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Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP); Interoperability test specification



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ETSI Secretariat

Postal address

F-06921 Sophia Antipolis Cedex - FRANCE

Office address

650 Route des Lucioles - Sophia Antipolis Valbonne - FRANCE Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16 Siret N° 348 623 562 00017 - NAF 742 C Association à but non lucratif enregistrée à la Sous-Préfecture de Grasse (06) N° 7803/88

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Internet

secretariat@etsi.fr http://www.etsi.fr

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by the Signalling Protocols and Switching (SPS) Technical Committee of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI), and is now submitted for the Public Enquiry phase of the ETSI standards Two-step Approval Procedure (TAP).

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1 Scope

The present document specifies interoperability testing between nodes meeting the requirements of ITU-T Recommendations Q.711 to Q.714 [2] as modified by ETS 300 009-1 [1]. The present document may optionally also be applied within national networks and implementations of earlier versions of ETS 300 009 and the ITU-T Recommendations.

The present document is not meant to restrict national networks. The tests in the present document form a basic set of interoperability tests, and are used in gaining confidence that implementations of the SCCP can interwork.

2 References

References may be made to:

- a) specific versions of publications (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.), in which case, subsequent revisions to the referenced document do not apply; or
- b) all versions up to and including the identified version (identified by "up to and including" before the version identity); or
- c) all versions subsequent to and including the identified version (identified by "onwards" following the version identity); or
- d) publications without mention of a specific version, in which case the latest version applies.

A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

2.1 Normative references

- [1] ETS 300 009-1 (1996): "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Signalling System No.7; Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP) (connectionless and connection-oriented class 2) to support international interconnection; Part 1: Protocol specification [ITU-T Recommendations Q.711 to Q.714 and Q.716 (1993), modified]".
- [2] ITU-T Recommendations Q.711 to Q.714 (1993): "Signalling Connection Control Part (SCCP)".

2.2 Informative references

[3] ITU-T Recommendation Q.786 (1993): "SCCP Test Specification".

3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

DPC	Destination Point Code
DT1	Data Form 1 message
GT	Global Title
GTAI	Global Title Address Information
MTP	Message Transfer Part
NI	Network Indicator
OPC	Origination Point Code
PC	Point Code
SCCP	Signalling Connection Control Part
SIO	Service Information Octet
SP	Signalling Point
SSA	Subsystem Allowed message
SSN	Subsystem Number
SST	Subsystem Status Test message
UDT	Unitdata message
UDTS	Unitdata Service message
UPU	User Part Unavailable
XUDT	Extended Unitdata message
XUDTS	Extended Unitdata Service message

4 SCCP test specification

Conformance and performance tests are not included in the present document.

4.1 Introduction

The function of interoperability testing is to confirm that different implementations, each of which conforms to ETS 300 009-1 [1], can interwork. These interoperability tests apply in the international network but may also be applied in national networks. Successful conformance or validation testing of SCCP itself, SCCP applications and MTP is a pre-requisite of interoperability testing. It is recommended that interoperability testing is performed on signalling nodes that are not in service.

Interoperability testing may require the use of a monitor to check the operation of the signalling node(s) under test. The specification of this monitor is not covered by the present document although the general requirements are that the equipment is capable of capturing all data on the signalling link, and preferably be able to decode the information captured into SCCP messages.

The tests in the present document are only a basic set in gaining confidence in the interoperability of SCCP implementations. Specific interconnections may require more interoperability testing than specified here. The specific range of tests performed between nodes is subject to bilateral or multilateral agreement and also dependent on the functionality of the implementations under test. The tests are shown in one direction of testing, thus they should be repeated in the reverse direction for completeness.

4.2 Test network configuration

The following network configuration is intended to show a typical international SCCP network scenario and is the basis of all the tests in the present document. In practice, in some cases, node B (i.e. a "stand alone" SCCP relay node) may not exist. In these cases the relay functionality part of the tests may still be applied but would relate to international gateway nodes A and C.



4.3 Reference specification

The SCCP is described in the ETS 300 009-1 [1].

4.4 Test list

NOTE: A number of the tests given in the present document make reference to UDT(S) messages. Where appropriate, XUDT(S) messages may be employed as an alternative.

4.4.1 GT routeing tests

Test Number 1

To verify correct Global Title (GT) translation and a correctly functioning signalling route exists between nodes under test. The primary purpose of this test is to give confidence that a signalling relationship exists between the nodes under test. Specific signalling functionality is tested by the other tests.

Test Number 2

To verify correct GT translation, message return and SCCP management functionality following temporary SCCP failure.

Test Number 3

To verify that UDTS is not returned when GT translates to an unavailable remote DPC/SSN/SCCP and the return on error option is not set.

Test Number 4

To verify that UDTS is returned when the GT translates to an unsupported DPC/SSN/SCCP and the return on error option is set.

Test Number 5

To verify that UDTS is returned when the GT is of a type that cannot be translated and the return on error option is set.

Test Number 6

To verify that UDTS is returned when unknown GT Address digits are received and the return on error option is set.

4.4.2 Connectionless protocol class tests

Test Number 7

To verify segmentation/reassembly functionality.

4.5 Test tables

Test Number	1		
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], clause 2, as modified by ETS 300 009-1 [1]		
Title	GT translation		
Subtitle	Correct operation of signalling route		
Purpose	To verify correct Global Title translation and a correctly functioning signalling route exists between nodes under test		
Pre-test Conditions:			
1. Arrange the generation of	f a UDT message from Node A to Node B with:		
- SCCP address information	ion:		
- GT;			
- route on G	Г.		
2. Arrange the SCCP routei	ng control data at Node B as follows:		
- GT translat	ted to DPC of Node C.		
3. DPC and SCCP of Node	C available and, if applicable (i.e. RI Node $B \rightarrow C = SSN$ routeing), Subsystem.		
Expected Message Sequence			
NODE A	NODE B NODE C		
	(continued)		

(Test	1 continued)		
Test I	Description:		
1.	Arrange Node A to send a	UDT	message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B to PC of Node C.
2.	Record the message sequen	nce an	d parameters using a signal monitor.
3.	CHECK A: Was the UDT	messa	ge correctly forwarded to Node C?
4.	CHECK B: Was the messa	ge sec	quence as above?
5.	CHECK C: Were the param	neter	fields set correctly as indicated in the check table below?
Check	k Table:		
UDT	(NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)		
1)	Protocol Class	:	x0000000 (Class 0); or
			x0000001 (Class 1).
Callec	l Party Address:		
2)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100.
3)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT).
4)	Global Title	:	Address information, as appropriate.
UDT	(NODE B \rightarrow NODE C)		
5)	Protocol Class	:	Identical to UDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B).
Called	l Party Address	:	As appropriate to addressing scheme used between Node B and Node C.
NO	NOTE: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.		

Test Number	2	
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 5.2, as modified by ETS 300 009 [1]	
Title	GT translation	
Subtitle	Updating of translation table status based on information of SCCP failure/recovery	
Purpose	To verify correct GT translation, message return and SCCP management functionality following temporary SCCP failure	
Pre-test Conditions:		
1. Arrange the generation of	a UDT message from Node A to Node B with:	
- SCCP address information	on:	
- GT;		
- route on GT	`;	
- return on er	ror option set.	
2. Arrange the SCCP routeir	ng control data at Node B as follows:	
- GT translate	ed to - DPC of Node C.	
3. DPC and SCCP of Node	C available and, if applicable (i.e. RI Node $B \rightarrow C = SSN$ routeing), Subsystem.	
	(continued)	

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(Test 2	2 concluded)				
Test I	Test Description:				
1.	Arrange Node A to send a UDT message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B to PC of Node C.				
2.	Having received the UDT r	nessa	ge at Node C, arrange that the SCCP at Node C becomes unavailable.		
3.	Arrange Node A to send further UDT messages to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B to PC of Node C.				
4.	Having processed the UDT messages at Node B, arrange that the SCCP at Node C becomes available again.				
5.	Arrange Node A to send an Node C.	other	UDT message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B to PC of		
6.	Record the message sequen	ce an	d parameters using a signal monitor.		
7.	CHECK A: Was the first U	DT n	nessage correctly sent to and processed at Node C?		
8.	CHECK B: Did the second	UDT	message sent to Node C result in an MTP UPU message?		
9.	CHECK C: Were the UDT	S mes	ssages correctly generated by Node B?		
10.	CHECK D: Was the final U	JDT r	nessage correctly sent to and processed at Node C?		
11.	CHECK E: Was the message	ge sec	juence as above?		
12.	CHECK F: Were the parameter fields set correctly as indicated in the check table below?				
Check	x Table:				
UDT	(NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)				
1)	Protocol Class	:	10000000 (Class 0, Return on error option set); or		
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option set).		
Called	Party Address:				
2)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100;		
3)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT);		
4)	Global Title	:	Address information, as appropriate.		
Callin	g Party Address	:	As appropriate to addressing scheme used between Node A and Node B.		
UDT	(NODE B \rightarrow NODE C)				
5)	Protocol Class	:	Identical to UDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B).		
Called	Party Address	:	As appropriate to addressing scheme used between Node B and Node C.		
UDTS	(NODE B \rightarrow NODE A)				
6)	Return Cause	:	00001011 "SCCP failure".		
7)	Called Party Address	:	Derived from the calling party address in the UDT message.		
8)	Calling party address	:	Derived from called party address in the UDT message.		
9)	Data	:	Same data as in the UDT message.		
NO	NOTE 2: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.				

Test Number	3 (see ITU-T Recomme	endation Q.786 [3], test 1.1.2.1.6)		
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 2.3.1 item 3) b) i)			
Title	GT translation	GT translation		
Subtitle	GT translated to remote I on error option not set)	out inaccessible DPC and/or unavailable SSN/SCCP (return		
Purpose	To verify that UDTS is not returned when the GT translates to an inaccessible DPC and/or unavailable SSN/SCCP and the return on error option is not set			
Pre-test Conditions:				
1. Arrange the generation of	f a UDT message from No	de A to Node B with:		
- SCCP address information	ion:			
- GT;				
- route on G	Γ;			
- return on er	rror option not set.			
2. Arrange the SCCP routei	ng control data at Node B as follows:			
- GT translat	ed to - DPC of Node C			
	- new or same SS	N.		
3. DPC inaccessible and/or	SSN and/or SCCP of Node	e C unavailable.		
Expected Message Sequence				
NODE A	NODE B	NODE C		
Test Description:				
1. Arrange Node A to send a UD	1. Arrange Node A to send a UDT message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B.			
2. Record the message sequence	2. Record the message sequence and parameters using a signal monitor.			
 CHECK A: Confirm that no m messages). 	essages were sent by Node	B to Node A or Node C (except possibly management		
4. CHECK B: Was the message s	sequence as above?			
	(contir	nued)		
I				

-			
(Test	3 concluded)		
Chec	k Table:		
UDT	(NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)		
1)	Protocol Class	:	00000000 (Class 0, Return on error option is not set); or
			00000001 (Class 1, Return on error option is not set).
Calle	d Party Address:		
2)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100.
3)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT).
4)	Global Title	:	Address information, as appropriate.
Callin	ng Party Address	:	As appropriate to addressing scheme used between Node A and Node B.
N	OTE: The presence or cod	ing o	f any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.

Test Number	4 (see ITU-T Recommer	ndation Q.786 [3], test 1.1.2.1.5)		
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation (ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 2.4 1		
Title	GT translation			
Subtitle	GT translated to remote by (Return on error option set	at inaccessible DPC and/or unavailable SSN/SCCP t)		
Purpose	To verify that UDTS is ret and/or unavailable SSN/S	urned when the GT translates to an inaccessible DPC CCP and the return on error option is set		
Pre-test Conditions:				
1. Arrange the genera	ation of a UDT message from Node	e A to Node B with:		
- SCCP address in	formation:			
- GT;				
- route	e on GT;			
- retur	n on error option set.			
2. Arrange the SCCP	routeing control data at Node B as	s follows:		
-GT tı	anslated to DPC of Node C;			
- new	or same SSN.			
3. DPC inaccessible	and/or SSN and/or SCCP of Node	C unavailable.		
Expected Message Sequer	nce			
NODE A	NODE B	NODE C		
UDT	\rightarrow			
<	UDTS			
Test Description:				
1. Arrange Node A to send	a UDT message to Node B with a	a GT to be translated at Node B.		
2. Record the message seq	uence and parameters using a sign	al monitor.		
3. CHECK A: Was the UI	OTS message correctly generated b	y Node B?		
4. CHECK B: Were the pa	rameter fields set correctly as indi	cated in the check table below?		
5. CHECK C: Was the me	ssage sequence as above? (Except	possibly management messages)		
	(continu	Jed)		

(Test 4	(Test 4 concluded)				
Check	x Table:				
UDT	(NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)				
1)	Protocol Class	:	10000000 (Class 0, Return on error option set); or		
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option set).		
Called	Party Address:				
2)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100.		
3)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT).		
4)	Global Title	:	Address information, as appropriate.		
UDTS	$(\text{NODE B} \rightarrow \text{NODE A})$				
5)	Return Cause	:	00000101 "network failure" if Node C not accessible; or		
			00000011 "subsystem failure" if SSN not available; or		
			00001011 "SCCP failure" if SCCP not available.		
6)	Called Party Address	:	Derived from the calling party address in the UDT message.		
7)	Calling party address	:	Derived from the called party address in the UDT message.		
8)	Data	:	Same data as in the UDT message.		
NO	NOTE: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.				

Test Number	5 (see ITU-T Recommend	dation Q.786 [3], test 1.1.2.1.5)			
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 2.4 1			
Title	GT translation				
Subtitle	Message contains GT for w (Return on error option set)	which no translation table can be selected in Node B			
Purpose	To verify that UDTS is retu and the return on error optic	arned when the GT is of a type that cannot be translated on is set			
Pre-test Conditions:					
1. Arrange the genera	ation of a UDT message from Node	A to Node B with:			
- SCCP address in	formation:				
- GT;					
- route	e on GT;				
- retur	n on error option set.				
2. No translator table	is selectable for the received GT fr	rom Node A.			
Expected Message Sequer	nce				
NODE A	NODE B	NODE C			
UDT	\rightarrow				
←───	UDTS				
Test Description:					
1. Arrange Node A to send a UDT message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B.					
2. Record the message sequence and parameters using a signal monitor.					
2. Record the message seq	autore and parameters asing a signa				
 CHECK A: Was the UI 	OTS message correctly generated by	v Node B?			
 CHECK A: Was the UI CHECK B: Were the pa 	DTS message correctly generated by rameter fields set correctly as indic	v Node B? ated in the check table below?			
 CHECK A: Was the UI CHECK B: Were the pa CHECK C: Was the me 	DTS message correctly generated by trameter fields set correctly as indic ssage sequence as above?	v Node B? ated in the check table below?			

(Test 5 concluded)						
Check Table:						
UDT	UDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)					
1)	Protocol Class	:	10000000 (Class 0, Return on error option set); or			
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option set).			
Calleo	l Party Address:					
2)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100.			
3)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT).			
4)	Global Title	:	Valid but non-selectable translator table inputs (i.e. Translation Type, Numbering Plan, Nature of Address Indicator) which are sufficient to result in Return Cause 0 being sent.			
UDTS (NODE B \rightarrow NODE A)						
5)	Return Cause	:	00000000 "no translation for an address of such nature".			
6)	Called Party Address	:	Derived from the calling party address in the UDT message.			
7)	Calling party address	:	Derived from the called party address in the UDT message.			
8)	Data	:	Same data as in the UDT message.			
NOTE: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.						

Test NI sectors	(1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,				
1 est Number	6 (see ITU-T Recommendation Q.786 [3], test 1.1.2.1.5)				
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 2.4 2				
Title	GT Translation				
Subtitle	Message contains GTAI which does not exist in the selected translation table of Node B (Return on error option set)				
Purpose	To verify that UDTS is returned when unknown GT Address digits are received an the return on error option is set				
Pre-test Conditions:					
1. Arrange the generation of	f a UDT message from Node A to Node B with:				
- SCCP address information	ion:				
- GTAI (of a	valid type but not contained in the routeing tables of Node B);				
- route on G	Γ;				
- return on er	ror option set.				
2. Arrange the SCCP routei	ng control data at Node B as follows:				
- No Global Title translat	ion for specific address.				
Expected Message Sequence					
NODE A	NODE B NODE C				
<─── UDTS					
Test Description:					
1. Arrange Node A to send a UDT message to Node B with a GT to be translated at Node B.					
2. Record the message sequence and parameters using a signal monitor.					
3. CHECK A: Was the UDTS message correctly generated by Node B?					
4. CHECK B: Were the parameter fields set correctly as indicated in the check table below?					
5. CHECK C: Was the message sequence as above?					
(continued)					
1					

(Test	(Test 6 concluded)				
Chec	k Table:				
UDT	UDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)				
1)	Protocol Class	:	10000000 (Class 0, Return on error option set); or		
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option set).		
Calleo	d Party Address:				
3)	Global Title Indicator	:	0100.		
4)	Routeing Indicator	:	0 (Route on GT).		
5)	Global Title	:	Translation Type, as appropriate;		
			Encoding Scheme, as appropriate;		
			Numbering Plan, as appropriate;		
			Nature of Address Indicator, as appropriate;		
			Address information, unknown to Node B; but sufficient to result in Return Cause 1 being sent.		
UDTS	S (NODE B \rightarrow NODE A)				
6)	Return Cause	:	00000001 "no translation for this specific address".		
7)	Called Party Address	:	Derived from the calling party address in the UDT message.		
8)	Calling party address	:	Derived from the called party address in the UDT message.		
9)	Data	:	Same data as in the UDT message.		
NOTE: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.					

Test Number	7			
Reference	ITU-T Recommendation Q.714 [2], subclause 4.1.1, as modified by ETS 300 009-1 [1]			
Title	Connectionless procedures			
Subtitle	Segmentation and reassembly			
Purpose	To verify segmentation/reassembly functionality NOTE: This test is not applicable to stand-alone SCCP gateway nodes (i.e. nodes that do not have SCCP applications).			

Pre-test Conditions:

1. Arrange the generation of user data which requires segmenting into XUDTs by the SCCP at Node A.

2. Arrange for the user data to be sent to a valid destination Node C via Node B.

NOTE:	The presence	of Node B	is not essential	for this test.
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- 1. Arrange Node A to segment the user data into a number of segments and send the XUDT messages to Node C (possibly via Node B).
- 2. Record the message sequence and parameters using a signal monitor.
- 3. CHECK A: Were the XUDT messages correctly generated by Node A and received by Node B?
- 4. CHECK B: Were the messages correctly assembled at the destination node. If Node B is present, were the messages relayed as received?
 - NOTE 1: The means of verifying correct assembly is outside the scope of the present document.
- 5. CHECK C: Were the parameter fields set correctly as indicated in the check table below?
- 6. CHECK D: Was the message sequence as above?

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(Test 7 concluded)

Check Table:

XUDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B)

AUDI	$A \cup P = (A \cup P \cup P)$				
1)	Protocol Class	:	00000001 (Class 1, Return on error option is not set); or		
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option is set).		
2)	Called Party Address	:	all parameters coded appropriately.		
3)	Calling Party Address	:	all parameters coded appropriately (for example only the SSN may be included when Node B does not exist).		
4)	Segmentation	:	4 octets long, with		
	Octet 1	:	Bit $8 = 1$ if first segment, otherwise 0;		
		:	Bit $7 = 1/0$ (in sequence delivery or out of sequence delivery);		
		:	Bits 6 & $5 = 00$ (spare);		
		:	Bits 4 to 1 = number of remaining segments, as appropriate;		
	Octets 2 to 4	:	Segmentation local reference, as appropriate.		
XUDI	$\Gamma (\text{NODE B} \rightarrow \text{NODE C})$				
5)	Protocol Class	:	00000001 (Class 1, Return on error option is not set); or		
			10000001 (Class 1, Return on error option is set).		
6)	Called Party Address	:	all parameters coded appropriately.		
7)	Segmentation	:	All octets to be identical to XUDT (NODE A \rightarrow NODE B).		
NO	NOTE 2: The presence or coding of any address parameters not specifically mentioned are not critical to this test.				

History

Document history						
V1.1.1	February 1997	Public Enquiry	PE 9726:	1997-02-28 to 1997-06-27		