

Standards for TSPs issuing certificates ETSI EN 319 401/411/412

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01.06.2021

Trust service issuing certificates: Policy and security requirements

- ♥ ETSI EN 319 401 General Policy Requirements for Trust Service Providers
 - ♥ TSP documentation
 - ▼ TSP management & operation (HR, physical security, network security, business continuity & incident management, termination of service)

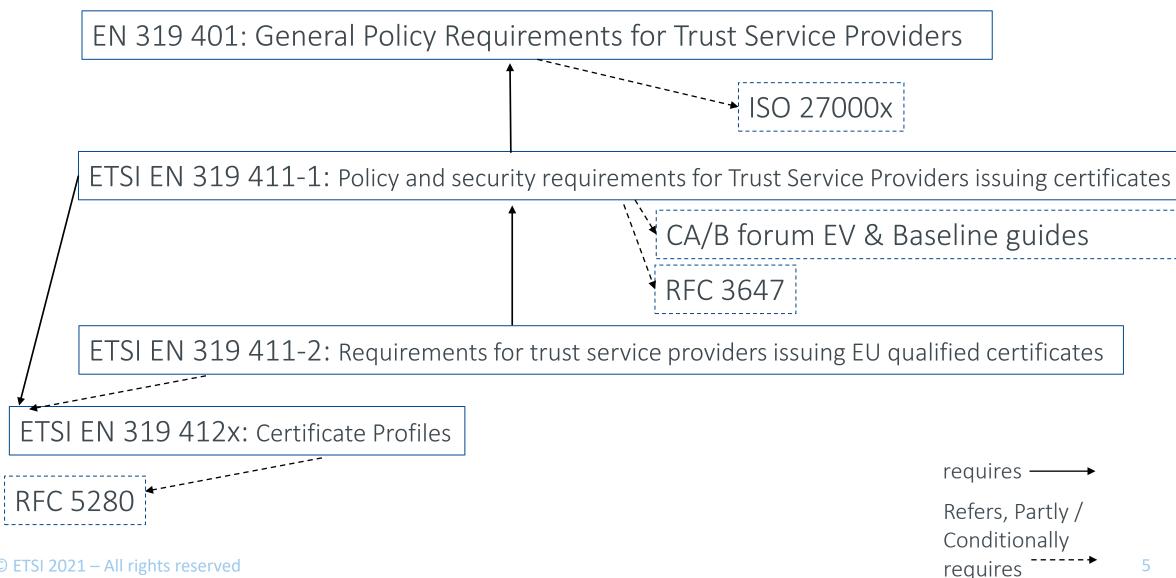
Trust service issuing certificates: Policy and security requirements

- ♥ ETSI EN 319 411-2: Policy and security requirements for Trust Service Providers issuing certificates; Part 2: Requirements for trust service providers issuing EU qualified certificates
 - Reference CPs: QCP-I, QCP- n, QCP-I-qscd, QCP-n-qscd, QCP-w, for the issuance, maintenance and life-cycle management of qualified certificates issued to natural persons (including natural persons associated with a legal person), to legal persons and websites
 - ✓ Level aligned on NCP and additional requirements for EU qualified certificates. E.g. information on revocation status kept beyond certificate expiry, qCstatement as per EN 319 412-5
- ♥ ETSI TR 119 411-4: Checklist for TSPs issuing certificates (with filters to sort per CP, e.g.)

Trust service issuing certificates: Certificate Profiles

- ♥ EN 319 412-1: Part 1: Overview and common data structures.
 - ♥ Based on RFC 5280
- ♥ EN 319 412-2: Part 2: Certificate profile for certificates issued to natural persons.
 - ♥ DN, KU combination, etc.
- ♥ EN 319 412-3: Part 3: Certificate profile for certificates issued to legal persons
- ♥ EN 319 412-4: Part 4: Certificate profile for web site certificates
- ♥ EN 319 412-5: Part 5: QCStatements
 - ♥ E.g. to advertise a certificate is EU-qualified or issued under another legal context, stored on a QSCD, for eSeal, etc.

Trust service issuing certificates



Trust service issuing certificates

- The above EN provides technical criteria for TSP issuing certificates. Specification for audit(or) are provided in other EN (presented by M. Fiedler)
- - ♥ Open to other than European context
 - Support for short-term certificate, i.e. "certificate whose validity period, i.e. the period of time from notBefore through notAfter, inclusive, is shorter than the maximum time to process a revocation request as specified in the certificate practice statement"
 - W No obligation for a 'revocation service' (i.e. call desk), no obligation for both OCSP and CRL.





Certification Policy and Certificate Profiles for Open Banking.

Arno Fiedler, Nimbus Technologieberatung GmbH



Motivation for TS 119 495

Article 34

Revised Payment Services Directive (PSD2, Directive (EU) 2015/2366)

Certificates

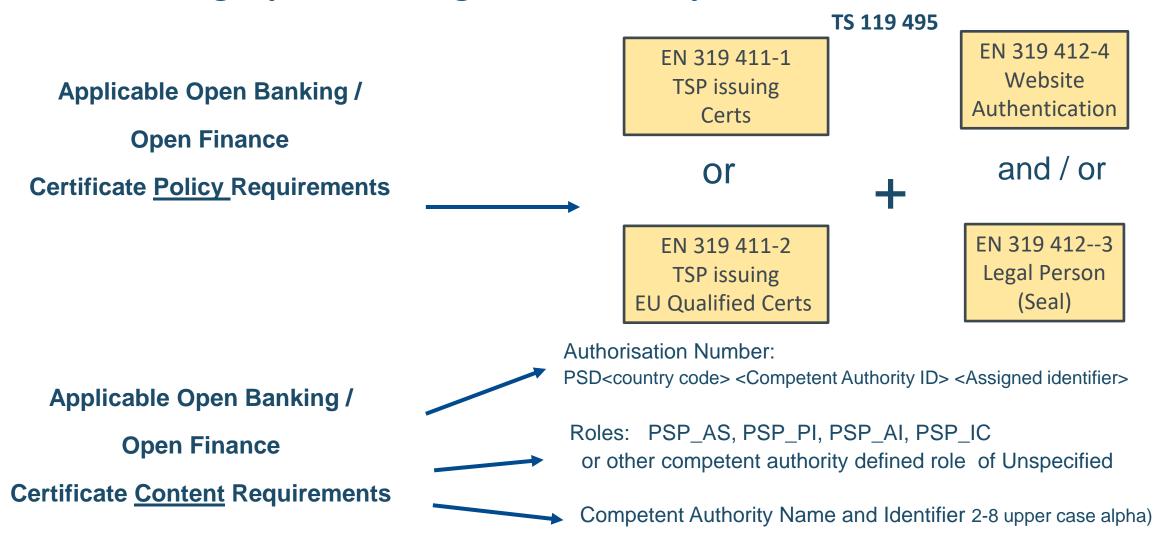
- 1. For the purpose of identification, as referred to in Article 30(1)(a), payment service providers shall rely on qualified certificates for electronic seals as referred to in Article 3(30) of Regulation (EU) No 910/2014 or for website authentication as referred to in Article 3(39) of that Regulation.
- The Technical Specification defines the branch specific requirements for Trust Service Provider issuing qualified seals and website certificates to payment service provider.
- The purpose is to prove origin and authenticity of transactions.

ETSI TS 119 495 V1.5.1 (2021-04)



Electronic Signatures and Infrastructures (ESI);
Sector Specific Requirements;
Certificate Profiles and TSP Policy Requirements
for Open Banking

Meeting Open Banking / Finance requirements in TS 119 495



New in 2021: JAdES digital <u>signature</u> specification supports implementation (see ETSI TS 119 182-1)





Many thanks!

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Arno Fiedler