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Release independent frequency bands;
Implementation guidelines
(3GPP TS 05.14 version 7.1.0 Release 1998)



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Foreword

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- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

1 Scope

The present document deals with implementation guidelines. SMG has accepted that Band of Operation may be independent of Release. This approach provides the flexibility that is needed when new frequency bands are being standardised. However in a case where frequency band is considered release independent it is seen necessary to give instructions for implementation. The release independence of frequency band may be applied to any band of operation. As an example GSM 400 system is specified in Release 99. When operating GSM 400 is using Information Elements that are based on Release 99 while the other bands of operation e.g. DCS 1800 or GSM 900 may use Information Elements that are based on earlier Releases. For compatibility point of view it is necessary to instruct in implementation issues.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3G TS 24.008: "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Core Network; Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Core Network Protocols Stage 3, Release 1999".
- [2] GSM 04.18: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification, Radio Resource Control Protocol, Release 1999".
- [3] GSM 05.10: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase2+); Radio Subsystem Synchronization, Release 1999".
- [4] GSM 04.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase2+); Layer 1; General requirements, Release 1999".
- [5] GSM 05.05: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase2+); Radio transmission and reception, Release 1999".
- [6] GSM 03.22: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase2+); Functions related to Mobile Station (MS) in idle mode and group receive mode, Release 1999".
- [7] GSM 05.08: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase2+); Radio subsystem link control, Release 1999".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

Unless listed below, all definitions, symbols and abbreviations used in the present document are listed in documents referenced in clause 2.

4 GSM400 MS Independent of Release

GSM400 system is defined as release independent frequency band. This approach aligns GSM400 band with other frequency bands when considering features that have to be supported in different releases. However there exists requirements that have to be implemented independent of release MS states to support.

A mobile station supporting GSM400 shall implement following requirements:

- support of Extended Timing Advance as specified in GSM 04.04 [4], GSM 05.10 [3] and as stated in clause 4.1.4 of the present document;
- comply with the RF-requirements specified in GSM 05.05 [5] for GSM400;
- comply with the requirements for PLMN and cell searching specified in GSM 03.22 [6] and GSM 05.08 [7];
- indicate the Classmark 1, Classmark 2 and Classmark3 as specified in clauses 4.1.1, 4.1.2 and 4.1.3;
- indicate the MS Radio Access Capability as specified in clause 4.1.5;
- support Band Indicator bit as specified in clause 4.1.6.

4.1 R'98 GSM400 MS

This clause presents the contents of appropriate information elements as they shall be used in a case where GSM400 MS states conformancy with Release 1998. It should be noted that information elements presented are of Release 1999. This is due to fact that GSM 400 is standardised in Release 1999 or later.

4.1.1 Mobile Station Classmark 1 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The *Mobile Station Classmark 1* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.5/TS 24.008 and table 10.5.5/TS 24.008.

The *Mobile Station Classmark 1* is a type 3 information element with 2 octets length.

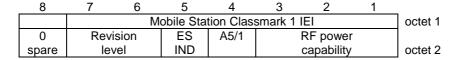


Figure 10.5.5/TS 24.008: Mobile Station Classmark 1 information element

The field of interest is Revision level. R'98 GSM 400 MS shall indicate phase 2 support with the bit pattern '01'.

4.1.2 Mobile Station Classmark 2 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The *Mobile Station Classmark 2* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.6/TS 24.008, table 10.5.6a/TS 24.008 and table 10.5.6b/TS 24.008.

The Mobile Station Classmark 2 is a type 4 information element with 5 octets length.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
		N	lobile sta	ation classmark 2 IEI				octet 1
	Length of mobile station classmark 2 contents							
0	Rev	vision	ES	A5/1				
spare	le	evel	IND			octet 3		
0	PS	SS Screen.		SM ca	VBS	VGCS	FC	
spare	capa.	Indica	ator	pabi.				octet 4
CM3	0	LCSVA	UCS2	SoLSA	CMSP	A5/3	A5/2]
	spare	CAP						octet 5

NOTE: Owing to backward compatibility problems, bit 8 of octet 4 should not be used unless it is also checked that the bits 8, 7 and 6 of octet 3 are not "0 0 0".

Figure 10.5.6/TS 24.008: Mobile Station Classmark 2 information element

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

For R'98 GSM 400 MS a field of interest is *Revision level*. The coding of that field shall indicate phase 2 support with bit pattern '01'. In a case that MS claims to support *LCSVA* or *SoLSA* then those fields shall be set to '1's, according to the definitions of those parameters. Field *UCS2* shall indicate '0' since it is defined as spare in R'98.

4.1.3 Mobile Station Classmark 3 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The value part of a MS Classmark 3 information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.7/TS 24.008 and table 10.5.7/TS 24.008.

NOTE: The 14 octet limit is so that the CLASSMARK CHANGE message will fit in one layer 2 frame.

SEMANTIC RULE: a multiband mobile station shall provide information about all frequency bands it can support. A single band mobile station shall not indicate the band it supports in the *Multiband Supported*, *GSM 400 Bands Supported*, *GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability* or PCS 1900 Associated Radio Capability fields in the MS Classmark 3. Due to shared radio frequency channel numbers between DCS 1800 and PCS 1900, the mobile should indicate support for either DCS 1800 band OR PCS 1900 band.

SEMANTIC RULE: a mobile station shall include the MS Measurement Capability field if the *Multi Slot Class* field contains a value of 19 or greater (see GSM 05.02).

Typically, the number of spare bits at the end is the minimum to reach an octet boundary. The receiver may add any number of bits set to "0" at the end of the received string if needed for correct decoding.

```
<Classmark 3 Value part> ::=
<spare bit>
  <Multiband supported: {000}>
              <A5 bits> |
   <Multiband supported: { 101 | 110}>
              <A5 bits>
              <Associated Radio Capability 2: bit(4)>
              <Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4)> |
       <Multiband supported: {001 | 010 | 100 }>
              <A5 bits>
              <spare bit>(4)
              <Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4)> }
      { 0 | 1 < R Support> }
      { 0 | 1 < Multi Slot Capability>}
          <UCS2 treatment: bit>
              <Extended Measurement Capability : bit>
   { 0 | 1 < MS measurement capability> }
   { 0 | 1 < MS Positioning Method Capability> }
   { 0 | 1 < EDGE Multi Slot Capability>}
   {0 | 1 < EDGE Struct>}
   { 0 | 1 < GSM 400 Bands Supported : {01 | 10 | 11}>
              <GSM 400 Associated Radio Capability: bit(4)> }
       {0 | 1 < GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4)>}
       {0 | 1 < PCS 1900 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4)>}
      < UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit>
       < UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit>
       < CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit>
       {0 | 1 <DTM Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2)>
       <MAC Mode Support : bit>
       <EGPRS Support : bit>};
              <spare bit>;
<A5 bits> ::= <A5/7 : bit> <A5/6 : bit> <A5/5 : bit> <A5/4 : bit> ;
<R Support>::=
                 < R-GSM band Associated Radio Capability : bit(3)>;
<Multi Slot Capability> ::=
                 <Multi Slot Class: bit(5)>;
< MS Measurement capability > ::=
                 < SMS_VALUE : bit (4) >
                 < SM_VALUE : bit (4) >;
< MS Positioning Method Capability > ::=
                 < MS Positioning Method : bit(5)>;
<EDGE Multi Slot Capability> ::=
              <EDGE Multi Slot Class : bit(5)>;
<EDGE Struct> : :=
              <Modulation Capability : bit>
          { 0 | 1 < EDGE RF Power Capability 1: bit(2)>}
          { 0 | 1 < EDGE RF Power Capability 2: bit(2)>}
```

Figure 10.5.7/TS 24.008: Mobile Station Classmark 3 information element

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

From R'98 GSM400 MS point of view the relevant field is *GSM 400 Bands Supported*. Bit pattern '01' indicates GSM 480 support, '10' indicates GSM450 support and '11' indicates support for both bands.

If GSM400 MS states to support MS Positioning it shall indicate it with '1' in the field MS Positioning Method Capability and also indicate the supported method in the MS Positioning Method field.

Fields EDGE Multislot Capability, EDGE Struct, GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability, GSM 1900 Associated Radio Capability and DTM Multi Slot Sub-Class shall be indicated not to included to the Classmark 3 IE since they are not defined in Release '98. This is done by setting the indication bit to '0' for each of those mentioned bit structure.

Parameters *UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability*, *UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability*, *CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability* shall be indicated as not supported. This is done by the bit value '0' for each of these parameters.

4.1.4 Timing Advance IE

The *Timing Advance* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.67/GSM 04.18 and table 10.5.81/GSM 04.18 [2].

The *Timing Advance* is a type 3 information element with 2 octets length.

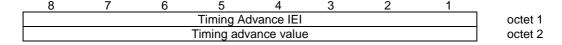


Figure 10.5.67/GSM 04.18 Timing Advance information element

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

In case of MS supporting Release 1998 GSM400 MS uses bits from 1 to 8 in the field *Timing advance value* to indicate timing advance values from 0 to 219. For other bands values from 0 to 63 are used, which means that bits 7 and 8 are set to spare.

4.1.5 MS Radio Access capability

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The value part of a MS RA capability information element is coded a shown table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008.

- SEMANTIC RULE: Among the three Access Type Technologies GSM 900-P, GSM 900-E and GSM 900-R only one shall be present.
- The MS shall indicate supported Access Technology Types, e.g. [450, 480, 900, 1800, UMTS] or [850, 1900]
 MHz bands during a single MM procedure.
- Error handling: If a received Access Technology Type is unknown to the receiver, it shall ignore all the corresponding fields;
- If within a known Access Technology Type a receiver recognizes an unknown field it shall ignore it.
- See more details about error handling of MS radio access capability in 3GPP TS GSM 08.18.
- Due to shared radio frequency channel numbers between 1800 and 1900, the mobile should provide the relevant MS Radio Access capability for either 1800 band OR 1900 band, not both.

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008: Mobile Station Radio Access Capability Information Element

```
< MS Radio Access capability IE > ::=
<MS Radio Access capability IEI: 00100100 >
<Length of MS RA capability: <octet>> -- length in octets of MS RA capability value part and spare bits
<MS RA capability value part : < MS RA capability value part struct >>
<spare bits>**; -- may be used for future enhancements
<MS RA capability value part struct >::= --recursive structure allows any number of Access technologies
< Access Technology Type: bit (4) >
< Access capabilities : <Access capabilities struct> >
\{ 0 \mid 1 < MS \text{ RA capability value part struct} \} ;
< Access capabilities struct > ::=
   < Length: bit (7) > -- length in bits of Content and spare bits
   <Access capabilities : <Content>>
   <spare bits>**; -- expands to the indicated length
           -- may be used for future enhancements
< Content > ::=
   < RF Power Capability : bit (3) >
   \{0 \mid 1 < A5 \text{ bits} : \langle A5 \text{ bits} \rangle \} -- zero means that the same values apply for parameters as in the immediately
preceding Access capabilities field within this IE
   -- The presence of the A5 bits is mandatory in the 1<sup>st</sup> Access capabilities struct within this IE.
   < ES IND : bit >
   < PS : bit >
   < VGCS : bit >
   < VBS : bit >
   \{0 \mid 1 < \text{Multislot capability}: \text{Multislot capability struct} > \}; -- zero means that the same values for multislot
parameters as given in an earlier Access capabilities field within this IE apply also here
   \{0 \mid 1 < 8PSK \text{ Power Capability} : bit(2) > \} - '1' \text{ also means } 8PSK \text{ modulation capability in uplink.} < 1
COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability: bit >
   < Revision Level Indicator : bit >
   < UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
   < UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
   < CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
       -- error: struct too short, assume features do not exist
       -- error: struct too long, ignore data and jump to next Access technology
```

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008 (continued): *Mobile Station Radio Access Capability* Information Element

```
< Multislot capability struct > ::=
    \{0 \mid 1 < \textbf{HSCSD multislot class} : bit (5) > \}
    \{0 \mid 1 < GPRS \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > < GPRS \text{ Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability} : bit > \}
    \{ 0 \mid 1 < SMS_VALUE : bit (4) > < SM_VALUE : bit (4) > \} ;
    \{ 0 \mid 1 < ECSD \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > \}
    \{0 \mid 1 < EGPRS \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > < EGPRS \text{ Extended Dynamic Allocation} \quad Capability : bit > \};
    \{0 \mid 1 < \textbf{DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class}: bit(2)>
       <MAC Mode Support : bit>
       \{0 \mid 1 < DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2)> \};
<A5 bits> ::= < A5/1 : bit> <A5/2 : bit> <A5/3 : bit> <A5/4 : bit> <A5/5 : bit> <A5/6 : bit> <A5/7 : bit> : -- bits for circuit
mode ciphering algorithms
Access Technology Type
This field indicates the access technology type to be associated with the following access capabilities.
Bits
4321
0000
          GSM P
0001
          GSM E --note that GSM E covers GSM P
0010
          GSM R --note that GSM R covers GSM E and GSM P
0011
           GSM 1800
0100
          GSM 1900
0101
          GSM 450
0110
          GSM 480
0111
          GSM 850
All other values are treated as unknown by the receiver.
RF Power Capability
```

This field is coded as radio capability in Classmark 3 for the indicated band: it contains the binary coding of he power class associated (see GSM 05.05 paragraph 4.1 output power and paragraph 4.1.1 Mobile Station).

8PSK Power Capability

This field is coded according to the definition in GSM 05.05. The presence of this field indicates also 8PSK modulation capability in uplink.

A5/1

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/1 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/1 available

A5/2

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/2 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/2 available

A5/3

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/3 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/3 available

A5/4

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/4 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/4 available

A5/5

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/5 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/5 available

A5/6

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/6 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/6 available

A5/7

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/7 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/7 available

ES IND - (Controlled early Classmark Sending)

- 0 "controlled early Classmark Sending" option is not implemented
- "controlled early Classmark Sending" option is implemented

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008 (concluded): Mobile Station Radio Access Capability Information Element

PS – (Pseudo Synchronisation)

- 0 PS capability not present
- 1 PS capability present

VGCS - (Voice Group Call Service)

- 0 no VGCS capability or no notifications wanted
- 1 VGCS capability and notifications wanted.

VBS - (Voice Broadcast Service)

- 0 no VBS capability or no notifications wanted
- 1 VBS capability and notifications wanted

HSCSD Multi Slot Class

The Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM

Range 1 to 18, all other values are reserved.

GPRS Multi Slot Class

The GPRS Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

ECSD Multi Slot Class

The presence of this field indicates ECSD capability. Whether the MS is capable of 8-PSK modulation in uplink is indicated by the presence of 8-PSK Power Capability field. The Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

Range 1 to 18, all other values are reserved.

EGPRS Multi Slot Class

The presence of this field indicates EGPRS capability. Whether the MS is capable of 8-PSK modulation in uplink is indicated by the presence of 8-PSK Power Capability field. The EGPRS Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

GPRS Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability

- Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for GPRS is not implemented
- Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for GPRS is implemented

EGPRS Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability

- Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for EGPRS is not implemented
- Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for EGPRS is implemented

SMS_VALUE (Switch-Measure-Switch) (4 bit field)

The SMS field indicates the time needed for the mobile station to switch from one radio channel to another, perform a neighbor cell power measurement, and the switch from that radio channel to another radio channel. Bits

```
4321
0000
         1/4 timeslot (~144 microseconds)
0001
         2/4 timeslot (~288 microseconds)
         3/4 timeslot (~433 microseconds)
0010
         16/4 timeslot (~2307 microseconds)
```

(SM_VALUE) Switch-Measure (4 bit field)

The SM field indicates the time needed for the mobile station to switch from one radio channel to another and perform a neighbour cell power measurement.

```
Bits
4321
0000
         1/4 timeslot (~144 microseconds)
0001
         2/4 timeslot (~288 microseconds)
         3/4 timeslot (~433 microseconds)
0010
1111
         16/4 timeslot (~2307 microseconds)
```

DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class (2 bit field)

This field indicates the GPRS DTM capabilities of the MS. The GPRS DTM Multi Slot Sub-Class is independent from the Multi Slot Capabilities field.

Bits

- 2 1
- 0 0 Sub-Class 1 supported
- 0 1 Sub-Class 5 supported
- 1 0 Sub-Class 9 supported
- 1 1 Reserved for future extension. If received, the network shall interpret this as '00'

DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class (2 bit field)

This field indicates the EGPRS DTM capabilities of the MS. The DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class is independent from the Multi Slot Capabilities field. This field shall be included only if the mobile station supports EGPRS DTM. This field is coded as the DTM GPRS Multislot Sub-Class field.

MAC Mode Support (1 bit field)

This field indicates whether the MS supports Dynamic and Fixed Allocation or only supports Exclusive Allocation Bits

1

- 0 Dynamic and Fixed Allocation not supported
- 1 Dynamic and Fixed allocation supported

COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability

- 0 COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability is not implemented
- 1 COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability is implemented

Revision Level Indicator(1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 The ME is Release '98 or older
- 1 The ME is Release '99 onwards

UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 UMTS FDD not supported
- 1 UMTS FDD supported

UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 UMTS TDD not supported
- 1 UMTS TDD supported

CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 CDMA2000 not supported
- 1 CDMA2000 supported

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

From R'98 GSM400 MS point of view the relevant field is *Access Technology Type*. Bit pattern '0101' indicates GSM 450 support and bit pattern '0110' indicates GSM 480 support.

Fields 8PSK Power Capability, ECSD multislot class, EGPRS multislot class, DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class and DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class shall be indicated not to included to the Classmark 3 IE since they are not defined in Release '98. This is done by setting the field indication bit to '0'.

Parameters COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability, Revision Level Indicator, UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability, UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability, CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability and MAC Mode Support shall be indicated as not supported. This is done by the bit value '0' for each of these parameters.

4.1.6 System Information Type 1 Rest Octets

Followed information is from GSM 04.18 [2] Release 1999 specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The SI 1 Rest Octets information element is shown in Table 10.5.2.32.1a and Table 10.5.2.32.1b/3GPP TS 04.18.

The SI 1 Rest Octets information element is a type 5 information element with 1 octet length.

Table 10.5.2.32.1a/3GPP TS 04.18: SI1 Rest Octets information element details

BAND_INDICATOR (1 bit)

The band indicator for 1800 and 1900 associates the ARFCN channel numbers to the DCS 1800 respectively to the PCS 1900 band, see 3GPP TS 05.05. The most recently received band indicator value is valid for the whole PLMN.

Table 10.5.2.32.1b/3GPP TS 04.18: SI 1 Rest Octets information element

NCH Position on the CCCH The values in the NCH Position field indicates the block Number of the CCCH block which is used for the First NCH block and the number of blocks used for the NCH. (The block numbering corresponds to table 5 in clause 7 of 3GPP TS 05.02) The absence of the NCH position field indicates that there is no NCH in the cell/on the carrying CCCH slot The following coding applies if 1 or more basic physical channels are used for CCCH, not combined with SDCCHs. Value No of blocks Number of first block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 5 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 3 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 3 0 1 1 1 0 3 2 0 1 1 1 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 4 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 4 1 0 1 0 1 4 3 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 0 0 0 5 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 Other values are reserved for future use. A mobile station receiving a reserved value shall behave as if the NCH position was not present

In the case the CCCH configuration is not compatible with the NCH position (e.g., CCCH with combined SDCCH and the value different from 00000, 00001 or 00111), the mobile station shall behave as if the NCH Position field was not present.

R'98 GSM400 requirements:

From R'98 GSM400 MS point of view the relevant field is *Band Indicator*. Bit pattern '0' indicates band DCS 1800 band and bit '1' indicates PCS 1900 band.

4.2 R'98 GSM400 MS supporting GPRS

This clause presents the contents of appropriate information elements as they shall be used in a case where GSM400 MS states conformancy with Release 1998 and supports GPRS. It should be noted that information elements presented are of Release 1999. This is due to fact that GSM 400 is standardised in Release 1999 or later.

4.2.1 Packet Uplink Assignment IE

Followed information is from GSM 04.18 [2] Release 1999 specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The *RR Packet Uplink Assignment* information element is coded as shown in tables 10.5.60/GSM 04.18 and 10.5.61/GSM 04.18.

The RR Packet Uplink Assignment is a type 4 information element.

Table 10.5.60: RR PACKET UPLINK ASSIGNMENT information element

```
< RR Packet Uplink Assignment IE > ::=
   < LENGTH_IN_OCTETS : bit (8) >
   < CHANNEL_CODING_COMMAND : bit (2) >
   < TLLI_BLOCK_CHANNEL_CODING : bit (1) >
   < Packet Timing Advance : Packet Timing Advance IE >
   {01 < Dynamic Allocation : Dynamic Allocation struct>
   | 10 Single Block Allocation : Single Block Allocation struct>
   | 11 < Fixed Allocation : Fixed Allocation struct>
   | 00 < Exension > 
       \{0 \mid 1 < EGPRS\_MCS\_MODE : bit (4) > 1\}
          < RESEGMENT : bit (1) >
          < EGPRS Window Size : < EGPRS Window Size IE >>}
       \{ 0 \mid 1 < \text{Packet Extended Timing Advance : bit } (2) > \}
< SPARE_BITS : bit** > ;
       <Extension> : := -- Future extension can be done by modifying this structure
       null;
<Dynamic Allocation struct > ::=
       < Extended Dynamic Allocation : bit(1)>
       \{0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{P0} : \text{bit } (4) >
          < PR_MODE : bit (1) > }
       < USF_GRANULARITY : bit (1) >
       \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{UPLINK\_TFI\_ASSIGNMENT} : bit (5) > \}
       \{ 0 \mid 1 < RLC\_DATA\_BLOCKS\_GRANTED : bit (8) > \}
                                          -- Timeslot Allocation
          { 0
          \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN0} : bit (3) > \}
          \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN1} : bit (3) > \}
          \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN2} : bit (3) > \}
```

```
\{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN3} : bit (3) > \}
           \{ 0 \mid 1 < USF\_TN4 : bit (3) > \}
           \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN5} : bit (3) > \}
           \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN6} : bit (3) > \}
           \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN7} : bit (3) > \}
                                           -- Timeslot Allocation with Power Control Parameters
            | 1
                < ALPHA : bit (4) >
                \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN0} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN0 : bit (5) > 
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN1} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN1 : bit (5) > \}
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN2} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN2 : bit (5) > \}
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN3} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN3 : bit (5) > 
                \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN4} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN4 : bit (5) > 
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN5} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN5 : bit (5) > 
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF} \ \mathbf{TN6} : bit (3) > \}
                < GAMMA_TN6 : bit (5) >
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{USF\_TN7} : bit (3) > \}
               < GAMMA_TN7 : bit (5) > \} \};
<Single Block Allocation struct > ::=
               < TIMESLOT_NUMBER : bit (3) >
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < ALPHA : bit (4) > \}
                   < GAMMA_TN : bit (5) > \}
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{P0} : \text{bit } (4) >
                   < BTS_PWR_CTRL_MODE : bit (1) >
               < PR_MODE : bit (1) >  ;
<Fixed Allocation struct > ::=
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{UPLINK\_TFI\_ASSIGNMENT} : bit (5) > \}
               < FINAL_ALLOCATION : bit (1)>
               < DOWNLINK_CONTROL_TIMESLOT: bit(3)>
               \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{P0} : bit (4) \}
                   < BTS_PWR_CTRL_MODE : bit (1) >
               < PR_MODE : bit (1) > }
               \{ 0 < TIMESLOT\_ALLOCATION : bit (8) > \}
                   | 1 < Power Control Parameters : Power Control Parameters IE > }
               < HALF_DUPLEX_MODE : bit (1) >
```

Editors note: This IE has a number of differences to the contents of the PACKET UPLINK ASSIGNMENT message described in GSM 04.60:

- the PAGE_MODE is not included because this IE is sent on a DCCH, not on the PCH/AGCH;
- the Referenced Address is not included because this IE is sent in a dedicated mode message and hence has only one intended recipient;
- the CONTENTION_RESOLUTION_TLLI is not included because this IE is sent after dedicated mode contention resolution;
- the GSM 04.60 Frequency Parameters are not included because the dedicated mode message(s) carry this information in other information elements (eg Mobile Allocation);
- the TBF_STARTING_TIME is not included because it duplicates the information in the *Starting Time* IE;
- the ALLOCATION_REFERENCE is not included because this IE is in a message sent in dedicated mode using a reliable data link.

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

From R'98 GSM400 point of view the relevant fields of interest are *EGPRS_MCS_MODE*, *RESEGMENT*, *EGPRS Window Size* and *Packet Extended Timing Advance*. These all are defined as spare in R'98 specification. However in case of GSM400 MS that states conformancy with Release 98 all other mentioned fields shall be left out from the Packet Uplink Assignment by indicating with '0' that the following structures are not included, but the *Packet Extended Timing Advance* field shall be indicated according to intended timing advance value.

4.2.2 RR Packet Downlink Assignment IE

The RR Packet Downlink Assignment information element is coded as shown in tables 10.5.62/GSM 04.18 and 10.5.63/GSM 04.18.

The RR Packet Downlink Assignment is a type 4 information element.

For a mobile station assigned to operate in the fixed allocation MAC mode, the network may assign regularly repeating intervals during which the mobile station shall measure neighbour cell power levels.

Table 10.5.62: RR PACKET DOWNLINK ASSIGNMENT information element

```
< RR Packet Downlink Assignment IE > ::=
   < LENGTH_IN_OCTETS : bit (8) >
   < MAC_MODE : bit (2) >
   < RLC_MODE : bit (1) >
   < TIMESLOT ALLOCATION : bit (8) >
         < Packet Timing Advance : Packet Timing Advance IE >
   \{ 0 \mid 1 < \mathbf{P0} : bit (4) >
      < BTS_PWR_CTRL_MODE : bit(1) >
      < PR_MODE : bit (1) >}}
   { 0 | 1 < Power Control Parameters : Power Control Parameters IE > }
   \{ 0 \mid 1 < DOWNLINK_TFI_ASSIGNMENT: bit (5) > \}
   { 0 | 1 < MEASUREMENT_STARTING_TIME : bit (16) >
         < MEASUREMENT_INTERVAL : bit (5) >
         < MEASUREMENT_BITMAP : bit (8) > }
  { 0 | 1-- indicates EGPRS TBF mode, see 04.60
         < EGPRS Window Size : < EGPRS Window Size IE >>}
          < LINK_QUALITY_MEASUREMENT_MODE : bit (2)>}
   { 0 | 1 < Packet Extended timing Advance : bit (2)> }
   < SPARE_BITS: bit **>;
```

Editors note: This IE has a number of differences to the contents of the PACKET DOWNLINK ASSIGNMENT message described in GSM 04.60:

- the PAGE_MODE is not included because this IE is sent on a DCCH not on the PCH/AGCH:
- Referenced Address is not included because this IE is sent in a dedicated mode message and hence has only one intended recipient.
- the GSM 04.60 Frequency Parameters are not included because the dedicated mode message(s) carry this information in other information elements (eg Mobile Allocation);
- the TBF_STARTING_TIME is not included because it duplicates the information in the *Starting Time* IE.

R'98 GSM 400 MS requirements:

In case of R'98 GSM400 MS the fields of interest are *Indication of the EGPRS TBF mode, EGPRS Window Size*, *LINK_QUALITY_MEASUREMENT_MODE* and *Packet Extended Timing Advance*. From these fields others shall not be included to the message, but the field *Packet Extended Timing Advance* shall be used according to intended timing advance value.

5 GSM850 MS Independent of Release

GSM850 system is defined as release independent frequency band. This approach aligns GSM850 band with other frequency bands when considering features that have to be supported in different releases. However there exists requirements that have to be implemented independent of release MS states to support.

A mobile station supporting GSM850 shall implement following requirements:

- comply with the RF-requirements specified in GSM 05.05 [5] for GSM850;
- comply with the requirements for PLMN and cell searching specified in GSM 03.22 [6] and GSM 05.08 [7];
- indicate the Classmark 1, Classmark 2 and Classmark3 as specified in clauses 5.1.1, 5.1.2 and 5.1.3;
- indicate the MS Radio Access Capability as specified in clause 5.1.4;
- support Band Indicator bit as specified in clause 5.1.5.

5.1 R'98 GSM850 MS

This clause presents the contents of appropriate information elements as they shall be used in a case where GSM850 MS states conformance with Release 1998. It should be noted that information elements presented are of Release 1999. This is due to fact that GSM 850 is standardised in Release 1999.

5.1.1 Mobile Station Classmark 1 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The *Mobile Station Classmark 1* information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.5/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.5/3GPP TS 24.008.

The Mobile Station Classmark 1 is a type 3 information element with 2 octets length.

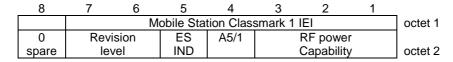


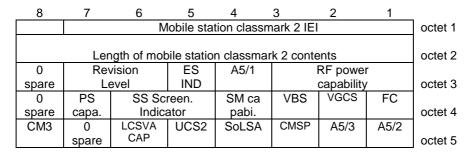
Figure 10.5.5/3GPP TS 24.008 Mobile Station Classmark 1 information element

The field of interest is Revision level. R'98 GSM 850 MS shall indicate phase 2 support with the bit pattern '01'.

5.1.2 Mobile Station Classmark 2 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99. The *Mobile Station Classmark* 2 information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.6/3GPP TS 24.008, table 10.5.6a/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.6b/3GPP TS 24.008.

The Mobile Station Classmark 2 is a type 4 information element with 5 octets length.



NOTE: Owing to backward compatibility problems, bit 8 of octet 4 should not be used unless it is also checked that the bits 8, 7 and 6 of octet 3 are not "0 0 0".

Figure 10.5.6/TS 24.008: Mobile Station Classmark 2 information element

R'98 GSM 850 MS requirements:

For R'98 GSM 850 MS a field of interest is *Revision level*. The coding of that field shall indicate phase 2 support with bit pattern '01'. In a case that MS claims to support *LCSVA* or *SoLSA* then those fields shall be set to '1's, according to the definitions of those parameters. Field *UCS2* shall indicate '0' since it is defined as spare in R'98.

5.1.3 Mobile Station Classmark 3 IE

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The value part of a MS Classmark 3 information element is coded as shown in figure 10.5.7/3GPP TS 24.008 and table 10.5.7/3GPP TS 24.008.

NOTE: The 14 octet limit is so that the CLASSMARK CHANGE message will fit in one layer 2 frame.

SEMANTIC RULE: a multiband mobile station shall provide information about all frequency bands it can support. A single band mobile station shall not indicate the band it supports in the *Multiband Supported*, *GSM 400 Bands Supported*, *GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability* or PCS 1900 Associated Radio Capability fields in the MS Classmark 3. Due to shared radio frequency channel numbers between DCS 1800 and PCS 1900, the mobile should indicate support for either DCS 1800 band or PCS 1900 band.

SEMANTIC RULE: a mobile station shall include the MS Measurement Capability field if the *Multi Slot Class* field contains a value of 19 or greater (see GSM 05.02).

Typically, the number of spare bits at the end is the minimum to reach an octet boundary. The receiver may add any number of bits set to "0" at the end of the received string if needed for correct decoding.

```
<Classmark 3 Value part> ::=
   < spare bit >
      < Multiband supported : { 000 } >
           < A5 bits >
      < Multiband supported: { 101 | 110 } >
           < A5 bits >
          < Associated Radio Capability 2 : bit(4) >
          < Associated Radio Capability 1: bit(4) >
      < Multiband supported : { 001 | 010 | 100 } >
          < A5 bits >
          < spare bit >(4)
           < Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4) > }
   { 0 | 1 < R Support > }
   { 0 | 1 < Multi Slot Capability > }
   < UCS2 treatment: bit >
   < Extended Measurement Capability : bit >
   { 0 | 1 < MS measurement capability > }
   { 0 | 1 < MS Positioning Method Capability > }
   { 0 | 1 < EDGE Multi Slot Capability > }
   { 0 | 1 < EDGE Struct > }
   { 0 | 1 < GSM 400 Bands Supported : { 01 | 10 | 11 } >
          < GSM 400 Associated Radio Capability: bit(4) > }
   { 0 | 1 < GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) > }
   { 0 | 1 < PCS 1900 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) > }
   < UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit >
   < UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit >
   < CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit >
   { 0 | 1 < DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) >
       < MAC Mode Support : bit >
   {0 | 1< EGPRS Support : bit DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) > }
   < spare bit > ;
< A5 bits > ::=
   < A5/7: bit > < A5/6: bit > < A5/5: bit > < A5/4: bit > :
<R Support>::=
   < R-GSM band Associated Radio Capability: bit(3) > ;
< Multi Slot Capability > ::=
   < Multi Slot Class : bit(5) > ;
< MS Measurement capability > ::=
   < SMS_VALUE : bit (4) >
   < SM_VALUE : bit (4) > ;
< MS Positioning Method Capability > ::=
   < MS Positioning Method : bit(5) > ;
< EDGE Multi Slot Capability > ::=
   < EDGE Multi Slot Class : bit(5) > ;
<EDGE Struct> : :=
   < Modulation Capability : bit >
   { 0 | 1 < EDGE RF Power Capability 1: bit(2) > }
   { 0 | 1 < EDGE RF Power Capability 2: bit(2) > }
```

Figure 10.5.7/3GPP TS 24.008 Mobile Station Classmark 3 information element

R'98 GSM 850 MS requirements:

From R'98 GSM850 MS point of view the relevant field is *GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability*. Bit pattern '1' indicates GSM 850 support.

If GSM850 MS states to support MS Positioning it shall indicate it with '1' in the field MS Positioning Method Capability and also indicate the supported method in the MS Positioning Method field.

Fields *EDGE Multi Slot Capability*, *EDGE Struct*, *DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class* and *EGPRS Support* shall be indicated not to be included in the Classmark 3 IE since they are not defined in Release '98. This is done by setting the indication bit of mentioned fields to '0'.

Parameters *UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability*, *UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability*, *CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability* shall be indicated as not supported. This is done by the bit value '0' for each of these parameters.

5.1.4 MS Radio Access capability

Followed information is from 3G TS 24.008 [1] specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The value part of a MS RA capability information element is coded a shown table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008.

- SEMANTIC RULE : Among the three Access Type Technologies GSM 900-P, GSM 900-E and GSM 900-R only one shall be present.
- The MS shall indicate supported Access Technology Types, e.g. [450, 480, 900, 1800, UMTS] or [850, 1900]
 MHz bands during a single MM procedure.
- Error handling: If a received Access Technology Type is unknown to the receiver, it shall ignore all the corresponding fields;
- If within a known Access Technology Type a receiver recognizes an unknown field it shall ignore it.
- See more details about error handling of MS radio access capability in 3GPP TS GSM 08.18.
- Due to shared radio frequency channel numbers between 1800 and 1900, the mobile should provide the relevant MS Radio Access capability for either 1800 band OR 1900 band, not both.

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008: Mobile Station Radio Access Capability Information Element

```
< MS Radio Access capability IE > ::=
<MS Radio Access capability IEI: 00100100 >
<Length of MS RA capability: <octet>> -- length in octets of MS RA capability value part and spare bits
<MS RA capability value part : < MS RA capability value part struct >>
<spare bits>**; -- may be used for future enhancements
<MS RA capability value part struct >::= --recursive structure allows any number of Access technologies
< Access Technology Type: bit (4) >
< Access capabilities : <Access capabilities struct> >
\{ 0 \mid 1 < MS \text{ RA capability value part struct} \} ;
< Access capabilities struct > ::=
   < Length: bit (7) > -- length in bits of Content and spare bits
   <Access capabilities : <Content>>
   <spare bits>**; -- expands to the indicated length
           -- may be used for future enhancements
< Content > ::=
   < RF Power Capability : bit (3) >
   \{0 \mid 1 < A5 \text{ bits} : \langle A5 \text{ bits} \rangle \} -- zero means that the same values apply for parameters as in the immediately
preceding Access capabilities field within this IE
   -- The presence of the A5 bits is mandatory in the 1<sup>st</sup> Access capabilities struct within this IE.
   < ES IND : bit >
   < PS : bit >
   < VGCS : bit >
   < VBS : bit >
   \{0 \mid 1 < \text{Multislot capability}: \text{Multislot capability struct} > \}; -- zero means that the same values for multislot
parameters as given in an earlier Access capabilities field within this IE apply also here
   \{0 \mid 1 < 8PSK \text{ Power Capability} : bit(2) > \} - '1' \text{ also means } 8PSK \text{ modulation capability in uplink.} < 1
COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability: bit >
   < Revision Level Indicator : bit >
   < UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
   < UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
   < CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit > -- 3G RAT
       -- error: struct too short, assume features do not exist
       -- error: struct too long, ignore data and jump to next Access technology
```

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008 (continued): *Mobile Station Radio Access Capability* Information Element

```
< Multislot capability struct > ::=
    \{0 \mid 1 < \textbf{HSCSD multislot class} : bit (5) > \}
    \{0 \mid 1 < GPRS \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > < GPRS \text{ Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability} : bit > \}
    \{ 0 \mid 1 < SMS_VALUE : bit (4) > < SM_VALUE : bit (4) > \} ;
    \{ 0 \mid 1 < ECSD \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > \}
    \{0 \mid 1 < EGPRS \text{ multislot class} : bit (5) > < EGPRS \text{ Extended Dynamic Allocation} \quad Capability : bit > \};
    \{0 \mid 1 < \textbf{DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class}: bit(2)>
       <MAC Mode Support : bit>
       \{0 \mid 1 < DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2)> \};
<A5 bits> ::= < A5/1 : bit> <A5/2 : bit> <A5/3 : bit> <A5/4 : bit> <A5/5 : bit> <A5/6 : bit> <A5/7 : bit> : -- bits for circuit
mode ciphering algorithms
Access Technology Type
This field indicates the access technology type to be associated with the following access capabilities.
Bits
4321
0000
          GSM P
0001
          GSM E --note that GSM E covers GSM P
0010
          GSM R --note that GSM R covers GSM E and GSM P
0011
           GSM 1800
          GSM 1900
0100
0101
          GSM 450
0110
          GSM 480
0111
          GSM 850
All other values are treated as unknown by the receiver.
```

RF Power Capability

This field is coded as radio capability in Classmark 3 for the indicated band: it contains the binary coding of he power class associated (see GSM 05.05 paragraph 4.1 output power and paragraph 4.1.1 Mobile Station).

8PSK Power Capability

This field is coded according to the definition in GSM 05.05. The presence of this field indicates also 8PSK modulation capability in uplink.

A5/1

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/1 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/1 available

A5/2

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/2 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/2 available

A5/3

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/3 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/3 available

A5/4

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/4 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/4 available

A5/5

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/5 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/5 available

A5/6

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/6 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/6 available

A5/7

- 0 encryption algorithm A5/7 not available
- 1 encryption algorithm A5/7 available

ES IND - (Controlled early Classmark Sending)

- 0 "controlled early Classmark Sending" option is not implemented
- "controlled early Classmark Sending" option is implemented

Table 10.5.146/3GPP TS 24.008 (concluded): *Mobile Station Radio Access Capability* Information Element

PS - (Pseudo Synchronisation)

0 PS capability not present

1 PS capability present

VGCS - (Voice Group Call Service)

0 no VGCS capability or no notifications wanted

1 VGCS capability and notifications wanted.

VBS - (Voice Broadcast Service)

0 no VBS capability or no notifications wanted

1 VBS capability and notifications wanted

HSCSD Multi Slot Class

The Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

Range 1 to 18, all other values are reserved.

GPRS Multi Slot Class

The GPRS Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

ECSD Multi Slot Class

The presence of this field indicates ECSD capability. Whether the MS is capable of 8-PSK modulation in uplink is indicated by the presence of 8-PSK Power Capability field. The Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

Range 1 to 18, all other values are reserved.

EGPRS Multi Slot Class

The presence of this field indicates EGPRS capability. Whether the MS is capable of 8-PSK modulation in uplink is indicated by the presence of 8-PSK Power Capability field. The EGPRS Multi Slot Class field is coded as the binary representation of the multislot class defined in 3GPP TS GSM 05.02.

GPRS Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability

- 0 Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for GPRS is not implemented
- 1 Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for GPRS is implemented

EGPRS Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability

- 0 Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for EGPRS is not implemented
- 1 Extended Dynamic Allocation Capability for EGPRS is implemented

SMS_VALUE (Switch-Measure-Switch) (4 bit field)

The SMS field indicates the time needed for the mobile station to switch from one radio channel to another, perform a neighbor cell power measurement, and the switch from that radio channel to another radio channel. Bits

4321

0 0 0 0 1/4 timeslot (~144 microseconds)

0 0 0 1 2/4 timeslot (~288 microseconds)

0 0 1 0 3/4 timeslot (~433 microseconds)

. . .

1 1 1 1 16/4 timeslot (~2307 microseconds)

(SM_VALUE) Switch-Measure (4 bit field)

The SM field indicates the time needed for the mobile station to switch from one radio channel to another and perform a neighbour cell power measurement.

Bits 4 3 2 1

0 0 0 0 1/4 timeslot (~144 microseconds)

0 0 0 1 2/4 timeslot (~288 microseconds)

0 0 1 0 3/4 timeslot (~433 microseconds)

1 1 1 1 16/4 timeslot (~2307 microseconds)

DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class (2 bit field)

This field indicates the GPRS DTM capabilities of the MS. The GPRS DTM Multi Slot Sub-Class is independent from the Multi Slot Capabilities field.

Bits

- 21
- 0 0 Sub-Class 1 supported
- 0 1 Sub-Class 5 supported
- 1 0 Sub-Class 9 supported
- 1 1 Reserved for future extension. If received, the network shall interpret this as '00'

DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class (2 bit field)

This field indicates the EGPRS DTM capabilities of the MS. The DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class is independent from the Multi Slot Capabilities field. This field shall be included only if the mobile station supports EGPRS DTM. This field is coded as the DTM GPRS Multislot Sub-Class field.

MAC Mode Support (1 bit field)

This field indicates whether the MS supports Dynamic and Fixed Allocation or only supports Exclusive Allocation Bits

1

- 0 Dynamic and Fixed Allocation not supported
- 1 Dynamic and Fixed allocation supported

COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability

- 0 COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability is not implemented
- 1 COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability is implemented

Revision Level Indicator(1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 The ME is Release '98 or older
- 1 The ME is Release '99 onwards

UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 UMTS FDD not supported
- 1 UMTS FDD supported

UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 UMTS TDD not supported
- 1 UMTS TDD supported

CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability (1 bit field)

Bit

- 0 CDMA2000 not supported
- 1 CDMA2000 supported

R'98 GSM 850 MS requirements:

From R'98 GSM850 MS point of view the relevant field is *Access Technology Type*. Bit pattern '0111' indicates GSM 850 support.

Fields 8PSK Power Capability, ECSD multislot class, EGPRS multislot class, DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class and DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class shall be indicated not to included to the Classmark 3 IE since they are not defined in Release '98. This is done by setting the indication bit of mentioned fields to '0'.

Parameters COMPACT Interference Measurement Capability, Revision Level Indicator, UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability, UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability, CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability and MAC Mode Support shall be indicated as not supported. This is done by the bit value '0' for each of these parameters.

5.1.4 System Information Type 1 Rest Octets

Followed information is from GSM 04.18 [2] Release 1999 specification. It shows the contents of Information Element for Release 99.

The SI 1 Rest Octets information element is shown in Table 10.5.2.32.1a and Table 10.5.2.32.1b/3GPP TS 04.18.

The SI 1 Rest Octets information element is a type 5 information element with 1 octet length.

Table 10.5.2.32.1a/3GPP TS 04.18: SI1 Rest Octets information element details

BAND_INDICATOR (1 bit)

The band indicator for 1800 and 1900 associates the ARFCN channel numbers to the DCS 1800 respectively to the PCS 1900 band, see 3GPP TS 05.05. The most recently received band indicator value is valid for the whole PLMN.

Table 10.5.2.32.1b/3GPP TS 04.18: SI 1 Rest Octets information element

NCH Position on the CCCH The values in the NCH Position field indicates the block number of the CCCH block which is used for the first NCH block and the number of blocks used for the NCH. (The block numbering corresponds to table 5 in clause 7 of 3GPP TS 05.02) The absence of the NCH position field indicates that there is no NCH in the cell/on the carrying CCCH slot The following coding applies if 1 or more basic physical channels are used for CCCH, not combined with SDCCHs. Value No of blocks Number of first block 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 5 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 3 0 1 0 1 0 2 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 1 3 0 1 1 1 0 3 2 0 1 1 1 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 3 3 1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 4 0 1 0 0 1 1 2 1 0 1 0 0 4 3 1 0 1 0 1 4 1 0 1 1 0 5 1 0 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 0 0 0 5 1 1 0 0 1 6 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 1 Other values are reserved for future use. A mobile station receiving a reserved value shall behave as if the NCH position was not present

In the case the CCCH configuration is not compatible with the NCH position (e.g., CCCH with combined SDCCH and the value different from 00000, 00001 or 00111), the mobile station shall behave as if the NCH Position field was not present.

R'98 GSM 850 requirements:

From R'98 GSM850 MS point of view the relevant field is *Band Indicator*. Bit pattern '0' indicates band DCS 1800 band and bit '1' indicates PCS 1900 band.

Annex A (informative): Change History

Change history								
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment Old		New	
2000-11	G02	GP-000911			New specification approved by TSG-GERAN#2		7.0.0	
2001-06	G05	GP-011331	A002	1	Corrections of GSM400 to release independent implementation guide for R98	7.0.0	7.1.0	
2001-06	G05	GP-011425	A004	1	GSM850 addition to release independent implementation guide for R98	7.0.0	7.1.0	

History

Document history				
V7.0.0	November 2000	Publication		
V7.1.0	June 2001	Publication		