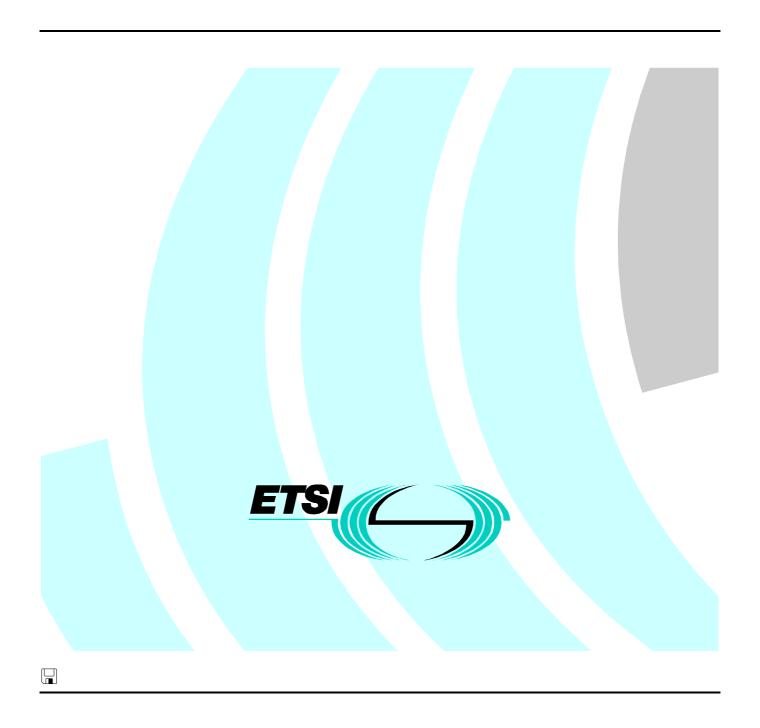
# Final draft ETSI EN 300 195-4 V1.2.1 (2000-09)

European Standard (Telecommunications series)

Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN);
Supplementary service interactions;
Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol;
Part 4: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol
Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT)
proforma specification for the user



#### Reference

#### REN/SPAN-05138-4

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#### **Foreword**

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Services and Protocols for Advanced Networks (SPAN), and is now submitted for the Vote phase of the ETSI standards Two-step Approval Procedure.

The present document is part 4 of a multi-part deliverable covering the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol specification for the Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) supplementary service interactions, as described below:

- Part 1: "Protocol specification";
- Part 2: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification";
- Part 3: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the user";
- Part 4: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the user";
- Part 5: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the network";
- Part 6: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma specification for the network".

| Proposed national transposition dates  |                                 |  |
|--|---------------------------------|--|
| Date of latest announcement of this EN (doa):  | 3 months after ETSI publication |  |
| Date of latest publication of new National Standard or endorsement of this EN (dop/e): | 6 months after doa              |  |
| Date of withdrawal of any conflicting National Standard (dow):                         | 6 months after doa              |  |

## 1 Scope

The present document specifies the Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT) proforma for the User side of the T reference point or coincident S and T reference point (as defined in ITU-T Recommendation I.411 [10]) of implementations conforming to the stage three standard for the supplementary service interactions for the pan-European Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN) by means of the Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol, EN 300 195-1 [1].

EN 300 195-3 [3] specifies the Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) related to this ATS and partial PIXIT proforma. Other parts specify the TSS&TP and the ATS and partial PIXIT proforma for the Network side of the T reference point or coincident S and T reference point of implementations conforming to EN 300 195-1 [1].

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.
- [1] ETSI EN 300 195-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Supplementary service interactions; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [2] ETSI EN 300 195-2: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Supplementary service interactions; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 2: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) proforma specification".
- [3] ETSI EN 300 195-3: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Supplementary service interactions; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 3: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP) specification for the user".
- [4] ETSI EN 300 196-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); Generic functional protocol for the support of supplementary services; Digital Subscriber Signalling System No. one (DSS1) protocol; Part 1: Protocol specification".
- [5] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 1: General concepts".
- [6] ISO/IEC 9646-2: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification".
- [7] ISO/IEC 9646-3: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 3: The Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN)".
- [8] ISO/IEC 9646-4: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 4: Test realization".
- [9] ISO/IEC 9646-5: "Information technology Open Systems Interconnection Conformance testing methodology and framework Part 5: Requirements on test laboratories and clients for the conformance assessment process".
- [10] ITU-T Recommendation I.411 (1993): "ISDN user-network interfaces Reference configurations".

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- [11] CCITT Recommendation X.209 (1988): "Specification of basic encoding rules for Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1)".
- [12] ETSI EN 300 102-1: "Integrated Services Digital Network (ISDN); User-network interface layer 3; Specifications for basic call control".

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply:

Abstract Test Suite (ATS): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Implementation Under Test (IUT): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Lower Tester (LT): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Point of Control and Observation (PCO): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

PICS proforma: see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing (PIXIT): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

PIXIT proforma: see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

System Under Test (SUT): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

Upper Tester (UT): see ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5]

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ASP Abstract Service Primitive
ATM Abstract Test Method
ATS Abstract Test Suite
BER Basic Encoding Rules
EXTS Executable Test Suite
FIE Facility Information Element
IUT Implementation Under Test

LT Lower Tester MOT Means Of Testing

PCO Point of Control and Observation PCTR Protocol Conformance Test Report

PDU Protocol Data Unit

PICS Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement
PIXIT Protocol Implementation eXtra Information for Testing

SUT System Under Test

TCP Test Co-ordination Procedures

TP Test Purpose

TTCN Tree and Tabular Combined Notation

UT Upper Tester

# 4 Abstract Test Method (ATM)

The remote test method is applied for the supplementary service interactions user ATS. The Point of Control and Observation (PCO) resides at the service access point between layers 2 and 3. This PCO is named "L" (for Lower). The L PCO is used to control and observe the behaviour of the Implementation Under Test (IUT) and test case verdicts are assigned depending on the behaviour observed at this PCO.

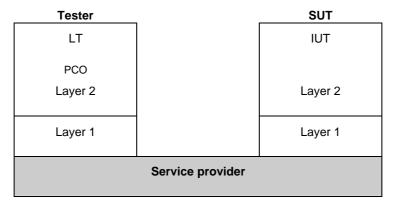


Figure 1: Remote test method

ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6] allows the informal expression of Test Co-ordination Procedures (TCP) between the System Under Test (SUT) upper layer(s) and the Lower Tester (LT). In the ATS contained in annex C, TCP is achieved by use of a second "informal" PCO, called "O" (for Operator). This PCO is used to specify control but not observation above the IUT and consequently, events at this PCO are never used to generate test case verdicts. The use of this O PCO is regarded as a preferred alternative to the use of the implicit send event, in that it allows the ATS to specify in a clear and meaningful way what actions are required to be performed on the IUT.

## 5 Untestable test purposes

There are no untestable test purposes associated with this ATS.

## 6 ATS conventions

This clause is structured similarly to the structure of a TTCN ATS. However, the names of the subclauses are arranged in a way more suitable to the present document.

## 6.1 Declarations part

## 6.1.1 Type definitions

#### 6.1.1.1 Simple type definitions

Where appropriate, simple types have a length, a value list or a range restriction attached.

Simple types defined as being of some string type (e.g. BIT STRING, OCTET STRING), have a length restriction or a value list attached.

Simple types, defined as being of INTEGER type, have a value list or a range restriction attached.

#### 6.1.1.2 Structured type definitions

#### 6.1.1.2.1 TTCN structured type definitions

All structured type definitions are provided with a full name.

All elements in every structured type definition, defined as being of some string type (e.g. BIT STRING, OCTET STRING), have a length restriction attached.

If an element in a structured type definition is defined as being of a referenced type, the (possible) restriction is defined in that referenced type.

For information elements the identifier, which is unique for each element, has its type defined as a simple type where the value list is restricted to the single value which is the identifier itself. This has the advantage that it allows a test system derived from this ATS to easily identify information elements embedded in messages. An ATS where information element identifiers are represented as unrestricted types can present difficulties for a derived test system in the case where it needs to find one information element embedded in a number of others and the constraints for the other elements have the any-or-omit value. In such a case the test system cannot easily find the beginning of each information element.

#### 6.1.1.2.2 ASN.1 structured type definitions

ASN.1 has been used for three major reasons. First, types defined in ASN.1 can model problems that "pure" TTCN cannot. For instance, data structures modelling ordered or unordered sequences of data are preferably defined in ASN.1. Second, ASN.1 provides a better restriction mechanism for type definitions by using sub-type definitions. Third, it is necessary to use ASN.1 to reproduce the type definitions for remote operation components as specified in the base standards.

The fact that ASN.1 provides a better restriction mechanism for type definitions is used for the purpose of achieving type-compatibility.

In table 1, the ASN.1 type BIT7OR15 is defined as being of type BIT STRING with a size constraint attached to it. The size is determined by the value of CR\_LENGTH, a test suite parameter. It can have the value of either 7 or 15. The type BIT7OR15 is used in the structured type CR, field  $cr_r$  allowing this type to represent a Basic Access or a Primary Rate Access call reference. By using this type definition the field  $cr_r$  is always type compatible with values of type BIT STRING (SIZE(7)) and BIT STRING (SIZE(15)). Another approach to solve this type problem would be to define the type BIT7OR15 as BIT STRING (SIZE(7 | 15)). This type has a small disadvantage compared with the previous one. It is impossible, in run-time, to determine the actual length of any instance of this type.

Table 1: ASN.1 type definition BIT7OR15

| ASN.1 Type Definition       |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Type Name : BIT7OR15        |  |  |
| Comments :                  |  |  |
| Type Definition             |  |  |
| BIT STRING(SIZE(CR_LENGTH)) |  |  |

Table 2 shows a typical use of ASN.1. The CHI element will have two different type definitions depending on whether it represents basic or primary rate access. In TTCN, this needs to be defined as two different types. In ASN.1 this can be done in one, the type being a choice of either BASIC\_CHI or PRIMARY\_CHI. These two types are then (locally) defined in the same table and according to the standard.

Table 2: ASN.1 type definition CHI

```
ASN.1 Type Definition
Type Name
            CHI
Comments : Info Element Channel Identification
            EN 300 102-1 [12] clause 4.5.13
                                         Type Definition
CHOICE {
basic
          BASIC CHI
         PRIMARY_CHI
primary
-- Local type definitions --
BASIC_CHI ::= SEQUENCE {
chi_i
            CHI_I,
                                       -- Identifier
            BIT STRING(SIZE(8)),
 chi_l
                                       -- Length
 chi_e3_cs
            BIT STRING(SIZE(8))
                                       -- Channel selection
PRIMARY_CHI ::= SEQUENCE {
                                       -- Identifier
 chi_i
            CHI_I,
 chi_l
            BIT STRING(SIZE(8)),
                                       -- Length
            BIT STRING(SIZE(4)),
                                       -- First nibble of Channel selection
 chi_e3_p1
 chi_e3_pe BIT STRING(SIZE(1)),
                                       -- Preferred/Exclusive Bit
            BIT STRING(SIZE(3)),
                                       -- Last three bits of Channel selection
 chi_e3_p3
 chi_e4
             BIT STRING(SIZE(8)),
                                       -- Channel type
 chi_e5_chl
            BIT STRING(SIZE(1)),
 chi_e5_ch2 BIT STRING(SIZE(7))
                                       -- Channel number
```

Table 3 shows an example of how ASN.1 can be used to model unordered sequences.

Table 3: ASN.1 type definition FIES

| ASN.1 Type Definition |        |  |
|-----------------------|--------|--|
| Type Name             | : FIES |  |
| Comments              |        |  |
| Type Definition       |        |  |
| SET OF FIE            |        |  |

The possibility to use TTCN and ASN.1 in combination is used, i.e. referring to an ASN.1 type from a TTCN type.

#### 6.1.1.3 ASP type definitions

#### 6.1.1.3.1 TTCN ASP type definitions

TTCN ASP type definitions only contain one PDU or no PDU at all. The relationship between an ASP type and a PDU type is one-to-one. That is, there exists one ASP type definition for each PDU type definition (if that ASP type contains a PDU).

All TTCN ASP type definitions are provided with a full identifier.

Some ASPs are not parameterized as shown in the example in table 4. Such ASPs are only used for requesting or receiving service from the lower layer.

Table 4: TTCN ASP type definition DL REL IN

Table 5 shows an example of a parameterized ASP. All ASPs containing PDUs contain only that PDU and no other parameters.

Table 5: TTCN ASP type definition DL\_DATA\_RQ\_ALERT

|                             | TTCN ASP Type Definition |          |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|----------|
| ASP NAME : DL_DATA_RQ_ALERT |                          |          |
| (DL_DATA_REQUEST)           |                          |          |
| PCO Type : SAP              |                          |          |
| Comments :                  |                          |          |
| Parameter Name              | Parameter Type           | Comments |
| mun (MessageUnit)           | ALERT_PDU                |          |
| Detailed Comments :         |                          |          |

#### 6.1.1.3.2 ASN.1 ASP type definitions

There are no ASN.1 ASP type definitions in the ATS.

#### 6.1.1.4 PDU type definitions

#### 6.1.1.4.1 TTCN PDU type definitions

The TTCN PDU type reflects the actual data being transferred or received. All PDUs are embedded in ASPs.

If a specific PDU type definition contains elements defined in terms of a pre-defined type, that element has a restriction attached to it.

#### 6.1.1.4.2 ASN.1 PDU type definitions

There are no ASN.1 PDU type definitions in the ATS.

#### 6.1.2 Test suite constants

No test suite constants are used or defined in this ATS.

## 6.1.3 Test suite parameters

Each test suite parameter is defined in terms of a predefined type or a referenced type. A referenced type is used when it is necessary to attach restrictions to these type definitions (it is not allowed to include restrictions directly in the test suite parameter table). The referenced type can have a length or value restriction attached to it in its declaration table.

#### 6.1.4 Variables

#### 6.1.4.1 Test suite variables

No test suite variables are used or defined in this ATS.

#### 6.1.4.2 Test case variables

Each test case variable is defined in terms of a predefined type or a referenced type. A referenced type is used when it is necessary to attach restrictions to these type definitions (it is not allowed to include restrictions directly in the test case variable table). The referenced type can have a length or value restriction attached to it in its declaration table.

Where test case variables are used in constraints, they are passed as formal parameters.

## 6.1.5 Test suite operation definitions

The description part of a test suite operation definition uses either natural language or meta C.

Table 6: Test suite operation definition ASSIGN\_CHI

```
Test Suite Operation Definition
Operation Name
                 ASSIGN_CHI(basic,
                                   primary
                                             CHI; basic_flag
                                                                BOOLEAN)
Result Type
               : CHI
Comments
               : This operation is used to assign a correct Channel identification information
                 element to PDUs dependent on the type of access that is tested
                                            Description
if(basic_flag)
 return basic;
else
 return primary
Detailed comments
```

The test suite operation definition shown in table 6 is used in the constraints part when assigning an element of type CHI a value. As previously described, the CHI type can be defined in two ways depending on whether the ATS is testing basic or primary rate access. To avoid duplicate types and thereby duplicate test cases the CHI type is defined in ASN.1. This operation is used to assign a value to an element of CHI type. It takes three parameters:

```
primary:     a constraint of type CHI valid for primary rate access;
basic:     a constraint of type CHI valid for basic access;
basic_flag:     a Boolean value: TRUE if basic access is applicable, FALSE otherwise.
```

This operation returns the correct constraint according to the Boolean flag basic\_flag. That constraint will then be assigned to the specific element of type CHI.

## 6.2 Constraints part

## 6.2.1 Structured type constraint declaration

For every structured type definition there exists one or more structured type constraint.

## 6.2.2 ASN.1 type constraint declaration

Constraints of this type are used to assign the corresponding type a specific value. These constraints are used for the purpose of modelling unordered data or specific types that cannot be expressed in TTCN.

A value assigned to an element of type SET OF differs depending on whether it is a send or receive constraint.

Table 7: ASN.1 type constraint declaration flEs (send constraint)

```
ASN.1 Type Constraint Declaration
Constraint Name
                 : fIEs(comp
                             : Component)
ASN.1 Type
Derivation Path :
Comments
                 : Send FIE which will contain one component "comp"
                                             Description
                                   '00011100'B,
  informationElementIdentifier
  length
                                   CALC_FIE_LENGTH(comp),
  extBit
                                   '1'B.
  spareBits
                                   '00'B
  protocolProfile
                                   '10001'B,
  components
                                   {comp}
Detailed comments :
NOTE: The last element in the constraint, components, is of type SET OF Component where Component is
structured data of some type.
```

If the constraint is a send constraint (see table 7) the value for the component element is stated as "{comp}" where comp is an argument received as a parameter. The "{" and "}" turns the value into a SET OF value which is correct according to that element's type definition.

Table 8: ASN.1 type constraint declaration fIEr (receive constraint)

```
ASN.1 Type Constraint Declaration
Constraint Name
                   fIEr(comp
                               Component)
ASN.1 Type
                 : FIE
Derivation Path :
                 : A received FIE which can contain several components, but which contains at
Comments
                                             Description
  informationElementIdentifier
                                   '00011100'B,
                                   '???????'B,
  length
  extBit
                                   '1'B,
  spareBits
                                   '00'B
  protocolProfile
                                   '10001'B,
  components
                                   SUPERSET({comp})
Detailed comments :
          The last element in the constraint, components, is of type SET OF Component where Component is
NOTE:
          structured data of some type.
```

If the constraint is a receive constraint (as in table 8) the corresponding matching value is assigned by using SUPERSET. The key-word SUPERSET has an argument that is type compatible with the type definition of that field. In table 8, the element named *components* is defined as "SET OF Component" and this implies that the argument to SUPERSET should be of type SET OF Component. This is achieved the same way as for send constraints, enclosing the value in curly brackets.

The semantic of SUPERSET is stated in ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], subclause 11.6.4.7. In short it defines the semantic as follows: "A value that uses SUPERSET matches the incoming value if, and only if, the incoming value contains at least all of the elements defined within the SUPERSET, and may contain more elements". This is exactly the semantic definition used in this ATS.

#### 6.2.2.1 Specification of encoding rules

At the time of specifying this ATS the mechanisms related to encoding of ASN.1 types, specified in DAM-2 of ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], were not yet stable. Nevertheless as there is a variation in the encoding rules as applied to ASN.1 types and constraints specified in this ATS, a mechanism is used to differentiate the different encoding rules. Given the non-finalized status of DAM-2, a solution which is broadly in the spirit of DAM-2 has been created. Comment fields have been used as a means of including the encoding rules.

For ASN.1 used in this ATS, two variations of encoding rules are used. One is the commonly known Basic Encoding Rules (BER) as specified in CCITT Recommendation X.209 [11]. In the second case the encoding is according to ISDN, i.e. the ASN.1 data types are a representation of structures contained within the ISDN specification (basic call, Generic functional protocol or individual supplementary service). For example, if octets of an information element are specified in ASN.1 as a SEQUENCE then this should be encoded in an Executable Test Suite (ExTS) as any other ISDN information element specified using tabular TTCN. This ISDN encoding variation is the default encoding rule for this ATS. This means that all ASN.1 constraint tables are encoded using ISDN (non-BER) encoding unless stated otherwise. BER encoding should never be applied to an ASN.1 constraint where BER encoding has not been specified.

For BER encoding, an indication is given in the comments field of the table header. For this ATS such indications appear in the ASN.1 type constraint declaration tables only. In the first line of the table header comment field, the notation "ASN1\_Encoding: *BER*" is used.

Note that within BER, there are a number of variations for the encoding of lengths of fields. According to EN 300 196-1 [4], an IUT should be able to interpret all length forms within BER for received PDUs. When sending PDUs containing BER encoding, EN 300 196-1 [4] gives guidelines but makes no restrictions on the length forms within BER which an IUT may apply.

In relation to components sent by the tester to the IUT, implementers of this ATS shall use a variety of length forms such that at least one of each of the length forms is sent to the IUT during a test campaign. The variations of length forms to be used are indefinite, short definite and long definite.

In this particular ATS all ASN.1 type constraints which are of type "Component" are to be encoded using BER.

Table 9: ASN.1 type constraint declaration showing use of encoding variation

```
ASN.1 Type Constraint Declaration
Constraint Name
                  Beg3PTYinv
ASN.1 Type
                 : Component
Derivation Path :
Comments
                : ASN1_Encoding: BER
                                      Begin3PTY invoke component
                  Receive component:
                                             Description
begin3PTY_Components
  begin3PTY_InvokeComp
    { invokeID
                          localValue
                                         4 }
      operation_value
Detailed comments :
```

## 6.2.3 ASP type constraint declaration

#### 6.2.3.1 ASN.1 ASP type constraint declaration

No ASN.1 ASP type constraint declaration exists in this ATS.

#### 6.2.3.2 TTCN ASP type constraint declaration

For TTCN ASP constraint declarations there is a one-to-one relationship between its type and the constraint. That is, there is only one constraint for each TTCN ASP Type Declaration. The reason for this is that the ASPs are used only for carrying a specific PDU value. The many ASP constraints (and types) could have been avoided by using the meta type **PDU**, but that was not suitable as values inside a specific PDU have to be referenced. To reference elements inside a value of meta type **PDU** is not allowed according to ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7], so each ASP has to be defined as having a parameter of a specific PDU type.

In all ASP constraints the embedded PDU constraint is either chained static or "semi-dynamic". That is, the PDU constraint is always fixed to a specific ASP constraint but it (the PDU) may be parameterized.

All ASP constraints have a specific value for its parameter. No matching symbols are used in ASPs.

## 6.2.4 PDU type constraint declaration

#### 6.2.4.1 ASN.1 PDU type constraint declaration

No ASN.1 PDU type constraint declaration exists in this ATS.

#### 6.2.4.2 TTCN PDU type constraint declaration

PDU constraints are used for assigning values or patterns to the data being sent or received.

## 6.2.5 Chaining of constraints

#### 6.2.5.1 Static chaining

Static chaining, that is a fixed reference to a specific constraint, is used in this ATS. The static chaining is used for static binding of both variables and sub-structures.

#### 6.2.5.2 Dynamic chaining

Dynamic chaining is achieved when having a reference to a value which is unknown. The only thing known (before run-time) is the type of that reference. The reference is passed as a parameter. Strict dynamic chaining is not used in this ATS. What is used is something that is called "semi-dynamic chaining". The definition of semi-dynamic chaining is that the fixed reference is parameterized with an unknown value. That value is received as a parameter.

Table 10: TTCN ASP constraint declaration A\_RST1

|                               | TTCN ASP Constraint Dec | laration   |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| Constraint Name : A_RST1(FLAG | : INTEGER)              |            |
| ASN.1 Type : DL_DAT_IN_R      | ESTARTr                 |            |
| Derivation Path :             |                         |            |
| Comments :                    |                         |            |
| Parameter Name                | Parameter Value         | e Comments |
| mun                           | RST1(FLAG)              | RST1(FLAG) |
| Detailed comments :           |                         |            |

Table 10 is an example of semi-dynamic chaining. The TTCN ASP constraint is parameterized with an INTEGER value named FLAG. That value is passed further down in the structure as a parameter to a static named PDU constraint reference.

#### 6.2.6 Derived constraints

No derivation of any constraints is used. All constraints are considered to be base constraints.

#### 6.2.7 Parameterized constraints

Parameterized constraints are used in this ATS.

### 6.2.8 Value assignment

#### 6.2.8.1 Specific values

For specific value assignment both explicit values and references to explicit values are used.

#### 6.2.8.2 Matching values

As matching values the following mechanisms are used:

- Instead of Value:
  - -AnyOrOmit "\*"
  - -AnyValue "?"
  - -SuperSet SUPERSET
  - -Omit "-"
- Inside value:
  - -AnyOne "?"
  - -AnyOrNone "\*"

# 6.3 Dynamic part

#### 6.3.1 Test cases

Each test case contains the test purpose text from EN 300 195-3 [3]. To be able to read and understand the test case dynamic behaviour it is recommended that the test steps are understood first.

## 6.3.2 Test steps

Much use has been made of test steps to avoid needless repetition of dynamic behaviour. Many test steps are based on those used for the ISDN basic call ATS.

#### 6.3.3 Defaults

Note the use of the RETURN statement which is defined in DAM1 of ISO/IEC 9646-3 [7]. This allows valid background behaviour to be handled in the default tree with a possibility to return to the original set of alternatives in the test case.

# 7 ATS to TP map

The identifiers used for the TPs are reused as test case names. Thus there is a straightforward one-to-one mapping.

## 8 PCTR conformance

A test laboratory, when requested by a client to produce a PCTR, is required, as specified in ISO/IEC 9646-5 [9], to produce a PCTR conformant with the PCTR template given in annex B of ISO/IEC 9646-5 [9].

Furthermore, a test laboratory, offering testing for the ATS specification contained in annex C, when requested by a client to produce a PCTR, is required to produce a PCTR conformant with the PCTR proforma contained in annex A of the present document.

A PCTR which conforms to this PCTR proforma specification shall preserve the content and ordering of the clauses contained in annex A. Clause A.6 of the PCTR may contain additional columns. If included, these shall be placed to the right of the existing columns. Text in italics may be retained by the test laboratory.

# 9 PIXIT conformance

A test realizer, producing an executable test suite for the ATS specification contained in annex C, is required, as specified in ISO/IEC 9646-4 [8], to produce an augmented partial PIXIT proforma conformant with this partial PIXIT proforma specification.

An augmented partial PIXIT proforma which conforms to this partial PIXIT proforma specification shall, as a minimum, have contents which are technically equivalent to annex B. The augmented partial PIXIT proforma may contain additional questions that need to be answered in order to prepare the Means Of Testing (MOT) for a particular IUT.

A test laboratory, offering testing for the ATS specification contained in annex C, is required, as specified in ISO/IEC 9646-5 [9], to further augment the augmented partial PIXIT proforma to produce a PIXIT proforma conformant with this partial PIXIT proforma specification.

A PIXIT proforma which conforms to this partial PIXIT proforma specification shall, as a minimum, have contents which are technically equivalent to annex B. The PIXIT proforma may contain additional questions that need to be answered in order to prepare the test laboratory for a particular IUT.

## 10 ATS conformance

The test realizer, producing MOT and ExTS for this ATS specification, shall comply with the requirements of ISO/IEC 9646-4 [8]. In particular, these concern the realization of an ExTS based on each ATS. The test realizer shall provide a statement of conformance of the MOT to this ATS specification.

An ExTS which conforms to this ATS specification shall contain test groups and test cases which are technically equivalent to those contained in the ATS in annex C. All sequences of test events comprising an abstract test case shall be capable of being realized in the executable test case. Any further checking which the test system might be capable of performing is outside the scope of this ATS specification and shall not contribute to the verdict assignment for each test case.

Test laboratories running conformance test services using this ATS shall comply with ISO/IEC 9646-5 [9].

A test laboratory which claims to conform to this ATS specification shall use an MOT which conforms to this ATS.

# Annex A (normative): Protocol Conformance Test Report (PCTR) proforma

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the PCTR proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed PCTR.

# A.1 Identification summary

## A.1.1 Protocol conformance test report

| PCTR number:                    |  |
|---------------------------------|--|
| PCTR date:                      |  |
| Corresponding SCTR number:      |  |
| Corresponding SCTR date:        |  |
| Test laboratory identification: |  |
| Test laboratory manager:        |  |
| Signature:                      |  |

## A.1.2 IUT identification

| Name:                    |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| Version:                 |              |
| Protocol specification:  | EN 300 195-1 |
| PICS:                    |              |
| Previous PCTRs (if any): |              |

# A.1.3 Testing environment

| PIXIT Reference number:              |   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ATS Specification:                   | EN 300 195-4                            |
| Abstract Test Method:                | Remote test method (see ISO/IEC 9646-2) |
| Means of Testing identification:     |   |
| Dates of testing:                    |   |
| Conformance log reference(s):        |   |
| Retention date for log reference(s): |   |

# A.1.4 Limits and reservations

| Additional information relevant to the technical contents or further use of the test report, or to the rights and obligations of the test laboratory and the client, may be given here. Such information may include restriction on the publication of the report.   |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| A.1.5 Comments  Additional comments may be given by either the client or the test laboratory on any of the contents of the PCTR, for example, to note disagreement between the two parties.  |  |  |  |
| A.2 IUT conformance status   |  |  |  |
| This IUT has / has not been shown by conformance assessment to be non-conforming to the specified protocol specification.  Strike the appropriate words in this sentence. If the PICS for this IUT is consistent with the static conformance requirements (as specified in clause A.3 of this report) and there are no "FAIL" verdicts to be recorded (in clause A.6) strike the word "has", otherwise strike the words "has not". |  |  |  |
| A.3 Static conformance summary  The PICS for this IUT is / is not consistent with the static conformance requirements in the specified protocol.  Strike the appropriate words in this sentence.   |  |  |  |
| A.4 Dynamic conformance summary  The test campaign did / did not reveal errors in the IUT.  Strike the appropriate words in this sentence. If there are no "FAIL" verdicts to be recorded (in clause A.6 of this report) strike the word "did", otherwise strike the words "did not".  Summary of the results of groups of tests:  |  |  |  |

# A.5 Static conformance review report

| If clause A.3 indicates non-conformance, this clause itemizes the mismatches between the PICS and the static conformance requirements of the specified protocol specification. |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|
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# A.6 Test campaign report

| ATS reference  | Selected?<br>(Y/N) | Run?<br>(Y/N) | Verdict | Observations |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| SSI_U02_01_001 | , ,                |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_02_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U02_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U03_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_02_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_03_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_03_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_03_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U04_03_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U05_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U05_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U05_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U06_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U06_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U06_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U07_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U07_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U07_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U09_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U09_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U09_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U11_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U13_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U14_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U15_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U16_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U16_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U16_03_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U17_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| 001_020_02_001 |                    |               |         | i            |

| ATS reference  | Selected?<br>(Y/N) | Run?<br>(Y/N) | Verdict | Observations |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| SSI_U20_02_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_005 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_006 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U20_02_007 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_005 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_006 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U23_01_007 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_005 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_006 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U26_01_007 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_005 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_006 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U29_01_007 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U32_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U32_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U32_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U32_02_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U37_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
|                |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U40_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U40_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U41_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U49_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U49_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U49_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U49_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U50_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U50_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U57_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U61_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U61_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U63_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_01_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_01_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_02_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_02_002 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_02_003 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U65_02_004 |                    |               |         |              |
| SSI_U66_01_001 |                    |               |         |              |
| 001_000_01_001 | <u> </u>           | <u> </u>      | 1       | 1            |

| ATS reference  | Selected?<br>(Y/N) | Run?<br>(Y/N) | Verdict | Observations |
|----------------|--------------------|---------------|---------|--------------|
| SSI_U66_01_002 |                    |               |         |              |

| A./        | Observat             | tions                  |                     |               |  |
|------------|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--|
| Additional | information relevant | t to the technical con | tent of the PCTR ar | e given here. |  |
|            |                      |                        |                     |               |  |
|            |                      |                        |                     |               |  |
|            |                      |                        |                     |               |  |
|            |                      |                        |                     |               |  |

# Annex B (normative): Partial PIXIT proforma

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the partial PIXIT proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed PIXIT.

| B.1           | Identification summary       |   |  |  |
|---------------|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| PIXIT numb    | er:                          |   |  |  |
| Test laborato | ry name:                     |   |  |  |
| Date of issue | :                            |   |  |  |
| Issued to:    |                              |   |  |  |
|               |                              |   |  |  |
| B.2           | Abstract tes                 | t suite summary                         |  |  |
| Protocol spec | cification:                  | EN 300 195-1                            |  |  |
| ATS specific  | ation:                       | EN 300 195-4                            |  |  |
| Abstract test | method:                      | Remote test method (see ISO/IEC 9646-2) |  |  |
| B.3           | Test laborat                 | ory                                     |  |  |
| Test laborato | ry identification:           |   |  |  |
| Accreditation | n status of the test service | ;:                                      |  |  |
| Accreditation | ı reference:                 |   |  |  |
| Test laborato | ry manager:                  |   |  |  |
| Test laborato | ry contact:                  |   |  |  |
|               |                              |   |  |  |

| Means of te     | A Client (of the test laboratory)  nt identification:  nt test manager: |  |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Test labora     | tory instructions for completion:                                       |  |
| B.4 Client iden |   |  |
| Client test     | manager:  |  |
| Client cont     | act:  |  |
| Test faciliti   | es required:  |  |
| Name:  Version: | System Under Test (SUT)   |  |
| SCS referen     |   |  |
|                 | onfiguration:   |  |
| Operating s     | system identification:  |  |
| IUT identif     | ication:  |  |
| PICS (all la    | nyers):   |  |
| Limitations     | of the SUT:   |  |
| Environme       | ntal conditions:  |  |

# B.6 Protocol information

## B.6.1 Protocol identification

Specification reference: EN 300 195-1

Protocol version:

PICS reference:

NOTE: The PICS reference should reference a completed PICS which is conformant with the PICS proforma

contained in EN 300 195-2.

## B.6.2 Parameter values

**Table B.1: Parameter values** 

| Item | Question  | Supported?<br>(Y/N) | Allowed values | Value |
|------|---|---------------------|----------------|-------|
| 1.1  | Does the IUT support Basic Access?  |                     | N/A            | N/A   |
| 1.2  | What length of Call Reference value is used?  |                     | 1, 2           |       |
| 1.3  | Does the IUT support requirements at the coincident S and T reference point?  |                     |                |       |
| 1.4  | Does the IUT support requirements for interworking with private ISDNs at the T reference point?                                 |                     |                |       |
| 1.5  | What is the Multiple Subscriber Number (MSN) of the served user of type PartyNumber?  |                     |                |       |
| 1.6  | What is the controlling user's MSN number to be included in the controllingUserNr parameter of MWI service of type PartyNumber? |                     |                |       |
| 1.7  | What is the receiving user's MSN number to be included in the receivingUserNr parameter of MWI service of type PartyNumber?     |                     |                |       |
| 1.8  | Number of served user of type Number Digits?  | •                   |                |       |
| 1.9  | Subaddress of served user of type Octetstring?  | ·                   |                |       |

# B.6.3 Actions required to invoke supplementary services

Table B.2: Actions required to invoke supplementary services

| Item | Action: What actions, if possible, have to be taken to invoke the | Supported?<br>(Y/N) | Stimulus (action taken) |
|------|---|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 2.1  | CD supplementary service?   |                     |                         |
| 2.2  | CFB supplementary service?  |                     |                         |
| 2.3  | CFNR supplementary service?                                       |                     |                         |
| 2.4  | CFU supplementary service?  |                     |                         |
| 2.5  | CUG supplementary service?  |                     |                         |

# B.6.4 Actions required to activate supplementary services

Table B.3: Actions required to activate supplementary services

| Item | Action: What actions, if possible, have to be taken to                           | Supported?<br>(Y/N) | Stimulus (action taken) |
|------|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
|      | activate the   | , ,                 |                         |
| 3.1  | UUS service 1 implicit supplementary service?                                    |                     |                         |
| 3.2  | UUS service 1 explicit supplementary service?                                    |                     |                         |
| 3.3  | UUS service 2 explicit supplementary service?                                    |                     |                         |
| 3.4  | UUS service 3 explicit supplementary service during call establishment?          |                     |                         |
| 3.5  | UUS service 3 explicit supplementary service during the active call state (U10)? |                     |                         |
| 3.6  | CCBS supplementary service?  |                     |                         |
| 3.7  | AOC-S supplementary service in a SETUP message?                                  |                     |                         |
| 3.8  | AOC-D supplementary service in a SETUP message?                                  |                     |                         |
| 3.9  | AOC-E supplementary service in a SETUP message?                                  |                     |                         |
| 3.10 | OCB service?   |                     |                         |
| 3.11 | MWI service?   |                     |                         |
| 3.12 | CCNR supplementary service?  |                     |                         |

# B.6.5 Actions required to provoke the IUT

Table B.4: Actions required to provoke the IUT

| Item | Action: What actions, if possible, have to be taken to provoke the IUT to  | Supported?<br>(Y/N) | Stimulus (action taken) |
|------|--|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 4.1  | send a FACILITY message invoking AOC-S supplementary service in the active call state (U10)?                                   |                     |                         |
| 4.2  | send a FACILITY message invoking AOC-D supplementary service in the active call state (U10)?                                   |                     |                         |
| 4.3  | send a FACILITY message invoking AOC-E supplementary service in the active call state (U10)?                                   |                     |                         |
| 4.4  | send an ALERTing message with a UserUserService return result component for UUS1 service?                                      |                     |                         |
| 4.5  | send a DisableOcb invoke component?  |                     |                         |
| 4.6  | perform a CCNR interrogation of a specific multiple subscriber number?   |                     |                         |
| 4.7  | perform a CCBS interrogation of a specific multiple subscriber number?   |                     |                         |
| 4.8  | establish the CCNR call  |                     |                         |
| 4.9  | establish the CCBS call  |                     |                         |
| 4.10 | subscribe to CCBS the specific recall option?  |                     |                         |
| 4.11 | subscribe to CCBS the global recall option?  |                     |                         |
| 4.12 | divert and incoming call within or beyond the private ISDN and to request partial rerouting for that call (Diversion service)? |                     |                         |
| 4.13 | send a HOLD message?   |                     |                         |
| 4.14 | send a RETRIEVE message?   |                     |                         |
| 4.15 | deactivate the MWI service?  |                     |                         |

# B.6.6 Options supported by the IUT

Table B.5: Options supported by the IUT

| Item | Action: Does the IUT   | Supported?<br>(Y/N) |
|------|--|---------------------|
| 5.1  | subscribe to the CCBS specific recall option?  |                     |
| 5.2  | support the CCBS request retention option?   |                     |
| 5.3  | support the Diversion procedures where a call is diverted within or beyond the private ISDN and partial rerouting takes place? |                     |
| 5.4  | support the ECT explicit linkage procedures?   |                     |
| 5.5  | support the OCB user controlled (OCB-UC) service?  |                     |
| 5.6  | support the OCB fixed (OCB-F) service?   |                     |
| 5.7  | support 2 calls at a time (one in the Idle and one in the Call Held auxiliary state)?  |                     |
| 5.8  | support 3 calls at a time (two in the Idle and one in the Call Held auxiliary state)?  |                     |

# B.6.7 Timer values

**Table B.6: Timer values** 

| lte   | em                | Action: Give a value for the timer that is used to  | Supported?<br>(Y/N)                           |
|-------|-------------------|---|---|
| 6.1   |                   | wait for the test operator to perform an implicit send action (TWAIT)   |   |
| 6.2   |                   | wait for the IUT to respond to a stimulus sent by the   |   |
|       |                   | tester (TAC)  |   |
| 6.3   |                   | control that the IUT does not respond to a stimulus sent by the tester (TNOAC)  |   |
| NOTE: | timers.<br>depend | provider may fill in a value range rather than a fixed value During test execution the test laboratory will choose specific ant on the means of testing used. These specific values may be the ILIT provider, if this is necessary for achieving so | c values for the timers ay even be beyond the |

#### Basic call PIXIT items B.7

#### Parameter values - information element codings B.7.1

**Table B.7: Codings of information elements** 

| Item       | Information element:  | Supported?         | Value                              |  |  |
|------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
|            | provide, if possible,   | (Y/N)              |                                    |  |  |
| N1.1       | a coding of a Bearer Capability information   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | element, which the IUT is compatible with, for  |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | the purpose of accepting received SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages and which may be used in SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages to be transmitted  |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.2       | a coding of a High layer compatibility information  |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | element, which the IUT is compatible with, for  |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | the purpose of accepting received SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages and which may be used in SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages to be transmitted  |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.3       | a coding of a Low layer compatibility information   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | element, which the IUT is compatible with, for  |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | the purpose of accepting received SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages and which may be used in SETUP   |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | messages to be transmitted  |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.4       | a Called party number information element, which the IUT is compatible with, for                          |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.4.1     | served user access  |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.4.2     | first remote user access  |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.5       | preferred channel number to be used for the purpose of accepting received SETUP messages, for             |                    |                                    |  |  |
|            | (note 1)  | . •                |                                    |  |  |
| N1.5.1     | single call at served user side   |                    |                                    |  |  |
| N1.5.2     | second call at served user side   |                    |                                    |  |  |
| NOTE 1: If | tems N1.5.1 to N1.5.2 are applicable for primary rate   | access only.       |                                    |  |  |
| NOTE 2: A  | As this is a general table used for all supplementary services, all items N1.4.1 to N1.4.2, and N1.5.1 to |                    |                                    |  |  |
| l 1        | V1.5.2 (if primary rate access is supported), are not a   | always required, b | ut should be supplied if possible. |  |  |

# Annex C (normative): Abstract Test Suite (ATS)

This ATS has been produced using the Tree and Tabular Combined Notation (TTCN) according to ISO/IEC 9646-3.

The ATS was developed on a separate TTCN software tool and therefore the TTCN tables are not completely referenced in the table of contents. The ATS itself contains a test suite overview part which provides additional information and references (see also annex D).

# C.1 The TTCN Graphical form (TTCN.GR)

The TTCN.GR representation of this ATS is contained in an Adobe Portable Document Format<sup>™</sup> file (sp513841.PDF contained in archive en\_30019504v010201v0.ZIP) which accompanies the present document.

# C.2 The TTCN Machine Processable form (TTCN.MP)

The TTCN.MP representation corresponding to this ATS is contained in an ASCII file (sp513841.MP contained in archive en\_30019504v010201v0.ZIP) which accompanies the present document.

NOTE: Where an ETSI Abstract Test Suite (in TTCN) is published in both .GR and .MP format these two forms shall be considered equivalent. In the event that there appears to be syntactical or semantic differences between the two then the problem shall be resolved and the erroneous format (whichever it is) shall be corrected.

# Annex D (informative): General structure of ATS

This annex gives a simple listing of the order of types of tables which appear in a typical supplementary service ATS. This is intended as an aid in helping readers find particular sections quickly.

#### **Test Suite Overview**

Test Suite Structure

Test Case Index

Test Step Index

Default Index

#### **Declarations Part**

Simple Type Definitions

Structured Type Definitions

**ASN.1 Type Definitions** 

**Test Suite Operation Definitions** 

**Test Suite Parameter Declarations** 

**Test Case Selection Expression Definitions** 

**Test Suite Constant Declarations** 

Test Case Variable Declarations

**PCO** Declarations

Co-ordination Point Declarations

Timer Declarations

**Test Component Declarations** 

**Test Components Configuration Declarations** 

TTCN ASP Type Definition

TTCN PDU Type Definition

TTCN CM Type Definition

Alias Definitions

#### **Constraints Part**

Structured Type Constraint Declarations

ASN.1 Type Constraint Declarations

TTCN ASP Constraint Declarations

TTCN PDU Constraint Declarations

TTCN CM Constraint Declarations

#### **Dynamic Part**

Test Case Dynamic Behaviour

Test Step Dynamic Behaviour

Default Dynamic Behaviour

# History

| Document history |                |                              |                                       |  |  |
|------------------|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Edition 1        | April 1998     | Publication as ETS 300 195-4 |                                       |  |  |
| V1.2.1           | April 2000     | Public Enquiry               | PE 20000804: 2000-04-05 to 2000-08-04 |  |  |
| V1.2.1           | September 2000 | Vote                         | V 20001103: 2000-09-04 to 2000-11-03  |  |  |
|                  |                |                              |                                       |  |  |
|                  |                |                              |                                       |  |  |