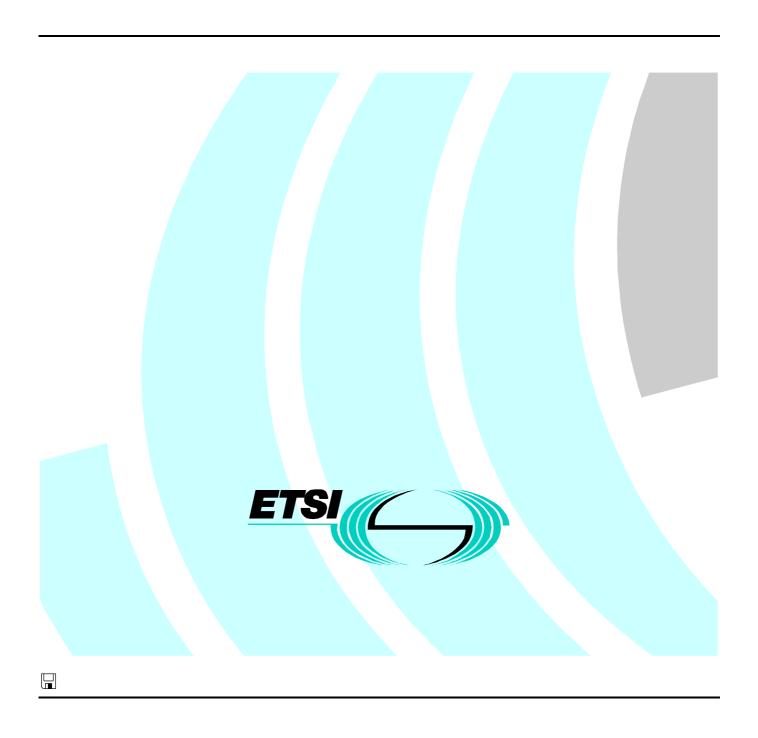
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European Standard (Telecommunications series)

V interfaces at the digital Local Exchange (LE); V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN); Part 4: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network layer (AN side)



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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Services and Protocols for Advanced Networks (SPAN).

The present document is part 4 of a multi-part deliverable covering the V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN); V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN), as described below:

- Part 1: "V5.1 interface specification";
- Part 2: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification";
- Part 3: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network layer (AN side)";
- Part 4: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network layer (AN side)";
- Part 5: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network layer (LE side)";
- Part 6: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network layer (LE side)";
- Part 7: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the data link layer";
- Part 8: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the data link layer";
- Part 9: "Test specification for the physical layer".

National transposition dates		
Date of adoption of this EN:	16 March 2001	
Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):	30 June 2001	
Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e):	31 December 2001	
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1 Scope

The present document contains the Abstract Test Suite (ATS) as well as the Abstract Test Method (ATM) and the partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma for the Network layer (NWK) of the V5.1 interface and parts of the system management of the Access Network (AN) side of a V5.1 interface.

The objective of the present document is to provide an ATS containing conformance tests which give a high probability of inter-operability of an AN and a Local Exchange (LE) from different manufacturers over the V5.1 interface.

ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5] and ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6] are used as the basis for the test methodology. The ATS is defined using the Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN) according to ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7].

The ATS in annex A describes a set of Test Cases (TCs) which are based on the Test Purposes (TPs) specified in EN 300 324-3 [3]. The TCs provide the implementation of the TPs and can be converted into an executable test suite by using available TTCN translators and the corresponding tools.

Annex B provides the partial PIXIT proforma.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] ETSI EN 300 324-1 (V2.1.1): "V interfaces at the digital Local Exchange (LE); V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN); Part 1: V5.1 interface specification".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 324-2: "V interfaces at the digital Local Exchange (LE); V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN); Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification".
- [3] ETSI EN 300 324-3: "V interfaces at the digital Local Exchange (LE); V5.1 interface for the support of Access Network (AN); Part 3: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network layer (AN side)".
- [4] ISO 7498: "Information Processing Systems Open Systems Interconnection Basic Reference Model".
- [5] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information Technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 1: General concepts".
- [6] ISO/IEC 9646-2: "Information Technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 2: Abstract test suite specification".
- [7] ISO/IEC 9646-3: "Information Technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 3: The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN)".
- [8] ISO/IEC 9646-5: "Information Technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 5: Requirements on test laboratories and clients for the conformance assessment process".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply, together with those given in EN 300 324-1 [1]:

Abstract Test Case (ATC): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

NOTE: In the present document, the commonly used term TC is applied in the same way as ATC.

Abstract Test Suite (ATS): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

current provisioning variant: ID for the presently active data set

Data Link Layer (DLL): refer to ISO 7498 [4]

embedded variant: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6]

Implementation Under Test (IUT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

incorrect information element: specified IE carrying IE types not defined in EN 300 324-1 [1]

invalid PSTN information element: PSTN IE not according to national specific requirements

invalid protocol data unit: protocol Data Unit (PDU) which contains an incorrect message format

invalid PSTN message: PSTN message carrying IEs not according to national specific requirements

Lower Tester (LT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Network Layer (NWK): refer to ISO 7498 [4]

new provisioning variant: ID for the data set which was announced to the IUT to become the next active data set through re-provisioning

Physical Layer (PHL): refer to ISO 7498 [4]

PICS proforma: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

PIXIT proforma: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Point Of Control And Observation (PCO): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Protocol Implementation eXtra Information For Testing (PIXIT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

remote test method: refer to ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6]

specified information element: IE ID defined in EN 300 324-1 [1]

System Under Test (SUT): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Test Purpose (TP): refer to ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

unknown provisioning variant: ID for a non-available data set

unspecified information element: IE ID not defined in EN 300 324-1 [1]

valid information element: PSTN IE according to national specific requirements

valid PSTN message: PSTN message carrying IEs according to national specific requirements

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AN Access Network

ASP Abstract Service Primitive

ATC Abstract Test Case
ATM Abstract Test Method
ATS Abstract Test Suite
BI Invalid Behaviour
BO Inopportune Behaviour
BV Valid Behaviour
CA CApability test

CTRL Control

DLL Data Link Layer
DSAP Data link SAP
FE Function Element
FSM Finite State Machine

ID Identifier

IE Information Element

IEI Information Element Identifier
ISDN Integrated Services Digital Network

ISDN-BA ISDN-Basic Access
IT basic Interconnection Test
IUT Implementation Under Test

L3addr Layer 3 address LE Local Exchange LT1 Lower Tester 1

PCO Point of Control and Observation

PDU Protocol Data Unit PHL Physical Layer

PICS Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PIXIT Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

SAP Service Access Point SUT System Under Test

TC Test Case, the same definition as for ATC applies

TP Test Purposes

TTCN Tree and Tabular Combined Notation

UL Upper Layer UT Upper Tester

V5DLaddr V5 Data Link address

4 Abstract test method

This clause describes the Abstract Test Method (ATM) and the Point of Control and Observation (PCO) used to test the NWK of the V5.1 protocol for the AN components.

4.1 ATM

Principally, the remote test method is used for V5.1 AN NWK conformance testing. Certain V5.1 AN NWK TPs need also part of the service and national functions. Therefore, the embedded variant of the remote test method is applied.

The national dependant information is defined in the PIXIT.

NOTE: The multi-party testing ATM (MPyT) (ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6], clause 12.7, was also considered for this ATS. But as the interfaces on the user port side may be implemented on national specific standards the MPyT ATM was not applicable for this ATS. To solve this need for operations on the user port interfaces, terminals will be connected to the user ports. All necessary functions which would have been provided by a lower tester connected to the user ports can be achieved by manual operations on the connected terminal.

4.2 NWK protocol testing

The V5.1 implementations do not offer a direct access to the upper service boundary. The remote test method was chosen because any co-ordination procedures can only be expressed in an informal way.

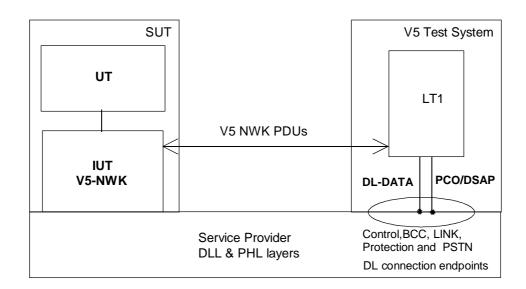


Figure 1: Remote single layer test method applied to the V5.1 NWK testing

LT1: A Lower Tester (LT1) is located in a remote V5.1 test system. It controls and observes the behaviours of the IUT.

DSAP: A unique Data link Service Access Point (DSAP) is defined at the V5.1 interface and commonly used for exchanging service data of the different Network layer protocol functional entities: PSTN, Control protocols.

PCO: The PCO for NWK testing is located on the DSAP. All test events at the PCO are specified in terms of data link Abstract Service Primitives (ASPs) and network layer PDUs.

UT: No explicit Upper Tester (UT) exists in the test system. However, the SUT needs to carry out some

UL functions to achieve some effects of test co-ordination procedures. Designing ATS, the capability of the system management functions, such as controls of the IUT, its interactions with the Q interface may be taken into account. The controls of the IUT will be implied or informally expressed in the ATS, but no assumption shall be made regarding their feasibility or realization. An example of such controls could be to provoke restarting of the IUT through the Q interface.

V5-NWK: To test the PSTN and ISDN-BA protocols, a simulator shall be attached to relevant User Port

(UP).

4.3 Data link addresses

Within the DSAP, different V5DLaddr are used to identify each corresponding data link connection. Each network layer protocol functional entity can have only one data link connection, e.g. all PSTN signalling information shares one data link connection.

Table 1 shows the allocated V5DLaddr used by protocol function entities.

Table 1: V5DLaddr

Protocol	PSTN	Control
V5DLaddr	8 176	8 177

4.4 Execution of TCs

4.4.1 Handling of error indication

During the execution of the NWK ATS many error indications will be sent to the system management due to the invalid and the inopportune TCs. It is up to the IUT supplier to take the necessary precautions to avoid any impact on the test result.

4.4.2 TC execution sequence

The following test sequence shall be applied:

The TC containing the start-up procedure (TC11_SM_01) shall always be the first TC executed. Also in any case where the IUT has to be restarted this TC shall be first executed.

Protocol groups: CTRL \Rightarrow PSTN.

Test groups: IT \Rightarrow CA \Rightarrow TI \Rightarrow BV \Rightarrow BO \Rightarrow BI.

Interactions between the different test groups are not considered. It is up to the IUT supplier to take the necessary precautions to avoid any impact on the test result.

NOTE: This applies in particular to PORT CONTROL messages from ISDN ports while testing PSTN-related protocols and vice versa.

5 Untestable test purposes

This clause gives a list of TPs which are not implemented in the ATS due to the chosen abstract test method or other restrictions.

5.1 Control protocol

The test purposes listed in table 2 are not implemented in the ATS due to unknown reaction of the IUT after testing the TPs or due to the fact they have the same purpose of TC already implemented.

Table 2: Untestable TPs

Test Purpose
TP1311S1_01
TP1313S0_01
TP1321S2_01
TP1324S1001
TP1324S1002
TP1324SM_06
TP1324SM_07
TP1325SM_03
TP1325S2207
TP1325S2208
TP1325S2209
TP1424S1101
TP1425SM_01
TP1521S1-01

5.2 PSTN protocol

The test purposes listed in table 3 are not implemented in the ATS due to unknown reaction of the IUT after testing the TPs.

Table 3: Untestable TPs

	Test P	urpose
TP23_	_S0_0	4
TP23_	_S0_0	6
TP23_	_S0_07	7
TP23_	_S1_08	3
TP23_	_S1_09	9
TP23_	_S2_1	1
TP23_	_S3_10)
TP23_	_S3_1	1
TP23_	_S4_0	6
TP23_	_S4_09	9
TP23_	_S4_10)
TP23_	_S6_0	5
TP23_	_S7_1	1
TP24_	_S2_0	3
TP24_	_S2_0	4
TP24_	_S3_0	4
TP24_	_S3_0	5
TP24_	_S4_0	5
TP24_	_S5_0	4
TP24_	_S5_0	5
TP24_	_S5_0	6
TP24_	_S7_02	2
TP26_	_S5_0	1

6 Abstract test suite conventions

The ATS conventions are intended to give a better understanding of the ATS but they describe also the conventions made for the development of the ATS, thus for any later maintenance purposes or further development of the ATS the conventions described in this clause shall be considered.

The ATS conventions contain two clauses, the naming conventions and the implementation conventions. The naming conventions describe the structure of the naming of all ATS elements. The implementation conventions describe the functional structure of the ATS.

NOTE: To define the ATS, the guidelines given in EN 300 406 and ETR 141 were considered.

6.1 Naming conventions

6.1.1 Declaration part

The ID names of the following definitions are written in lowercase:

- structured type definitions;
- ASP type definitions;
- PDU type definitions.

The ID names of the following definitions are written in uppercase:

- Test Suite Parameter Declarations;
- Test Case Selection Expression Definitions;
- Test Suite Constant Declarations;
- Test Case Variable Declarations.

ID names of PDUs and structured types commence with a protocol identifier to define which protocol they are belonging to. The following identifiers are used:

- control protocol: ctrle.g. crtl_common_control_ack;
- PSTN signalling: pstn e.g. pstn_signal_ack.

ID names of PDUs and structured types which are used for invalid tests commence with "bi".

```
EXAMPLE 1: bi_com_ctrl_two_mety.
```

Complete names as defined in the specifications are used for ID names of declarations.

```
EXAMPLE 2: ctrl_control_function_element.
```

Test suite parameter ID names commence with TSP:

- PICS are identified by adding the letter "C": TSPC_. (e.g.: TSPC_PSTN);
- PIXIT are identified by adding the letter "X": TSPX_. (e.g.: TSPX_PORT_ADDRESS).

If the test suite parameter is representing a system parameter or value, only the parameter name is used.

```
EXAMPLE 3: MR (receive sequence number in signal message).
```

Test suite operations commence with TSO.

```
EXAMPLE 4: TSO_INTEGER_TO_O_1.
```

Test suite constant ID names commence with TSC.

```
EXAMPLE 5: TSC_CFE_FE201_2_UNBL.
```

If the constant is representing a system parameter or value, only the parameter name is used.

```
EXAMPLE 6: N01.
```

ID names of timers commence with T. The same names as in the specification are used.

```
EXAMPLE 7: T01.
```

6.1.2 Constraint part

Constraint names commence with uppercase. The remaining part of the ID name is written in lowercase.

ID names of elements concerning the same subject have equivalent names in the declaration and the constraint part:

Declaration part: ctrl_control_function_element;

Constraint part: Ctrl_control_function_element.

The name of the modified constraint describes the particularity of the modified constraint.

EXAMPLE: Ctrl_cc_mand_only (common control message which contains only the mandatory IEs).

If formal parameter lists are used, the variable names are written in lowercase. The variable name is the same as the name of the element it is representing.

6.1.3 Dynamic part

6.1.3.1 TC

The identifier of the TCs is constructed in the same way as for the TPs described in EN 300 324-3 [3], clause 5.1.1, with the exception that "TP" is replaced by "TC":

TP identifier: TP1324S1106; TC identifier: TC1324S1106.

6.1.3.2 Test steps

In TCs, test steps as well as local trees are used. To allow an easy distinction, the following naming is applied:

local tree: LTS_[local_tree_name]; test step: STEP_[test-step_name].

6.1.3.3 General aspects

All verdict assignments are labelled. To allow an exact identification in which table the verdict was assigned, the following name convention is applied:

В test Body CS

Check State test steps

D Default

Ε Error handling test steps

POstamble PO PR **PReamble** S test Step

Combinations of labels are also possible.

EXAMPLE: DPR --> label which is used in a default for preambles.

6.1.4 ATS abbreviations

These abbreviations are used to shorten identifier names:

addr address activate act access acc

acknowledgement ack

cau cause

cccommon control

control function element cfe cfi control function identifier

com common control ctrl data link dl enq enquiry establish est function func indication ind interface interf mand mandatory mety message type mod modified parameter par pc port control

pd protocol discriminator perform performance
prog progress
prot protocol
prov provisioned
repro re-provisioning

req request
rest restart
rsp response
var variant
verify verifying

vid variant & interface ID

6.2 Implementation conventions

6.2.1 Declaration part

The comment line of single element TTCN tables (e.g. test suite constants) is used to give a reference where the format and content of the element is described in the relevant protocol specifications. Any particularity of the element format or content is described in the comment line.

The comment line in the header of multi-element TTCN tables (e.g. ASPs) is used to reference to the protocol specification. The detailed comments are used to describe any particularity of the table.

In the ASP and PDU declarations, the comments column is used to identify if an element is mandatory or optional:

m: mandatory;o: optional.

In the ASP and PDU declarations the comments column is further used to give information about the element value, in particular if the element contains a fixed spare value.

In tables where structure types are used the information element and the relevant structured type have always the same name, that allows to have the same structure as in the protocol standards is used to document the relation between information elements in a table and their specific description in an other clause of the protocol standard.

6.2.2 Constraint part

The ASPs and PDUs are defined in a way that all relevant element are parameterized. That improves the transparency of the constraints in the dynamic part, as all values which are relevant for the test are always present.

Generally the base constraint contains all possible parameters and the relevant formal parameter list which goes with the base constraint. In case where a specific message IE is not used at all in the ATS, the base constraint will not contain such an IE. The base constraints of the PSTN protocol contain all mandatory IEs. The optional IEs are defined in one element of type OCTETSTRING. The actual value and format of the optional IE has to be defined in the PIXITs according to the PSTN specifications which is implemented in the IUT.

Modified constraints have the same parameter list as the base constraint. Unused elements of the parameter list are set to a default value OMIT ("-") in the dynamic part. The number of base constraints is reduced to a minimum.

The comment line of a constraint contains always the reference to the used specifications. The detailed comments sector is used to describe any particularity of the table.

6.2.3 Dynamic part

Some TCs need a particular initialization of the IUT environment conditions to run the actual test, e.g. for testing re-provisioning procedures. Such message sequence can be quite complicated and long. In cases where a Local Test Step (LTS) facilitates the TC structure, the preamble and the condition setting are described in a LTS called LTS_pre_step. All LTS_pre_steps are described in the detailed comment part of the TTCN table.

Some TCs need after the actual test a particular re-initialization of the IUT, e.g. after re-provisioning. Such message sequence can be quite complicated and long. In cases where a Local Test Step (LTS) facilitates the TC structure, the postamble and the re-initialization are described in a LTS called LTS_post_step. All LTS_post_steps are described in the detailed comment part of the TTCN table.

All events which are defined as a conformance requirements by the TP, cause a preliminary verdict PASS if the requirement is met.

All invalid events are handled in the default tree. FAIL verdicts are only assigned in the default tree.

The preamble, the test body and the postamble have different defaults, what allows a specific verdict handling, e.g. only INCONC verdicts are assigned in the preamble.

All verdict assignments are labelled. According to ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], clause E.2, labels should be written to the conformance log. This allows to identify were the test failed. To allow an exact identification in which table the verdict was assigned, the naming convention as described in clause 6.1.3.3 is applied.

The labels of the same type are numbered sequentially if they are in the same TC, test step or default.

TPs which only reference to an other TP, e.g. BV TPs which were already defined as CA TPs, are only implemented ones, thus the numbering of the TCs is not always continues.

TPs which are listed in the untestable TP list in clause 5, or which reference to an other TP, e.g. BV TPs which were already defined as CA TPs, are not considered in the ATS, thus these TC identifiers are missing in the ATS and the numbering of the TCs is not always continuous.

NWK implementation:

- 1) the ATS rebuilds the PSTN functions. Therefore the signal message sequence numbers M(S) and M(R) are implemented and used according to their function described in EN 300 324-1 [1];
- 2) TCs of the */PORT/TRANS test group which have to be applied either to the PSTN user port or the ISDN-BA user port depending on the provisioned application in the IUT, use a common TC definition where the L3addr is parameterized (TCV_13_addr). The L3_addr to be used during the execution is assigned in the test step STEP_Ctrl_pc_trans_init depending on the setting of the PICS which describe the provisioned data set. All of the TCs in the test groups */PORT/TRANS begin with the test step STEP_Ctrl_pc_trans_init.

Implicit send events:

Implicit send events are used within the ATS. Most of them can be invoked from the PSTN or ISDN-BA terminals connected to the IUT. As these implicit send events are not internal events and thus configuration and implementation independent, no PIXITs are defined as requested in ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], clause 14.9.6. The exception are the implicit messages mph_ar_isdn and mdu_system_start_up for which a PIXIT was created.

mph_ar_isdn: TSPX_IMPLICIT_PL_ACTIVATION (see note).

mdu_ctrl_data_set_available: TSPX_IMPLICIT_DATA_SET_AVAILABLE (see note).

mdu_system_start_up: TSPX_IMPLICIT_SYSTEM_START_IP (see note).

NOTE: Some implicit messages (mph_ar_isdn, mdu_ctrl_data_set_available, mdu_system_ start_up, te_off_hock_pstn, te_on_hock_pstn) cause no event on the V5.1 interface because they cause only state changes in the Finite State Machine (FSM) or they are applied in a state where no external events are invoked. The roles of ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], clause 14.9.6 request that an implicit event shall describe the event which will be invoked at the PCO. For the case that IUT internal events should be invoked the implicit send messages mentioned above where created. This is a suitable solution as it is not possible to specify such events according to ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], clause 14.9.6.

6.2.4 Documentation

The comment line of the TC or test step header contains a reference to the relevant protocol specification.

The comment column of the dynamic behaviour part is used to number the test events which are relevant for the particular test or test operation. Based on the numbering in the comment column, the relevant events for a TC are described in the detailed comments part of each TTCN table.

Test procedures which cover a conformance requirement and lead to a preliminary or final verdict assignment are described as follows in the detailed comments part:

Expected event: a specific receive event is expected.

Expected behaviour: no event or a timer expiry is expected.

Expected status: the IUT is expected to be in a particular status.

Annex A (normative): Abstract test suite for NWK testing

This ATS has been produced using the Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN) according to ISO/IEC 9646-3.

The ATS was developed on a separate TTCN software tool and therefore the TTCN tables are not completely referenced in the contents table. The ATS itself contains a test suite overview part which provides additional information and references.

A.1 The TTCN Graphical form (TTCN.GR)

The TTCN.GR representation of this ATS is contained in an Adobe Portable FormatTM file (v51nan_e2_05.PDF contained in archive en_30032404v030101p0.ZIP) which accompanies the present document.

A.2 The TTCN Machine Processable form (TTCN.MP)

The TTCN.MP representation corresponding to this ATS is contained in a text file (v51nan_e2_05.MP contained in archive en_30032404v030101p0.ZIP) which accompanies the present document.

Annex B (normative): Partial PIXIT proforma

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the PIXIT proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed PIXIT.

B.1 Introduction

The PIXIT proforma are based on ISO/IEC 9646-5. Any additional information needed can be found in the present document.

B.2	PIXIT	proforma

PIXIT Number:	cation summary
Test Laboratory Name:	
Date of Issue:	
Issued to:	
B.2.2 Abstra	ct test suite summary
Protocol Specification:	EN 300 324-1
Protocol to be tested:	V5.1, AN network layer
ATS Specification:	EN 300 324-3
Abstract Test Method:	Remote test method, embedded variant
B.2.3 Test la	boratory
Test Laboratory Identifica	ation:
Test Laboratory Manager	:
Means of Testing:	

SAP Address:
B.2.4 Client Client Identification:
Client Test manager:
Test Facilities required:
B.2.5 SUT Name:
Version:
SCS Number:
Machine configuration:
Operating System Identification:
IUT Identification:
PICS Reference for IUT:
Limitations of the SUT:
Environmental Conditions:

B.2.6 Protocol layer information

B.2.6.1 Protocol identification

Name: V5.1, network layer protocol for Control and PSTN

Version:

PICS References: EN 300 324-2

B.2.6.2 IUT information

Table B.1: Addresses

Address name	Parameter type	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Value
TSPX_CTRL_ISDNBA_PO	OCTETSTRING[2]	Port address of the ISDN-BA user port	
RT_ADDR		provisioned (clause 14.4.2.3)	
TSPX_CTRL_PSTN_	OCTETSTRING[2]	Port address of the PSTN user port	
PORT_ADDR		provisioned (clause 14.4.2.3)	
TSPX_CTRL_PSTN_	OCTETSTRING[2]	Port address of the PSTN user port which	
PORT_ADDR_NOT_		is not provisioned	
PROV		(clause 14.4.2.3)	
TSPX_V5DL_ADDR_	OCTETSTRING[2]	V5DLaddr for the Control protocol	
CTRL		(see note)	
TSPX_V5DL_ADDR_	OCTETSTRING[2]	V5DLaddr for the PSTN protocol	
PSTN		(see note)	
NOTE: The TSPX_V5DL_ADDR is used to address either the control or the PSTN NWK entity. The TSPX			
V5DL ADDR is part of the ASP send or received. Depending on the V5DL addr format requested by the			

V5DL_ADDR is part of the ASP send or received. Depending on the V5DLaddr format requested by the target implementation (LT1), the TSPX_V5DL_ADDR shall be coded according to EN 300 324-1, table 1.

Table B.2: Parameter values

Parameter name	Parameter type	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Parameter value
TSPX_CTRL_INTERF_ ID	OCTETSTRING[3]	Interface ID (figure 40, table 57)	
TSPX_CTRL_VAR	OCTETSTRING[1]	Presently active variant of the IUT (figure 39, table 55)	
TSPX_CTRL_VAR_ NEW	OCTETSTRING[1]	Variant announced to become next active variant of the IUT (figure 39, table 55)	
TSPX_CTRL_VAR_ NOT_PROV		Not available variant in the IUT (not provisioned) (figure 39, table 55)	

Table B.3: Timer values

Timer name type	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Timer range	Timer value
TSPX_TIMER_T01_max	table 58	value: 1 200 [ms] T01 + T01 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_T02_max	table 58	value: 1 200 [ms] T02 + T02 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_T1_max	table 28	value: 3 000[ms] T1 + T1 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_T3_max	table 28	value: 2 400 [ms] T3 + T3 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_T4_max	table 28	value: 2 400 [ms] T4 + T4 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_AC_short	Watch dog timer if immediate ACtion is expected from the IUT.	value: 1 000 [ms]	
TSPX_TIMER_NOAC_short	Guard timer used if NO ACtion shall appear.	value: 1 000 [ms]	
TSPX_TIMER_T2_MAX	table 28	value: 5,5 - 36 [s] T2 + T2 tolerance + test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_T2_MIN	table 28	value: 4,5 - 27 [s] T2 - T2 tolerance - test environment tolerance	
TSPX_TIMER_WAIT_SON V_BACK	Switch-Over to New Variant is invoked to get initial provisioning variant.		
TSPX_TIMER_AC_long	Watch dog timer if an ACtion from the IUT is expected after an undefined time period.		

Table B.4: Procedural information

Procedural name	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Valid?
TSPX_PSTN_LINE_INFOR	PSTN state Line information (AN4) is supported by the IUT.	
MATION		
TSPX_PSTN_	Terminating calls have priority (val: TRUE)	
TERMINATING_CALL_	(clause 13.5.3.3).	
PRIORITY	If the parameter is not set (val: FALSE), originating calls have	
	priority.	
NOTE: All parameters are of type BOOLEAN.		

 $Table\ B.5\ requests\ the\ national\ specific\ optional\ PSTN\ data, which\ shall\ be\ coded\ according\ to\ the\ PSTN\ standard\ to\ which\ the\ PSTN\ application\ of\ the\ IUT\ shall\ conform.$

Table B.5: Optional information

PIXIT name	Related message	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Specific requirements	Value
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST	ESTABLISH	13.3.1, table 5	Conditional information of the ESTABLISH message received by LT1, length [15]. The ESTABLISH message should not contain information which requests from the PSTN FSM a response which is sent in a signal	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_SEND	ESTABLISH	13.3.1, table 5	Conditional information of the ESTABLISH message sent by LT1, length [15]. The ESTABLISH message should not contain information which requests from the PSTN FSM a response which is sent in a signal	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_4_ REP_COND_IE	ESTABLISH	13.3.1, table 5 13.5.2.5 (error conditions) see also note	The conditional part shall contain four repeated conditional IEs which are valid for the IUT to be tested	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_IEI_4_ TIMES_REP	ESTABLISH	table 17	IEI of 4 times repeated IE in optional info: TSPX_PSTN_COND_INFO_ EST_4_REP_COND_IE	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_ONE_ VALID_ONE_ INCORR_COND_ IE	ESTABLISH	13.4.5, table 17 13.5.2.9 (error conditions) see also note	The conditional part shall contain one valid and one incorrect conditional IE	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_IEI_ INCORR_COND_ IE	ESTABLISH	table 17	IEI of incorrect IE in conditional info: TSPX_PSTN_COND_INFO_ EST_ONE_VALID_ONE_ INCORR_COND_IE	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_ INFO_EST_ONE_ VALID_ONE_ UNSPEC_ OPT_IE	ESTABLISH	13.4.5, table 17 13.5.2.7 (error conditions) see also note	The optional part shall contain one valid and one unspecified optional IE	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_ INFO_EST_IEI_ UNSPEC_ OPT_IE	ESTABLISH	table 17	IEI of unspecified IE in optional info: TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INFO_ EST_ONE_VALID_ONE_ UNSPEC_OPT_IE	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_EST_TWO_ DIFF_COND_ IE	ESTABLISH	13.3.1, table 5 13.5.2.11 (error conditions) see also note	The conditional part shall contain two different conditional IEs	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_ INFO_EST_ACK	ESTABLISH_ACK	13.3.2, table 6	Optional information of ESTABLISH_ACK message length [15]	
TSPX_PSTN_EST_LIN E_INFO	ESTABLISH		Optional information of the ESTABLISH message to be send by the LT1, length [1] that corresponds to the FE-line_information message sent to the NWK entity.	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_ INFO_PROTOCOL_PA RAMETER		13.3.9, table 13	Conditional information of a PROTOCOL_PARAMETER message length [313]	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INF O_DISC_S	DISCONNECT		Optional information of the DISCONNECT message which is sent from the LE to AN.	

PIXIT name	Related message	Reference to EN 300 324-1	Specific requirements	Value
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INF O_ DISC_4_REP	DISCONNECT	13.3.7, table 11	Optional information of a DISCONNECT message . The optional part shall contain 4 repeated optional IE which are valid for the IUT	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INF O_ IEI_DISC_4_REP	DISCONNECT	13.3.7, table 11	IEI of the IE 4 times repeated in the parameter TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INFO_ DISC_4_REP	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INF O_DISC_ONE_VALID_ ONE_INCORR_OPT_I E	DISCONNECT	13.3.7, table 11	Optional information of a DISCONNECT message. The optional part shall contain one valid and one incorrect Optional IE	
TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INF O_DISC_IEI_INCORR_ OPT_IE	DISCONNECT	13.3.7, table 11	IEI of the incorrect optional IE in the parameter TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INFO_DISC_ONE_VALID_ONE_INCORR_OPT_IE	
TSPX_PSTN_COND_I NFO_SIGNAL_DIGIT1	SIGNAL	13.3.3, table 7	Conditional information of a SIGNAL message which is sent from the AN to the LE and which represents the line signal of digit 1 length [3]	
NFO_SIGNAL_LE	SIGNAL	13.3.3, table 7	Conditional information of a SIGNAL message which is send from the LE to the AN length [18] ation shall be coded according to the	national

OTE: The PSTN messages which contain invalid optional information shall be coded according to the national PSTN specifications but the optional information shall be modified according to EN 300 324-1, clause 13.5.2.

All parameters are of type OCTETSTRING.

Table B.6: Implicit send events

PIXIT name	Description	Selection
_	This PIXIT is used to select/deselect CTRL test cases which use implicit send events and thus need manual operations (no	
	automatic execution)	
EVENT_PSTN	This PIXIT is used to select/deselect PSTN test cases which use implicit send events and thus need manual operations (no automatic execution)	
NOTE: All parameters are of type BOOLEAN.		

Table B.7: Implicit send event procedures

Implicit event	Description	Procedural information
<iut !="" ctrl_com_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an COMMON	
Ctrl_cc_no_interf_id(TSC_CFI_	CONTROL message (cfi: switch over to	
SWITCH_OVER_TO_NEW_VAR,	new variant) by the IUT be invoked?	
TSPX_CTRL_VAR_NEW, - , -		
<iut !="" ctrl_com_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an COMMON	
Ctrl_cc_mand_only (TSC_CFI_	CONTROL message (cfi: restart request)	
REST_REQ, SPX_CTRL_VAR, -, -)	by the IUT be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_com_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an COMMON	
Ctrl_cc_mand_only(TSC_CFI_REQ_VID,	CONTROL message (cfi: request variant	
-, -, -)	& interface ID) by the IUT be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc (TCV_I3_addr,TSC_	CONTROL message (cfe: block	
CFE_FE203_4_BL)	command) by the IUT (PSTN entity or	
	ISDN depending on the configuration) be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_isdnba(TSC_CFE_FE102_	CONTROL message (cfi: FE2, access	
ACT_INIT)	activation initiated by user) by the IUT	
/101/	(ISDN-BA entity) be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_isdnba(TCV_I3_addr,	CONTROL message (cfe: block	
TSC_CFE_FE203_4_BL)	command) by the IUT (ISDN-BA entity)	
	be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_isdnba(TSC_CFE_FE205_	CONTROL message (cfe: block request)	
BL_REQ)	by the IUT (ISDN-BA entity) be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_isdnba(TSC_CFE_FE201_	CONTROL message (cfi: unblock	
2_UNBL)	request/ack) by the IUT (ISDN-BA entity)	
	be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_pstn(TCV_I3_addr,TSC_	CONTROL message (cfe: block	
CFE_FE203_4_BL)	command) by the IUT (PSTN entity) be invoked?	
<iut !="" ctrl_port_ctrl=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_pstn(TSC_CFE_FE205_BL_REQ		
)	by the IUT (PSTN entity) be invoked?	
<pre></pre> <pre><</pre>	How can the sending of an PORT	
Ctrl_pc_pstn(TSC_CFE_FE201_2_	CONTROL message (cfi: unblock	
UNBL)	request/ack) by the IUT (PSTN entity) be	
,	invoked?	
<iut !="" pstn_est=""></iut>	How can the sending of an PSTN	
Pstn_est	ESTABLISH message by the IUT be	
	invoked?	
	(sending of a FE-subscriber_seizure	
JUIT I note piece!	message to the NWK entity)	
<pre><iut !="" pstn_signal=""></iut></pre>	How can the sending of an PSTN	
Pstn_signal(S_R, TSPX_PSTN_OPT_INFO_SIGNAL_DIGI	SIGNAL message (digit 1) by the IUT be invoked?	
T3PX_P3TN_OPT_INFO_SIGNAL_DIGIT T1)	(sending of a FE-line_signal message	
' ' '	(digit 1) message to the NWK entity)	
<pre><iut !="" mdu_system_start_up=""></iut></pre>	How can a system start-up procedure in	
	the IUT be invoked as described in	
	EN 300 324-1, annex C, item 17?	
<iut !="" mph_ar_isdn=""></iut>	How can the IUT internal event	
	"MPH_AR, activate access from AN" be	
	invoked?	
	(New state AN3.1)	
<iut!te_off_hook_pstn></iut!te_off_hook_pstn>	How can the IUT internal event "sending	
	of a FE-subscriber_seizure message" be	
	invoked?	

Implicit event	Description	Procedural information
Implicit event	Description	Procedural information
	How can the IUT internal event "sending of a FE-subscriber_release message message" be invoked?	
NOTE: Procedural information part shall provide the necessary information required to provoke the Implicit event described in Description part of this table.		

Table B.8: PICS information

PIXIT name	PICS item	Valid ?
TSPC_ISDNBA	EN 300 324-2, M1	
TSPC_PSTN	EN 300 324-2, M2	
TSPC_PL_CAPABILIT Y	EN 300 324-2, M7	
TSPC_VERIFY_REPR O	EN 300 324-2, P5.2	
TSPC_REPRO_SYNC	EN 300 324-2, P5.3	
TSPC_PSTN_PROTO COL_PARAMETER	EN 300 324-2, U1.9	
NOTE: All parameters are of type BOOLEAN.		

Bibliography

The following material, though not specifically referenced in the body of the present document (or not publicly available), gives supporting information.

- ETSI EN 300 406: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".
- ETSI ETR 141 (1994): "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN) style guide".

History

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