting test result 27 gNB emulator fading model impairments 28 AWGN flatness and signal flatness, max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BWconfig (Note 4) 0.3 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | N/A | |
| Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna N/A N/A | N/A | |
| Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna 21 Phase centre offset of calibration antenna 22 Quality of quiet zone for calibration process 23 Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna 24 Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable 25 Insertion Loss Variation Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty Other contributors affecting test result 27 gNB emulator fading model impairments AWGN flatness and signal flatness, max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BWConfig (Note 4) 29 On the contributors affecting test result 0.5 for 1Tx 0.7 for 2Tx Note 3 1 0.3 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | N/A | |
| Phase centre offset of calibration antenna N/A N | N/A | |
| Quality of quiet zone for calibration process N/A | N/A | |
| Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | N/A | |
| Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty | N/A | |
| Total Signal-to-Noise ratio uncertainty Other contributors affecting test result 27 | N/A | |
| Other contributors affecting test result 27 | N/A | |
| 27 gNB emulator fading model 0.5 for 1Tx 0.7 for 2Tx 1 | | |
| 27 gNB emulator fading model 0.5 for 1Tx 0.7 for 2Tx 1 | | |
| impairments 28 AWGN flatness and signal flatness, max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BWconfig (Note 4) 29 0.7 for 2Tx Note 3 1 Note 3 1 0.3 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | | 0.055 to :: 47 |
| max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BW _{Config} (Note 4) 29 0.3 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | 1.96 | 0.255 for 1Tx 0.357 for 2Tx |
| 29 0.3 for Note 3 1 PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz | 1.96 | 1.837 |
| SNR uncertainty due to finite test time SNR uncertainty due to finite test | 1.96 | 0.153 for PDSCH and Doppler < 100 Hz 0.0 for PDSCH and Doppler ≥ 100 Hz 0.204 for PDCCH |

| 26 | Impact on non-ideal isolation between branches for the wireless cable mode | 0.45 (Note 1) 0.60 (Note 2) | | | | | |
|----|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Overall system uncertainty | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

- Note 1: applies to Rank 2 test cases for FR2a, FR2b, and FR2c
- Note 2: applies to Rank 1 test cases for FR2a, FR2b, and FR2c
- Note 3: Divisor of 1.96 is applied as the uncertainty value is based on 95% confidence level k=1.96.
- Note 4: AWGN flatness and signal flatness has x 0.25 effect on the required SNR. This sensitivity factor shall be considered in the calculation of the test case specific uncertainty.
- Note 5: Example calculation for fading conditions:

Overall system uncertainty for fading conditions comprises five quantities:

- 1. Total Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty
- 2. gNB emulator fading model impairments
- 3. Effect of AWGN flatness and signal flatness
- 4. SNR uncertainty due to finite test time
- 5. Impact on non-ideal isolation between branches for the wireless cable mode

Items 1, 2, 3 and 4 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared. Item 5 is systematic and is added:

AWGN flatness and signal flatness has $x \ 0.25$ effect on the required SNR, so use sensitivity factor of $x \ 0.25$ for the uncertainty contribution.

Overall system uncertainty = 1.96 x SQRT (Total Signal-to-noise ratio uncertainty ² + gNB emulator fading model impairments² + (0.25 x AWGN flatness and signal flatness) ² + SNR uncertainty due to finite test time²) + Impact on non-ideal isolation between branches for the wireless cable model

Table D-2: Uncertainty Contributions for Mode 1 Demodulation Test Cases (External-Combining Implementation)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (σ) [dB] |
|---------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| | Si | | ratio uncertainty | • | |
| | | Stage 2: DUT | measurement | 1 | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| <u>4</u> 5 | Mismatch Standing wave between the DUT | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| 5 | and measurement antenna | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | |
| 6 | gNB emulator SNR uncertainty | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| | | age 1: Calibrat | ion measurement | | |
| 15 | Mismatch | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | |
| 16 | Amplifier Uncertainties | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 17 | Misalignment of positioning System | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 18 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 20 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| 21 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| 22 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| 23 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | |
| 24 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 25 | Insertion Loss Variation | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | |
| | S | ystematic unc | | | Value |
| 26 | Impact on non-ideal isolation between | | | | 0.45 (Note 1) 0.60 (Note 2) |
| | Total | l Signal-to-Noi | se ratio uncertainty | | |
| | Othe | r contributors | affecting test result | | |
| 27 | gNB emulator fading model impairments | | [Normal] | [2.00] | |
| 28 | AWGN flatness and signal flatness, max deviation for any Resource Block, relative to average over BW _{Config} (Note 3) | | [Actual] | 1.00 | |
| 29 | Result variation due to finite test time | | [Actual] | [1.00] | |
| Note 1 | : applies to Rank 2 test cases for FR2 | l R2h and F | R2c | | |

Note 1: applies to Rank 2 test cases for FR2a, FR2b, and FR2c

Note 2: applies to Rank 1 test cases for FR2a, FR2b, and FR2c

Note 3: AWGN flatness and signal flatness has x 0.25 effect on the required SNR. This sensitivity factor shall be considered in the calculation of the test case specific uncertainty.

The baseline MU table for Mode 2 (noise free conditions) is shown in Table D-3.

Table D-3: Uncertainty Contributions for Mode 2 Demodulation Test Cases

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] | | | |
|-----|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | ge 2: DUT meas | surement | • | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | | | | |
| 6 | gNB uncertainty on absolute level | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| | Stage 1 | : Calibration m | neasurement | | | | | |
| 15 | Mismatch | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | | | | |
| 16 | Amplifier Uncertainties | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of positioning System | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 18 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | | [Normal] | [2.00] | | | | |
| 20 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| 21 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| 22 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| 23 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | | [U-shaped] | [1.41] | | | | |
| 24 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | [2.00] | | | | | | |
| 25 | Insertion Loss Variation | | [Rectangular] | [1.73] | | | | |
| | | stematic uncer | | | Value | | | |
| 26 | Systematic error related to beam | | | | | | | |
| 27 | Impact on non-ideal isolation between branches for the wireless cable mode 0.45 (Note 1) 0.60 (Note 2) | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1 | ting test result | | Т | | | |
| 28 | Result variation due to finite test time | | [Actual] | [1.00] | | | | |
| | lies to Rank 2 test cases for FR2a, F lies to Rank 1 test cases for FR2a, F | | | | | | | |

D.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle

D.1.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for DNF

The uncertainty tables cover the actual measurement using the DUT receiver. If applicable, any uncertainty arising from a calibration or alignment process before the measurements should also be included.

The MU budget should comprise of a minimum 5 headings:

- 1) The uncertainty source,
- 2) Uncertainty value,
- 3) Distribution of the probability,
- 4) Divisor based on distribution shape,
- 5) Calculated standard uncertainty (based on uncertainty value and divisor).

D.1.2 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for DFF

The same as defined in D.1.1.

D.1.3 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for IFF

The same as defined in D.1.1.

D.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions

D.2.1 Measurement error contribution descriptions for DNF

D.2.1.1 gNB emulator SNR uncertainty

This contribution originates from setting the ratio of signal and noise in the conducted part of the test system. It is estimated to be the same as for LTE conducted testing in TS 36.521-1 Annex F, which is ± 0.3 dB. The default for values in 36.521-1 Annex F is 95% confidence interval, normal distribution.

D.2.1.2 gNB emulator Downlink EVM

When simulations of demodulation performance are run, the downlink signal is modelled with a defined EVM, representing imperfections in the signal transmitted by the gNB. This EVM value is agreed across companies to align simulations, and is normally lower than the gNB EVM requirement, to represent "typical" conditions. The EVM used for simulations is therefore built in to the requirement points, normally specified as the SNR required to meet a specified throughput, with a defined modulation and Reference channel, under defined propagation conditions.

For a conformance test, the EVM defined for the simulations is taken as a maximum allowed value for the test system, as a worse gNB emulator EVM would make the signal harder to demodulate, and disadvantage the UE. In a test system the EVM cannot normally be set to a specific value, but is specified to be no higher than a defined value.

Following this approach, the uncertainty from gNB emulator Downlink EVM is a one-sided distribution, with beneficial effect. Without treating the positive and negative uncertainties separately, and as it would not make the SNR worse, the effective uncertainty is 0dB.

D.2.1.3 gNB emulator fading model impairments

This contribution originates from imperfections in the gNB emulator fading model, compared to the applied fading model. It is estimated to be the same as for LTE conducted testing in TS 36.521-1 Annex F, which is ± 0.5 dB. The default for values in 36.521-1 Annex F is 95% confidence interval, normal distribution.

D.2.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions for DFF

D.2.2.1 gNB emulator SNR uncertainty

See D.2.1.1.

D.2.2.2 gNB emulator Downlink EVM

See D.2.1.2.

D.2.2.3 gNB emulator fading model impairments

See D.2.1.3.

D.2.3 Measurement error contribution descriptions for IFF

The Measurement uncertainty contributions and uncertainty assessment are expected to be the same as for the Direct near field (DNF) setup in D.2.1.

D.2.3.1 gNB emulator SNR uncertainty

See D.2.1.1.

D.2.3.2 gNB emulator Downlink EVM

See D.2.1.2.

D.2.3.3 gNB emulator fading model impairments

See D.2.1.3.

Annex E: Acceptable uncertainty of test system for test cases defined in TS 38.533 for radiative testing

This annex contains suggested uncertainties for each test case or MU quantity in TS 38.533 [10].

E.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle

E.1.1 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for DFF

The uncertainty tables cover the actual measurement using the DUT. In some cases, uncertainty may also arise from a calibration or alignment process before the measurements.

When a calibration process is used before the measurements, the uncertainty tables should be presented with two stages:

- Stage 1: the calibration of the absolute level of the DUT measurement results is performed by means of using a calibration antenna whose absolute gain is known at the frequencies of measurement
- Stage 2: the actual measurement with the DUT as either the transmitter or receiver is performed.

The MU budget should comprise of a minimum 5 headings:

- 1) The uncertainty source,
- 2) Uncertainty value,
- 3) Distribution of the probability,
- 4) Divisor based on distribution shape,
- 5) Calculated standard uncertainty (based on uncertainty value and divisor).

E.1.2 Uncertainty budget calculation principle for IFF

The same as defined in E.1.1.

E.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions

E.2.1 Measurement error contribution descriptions for DFF

All the measurement error contributions defined in Section B.2.1, with the following additions.

E.2.1.1 gNB emulator SNR uncertainty

See D.2.1.1.

E.2.1.2 gNB emulator Downlink EVM

See D.2.1.2.

E.2.1.3 gNB emulator fading model impairments

See D.2.1.3.

E.2.2 Measurement error contribution descriptions for IFF

All the measurement error contributions defined in Section B.2.2, with the following additions.

E.2.2.1 gNB emulator SNR uncertainty

See D.2.1.1.

E.2.2.2 gNB emulator Downlink EVM

See D.2.1.2.

E.2.2.3 gNB emulator fading model impairments

See D.2.1.3.

E.3 Uncertainty assessment for RRM MU quantities.

RRM measurement uncertainty analysis shall define the values for the following MU quantities:

- DL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power
- DL applied SNR
- DL Fading profile uncertainty
- DL AWGN and signal flatness
- UL absolute power measurement
- UL relative power measurement
- UL signal transmit timing relative to DL
- Relative transmit timing accuracy during UE timing adjustment

E.3.1 Uncertainty assessment for DL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power

Table E.3.1-1 summarizes the MU threshold for DL AWGN absolute power for RRM FR2 test cases. The origin MU values for different test setups with varies parameters can be found in following subclauses.

Table E.3.1-1: MU threshold for DL AWGN absolute power for RRM FR2

| Power Class | Frequency | MBW | Power | Threshold MU value (NOTE 1) |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| PC3 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | As configured in the test case | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |
| PC1 | 23.45GHz <= f <= 32.125GHz | BW <= 400MHz | As configured in the test case | FFS |
| | 32.125GHz < f <= 40.8GHz | | | FFS |
| NOTE 1: Total Ex | coanded MU for IFF | for Quiet Zone size s | 30cm in Table E.3. | 1.3-2 for PC3 UEs |

The types of test setup are defined in clause 7.1.3.2 of TS 38.508-1 [18]

and Table FFS for PC1 UEs

E.3.1.1 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for DFF test setup [FFS]

E.3.1.2 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for Simplified DFF test setup

[FFS]

E.3.1.3 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF test setup

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table E.3.1.3-1.

Table E.3.1.3-1: Uncertainty contributions for DL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution Details in annex | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | B.2.2.1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | B.2.2.2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone | B.2.2.3 | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | gNB emulator uncertainty B.2.2 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | B.2.2.7 | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | B.2.2.8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | B.2.2.9 | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD B.2.2.10 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | B.2.2.11 | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) B.2.2.12 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty B.2.2.25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | B.2.2.26 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Mismatch | B.2.2.4 | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Amplifier Uncertainties | B.2.2.8 | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of positioning System | B.2.2.13 | | | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | B.2.2.14 | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | B.2.2.15 | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | B.2.2.16 | | | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | B.2.2.18 | | | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process | B.2.2.19 | | | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement | B.2.2.20 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.4 | antenna | B.2.2.21 | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | B.2.2.21 B.2.2.11 | | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Insertion Loss Variation | D.Z.Z. 11 | | | | | | | | | |
| 26 | Systematic uncertainties Systematic error related to beam peak search | B.2.2.28 | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 | Oystematic entri related to beam peak search | D.Z.Z.Z0 | | | | | | | | | |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}.
- The uncertainty assessment is applicable for 1AoA test cases- The uncertainty assessment is provided in Table E.3.1.3-2.

Table E.3.1.3-2: Uncertainty assessment for DL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] | | |
|------|---|---------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | 0.6 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.6 | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | 1.30 | Actual | 1.00 | 1.30 | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 6 | gNB uncertainty on absolute level | 2.9 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.45 | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | 0.01 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna uncertainty (NOTE 3) | 1.00 | 0.15 | | | | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | 0.08 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.05 | | |
| | | Calibration m | | | | | |
| 15 | Mismatch | smatch 0.00 U-shaped 1.41 | | | | | |
| 16 | Amplifier Uncertainties | | | | | | |
| 17 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | |
| 18 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 | | |
| 19 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 | | |
| 20 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 21 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| 22 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | 0.4 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.4 | | |
| 23 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | |
| 24 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 | | |
| 25 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 2) | | | | | | |
| 26 | Systematic error related to beam pea | • | - | | 0.5 | | |
| | Total measure | | nty | | Value | | |
| DL A | WGN absolute power expanded unce | | | al of 95 %) | 5.19 | | |

NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in Annex D.2 of TR 38.810 [13] for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: The values in this table have been derived for DL powers above and equal to REFSENS.

The values might need to be revisited for power levels below REFSENS

NOTE 2: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

E.3.1.4 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for Enhanced IFF test setup

The uncertainty contributions that may impact the overall MU value are listed in Table E.3.1.4-1.

Table E.3.1.4-1: Uncertainty contributions for DL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power

| UID | Description of uncertainty contribution Details in an | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage 2: DUT measurement | | | | | | |
| 1 to 14 | ISAA 1-1/LOT LANIA E 3 1 3-1 | | | | | | |
| | Stage 1: Calibration measurement | | | | | | |
| 15 to 25 | 15 to 25 See 15-25 of Table E.3.1.3-1 | | | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties | | | | | | |
| 26 | See 26 of Table E.3.1.3-1 | N/A | | | | | |

The uncertainty assessment tables are organized as follows:

- For the purpose of uncertainty assessment, the radiating antenna aperture of the DUT is denoted as D
- The uncertainty assessment has been derived for the case of Quiet Zone size \leq [30 cm], f = {23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz}.
- The uncertainty assessment is applicable for 1AoA and 2AoA test cases
- The uncertainty assessment is provided in Table E.3.1.4-2.

Table E.3.1.4-2: Uncertainty assessment for fDL AWGN absolute power or wanted DL signal absolute power (f=23.45GHz, 32.125GHz, 40.8GHz, Quiet Zone size ≤ 30 cm)

| UID | Uncertainty source | Uncertainty value | Distribution of the probability | Divisor | Standard uncertainty (o) [dB] | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Stage | 2: DUT meas | urement | · L | | | | | |
| 1 | Positioning misalignment | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 2 | Measure distance uncertainty | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 3 | Quality of Quiet Zone (NOTE 4) | TBD | Actual | 1.00 | TBD | | | | |
| 4 | Mismatch | [1.30] | Actual | 1.00 | [1.30] | | | | |
| 5 | Standing wave between the DUT and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 6 | gNB uncertainty on absolute level | 2.9 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.45 | | | | |
| 7 | Phase curvature | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 8 | Amplifier uncertainties | 2.1 | Normal | 2.00 | 1.05 | | | | |
| 9 | Random uncertainty | 0.50 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.25 | | | | |
| 10 | Influence of the XPD | TBD | U-shaped | 1.41 | TBD | | | | |
| 11 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 12 | RF leakage (from measurement antenna to the receiver/transmitter) | 0.00 | Actual | 1.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 13 | Multiple measurement antenna 0.15 Actual 1.00 uncertainty (NOTE 3) | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | DUT repositioning | 0.08 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.05 | | | | |
| | | Calibration m | | • | • | | | | |
| 17 | Mismatch | tch 0.00 U-shaped 1.41 | | | | | | | |
| 18 | Amplifier Uncertainties | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Misalignment of positioning System | 0.00 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 20 | Uncertainty of the Network Analyzer | 0.73 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.37 | | | | |
| 21 | Uncertainty of the absolute gain of the calibration antenna | 0.60 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.30 | | | | |
| 22 | Positioning and pointing misalignment between the reference antenna and the measurement antenna | 0.01 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 23 | Phase centre offset of calibration antenna | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 24 | Quality of quiet zone for calibration process (NOTE 4) | TBD | Actual | 1.00 | TBD | | | | |
| 25 | Standing wave between reference calibration antenna and measurement antenna | 0.00 | U-shaped | 1.41 | 0.00 | | | | |
| 26 | Influence of the calibration antenna feed cable | 0.14 | Normal | 2.00 | 0.07 | | | | |
| 27 | Insertion Loss Variation | 0.00 | Rectangular | 1.73 | 0.00 | | | | |
| | Systematic uncertainties (NOTE 2) | | | | | | | | |
| 28 Systematic error related to beam peak search | | | | | | | | | |
| Total measurement uncertainty | | | | | | | | | |
| DL A | WGN absolute power expanded unce | | | al of 95 %) | TBD | | | | |

NOTE 1: The analysis was done only for the case of operating in-band, non-CA.

NOTE 3: Applies to the system which has a structure of mechanical feed antenna positioning.

NOTE 4: Value based on procedure defined in Annex M of TR 38.521-2 [7] for Quiet Zone size less or equal to 30 cm.

NOTE 5: The values in this table have been derived for DL powers above and equal to REFSENS.

The values might need to be revisited for power levels below REFSENS

NOTE 2: In order to obtain the total measurement uncertainty, systematic uncertainties have to be added to the expanded root sum square of the standard deviations of the Stage 1 and Stage 2 contributors.

E.3.1.5 Uncertainty budget format and assessment for IFF+DFF Hybrid test setup

[FFS]

- E.3.2 Uncertainty assessment for DL applied SNR
- E.3.3 Uncertainty assessment for DL Fading profile uncertainty
- E.3.4 Uncertainty assessment for DL AWGN and signal flatness
- E.3.5 Uncertainty assessment for UL absolute power measurement
- E.3.6 Uncertainty assessment for UL relative power measurement
- E.3.7 Uncertainty assessment for UL signal transmit timing relative to DL
- E.3.8 Uncertainty assessment for Relative transmit timing accuracy during UE timing adjustment

Annex F: Change history

| _ | 1 | | | - | | Change history | 1 |
|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|------------|--------|---|------------------|
| Date | Meeting | TDoc | CR | R ev | Cat | Subject/Comment | New version |
| 2017-09 | RAN5 #76 | R5-174706 | | | | Initial skeleton | 0.0.1 |
| 2018-04 | RAN5 #2- 5G-NR- Adhoc | R5-182093 | | | | Implementation of pCRs to TS 38.903 V0.0.1 | 0.1.0 |
| 2018-05 | | R5-182670 | | | | Editorial update of TR 38.903. | 0.2.0 |
| 2018-09 | | R5-185213 | | | | Making Measurement Uncertainty Terms Common between | 1.0.0 |
| | | | | | | methods in TR 38.90 | |
| 2018-09 | | R5-185214 | | | | TP on Measurement Uncertainty Contributions in FR2 | 1.0.0 |
| 2018-09 | RAN5#80 | R5-185212 | | | | Adding MU values for EIRPTRP measurements with Near Field test range (NFTF) at mmWave | 1.0.0 |
| 2018-09 | RAN#81 | - | - | - | - | raised to v15.0.0 with editorial changes only | 15.0.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-187023 | 0010 | - | F | Editorial update of Annex B | 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-187024 | 0011 | - | F | Addition of MU contribution for demodulation test cases | 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-187025 | 0012 | - | F | Addition of MU contribution for RRM test cases | 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-187148 | 0013 | - | F | General clauses updated for TR38.903 | 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-187848 | 0008 | 1 | F F | FR2 Spurious Emission measurement grids and offset values | 15.1.0 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 2018-12 | RAN#82 RAN#82 | R5-188060 R5-188224 | 0009 | 1 | F | Update of MU budget and contributor description to TR 38.903 Update MU budget in TR 38.903 | |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-188225 | 0016 | 1 | F | Update of MU budget tables in TR 38.903 | 15.1.0 15.1.0 |
| 2018-12 | RAN#82 | R5-188226 | 0017 | 2 | F | Addition of descriptions on new MU contributions | 15.1.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192476 | 0030 | 1 | F | Addition of Test Tolerance analysis for FR1 PRACH Test cases | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192504 | 0038 | 1 | F | Addition of TT analysis for Transmit timing accuracy Tests | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192505 | 0031 | 1 | F | Addition common text for RRM | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192534 | 0039 | - | F | Addition of TT Analysis for Timing Advance Adjustment Accuracy 4.4.3.1 | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192671 | 0033 | 1 | F | Addition of TT analysis for event triggered test cases | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192679 | 0036 | 1 | F | Addition of TT analysis for event triggered test cases Addition of TT analysis for handover with known cell | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-03 | RAN#83 | R5-192845 | 0029 | 1 | F | CR to update TR 38.903 | 15.2.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-193799 | 0048 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for intra re-selection 6.1.1.1 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-193800 | 0049 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for inter re-selection 6.1.1.2 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-193801 | 0050 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interRAT higher priority re-selection 6.1.2.1 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-193802 | 0051 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interRAT lower priority re-selection 6.1.2.2 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-193803 | 0052 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interRAT known handover 6.3.1.4 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-194027 | 0057 | - | F | CR on spurious emission MU in FR2 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-194123 | 0058 | - | F | Definition of MU terminologies in TR 38.903 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-195014 | 0054 | 1 | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for EN-DC SCell activation 4.5.3.1-4.5.3.3 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-195015 | 0060 | 1 | F | Test Tolerance analysis for Inter-Freq measurement Test Cases | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-195159 | 0059 | 1 | F | CR to update TR 38.903 after RAN5#5-5GNR Adhoc | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | R5-195181 | 0055 | 1 | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for EN-DC measurement reporting 4.6.1.1-4.6.1.4 | 15.3.0 |
| 2019-06 | RAN#84 | - | - | - | - | Administrative release upgrade to match the release of 3GPP TS 38.521-1 which was upgraded at RAN#84 to Rel-16 due to Rel-16 relevant CR(s) | 16.0.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195583 | 0061 | - | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 4.5.3.1-4.5.3.3 Scell activation | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195584 | 0062 | 1- | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 6.1.1.1 FR1 cell re-selection | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195585 | 0063 | <u>l</u> - | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 6.1.1.2 FR1-FR1 cell re-selection | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195586 | 0064 | - | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 6.1.2.1 inter-RAT cell re-selection to higher priority | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195587 | 0065 | - | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 6.1.2.2 inter-RAT cell re-selection to lower priority | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195588 | 0066 | - | F | Update FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.1.4 inter-RAT handover to known cell | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195589 | 0067 | - | F | Addition FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.1.5 inter-RAT handover to unknown cell | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195590 | 0068 | - | F | Addition FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.2.1.1 intra-freq RRC re- establishment | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195591 | 0069 | - | F | Addition FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.2.1.2 inter-freq RRC re- establishment | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195592 | 0070 | <u> -</u> | F | Addition FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.2.3.1 NR RRC redirection | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-195593 | 0071 | - | F | Addition FR1 Test tolerance of 6.3.2.3.2 inter-RAT RRC redirection | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197362 | 0072 | 1 | F | FR1 Test Tolerance Analysis for SSB-based RLM IS Tests | 16.1.0 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197363 | 0073 | 1 | F | | |
| 2019-09 2019-09 | RAN#85 RAN#85 | R5-197365 R5-197369 | 0083 0087 | 1 | F F | TT_Analysis_ENDC_FR1_RLM_OOS TT_Analysis_SA_FR1_TAAA | 16.1.0 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197369 R5-197494 | 0007 | 1 | F | CR on DUT turnover and relations with QoQZ MU | 16.1.0 |
| | | | | | F | | |

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|--------------------|-----------------|------------|---------|--------------|----------|--|------------------|
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197571 | 0078 | 1 | F | TT Analysis for SS-RSRP FR1 tests | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197625 | 0800 | 1 | F | CR on FR2 OFF Power MU | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-09 | RAN#85 | R5-197659 | 0076 | 2 | F | CR on spurious emission MU in FR2 | 16.1.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-198260 | 0099 | _ | F | CR to 38.903 to define Reference Methodology for SE | 16.2.0 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-198285 | 0100 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interRAT measurement | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-198427 | 0101 | - | F | Correction to uncertainty budget calculation principles | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199070 | 0098 | 1 | F | Editorial corrections to FR1 Test Tolerance files | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199082 | 0104 | 2 | F | FR1 Test Tolerance : Addition of TT Analysis for 6.3.1.1 NR SA FR1 | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | IXAIN#60 | 13-199002 | 0104 | _ | | | 10.2.0 |
| | | | | | | Intra-Freq Handover | |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199083 | 0105 | 2 | F | FR1 Test Tolerance : Addition of TT Analysis for 6.3.1.2 NR SA FR1 | 16.2.0 |
| | | | | | | Intra-Freq Handover | |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199084 | 0106 | 2 | F | FR1 Test Tolerance : Addition of TT Analysis for 6.3.1.3 NR SA FR1 | 16.2.0 |
| 2010 12 | 10.00 | 100001 | 0.00 | - | | Inter-Freq Handover | 10.2.0 |
| 0040.40 | D 4 N I // 0 O | DE 400004 | 0.4.0.0 | . | _ | | 40.00 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199091 | 0102 | 1 | F | Update on FR2 MUs in 38.903 | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199092 | 0103 | 1 | F | Update on FR2 Spurious MUs in 38.903 | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199362 | 0091 | 1 | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interruptions active and non-active | 16.2.0 |
| 2019-12 | RAN#86 | R5-199363 | 0094 | 1 | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for CSI-RS based RLM | 16.2.0 |
| | | | | Ľ | | | |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-200163 | 0107 | - | F | Add Annex A.2 handling of common Test Tolerance Topics for FR2 | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-200329 | 0112 | - | F | CR to 38.903 on XPD Verification | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-200470 | 0114 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interruptions deactivated NR SCC | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-200918 | 0116 | 1 | F | Update to FR2 TRx Measurement Uncertainties | 16.3.0 |
| | | | | 1 | | | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-201037 | 0108 | Ι' | F | Test tolerance analysis inter-frequency SS-RSRP and intra- | 10.3.0 |
| | | | ļ | <u> </u> | | frequency SS-SINR | |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-201038 | 0109 | 1 | F | Test tolerance analysis SS-RSRQ and inter-frequency SS-SINR | 16.3.0 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-201042 | 0110 | 1 | F | Test Tolerance analysis for CSI-RS-Based L1-RSRP measurement | 16.3.0 |
| 2020 03 | 10/414#07 | 113 201042 | 0110 | l ' | | test cases | 10.5.0 |
| 2222 22 | D 4 1 1 1 1 0 7 | DE 004040 | 0444 | - | _ | | 1000 |
| 2020-03 | RAN#87 | R5-201043 | 0111 | 1 | F | Test Tolerance analysis for SSB-Based L1-RSRP measurement test | 16.3.0 |
| | | | | | | cases | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-201662 | 0118 | - | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for interruptions deactivated E-UTRAN | 16.4.0 |
| | | | | | | SCC | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-203094 | 0119 | 1 | F | FR1 Test tolerance analysis for SCell activation | 16.4.0 |
| | | | | <u> </u> | | | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202104 | 0124 | - | F | Test tolerance correction for event triggered measurement test | 16.4.0 |
| | | | | | | cases | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202105 | 0125 | - | F | Test tolerance correction for CSI-RS-based L1-RSRP measurement | 16.4.0 |
| | | | | | | test cases | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202702 | 0130 | 1 | F | Test Tolerance analysis TC 4.5.4 and 6.5.4 RRC reconfiguration | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-00 | IXAIN#00 | NJ-202102 | 0130 | ' | | | 10.4.0 |
| | | _ | | | | delay | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202769 | 0127 | 1 | F | CR to 38.903 to introduce baseline Demod MU tables | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202915 | 0117 | 1 | F | MU contributors for RRM FR2 TC 7.7.1.1 | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202916 | 0126 | 1 | F | CR to 38.903 to introduce PC1 MU Tables | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202917 | 0128 | 1 | F | Update to FR2 Measurement Uncertainties | 16.4.0 |
| | | | | | | | |
| 2020-06 | RAN#88 | R5-202938 | 0129 | 1 | F | Addition of EIRP to Transmit OFF power MU analysis | 16.4.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203231 | 0131 | - | F | TT analysis for RRM TC 8.5.2.1.1.1 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203232 | 0132 | - | F | TT analysis for RRM TC 8.5.2.2.1 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203233 | 0133 | | F | TT analysis for RRM TC 8.5.2.3.1 | 16.5.0 |
| | | | | - | | | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203237 | 0134 | - | F | TT analysis for RRM TC 4.7.4.1.1 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203238 | 0135 | - | F | TT analysis for RRM TC 4.7.4.1.2 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203323 | 0140 | - | F | Add Draft Test Tolerance analysis for FR2 Tx Timing Test cases | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203324 | 0141 | 1_ | F | Add Draft Test Tolerance analysis for FR2 Inter-freq Event-trig Test | 16.5.0 |
| | | 20002- | | 1 | | cases | 10.0.0 |
| 0000.00 | DANI"CO | DE 000005 | 04.40 | 1 | _ | | 40.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203325 | 0142 | l - | F | Add Draft Test Tolerance analysis for FR2 Intra-freq SS-RSRP Test | 16.5.0 |
| | | | <u></u> | <u></u> | <u> </u> | case | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203825 | 0149 | - | F | Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for 6.3.2.1.3 RRC Re- | 16.5.0 |
| | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | establishment | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-203826 | 0150 | t | F | Update of grouping of test cases in clause 8 | 16.5.0 |
| | | | | - | | | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204190 | 0154 | | F | On Standard Deviation Definition in 38.903 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204788 | 0138 | 1 | F | Correction to the extreme conditions in TT analysis of 4.7.1.2.1 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204887 | 0139 | 1 | F | CR to update the DL AWGN absolute power for RRM test cases | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204888 | 0143 | 1 | F | Adjacent Channel Selectivity FR2 MU definition in 38.903 | 16.5.0 |
| | | | | | | , , | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204889 | 0144 | 1 | F | In-band Blocking FR2 MU definition in 38.903 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204890 | 0153 | 1 | F | CR to update MU in 38.903 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204891 | 0155 | 1 | F | FR2 Minimum output power measurement uncertainty | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204945 | 0152 | 1 | F | CR to 38.903 on some of the Transmit OFF power MU parameters | 16.5.0 |
| | | | | | F | | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204946 | 0156 | 1 | | Update of AWGN flatness in TR 38.903 | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-204947 | 0157 | 1 | F | FR2 EIRP OFF power measurement uncertainty | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-205001 | 0145 | 1 | F | Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for DCI based BWP switch | 16.5.0 |
| | | R5-205002 | 0146 | 1 | F | Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for RRC based BWP switch | 16.5.0 |
| | I R A NI #X4 | | | | | | |
| 2020-09 | RAN#89 | | | 1 | | Addition of ED1 Toot tolorongo analysis for CCD based DED | 16 5 0 |
| 2020-09 2020-09 | RAN#89 | R5-205003 | 0147 | 1 | F | Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for SSB based BFR | 16.5.0 |
| 2020-09 | | | | 1 | F F | Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for SSB based BFR Addition of FR1 Test tolerance analysis for CSI-RS based BFR | 16.5.0 16.5.0 |

History

| | Document history | | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| V16.4.0 | July 2020 | Publication | | | | | | | |
| V16.5.0 | November 2020 | Publication | | | | | | | |
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