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# Foreword

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# 1 Scope

The present document specifies the Radio Frequency (RF) test methods and conformance requirements for E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS). These have been derived from, and are consistent with the E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE MSR BS specification defined in [2].

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 37.104: "E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.104: "Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD) ".
- [4] 3GPP TS 25.105: "Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (TDD) ".
- [5] 3GPP TS 36.104: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception".
- [6] 3GPP TS 45.005: "Radio transmission and reception".
- [7] ITU-R Recommendation M.1545, "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000".
- [8] "Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)", Federal Communications Commission.
- [9] 3GPP TS 36.141: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) conformance testing".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.141: "Base Station (BS) conformance testing (FDD) ".
- [11] 3GPP TS 51.021: "Base Station System (BSS) equipment specification; Radio aspects".
- [12] 3GPP TS 25.142: "Base Station (BS) conformance testing (TDD) ".
- [13] Recommendation ITU-R SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".
- [14] 3GPP TR 25.942: "Radio Frequency (RF) system scenarios".
- [15] ITU-R recommendation SM.328: "Spectra and bandwidth of emissions".
- [16] IEC 60721: "Classification of environmental conditions".
- [17] IEC 60721-3-3: "Classification of environmental conditions Part 3-3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities Stationary use at weather protected locations".
- [18] IEC 60721-3-4: "Classification of environmental conditions Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities Section 4: Stationary use at non-weather protected locations".

- [19] ETSI EN 300 019-1-3, *European Standard (Telecommunications series)*, 'Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-3: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at weather protected locations'
- [20] ETSI EN 300 019-1-4, *European Standard (Telecommunications series)*, 'Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-4: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at non-weather protected locations'.
- [21] IEC 60068-2-1 (2007): "Environmental testing Part 2: Tests. Tests A: Cold".
- [22] IEC 60068-2-2 (2007): "Environmental testing Part 2: Tests. Tests B: Dry heat".
- [23] IEC 60068-2-6 (2007): "Environmental testing Part 2: Tests Test Fc: Vibration (sinusoidal)".
- [24] CEPT ECC Decision (13)03, "The harmonised use of the frequency band 1452-1492 MHz for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks Supplemental Downlink (MFCN SDL)".

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

# 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Band category: group of operating bands for which the same MSR scenarios apply.

**Base Station RF Bandwidth:** RF bandwidth in which a base station transmits and/or receives single or multiple carrier(s) and/or RATs simultaneously within a supported operating band.

NOTE: In single carrier operation, the Base Station RF Bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth.

Base Station RF Bandwidth edge: frequency of one of the edges of the Base Station RF Bandwidth.

Carrier: modulated waveform conveying the E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE physical channels.

**Carrier aggregation:** aggregation of two or more E-UTRA component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths.

**Carrier aggregation band:** set of one or more operating bands across which multiple E-UTRA carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE: Carrier aggregation band(s) for an E-UTRA BS is declared by the manufacturer according to the designations in Tables 5.5-2 to 5.5-4 of TS 36.104 [5].

**Channel bandwidth:** RF bandwidth supporting a single E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell.

NOTE: The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.

**Contiguous carriers:** set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

**Carrier power:** power at the antenna connector in the channel bandwidth of the carrier averaged over at least one subframe for E-UTRA, at least one slot for UTRA and the useful part of the burst for GSM/EDGE.

Contiguous spectrum: spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gap(s).

Downlink operating band: part of the operating band designated for downlink.

**Highest Carrier:** carrier with the highest carrier centre frequency transmitted/received in the specified operating band(s).

**Inter RF Bandwidth gap:** frequency gap between two consecutive Base Station RF Bandwidths that are placed within two supported operating bands.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: carrier aggregation of E-UTRA component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Inter-band gap: The frequency gap between two supported consecutive operating bands.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: contiguous E-UTRA carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: non-contiguous E-UTRA carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Lowest Carrier: carrier with the lowest carrier centre frequency transmitted/received in the specified operating band(s).

**Lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge:** frequency of the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, used as a frequency reference point for transmitter and receiver requirements.

Lower sub-block edge: frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block.

NOTE: It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

Maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth: maximum RF bandwidth supported by a BS within each supported operating band.

NOTE: The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for BS configured for contiguous and non-contiguous operation within each supported operating band is declared separately.

Maximum carrier output power: carrier power available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

Maximum Radio Bandwidth: maximum frequency difference between the upper edge of the highest used carrier and the lower edge of the lowest used carrier.

Maximum RAT output power: sum of the power of all carriers of the same RAT available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

Maximum throughput: maximum achievable throughput for a reference measurement channel.

Maximum total output power: sum of the power of all carriers available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

**MB-MSR Base Station:** MSR base station characterized by the ability of its transmitter and/or receiver to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different non-overlapping operating band than the other carrier(s).

Mean power: power measured in the bandwidth and period of measurement applicable for each RAT

NOTE: Mean power for an E-UTRA carrier is defined in TS 36.141 [9] and mean power for a UTRA carrier is defined in TS 25.141 [10]. In case of multiple carriers, the mean power is the sum of the mean power of all carriers.

Measurement bandwidth: RF bandwidth in which an emission level is specified.

**MSR Base Station:** base station characterized by the ability of its receiver and transmitter to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously in a declared Base Station RF Bandwidth, where at least one carrier is of a different RAT than the other carrier(s).

**Multi-band transmitter:** transmitter characterized by the ability to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different non-overlapping operating band than the other carrier(s).

**Multi-band receiver:** receiver characterized by the ability to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different non-overlapping operating band than the other carrier(s).

Non-contiguous spectrum: spectrum consisting of two or more sub-blocks separated by sub-block gap(s).

**Occupied bandwidth:** width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage  $\beta/2$  of the total mean power of a given emission.

**Operating band:** A frequency range in which E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE operates (paired or unpaired), that is defined with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE: The operating band(s) for a base station is declared by the manufacturer.

Sub-block: one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for use by the same base station.

NOTE: There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within an RF bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: RF bandwidth of one sub-block.

**Sub-block gap:** frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within an Base Station RF Bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

**Single-RAT operation:** operation of a base station in an operating band with only one RAT configured in that operating band.

**Synchronized operation:** operation of TDD in two different systems, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur.

RAT power: sum of all carrier powers for all carriers of the same type.

**Rated carrier output power:** mean power level per carrier that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

**Rated RAT output power:** mean power level per RAT that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

**Rated total output power:** total mean power level that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

**RRC filtered mean power:** mean power of a UTRA carrier as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor  $\alpha$  and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

NOTE: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated UTRA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal.

**Throughput:** number of payload bits successfully received per second for a reference measurement channel in a specified reference condition.

Total output power: sum of all carrier powers for all carriers transmitted by the BS.

Total RF Bandwidth: maximum sum of Base Station RF Bandwidths in all supported operating bands.

**Transmission bandwidth:** bandwidth of an instantaneous E-UTRA transmission from a UE or BS, measured in resource block units.

**Transmission bandwidth configuration:** highest E-UTRA transmission bandwidth allowed for uplink or downlink in a given channel bandwidth, measured in resource block units.

**Transmitter ON period:** time period during which the base station transmitter is transmitting data and/or reference symbols.

Transmitter OFF period: time period during which the base station transmitter is not allowed to transmit.

**Transmitter transient period:** time period during which the transmitter is changing from the OFF period to the ON period or vice versa.

**Unsynchronized operation:** peration of TDD in two different systems, where the conditions for synchronized operation are not met.

Uplink operating band: part of the operating band designated for uplink.

**Upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge:** frequency of the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, used as a frequency reference point for transmitter and receiver requirements.

Upper sub-block edge: frequency at the upper edge of one sub-block.

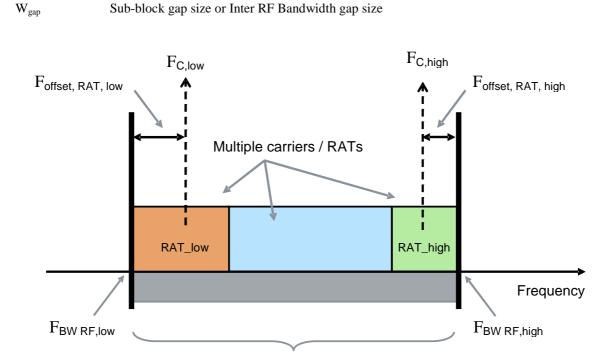
NOTE: It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

# 3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

α	Roll-off factor
β	Percentage of the mean transmitted power emitted outside the occupied bandwidth on the assigned
	channel
$\mathrm{BW}_{\mathrm{Channel}}$	Channel bandwidth (for E-UTRA)
$BW_{Config}$	Transmission bandwidth configuration (for E-UTRA), expressed in MHz, where $BW_{Config} = N_{RB} x$
comig	180 kHz in the uplink and BW _{Config} = 15 kHz + $N_{RB}$ x 180 kHz in the downlink.
$BW_{RF}$	Base Station RF Bandwidth, where $BW_{RF} = F_{BW RF,high} - F_{BW RF,low}$
BW _{RF,max}	Maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth
CA_X	CA for band X where X is the applicable E-UTRA operating band
CA_X-Y	CA for band X and Band Y where X and Y are the applicable E-UTRA operating band
DwPTS	Downlink part of the special subframe (for E-UTRA TDD operation
f	Frequency
$\Delta f$	Separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of
	the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency
$\Delta f_{max}$	The largest value of $\Delta f$ used for defining the requirement
F _C	Carrier centre frequency
F _{filter}	Filter centre frequency
f_offset	Separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the
1_0113et	measuring filter
f_offset _{max}	The maximum value of f_offset used for defining the requirement
F _{block,high}	Upper sub-block edge, where $F_{block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{block,low}	Lower sub-block edge, where $F_{block,low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{BW RF,high}	Upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, where $F_{BW RF,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{BW RF,low}	Lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, where $F_{BW RF,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{C band, high}	Center frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a band.
$F_{C band, low}$	Center frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a band.
F _{C,block, high}	Centre frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.
F _{C,block, low}	Centre frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.
$F_{C,high}$	Centre frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier.
F _{C,low}	Centre frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier.
F _{offset, RAT}	Frequency offset from the centre frequency of the <i>highest</i> transmitted/received carrier to the <i>upper</i>
• offset, RA1	Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, sub-block edge or Inter RF Bandwidth edge, or from the centre
	frequency of the <i>lowest</i> transmitted/received carrier to the <i>lower</i> Base Station RF Bandwidth edge,
	sub-block edge or Inter RF Bandwidth edge for a specific RAT.
$F_{DL_low}$	The lowest frequency of the downlink operating band
F _{DL_high}	The highest frequency of the downlink operating band
F _{UL_low}	The lowest frequency of the uplink operating band
F _{UL_high}	The highest frequency of the uplink operating band
N _{RB}	Transmission bandwidth configuration, expressed in units of resource blocks (for E-UTRA)
P _{EM,B32,ind}	Declared emission level in Band 32, ind=a, b, c, d, e
$P_{max}$	Maximum total output power
$P_{max}$	Maximum carrier output power
$P_{max,RAT}$	Maximum RAT output power
P _{Rated,carrier}	Rated carrier output power
P _{REFSENS}	Reference Sensitivity power level
<ul> <li>REFSENS</li> </ul>	Reference Sensitivity power level

Sub-block gap size or Inter RF Bandwidth gap size



 $\mathrm{BW}_{\mathsf{RF}}$ 

Figure 3.2-1: Illustration of Base Station RF Bandwidth related symbols and definitions for Multistandard Radio

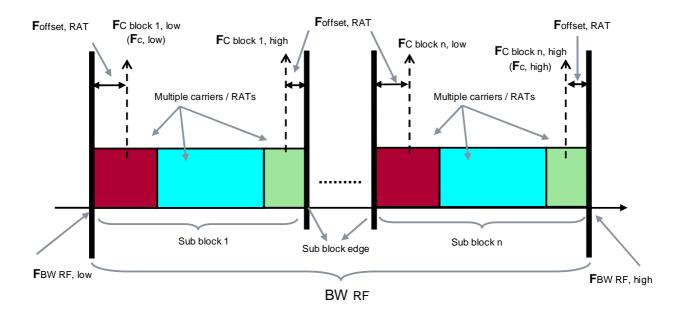


Figure 3.2-2: Illustration of Base Station RF Bandwidth related symbols and definitions for noncontiguous Multi-standard Radio

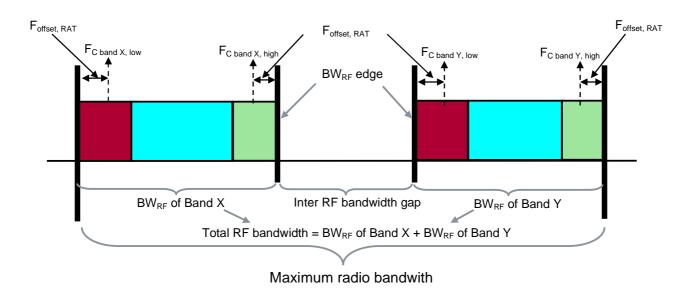


Figure 3.2-3: Illustration of Maximum Radio Bandwidth and Total RF Bandwidth for Multi-band Multistandard Radio

# 3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ACIR	Adjacent Channel Interference Ratio
ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACK	Acknowledgement (in HARQ protocols)
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
AWGN	Additive White Gaussian Noise
BC	Band Category
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BS	Base Station
BTS	Base Transceiver Station
CA	Carrier Aggregation
CACLR	Cumulative Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
CP	Cyclic prefix
CRC	Cyclic Redundancy Check
CW	Continuous Wave
DC	Direct Current
DC-HSDPA	Dual Cell HSDPA
DTX	Discontinuous Transmission
EARFCN	E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FRC	Fixed Reference Channel
GP	Guard Period (for E-UTRA TDD operation)
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
ICS	In-Channel Selectivity
ITU-R	Radiocommunication Sector of the ITU
LA	Local Area

LNA	Low Noise Amplifier
MCL	Minimum Coupling Loss
MCS	Modulation and Coding Scheme
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
MB-MSR	Multi-Band Multi-Standard Radio
MBT	Multi-Band Testing
MR	Medium Range
MS	Mobile Station
MSR	Multi-Standard Radio
OFDM	Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplex
OOB	Out-Of-band
PA	Power Amplifier
PHS	Personal Handyphone System
QAM	Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
QPSK	Quadrature Phase-Shift Keying
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RB	Resource Block
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root Mean Square (value)
RS	Reference Symbol
RX	Receiver
RRC	Root Raised Cosine
SBT	Single Band Testing
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
TT	Test Tolerance
TX	Transmitter
UARFCN	UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
UE	User Equipment
UEM	operating band Unwanted Emissions Mask
WA	Wide Area

# 4 General test conditions and declarations

# 4.1 Measurement uncertainties and test requirements

## 4.1.1 General

The requirements of this clause apply to all applicable tests in this specification.

The minimum requirements are given in TS 37.104 [2] and the references therein. Test requirements are given in this specification or are included by reference to TS 25.141 [10], TS 25.142 [12], TS 36.141 [9] or TS 51.021 [11]. Test Tolerances for the test requirements explicitly stated in the present specification are defined in Annex C of this specification. Test Tolerances for test requirements included by reference are defined in the respective referred test specification.

Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the minimum requirements to create test requirements.

When a test requirement differs from the corresponding minimum requirement, then the Test Tolerance applied for the test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for the test and the explanation of how the minimum requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance are given in Annex C.

## 4.1.2 Acceptable uncertainty of Test System

The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System is specified below for each test defined explicitly in the present specification, where appropriate. The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System for test requirements included by reference is defined in the respective referred test specification.

**Derivation of Test System** 

The Test System shall enable the stimulus signals in the test case to be adjusted to within the specified tolerance and the equipment under test to be measured with an uncertainty not exceeding the specified values. All tolerances and uncertainties are absolute values, and are valid for a confidence level of 95 %, unless otherwise stated.

A confidence level of 95% is the measurement uncertainty tolerance interval for a specific measurement that contains 95% of the performance of a population of test equipment.

For RF tests, it should be noted that the uncertainties in subclause 4.1.2 apply to the Test System operating into a nominal 50 ohm load and do not include system effects due to mismatch between the DUT and the Test System.

#### 4.1.2.1 Measurement of transmitter

Subclause

measurements defined in

6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4

±1.0 dB

Subciause	Maximum Test System Oncertainty	Uncertainty
6.2.1 Base Station	±0.7 dB for UTRA and E-UTRA, f ≤ 3.0 GHz	
maximum output power	$\pm 1.0$ dB, 3.0 GHz < f $\leq 4.2$ GHz for UTRA and E-UTRA	
	±1.0 dB for GSM/EDGE	
6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power	±2.0 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz	
·	±2.5 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	
6.6.1.5.1 Transmitter	9 kHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±2.0 dB	
spurious emissions,	4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz: ±4.0 dB	
Mandatory Requirements		
6.6.1.5.2 Transmitter	9 kHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±2.0 dB	
spurious emissions,	4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz: ±4.0 dB	
Mandatory Requirements		
6.6.1.5.3 Transmitter	9 kHz < f ≤ 4 GHz: ±2.0 dB	
spurious emissions,	4 GHz < f ≤ 12.75 GHz: ±4.0 dB	
Additional BC2 Requirement		
6.6.1.5.4 Transmitter	±3.0 dB	
spurious emissions,		
Protection of BS receiver		
6.6.1.5.5 Transmitter	$\pm 2.0 \text{ dB for} > -60 \text{dBm}$ , f $\leq 3.0 \text{ GHz}$	
spurious emissions,	±2.5 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	
Additional spurious emission	$\pm 3.0 \text{ dB for} \leq -60 \text{dBm}$ , f $\leq 3.0 \text{ GHz}$	
requirements	±3.5 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	
6.6.1.5.6 Transmitter	±3.0 dB	
spurious emissions,		
Co-location		
6.6.2 Operating band	±1.5 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz	
unwanted emissions	±1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	
6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth	For E-UTRA:	
	1.4MHz, 3MHz Channel BW: ±30kHz	
	5MHz, 10MHz Channel BW: ±100kHz	
	15MHz, 20MHz: Channel BW: ±300kHz	
	For UTRA: ±100kHz	
6.6.4 Adjacent Channel	ACLR ±0.8 dB	
Leakage power Ratio	Absolute power $\pm 2.0$ dB, f $\leq 3.0$ GHz	
(ACLR)	Absolute power $\pm 2.5$ dB, $3.0$ GHz < f $\leq 4.2$ GHz	
(ACLR)	CACLR $\pm 0.8$ dB	
	CACLR absolute power $\pm 2.0 \text{ dB}$ , f $\leq 3.0 \text{ GHz}$	
	CACLR absolute power $\pm 2.5$ dB, $3.0$ GHz < f $\leq 4.2$	
	GHz	
6.7 Transmitter	The value below applies only to the interference signal	The uncertainty of interferer has
intermodulation	and is unrelated to the measurement uncertainty of the	double the effect on the result
(interferer requirements)	tests (6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4) which have to be carried	due to the frequency offset
This tolerance applies to the	out in the presence of the interferer.	
stimulus and not the		

Table 4.1.2-1: Maximum Test System uncertainty for transmitter tests
----------------------------------------------------------------------

Maximum Test System Uncertainty

#### 4.1.2.2 Measurement of receiver

Subclause	Maximum Test System Uncertainty	Derivation of Test System Uncertainty
7.4 In-band selectivity and	±1.4 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz	Overall system uncertainty comprises three
blocking (General blocking	±1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	quantities:
requirements)		
		1. Wanted signal level error
		2. Interferer signal level error
		3. Additional impact of interferer leakage
		Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated
		so can be root sum squared to provide the
		ratio error of the two signals. The interferer
		leakage effect is systematic, and is added
		arithmetically.
		Test System uncertainty = [SQRT
		(wanted_level_error ² +
		interferer_level_error ² )] + leakage effect.
		f ≤ 3.0 GHz
		Wanted signal level $\pm 0.7$ dB
		Interferer signal level ± 0.7 dB
		3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz
		Wanted signal level ± 1.0 dB Interferer signal level ± 1.0 dB
		f ≤ 4.2 GHz
		Impact of interferer leakage 0.4 dB.
7.4 In-band selectivity and	±1.4 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz	Same as In-band selectivity and blocking
blocking (Narrowband	±1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	(General blocking requirements).
blocking requirements)		O anna an la band a la thiút, and bla clún a
7.4 In-band selectivity and	$\pm 1.4 \text{ dB}$ , f $\leq 3.0 \text{ GHz}$	Same as In-band selectivity and blocking
blocking (BC3 blocking requirements)	±1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	(General blocking requirements).
7.5 Out-of-band blocking	1 MHz $\leq$ f _{interferer} $\leq$ 3 GHz: ±1.3 dB	Overall system uncertainty comprises three
The edit of band blocking	$3 \text{ GHz} < f_{\text{interferer}} \le 12.75 \text{ GHz}: \pm 3.2 \text{ dB}$	quantities:
		1. Wanted signal level error
		2. Interferer signal level error
		3. Interferer broadband noise
		Items 1 and 2 are assumed to be uncorrelated
		so can be root sum squared to provide the
		ratio error of the two signals. The Interferer
		Broadband noise effect is systematic, and is
		added arithmetically.
		Test System uncertainty = [SQRT
		(wanted_level_error ² +
		interferer_level_error ² )] + Broadband noise
		effect.
		Out of band blocking, using CW interferer:
		Wanted signal level:
		± 0.7 dB up to 3 GHz
		± 1.0 dB up to 4.2 GHz
		Interferer signal level:
		± 1.0 dB up to 3 GHz
		± 3.0 dB up to 12.75 GHz
700		Impact of interferer Broadband noise 0.1 dB
7.6 Receiver spurious	$30 \text{ MHz} \le f \le 4 \text{ GHz} \pm 2.0 \text{ dB}$	
emissions	4 GHz < f ≤ 19 GHz: ±4.0 dB	

### Table 4.1.2-2: Maximum Test System Uncertainty for receiver tests

7.7.5 Receiver intermodulation (General requirements)	±1.8 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz ±2.4 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	Overall system uncertainty comprises four quantities: 1. Wanted signal level error 2. CW Interferer level error 3. Modulated Interferer level error 4. Impact of interferer ACLR The effect of the closer CW signal has twice the effect. Items 1, 2 and 3 are assumed to be uncorrelated so can be root sum squared to		
		provide the combined effect of the three signals. The interferer ACLR effect is systematic, and is added arithmetically.		
		Test System uncertainty = SQRT [(2 x CW_level_error) ² +(mod interferer_level_error) ² +(wanted signal_level_error) ² ] + ACLR effect.		
		$\label{eq:signal_states} \begin{array}{l} f \leq 3.0 \mbox{ GHz} \\ \mbox{Wanted signal level $\pm$ 0.7dB} \\ \mbox{CW interferer level $\pm$ 0.5 dB} \\ \mbox{Mod interferer level $\pm$ 0.7 dB} \\ \mbox{3.0 GHz} < f \leq 4.2 \mbox{ GHz} \\ \mbox{Wanted signal level $\pm$ 1.0 dB} \\ \mbox{CW Interferer level $\pm$ 0.7 dB} \\ \mbox{Mod Interferer level $\pm$ 1.0 dB} \\ \end{array}$		
		f ≤ 4.2 GHz Impact of interferer ACLR 0.4 dB		
7.7.5 Receiver	±1.8 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz	Same as Receiver intermodulation (General		
intermodulation	±2.4 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	requirements).		
(Narrowband requirements)				
		ror is considered here. The effect of errors in		
the throughput measurements or the BER/FER due to finite test duration is not considered.				

## 4.1.3 Interpretation of measurement results

The measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the test requirements as defined by the Shared Risk principle.

The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [7].

The actual measurement uncertainty of the Test System for the measurement of each parameter shall be included in the test report.

The recorded value for the Test System uncertainty shall be, for each measurement, equal to or lower than the appropriate figure in subclause 4.1.2 of this specification.

If the Test System for a test is known to have a measurement uncertainty greater than that specified in subclause 4.1.2, it is still permitted to use this apparatus provided that an adjustment is made as follows.

Any additional uncertainty in the Test System over and above that specified in subclause 4.1.2 shall be used to tighten the test requirement, making the test harder to pass. (For some tests e.g. receiver tests, this may require modification of stimulus signals). This procedure (defined in Annex C) will ensure that a Test System not compliant with subclause 4.1.2 does not increase the chance of passing a device under test where that device would otherwise have failed the test if a Test System compliant with subclause 4.1.2 had been used.

# 4.2 Base Station classes

The requirements in this specification apply to Wide Area Base Stations, Medium Range Base Stations and Local Area Base Stations unless otherwise stated.

Wide Area Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Macro Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 70 dB. The Wide Area Base Station class has the same requirements as the base station for General Purpose application in Release 9 and 10.

Medium Range Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Micro Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equals to 53 dB.

Local Area Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Pico Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 45 dB.

For GSM/EDGE operation of an MSR BS, the requirements according to the applicable multicarrier BTS class apply. The Wide Area BS, Medium Range BS and Local Area BS in the present specification correspond to the Wide Area multicarrier BTS, Medium Range multicarrier BTS and Local Area multicarrier BTS respectively in the GSM/EDGE specifications. MSR requirements for multi-RAT operation only apply for the highest GSM/EDGE static power step.

The manufacturer shall declare the intended class of the BS under test.

# 4.3 Regional requirements

Some requirements in the present document may only apply in certain regions either as optional requirements, or set by local and regional regulation as mandatory requirements. It is normally not stated in the 3GPP specifications under what exact circumstances that the requirements apply, since this is defined by local or regional regulation.

Table 4.3-1lists all requirements in the present specification that may be applied differently in different regions. There are additional single-RAT regional requirements that may apply. These are referenced from the present specification, but listed in the specification for the RATs concerned [3][4][5][6].

Clause number	Requirement	Comments
4.5	Operating bands and Band Categories	Some bands may be applied regionally.
6.6.1.5.1	Spurious emissions (Category A)	Category A limits are mandatory for regions where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [13] apply.
6.6.1.5.2	Spurious emissions (Category B)	Category B limits are mandatory for regions where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [13] apply.
6.6.1.5.3	Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	Category B limits are mandatory for regions where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [13] apply.
6.6.1.5.5	Additional spurious emissions requirements	These requirements may be applied for the protection of system operating in frequency ranges other than the MSR BS operating band. In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.1.5.1, 6.6.1.5.2, 6.6.1.5.3, 6.6.1.5.4 and 6.6.1.5.5, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.
6.6.1.5.6	Co-location (spurious emissions)	These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when a BS operating in another frequency band is co-located with any BS.
6.6.2.5.4.1	Additional requirements (Operating band unwanted emissions)	In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.5.1 and 6.6.2.5.2, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.
6.6.2.5.4.2	Unsynchronized operation for BC3 (Operating band unwanted emissions)	The requirements for unsynchronized TDD co-existence may apply regionally.
6.6.2.5.4.3	Protection of DTT (Operating band unwanted emissions)	The requirements for protection of DTT may apply regionally.
6.6.2.5.4.4	Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands (Operating band unwanted emissions)	This regional requirement may be applied for the protection of systems operating in frequency bands adjacent to band 1 as defined in clause 4.5, in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA and/or E-UTRA are deployed.
6.6.2.5.4.5	Additional requirements for band 41 (Operating band unwanted emissions)	The requirements may apply in certain regions as additional Operating band unwanted emission limits.
6.6.2.5.4.6	Additional band 32 unwanted emissions	These requirements may apply in certain regions
6.6.3.5	Occupied bandwidth	The requirement may be applied regionally. There may also be regional requirements to declare the Occupied bandwidth according to the definition.
6.7.2A	Additional requirements for Band 41	These requirements may apply in certain regions for Band 41
6.7.5.4	Additional test requirements for Band 41	These requirements may apply in certain regions for Band 41
7.5.2.5	Co-location requirement (blocking)	These requirements may be applied for the protection of the BS receiver when a BS operating in another frequency band is co-located with any BS.

Table 4.3-1: List of regional requirements

# 4.4 Operating bands and band categories

MSR requirements are applicable for band definitions and band numbering as defined in the specifications TS 45.005 [6], TS25.104 [3], TS 25.105 [4] and TS 36.104 [5]. For the purpose of defining the BS requirements, the operating bands are divided into three band categories as follows:

- Band Category 1 (BC1): Bands for E-UTRA FDD and UTRA FDD operation
- Band Category 2 (BC2): Bands for E-UTRA FDD, UTRA FDD and GSM/EDGE operation
- Band Category 3 (BC3): Bands for E-UTRA TDD and UTRA TDD operation

NOTE: For UTRA TDD, requirements in the present document cover the 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD option.

The paired and unpaired bands for the three Band Categories are shown in Table 4.4-1 and 4.4-2, together with the corresponding E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE band designations. In the present specification, the operating band of an MSR Base Stations is designated using the E-UTRA band number according to the tables.

MSR and E-UTRA Band number	UTRA Band number	GSM/EDGE Band designation	Uplink (UL) BS receive UE transmit	Downlink (DL) BS transmit UE receive	Band category
1	I	-	1920 MHz – 1980 MHz	2110 MHz – 2170 MHz	1
2	II	PCS 1900	1850 MHz – 1910 MHz	1930 MHz – 1990 MHz	2
3		DCS 1800	1710 MHz – 1785 MHz	1805 MHz – 1880 MHz	2
4	IV	-	1710 MHz – 1755 MHz	2110 MHz – 2155 MHz	1
5	V	GSM 850	824 MHz – 849 MHz	869 MHz – 894 MHz	2
6 (NOTE 1)	VI	-	830 MHz – 840 MHz	875 MHz — 885 MHz	1 (NOTE 1)
7	VII	-	2500 MHz – 2570 MHz	2620 MHz – 2690 MHz	1
8	VIII	E-GSM	880 MHz – 915 MHz	925 MHz – 960 MHz	2
9	IX	-	1749.9 MHz – 1784.9 MHz	1844.9 MHz – 1879.9 MHz	1
10	Х	-	1710 MHz – 1770 MHz	2110 MHz – 2170 MHz	1
11	XI	-	1427.9 MHz – 1447.9 MHz	1475.9 MHz – 1495.9 MHz	1
12	XII	-	699 MHz – 716 MHz	729 MHz – 746 MHz	1
13	XIII	-	777 MHz – 787 MHz	746 MHz – 756 MHz	1
14	XIV	-	788 MHz – 798 MHz	758 MHz – 768 MHz	1
15	XV	-	Reserved	Reserved	
16	XVI	-	Reserved	Reserved	
17	-	-	704 MHz – 716 MHz	734 MHz — 746 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
18	-	-	815 MHz – 830 MHz	860 MHz – 875 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
19	XIX	-	830 MHz – 845 MHz	875 MHz – 890 MHz	1
20	XX	-	832 MHz – 862 MHz	791 MHz – 821 MHz	1
21	XXI	-	1447.9 MHz – 1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz – 1510.9 MHz	1
22	XXII	-	3410 MHz – 3490 MHz	3510 MHz – 3590 MHz	1
23	-	-	2000 MHz – 2020 MHz	2180 MHz — 2200 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
24	-	-	1626.5 MHz – 1660.5 MHz	1525 MHz — 1559 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
25	XXV	-	1850 MHz – 1915 MHz	1930 MHz – 1995 MHz	1
26	XXVI	-	814 MHz – 849 MHz	859 MHz – 894 MHz	1
27	-	-	807 MHz – 824 MHz	852 MHz – 869 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
28	-	-	703 MHz – 748 MHz	758 MHz — 803 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
29	-	-	N/A	717 MHz — 728 MHz	1 (NOTE 2, NOTE 3)
30	-	-	2305 MHz – 2315 MHz	2350 MHz – 2360 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
31	-	-	452.5 MHz – 457.5 MHz	462.5 MHz – 467.5 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
32 (NOTE 3)	XXXII (NOTE 4)	-	N/A	1452 MHz – 1496 MHz	1
64	-	-		Reserved	
65	-	-	1920 MHz – 2010 MHz	2110 MHz – 2200 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
66 (NOTE 5)	-	-	1710 MHz - 1780 MHz	2110 MHz - 2200 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
67 (NOTE 3)	-	- for UTRA only.	N/A	738 MHz — 758 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)

Table 4.4-1: Paired bands in E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE

NOTE 1: The band is for UTRA only. NOTE 2: The band is for E-UTRA only.

NOTE 3: Restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier aggregation is configured. The downlink operating band is paired with the uplink operating band (external) of the carrier aggregation configuration that is supporting the configured Pcell.

NOTE 4: Restricted to UTRA operation when dual band is configured (e.g., DB-DC-HSDPA or dual band 4C-HSDPA). The down link frequency(ies) of this band are paired with the uplink frequenc(ies) of the other FDD band (external) of the dual band configuration.

NOTE 5: The range 2180-2200 MHz of the DL operating band is restricted to E-UTRA operation when carrier

aggregation is configured.

NOTE: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the supported operating bands may belong to different Band Categories.

MSR and E-UTRA Band number	UTRA Band number	Uplink (UL) BS receive UE transmit	Downlink (DL) BS transmit UE receive	Band category
33	a)	1900 MHz – 1920 MHz	1900 MHz – 1920 MHz	3
34	a)	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	2010 MHz – 2025 MHz	3
35	b)	1850 MHz – 1910 MHz	1850 MHz – 1910 MHz	3
36	b)	1930 MHz – 1990 MHz	1930 MHz – 1990 MHz	3
37	c)	1910 MHz – 1930 MHz	1910 MHz – 1930 MHz	3
38	d)	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	2570 MHz – 2620 MHz	3
39	f)	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	1880 MHz – 1920 MHz	3
40	e)	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	2300 MHz – 2400 MHz	3
41	-	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	2496 MHz – 2690 MHz	3
42	-	3400 MHz – 3600 MHz	3400 MHz – 3600 MHz	3
43	-	3600 MHz – 3800 MHz	3600 MHz – 3800 MHz	3
44	-	703 MHz – 803 MHz	703 MHz – 803 MHz	3
45	-	1447 MHz – 1467 MHz	1447 MHz – 1467 MHz	3

#### Table 4.4-2: Unpaired bands in E-UTRA and UTRA

#### Table 4.4-3. Void

#### Table 4.4-4. Void

E-UTRA is designed to operate for the carrier aggregation bands defined in Tables 5.5-2, 5.5-3 and 5.5-4 of TS 36.104 [5]. The E-UTRA channel bandwidth  $BW_{Channel}$  for a single carrier and the Aggregated Channel Bandwidth  $BW_{Channel_CA}$  for E-UTRA carrier aggregation are specified in Section 5.6 of TS 36.104 [5].

## 4.4.1 Band category 1 aspects (BC1)

For each BC1 band, BC1 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset  $F_{offset, RAT}$  from the lowest and highest carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.4.1-1.

RAT	Foffset, RAT
1.4, 3 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2 + 200 kHz
5, 10, 15, 20 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2
UTRA FDD	2.5 MHz

Table 4.4.1-1: Foffset, RAT for band category 1

# 4.4.2 Band category 2 aspects (BC2)

For each BC2 band, BC2 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset  $F_{offset, RAT}$  from the lowest and highest carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.4.2-1.

Table 4.4.2-1: Foffset, RAT for band category 2

RAT	Foffset, RAT		
E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2		
UTRA FDD	2.5 MHz		
GSM/EDGE	200 kHz		

# 4.4.3 Band category 3 aspects (BC3)

For each BC3 band, BC3 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset  $\mathbf{F}_{offset, RAT}$  from the lowest and highest carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.4.3-1.

Table 4.4.3-1: Foffset, RAT for band category 3

RAT	Foffset, RAT
1.4, 3 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2 + 200 kHz
5, 10, 15, 20 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1 MHz

# 4.5 Channel arrangement

## 4.5.1 Channel spacing

The GSM/EDGE carrier spacing is 200 kHz [6].

The nominal UTRA FDD channel spacing is 5 MHz. The nominal channel spacing is 1.6 MHz for the 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD Option. These can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario [3,4].

In E-UTRA the spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing =  $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$ 

where  $BW_{Channel(1)}$  and  $BW_{Channel(2)}$  are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario [5].

## 4.5.1A CA Channel spacing

For intra-band contiguously aggregated carriers the channel spacing between adjacent component carriers shall be multiple of 300 kHz.

The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent aggregated E-UTRA carriers is defined as follows:

Nominal channel spacing = 
$$\frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1 |BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)}|}{0.6} |0.3$$

where  $BW_{Channel(1)}$  and  $BW_{Channel(2)}$  are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 with values in MHz. The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

## 4.5.2 Channel raster

The GSM/EDGE channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands [6].

The UTRA FDD and TDD channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands, which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition a number of additional centre frequencies are specified for UTRA FDD according to [3], which means that the centre frequencies for UTRA FDD channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

The E-UTRA channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz [5].

# 4.5.3 Carrier frequencies and numbering

The carrier frequencies and corresponding numbering is defined for each RAT in the respective specifications TS 36.104 [5] TS 25.104 [3], TS 25.105 [4] and TS 45.005 [6]. In the context of MSR, the frequency numbering scheme for each RAT will remain.

- The E-UTRA carrier frequency numbering (EARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.7 of TS 36.104 [5].
- The UTRA FDD carrier frequency numbering (UARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.4 of TS 25.104 [3].
- The UTRA TDD carrier frequency numbering (UARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.4 of TS 25.105 [4].
- The GSM/EDGE carrier frequency numbering (ARFCN) is defined subclause 2 of TS 45.005 [6].

NOTE: The numbering schemes for UTRA FDD and TDD are not coordinated, while both are called UARFCN.

# 4.6 Manufacturer's declarations of regional and optional requirements

## 4.6.1 Operating band and frequency range

The manufacturer shall declare which operating band(s) specified in clause 4.4 that is supported by the BS under test and if applicable, which frequency ranges within the operating band(s) that the Base Station can operate in. Requirements for other operating bands and frequency ranges need not be tested.

The manufacturer shall declare which operating band(s) specified in clause 4.4 are supported by the BS under test for carrier aggregation.

## 4.6.2 Spurious emissions category

The manufacturer shall declare one of the following:

- a) The BS is tested against Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [13]. In this case
  - conformance with the spurious emissions requirements in clause 6.6.1.5.1 is mandatory, and the requirements specified in clause 6.6.1.5.2 and 6.6.1.5.3 need not be demonstrated.
- b) The BS is tested against Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [13]. In this case,
  - conformance with the spurious emissions requirements in clause 6.6.1.5.2 and 6.6.1.5.3 (for BC2) are mandatory, and the requirements specified in clause 6.6.1.5.1 need not be demonstrated.

## 4.6.3 Additional operating band unwanted emissions

The manufacturer shall declare whether the BS under test is intended to operate in geographic areas where the additional operating band unwanted emission limits defined in clause 6.6.2.4 of TS 37.104 [2] apply. If this is the case, conformance with the applicable emission limits shall be demonstrated.

NOTE: For the emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], there is no test method or requirement defined in the present specification.

For a BS declared to support Band 20 and to operate in geographic areas within the CEPT in which frequencies are allocated to broadcasting (DTT) service, the manufacturer shall additionally declare the following quantities associated with the applicable test conditions of Table 6.6.2.5.4.4-1 and information in annex G of TS 36.104 [5] :

 $P_{EM,N} \qquad \text{Declared emission level for channel N}$ 

P_{10MHz} Maximum output Power in 10 MHz

Conformance with the declared emission level  $P_{EM,N}$  shall be demonstrated.

For a BS declared to support Band 32 and to operate in geographic areas within the CEPT, the manufacturer shall additionally declare the following quantities associated with the applicable test conditions of Table 6.6.2.5.4.6-1 and Table 6.6.2.5.4.6-2:

P_{EM,B32,ind} Declared emission level in Band 32, ind=a, b, c, d, e

Conformance with the declared emission level  $P_{EM,B32,ind}$  shall be demonstrated.

#### 4.6.4 Co-existence with other systems

The manufacturer shall declare whether the BS under test is intended to operate in geographic areas where one or more of the systems GSM850, GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD, E-UTRA and/or PHS operating in another band are deployed. If this is the case, conformance with the applicable test requirement for spurious emissions specified in clause 6.6.1.5.5 shall be demonstrated.

### 4.6.5 Co-location with other Base Stations

The manufacturer shall declare whether the BS under test is intended to operate co-located with Base Stations of one or more of the systems GSM850, GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA operating in another band. If this is the case,

- Conformance with the applicable test requirement for spurious emissions specified in clause 6.6.1.5.6 shall be demonstrated.
- Conformance with the applicable test requirement for receiver blocking specified in clause 7.5.5.2 shall be demonstrated.

# 4.7 Capability set definition and manufacturer's declarations of supported RF configurations

## 4.7.1 Definition of Capability Sets (CS)

Capability set is defined as the BS capability to support certain RAT combinations in an operating band.

The manufacturer shall declare the supported capability set(s) according to Table 4.7.1-1 for each supported operating band.

Capability Set supported by the BS	CS1	CS2	CS3	CS4	CS5	CS6	CS7
Supported RATs	UTRA (MC)	E-UTRA (MC)	UTRA, E-UTRA	GSM, UTRA	GSM, E- UTRA	GSM, UTRA, E-UTRA	GSM, UTRA, E- UTRA
Supported configurations	SR UTRA (SC, MC)	SR E-UTRA (SC, MC,	MR UTRA + E-UTRA	MR GSM + UTRA	MR GSM + E- UTRA	MR GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA	MR GSM + UTRA*
		CA)	SR UTRA (SC, MC)	SR GSM (MCBTS)	SR GSM (MCBTS)	MR GSM + UTRA	MR GSM + E-UTRA
			SR E- UTRA (SC, MC, CA)	SR UTRA (SC, MC)	SR E- UTRA (SC, MC,	MR GSM + E-UTRA	MR E- UTRA + UTRA*
					(30, MO, CA)	MR UTRA + E-UTRA	SR UTRA (SC, MC)*
						SR GSM (MCBTS)	SR E-UTRA (SC, MC)
						SR UTRA (SC, MC)	
						SR E-UTRA (SC, MC, CA)	
Applicable BC	BC1, BC2 or BC3	BC1, BC2 or BC3	BC1, BC2 or BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2
NOTE: MC denotes m SC denotes si MR denotes m SR denotes si	ngle carrier; nulti-RAT;	single RAT;	·			<u>.</u>	
NOTE*: For this configuration related to BC2 bands, the support of UTRA in band 3 is declared by the manufacturer.							

The applicable test configurations for each RF requirement are defined in sub-clause 5.1 and 5.2 for the declared capability set(s). For a BS declared to be capable of multi-band operation, the applicable test configurations for each RF requirement are defined in sub-clause 5.3 for the declared capability set(s).

NOTE: Not every supported configuration within a CS is tested, but the tables in sub-clause 5.1, 5.2 and 5.3 provide a judicious choice among the supported configurations and test configurations to ensure proper test coverage.

# 4.7.2 Manufacturer's declarations of supported RF configurations

The manufacturer shall declare which operational configurations the BS supports by declaring the following parameters:

- a) General Parameters:
  - Support of the BS in non-contiguous spectrum operation. If the BS does not support non-contiguous spectrum operation the parameters for non-contiguous spectrum operation below shall not be declared.
  - The supported operating bands defined in subclause 4.4.
  - The frequency range within the above frequency band(s) supported by the BS.
  - Supported capability set(s) in each supported operating band
  - The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by a MSR BS within an operating band when the BS is configured with carriers of different RATs.
    - for contiguous spectrum operation.

- for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- The rated total output power as a sum over all RATs
  - for contiguous spectrum operation.
  - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- Maximum supported power difference between carriers
- Total number of supported carriers

For MSR BS supporting CS7, the rated total output power as a sum over all RATs, total number of supported carriers and the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth is declared in e).

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, the manufacturer shall declare the following additional parameters:

- The reduced number of supported carriers at the rated total output power in Multi-RAT operations (i.e. < total number of supported carriers)
- The reduced total output power at the total number of supported carriers in Multi-RAT operations (i.e. < rated total output power)
- b) Parameters related to operation of GSM:
  - The maximum number of supported GSM carriers
  - The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by the MSR BS when configured with GSM carriers only
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
  - The rated carrier output power for GSM for each supported number of GSM carriers up to the maximum, for the case that all carriers are operated at the same nominal output power.
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation

The declaration shall be given for each supported modulation.

- c) Parameters related to operation of UTRA:
  - The maximum number of supported UTRA carriers
  - The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by the MSR BS when configured with UTRA carriers only
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
  - The rated RAT output power for UTRA as a sum of all UTRA carriers
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
  - The rated carrier output power for UTRA
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- d) Parameters related to operation of E-UTRA:

- Which of the E-UTRA channel bandwidths specified in TS 36.104 [5] subclause 5.6 are supported
- The maximum number of supported E-UTRA carriers
- The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by the MSR BS when configured with E-UTRA carriers only
  - for contiguous spectrum operation
  - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- The rated RAT output power for E-UTRA as a sum of all E-UTRA carriers
  - for contiguous spectrum operation
  - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- The rated carrier output power for E-UTRA
  - for contiguous spectrum operation
  - · for non-contiguous spectrum operation
- The supported component carrier combinations at nominal channel spacing within each operating band.e) Parameters related to CS7:
  - The RAT combinations can be categorized into two sub-groups, where all RAT combinations of both sub-groups are mandatory.
    - Sub-group 1:
      - MR UTRA+E-UTRA
      - SR UTRA
      - SR E-UTRA
    - Sub-group 2:
      - MR GSM+UTRA
      - MR GSM+E-UTRA
  - For above CS7 configurations including UTRA and related to BC2 bands, the manufacturer shall declare support of UTRA in Band 3.
  - Total number of supported carriers
    - for Sub-group 1
    - for Sub-group 2
  - The manufacturer shall declare the rated total output power as a sum over all RATs and the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by the MSR BS for Sub-group 1
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation
  - The manufacturer shall declare the rated total output power as a sum over all RATs and the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth supported by the MSR BS for Sub-group 2
    - for contiguous spectrum operation
    - for non-contiguous spectrum operation

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the parameters in a) to e) shall be declared for each supported operating band, in which declarations of supported capability set, the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth, total number of supported

carriers, the rated carrier output power and rated total output power are applied for single-band operation only. In addition the manufacturer shall declare the following additional parameters for BS capable of multi-band operation:

- Supported operating band combinations of the BS
- Supported operating band(s) of each antenna connector
- Supported capability set in each supported operating band in multi-band operation
- Support of multi-band transmitter and/or multi-band receiver, including mapping to antenna connector(s)
- Total number of supported carriers for the declared band combinations of the BS
- Maximum number of supported carriers per band in multi-band operation
- Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver for the declared band combinations of the BS
- Maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating band in multi-band operation
- Maximum Radio Bandwidth in transmit and receive direction for the declared band combinations of the BS
- Any other limitations under simultaneous operation in the declared band combinations of the BS which have any impact on the test configuration generation
- Rated total output power as a sum over all supported operating bands in the declared band combinations of the BS
- Maximum supported power difference between any two carriers in any two different supported operating bands
- The rated carrier output power in multi-band operation
- Rated total output power of each supported operating band in multi-band operation
- NOTE: Certain parameter combinations may result in test configurations that are not possible to use for testing. The manufacturer shall ensure that the declared parameters generate test configurations possible to use for test.

# 4.8 MSR test configurations

The test configurations shall be constructed using the methods defined below subject to the parameters declared by the manufacturer as listed in subclause 4.7.

For test contiguous operation configurations used in receiver tests only the outermost carriers need to be generated by the test equipment. For non-contiguous operation test configurations used in receiver tests, outermost carriers for each sub-block need to be generated by the test equipment.

The applicable test models for generation of the carrier transmit test signal are defined in subclause 4.9.2.

NOTE: In case carriers are shifted to align with the channel raster Foffset, RAT as defined in clauses 4.4.1 and 4.4.2 may be different.

## 4.8.1 TC1: UTRA multicarrier operation

The purpose of TC1 is to test UTRA multi-carrier aspects.

#### 4.8.1.1 TC1a generation

TC1a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Place two UTRA FDD carriers adjacent to the upper and lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

- For transmitter tests, alternately place a UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the already placed carriers at the lower and upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edges until there is no more space to fit a carrier or the BS does not support more carriers. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply.
- The carrier(s) may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies for B_{RFBW} and M_{RFBW} and towards higher frequencies for T_{RFBW} to align with the channel raster.

#### 4.8.1.2 TC1b generation

TC1b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Place two UTRA TDD carriers adjacent to the upper and lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- For transmitter tests, alternately place a UTRA TDD carrier adjacent to the already placed carriers at the lower and upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edges until there is no more space to fit a carrier or the BS does not support more carriers. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply.

#### 4.8.1.3 TC1 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated RAT output power for UTRA according to the manufacturer's declaration in subclause 4.7.2 c).

## 4.8.1a NTC1: UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous operation

The purpose of NTC1 is to test UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous aspects.

#### 4.8.1a.1 NTC1a generation

The purpose of NTC1a is to test UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous aspects. NTC1a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- For transmitter tests, place one UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- For receiver tests, place one UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. For single-band operation, if the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth is at least 35 MHz and the BS supports at least 4 UTRA FDD carriers, place a UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to each already placed carrier for each sub-block. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply.
- The sub-block edges adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the carrier adjacent to the sub-block gap.
- The UTRA FDD carrier in the lower sub-block may be shifted maximum100 kHz towards lower frequencies and the UTRA FDD carrier in the upper sub-block may be shifted maximum100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.

#### 4.8.1a.2 NTC1 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated RAT output power according to the manufacturer's declaration in subclause 4.7.2 c).

# 4.8.2 TC2: E-UTRA multicarrier operation

The purpose of the TC2 is to test E-UTRA multi-carrier aspects.

#### 4.8.2.1 TC2 generation

TC2 is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Select the narrowest supported E-UTRA carrier and place it adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- For transmitter tests, select as many 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers that the BS supports and that fit in the rest of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. Place the carriers adjacent to each other starting from the high Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5 shall apply. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead.

#### 4.8.2.2 TC2 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated RAT output power for E-UTRA according to the manufacturer"s declaration in sub clause 4.7.2 d).

## 4.8.2a NTC2: E-UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous operation

The purpose of NTC2 is to test E-UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous aspects.

#### 4.8.2a.1 NTC2 generation

The purpose of NTC2 is to test E-UTRA multicarrier non-contiguous aspects. NTC2 is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- For transmitter tests, place a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead.
- For receiver tests, place a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead.
- For single-band operation receiver tests, if the remaining gap is at least 15 MHz plus two times the channel BW used in the previous step and the BS supports at least 4 E-UTRA carriers, place a E-UTRA carrier of this BW adjacent to each already placed carrier for each sub-block. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply.
- The sub-block edges adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the carrier adjacent to the sub-block gap.

#### 4.8.2a.2 NTC2 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated RAT output power according to the manufacturer"s declaration in subclause 4.7.2 d).

# 4.8.3 TC3: UTRA and E-UTRA multi RAT operation

The purpose of TC3 is to test UTRA and E-UTRA multi-RAT aspects.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, two instances of TC3 shall be generated using the following values for rated total output power and the total number of supported carriers:

- 1) The rated total output power and the reduced number of supported carriers at the rated total output power in Multi-RAT operations
- 2) The reduced total output power at the total number of supported carriers in Multi-RAT operations and the total number of supported carriers.

Tests that use TC3 shall be performed using both instances 1) and 2) of TC3.

#### 4.8.3.1 TC3a generation

TC3a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Select an FDD UTRA carrier to be placed at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The UTRA FDD may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- Place a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If that is not possible use the narrowest E-UTRA carrier supported by the BS. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- For transmitter tests, alternately add FDD UTRA carriers at the low end and 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers at the high end adjacent to the already placed carriers until the Base Station RF Bandwidth is filled or the total number of supported carriers is reached. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply.

#### 4.8.3.2 TC3b generation

TC3b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Select a UTRA TDD carrier to be placed at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If that is not possible use the narrowest E-UTRA carrier supported by the BS. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- For transmitter tests, alternately add UTRA TDD carriers at the low end and 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers at the high end adjacent to the already placed carriers until the Base Station RF Bandwidth is filled or the total number of supported carriers is reached. The nominal carrier spacing defined in clause 4.5.1 shall apply.

#### 4.8.3.3 TC3 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to the manufacturer's declaration in subclause 4.7.2 c) and d).

# 4.8.3a NTC3: UTRA and E-UTRA multi RAT non-contiguous operation

The purpose of NTC3 is to test UTRA and E-UTRA multi RAT non-contiguous aspects.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, two instances of NTC3 shall be generated using the following values for rated total output power and the total number of supported carriers:

- 1) The rated total output power and the reduced number of supported carriers at the rated total output power in Multi-RAT operations
- 2) The reduced total output power at the total number of supported carriers in Multi-RAT operations and the total number of supported carriers.

If the reduced number of supported carriers is 4 or more, only instance 1) of NTC3 shall be used in the tests, otherwise both instances 1) and 2) of NTC3 shall be used in the tests.

#### 4.8.3a.1 NTC3a generation

The purpose of NTC3a is to test UTRA and E-UTRA multi RAT non-contiguous aspects. NTC3a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- For transmitter tests, place an UTRA carrier at the lower RF Bandwidth edge and a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The UTRA FDD may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- For receiver tests, place an UTRA carrier at the lower RF Bandwidth edge and a 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The UTRA FDD may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- For single-band operation receiver tests, if the remaining gap is at least 20 MHz plus the channel BW of the E-UTRA carrier used in the previous step and the BS supports at least 2 UTRA and 2 E-UTRA carriers, place a E-UTRA carrier of this BW adjacent to the carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and UTRA carrier adjacent to the carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The nominal carrier spacing defined in subclause 4.5.1 shall apply. The UTRA FDD may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- The sub-block edges adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the carrier adjacent to the sub-block gap.

#### 4.8.3a.2 NTC3 power allocation

Set the power of each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to the manufacturer's declaration in subclause 4.7.2 c) and d).

# 4.8.4 TC4: BC2 transmitter operation

The purpose of TC4 is to test multi-RAT operations with GSM for the transmitter.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, two instances of TC4 shall be generated using the following values for rated total output power and the total number of supported carriers:

- 1) The rated total output power and the reduced number of supported carriers at the rated total output power in Multi-RAT operations
- 2) The reduced rated total output power at the total number of supported carriers in Multi-RAT operations and the total number of supported carriers.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, tests that use TC4 shall be performed using both instances 1) and 2) of TC4, except tests for modulation accuracy in which only TC4 according to 2) shall be used.

# 4.8.4.1 TC4a generation

TC4a is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA and GSM. TC4a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- In the case of a BS supporting only one GSM carrier and one UTRA carrier, place a GSM carrier at the lower edge and a UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply
- Place a GSM carrier at the upper edge and a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply..
- Place two UTRA FDD carriers in the middle of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. If two UTRA FDD carriers do not fit, place only one carrier in the middle of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. The UTRA FDD carrier(s) may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies for  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $M_{RFBW}$  and towards higher frequencies for  $T_{RFBW}$  to align with the channel raster.
- Add GSM carriers at the edges using 600 kHz spacing until no more GSM carriers are supported or no more GSM carriers fit.
- Add additional UTRA FDD carriers in the middle if possible.

# 4.8.4.2 TC4b generation

TC4b is only applicable for a BS that supports E-UTRA and GSM. TC4b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- In the case of a BS supporting only one GSM carrier and one E-UTRA carrier, place a GSM carrier at the lower edge and a E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place a GSM carrier at the upper edge and a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place two 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers in the middle of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. If the BS does not support 5 MHz channel BW use the narrowest supported BW, if two carriers do not fit place only one carrier.
- Add GSM carriers at the edges using 600 kHz spacing until no more GSM carriers are supported or no more GSM carriers fit.
- Add additional E-UTRA carriers of the same bandwidth as the already allocated E-UTRA carriers in the middle if possible.

# 4.8.4.3 TC4c generation

TC4c is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA, E-UTRA and GSM. TC4c is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Place a GSM carrier at the upper edge and a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- In the case of a BS supporting only one GSM carrier and one E-UTRA or UTRA carrier, place a GSM carrier at the lower edge and a E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place one 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier and one UTRA carrier in the middle of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. If the BS does not support 5 MHz E-UTRA channel BW use the narrowest supported BW. The carrier(s) may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies for  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $M_{RFBW}$  and towards higher frequencies for  $T_{RFBW}$  to align with the channel raster.
- Add GSM carriers at the edges using 600 kHz spacing until no more GSM carriers are supported or no more GSM carriers fit.

• Add additional UTRA and E-UTRA carriers in the middle if possible. For E-UTRA the same bandwidth as the already allocated E-UTRA carriers shall be used..

#### 4.8.4.4 TC4d generation

TC4d is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA and GSM. TC4d is only applicable when any of the following conditions is satisfied:

- 1) The declared Base Station RF Bandwidth for GSM single-RAT operation is not equal to the declared Base Station RF Bandwidth for multi-RAT operations and the frequency range supported by the BS is a subset of the operating band.
- 2) The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth covers the entire operating band.

TC4d is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be 600 kHz less than the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be adjacent to the high end of the frequency range supported by the BS.
- Place a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Add one GSM carrier, if the BS supports more than one GSM carrier, at the lower edge using 600 kHz spacing. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place one UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.

#### 4.8.4.5 TC4e generation

TC4e is only applicable for a BS that supports E-UTRA and GSM. TC4e is only applicable when any of the following conditions is satisfied:

- 1) The declared Base Station RF Bandwidth for GSM single-RAT operation is not equal to the declared Base Station RF Bandwidth for multi-RAT operations and the frequency range supported by the BS is a subset of the operating band.
- 2) The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth covers the entire operating band.

TC4e is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be 600 kHz less than the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be adjacent to the upper edge of the frequency range supported by the BS.
- Place a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Add one GSM carrier, if the BS supports more than one GSM carrier, at the lower edge using 600 kHz spacing. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place one 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If the BS does not support 5 MHz channel BW use the narrowest supported BW. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

#### 4.8.4.6 TC4 power allocation

- a) Unless otherwise stated, set each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to manufacturer's declarations in subclause 4.7.2 a)
- b) In case that TC4 is configured for testing modulation quality, the power allocated per carrier for the RAT on which modulation quality is measured shall be the highest possible for the given modulation configuration according to the manufacturer's declarations in subclause 4.7.2, unless that power is higher than the level defined by case a). The power of the remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be set to the same level as in case a).

If in the case of b) the power of one RAT needs to be reduced in order to meet the manufacture"s declaration, the power in the other RAT(s) does not need to be increased.

# 4.8.4a NTC4: Non-contiguous multi RAT operations with GSM for the transmitter

The purpose of NTC4 is to test non-contiguous multi RAT operations with GSM for the transmitter.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, two instances of NTC4 shall be generated using the following values for rated total output power and the total number of supported carriers:

- 1) The rated total output power and the reduced number of supported carriers at the rated total output power in Multi-RAT operations
- 2) The reduced rated total output power at the total number of supported carriers in Multi-RAT operations and the total number of supported carriers.

If the rated total output power and total number of supported carriers are not simultaneously supported in Multi-RAT operations, tests that use NTC4 shall be performed using both instances 1) and 2) of NTC4, except:

- 1) Tests for modulation accuracy in which only NTC4 according to 2) shall be used.
- 2) If the reduced number of supported carriers is 6 or more, only instance 1) of NTC4 shall be used.

#### 4.8.4a.1 NTC4a generation

NTC4a is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA and GSM. NTC4a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to 6MHz.
- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block. Place a UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The upper sub-block edge adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the UTRA carrier in the upper sub-block. The UTRA FDD carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- If the BS supports up to 4 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The UTRA FDD carrier in the lower sub-block may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies and the UTRA FDD carrier in the upper sub-block may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- If the BS supports up to 5 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block, one UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block and one UTRA FDD carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block bandwidth. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The UTRA FDD carrier in the upper sub-block may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- If the BS supports at least 6 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. Place one UTRA FDD carrier in the middle of each sub-block bandwidth. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

#### 4.8.4a.2 NTC4b generation

NTC4b is only applicable for a BS that supports E-UTRA and GSM. NTC4b is constructed using the following method:

• The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.

- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block. Place a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The lower sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to 6MHz. The upper sub-block edge adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the carrier in the upper sub-block.
- If the BS supports up to 4 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one E-UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to the bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- If the BS supports up to 5 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block, Place one 5 MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block and one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block bandwidth. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to the bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- If the BS supports at least 6 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. Place one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block bandwidth and one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to the bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

#### 4.8.4a.3 NTC4c generation

NTC4c is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA, E-UTRA and GSM. NTC4c is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge and one UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block. Place a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The lower sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to 6MHz. The upper sub-block edge adjacent to the sub-block gap shall be determined using the specified F_{Offset-RAT} for the carrier in the upper sub-block. The UTRA FDD carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- If the BS supports up to 4 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one UTRA FDD carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to the bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The UTRA FDD carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.
- If the BS supports up to 5 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block. Place one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the lower subblock edge of the upper sub-block and one UTRA FDD carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block bandwidth. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected

instead. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to the bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified  $F_{Offset-RAT}$  shall apply.

• If the BS supports at least 6 carriers, place one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. Place one GSM carrier adjacent to the upper sub-block edge of the lower sub-block and one GSM carrier adjacent to the lower sub-block edge of the upper sub-block. Place one UTRA FDD carrier in the middle of the lower sub-block bandwidth and one 5MHz E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the upper sub-block bandwidth. If 5 MHz E-UTRA carriers are not supported by the BS, the narrowest supported channel BW shall be selected instead. The sub-block bandwidth of the allocated non-GSM carrier in that sub-block plus 1MHz. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

#### 4.8.4a.4 NTC4 power allocation

- a) Unless otherwise stated, set each carrier to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to manufacturer's declarations in subclause 4.7.2 a)
- b) In case that NTC4 is configured for testing modulation quality, the power allocated per carrier for the RAT on which modulation quality is measured shall be the highest possible for the given modulation configuration according to the manufacturer's declarations in subclause 4.7.2, unless that power is higher than the level defined by case a). The power of the remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be set to the same level as in case a).

If in the case of b) the power of one RAT needs to be reduced in order to meet the manufacture"s declaration the power in the other RAT(s) does not need to be increased.

### 4.8.5 TC5: BC2 receiver operation

#### 4.8.5.1 TC5a generation

TC5a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Place a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place a UTRA FDD carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply. The UTRA FDD carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards higher frequencies to align with the channel raster.

#### 4.8.5.2 TC5b generation

TC5b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- Place a GSM carrier at the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.
- Place a 5MHz E-UTRA carrier at the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. If the BS does not support 5 MHz channel BW select the narrowest supported channel BW. The specified F_{Offset-RAT} shall apply.

# 4.8.5a NTC5: Non-contiguous multi RAT operations with GSM for the receiver

The purpose of NTC5 is to test non-contiguous multi RAT operations with GSM for the receiver.

#### 4.8.5a.1 NTC5a generation

NTC5a is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA and GSM. NTC5a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth. The sub-block bandwidth shall be equal to 6MHz.
- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers use the method to generate NTC4a for up to 3 carriers.
- If the BS supports at least 4 carriers use the method to generate NTC4a for up to 4 carriers.

#### 4.8.5a.2 NTC5b generation

NTC5b is only applicable for a BS that supports E-UTRA and GSM. NTC5b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers use the method to generate NTC4b for up to 3 carriers.
- If the BS supports at least 4 carriers use the method to generate NTC4b for up to 4 carriers.

#### 4.8.5a.3 NTC5c generation

NTC5c is only applicable for a BS that supports UTRA, E-UTRA and GSM. NTC5c is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for non-contiguous operation. The Base Station RF Bandwidth consists of one sub-block gap and two sub-blocks located at the edges of the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.
- If the BS supports up to 3 carriers use the method to generate NTC4c for up to 3 carriers.
- If the BS supports at least 4 carriers use the method to generate NTC4c for up to 4 carriers.

# 4.8.6 TC6: Single carrier for receiver tests

#### 4.8.6.1 TC6a generation

TC6a is constructed using the following method:

• Place a single UTRA carrier in the middle of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth. The carrier may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies for  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $M_{RFBW}$  and towards higher frequencies for  $T_{RFBW}$  to align with the channel raster.

#### 4.8.6.2 TC6b generation

TC6b is constructed using the following method:

• Place the narrowest supported E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.

#### 4.8.6.3 TC6c generation

TC6c is constructed using the following method:

• Place a single UTRA TDD carrier in the middle of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth.

# 4.8.7 Generation of MB-MSR test configurations

#### 4.8.7.1 TC7a: MB-MSR test configuration for full carrier allocation

The purpose of TC7a is to test multi-band operation aspects considering maximum supported number of carriers.

### 4.8.7.1.1 TC7a generation

TC7a is based on re-using the existing test configurations applicable per band involved in multi-band operation. TC7a is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating band shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth in multi-band operation.
- The number of carriers of each supported operating band shall be the declared maximum number of supported carriers in multi-band operation. Carriers shall first be placed at the outermost edges of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth. Additional carriers shall next be placed at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges, if possible.
- The allocated Base Station RF Bandwidth of the outermost bands shall be located at the outermost edges of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth.
- Each concerned band shall be considered as an independent band and the carrier placement in each band shall be according to the test configuration referenced in Table 4.8.7.1.1-1, where the declared parameters for multi-band operation shall apply. The mirror image of the single band test configuration shall be used in the highest band being tested for the BS.
- If a multi-band BS supports three carriers only, two carriers shall be placed in one band according to the relevant test configuration while the remaining carrier shall be placed at the edge of the Maximum Radio Bandwidth in the other band.
- If the sum of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating bands is larger than the declared Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver for the declared band combinations of the BS, repeat the steps above for test configurations where the Base Station RF Bandwidth of one of the operating band shall be reduced so that the Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver is not exceeded and vice versa.
- If the sum of the maximum number of supported carrier of each supported operating bands in multi-band operation is larger than the declared total number of supported carriers for the declared band combinations of the BS, repeat the steps above for test configurations where in each test configuration the number of carriers of one of the operating band shall be reduced so that the total number of supported carriers is not be exceeded and vice versa.

BC	CS 1	CS 2	CS 3	CS 4	CS 5	CS 6	CS 7
BC1	TC1a	TC2	TC3a	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
BC2	TC1a	TC2	TC3a	TC4a	TC4b	TC4c	TC4a and TC4b
BC3	TC1b	TC2	TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Table 4.8.7.1.1-1: The applicability of test configuration for carrier placement in each band

#### 4.8.7.1.2 TC7a power allocation

Unless otherwise stated, set the power of each carrier in all supported operating bands to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to the manufacturer"s declaration.

If the allocated power of a supported operating band(s) exceeds the declared rated total output power of the operating band(s) in multi-band operation, the exceeded part shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other band(s). If the power allocated for a carrier exceeds the rated carrier output power declared for that carrier, the exceeded power shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other carriers.

#### 4.8.7.2 TC7b: MB-MSR test configuration with high PSD per carrier

The purpose of TC7b is to test multi-band operation aspects considering higher PSD cases with reduced number of carriers and non-contiguous operation (if supported) in multi-band mode.

#### 4.8.7.2.1 TC7b generation

TC7b is based on re-using the existing test configurations applicable per band involved in multi-band operation. TC7b is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating band shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth in multi-band operation.
- The allocated Base Station RF Bandwidth of the outermost bands shall be located at the outermost edges of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth.
- The maximum number of carriers for a BC2 band is limited to three per band for transmitter tests when the BS supports CS4, CS5, CS6 or CS7. In all other tests, the maximum number of carriers is limited to two per band. Carriers shall first be placed at the outermost edges of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth. Additional carriers shall next be placed at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges.
- For BS supporting CS1, CS2 or CS3 in the band, each concerned band shall be considered as an independent band and thecarrier placement in each band shall be according to the test configuration referenced in Table 4.8.7.2.1-1, where the declared parameters for multi-band operation shall apply. Narrowest supported E-UTRA channel bandwidth shall be used in the test configuration. The mirror image of the single band test configuration shall be used in the highest band being tested for the BS.
- If the maximum supported number of carriers is two for a BC2 band when the BS supports CS4, CS5, CS6 or CS7, place the UTRA/E-UTRA carrier at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap and place the GSM/EDGE carrier at the edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth. Narrowest supported E-UTRA channel bandwidth shall be used in the test configuration.
- If the maximum supported number of carriers is three or more for a BC2 band when the BS supports CS4, CS5, CS6 or CS7, place one GSM/EDGE carrier at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, place the second GSM/EDGE carrier at the edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth and place the UTRA/E-UTRA carrier adjacent to the GSM/EDGE carrier at the inter RF bandwidth gap. Narrowest supported E-UTRA channel bandwidth shall be used in the test configuration. The adjacent UTRA/E-UTRA carrier shall be placed with its channel BW edge aligned with the channel BW edge of the GSM/EDGE carrier, as defined by the F_{offset,RAT} in clause 4.4.2.
- If the sum of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating bands is larger than the declared Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver for the declared band combinations of the BS, repeat the steps above for test configurations where the Base Station RF Bandwidth of one of the operating band shall be reduced so that the Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver is not exceeded and vice versa.

#### Table 4.8.7.2.1-1: The applicability of test configuration for carrier placement in each band

BC	CS 1	CS 2	CS 3
BC1	NTC1a	NTC2	NTC3a
BC2	NTC1a	NTC2	NTC3a
BC3	TC1b	NTC2	NTC3a

#### 4.8.7.2.2 TC7b power allocation

Unless otherwise stated, set the power of each carrier in all supported operating bands to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to the manufacturer"s declaration.

If the allocated power of a supported operating band(s) exceeds the declared rated total output power of the operating band(s) in multi-band operation, the exceeded part shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other band(s). If the power allocated for a carrier exceeds the rated carrier output power declared for that carrier, the exceeded power shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other carriers.

# 4.8.7.3 TC7c: MB-MSR test configuration with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation in one band

The purpose of TC7c is to test single-RAT GSM/EDGE UEM requirement for multi-band base station supporting GSM/EDGE single-RAT operation in BC2 band.

#### 4.8.7.3.1 TC7c generation

TC7c is constructed using the following method:

- The Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating band shall be the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth in multi-band operation.
- The allocated Base Station RF Bandwidth of the outermost bands shall be located at the outermost edges of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth.
- If the BS supports one BC1 band and one BC2 band, the maximum number of carriers in a test configuration for BC1 band is limited to two. A UTRA/E-UTRA carrier from BC1 shall first be placed at the outermost edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth. If two or more carriers are supported in BC1 band, additional UTRA/E-UTRA carrier shall next be placed at the BC1 Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. For BC2 band, where GSM/EDGE single-RAT operation is supported, one GSM/EDGE carrier shall first be placed at the other outermost edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth and additional GSM/EDGE carriers shall be placed within the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for the GSM/EDGE single-RAT BC2 band according to test case b) in TS 51.021 clause 6.12.2.
- If the BS supports two BC2 bands, the maximum number of carriers in a test configuration is two for a BC2 band where CS1, CS2 or CS3 is supported.

One UTRA/E-UTRA carrier from the BC2 band, where CS1, CS2 or CS3 is supported, shall first be placed at the outermost edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth. If two or more carriers are supported in this BC2 band, additional UTRA/E-UTRA carrier shall next be placed at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. For BC2 band, where GSM/EDGE single-RAT operation is supported, place GSM/EDGE carrier at the other outermost edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth, additional GSM/EDGE carriers shall be placed within the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for the GSM/EDGE single-RAT BC2 band according to test case b) in TS 51.021 clause 6.12.2.

- If the BS supports two BC2 bands with GSM/EDGE operation (CS4, CS5, CS6 or CS7) and in at least one band CS4, CS5 or CS6 is supported, the maximum number of carriers for one BC2 band configured to multi-RAT operation is limited to three.
  - For the GSM/EDGE single-RAT BC2 band, one GSM/EDGE carrier shall first be placed at the outermost edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth, additional GSM/EDGE carriers for the BC2 band shall be placed within the declared maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for the GSM/EDGE single-RAT BC2 band according to test case b) in TS 51.021 clause 6.12.2.
  - For the multi-RAT BC2 band, if the maximum supported number of carriers is two, place the UTRA/E-UTRA carrier at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, then place the GSM/EDGE carrier at the other edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth.
  - For the multi-RAT BC2 band, if the maximum supported number of carriers is three or more, place one GSM/EDGE carrier at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge adjacent to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, then place the second GSM/EDGE carrier at the other edge of the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth, then place the UTRA/E-UTRA carrier in the middle of the Base Station RF Bandwidth.

If both BC2 bands are declared as CS4, CS5 or CS6, repeat the steps above with the allocated carriers swapped between the two BC2 bands so that each BC2 band is tested once according to test case b) in TS 51.021 clause 6.12.2.

- The narrowest supported E-UTRA channel bandwidth shall be used in the test configuration.
- If the sum of the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth of each supported operating bands is larger than the declared total bandwidth of transmitter and receiver for the declared band combinations of the BS, repeat the steps above for test configurations where the Base Station RF Bandwidth of one of the operating band shall be reduced so that the Total RF Bandwidth of transmitter and receiver is not exceeded and vice versa.

#### 4.8.7.3.2 TC7c power allocation

Unless otherwise stated, set the power of each carrier in all supported operating bands to the same power so that the sum of the carrier powers equals the rated total output power according to the manufacturer"s declaration.

If the allocated power of a supported operating band(s) exceeds the declared rated total output power of the operating band(s) in multi-band operation, the exceeded part shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other band(s). If the power allocated for a carrier exceeds the rated carrier output power declared for that carrier, the exceeded power shall, if possible, be reallocated into the other carriers.

# 4.9 RF channels and test models

# 4.9.1 RF channels

Many tests in this TS are performed with the maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth located at the bottom, middle and top of the supported frequency range in the operating band. These are denoted as  $B_{RFBW}$  (bottom),  $M_{RFBW}$  (middle) and  $T_{RFBW}$  (top).

Unless otherwise stated, the test shall be performed at B_{RFBW}, M_{RFBW} and T_{RFBW} defined as following:

- B_{RFBW}: maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth located at the bottom of the supported frequency range in the operating band.
- $M_{RFBW}$ : maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth located in the middle of the supported frequency range in the operating band.  $M_{RFBW}$  may be shifted maximum 100 kHz towards lower frequencies to align carriers with the channel raster.
- T_{RFBW}: maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth located at the top of the supported frequency range in the operating band.

For the test of certain RF requirements the present specification refers to test procedures defined in the single-RAT specifications. In this case, the interpretation of the RF channels to be tested shall be according to the definitions in the corresponding single-RAT specifications.

For BS capable of dual-band operation, unless otherwise stated, the test shall be performed at  $B_{RFBW}T''_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}T_{RFBW}$  defined as following:

- B_{RFBW} T"_{RFBW}: the Base Station RF Bandwidths located at the bottom of the supported frequency range in the lower operating band and at the highest possible simultaneous frequency position, within the Maximum Radio Bandwidth, in the upper operating band.
- B"_{RFBW}_T_{RFBW}: the Base Station RF Bandwidths located at the top of the supported frequency range in the upper operating band and at the lowest possible simultaneous frequency position, within the Maximum Radio Bandwidth, in the lower operating band.
- NOTE:  $B_{RFBW}T''_{RFBW} = B''_{RFBW}T_{RFBW} = B_{RFBW}T_{RFBW}$  when the declared Maximum Radio Bandwidth spans both operating bands.  $B_{RFBW}T_{RFBW}$  means the Base Station RF Bandwidths are located at the bottom of the supported frequency range in the lower operating band and at the top of the supported frequency range in the upper operating band.

When a test is performed by a test laboratory, the position of  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  in each supported operating band, the position of  $B_{RFBW}$ – $T''_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$ – $T_{RFBW}$  in the supported operating band combinations shall be specified by the laboratory. The laboratory may consult with operators, the manufacturer or other bodies.

# 4.9.2 Test models

- a) Unless otherwise stated, carriers within MSR test configurations used for transmitter tests shall be configured as follows:
  - UTRA FDD carriers shall be configured according to TM1 as defined in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.1.1.1.
  - UTRA TDD carriers shall be configured according to Table 6.1A as defined in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.2.4.1.2.
  - E-UTRA carriers shall be configured according to E-TM1 as defined in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.1.1.1. For BC3 CS3 BS testing, E-UTRA carriers shall be configured according to E-TM1_BC3CS3 defined in Annex E.
  - GSM carriers shall use GMSK modulation as defined in TS 51.021 [11] clause 6.2.2.
- b) The configuration of the carriers in test configurations used for testing modulation quality and frequency error shall be as follows:

- For the case that modulation accuracy is measured for UTRA FDD, the UTRA FDD carriers shall be configured according to the supported TM1, TM4 and if HS-PDSCH transmission using 16QAM is supported also TM5 as defined in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.1.1.1, 6.1.1.4 and 6.1.1.4A whilst any remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be configured according to a).
- For the case that modulation accuracy is measured for UTRA TDD, the UTRA TDD carriers shall be configured according to the supported modulation in Table 6.2A, Table 6.39A, Table 6.39B, Table 6.39C, Table 6.39D, Table 6.40A, Table 6.40B, Table 6.41A, Table 6.41B as defined in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.3.4, 6.8.1, 6.8.2 and 6.8.3 whilst any remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be configured according to a).
- For the case that modulation accuracy is measured for E-UTRA, the E-UTRA carriers shall be configured according to the supported E-TM3.1, E-TM3.2, E-TM3.3 and E-TM2 as defined in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.1.1.4, 6.1.1.5, 6.1.1.6 and 6.1.1.3 whilst any remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be configured according to a). For BC3 CS3 BS testing, E-UTRA carriers shall be configured according to E-TM3.1_BC3CS3, E-TM3.2_BC3CS3, E-TM3.3_BC3CS3 and E-TM2_BC3CS3 defined in Annex E.
- For the case that modulation accuracy is measured for GSM, the GSM carriers shall be configured for the supported modulation according to TS 51.021 [11] clause 6.2.2 whilst any remaining carriers from other RAT(s) shall be configured according to a).

For the test of certain RF requirements clause 5 refers to the test configurations as defined in the single-RAT specifications. In this case, the transmitter test signals and test models as defined within the referred test specification for the RF requirement shall be used.

# 4.10 BS configurations

# 4.10.1 Transmit configurations

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics in clause 6 are specified at the BS antenna connector (test port A) with a full complement of transceivers for the configuration in normal operating conditions. If any external apparatus such as a TX amplifier, a filter or the combination of such devices is used, requirements apply at the far end antenna connector (test port B).

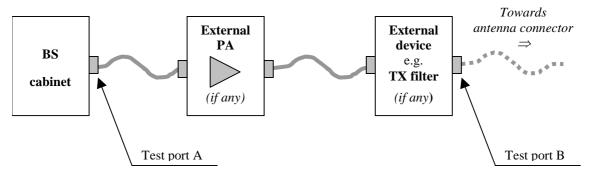


Figure 4.10.1-1: Transmitter test ports

#### 4.10.1.1 Transmission with multiple transmitter antenna connectors

Unless otherwise stated, for the tests in clause 6 of the present document, the requirement applies for each transmitter antenna connector in the case of transmission with multiple transmitter antenna connectors.

Transmitter requirements are tested at the antenna connector, with the remaining antenna connector(s) being terminated. If the manufacturer has declared the transmitter paths to be equivalent, it is sufficient to measure the signal at any one of the transmitter antenna connectors.

## 4.10.2 Receive configurations

Unless otherwise stated, the receiver characteristics in clause 7 are specified at the BS antenna connector (test port A) with a full complement of transceivers for the configuration in normal operating conditions. If any external apparatus such as a RX amplifier, a filter or the combination of such devices is used, requirements apply at the far end antenna connector (test port B).

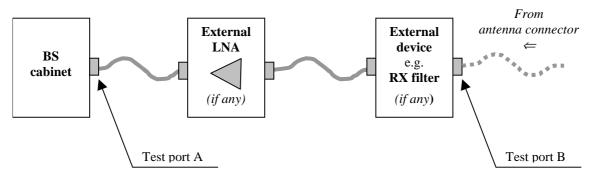


Figure 4.10.2-1: Receiver test ports

#### 4.10.2.1 Reception with multiple receiver antenna connectors, receiver diversity

For the tests in clause 7 of the present document, the requirement applies at each receiver antenna connector for receivers with antenna diversity or in the case of multi-carrier reception with multiple receiver antenna connectors.

Receiver requirements are tested at the antenna connector, with the remaining receiver(s) disabled or their antenna connector (s) being terminated. If the manufacturer has declared the receiver paths to be equivalent, it is sufficient to apply the specified test signal at any one of the receiver antenna connectors.

For a multi-band BS, multi-band tests for blocking and intermodulation are performed with the interferer(s) applied to each antenna connector mapped to the receiver for the wanted signal(s), however only to one antenna at a time. Antenna connectors to which no signals are applied are terminated.

### 4.10.3 Duplexers

The requirements of the present document shall be met with a duplexer fitted, if a duplexer is supplied as part of the BS.

NOTE: The present release of this specification does not contain test requirements for the case that the duplexer is supplied as an option by the manufacturer. This is left for future releases.

## 4.10.4 Power supply options

If the BS is supplied with a number of different power supply configurations, it may not be necessary to test RF parameters for each of the power supply options, provided that it can be demonstrated that the range of conditions over which the equipment is tested is at least as great as the range of conditions due to any of the power supply configurations.

This applies particularly if a BS contains a DC rail which can be supplied either externally or from an internal mains power supply. In this case, the conditions of extreme power supply for the mains power supply options can be tested by testing only the external DC supply option. The range of DC input voltages for the test should be sufficient to verify the performance with any of the power supplies, over its range of operating conditions within the BS, including variation of mains input voltage, temperature and output current.

# 4.10.5 Ancillary RF amplifiers

The requirements of the present document shall be met with the ancillary RF amplifier fitted. At tests according to clauses 6 and 7 for TX and RX respectively, the ancillary amplifier is connected to the BS by a connecting network (including any cable(s), attenuator(s), etc.) with applicable loss to make sure the appropriate operating conditions of the ancillary amplifier and the BS. The applicable connecting network loss range is declared by the manufacturer. Other characteristics and the temperature dependence of the attenuation of the connecting network are neglected. The actual

attenuation value of the connecting network is chosen for each test as one of the applicable extreme values. The lowest value is used unless otherwise stated.

Sufficient tests should be repeated with the ancillary amplifier fitted and, if it is optional, without the ancillary RF amplifier to verify that the BS meets the requirements of the present document in both cases.

When testing, the following tests shall be repeated with the optional ancillary amplifier fitted according to Table 4.10.5-1, where x denotes that the test is applicable:

Receiver Tests	Subclause	TX amplifier only	RX amplifier only	TX/RX amplifiers combined (Note)
	7.2		Х	Х
	7.4		Х	Х
	7.5		Х	Х
	7.6		Х	Х
	7.7		Х	
Transmitter	6.2	Х		Х
Tests	6.6.1	Х		Х
	6.6.2	Х		Х
	6.6.3	Х		Х
	6.6.4	Х		Х
	6.7	Х		Х

 Table 4.10.5-1 Tests applicable to ancillary RF Amplifiers

NOTE: Combining can be by duplex filters or any other network. The amplifiers can either be in RX or TX branch or in both. Either one of these amplifiers could be a passive network.

In test according to subclauses 6.2 and 7.2 highest applicable attenuation value is applied.

### 4.10.6 BS with integrated luant BS modem

Unless otherwise stated, for the tests in the present document, the integrated Iuant BS modem shall be switched off. Spurious emissions according to clauses 6.6.4 and 7.7 shall be measured only for frequencies above 20MHz with the integrated Iuant BS modem switched on.

# 4.10.7 BS using antenna arrays

A BS may be configured with a multiple antenna port connection for some or all of its transceivers or with an antenna array related to one cell (not one array per transceiver). This subclause applies to a BS which meets at least one of the following conditions:

- the transmitter output signals from one or more transceiver appear at more than one antenna port; or
- there is more than one receiver antenna port for a transceiver or per cell and an input signal is required at more than one port for the correct operation of the receiver thus the outputs from the transmitters as well as the inputs to the receivers are directly connected to several antennas (known as "aircombining"); or
- transmitters and receivers are connected via duplexers to more than one antenna.

In case of diversity or spatial multiplexing, multiple antennas are not considered as an antenna array.

If a BS is used, in normal operation, in conjunction with an antenna system which contains filters or active elements which are necessary to meet the BS requirements, the conformance tests may be performed on a system comprising the BS together with these elements, supplied separately for the purposes of testing. In this case, it must be demonstrated that the performance of the configuration under test is representative of the system in normal operation, and the conformance assessment is only applicable when the BS is used with the antenna system.

For conformance testing of such a BS, the following procedure may be used.

#### 4.10.7.1 Receiver tests

For each test, the test signals applied to the receiver antenna connectors shall be such that the sum of the powers of the signals applied equals the power of the test signal(s) specified in the test.

An example of a suitable test configuration is shown in figure 4.10.7.1-1.

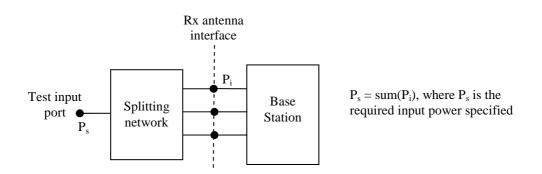


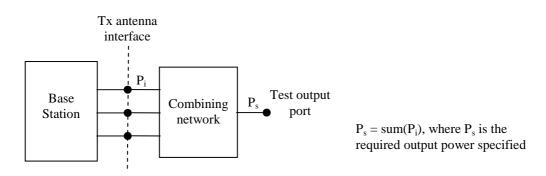
Figure 4.10.7.1-1: Receiver test set-up

For spurious emissions from the receiver antenna connector, the test may be performed separately for each receiver antenna connector.

#### 4.10.7.2 Transmitter tests

For each test, the test signals applied to the transmitter antenna connectors (Pi) shall be such that the sum of the powers of the signals applied equals the power of the test signal(s) (Ps) specified in the test. This may be assessed by separately measuring the signals emitted by each antenna connector and summing the results, or by combining the signals and performing a single measurement. The characteristics (e.g. amplitude and phase) of the combining network should be such that the power of the combined signal is maximised.

An example of a suitable test configuration is shown in figure 4.10.7.2-1.



#### Figure 4.10.7.2-1: Transmitter test set-up

For Intermodulation attenuation, the test may be performed separately for each transmitter antenna connector.

# 4.11 Format and interpretation of tests

Each test in the following clauses has a standard format:

#### X Title

All tests are applicable to all equipment within the scope of the present document, unless otherwise stated.

#### X.1 Definition and applicability

This subclause gives the general definition of the parameter under consideration and specifies whether the test is applicable to all equipment or only to a certain subset. Required manufacturer declarations may be included here.

#### X.2 Minimum requirement

This subclause contains the reference to the subclause to the 3GPP reference (or core) specification which defines the minimum requirement.

#### X.3 Test purpose

This subclause defines the purpose of the test.

#### X.4 Method of test

#### X.4.1 Initial conditions

This subclause defines the initial conditions for each test, including the test environment, the RF channels to be tested and the basic measurement set-up. For the test of certain RF requirements the present specification refers to the test method of the single-RAT specifications. In this case, the initial conditions as defined within the referred test specification for the RF requirement shall be used.

#### X.4.2 Procedure

This subclause describes the steps necessary to perform the test and provides further details of the test definition like point of access (e.g. test port), domain (e.g. frequency-span), range, weighting (e.g. bandwidth), and algorithms (e.g. averaging). For the test of certain RF requirements the present specification refers to the test method of the single-RAT specifications. In this case, the test procedure as defined within the referred test specification for the RF requirement shall be used.

#### X.5 Test requirement

This subclause defines the pass/fail criteria for the equipment under test. See subclause 4.1.3 Interpretation of measurement results. For the test of certain RF requirements the present specification refers to the requirements of the single-RAT specifications. In this case, the test requirement as defined within the referred test specification for the RF requirement shall be used.

# 4.12 Requirements for BS capable of multi-band operation

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the RF requirements in clause 6 and 7 apply for each supported operating band unless otherwise stated. For some requirements it is explicitly stated that specific additions or exclusions to the requirement apply for BS capable of multi-band operation. In the case of multiband operation of a BS, single-RAT operation and the corresponding applicability of the requirements for each operating band is determined based on the RAT configuration within only that operating band, unless otherwise stated.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, various structures in terms of combinations of different transmitter and receiver implementations (multi-band or single band) with mapping of transceivers to one or more antenna port(s) in different ways are possible. In the case where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the following applies:

- Single-band transmitter spurious emissions, operating band unwanted emissions, ACLR, transmitter intermodulation and receiver spurious emissions requirements apply to each antenna connector.
- If the BS is configured for single-band operation, single-band requirements shall apply to the antenna connector configured for single-band operation and no exclusions or provisions for multi-band capable BS are applicable. Single-band requirements are tested separately at the antenna connector configured for single-band operation, with all other antenna connectors terminated.

For a BS capable of multi-band operation supporting BC3 bands for TDD, the RF requirements in the present specification assume synchronized operation, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur between the bands.

The RF requirements in the present specification are FFS for multi-band operation supporting bands for both FDD and TDD.

# 5 Applicability of requirements and test configurations

The present clause defines for each RF test requirement the set of mandatory test configurations which shall be used for demonstrating conformance. This is specified in the Table 5.2-1 for single-RAT Multi-carrier, Table 5.1-1 for multi-RAT Base Stations and Table 5.3-1 for multi-band capable Base Station.

Requirements apply according to the declared RAT Capability Set (CS) within each supported operating band of the MSR Base Station and the Band Category of the declared operating band (BC1, BC2 or BC3), as listed in the heading of each table. Some RF requirements listed in the tables may not be mandatory or they may apply only regionally. This is further specified for each requirement in clause 6 and 7, and in Table 4.3-1.

For a declared RAT Capability Set (CS) in Table 5.1-1 and 5.2-1, only the requirements listed in the column for that CS apply. Requirements listed under CS other than the declared CS(s) need not be tested.

For a BS declared to be capable of contiguous operation only, the test configuration(s) in Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 denoted by a 'C' and entries that refer to single-RAT specifications shall be used for testing.

For a BS declared to be capable of contiguous and non-contiguous operation and where the parameters in the manufacture"s declaration according to subclause 4.7.2 are identical for contiguous and non-contiguous operation (within subgroup in case of CS7), the test configuration(s) in Table 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 denoted by 'CNC' and entries that refer to single-RAT specifications shall be used.

For a BS declared to be capable of contiguous and non-contiguous operation and where the parameters in the manufacture's declaration according to subclause 4.7.2 are not identical for contiguous and non-contiguous operation (within subgroup in case of CS7), the test configuration(s) in Table 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 denoted by 'C/NC' and entries that refer to single-RAT specifications shall be used for testing.

For some of the RF test requirements entries within Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to the single-RAT specifications; this is denoted by "(TS 25.141)", "(TS 25.142)", "(TS 36.141)" or "(TS 51.021)". In this case the following shall apply:

- transmitter test signals and test models as defined within the referred test specification shall be used, see clause 4.9.2. For some RF requirements this comprises a mandatory test case in addition to a test case using the MSR test configurations defined in clause 4.8.
- for some RF requirements the initial conditions and test procedure as defined within the referred single-RAT test specification for the RF requirement shall be used. This is specified in further detail in clauses 6, 7 and 8 of the present document.
- for some RF requirements the test requirement as defined within the referred single-RAT test specification for the RF requirement shall be used. This is specified in further detail in clauses 6, 7 and 8 of the present document. In this case (see clause 4.1):
  - The maximum acceptable uncertainty of the Test System for test requirements are defined in the respective referred test specification
  - Test Tolerances are defined in the respective referred test specification.
  - If the parameters in the manufacturer's declarations according to subclause 4.7.2 are not identical for contiguous and non-contiguous operation, the parameters for contiguous operation shall be used for the test in the single RAT test specification.

For a BS declared to be capable of multi-band operation, the applicability of the requirement for each operating band is determined by the RAT configuration within that operating band as identified in Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1, unless otherwise stated. The testing of multi-band capable BS shall be according to Table 5.3-1 as follows:

- For requirements test denoted by SBT (Single Band Test), the test configuration (s) in Table 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 shall be used for each operating band depending on the RAT configuration within that band.
- For requirements test denoted by MBT (Multi-Band Test), the test configuration (s) in Table 5.3-1 shall be used depending on the Band Category of the declared operating band combination.

# 5.1 Multi-RAT capable Base Stations

# Table 5.1-1: Test configurations for capability sets for Multi-RAT capable BS

Capability Set		UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 3)	<b>A</b>	GSM+ UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)	GSM+UTRA/ E-UTRA, UTRA+ E-UTRA (CS7)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2
6.2 Base Station output power	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Base Station maximum output power	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: TC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: TC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: TC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: TC4a*, TC4b, TC3a* CNC: TC4a*, TC4b, TC3a* C/NC: TC4a*, NTC4a*, TC4b, NTC4a*, TC4b, NTC4b, TC3a*,
Additional regional requirement (only for band 34)	N/A	N/A	Compliance stated by manufacturer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
E-UTRA for DL RS	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	declaration (TS 36.141)	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)
power UTRA FDD primary CPICH power	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*
UTRA FDD secondary CPICH power	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*
UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.3 Output power dynamics	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC4b
6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transmitter OFF power	N/A	N/A	C: TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Transmitter transient period	N/A	N/A	C: TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.5 Transmitted signal quality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.5.1 Modulation quality	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	N/A	C: TC4b CNC: TC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: TC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: TC4b CNC: TC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b
UTRA FDD	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: TC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	N/A	C: TC4a CNC: TC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	N/A	C: TC4c CNC: TC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: TC4a* CNC: TC4a* C/NC: TC4a*, NTC4a*
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	C: TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	C: TC4a CNC: TC4a	C: TC4b CNC: TC4b	C: TC4c CNC: TC4c	C: TC4b CNC: TC4b

Capability Set		UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 3)	A	GSM+ UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)	GSM+UTRA/ E-UTRA, UTRA+ E-UTRA (CS7)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2
				C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b
6.5.2 Frequency error	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1
UTRA FDD	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1			
6.5.3 Time alignment error	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.6 Unwanted emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.6.1 Transmitter spurious emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(Category A)	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a, NTC4a,TC3a, NTC3a)*,
(Category B)	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	TC4b,NTC4b C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a, NTC4a, TC3a, NTC3a)*, TC4b,NTC4b
Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	N/A	N/A	N/A	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: TC4a*, TC4b CNC: NTC4a*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a, NTC4a)*, TC4b,NTC4b
Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a,

Capability Set		JTRA + E-UTRA (CS 3)	A	GSM+ UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)	GSM+UTRA/ E-UTRA, UTRA+ E-UTRA (CS7)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2
Additional spurious emissions requirements	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	NTC4a, TC3a, NTC3a)*, TC4b, NTC4b C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a,
Co-location with other Base Stations	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	NTC4a, TC3a, NTC3a)*, TC4b, NTC4b C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a, NTC4a, TC3a, NTC4a, TC3a, NTC3a)*, TC4b, NTC4b
6.6.2 Operating band unwanted emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General requirement for Band Categories 1 and 3	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) C: TC3a CNC: TC3a, NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	N/A	(TS 25.142) (TS 36.141) C: TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
General requirement for Band Category 2	N/A	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) C: TC3a CNC: TC3a, NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	N/A	(TS 25.141) C: TC4a, TC4d (note1) CNC:TC4a, TC4d(note1), NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, TC4d(note1), NTC4a	(TS 36.141) C: TC4b, TC4e (note1) CNC:TC4b, TC4e(note1), NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, TC4e(note1), NTC4b	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) C: TC4c, TC4e (note1) CNC: TC4c, TC4e (note1), NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, TC4e (note1), NTC4c NTC4c	(TS 36.141) (TS 25.141)* C: TC4b, TC3a* CNC:TC4b, NTC4b, TC3a*, NTC3a* C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b, TC3a*, NTC4b, TC3a*, NTC3a*
GSM/EDGE single- RAT requirement	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	N/A
Additional requirements	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration
6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minimum requirement 6.6.4 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) -	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) -	(TS 25.142) (TS 36.141) -	(TS 25.141) -	(TS 36.141) -	(TS 25.141) (TS 36.141) -	(TS 25.141)* (TS 36.141) -
(ACLR) E- UTRA	C: TC2	C: TC2	C: TC2	N/A	C: TC2	C: TC2	C: TC2

Capability Set		UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 3)	A	GSM+ UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)	GSM+UTRA/ E-UTRA, UTRA+ E-UTRA (CS7)	
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2	
	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2		CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:TC2, NTC2	
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.141)*	
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Cumulative ACLR	CNC: NTC3a C/NC:NTC3a	CNC: NTC3a C/NC:NTC3a		CNC: NTC1a C/NC:NTC1a	CNC: NTC2 C/NC:NTC2	CNC: NTC3a C/NC:NTC3a	CNC: NTC3a*, NTC2** C/NC:NTC3a*, NTC2**	
6.7 Transmitter intermodulation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	
requirement	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	
Additional requirement (BC1 and BC2)	CNC: NTC3a C/NC:NTC3a	Same TC as used in 6.6	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.6	Same TC as used in 6.6	Same TC as used in 6.6	Same TC as used in 6.6	
Additional requirement (BC3)	N/A	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
7.2 Reference sensitivity level	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E-UTRA	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*	
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC5b	
7.3 Dynamic range	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
E-UTRA	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	N/A	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)*	
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GSM/EDGE 7.4 In- band	N/A	N/A -	N/A -	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC5b	
selectivity and blocking	-	-	-			-	-	
General blocking requirement	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC5a CNC: NTC5a C/NC: TC5a, NTC5a	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5c C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	
General narrowband blocking requirement	C: TC3a, TC6b CNC:NTC3a, TC6b C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a,TC6b	C: TC3a, TC6b CNC:NTC3a, TC6b C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a,TC6b	C: TC3b, TC6b	C: TC5a, TC6a CNC:NTC5a, TC6a C/NC: TC5a. NTC5a,TC6a	C:TC5b, TC6b CNC:NTC5b, TC6b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b,TC6b	C: TC5b, TC6a CNC:NTC5c, TC6a C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c,TC6a	C: TC5b, TC6a* CNC:NTC5b, TC6a* C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b,TC6a*	
Additional narrowband blocking requirement for GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC5b	
GSM/EDGE requirements for AM suppression	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC5b	
Additional BC3 blocking requirement	N/A	N/A	C: TC3b	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
7.5 Out-of-band blocking	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General requirement	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC5a CNC: NTC5a C/NC: TC5a, NTC5a	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5c, C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	

Capability Set		JTRA + E-UTR/ (CS 3)	A	GSM+ UTRA (CS 4)	GSM + E-UTRA (CS 5)	GSM + UTRA + E-UTRA (CS 6)	GSM+UTRA/ E-UTRA, UTRA+ E-UTRA (CS7)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC2	BC2	BC2	BC2
Co-location requirement	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC5a CNC: NTC5a C/NC: TC5a, NTC5a	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5c C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b
7.6 Receiver spurious emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General requirement	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: (TC4a, TC3a)*, TC4b CNC: (NTC4a, NTC3a)*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a,
							NTC4a, TC3a, NTC3a)* , TC4b, NTC4b
Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	N/A	N/A	N/A	C: TC4a CNC: NTC4a C/NC: TC4a, NTC4a	C: TC4b CNC: NTC4b C/NC: TC4b, NTC4b	C: TC4c CNC: NTC4c C/NC: TC4c, NTC4c	C: TC4a*, TC4b CNC: NTC4a*, NTC4b C/NC: (TC4a, NTC4a)*, TC4b, NTC4b
7.7 Receiver intermodulation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General intermodulation requirement	C: TC3a CNC: NTC3a C/NC: TC3a , NTC3a	C: TC3a CNC NTC3a C/NC: TC3a , NTC3a	C: TC3b	C: TC5a CNC: NTC5a C/NC: TC5a, NTC5a	C: TC5b CNC NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b	C: TC5b CNC: NTC5c C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c	C: TC5b CNC NTC5b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b
General narrowband intermodulation requirement	C: TC3a, TC6b CNC:NTC3a, TC6b C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a,TC6b	C: TC3a TC6b CNC:NTC3a, TC6b C/NC: TC3a, NTC3a;TC6b	C: TC3b , TC6b	C: TC5a , TC6a CNC:NTC5a, TC6a C/NC: TC5a NTC5a,TC6a	C: TC5b, TC6b CNC:NTC5b, TC6b C/NC: TC5b, NTC5b,TC6b	C: TC5b, TC6a CNC:NTC5c, TC6a C/NC: TC5b, NTC5c,TC6a	C: TC5b, TC6a* CNC:NTC5b, TC6a* C/NC: TC5b NTC5b,TC6a*
Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	(TS 51.021)	TC5b
7.8 In-channel selectivity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
subset of	he declared Base the operating ba 3, the test config s, the test configu	e Station RF Bar nd, or when the juration is only a urations are alwa	ndwidth for mult maximum Base pplicable if UTF ays applicable.	i-RAT operations Station RF Band A is declared to	and the frequer dwidth covers th be supported in	ncy range supporte e entire operating Band 3.	ed by the BS is a

# 5.2 Single-RAT Multi-carrier capable Base Stations

Capability Set	UTRA	(MC) capable B	S (CS1)	E-UTR	A (MC) capable	BS (CS2)
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC1	BC2	BC3
6.2 Base Station output power	-	-	-	-	-	-
Base Station maximum output power	C: TC1a CNC: TC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: TC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
Additional regional requirement (only for band 34)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration
E-UTRA DL RS power	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)
UTRA FDD primary CPICH power	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UTRA FDD secondary CPICH power	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.3 Output power dynamics	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transmitter OFF power	N/A	N/A	C: TC1b	N/A	N/A	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
Transmitter transient period	N/A	N/A	C: TC1b	N/A	N/A	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
6.5 Transmitted signal quality	-	-	-	-	-	-
6.5.1 Modulation quality	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: TC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
UTRA FDD	C: TC1a CNC: TC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: TC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	C: TC1b	N/A	N/A	N/A
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
6.5.2 Frequency error	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1

Capability Set	UTRA	(MC) capable B	S (CS1)	E-UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS2)			
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC1 BC2		BC3	
UTRA FDD	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	Same TC as used in 6.5.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
6.5.3 Time	-	-	-	-	-	-	
alignment error							
E-UTRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
6.6 Unwanted	-	-	-	-	-	-	
emissions 6.6.1 Transmitter spurious	-	-	-	-	-	-	
emissions	C: TC1a	C: TC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2	C: TC2	C: TC2	
(Category A)	CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	
(Category B)	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: 101b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	
Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	
Additional spurious emissions requirements	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	
Co-location with other Base Stations	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	
6.6.2 Operating band unwanted emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	
General requirement for Band Categories 1 and 3	(TS 25.141) C: TC1a CNC: TC1a, NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	N/A	(TS 25.142) C: TC1b	(TS 36.141) C: TC2 CNC: TC2, NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2 NTC2	N/A	(TS 36.141) C: TC2 CNC: TC2, NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2 NTC2	
General requirement for Band Category 2	N/A	(TS 25.141) C: TC1a CNC: TC1a, NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141) C: TC2 CNC: TC2, NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	N/A	
GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirements	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Additional requirements	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	Compliance stated by manufacturer declaration	
6.6.3 Occupied	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Capability Set	UTRA	(MC) capable B	S (CS1)	E-UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS2)					
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC1	BC1 BC2 BC3				
bandwidth	201		200	201		200			
Minimum									
	(TC 25 141)	(TC 25 141)	(TC 25 142)	(TC 26 141)	(TS 26 141)	(TS 26 141)			
requirement	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.142)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)			
6.6.4 Adjacent		-	-	-	-	-			
Channel									
Leakage power									
Ratio (ACLR)									
	N/A	N/A	N/A	C: TC2	C: TC2	C: TC2			
				CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2			
E-UTRA				C/NC:TC2,	C/NC:TC2,	C/NC:TC2,			
	(70	(70		NTC2	NTC2	NTC2			
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
Cumulative	CNC: NTC1a	CNC: NTC1a	-	CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2			
ACLR	C/NC:NTC1a	C/NC:NTC1a		C/NC: NTC2	C/NC: NTC2	C/NC: NTC2			
6.7 Transmitter	-	0/110.111010	-	0/110.11102	0/110.11102	0/110.11102			
	-	-	-		1	1			
intermodulatio									
n									
General	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as	Same TC as			
requirement	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6	used in 6.6			
Additional	CNC: NTC1a	Same TC as	N/A	CNC: NTC2	Same TC as	N/A			
						1 1/71			
requirement	C/NC:NTC1a	used in 6.6		C/NC: NTC2	used in 6.6				
(BC1 and BC2)						-			
Additional	N/A	N/A	Same TC as	N/A	N/A	Same TC as			
requirement			used in 6.6			used in 6.6			
(BC3)									
7.2 Reference	-	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	-		-	-	-			
sensitivity level									
E-UTRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)			
requirement									
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
requirement	()	(							
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	N/A	IN/A	(15 25.142)	IN/A	IN/A	IN/A			
requirement									
GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
requirement									
7.3 Dynamic	-	-	-	-	-	-			
range									
E-UTRA	N1/A	N1/A		(TC 26 4 44)	(TC 26 444)	(TC 26 4 44)			
	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)			
UTRA FDD	(TS 25.141)	(TS 25.141)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
UTRA TDD	N/A	N/A	(TS 25.142)	N/A	N/A	N/A			
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
GSM/EDGE					1				
7.4 In-band	-	-	-	-	-	-			
selectivity and									
blocking									
SIGURING	0. TO 4-	0. 704-		0. TOO	0. 700	0. 700			
General	C: TC1a	C: TC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2	C: TC2	C: TC2			
blocking	CNC: NTC1a	CNC: NTC1a		CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2	CNC: NTC2			
	C/NC: TC1a ,	C/NC: TC1a,		C/NC: TC2,	C/NC: TC2,	C/NC: TC2,			
requirement	NTC1a	NTC1a		NTC2	NTC2	NTC2			
	C: TC1a,	C: TC1a ,	C: TC1b	C: TC2,	C: TC2,	C: TC2,			
General	TC6a	TC6a	TC6c	TC6b	TC6b	TC6b			
	CNC: NTC1a,		1000		CNC: NTC2,				
narrowband		CNC:NTC1a,		CNC:NTC2,		CNC: NTC2			
blocking	TC6a	TC6a		TC6b	TC6b	TC6b			
requirement	C/NC: TC1a,	C/NC: TC1a,		C/NC: TC2,	C/NC: TC2,	C/NC: TC2,			
	NTC1a,TC6a	NTC1a,TC6a		NTC2, TC6b	NTC2, TC6b	NTC2, TC6b			
Additional	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
narrowband									
blocking									
requirement for									
GSM/EDGE									
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A			
GSM/EDGE									
GSM/EDGE requirements for									

Capability Set	UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS1)		E-UTRA (MC) capable BS (CS2)			
BS test case	BC1	BC2	BC3	BC1	BC2	BC3
Additional BC3 blocking minimum requirement	N/A	N/A	C: TC1b	N/A	N/A	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
7.5 Out-of- band blocking	-	-	-	-	-	-
General requirement	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
Co-location requirement	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
7.6 Receiver spurious emissions	-	-	-	-	-	-
General requirement	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.7 Receiver intermodulatio n	-	-	-	-	-	-
General intermodulation requirement	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1a CNC: NTC1a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a	C: TC1b	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2	C: TC2 CNC: NTC2 C/NC: TC2, NTC2
General narrowband intermodulation requirement	C: TC1a, TC6a CNC: NTC1a, TC6a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a,TC6a	C: TC1a, TC6a CNC:NTC1a, TC6a C/NC: TC1a, NTC1a,TC6a	C: TC1b, TC6c	C: TC2, TC6b CNC: NTC2, TC6b C/NC: TC2, NTC2, TC6b	C: TC2, TC6b CNC: NTC2, TC6b C/NC: TC2, NTC2, TC6b	C: TC2, TC6b CNC: NTC2, TC6b C/NC: TC2, NTC2, TC6b
Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
7.8 In-channel selectivity	-	-	-	-	-	-
E-UTRA requirement	N/A	N/A	N/A	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)	(TS 36.141)

# 5.3 Multi-band capable Base Stations

# Table 5.3-1: Test configurations for Multi-Band capable BS (all Capability Sets)

BS test case	Test for Multi-	Test configuration for MBT		
	Common antenna connector	Separate antenna connector	BC1/BC2	BC3
6.2 Base Station output power	-	-	-	-
Base Station maximum output power	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	TC7a
Additional regional requirement (only for band 34)	N/A	N/A	N/A	-
E-UTRA for DL RS power	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA FDD primary CPICH power	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power	SBT	SBT	-	-
6.3 Output power dynamics	-	-		
E-UTRA	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA FDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA TDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
GSM/EDGE	SBT	SBT	-	-
6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power			-	-
Transmitter OFF power	MBT, SBT ⁷	MBT, SBT ⁷	N/A	TC7a
Transmitter transient period	MBT, SBT ⁷	MBT, SBT ⁷	N/A	TC7a
6.5 Transmitted signal quality				
6.5.1 Modulation quality				
E-UTRA	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	TC7a
UTRA FDD	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	N/A
UTRA TDD	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	N/A	TC7a
GSM/EDGE	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	N/A
6.5.2 Frequency error				
E-UTRA	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	TC7a
UTRA FDD	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	N/A
UTRA TDD	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	N/A	TC7a
GSM/EDGE	SBT, MBT	SBT, MBT	TC7a	N/A
6.5.3 Time alignment between transmitter branches				
E-UTRA	SBT, MBT ¹	SBT, MBT ¹	TC7b	TC7b
UTRA FDD	SBT, MBT ¹	SBT, MBT ¹	TC7b	N/A
UTRA TDD	SBT	SBT	N/A	-
6.6 Unwanted emissions				
6.6.1 Transmitter spurious emissions				
(Category A)	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
(Category B)	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
Additional requirement for BC2 (Category B)	SBT, MBT ³	SBT ² , MBT ^{2, 3}	TC7b	N/A
Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
Additional spurious emissions requirements	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
Co-location with other Base Stations	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
6.6.2 Operating band unwanted emissions				
General requirement for Band Categories 1 and 3	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
General requirement for Band Category 2	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	TC7b	N/A
GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirement	SBT, MBT ⁶	SBT ² , MBT ^{2,6}	TC7c	N/A

Additional requirements	SBT, MBT	SBT ² , MBT ²	-	-
6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth				
Minimum requirement	SBT	SBT	-	-
6.6.4 Adjacent Channel Leakage	301	361	-	-
power Ratio (ACLR)			-	-
E- UTRA	SBT, MBT ⁴	SBT ² , MBT ^{2, 4}	TC7b	TC7b
UTRA FDD	SBT, MBT ⁴	SBT ² , MBT ^{2, 4}	TC7b	N/A
	SBT, MBT ⁴	SBT ² , MBT ^{2, 4}	N/A	N/A
UTRA TDD			IN/A	TC7b
Cumulative ACLR	SBT, MBT⁴	SBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
6.7 Transmitter intermodulation				
General requirement	SBT	SBT ²	-	-
Additional requirement (BC1 and	SBT	SBT ²	-	N/A
BC2)				
Additional requirement (BC3)	SBT	SBT ²	N/A	-
7.2 Reference sensitivity level				
E-UTRA	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA FDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA TDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
GSM/EDGE	SBT	SBT	-	-
7.3 Dynamic range				
E-UTRA	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA FDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
UTRA TDD	SBT	SBT	-	-
GSM/EDGE	SBT	SBT	-	-
7.4 In- band selectivity and				
blocking				
General blocking requirement	MBT, SBT'	SBT, MBT⁵	TC7b	TC7b
General narrowband blocking	MBT, SBT ⁷	SBT, MBT ⁵	TC7b	TC7b
requirement		<u> </u>		
Additional narrowband blocking	SBT	SBT	-	
requirement for GSM/EDGE	-	_		
GSM/EDGE requirements for AM	SBT	SBT	-	
suppression	-	-		
Additional BC3 blocking requirement	MBT, SBT ⁷	SBT, MBT⁵	N/A	TC7b
7.5 Out-of-band blocking				
General requirement	MBT, SBT ⁷	SBT, MBT⁵	TC7b	TC7b
Co-location requirement	MBT, SBT ⁷	SBT, MBT⁵	TC7b	TC7b
7.6 Receiver spurious emissions				
General requirement	SBT, MBT	SBT ² MBT ²	TC7b	TC7b
Additional requirement for BC2	SBT, MBT ³	SBT ² , MBT ^{2, 3}	TC7b	N/A
(Category B)				
7.7 Receiver intermodulation				
General intermodulation requirement	MDT ODT	SBT, MBT⁵	TC7b	TC7b
	MBT, SBT ⁷			TC7b
	MBT, SBT	SBT, MBT⁵	TC7b	1070
General narrowband intermodulation			TC7b	1070
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband			- TC7b	N/A
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband	MBT, SBT'	SBT, MBT⁵		
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE	MBT, SBT'	SBT, MBT⁵		
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE <b>7.8 In-channel selectivity</b>	MBT, SBT ⁷ SBT	SBT, MBT⁵		
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE <b>7.8 In-channel selectivity</b> E-UTRA requirement	MBT, SBT SBT SBT	SBT, MBT ⁵ SBT SBT SBT	-	
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE <b>7.8 In-channel selectivity</b> E-UTRA requirement NOTE 1: MBT is only applicable when	MBT, SBT SBT SBT SBT DB-DC-HSDPA / ir	SBT, MBT ⁵ SBT SBT SBT ter-band CA is supported	- - - -	N/A -
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE <b>7.8 In-channel selectivity</b> E-UTRA requirement NOTE 1: MBT is only applicable when NOTE 2: Single-band requirement applicable when	MBT, SBT SBT SBT DB-DC-HSDPA / ir oply to each antenna	SBT, MBT ⁵ SBT SBT SBT ter-band CA is supported connector for both multi-l	- - - oand operation	N/A -
General narrowband intermodulation requirement Additional narrowband intermodulation requirement for GSM/EDGE <b>7.8 In-channel selectivity</b> E-UTRA requirement NOTE 1: MBT is only applicable when	MBT, SBT SBT SBT DB-DC-HSDPA / ir oply to each antenna	SBT, MBT ⁵ SBT SBT SBT ter-band CA is supported connector for both multi-l	- - - oand operation	N/A -

NOTE 3: For multi-band operation, this additional requirement for BC2 is applicable only when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all operating bands.

NOTE 4: For ACLR, MBT shall be applied for the Inter RF Bandwidth gap only. In case of a BS capable of CS4, CS5, CS6 or CS7, the referenced test configuration shall be the corresponding one for CS1, CS2 or CS3 respectively, i.e. without GSM/EDGE carriers.

NOTE 5: MBT is only applied for multi-band receiver.

NOTE 6: MBT is only applicable for multi-band BS supporting CS4, CS5 or CS6 in at least one band.

NOTE 7: SBT is only applicable if different Capability Sets are declared for single-band and multi-band operation.

# 6 Transmitter characteristics

# 6.1 General

General test conditions for transmitter tests are given in clause 4, including interpretation of measurement results and configurations for testing. BS configurations for the tests are defined in subclause 4.10.

# 6.2 Base Station output power

# 6.2.1 Base Station maximum output power

#### 6.2.1.1 Definition and applicability

Output power of the Base Station is the mean power delivered to a load with resistance equal to the nominal load impedance of the transmitter.

The maximum total output power,  $P_{max}$ , of the Base Station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period in a specified reference condition.

The maximum RAT output power,  $P_{max,RAT}$ , of the Base Station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period for a specific RAT in a specified reference condition.

The maximum carrier output power,  $P_{max,c}$  of the Base Station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period for a specific carrier in a specified reference condition.

The rated carrier output power,  $P_{Rated,c}$ , of the base station is the mean power level for a specific carrier that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period.

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the ranges defined for the Normal test environment in Annex B.

The rated carrier output power of the BS shall be as specified in Table 6.2-1.

BS class		P _{Rated,c}	
Wide Area BS		(note)	
Medium Range BS		≤+ 38 dBm	
Local Area BS		≤+ 24 dBm	
NOTE:	There is no upper limit for the rated carrier output		
power of the Wide Area Base Station.			

#### Table 6.2-1 Base Station rated carrier output power

#### 6.2.1.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.2.1.

#### 6.2.1.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the accuracy of the maximum carrier output power across the frequency range and under normal and extreme conditions for all transmitters in the BS.

#### 6.2.1.4 Method of test

#### 6.2.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1;  $B_{RFBW}$ _T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW}_T_{RFBW} in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

In addition, a single test shall be performed under extreme power supply conditions as defined in Annex B.3. In this case, it is sufficient to test on a single combination of one ARFCN, UARFCN or E-ARFCN, one Base Station RF Bandwidth position and with only one applicable test configuration defined in clause 5.

NOTE: Tests under extreme power supply also test extreme temperature.

Connect the power measuring equipment to the MSR Base Station antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.1.

#### 6.2.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Base Station to transmit at maximum power according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.
- 2) Measure the mean power for each carrier at the Base Station antenna connector.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

3) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

#### 6.2.1.5 Test requirements

In normal conditions, the measurement result in step 2 of subclause 6.2.1.4.2 shall for UTRA and E-UTRA remain:

within +2.7 dB and -2.7 dB of the manufacturer's rated carrier output power for carrier frequency  $f \le 3.0$  GHz,

within +3.0 dB and -3.0 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power for carrier frequency 3.0 GHz <  $f \le 4.2$  GHz,

and for GSM/EDGE remain within +3.0 dB and -3.0 dB of the manufacturer's rated carrier output power.

In extreme conditions, measurement result in step 2 of subclause 6.2.1.4.2 shall for UTRA and E-UTRA remain:

within +3.2 dB and -3.2 dB of the manufacturer's rated carrier output power for carrier frequency  $f \le 3.0$  GHz,

within +3.5 dB and -3.5 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power for carrier frequency 3.0 GHz <  $f \le 4.2$  GHz,

and for GSM/EDGE remain within +3.5 dB and -3.5 dB of the manufacturer's rated carrier output power.

### 6.2.2 E-UTRA DL RS power

#### 6.2.2.1 Definition and applicability

E-UTRA DL RS power is the resource element power of Downlink Reference Symbol.

The absolute DL RS power is indicated on the DL-SCH. The absolute accuracy is defined as the maximum deviation between the DL RS power indicated on the DL-SCH and the DL RS power at the BS antenna connector.

#### 6.2.2.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.2.3.

#### 6.2.2.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the E-UTRA DL RS power is within the limits specified by the minimum requirement.

#### 6.2.2.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.5.4.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single carrier test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

#### 6.2.2.5 Test requirements

The test requirement for DL RS power is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.5.4.5.

# 6.2.3 UTRA FDD primary CPICH power

#### 6.2.3.1 Definition and applicability

UTRA FDD primary CPICH power is the code domain power of the Common Pilot Channel. Primary CPICH power is indicated on the BCH. CPICH power accuracy is defined as the maximum deviation between the Primary CPICH code domain power indicated on the BCH and the Primary CPICH code domain power measured at the TX antenna interface.

#### 6.2.3.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.2.4.

#### 6.2.3.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the UTRA FDD primary CPICH power is within the limits specified by the minimum requirement.

#### 6.2.3.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.2.2.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

#### 6.2.3.5 Test requirements

For UTRA FDD the test requirement for CPICH power is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.2.2.5.

# 6.2.3A UTRA FDD secondary CPICH power

#### 6.2.3A.1 Definition and applicability

UTRA FDD secondary CPICH power is the code domain power of the Secondary Common Pilot Channel. Secondary CPICH power is equal to the sum of the Primary CPICH power and the power offset, which are signalled to the UE.

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Secondary CPICH power accuracy is defined as the maximum deviation of the relevant IE between the Primary CPICH power transmitted at the first antenna connector and the Secondary CPICH power transmitted at the second antenna connector.

#### 6.2.3A.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.2.4A.

#### 6.2.3A.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the UTRA FDD secondary CPICH power is within the limits specified by the minimum requirement.

#### 6.2.3A.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.2.3.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

#### 6.2.3A.5 Test requirements

For UTRA FDD the test requirement for CPICH power is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.2.3.5.

# 6.2.4 UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power

#### 6.2.4.1 Definition and applicability

UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power is the code domain power of the Primary Common Control Physical Channel averaged over the transmit timeslot. Primary CCPCH power is signalled on the BCH.

UTRA TDD differential accuracy of the Primary CCPCH power is the relative transmitted power accuracy of PCCPCH in consecutive frames when the nominal PCCPCH power is not changed.

#### 6.2.4.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.2.5.

#### 6.2.4.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the UTRA TDD primary CCPCH power and differential accuracy of Primary CCPCH power are within the limits specified by the minimum requirement.

#### 6.2.4.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.142, the methods of test are specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.4.5.4 and 6.4.6.4 respectively.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

### 6.2.4.5 Test requirements

For UTRA TDD, the test requirement for primary CCPCH power and the differential accuracy of Primary CCPCH power are specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.4.5.5 and 6.4.6.5, respectively.

# 6.3 Output power dynamics

# 6.3.1 Definition and applicability

Output power dynamics is defined by the MSR BS transmitter"s ability to operate at varying output power levels.

# 6.3.2 Minimum Requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.3.1, 6.3.2, 6.3.3 and 6.3.4.

# 6.3.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that the output power dynamics are met as specified by the minimum requirement.

# 6.3.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5, for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6. The following shall apply for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6:

- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.3.2.4.
- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.4.2.4, 6.4.3.4, 6.4.4.4 and 6.4.5.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.4.2.4, 6.4.3.4, 6.4.4.4, 6.4.5.4 and 6.4.6.4.
- For references to TS 51.021 [11], the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], subclause 6.3 and 6.4.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the following shall apply:

- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.3.2.4.
- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.4.2.4, 6.4.3.4, 6.4.4.4 and 6.4.5.4.
- For testing GSM/EDGE output power dynamics, steps in subclause 6.3.4.1 and 6.3.4.2 shall apply.

#### 6.3.4.1 Initial conditions for GSM/EDGE output power dynamics for CS7

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,

1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.1.1.

#### 6.3.4.2 Procedure for GSM/EDGE output power dynamics

- 1) Set the BS to transmit according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2. The highest possible power shall be allocated to GSM carriers taking into account declared rated total output power for Sub-group 2 and maximum supported power difference between carriers.
- 2) Perform the measurement on a GSM/EDGE carrier as follows: For every measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the requirement and the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 6.3.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single carrier test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

# 6.3.5 Test Requirement

For E-UTRA, the test requirement is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.3.2.5.

For UTRA FDD, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.4.2.5, 6.4.3.5, 6.4.4.5 and 6.4.5.5.

For UTRA TDD, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.4.2.5, 6.4.3.5, 6.4.4.5, 6.4.5.5 and 6.4.6.5.

For GSM/EDGE, the test requirement is specified in TS 51.021 [11], subclause 6.3.3 and 6.4.3.

# 6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power

The requirements in subclause 6.4 are only applied for BC3 BS.

# 6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Transmitter OFF power is defined as the mean power measured over 70 us filtered with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the Base Station RF Bandwidth(s) of the BS centred on the central frequency of the Base Station RF Bandwidth(s) during the transmitter OFF period.

The transmitter transient period is the time period during which the transmitter is changing from the OFF period to the ON period or vice versa. The transmitter transient period is illustrated in Figure 6.4.1-1.

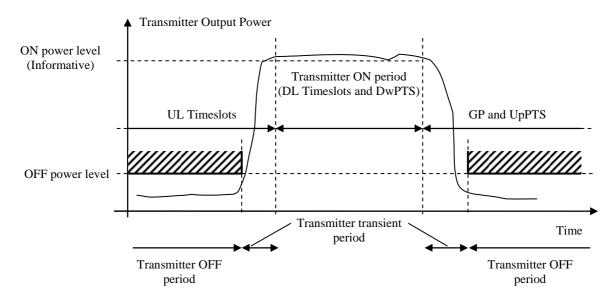


Figure 6.4.1-1 Illustration of the relations of transmitter ON period, transmitter OFF period and transmitter transient period.

# 6.4.2 Minimum Requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.4.1.1 and subclause 6.4.2.1.

# 6.4.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the BC3 BS transmitter OFF power and transient periods are within the limits of the minimum requirements.

# 6.4.4 Method of test

#### 6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $M_{RFBW}$  in single band operation, see subclause 4.9.1;  $B_{RFBW}$ -T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW}-T_{RFBW} in multi-band operation; see subclause 4.9.1.

Connect the signal analyzer to the MSR BS antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.1.

#### 6.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the BS to transmit a signal according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.
- 2) Measure the mean power spectral density measured over 70µs filtered with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the Base Station RF Bandwidth centred on the central frequency of the Base Station RF Bandwidth. 70µs average window centre is set from 35µs after end of one transmitter ON period + 17µs to 35µs before start of next transmitter ON period – 6.25µs.
- For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

# 6.4.5 Test requirement

The transmitter OFF power spectral density shall be less than -83 dBm/MHz.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement is only applicable during the transmitter OFF period in all supported operating bands.

The measured mean power spectral density according to subclause 6.4.4.2 shall be less than -83 dBm/MHz for carrier frequency  $f \le 3.0$  GHz.

The measured mean power spectral density shall be less than -82.5dBm/MHz for carrier frequency 3.0 GHz < f  $\leq$  4.2 GHz.

NOTE: If the above Test Requirement differs from the Minimum Requirement then the Test Tolerance applied for this test is non-zero. The Test Tolerance for this test and the explanation of how the Minimum Requirement has been relaxed by the Test Tolerance are given in Annex C.

# 6.5 Transmitted signal quality

### 6.5.1 Modulation quality

#### 6.5.1.1 Definition and applicability

Modulation quality is defined by the difference between the measured carrier signal and a reference signal. Modulation quality can e.g. be expressed as Error Vector Magnitude (EVM), Peak Code domain Error (PCDE) or Relative Code domain Error (RCDE).

#### 6.5.1.2 Minimum Requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.5.1.

### 6.5.1.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that modulation quality is within the limit specified by the minimum requirement.

### 6.5.1.4 Method of test

#### 6.5.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth position to be tested:  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1 single-band operation.

1) Connect measurement device to the base station antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.1.

### 6.5.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the BS to transmit according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.
- 2) Perform the measurement on each carrier as follows:
  - For measurement on an E-UTRA carrier, see TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.5.2.4.2 step 2 to 4.
  - For EVM measurement on a UTRA FDD carrier, see TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.7.1.4.2 step 2 to 5 using a filter defined in subclause 6.7.1.1.
  - For PCDE measurement on a UTRA FDD carrier, see TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.7.2.4.2 using TM3.
  - For RCDE measurement on a UTRA FDD carrier, see TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.7.4.4.2 using TM6.
  - For EVM measurement on a UTRA TDD carrier, see TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.8.1.4.2.2 using a filter defined in subclause 6.8.1.1.
  - For PCDE measurement on a UTRA TDD carrier, see TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.8.2.4.1.2.
  - For RCDE measurement on a UTRA TDD carrier, see TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.8.3.4.1.1.
  - For measurement on a GSM/EDGE carrier, see TS 51.021 [11] subclause 6.2.2.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

3) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

### 6.5.1.5 Test Requirements

### 6.5.1.5.1 E-UTRA test requirement

For every measured E-UTRA carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.5.2.5.

### 6.5.1.5.2 UTRA FDD test requirement

For every measured UTRA FDD carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.7.1.5, 6.7.2.5 and 6.7.4.5.

#### 6.5.1.5.3 UTRA TDD test requirement

For every measured UTRA TDD carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.8.1.5, 6.8.2.5 and 6.8.3.5.

### 6.5.1.5.4 GSM/EDGE test requirement

For every measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 51.021 [11] subclause 6.2.3.

### 6.5.2 Frequency error

### 6.5.2.1 Definition and applicability

Frequency error is the measure of the difference between the actual BS transmit frequency and the assigned frequency. The same source shall be used for RF frequency and data clock generation.

It is not possible to verify by testing that the data clock is derived from the same frequency source as used for RF generation. This may be confirmed by the manufacturer's declaration.

### 6.5.2.2 Minimum Requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.5.2.

### 6.5.2.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify that frequency error is within the limit specified by the minimum requirement.

### 6.5.2.4 Method of test

Requirement is tested together with Error Vector Magnitude test, as described in subclause 6.5.1.

### 6.5.2.5 Test Requirements

### 6.5.2.5.1 E-UTRA test requirement

For every measured E-UTRA carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.5.1.5.

### 6.5.2.5.2 UTRA FDD test requirement

For every measured UTRA FDD carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.3.5.

### 6.5.2.5.3 UTRA TDD test requirement

For every measured UTRA TDD carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.3.5.

### 6.5.2.5.4 GSM/EDGE test requirement

For every measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the test requirement is specified in TS 51.021 [11] subclause 6.2.3.

### 6.5.3 Time alignment error

### 6.5.3.1 Definition and applicability

This requirement applies to frame timing in:

- UTRA single/multi-carrier transmissions, and their combinations with MIMO or TX diversity.
- E-UTRA single/multi-carrier transmissions, and their combinations with MIMO or TX diversity.
- E-UTRA Carrier Aggregation, with or without MIMO or TX diversity.

Frames of the WCDMA/LTE signals present at the BS transmitter antenna connector(s) are not perfectly aligned in time. In relation to each other, the RF signals present at the BS transmitter antenna connector(s) experience certain timing differences.

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For a specific set of signals/transmitter configuration/transmission mode, Time Alignment Error (TAE) is defined as the largest timing difference between any two signals.

### 6.5.3.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.5.3.

### 6.5.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that the time alignment error is within the limit specified by the minimum requirement.

### 6.5.3.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.7.3.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.8.4.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.5.3.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

### 6.5.3.5 Test requirement

For E-UTRA, the test requirement for time alignment error is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.5.3.5.

For UTRA FDD, the test requirement for time alignment error is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.7.3.5.

For UTRA TDD, the test requirement for time alignment error is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.8.4.5.

### 6.6 Unwanted emissions

Unwanted emissions consist of out-of-band emissions and spurious emissions [13]. Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The out-of-band emissions requirement for the BS transmitter is specified in terms of an Operating band unwanted emissions requirement that defines limits for emissions in each supported downlink operating band plus the frequency ranges 10 MHz above and 10 MHz below each band. Emissions outside of this frequency range are limited by a spurious emissions requirement.

There is in addition a requirement for occupied bandwidth and an ACLR requirement applicable for some RATs.

### 6.6.1 Transmitter spurious emissions

### 6.6.1.1 Definition and applicability

The transmitter spurious emission limits apply from 9 kHz to 12.75 GHz, excluding the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the downlink operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the downlink operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector, this exclusion applies for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operating band.

multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the single-band requirements apply and the multi-band exclusions and provisions are not applicable.

Exceptions are the requirement in Table 6.6.1.3.1-2 in TS 37.104 [2], and specifically stated exceptions in Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 that apply also closer than 10 MHz from the downlink operating band. For some operating bands the upper frequency limit is higher than 12.75 GHz.

The requirements shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered. It applies for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification. Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power (RMS).

### 6.6.1.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.6.1.

### 6.6.1.3 Test purpose

This test measures conducted spurious emission from the MSR BS transmitter antenna connector, while the transmitter is in operation.

### 6.6.1.4 Method of test

6.6.1.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1;  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

- 1) Connect the BS antenna connector to a measurement receiver according to Annex D.1.1 using an attenuator or a directional coupler if necessary
- 2) Measurements shall use a measurement bandwidth in accordance to the conditions in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.6.1.
- 3) Detection mode: True RMS.

### 6.6.1.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Base Station to transmit at maximum power according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.
- 2) Measure the emission at the specified frequencies with specified measurement bandwidth and note that the measured value does not exceed the specified value.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

4) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

### 6.6.1.5 Test requirements

The measurement result in step 2 of 6.6.1.4.2 shall not exceed the maximum level specified in Table 6.6.1.5.1-1 to Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 if applicable for the BS under test.

The test requirements of either subclause 6.6.1.5.1 (Category A limits) or subclause 6.6.1.5.2 (Category B limits) shall apply. In addition for a BS operating in Band Category 2, the test requirements of 6.6.1.5.3 shall apply in case of Category B limits.

### 6.6.1.5.1 Spurious emissions (Category A)

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.5.1-1

Table 6.6.1.5.1-1: BS \$	Spurious emissior	Ilimits, Category A
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Frequency range	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz - 150kHz		1 kHz	Note 1
150kHz - 30MHz		10 kHz	Note 1
30MHz - 1GHz		100 kHz	Note 1
1GHz - 12.75 GHz	-13 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2
12.75 GHz – 5 th harmonic	-13 dBill	1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3
of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz			
NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in I			
NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in I table 1	ГU-R SM.329 [13], s4.1. L	Ipper frequency as	in ITU-R SM.329 [13], s2.5
NOTE 3; Applies only for B	ands 22, 42 and 43.		

6.6.1.5.2 Spurious emissions (Category B)

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.5.2-1

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9 kHz $\leftrightarrow$ 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Note 1
150 kHz $\leftrightarrow$ 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz	Note 1
$30 \text{ MHz} \leftrightarrow 1 \text{ GHz}$	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Note 1
1 GHz ↔ 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2
12.75 GHz ↔ 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3
NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SI NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SI table 1			as in ITU-R SM.329 [13], s2.5
NOTE 3; Applies only for Bands 22	2, 42 and 43.		

### 6.6.1.5.3 Additional test requirement for BC2 (category B)

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 when GSM/EDGE is configured, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.5.3-1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the limits in Table 6.6.1.5.3-1 are only applicable when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all bands.

Frequency range	Frequency offset from transmitter operating band edge (Note1)	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth			
	10 – 20 MHz	-36 dBm	300 kHz			
500 MHz $\leftrightarrow$ 1 GHz	20 – 30 MHz	-36 dBm	1 MHz			
	≥ 30 MHz	-36 dBm	3 MHz			
$1 \text{ GHz} \leftrightarrow 12.75 \text{ GHz}$	≥ 30 MHz	-30 dBm	3 MHz			
NOTE 1: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the frequency offset is relative to the closest operating band.						

### 6.6.1.5.4 Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS

This requirement shall be applied for FDD operation in order to prevent the receivers of Base Stations being desensitised by emissions from the BS transmitter. It is measured at the transmit antenna port for any type of BS which has common or separate Tx/Rx antenna ports.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.5.4-1, depending on the declared Base Station class and Band Category.

BS Class	Band category	Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
Wide Area BS	BC1	$F_{UL_{low}} - F_{UL_{high}}$	-96 dBm	100 kHz	
Wide Area BS	BC2	$F_{UL_{low}} - F_{UL_{high}}$	-98 dBm	100 kHz	
Medium Range BS	BC1,BC2	FUL_low - FUL_high	-91 dBm	100 kHz	
Local Area BS	BC1,BC2	$F_{UL_{low}} - F_{UL_{high}}$	-88 dBm	100 kHz	

Table 6.6.1.5.4-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for protection of the BS receiver

### 6.6.1.5.5 Additional spurious emission requirements

These requirements may be applied for the protection of system operating in frequency ranges other than the BS downlink operating band. The limits may apply as an optional protection of such systems that are deployed in the same geographical area as the BS, or they may be set by local or regional regulation as a mandatory requirement for an operating band. It is in some cases not stated in the present document whether a requirement is mandatory or under what exact circumstances that a limit applies, since this is set by local or regional regulation. An overview of regional requirements in the present document is given in subclause 4.4.

Some requirements may apply for the protection of specific equipment (UE, MS and/or BS) or equipment operating in specific systems (GSM/EDGE, CDMA, UTRA, E-UTRA, etc.) as listed below. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 for a BS where requirements for co-existence with the system listed in the first column apply. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 apply for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 apply for the operating band supported at that antenna connector.

# Table 6.6.1.5.5-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for co-existence with systems operating in other frequency bands

System type to co-exist with	Frequency range for co-existence requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
GSM900	921 - 960 MHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8
	876 - 915 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	For the frequency range 880-915 MHz, this requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4.
DCS1800 (Note 3)	1805 - 1880 MHz	-47 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3.
	1710 - 1785 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
PCS1900	1930 - 1990 MHz	-47 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2, 25 or band 36.
	1850 - 1910 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 35.
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 - 894 MHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
	824 - 849 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
UTRA FDD Band I or	2110 - 2170 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65.
E-UTRA Band 1	1920 - 1980 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band II or	1930 - 1990 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25.
E-UTRA Band 2	1850 - 1910 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4
UTRA FDD Band III or	1805 - 1880 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9.
E-UTRA Band 3 (Note 3)	1710 - 1785 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in band 9, it applies for 1710 MHz to 1749.9 MHz and 1784.9 MHz to 1785 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band IV or	2110 - 2155 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10 or 66.
E-UTRA Band 4	1710 - 1755 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10 or 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	869 - 894 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
	824 - 849 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
UTRA FDD Band VI, XIX or	860 - 890 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 6, 18, 19

E-UTRA Band 6, 18, 19	815 - 830 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 18 since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
	830 - 845 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 6, 19, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band VII or	2620 - 2690 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 7.
E-UTRA Band 7	2500 - 2570 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 7, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band VIII or	925 - 960 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8.
E-UTRA Band 8	880 - 915 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band IX or	1844.9 - 1879.9 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9.
E-UTRA Band 9	1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band X or	2110 - 2170 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10 or 66.
E-UTRA Band 10	1710 - 1770 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 10 or 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in band 4, it applies for 1755 MHz to 1770 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI	1475.9 - 1510.9 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11, 21 or 32.
or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21	1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 32, this requirement applies for carriers allocated within 1475.9MHz and 1495.9MHz.
	1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 21, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 32, this requirement applies for carriers allocated within 1475.9MHz and 1495.9MHz.
UTRA FDD Band XII or	729 - 746 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 12.
E-UTRA Band 12	699 - 716 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 12, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 29, it applies 1 MHz below the Band 29 downlink operating band (Note 7).
UTRA FDD Band XIII or	746 - 756 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 13.
E-UTRA Band 13	777 - 787 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 13, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XIV or	758 - 768 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 14.
E-UTRA Band 14	788 - 798 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 14, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
E-UTRA Band 17	734 - 746 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 17.
	704 - 716 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 17, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 29, it applies 1 MHz below the Band 29 downlink operating band (Note 7).
UTRA FDD Band XX or	791 - 821 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 20.

E LITEA Bond	922 962 MU-	40 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to PS approximg in
E-UTRA Band 20	832 - 862 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHZ	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 20, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XXII or	3510 – 3590 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 22 or 42.
E-UTRA Band 22	3410 – 3490 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 22, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4. This requirement does not apply to Band 42
E-UTRA Band 23	2180 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 23 or 66.
	2000 - 2020 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 23, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Bands 2 or 25, where the limits are defined separately.
	2000 – 2010 MHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement only applies to BS operating in Band
	2010 – 2020 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	2 or Band 25. This requirement applies starting 5 MHz above the Band 25 downlink operating band. (Note 5)
E-UTRA Band 24	1525 – 1559 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 24.
	1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 24, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XXV or	1930 - 1995 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25.
E-UTRA Band 25	1850 - 1915 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in band 2, it applies for 1910 MHz to 1915 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XXVI or E-UTRA Band 26	859 - 894 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
	814 - 849 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in band 5, it applies for 814 MHz to 824 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
E-UTRA Band 27	852 – 869 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5, 26 or 27.
	807 – 824 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 27, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 26, it applies for 807 MHz to 814 MHz, while
				the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. This requirement also applies to BS operating in Band 28, starting 4 MHz above the Band 28 downlink operating band (Note 6).
E-UTRA Band 28	758 - 803 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28, 44 or 67.
	703 - 748 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 44. For BS operating in Band 67, it applies for 703-736MHz.
E-UTRA Band 29	717 – 728 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 29.
E-UTRA Band 30	2350 - 2360 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 30 or 40.
	2305 - 2315 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 30, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 40.

E-UTRA Band	462.5 – 467.5 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
31				band 31.
	452.5 – 457.5 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 31, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
UTRA FDD Band XXXII or E-UTRA Band 32	1452 - 1496 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11, 21 or 32.
UTRA TDD Band a) or E- UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 33
UTRA TDD Band a) or E- UTRA Band 34	2010 - 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 34
UTRA TDD Band b) or E- UTRA Band 35	1850 – 1910 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 35
UTRA TDD Band b) or E- UTRA Band 36	1930 - 1990 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 2, 25 or 36
UTRA TDD in Band c) or E- UTRA Band 37	1910 - 1930 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 37. This unpaired band is defined in ITU-R M.1036, but is pending any future deployment.
UTRA TDD Band d) or E- UTRA Band 38		-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 38.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E- UTRA Band 39		-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 39
UTRA TDD Band e) or E- UTRA Band 40	2300 – 2400MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 30 or 40
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 – 2690MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 41
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 43
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 43
E-UTRA Band 44	703 - 803 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 28 or 44
E-UTRA Band 45	1447 - 1467 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 45
E-UTRA Band 65	2110 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65,
	1920 - 2010 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 65, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 1, it applies for 1980 MHz to 2010 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.5.4.
E-UTRA Band 66	2110 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10, 23 or 66.
	1710 - 1780 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 4, it applies for 1755 MHz to 1780 MHz, while the rest is covered in clause 6.6.1.5.4. For BS operating in Band 10, it applies for 1770 MHz to 1780 MHz, while the rest is covered in clause 6.6.1.5.4.
E-UTRA Band 67	738 – 758 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28 or 67.
2 BS	from an earlier releas	e manufactu	red before 31	earlier release. In addition, it does not apply to an Band December, 2012, which is upgraded to support Rel-10 RF parts of the radio unit related to this requirement.

- NOTE 1: As defined in the scope for spurious emissions in this subclause, except for the cases where the noted requirements apply to a BS operating in Band 25 or Band 29, the co-existence requirements in Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the downlink operating band (see Tables 4.4-1 and 4.4-2). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.
- NOTE 2: Table 6.6.1.5.5-1 assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges in Table 4.4-1 or Table 4.4-2 would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 3: For the protection of DCS1800, UTRA Band III or E-UTRA Band 3 in China, the frequency ranges of the downlink and uplink protection requirements are 1805 1850 MHz and 1710 1755 MHz respectively.
- NOTE 4: TDD base stations deployed in the same geographical area, that are synchronized and use the same or adjacent operating bands can transmit without additional co-existence requirements. For unsynchronized base stations, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 6: For Band 28 BS, specific solutions may be required to fulfil the spurious emissions limits for BS for coexistence with Band 27 UL operating band.
- NOTE 7: For Band 29 BS, specific solutions may be required to fulfil the spurious emissions limits for BS for coexistence with UTRA Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UL operating band or E-UTRA Band 17 UL operating band.

The following requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between 10 MHz below the lowest BS transmitter frequency of the downlink operating band and 10 MHz above the highest BS transmitter frequency of the downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.6.1.5.5-2: BS S	Spurious emissions limits for BS for co-existence	with PHS
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Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note			
1884.5 - 1915.7 MHz	-41 dBm	300 kHz	Applicable for co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1915.7MHz			
NOTE: The requirement is not applicable in China.						

The following requirement may apply to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 41 in certain regions. This requirement is also applicable at the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the BS downlink operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the BS downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note		
2505MHz – 2535MHz	-42dBm	1 MHz			
2535MHz – 2655MHz	-22dBm	1 MHz	Applicable at offsets ≥ 250% of channel bandwidth from carrier frequency		
NOTE: This requirement applies for 10 or 20 MHz E-UTRA carriers allocated					
within 2545-2575MHz or 2595-2645MHz.					

In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.1.5.1 to 6.6.1.5.4 and above in the present subclause, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 30 in certain regions. This requirement is also applicable at the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the BS downlink operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the BS downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
2200MHz – 2345MHz	-45dBm	1 MHz	
2362.5MHz – 2365MHz	-25dBm	1 MHz	
2365MHz – 2367.5MHz	-40dBm	1 MHz	
2367.5MHz – 2370MHz	-42dBm	1 MHz	
2370MHz – 2395MHz	-45dBm	1 MHz	

Table 6.6.1.5.5-4: Additional BS Spurious emissions limits for Band 30

In certain regions the following requirement may apply to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 45. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.1.5.5-5.

Operating Band	Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Maximum Level [dBm]	Measurement Bandwidth
45	F _{filter} = 1467.5	-20	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1468.5	-23	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1469.5	-26	1 MHz
	$F_{filter} = 1470.5$	-33	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1471.5	-40	1 MHz
	1472.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1491.5 MHz	-47	1 MHz

Table 6.6.1.5.5-5: Emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

### 6.6.1.5.6 Co-location with other Base Stations

These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, CDMA850, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD and/or E-UTRA BS are co-located with a BS.

The requirements assume a 30 dB coupling loss between transmitter and receiver and are based on co-location with base stations of the same class.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 for a BS where requirements for colocation with a BS type listed in the first column apply, depending on the declared Base Station class. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 apply for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 apply for the operating band supported at that antenna connector.

Table 6.6.1.5.6-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for	or BS co-located with another BS
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Type of co-located	Frequency range	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Measurement	Note
BS	for co-location	Level	Level	Level	Bandwidth	
	requirement	(WA BS)	(MR BS)	(LA BS)		
GSM900	876-915 MHz	-98 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
DCS1800	1710 - 1785 MHz	-98 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
PCS1900	1850 - 1910 MHz	-98 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
GSM850 or	824 - 849 MHz	-98 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
CDMA850						
UTRA FDD Band I	1920 - 1980 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 1						
UTRA FDD Band II	1850 - 1910 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 2	4740 4705 141	00 15	04.15	00.15	400.111	
UTRA FDD Band III	1710 - 1785 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 3	1710 - 1755 MHz				100 kHz	
UTRA FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	1710 - 1755 MHZ	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 KHZ	
UTRA FDD Band V	824 - 849 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 5	024 - 049 IVINZ	-90 0011	-91 0011	-00 UDIII		
UTRA FDD Band VI,	830 - 845 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
XIX or E-UTRA	030 - 043 10112	-90 UDIII	-91 ubiii	-00 UDIT	TOO KI IZ	
Band 6, 19						
UTRA FDD Band VII	2500 - 2570 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 7	2000 2010 10112	50 dBill	or abiii	00 abiii	100 112	
UTRA FDD Band	880 - 915 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
VIII or E-UTRA	000 010 1112	oo abiii	or abiii	oo abiii	100 1012	
Band 8						
UTRA FDD Band IX	1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 9			••••			
UTRA FDD Band X	1710 - 1770 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 10						
UTRA FDD Band XI	1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or E-UTRA Band 11						
UTRA FDD Band XII	699 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
or						
E-UTRA Band 12						
UTRA FDD Band	777 - 787 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
XIII or						
E-UTRA Band 13						
UTRA FDD Band	788 - 798 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
XIV or						
E-UTRA Band 14		00 - 10	04 -10	00 -10	400 1-11-	
E-UTRA Band 17	704 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 18	815 - 830 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
UTRA FDD Band XX or	832 - 862 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 20						
UTRA FDD Band	1447.9 – 1462.9	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
XXI or E-UTRA	MHz	-30 0011				
Band 21	111112					
UTRA FDD Band	3410 – 3490 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
XXII or E-UTRA						applicable
Band 22						to BS
-						operating in
						Band 42
E-UTRA Band 23	2000 - 2020 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 24	1626.5 - 1660.5	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
	MHz					

UTRA FDD Band XXV or E-UTRA	1850 - 1915 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band 25						
UTRA FDD Band XXVI or E-UTRA	814 - 849 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band 26 E-UTRA Band 27	007 004 MU	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 1/11-	
E-UTRA Band 27 E-UTRA Band 28	807 - 824 MHz 703 – 748 MHz				100 kHz 100 kHz	This is not
E-UTRA Band 28	703 – 748 MHZ	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 KHZ	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 44
E-UTRA Band 30	2305 - 2315 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 40
E-UTRA Band 31	452.5 – 457.5 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	Dana io
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 33
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA Band 34	2010 - 2025 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 34
UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 35	1850 – 1910 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 35
UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 36	1930 - 1990 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 2 and 36
UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA Band 37	1910 - 1930 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 37. This unpaired band is defined in ITU-R M.1036, but is pending any future deployment.
UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 38	2570 – 2620 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 38.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E-UTRA Band 39	1880 – 1920MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 33 and 39

UTRA TDD Band e) or E-UTRA Band 40	2300 – 2400MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 30 or 40
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 – 2690MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 41
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 43
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 43
E-UTRA Band 44	703 – 803 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 28 or 44
E-UTRA Band 45	1447 – 1467 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 45
E-UTRA Band 65	1920 - 2010 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 66	1710 – 1780 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	

- NOTE 1: As defined in the scope for spurious emissions in this subclause, the co-location requirements in Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the BS transmit frequency range of a downlink operating band (see Tables 4.4-1 and 4.4-2). The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB BS-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [14].
- NOTE 2: Table 6.6.1.5.6-1 assumes that two operating bands, where the corresponding BS transmit and receive frequency ranges in Table 4.4-1 or Table 4.4-2 would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 3: Co-located TDD Base Stations that are synchronized and using the same or adjacent operating band can transmit without special co-locations requirements. For unsynchronized Base Stations, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

### 6.6.2 Operating band unwanted emissions

### 6.6.2.1 Definition and applicability

The Operating band unwanted emission limits are defined from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of each supported downlink operating band to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  and  $F_{BW RF,low}$  at  $F_{BW RF,low}$  at

operating band. In addition, for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap. In addition, for a BS operating in multiple bands, it applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

The requirements shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered and for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification, except for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation. The requirements in TS 45.005 [6] as defined in subclause 6.6.2.3 apply to an MSR Base Station for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation in Band Category 2.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply and the cumulative evaluation of the emission limit in the Inter RF Bandwidth gap are not applicable.

### 6.6.2.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.6.2.1, 6.6.2.2, 6.6.2.3 and 6.6.2.4.

### 6.6.2.3 Test purpose

This test measures the emissions of the MSR BS, close to the assigned channel bandwidth of the wanted signal, while the transmitter is in operation.

### 6.6.2.4 Method of test

For some of the test cases Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. In this case the following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.5.2.1.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.6.2.1.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.6.3.4.

NOTE: In this case the test requirements of the present document defined in subclause 6.6.2.5 apply.

For GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirements, the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 6.5.1, 6.5.2, 6.6.2 and 6.12.

For test requirements of operating band unwanted emissions using the MSR test configurations defined in subclause 4.8, the, method of test described in subclauses 6.6.2.4.1 and 6.6.2.4.2 applies.

### 6.6.2.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1;  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

1) Connect the signal analyzer to the Base Station antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.1.

As a general rule, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity, efficiency and to avoid e.g. carrier leakage, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

2) Detection mode: True RMS.

### 6.6.2.4.2 Procedure

1) Set the Base Station to transmit at maximum power according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.

- 2) Step the centre frequency of the measurement filter in contiguous steps and measure the emission within the specified frequency ranges with the specified measurement bandwidth. For BS operating in multiple bands or non-contiguous spectrum, the emission within the Inter RF Bandwidth or sub-block gap shall be measured using the specified measurement bandwidth from the closest RF Bandwidth or sub block edge.
- 3) Repeat the test for the remaining test cases with channel set-up according to clause 5 and subclause 4.9.2.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

4) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

### 6.6.2.5 Test requirement

### 6.6.2.5.1 Test requirements for Band Categories 1 and 3

For a Wide Area BS operating in Band Category 1 or Band Category 3, the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Wide Area BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any subblock gap. In addition, for a Wide Area BS operating in multiple bands, it applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For a Medium Range BS operating in Band Category 1 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Medium Range BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap. In addition, for a Medium Range BS operating in multiple bands, it applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For a Local Area BS operating in Band Category 1 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Local Area BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap. In addition, for a Local Area BS operating in multiple bands, it applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

Outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges, emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Tables 6.6.2.5.1-1 to 6.6.2.5.1-4 below, where:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is the offset to the frequency 10 MHz outside the downlink operating band.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gaps with  $W_{gap} < 20$  MHz, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the test requirements specified at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. The test requirement for Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is specified in Table 6.6.2.5.1-1 to 6.6.2.5.1-4 below, where in this case:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offsetmax minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector, the operating band unwanted emission limits apply also in a supported operating band without any carriers transmitted, in the case where there are carriers transmitted in another operating band. In this case where there is no carrier transmitted in an operating band, no cumulative limits are applied in the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a downlink band without any carrier transmitted and

- In case the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a supported downlink band without any carrier transmitted is less than 20MHz, f_offset_{max} shall be the offset to the frequency 10 MHz outside the outermost edges of the two supported downlink operating bands and the operating band unwanted emission limit of the band where there are carriers transmitted, as defined in the tables of the present subclause, shall apply across both supported downlink bands.
- In other cases, the operating band unwanted emission limit of the band where there are carriers transmitted, as defined in the tables of the present subclause for the largest frequency offset ( $\Delta f_{max}$ ), shall apply from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency, up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the supported downlink operating band without any carrier transmitted.

Inside any sub-block gap for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the test requirements specified for the adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. The test requirement for each sub block is specified in Tables 6.6.2.5.1-1 to 6.6.2.5.1-4 below, where in this case:

- Δf is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the sub block edge frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the sub block gap bandwidth minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-1: Wide Area BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3 bands ≤ 3GHz

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)	
$0 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 0.2 \text{ MHz}$	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.215MHz	-12.5 dBm	30 kHz	
0.2 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.215MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-12.5dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz	
(Note 3)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-24.5 dBm	30 kHz	
1 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$	1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset <	-11.5 dBm	1 MHz	
min(Δf _{max} , 10 MHz)	min(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)			
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$	-15 dBm (Note 5)	1 MHz	

## Table 6.6.2.5.1-1a: Wide Area BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3 for bands > 3GHz

measurement fi	Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf     Frequency offset of measurement filter centre		Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.2	MHz	$0.015MHz \le f_offset < 0.215MHz$	-12.2 dBm	30 kHz
0.2 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1	MHz	0.215MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-12.2dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz
(Note 3)		1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-24.2 dBm	30 kHz
1 MHz ≤ ∆f ≤ min(∆f _{max} , 10 MI		1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)	-11.2 dBm	1 MHz
$10 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f$		$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$	-15 dBm (Note 5)	1 MHz
within s of the su each sic NOTE2: For MSI the Inte Bandwid	ub-bloc ab bloc ement l le of the R BS su RF Ba th on e th sha	k gaps is calculated as a cumulative s k gap, where the contribution from the bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. e sub-block gap, where the test requi upporting multi-band operation with Ir andwidth gaps is calculated as a cumu each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth g	peration within any operating band the test is sum of contributions from adjacent sub bloc e far-end sub-block shall be scaled accordin Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacen rement within sub-block gaps shall be -15dE neter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test recu ulative sum of contributions from adjacent su gap, where the contribution from the far-end ement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block of	ks on each side g to the t sub blocks on Bm/MHz. puirement within ub-blocks or RF sub-block or RF

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-2: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands $\leq$ 3GHz, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{max,c} $\leq$ 38 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$Pmaxc - 56.5dB - \frac{7}{5} \left( \frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dB$	30 kHz
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$Pmaxc - 51.5dB - 15 \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz

(Note 3)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	P _{max,c} – 63.5 dB	30 kHz		
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 2.6 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.1 MHz	P _{max,c} – 50.5 dB	1 MHz		
$2.6 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	3.1 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	min(P _{max,c} – 50.5 dB, -13.5dBm)	1 MHz		
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq min(\Delta f_{max})$	5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min	P _{max,c} – 54.5 dB	1 MHz		
10MHz)	(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)				
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P _{max,c} -56dB (Note 5)	1MHz		
		peration within any operating band the test r			
		sum of contributions from adjacent sub bloc			
		e far-end sub-block shall be scaled accordin			
	measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on				
each side of t	each side of the sub-block gap, where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be (Pmax, - 56 dB)/MHz.				
NOTE2: For MSR BS					
the Inter RF	the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF				
Bandwidth or	Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF				
Bandwidth sh	all be scaled according to the measure	ement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block	or RF		
Bandwidth.	-				

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$Pmaxc-562dB - \frac{7}{5} \left( \frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dB$	30 kHz
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$Pmaxc-51.2dB-15\left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz}-0.215\right)dB$	30 kHz
(Note 3)	$1.015MHz \le f_offset < 1.5 MHz$	P _{max,c} – 63.2 dB	30 kHz
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 2.6 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 3.1 MHz	P _{max,c} – 50.2 dB	1 MHz
$2.6 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	3.1 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	min(P _{max,c} – 50.2 dB, -13.2dBm)	1 MHz
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq min(\Delta f_{max}, 10MHz)$	5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(f_offset _{max} ,10.5MHz)	P _{max,c} – 54.2 dB	1 MHz
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P _{max,c} -56dB (Note 5)	1MHz
10 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ Δf _{max} 10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset < g_offset max			

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-2a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands > 3GHz, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{max,c} ≤ 38 dBm

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-3: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands≤ 3GHz, BS maximum output power $P_{max,c} \le 31$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$-25.5dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB$	30 kHz
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-20.5dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz
(Note 3)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-32.5 dBm	30 kHz
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	$1.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{\text{offset}} < 5.5 \text{ MHz}$	-19.5 dBm	1 MHz
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ min( $\Delta f_{max}$ ,10MHz)	5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(f_offset _{max} ,10.5MHz)	-23.5 dBm	1 MHz
$10 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_{max}$	$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$	-25 dBm (Note 5)	1MHz
within sub-blo of the sub blo measurement each side of the NOTE2: For MSR BS s the Inter RF B Bandwidth on	ck gaps is calculated as a cumulative s ck gap, where the contribution from the bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. he sub-block gap, where the test requi supporting multi-band operation with Ir andwidth gaps is calculated as a cumu each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth g	peration within any operating band the test is sum of contributions from adjacent sub bloc e far-end sub-block shall be scaled accordin Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacen rement within sub-block gaps shall be -25dE otter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test rec ulative sum of contributions from adjacent si gap, where the contribution from the far-end ement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block of	ks on each side g to the t sub blocks on Bm/MHz. juirement within ub-blocks or RF sub-block or RF

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-3a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands> 3GHz, BS maximum output power P_{max,c} ≤ 31 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf         Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
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0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$-25.2dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB$	30 kHz	
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-20.2dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz	
(Note 3)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-32.2 dBm	30 kHz	
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	-19.2 dBm	1 MHz	
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$	5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset <	-23.2 dBm	1 MHz	
min(∆f _{max} ,10MHz)	min(f_offset _{max} ,10.5MHz)			
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$	-25 dBm (Note 5)	1MHz	
within sub-bloo of the sub bloo measurement each side of th NOTE2: For MSR BS s the Inter RF B Bandwidth on	<ul> <li>NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -25dBm/MHz.</li> <li>NOTE2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap &lt; 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF</li> </ul>			

# Table 6.6.2.5.1-4: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands $\leq$ 3GHz

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-28.5dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left( \frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05 \right) dB$	100 kHz	
$5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < \min(10)$	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05	-35.5 dBm	100 kHz	
MHz, Δf _{max} )	MHz, f_offset _{max} )			
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-37 dBm (Note 5)	100 kHz	
		peration within any operating band the test		
within sub-bloo	ck gaps is calculated as a cumulative	sum of contributions from adjacent sub bloc	ks on each side	
of the sub block gap. Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap,				
where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -37dBm/100 kHz.				
		nter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test rec ulative sum of contributions from adjacent s		

Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

### Table 6.6.2.5.1-4a: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 for bands > 3GHz

measur	ncy offset of rement filter point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 1, 2	Measurement bandwidth (Note 4)
0 MHz ≤	≦ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-28.2dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz
	≦ ∆f < min(10 z, Δf _{max} )	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max} )	-35.2 dBm	100 kHz
10 MHz	$\Delta f \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$	-37 dBm (Note 5)	100 kHz
	NOTE 1:       For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gaps.         NOTE 2:       For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.			

NOTE 3: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f_offset is continuous.

- NOTE 4: As a general rule for the requirements in the present subclause, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- NOTE 5: The requirement is not applicable when  $\Delta f_{max} < 10$  MHz.

### 6.6.2.5.2 Test requirements for Band Category 2

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap.

Outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges, emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.5.2-1 to 6.6.2.5.2-8 below, where:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is the offset to the frequency 10 MHz outside the downlink operating band.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gaps with  $W_{gap} < 20$  MHz, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the test requirements specified at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. The test requirement for Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is specified in Table 6.6.2.5.2-1 to 6.6.2.5.2-8 below, where in this case:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offsetmax minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector and where there is no carrier transmitted in an operating band, no cumulative limits are applied in the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a supported downlink band without any carrier transmitted and

- In case the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a supported downlink band without any carrier transmitted is less than 20MHz, f_offset_{max} shall be the offset to the frequency 10 MHz outside the outermost edges of the two supported downlink operating bands and the operating band unwanted emission limit of the band where there are carriers transmitted, as defined in the tables of the present subclause, shall apply across both supported downlink bands.
- In other cases, the operating band unwanted emission limit of the band where there are carriers transmitted, as defined in the tables of the present subclause for the largest frequency offset ( $\Delta f_{max}$ ), shall apply from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency, up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the supported downlink operating band without any carrier transmitted.

Inside any sub-block gap for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the test requirement specified for the adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. The test requirement for each sub block is specified in Tables 6.6.2.5.2-1 to 6.6.2.5.2-8 below, where in this case:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the sub block edge.
- f_offset is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the sub block gap bandwidth minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

Frequency offset measurement filt -3dB point, ∆f		Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.2 M (Note 1)	1Hz	0.015 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 0.215 MHz	-12.5 dBm	30 kHz
0.2 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 M	lHz	0.215 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 1.015 MHz	$-12.5dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz
(Note 8)		1.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-24.5 dBm	30 kHz
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le$		1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset <	-11.5 dBm	1 MHz
min(∆f _{max} , 10 MH	z)	min(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)		
$10 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_n$	nax	10.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-15 dBm (Note 10)	1 MHz
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: For operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.5-2 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δf &lt; 0.15 MHz.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -15dBm/MHz.</li> <li>NOTE3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap &lt; 20MHz operation the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block gap, where the contribution from adjacent sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement band</li></ul>				

#### Table 6.6.2.5.2-1: Wide Area BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2

# Table 6.6.2.5.2-2: Wide Area BS operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with<br/>GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

measurer	ncy offset of nent filter -3dB oint, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 5, 6, 7)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 9)	
0 MHz ≤	∆f < 0.05 MHz	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(6.5dBm - 60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB + 2$ $-12.5dBm)$	30 kHz	
0.05 Mł	Hz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(3.5dBm - 160 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) dB + -12.5dBm)$	30 kHz	
	<ul> <li>E 4: The limits in this table only apply for operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge.</li> <li>E 5: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.</li> </ul>				
NOTE 6:	For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.				
NOTE 7:	In case the carrie $X = P_{GSMcarrier} - 4$	er adjacent to the Base Station RF Band	dwidth edge is a GSM/EDGE carrier, the va f the GSM/EDGE carrier adjacent to the Ba		

Bandwidth.

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz (Note 1)	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$Pmaxc - 56.5dB - \frac{7}{5} \left( \frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dB$	30 kHz
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$Pmaxc - 51.5dB - 15 \left(\frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz
(Note 8)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	P _{max,c} – 63.5 dB	30 kHz
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 2.8 \text{ MHz}$	$1.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{\text{offset}} < 3.3 \text{ MHz}$	P _{max,c} – 50.5 dB	1 MHz
$2.8 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	3.3 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	min(P _{max,c} – 50.5 dB, -13.5dBm)	1 MHz
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq min(\Delta f_{max},$	5.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset <	P _{max,c} – 54.5 dB	1 MHz
10 MHz)	min(f_offset _{max} ,10.5MHz)		
$10 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_{max}$	$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < f_\text{offset}_{max}$		1MHz
10 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ Δf max       10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset < f_offset max       Pmax,c -56dB (Note 10)       1MHz         NOTE 1:       For operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.5.2-5 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.15 MHz.			

# Table 6.6.2.5.2-3: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{max,c} ≤ 38 dBm

# Table 6.6.2.5.2-4: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2, BS maximum output power $P_{max,c} \le 31$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz (Note 1)	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$-25.5dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB$	30 kHz		
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-20.5dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz		
(Note 8)	$1.015MHz \le f_offset < 1.5 MHz$	-32.5 dBm	30 kHz		
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	-19.5 dBm	1 MHz		
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq$ min( $\Delta f_{max}$ ,10MHz)	5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(f_offset _{max} ,10.5MHz)	-23.5 dBm	1 MHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-25dBm (Note 10)	1MHz		
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: For operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.5.2-6 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δf &lt; 0.15MHz.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side</li> </ul>					
measurement each side of th NOTE 3: For MSR BS s the Inter RF B Bandwidth on	of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -25dBm/MHz.				

# Table 6.6.2.5.2-5: Medium Range operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with<br/>GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, BS<br/>maximum output power 31 < $P_{max,c} \leq$ 38 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 5, 6)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.05 MHz	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$\operatorname{Pmax} \mathfrak{c} - 365 dB - 60 \left( \frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dA$	30 kHz
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$\operatorname{Pmax} \mathfrak{c} - 39.5 dB - 160 \left( \frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.065 \right)$	30 kHz
	table only apply for operation with a GS on RF Bandwidth edge.	SM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz c	arrier adjacent
	gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum	ation within any operating band the test i of contributions from adjacent sub bloc	
the Inter RF Ban		RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test rec ve sum of contributions from adjacent so	

# Table 6.6.2.5.2-6: Medium Range operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with<br/>GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, BS<br/>maximum output power $P_{max,c} \leq 31 \text{ dBm}$

measure	ency offset of ement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 5, 6, 7)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)
0 MHz s	≤ Δf < 0.05 MHz	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-5.5dBm - 60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right)d + XdB, -25.5dBm)$	30 kHz
0.05 MHz	z ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(-8.5dBm - 160 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) + XdB, -25.5dBm)$	30 kHz
NOTE 4:	NOTE 4: The limits in this table only apply for operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge.			
NOTE 5:	5: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.			
NOTE 6:	For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.			
NOTE 7:	In case the carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is a GSM/EDGE carrier, the value of $X = P_{GSMcarrier} - 31$ , where $P_{GSMcarrier}$ is the power level of the GSM/EDGE carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. In other cases, $X = 0$ .			

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz (Note 1)	0.05 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-28.5dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz		
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f < min(10)$ MHz, $\Delta f_{max}$	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max} )	-35.5 dBm	100 kHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.05 MHz $\leq$ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-37 dBm (Note 7)	100 kHz		
NOTE 1: For operation with a GSM/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth					
NOTE 2: For MSR BS s	edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.5.2-8 apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.16$ MHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the test requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side				
where the test	of the sub block gap. Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the test requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -37dBm/100 kHz.				
the Inter RF B	For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.				

Table 6.6.2.5.2-7: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2

### Table 6.6.2.5.2-8: Local Area operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement (Note 5, 6, 7)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 9)
0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.05 MHz	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-12.5dBm - 60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015 + XdB, -33.5dBm\right)$	30 kHz
$0.05 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 0.16 \text{ MHz}$	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.175 MHz	$Max(-15.5dBm - 160 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.06 + XdB, -33.5dBm\right)$	30 kHz
to the Base Station NOTE 5: For MSR BS supp within sub-block ga of the sub block ga	n RF Bandwidth edge. orting non-contiguous spectrum opera aps is calculated as a cumulative sum ap.	M/EDGE or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz ation within any operating band the test of contributions from adjacent sub blo	t requirement cks on each side

NOTE 6: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 20MHz the test requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

NOTE 7: In case the carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is a GSM/EDGE carrier, the value of  $X = P_{GSMcarrier} - 24$ , where  $P_{GSMcarrier}$  is the power level of the GSM/EDGE carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. In other cases, X = 0.

NOTE 8: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f_offset is continuous.

NOTE 9: As a general rule for the requirements in the present subclause, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.

NOTE 10: The requirement is not applicable when  $\Delta f_{max} < 10$  MHz.

### 6.6.2.5.3 Test requirements for GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirements

The following test requirements and the corresponding test method specified in TS 51.021 [11] apply to an MSR Base Station for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation in Band Category 2:

- Spectrum due to the modulation and wide band noise, applicable parts of subclause 6.5.1.
- Spectrum due to switching transients, applicable parts of subclause 6.5.2.
- Emission requirement for frequency offsets of between 2 and 10 MHz outside relevant transmit band, applicable parts of subclause 6.6.2.
- Intra BTS Intermodulation, applicable parts of subclause 6.12.

### 6.6.2.5.4 Test requirements for additional requirements

### 6.6.2.5.4.1 Limits in FCC Title 47

In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.5.1 and 6.6.2.5.2, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.

### 6.6.2.5.4.2 Unsynchronized operation for BC3

In certain regions, the following requirements may apply to a TDD BS operating in BC3 in the same geographic area and in the same operating band as another TDD system without synchronisation. For this case the emissions shall not exceed -52 dBm/MHz in each supported downlink operating band except in:

- The frequency range from 10 MHz below the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge to the frequency 10 MHz above the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge of each supported band.
- NOTE 1: Local or regional regulations may specify another excluded frequency range, which may include frequencies where synchronised TDD systems operate.
- NOTE 2: TDD Base Stations that are synchronized and operating in BC3 can transmit without these additional coexistence requirements.

#### 6.6.2.5.4.3 Protection of DTT

In certain regions the following requirement may apply for protection of DTT. For a BS operating in Band 20, the level of emissions in the band 470-790 MHz, measured in an 8 MHz filter bandwidth on centre frequencies  $F_{filter}$  according to Table 6.6.2.5.4.3-1, shall not exceed the maximum emission level  $P_{EM,N}$  declared by the manufacturer. This requirement applies in the frequency range 470-790 MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Filter centre frequency,	Measurement	Declared emission level
F _{filter}	bandwidth	[dBm]
$F_{filter} = 8^*N + 306 (MHz);$ 21 ≤ N ≤ 60	8 MHz	P _{EM,N}

NOTE: The regional requirement is defined in terms of EIRP (effective isotropic radiated power), which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the Base Station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. Compliance with the regional requirement can be determined using the method outlined in Annex G of TS 36.104 [5].

#### 6.6.2.5.4.4 Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands

This requirement may be applied for the protection of systems operating in frequency bands adjacent to Band 1 as defined in subclause 4.5, in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA and/or E-UTRA are deployed.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Operating	Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement
Band			Bandwidth

Table 6.6.2.5.4.4-1: Emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

Operating Band	Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth
1	2100-2105 MHz	-30 + 3.4 · (f - 2100 MHz) dBm	1 MHz
	2175-2180 MHz	-30 + 3.4 · (2180 MHz - f) dBm	1 MHz

#### 6.6.2.5.4.5 Additional requirements for band 41

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 41 in certain regions. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.5.4.5-1 below, where:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.

### Table 6.6.2.5.4.5-1: Additional operating band unwanted emission limits Band 41

Channel bandwidth	Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Test requirement	Measurement bandwidth	
10 MHz 10 MHz ≤ ∆f < 20 MHz 10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.5 MHz -22 dBm 1 MHz				1 MHz	
20 MHz 20 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 40$ MHz 20.5 MHz $\leq f_{offset} < 39.5$ MHz -22 dBm 1 MHz					
NOTE: This requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers allocated within 2545-2575MHz or 2595-2645MHz.					

#### 6.6.2.5.4.6 Additional band 32 unwanted emissions

In certain regions, the following requirements may apply to BS operating in Band 32 within 1452-1492 MHz. The level of operating band unwanted emissions, measured on centre frequencies f_offset with filter bandwidth, according to Table 6.6.2.5.4.6-1, shall neither exceed the maximum emission level  $P_{EM,B32,a}$ ,  $P_{EM,B32,b}$  nor  $P_{EM,B32,c}$  declared by the manufacturer.

Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Declared emission level [dBm]	Measurement bandwidth		
2.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,a}	5 MHz		
7.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,b}	5 MHz		
12.5 MHz $\leq$ f_offset $\leq$ f_offset _{max, B32}	P _{EM,B32,c}	5 MHz		
NOTE: f_offset _{max, B32} denotes the frequency difference between the lower Base				
Station RF Bandwidth edge and 1454.5 MHz, and the frequency difference				
between the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge and 1489.5 MHz for the				
set channel position.				

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [24], is defined in terms of EIRP per antenna, which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS 36.104 [5].

In certain regions, the following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 32 within 1452-1492MHz for the protection of services in spectrum adjacent to the frequency range 1452-1492 MHz. The level of emissions, measured on centre frequencies F_{filter} with filter bandwidth according to Table 6.6.2.5.4.6-2, shall neither exceed the maximum emission level P_{EM,B32,d} nor P_{EM,B32,e} declared by the manufacturer. This requirement applies in the frequency range 1429-1518MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Declared emission	Measurement
	level [dBm]	bandwidth
1429.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1448.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,d}	1 MHz
$F_{filter} = 1450.5 \text{ MHz}$	P _{EM,B32,e}	3 MHz
F _{filter} = 1493.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,e}	3 MHz
1495.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1517.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,d}	1 MHz

#### Table 6.6.2.5.4.6-2: Operating band 32 declared emission outside 1452-1492 MHz

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [24], is defined in terms of EIRP, which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS 36.104 [5].

### 6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth

### 6.6.3.1 Definition and applicability

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage  $\beta/2$  of the total mean transmitted power. See also ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 [15].

The value of  $\beta/2$  shall be taken as 0.5%.

### 6.6.3.2 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.6.3.

### 6.6.3.3 Test purpose

The occupied bandwidth, defined in the Radio Regulations of the International Telecommunication Union ITU, is a useful concept for specifying the spectral properties of a given emission in the simplest possible manner; see also ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 [15]. The test purpose is to verify that the emission of the BS does not occupy an excessive bandwidth for the service to be provided and is, therefore, not likely to create interference to other users of the spectrum beyond undue limits.

### 6.6.3.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.5.1.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.6.1.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.6.1.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following steps hall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single carrier test models shall apply, with no carrier activated in the other band. In addition, when contiguous CA is supported, single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band.

For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

### 6.6.3.5 Test requirement

The occupied bandwidth of a single carrier shall be less than the values listed in Table 6.6.3.5-1. In addition, for E-UTRA intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, test requirement in clause 6.6.1.5 of TS 36.141 [9] applies for the E-UTRA component carriers that are aggregated.

RAT	Occupied bandwidth limit	
E-UTRA	BW _{Channel}	
UTRA FDD	5 MHz	
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1.6 MHz	

#### Table 6.6.3.5-1: Occupied bandwidth

### 6.6.4 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

### 6.6.4.1 Definition and applicability

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

### 6.6.4.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.6.4.

### 6.6.4.3 Test purpose

To verify that the adjacent channel leakage power ratio requirement shall be met as specified by the minimum requirement.

### 6.6.4.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 also refer to single-RAT specifications for UTRA; see clause 5. The following shall apply for references to UTRA single-RAT specifications:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.5.2.2.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.6.2.2.4.

For E-UTRA ACLR requirement outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and the ACLR requirement applied inside sub-block gap, in addition, for non-contiguous spectrum operation or Inter RF Bandwidth gap for multi-band operation using, the test configurations defined in subclause 4.8, the method of test described in subclauses 6.6.4.4.1 and 6.6.4.4.2 applies.

#### 6.6.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $B_{RFBW}$ ,  $M_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation; see subclause 4.9.1;  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  and  $B''_{RFBW}$  in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

- 1) Connect the signal analyzer to the Base Station antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.1.
- 2) The measurement device characteristics shall be:
  - measurement filter bandwidth: defined in subclause 6.6.4.5;
  - detection mode: true RMS voltage or true average power.

### 6.6.4.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the Base Station to transmit at maximum power according to the applicable test configuration in clause 5 using the corresponding test models or set of physical channels in subclause 4.9.2.
- 2) For E-UTRA, measure ACLR outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and ACLR inside sub-block gap or Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in addition, for non-contiguous spectrum operation as specified in subclause 6.6.4.5.1.

- 3) For UTRA FDD, measure ACLR inside sub-block gap or Inter RF Bandwidth gap as specified in subclause 6.6.4.5.2.
- 4) Measure Cumulative Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (CACLR) inside sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap as specified in subclause 6.6.4.5.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

5) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

### 6.6.4.5 Test requirements

### 6.6.4.5.1 E-UTRA test requirement

For E-UTRA, the test requirement is specified in Tables 6.6.4.5.1-1 and 6.6.4.5.1-2, and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth.

For a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the ACLR also applies for the first adjacent channel inside any subblockgap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any sub-block gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 20$  MHz. The CACLR test requirement in subclause 6.6.4.5.4 applies in sub block gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped onto the same antenna connector, the ACLR also applies for the first adjacent channel inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 20$  MHz. The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.5.4 applies in Inter RF Bandwidth gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1.

The requirement applies during the transmitter on period.

The ACLR is defined with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the transmission bandwidth configuration of the transmitted signal ( $BW_{Config}$ ) centered on the assigned channel frequency and a filter centered on the adjacent channel frequency according to the tables below.

For Category A Wide Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -13dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Category B Wide Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -15 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Medium Range BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -25 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Local Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -32dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For operation in paired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5.1-1.

Channel bandwidth of E-UTRA Lowest/ Highest Carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lower or above the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
1.4, 3.0, 5, 10, 15, 20	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: BW_{Channel} and BW_{Config} are the channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration of the E-UTRA Lowest/Highest Carrier transmitted on the assigned channel frequency.</li> <li>NOTE 2: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.104 [3], with a chip rate as defined in this table.</li> </ul>				

Table 6.6.4.5.1-1: Base Station ACLR in paired spectrum

For operation in unpaired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5.1-2.

Channel bandwidth of E-UTRA Lowest/ Highest Carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lower or above the upper Base StationRF Bandwidth edge	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
1.4, 3	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	0.8 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	2.4 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	44.2 dB
5, 10, 15, 20	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
	0.8 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	2.4 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	5 MHz	7.68 Mcps UTRA	RRC (7.68 Mcps)	44.2 dB
	15 MHz	7.68 Mcps UTRA	RRC (7.68 Mcps)	44.2 dB
<ul> <li>NOTE 1: BW_{Channel} and BW_{Config} are the channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration of the E-UTRA Lowest/Highest Carrier transmitted on the assigned channel frequency.</li> <li>NOTE 2: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.105 [4], with a chip rate as defined in this table.</li> </ul>				

Table 6.6.4.5.1-2: Base Station ACLR in unpaired spectrum with synchronized operation

For operation in non-contiguous paired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5.1-3.

Table 6.6.4.5.1-3: Base Station ACLR in non-contiguous paired spectrum

Sub-block gap size (W _{gap} ) where the limit applies	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
W _{gap} ≥ 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
W _{gap} ≥ 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
NOTE: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.104 [3], with a				
chip rate as defined in this table.				

For operation in non-contiguous unpaired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5.1-4.

Sub-block gap size (W _{gap} ) where the limit applies	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
W _{gap} ≥ 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
W _{gap} ≥ 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB

 Table 6.6.4.5.1-4: Base Station ACLR in non-contiguous unpaired spectrum

### 6.6.4.5.2 UTRA FDD test requirement

For UTRA FDD, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 6.5.2.2.5, and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth.

For a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, ACLR requirement also applies for the first adjacent channel, inside any sub-block gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 15$  MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any sub-block gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 20$  MHz. The CACLR test requirement in subclause 6.6.4.5.4 applies in sub block gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped onto the same antenna connector, ACLR requirement also applies for the first adjacent channel, inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 15$  MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size  $W_{gap} \ge 20$  MHz. The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.5.4 applies in Inter RF Bandwidth gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1.

### 6.6.4.5.3 UTRA TDD test requirement

For UTRA TDD, the test requirement is specified in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 6.6.2.2.5, and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth.

#### 6.6.4.5.4 Cumulative ACLR requirement in non-contiguous spectrum

The following test requirement applies for sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap sizes listed in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1,

- Inside a sub-block gap within an operating band for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum.
- Inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap for a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector.

The Cumulative Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (CACLR) in a sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is the ratio of

- a) the sum of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequencies for the two carriers adjacent to each side of the sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, and
- b) the filtered mean power centred on a frequency channel adjacent to one of the respective sub-block edges or Base Station RF Bandwidth edges.

The requirement applies to adjacent channels of E-UTRA or UTRA carriers allocated adjacent to each side of the subblock gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. The assumed filter for the adjacent channel frequency is defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1 and the filters on the assigned channels are defined in Table 6.6.4.5.4-2.

NOTE: If the RAT on the assigned channel frequencies is different, the filters used are also different.

For Wide Area Category A BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1 or the absolute limit of -13dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Wide Area Category B BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1 or the absolute limit of -15dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Medium Range BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -25 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Local Area BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -32 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

The CACLR for E-UTRA and UTRA carriers located on either side of the sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5.4-1.

Table	e 6.6.4.5.4-1: Bas	se Station CACLR in n	on-contiguous spec	trum or multiple band	ds
Band	Sub-block or	BS adjacent channel	Assumed adjacent	Filter on the	CACI

Band Category	Sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap size (W _{gap} ) where the limit applies	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge or the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier (informative)	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	CACLR limit
BC1, BC2	5 MHz ≤ W _{gap} < 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
BC1, BC2	10 MHz ≤ W _{gap} < 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	44.2 dB
BC3	5 MHz ≤ W _{gap} < 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
BC3	10 MHz < W _{gap} < 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config} )	44.2 dB
NOTE: For BC1 and BC2 the RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.104 [3], with a chip rate as defined in this table.					

Table 6.6.4.5.4-2: Filter parameters for the assigned channel

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap		Filter on the assigned channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	
E-UTRA		E-UTRA of same BW	
UTRA FDD		RRC (3.84 Mcps)	
NOTE:	NOTE: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter		
	defined in TS 25.104 [3], with a chip rate as defined in this table.		

### 6.7 Transmitter intermodulation

### 6.7.1 Definition and applicability

The transmitter intermodulation requirement is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its nonlinear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna. The requirement applies during the transmitter ON period and the transmitter transient period. The transmitter intermodulation level is the power of the intermodulation products when an interfering signal is injected into the antenna connector.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply regardless of the interfering signals position relative to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

In case the test signal in clause 5 refer to single-RAT specifications following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 6.6.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 6.7.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 6.7.4.

NOTE: In this case the test requirements of the present document defined in subclauses 6.6.2.5 and 6.6.4.5 apply.

- For GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirements, the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclauses 6.7 and 6.11.
- NOTE: In this case the test requirements of 51.021 [11] defined in the applicable subclauses 6.7.3, 6.7.4, 6.11.3 and 6.11.4 apply.

### 6.7.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.7.1, 6.7.2 and 6.7.3.

### 6.7.2A Additional requirement for Band 41

The additional requirement for Band 41 in certain regions is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 6.7.4.

## 6.7.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the ability of the MSR BS transmitter to restrict the generation of intermodulation products in its nonlinear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna to below specified levels.

### 6.7.4 Method of test

#### 6.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth position to be tested: according to the initial conditions specified in subclauses 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4.

Connect the signal analyzer to the Base Station antenna connector as shown in Annex D.1.2.

#### 6.7.4.2 Procedure

#### 6.7.4.2.1 General minimum requirement test procedure

- 1) Set the BS to transmit the test signal according to clause 5 at maximum output power according to the applicable test configuration.
- 2) Generate the interfering signal using E-TM1.1 as defined in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 6.1.1.1, with 5 MHz channel bandwidth, at a centre frequency offset according to the conditions in Table 6.7.1-1 in TS 37.104 [2], but exclude interfering frequencies that are outside of the allocated downlink operating band or interfering frequencies that are not completely within the sub-block gap or within the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.
- 3) Adjust ATT1 so that level of the E-UTRA interfering signal is as defined in Table 6.7.1-1 in TS 37.104 [2].
- 4) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Out-of-band emission tests as specified in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4. The width of the intermodulation products shall be taken into account.
- 5) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Transmitter spurious emissions test as specified in subclause 6.6.1, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclause 6.6.1. The width of the intermodulation products shall be taken into account.
- 6) Verify that the emission level does not exceed the required level with the exception of interfering signal frequencies.
- 7) Repeat the test for the remaining interfering signal centre frequency offsets according to the conditions of Table 6.7.1-1 in TS 37.104 [2].
- 8) Repeat the test for the remaining test signals defined in clause 5 for requirements 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- 9) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.
- NOTE: The third order intermodulation products are centred at 2F1±F2 and 2F2±F1. The fifth order intermodulation products are centred at 3F1±2F2, 3F2±2F1, 4F1±F2, and 4F2±F1 where F1 represents the test signal centre frequency or centre frequency of each sub-block and F2 represents the interfering signal centre frequency. The widths of intermodulation products are
  - $(n*BW_{F1} + m*5MHz)$  for the nF1±mF2 products
  - $(n*5MHz + m*BW_{F1})$  for the nF2±mF1 products

where  $BW_{F1}$  represents the test signal RF bandwidth, or channel bandwidth in case of single carrier, or sub-block bandwidth.

#### 6.7.4.2.2 Additional minimum requirement (BC1 and BC2) test procedure

- 1) Set the BS to transmit the test signal according to clause 5 at maximum output power according to the applicable test configuration.
- 2) Generate a CW signal as the interfering signal with a centre frequency offset of 0.8 MHz, but exclude interfering frequencies that are outside of the allocated downlink operating band or interfering frequencies in a sub-block gap or in the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap is smaller than two times the interfering signal centre frequency offset.
- 3) Adjust ATT1 so that level of the interfering signal is as defined in Table 6.7.2-1 in TS 37.104 [2].
- 4) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Out-of-band emission tests as specified in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4.
- 5) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Transmitter spurious emissions test as specified in subclause 6.6.1, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclause 6.6.1.
- 6) Verify that the emission level does not exceed the required level with the exception of interfering signal frequencies.
- 7) Repeat the test for interfering signal centre frequency offsets of 2.0MHz, 3.2MHz and 6.2MHz.
- 8) Repeat the test for the remaining test signals defined in clause 5 for requirements 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- 9) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.
- NOTE: The third order intermodulation products are centred at 2F1±F2 and 2F2±F1. The fifth order intermodulation products are centred at 3F1±2F2, 3F2±2F1, 4F1±F2, and 4F2±F1 where F1 represents the test signal centre frequency or centre frequency of each sub-block and F2 represents the interfering signal centre frequency. The widths of intermodulation products are
  - (n*BW_{F1}) for the nF1±mF2 products
  - $(m^* BW_{F1})$  for the nF2±mF1 products

where  $BW_{F1}$  represents the test signal RF bandwidth, or channel bandwidth in case of single carrier, or sub-block bandwidth.

#### 6.7.4.2.3 Additional minimum requirement (BC3) test procedure

- 1) Set the BS to transmit the test signal according to clause 5 at maximum output power according to the applicable test configuration.
- 2) Generate the interfering signal according to Table 6.38A in TS 25.142 [12] at a centre frequency offset according to the conditions in Table 6.7.3-1 in TS 37.104 [2], but exclude interfering frequencies that are outside of the allocated downlink operating band.
- 3) Adjust ATT1 so that level of the interfering signal is as defined in Table 6.7.3-1 in TS 37.104 [2].
- 4) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Out-of-band emission tests as specified in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclauses 6.6.2 and 6.6.4. The width of the intermodulation products shall be taken into account.
- 5) If the test signal is applicable according to clause 5, perform the Transmitter spurious emissions test as specified in subclause 6.6.1, for all third and fifth order intermodulation products which appear in the frequency ranges defined in subclause 6.6.1. The width of the intermodulation products shall be taken into account.
- 6) Verify that the emission level does not exceed the required level with the exception of interfering signal frequencies.
- 7) Repeat the test for the remaining interfering signal centre frequency offsets according to the conditions of Table 6.7.3-1 in TS 37.104 [2].
- 8) Repeat the test for the remaining test signals and physical channels in Table 4.9.2-1.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- 9) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.
- NOTE: The third order intermodulation products are centred at 2F1±F2 and 2F2±F1. The fifth order intermodulation products are centred at 3F1±2F2, 3F2±2F1, 4F1±F2, and 4F2±F1 where F1 represents the test signal centre frequency or centre frequency of each sub-block and F2 represents the interfering signal centre frequency. The widths of intermodulation products are
  - $(n*BW_{F1} + m*1.6MHz)$  for the nF1±mF2 products
  - $(n*1.6MHz + m*BW_{F1})$  for the nF2±mF1 products

where  $BW_{F1}$  represents the test signal RF bandwidth or channel bandwidth in case of single carrier, or sub-block bandwidth.

### 6.7.5 Test requirements

#### 6.7.5.1 General test requirement

In the frequency range relevant for this test, the transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.1-1 in TS 37.104 [2] for BS operation in BC1, BC2 and BC3. The measurement may be limited to frequencies on which third and fifth order intermodulation products appear, considering the width of these products and excluding the bandwidths of the wanted and interfering signals.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement is also applicable inside a sub-block gap for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the sub-block gap. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of each operating band. In case the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is less than 15 MHz, the requirement in the gap applies only for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

### 6.7.5.2 Additional test requirement (BC1 and BC2)

In the frequency range relevant for this test, the transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.2-1 in TS 37.104 [2] for BS operation in BC2. The measurement may be limited to frequencies on which third and fifth order intermodulation products appear, considering the width of these products and excluding the bandwidths of the wanted and interfering signals.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth for BC2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum in BC1 or BC2, the requirement is also applicable inside a sub-block gap larger than or equal to two times the interfering signal centre frequency offset. For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum in BC1, the requirement is not applicable inside a sub-block gap with a gap size equal or larger than 5MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of a BC2 operating band. The requirement is also applicable for BC1 and BC2 inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap equal to or larger than two times the interfering signal centre frequency offset. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement is not applicable for BC1 band inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size equal to or larger than 5MHz.

### 6.7.5.3 Additional test requirement (BC3)

In the frequency range relevant for this test, the transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.3-1 in TS 37.104 [2] for BS operation in BC3. The measurement may be limited to frequencies on which third and fifth order intermodulation products appear, considering the width of these products and excluding the bandwidths of the wanted and interfering signals.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of each operating band. In case the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is less than 3.2 MHz, the requirement in the gap applies only for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

#### 6.7.5.4 Additional test requirement for Band 41

In the frequency range relevant for this test, the transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the maximum levels according to Table 6.6.1.5.5-3, Table 6.6.2.5.4.5-1 and Table 6.6.4.5.1-2 with a square filter in the first adjacent channel, in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.4-1 in TS 37.104 [2] for a BS operating in Band 41. The measurement may be limited to frequencies on which third and fifth order intermodulation products appear, considering the width of these products and excluding the bandwidths of the wanted and interfering signals.

## 7 Receiver characteristics

## 7.1 General

General test conditions for receiver tests are given in clause 4, including interpretation of measurement results and configurations for testing. BS configurations for the tests are defined in subclause 4.10.

Unless otherwise stated the requirements in clause 7 apply during the Base Station receive period.

## 7.2 Reference sensitivity level

## 7.2.1 Definition and applicability

The reference sensitivity power level PREFSENS is the minimum mean power received at the antenna connector at which a reference performance requirement shall be met for a specified reference measurement channel.

Additional details are in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 7.2, TS 25.141 [10] subclause 7.2, TS 25.142 [12] subclause 7.2, and TS 51.021 [11] subclauses 7.3 and 7.4.

### 7.2.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclauses 7.2.1, 7.2.2, 7.2.3, and 7.2.4.

### 7.2.3 Test purpose

To verify that at the BS Reference sensitivity level the performance requirements shall be met for a specified reference measurement channel.

## 7.2.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5, for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6. The following shall apply, for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6:

- For references to TS 51.021 [11], the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], subclauses 7.3 and 7.4.
- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 7.2.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 7.2.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.2.4.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 7.2.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.2.4.
- For testing GSM/EDGE reference sensitivity, steps in subclause 7.2.4.1 and 7.2.4.2 shall apply.

#### 7.2.4.1 Initial conditions for GSM/EDGE reference sensitivity level for CS7

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,

- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex I.2.1 TS 36.141[9].
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For GSM see subclauses 7.3 and 7.4 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.2.4.2 Procedure for GSM/EDGE reference sensitivity level for CS7

- 1) Set the BS according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- Adjust the GSM/EDGE signal generator to the wanted signal levels as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.3 and 7.4.

3) Measure the performance of the GSM/EDGE wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.3 and 7.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band where single carrier test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

## 7.2.5 Test requirements

For E-UTRA the test requirement is in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 7.2.5.

For UTRA-FDD the test requirement is in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 7.2.5.

For UTRA-TDD the test requirement is in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 7.2.5.

For GSM-EDGE the test requirement is in TS 51.021 [11] subclauses 7.3 and 7.4.

## 7.3 Dynamic range

### 7.3.1 Definition and applicability

The dynamic range is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal in the presence of an interfering signal inside the received channel bandwidth or the capability of receiving high level of the wanted signal.

### 7.3.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclauses 7.3.1, 7.3.2, 7.3.3, and 7.3.4.

## 7.3.3 Test purpose

To verify that at the BS receiver dynamic range, the receiver performance shall fulfil the specified limit.

## 7.3.4 Method of test

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5, for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6. The following shall apply, for a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6:

- For references to TS 51.021 [11], the method of test is specified in TS 51.021 [11], subclause 7.1.
- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 7.3.4.
- For references to TS 25.142 [12], the method of test is specified in TS 25.142 [12], subclause 7.3.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.3.4.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the following shall apply:

- For references to TS 25.141 [10], the method of test is specified in TS 25.141 [10], subclause 7.3.4.
- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.3.4.
- For testing GSM/EDGE dynamic range, steps in subclause 7.3.4.1 and 7.3.4.2 shall apply.

#### 7.3.4.1 Initial conditions for GSM/EDGE dynamic range for CS7

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,

- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex I.2.1 TS 36.141[9].
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For GSM see subclause 7.1 in TS 51.021 [11] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.3.4.2 Procedure for GSM/EDGE dynamic range for CS7

- 1) Set the BS according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- Adjust the GSM/EDGE signal generator to the wanted signal levels as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.1
- 3) Measure the performance of the GSM/EDGE wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclause 7.1.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

### 7.3.5 Test requirements

For E-UTRA the test requirement is in TS 36.141 [9] subclause 7.3.5.

For UTRA-FDD the test requirement is in TS 25.141 [10] subclause 7.3.5.

For UTRA-TDD the test requirement is in TS 25.142 [12] subclause 7.3.5.

For GSM-EDGE the test requirement is in TS 51.021 [11] subclause 7.1.

## 7.4 In-band selectivity and blocking

### 7.4.1 Definition and applicability

The in-band selectivity and blocking characteristics are measures of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel in the presence of an unwanted interferer inside the operating band and are defined by a wideband and a narrowband blocking requirement.

#### 7.4.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclauses 7.4.1, 7.4.2, 7.4.3, 7.4.4, and 7.4.5.

### 7.4.3 Test purpose

The test stresses the ability of the BS receiver to withstand high-level interference from unwanted signals at specified frequency offsets without undue degradation of its sensitivity.

### 7.4.4 Method of test

#### 7.4.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $M_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,  $B_{RFBW}$ -T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW}-T_{RFBW} in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.1.

- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For E-UTRA see Annex A.1 in TS 36.141 [9].
  - For UTRA FDD see Annex A.2 in TS 25.141 [10].
  - For UTRA TDD see Annex A.2.1 in TS 25.142 [12].
  - For GSM see subclause 7.6.2 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.4.4.2 Procedure for general blocking

- 1) Set the BS to transmit with the carrier set-up and power allocation according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- 2) Adjust the signal generators to the type of interfering signal, levels and the frequency offsets as specified in Table 7.4.5.1-1.
- 3) The interfering signal shall be swept with a step size of 1 MHz starting from the minimum offset to the channel edges of the wanted signals as specified in Table 7.4.5.1-1
- 4) Measure the performance of the wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in subclause 7.4.5, for the relevant carriers specified by the test configuration in subclause 4.8.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connectors, the following steps shall apply:

- 5) For single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band.
- 6) For multi-band tests, the interfering signal shall first be applied on the same port as the wanted signal. The test shall be repeated with the interfering signal applied on the other port (if any) mapped to the same receiver as wanted signal. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.
- 7) Repeat step 6 with the wanted signal for the other band(s) applied on the respective port(s).

#### 7.4.4.3 Procedure for narrowband blocking

- 1) Set the BS to transmit with the carrier set-up and power allocation according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- Adjust the signal generators to the type of interfering signal, levels and the frequency offsets as specified in Table 7.4.5.2-1
- 3) Set-up and sweep the interfering RB centre frequency offset to the channel edge of the wanted signal according to Table 7.4.5.2-1.
- 4) Measure the performance of the wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in subclause 7.4.5, for the relevant carriers specified by the test configuration in subclause 4.8.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connectors, the following steps shall apply:

- 5) For single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band.
- 6) For multi-band tests, the interfering signal shall first be applied on the same port as the wanted signal. The test shall be repeated with the interfering signal applied on the other port (if any) mapped to the same receiver as the wanted signal. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.
- 7) Repeat step 6 with the wanted signal for the other band(s) applied on the respective port(s).

#### 7.4.4.4 Procedure for additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE

For a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6, the GSM/EDGE in-band blocking method of test is stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.6.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1 apply for GSM/EDGE in-band narrowband blocking.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the steps in subclause 7.4.4.4.1 and 7.4.4.2 for testing additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE shall apply:

#### 7.4.4.4.1 Initial conditions for additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE for CS7

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,

- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.1.
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For GSM see subclause 7.6.2 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P.2.1 in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.4.4.4.2 Procedure for additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE for CS7

- 1) Set the BS according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- 2) Adjust the GSM/EDGE signal generator to the wanted signal levels as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.6.
- 3) Set-up the interfering signal as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.6.
- 4) Measure the performance of the GSM/EDGE wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclause 7.6.

In addition, for multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the procedure above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.

#### 7.4.4.5 Procedure for GSM/EDGE AM suppression

For a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6, the GSM/EDGE in-band blocking method of test is stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.8.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.3 apply for GSM/EDGE AM suppression.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the steps in subclause 7.4.4.5.1 and 7.4.4.5.2 for testing additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE shall apply:

#### 7.4.4.5.1 Initial conditions for GSM/EDGE AM suppression for CS7

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.1.
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For GSM see subclause 7.8 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P.2.3 in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.4.4.5.2 Procedure for GSM/EDGE AM suppression for CS7

1) Set the BS according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).

- 2) Adjust the GSM/EDGE signal generator to the wanted signal levels as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.8.
- 3) Set-up the interfering signal as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.8.
- 4) Measure the performance of the GSM/EDGE wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclause 7.8.

In addition, for multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the procedure above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.

#### 7.4.4.6 Procedure for additional BC3 blocking requirement

- 1) Adjust the signal generators to the type of interfering signal, levels and the frequency offsets as specified in Table 7.4.5.5-1
- 2) Measure the performance of the wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in subclause 7.4.5, for the relevant carriers specified by the test configuration in subclause 4.8.

### 7.4.5 Test requirements

#### 7.4.5.1 General blocking test requirement

For the general blocking requirement, the interfering signal shall be a UTRA FDD signal as specified in Annex A.1.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap, in case the sub-block gap size is at least 15MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the sub-block gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least 15MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the Base Station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.5.1-1 and 7.4.5.1-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies according to Table 7.4.5.1-1 for the in-band blocking frequency ranges of each supported operating band.

Base Station Type	Mean power of interfering signal [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm] (Note 1)	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering signal centre frequency minimum frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap [MHz]			
Wide Area BS	-40	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 2)					
Medium Range	3S -35	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 3)	See Table 7.4.5.1-2	±7.5			
Local Area BS	-30	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 4)					
NOTE 1: P _{REFS} TS 37		AT, the BS class and on the c	hannel bandwidth, se	e subclause 7.2 in			
NOTE 2: For W		in case of E-UTRA or UTRA	wanted signals and e	qual to 3 in case of			
NOTE 3: For M	DTE 3: For MR BS, 'x' is equal to 6 in case of UTRA wanted signals, 9 in case of E-UTRA wanted signal and 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.						
NOTE 4: For L							
are in prese	the in-band blocking	and operation, 'x' in Note 2, 3 frequency range of the operat blocking frequency ranges of t I to 1.4 dB.	ting band where the w	anted signal is			

Table 7.4.5.1-1: General blocking requirement

Table 7.4.5.1-2: Interfering signal for the general blocking requirement

Operating Band Number	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal [MHz]				
1-7, 9-11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 21-23, 24, 27, 30, 33-45, 65, 66	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +20)		
8, 26, 28	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +10)		
12	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +13)		
17	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +18)		
20	(F _{UL_low} -11)	to	(F _{UL_high} +20)		
25	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +15)		
31	(F _{UL_low} -20)	to	(F _{UL_high} +5)		

NOTE: The requirement in Table 7.4.5.1-1 and 7.4.5.1-2 assumes that two operating bands, where the downlink operating band (see Table 4.4-1 and Table 4.4-2) of one band would be within the in-band blocking region of the other band, are not deployed in the same geographical area.

### 7.4.5.2 General narrowband blocking test requirement

For the narrowband blocking requirement, the interfering signal shall be an E-UTRA 1RB signal as specified in Annex A.3.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap, in case the sub-block gap size is at least 3MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the sub-block gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap in case the gap size is at least 3MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the Base Station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.5.2-1 the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1.

Base Station Type	RAT of the carrier	Wanted signal mean power [dBm] (Note 1)	Interfering signal mean power [dBm]	Interfering RB (Note 3) centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap [kHz]		
Wide Area BS	E-UTRA,		-49	±(240 +m*180),		
Medium Range BS	UTRA and	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 2)	-44	m=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14		
Local Area BS	GSM/EDGE		-41	m=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14		
TS 37.104	4.	T, the BS class and on the channe	,			
NOTE 2: 'x' is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.						
NOTE 3: Interfering signal (E-UTRA 3MHz) consisting of one resource block positioned at the stated offset, the channel bandwidth of the interfering signal is located adjacently to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge.						

#### Table 7.4.5.2-1: Narrowband blocking requirement

#### 7.4.5.3 Additional narrowband blocking test requirement for GSM/EDGE

The GSM/EDGE in-band blocking test requirements are stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.6.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1 apply for GSM/EDGE in-band narrowband blocking.

#### 7.4.5.4 GSM/EDGE test requirements for AM suppression

The GSM/EDGE in-band blocking test requirements are stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.8.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.3 apply for GSM/EDGE AM suppression.

#### 7.4.5.5 Additional BC3 blocking test requirement

The interfering signal is a 1.28Mcps UTRA TDD modulated signal as specified in Annex A.2.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least 4.8MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the Base Station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.5.5-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA TDD carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.

Operating Band	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal [MHz]	Interfering Signal mean power [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Interfering signal centre frequency minimum frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge [MHz]
33 - 40	$(F_{UL_{low}} - 20)$ to $(F_{UL_{high}} + 20)$	-40,	P _{REFSENS} + 6 dB*	±2.4
NOTE*: PREFSI	_{ENS} depends on the RAT and on the ch	annel bandwidth	, see section 7.2.	

Table 7.4.5.5-1: Additional blocking requirement for Band Category 3

## 7.5 Out-of-band blocking

## 7.5.1 Definition and applicability

The Out-of-band blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel in the presence of an unwanted interferer outside the uplink operating band.

The blocking performance requirement applies as specified in the Table 7.5.5.1-1 and Table 7.5.5.2-1.

## 7.5.2 Minimum requirement

The general minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 7.5.1. The co-location minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 7.5.2.

## 7.5.3 Test purpose

The test stresses the ability of the BS receiver to withstand high-level interference from unwanted signals at specified frequency bands, without undue degradation of its sensitivity.

## 7.5.4 Method of test

#### 7.5.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $M_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,  $B_{RFBW}$ -T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW}-T_{RFBW} in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

In addition, in multi-band operation:

- For B_{RFBW}_T"_{RFBW}, out-of-band blocking testing above the highest operating band may be omitted
- For B"_{RFBW}_T_{RFBW}, out-of-band blocking testing below the lowest operating band may be omitted
- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.1.
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For E-UTRA see Annex A.1 in TS 36.141 [9].

- For UTRA FDD see Annex A.2 in TS 25.141 [10].
- For UTRA TDD see Annex A.2.1 in TS 25.142 [12].
- For GSM see subclause 7.6.2 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

### 7.5.4.2 Procedure

1) Set the BS to transmit with the carrier set-up and power allocation according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).

The transmitter may be turned off for the out-of-band blocker tests when the frequency of the blocker is such that no IM2 or IM3 products fall inside the bandwidth of the wanted signal.

- 2) Adjust the signal generators to the type of interfering signals, levels and the frequency offsets as specified for general test requirements in Table 7.5.5.1-1 and, when applicable, for co-location test requirements in Table 7.5.5.2-1.
- 3) The CW interfering signal shall be swept with a step size of 1 MHz within the specified range.
- 4) Measure the performance of the wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in the subclause 7.5.5, for the relevant carriers specified by the test configuration in subclause 4.8.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connectors, the following steps shall apply:

- 5) For single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band.
- 6) For multi-band tests, the interfering signal shall first be applied on the same port as the wanted signal. The test shall be repeated with the interfering signal applied on the other port (if any) mapped to the same receiver as the wanted signal. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.
- 7) Repeat step 6 with the wanted signal for the other band(s) applied on the respective port(s).

## 7.5.5 Test requirements

### 7.5.5.1 General out-of-band blocking test requirements

For a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to BS antenna input using the parameters in Table 7.5.5.1-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies for each supported operating band. The in-band blocking frequency ranges of all supported operating bands according to Table 7.4.5.1-2 shall be excluded from the requirement.

Operating Band Number	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal [MHz]		Interfering Signal mean power [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of Interfering Signal	
1-7, 9-11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 21-23, 24, 27, 30, 33-45, 65, 66	1 (F _{UL_high} +20)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
8, 26, 28	1 (F _{UL_high} +10)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
12	1 (F _{UL_high} +13)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
17	(F _{UL_high} +18)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
20	(F _{UL_high} +20)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -11) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
25	1 (F _{UL_high} +15)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
31	(F _{UL_high} +5)	to to	(F _{UL_low} -20) 12750	-15	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
NOTE*: P _{REFSENS} depends on the RAT, the BS class and the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2. "x" is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.						

Table 7.5.5.1-1: Blocking performance requirement

#### 7.5.5.2 Co-location test requirements

This additional blocking requirement may be applied for the protection of BS receivers when E-UTRA BS, UTRA, CDMA or GSM/EDGE operating in a different frequency band are co-located with a BS.

The requirements in this subclause assume a 30 dB coupling loss between the interfering transmitter and the BS receiver and are based on co-location with base stations of the same class.

For a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to BS antenna input using the parameters in Table 7.5.5.2-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.1.

Type of co- located BS	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal (MHz)	Interfering Signal mean power for WA BS (dBm)	Interfering Signal mean power for MR BS (dBm)	Interfering Signal mean power for LA BS (dBm)	Wanted Signal mean power (dBm)	Type of Interfering Signal
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 - 894	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
GSM900	921 – 960	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
DCS1800	1805 – 1880 (Note 4)	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
PCS1900	1930 – 1990	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1	2110 – 2170	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2	1930 – 1990	+16	+8	-6	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3	1805 – 1880 (Note 4)	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	2110 – 2155	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5	869 – 894	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VI or E-UTRA Band 6	875 – 885	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7	2620 – 2690	+16	+8	-6	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8	925 – 960	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1844.9 – 1879.9	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	2110 – 2170	+16	+8	-6	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XI or E-UTRA Band 11	1475.9 - 1495.9	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12	729 - 746	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XIIII or E-UTRA Band 13	746 - 756	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14	758 - 768	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 17	734 - 746	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 18	860 - 875	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XIX or E-UTRA Band 19	875 - 890	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20	791 - 821	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XXI or E-UTRA Band 21	1495.9 – 1510.9	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band	3510 – 3590	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier

 Table 7.5.5.2-1: Blocking requirement for co-location with BS in other frequency bands

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		n	1		,1
XXII or E-UTRA						
Band 22						
E-UTRA Band 23	2180 - 2200	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 24	1525 – 1559	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band						
XXV or E-UTRA	1930 – 1995	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 25						
UTRA FDD Band						
XXVI or E-UTRA	859 - 894	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 26						
E-UTRA Band 27	852 - 869	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 28	758 – 803	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 29	717-728	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + 6dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 30	2350-2360	+16	+8	-6	$P_{\text{REFSENS}} + x  dB^*$	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 31	462.5-467.5	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + 6dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band		+10	+0	-0	T REFSENS + OUD	Ow camer
XXXII or E-UTRA	1452 – 1496	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + 6dB*	CW carrier
Band 32	(NOTE 5)	+10	+0	-0	F REFSENS + OUD	CW camer
UTRA TDD Band						
	1900-1920	+16	+8	-6		CW carrier
a) or E-UTRA Band 33	1900-1920	+10	+0	-0	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW camer
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA	2010 2025	.10	. 0	6		CIAL corrier
,	2010-2025	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 34 UTRA TDD Band						
• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1850-1910	.10	. 0	6		CIAL corrier
b) or E-UTRA		+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 35						
UTRA TDD Band	1000 1000	. 10	. 0	<u> </u>		
b) or E-UTRA	1930-1990	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 36						
UTRA TDD Band	1010 1000	. 10	. 0	<u> </u>		
c) or E-UTRA Band 37	1910-1930	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA TDD Band						
	0570 0000	. 10	. 0	<u> </u>		
d) or E-UTRA	2570-2620	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 38						
UTRA TDD Band	4000 4000	. 10	. 0	<u> </u>		
f) or E-UTRA Band	1880-1920	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
39						
UTRA TDD Band	0000 0400	. 10	. 0	<u> </u>		
e) or E-UTRA	2300-2400	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
Band 40	0.400 0000	10	<u> </u>	-		014
E-UTRA Band 41	2496 - 2690	+16	+8	-6	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 - 3600	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 - 3800	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 44	703 - 803	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 45	1447 - 1467	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 65	2110 – 2200	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 66	2110 – 2200	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 67	738 – 758	+16	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
NOTE 1 (*): PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2.						
"x" is equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal and equal to 6 in case of UTRA or E-UTRA wanted						
signals.						
NOTE 2: Except for a BS operating in Band 13, these requirements do not apply when the interfering signal falls						
within any of the supported uplink operating band or in the 10 MHz immediately outside any of the supported						
	uplink operating band.					
For a BS operating in band 13 the requirements do not apply when the interfering signal falls within the						

For a BS operating in band 13 the requirements do not apply when the interfering signal falls within the frequency range 768-797MHz..

NOTE 3: Some combinations of bands may not be possible to co-site based on the requirements above. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location of UTRA TDD or E-UTRA TDD with E-UTRA FDD on adjacent frequencies for 30dB BS-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [14].
 NOTE 4: In China, the blocking requirement for co-location with DCS1800 and Band III BS is only applicable in the

frequency range 1805-1850MHz.

NOTE 6: Co-located TDD base stations that are synchronized and using the same or adjacent operating band can

NOTE 5: For a BS operating in band 11 or 21, this requirement applies for interfering signal within the frequency range 1475.9-1495.9 MHz.

receive without special co-location requirements. For unsynchronized base stations, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

## 7.6 Receiver spurious emissions

## 7.6.1 Definition and applicability

The receiver spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the BS receiver antenna connector. The requirements apply to all BS with separate RX and TX antenna ports. In this case for FDD BS the test shall be performed when both TX and RX are on, with the TX port terminated.

For TDD BS with common RX and TX antenna port the requirement applies during the Transmitter OFF period. For FDD BS with common RX and TX antenna port the transmitter spurious emission limits as specified in subclause 6.6.1 are valid.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply and the excluded frequency range is only applicable for the operating band supported on each antenna connector.

### 7.6.2 Minimum requirements

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 7.6.1.

### 7.6.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the ability of the BS to limit the interference caused by receiver spurious emissions to other systems.

### 7.6.4 Method of test

#### 7.6.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested:  $M_{RFBW}$  in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,  $B_{RFBW}$  T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW} T_{RFBW} in multi-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1.

1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.1.

#### 7.6.4.2 Procedure

- 1) Set the measurement equipment parameters as specified in Table 7.6.5.1-1. For BC2, the parameters in Table 7.6.5.2-1 apply in addition.
- 2) Set the BS to transmit with the carrier set-up and power allocation according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- 3) Measure the spurious emissions over each frequency range described in subclause 7.6.5.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

4) For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test in case of SBT or MBT shall be terminated.

## 7.6.5 Test requirements

### 7.6.5.1 General test requirements

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the levels in Table 7.6.5.1-1.

Frequency range	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note			
30 MHz - 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz				
1 GHz - 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz				
12.75 GHz - 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz	Applies only for Bands 22, 42 and 43.			
the requirer operating b separate ar						

In addition to the requirements in Table 7.6.5.1-1, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the additional spurious emissions requirements in subclause 6.6.1.5.5 and in case of FDD BS (for BC1 and BC2) emission shall not exceed the levels specified for protection of the BS receivers of own or different BS in subclause 6.6.1.5.4. In addition, the requirements for co-location with other Base Stations specified in subclause 6.6.1.5.6 may also be applied.

### 7.6.5.2 Additional test requirement for BC2 (Category B)

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 when GSM/EDGE is configured and where Category B spurious emissions apply, the power of any spurious emissions shall not exceed the limits in Table 7.6.5.2-1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the limits in Table 7.6.5.2-1 are only applicable when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all bands.

Frequency range	Frequency offset from transmitter operating band edge (Note 1)	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth		
	10 – 20 MHz	-57 dBm	300 kHz		
500 MHz – 1 GHz	20 – 30 MHz	-57 dBm	1 MHz		
	≥ 30 MHz	-57 dBm	3 MHz		
1 GHz – 12.75 GHz	≥ 30 MHz	-47 dBm	3 MHz		
NOTE 1: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the frequency offset is relative to the closest					
supported operating	band.				

Table 7.6.5.2-1: Additional BS spurious emissions limits for BC2, Category B

## 7.7 Receiver intermodulation

## 7.7.1 Definition and applicability

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

## 7.7.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2], subclauses 7.7.1, 7.7.2 and 7.7.3.

## 7.7.3 Test purpose

The test purpose is to verify the ability of the BS receiver to inhibit the generation of intermodulation products in its non-linear elements caused by the presence of two high-level interfering signals at frequencies with a specific relationship to the frequency of the wanted signal.

## 7.7.4 Method of test

#### 7.7.4.1 Initial conditions

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: In single-band operation:  $M_{RFBW}$  if TC6 is applicable;  $B_{RFBW}$  and  $T_{RFBW}$  for other TC, see subclause 4.9.1, Table 5.1-1 and Table 5.2-1. In multi- band operation:  $B_{RFBW}$ -T"_{RFBW} and B"_{RFBW}-T_{RFBW}, see subclause 4.9.1.

- 1) Set-up the measurement system as shown in Annex D.2.3.
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For E-UTRA see Annex A.1 in TS 36.141 [9].
  - For UTRA FDD see Annex A.2 in TS 25.141 [10].
  - For UTRA TDD see Annex A.2.1 in TS 25.142 [12].
  - For GSM see subclause 7.7.2 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.7.4.2 Procedure for general and narrowband intermodulation

- 1) Adjust the signal generators to the type of interfering signals, levels and the frequency offsets as specified in Table 7.7.5.1-1 and Table 7.7.5.1-2 for general intermodulation requirement, and Table 7.7.5.2-1 and Table 7.7.5.2-2 for narrowband intermodulation requirement.
- 2) Measure the performance of the wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in subclause 7.7.5.1 and 7.7.5.2, for the relevant carriers specified by the test configuration in subclause 4.8.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connectors, the following steps shall apply:

- 3) For single band tests, repeat the steps above per involved band where single band test configurations shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band.
- 4) For multi-band tests, the interfering signal shall first be applied on the same port as the wanted signal. The test shall be repeated with the interfering signal applied on the other port (if any) mapped to the same receiver as the wanted signal. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.
- 5) Repeat step 6 with the wanted signal for the other band(s) applied on the respective port(s).

#### 7.7.4.3 Procedure for additional narrowband intermodulation for GSM/EDGE

For a BS declared to support CS1 to CS6, the GSM/EDGE MC-BTS receiver intermodulation method of test is stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.7, shall apply for GSM/EDGE carriers.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.2 apply for the GSM/EDGE intermodulation requirement.

If a BS is declared to support CS7, the steps in subclause 7.7.4.3.1 and 7.7.4.3.2 for testing additional narrowband blocking for GSM/EDGE shall apply:

# 7.7.4.3.1 Initial conditions for additional narrowband intermodulation for GSM/EDGE for CS7

Test environment: Normal; see Annex B.2.

Base Station RF Bandwidth positions to be tested: M_{RFBW} in single-band operation, see subclause 4.9.1,

- 1) Set up the equipment as shown in Annex D.2.3.
- 2) Generate the wanted signal according to the applicable test configuration (see clause 5) using applicable reference measurement channel to the BS under test as follows:
  - For GSM see subclause 7.7 in TS 51.021 [11] and Annex P.2.2 in TS 45.005 [6] for reference channels to test.

#### 7.7.4.3.2 Procedure for additional narrowband intermodulation for GSM/EDGE for CS7

- 1) Set the BS according to the applicable test configuration(s) (see clause 5).
- 2) Adjust the GSM/EDGE signal generator to the wanted signal levels as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.7.
- 3) Set-up the interfering signal as specified in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclauses 7.7.
- 4) Measure the performance of the GSM/EDGE wanted signal at the BS receiver, as defined in TS 51.021, applicable parts of subclause 7.7.

In addition, for multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the procedure above per involved band where single band test configurations and test models shall apply with no carrier activated in the other band. Any antenna connector with no signal applied shall be terminated.

### 7.7.5 Test requirements

#### 7.7.5.1 General intermodulation test requirement

Interfering signals shall be a CW signal and an E-UTRA or UTRA signal, as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least twice as wide as the UTRA/E-UTRA interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency and two interfering signals coupled to the Base Station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.7.5.1-1 and 7.7.5.1-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.2.

Base Station Type	Mean power of interfering signals [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of interfering signal			
Wide Area BS	-48	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 2)				
Medium Range BS	-44	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 3)	See Table 7.7.5.1-2			
Local Area BS	-38	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 4)				
7.2 in TS shall appl adjacent t	<ul> <li>NOTE 1: PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and on the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2 in TS 37.104 [2]. For E-UTRA channel bandwidths 10, 15 and 20 MHz this requirement shall apply only for a FRC A1-3 mapped to the frequency range at the channel edge adjacent to the interfering signals.</li> <li>NOTE 2: For WA BS, 'x' is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in</li> </ul>					
case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. NOTE 3: For MR BS, 'x' is equal to 6 in case of UTRA wanted signals, 9 in case of E-UTRA wanted signal and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.						
NOTE 4: For LA BS	S, 'x ['] is equal to 12 in case of E d equal to 3 in case of GSM/EI	E-UTRA wanted signals, 6 in	case of UTRA wanted			

Table 7.7.5.1-1: General intermodulation requirement

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the upper/lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge	Interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge [MHz]	Type of interfering signal
E-UTRA 1.4 MHz	±2.0 (BC1 and BC3) / ±2.1 (BC2)	CW
	±4.9	1.4MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA 3 MHz	±4.4 (BC1 and BC3) / ±4.5 (BC2)	CW
	±10.5	3MHz E-UTRA signal
UTRA FDD and	±7.5	CW
E-UTRA 5 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA 10 MHz	±7.375	CW
	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA 15 MHz	±7.25	CW
	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA 20 MHz	±7.125	CW
	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
GSM/EDGE	±7.575	CW
	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
1.28 Mcps UTRA	±2.3 (BC3)	CW
TĎD	±5.6 (BC3)	1.28Mcps UTRA TDD signal

#### 7.7.5.2 General narrowband intermodulation test requirement

Interfering signals shall be a CW signal and an E-UTRA 1RB signal, as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Maximum Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Maximum Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum within each supported operating band, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap in case the sub-block gap is at least as wide as the channel bandwidth of the E-UTRA interfering signal in Table 7.7.5.2-2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap in case the gap size is at least as wide as the E-UTRA interfering signal in Table 7.7.5.2-2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency and two interfering signals coupled to the Base Station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.7.5.2-1 and 7.7.5.2-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any measured E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [5], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any measured GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.2.

#### Table 7.7.5.2-1: General narrowband intermodulation requirement

Base Station Type	Mean power of interfering signals [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of interfering signal	
Wide Area BS	-52			
Medium Range BS	-47	P _{REFSENS} +x dB*	See Table 7.7.5.2-2	
Local Area BS	-44			
NOTE*: PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and on the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2 in TS 37.104. 'x' is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.				

#### Table 7.7.5.2-2: Interfering signals for narrowband intermodulation requirement

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the upper/lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge	Interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidthedge or sub-block edge inside a gap [kHz]	Type of interfering signal
E-UTRA 1.4 MHz	±260 (BC1 and BC3) / ±270 (BC2)	CW
	±970 (BC1 and BC3) / ±790 (BC2)	1.4 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
E-UTRA 3 MHz	±260 (BC1 and BC3) / ±270 (BC2)	CW
	±960 (BC1 and BC3) / ±780 (BC2)	3.0 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
E-UTRA 5 MHz	±360	CW
	±1060	5 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
E-UTRA 10 MHz	±325	CW
(**)	±1240	5 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
E-UTRA 15 MHz	±380	CW
(**)	±1600	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
E-UTRA 20 MHz	±345	CW
(**)	±1780	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
UTRA FDD	±345 (BC1 and BC2)	CW
	±1780 (BC1 and BC2)	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
GSM/EDGE	±340	CW
	±880	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
1.28Mcps UTRA	±190 (BC3)	CW
TDD	±970 (BC3)	1.4 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB*
<ul> <li>NOTE*: Interfering signal consisting of one resource block positioned at the stated offset, the channel bandwidth of the interfering signal is located adjacently to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap.</li> <li>NOTE**: This requirement shall apply only for an E-UTRA FRC A1-3 mapped to the frequency range at the channel edge adjacent to the interfering signals.</li> </ul>		

#### 7.7.5.3 Additional narrowband intermodulation test requirement for GSM/EDGE

The GSM/EDGE MC-BTS receiver intermodulation test requirements are stated in TS 51.021 [11], applicable parts of subclause 7.7, shall apply for GSM/EDGE carriers.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [6], Annex P.2.2 apply for the GSM/EDGE intermodulation requirement.

## 7.8 In-channel selectivity

## 7.8.1 Definition and applicability

In-channel selectivity (ICS) is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned resource block locations in the presence of an interfering signal received at a larger power spectral density. In this condition a throughput requirement shall be met for a specified reference measurement channel. This requirement is applicable for E-UTRA carriers only.

### 7.8.2 Minimum requirement

The minimum requirement is in TS 37.104 [2] subclause 7.8.1.

## 7.8.3 Test purpose

The purpose of this test is to verify the BS receiver ability to suppress the IQ leakage.

### 7.8.4 Method of testing

For this requirement Tables 5.1-1 and 5.2-1 refer to single-RAT specifications; see clause 5. The following shall apply:

- For references to TS 36.141 [9], the method of test is specified in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.4.4.

In addition, for a multi-band capable BS, the following step shall apply:

- For multi-band capable BS and single band tests, repeat the tests per involved band with no carrier activated in the other band. For multi-band capable BS with separate antenna connector, the antenna connector not being under test shall be terminated.

## 7.8.5 Test requirements

The test requirements are in TS 36.141 [9], subclause 7.4.5.

## 8 Performance requirements

Void

## Annex A (normative): Characteristics of interfering signals

# A.1 UTRA FDD interfering signal

The UTRA FDD interfering signal shall be a DPCH containing the DPCCH and one DPDCH. The data content for each channelization code shall be uncorrelated with each other and to the wanted signal and spread and modulated according to clause 4 of TS 25.213. Further characteristics of DPDCH and DPCCH are specified in Table A.1-1.

Table A.1-1: Characteristics of UTRA FDD interfering signal
-------------------------------------------------------------

Channel	Bit Rate	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Relative Power
DPDCH	240 kbps	16	4	0 dB
DPCCH	15 kbps	256	0	-5.46 dB
NOTE: The DPDCH and DPCCH settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic Peak to Average Ratio.				

# A.2 UTRA TDD interfering signal

The UTRA TDD interfering signal shall be 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD signal with one code. The data content shall be uncorrelated to the wanted signal. They are specified in Table A.2-1.

UTRA TDD option	Type of Interfering Signal	
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1,28 Mcps UTRA TDD signal with one code*	
* NOTE: The channelisation wanted signal"s.	code ID and Midamble shift shall be different with the	

# A.3 E-UTRA interfering signal

The E-UTRA interfering signal shall be a PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal CP is used. The data content shall be uncorrelated to the wanted signal and modulated according to clause 5 of TS 36.211. Mapping of PUSCH modulation to receiver requirement are specified in Table A.3-1.

Table A.3-1: Modulation of the	E-UTRA	interfering signal
--------------------------------	--------	--------------------

Receiver requirement	Modulation
Narrowband blocking	QPSK
Receiver intermodulation	QPSK

## Annex B (normative): Environmental requirements for the BS equipment

## B.1 General

For each test in the present document, the environmental conditions under which the BS is to be tested are defined. The environmental conditions and class shall be from the relevant IEC specifications or the corresponding ETSI specifications.

## B.2 Normal test environment

When a normal test environment is specified for a test, the test should be performed within the minimum and maximum limits of the conditions stated in Table B.1.

Condition	Minimum	Maximum
Barometric pressure	86 kPa	106 kPa
Temperature	15°C	30°C
Relative Humidity	20 %	85 %
Power supply	Nominal, as declared by the manufacturer	
Vibration	Negligible	

#### Table B.1: Limits of conditions for Normal Test Environment

The ranges of barometric pressure, temperature and humidity represent the maximum variation expected in the uncontrolled environment of a test laboratory. If it is not possible to maintain these parameters within the specified limits, the actual values shall be recorded in the test report.

## B.3 Extreme test environment

The manufacturer shall declare one of the following:

- The equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60721-3-3 [17] or ETSI EN 300 019-1-3 [19] ("Stationary use at weather protected locations");
- The equipment class for the equipment under test, as defined in the IEC 60721-3-4 [18] or ETSI EN 300 019-1-4 [20] ("Stationary use at non weather protected locations");
- 3) The equipment that does not comply to the mentioned classes, the relevant classes from IEC 60721 [16] documentation for Temperature, Humidity and Vibration shall be declared.
- NOTE: Reduced functionality for conditions that fall out side of the standard operational conditions are not tested in the present document. These may be stated and tested separately.

## B.3.1 Extreme temperature

When an extreme temperature test environment is specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard minimum and maximum operating temperatures defined by the manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test.

#### Minimum temperature:

The test shall be performed with the environment test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60068-2-1 [21].

#### Maximum temperature:

The test shall be performed with the environmental test equipment and methods including the required environmental phenomena into the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60068-2-2 [22].

NOTE: It is recommended that the equipment is made fully operational prior to the equipment being taken to its lower operating temperature.

## B.4 Vibration

When vibration conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed while the equipment is subjected to a vibration sequence as defined by the manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test. This shall use the environmental test equipment and methods of inducing the required environmental phenomena in to the equipment, conforming to the test procedure of IEC 60068-2-6 [23]. Other environmental conditions shall be within the ranges specified in clause B.2.

NOTE: The higher levels of vibration may induce undue physical stress in to equipment after a prolonged series of tests. The testing body should only vibrate the equipment during the RF measurement process.

## B.5 Power supply

When extreme power supply conditions are specified for a test, the test shall be performed at the standard upper and lower limits of operating voltage defined by manufacturer's declaration for the equipment under test.

#### **Upper voltage limit:**

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the upper limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60068-2-1 [21] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60068-2-2 [22] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

#### Lower voltage limit:

The equipment shall be supplied with a voltage equal to the lower limit declared by the manufacturer (as measured at the input terminals to the equipment). The tests shall be carried out at the steady state minimum and maximum temperature limits declared by the manufacturer for the equipment, to the methods described in IEC 60068-2-1 [21] Test Ab/Ad and IEC 60068-2-2 [22] Test Bb/Bd: Dry Heat.

## B.6 Measurement of test environments

The measurement accuracy of the BS test environments shall be.

Pressure:	±5 kPa.
Temperature:	±2 degrees.
Relative Humidity:	±5 %.
DC Voltage:	±1,0 %.
AC Voltage:	±1,5 %.
Vibration:	10%.
Vibration frequency:	0,1 Hz.

The above values shall apply unless the test environment is otherwise controlled and the specification for the control of the test environment specifies the uncertainty for the parameter.

## Annex C (informative): Test Tolerances and Derivation of test requirements

The test requirements explicitly defined in this specification have been calculated by relaxing the minimum requirements of the core specification using the Test Tolerances defined here. When the Test Tolerance is zero, the test requirement will be the same as the minimum requirement. When the Test Tolerance is non-zero, the test requirements will differ from the minimum requirements, and the formula used for this relaxation is given in the following tables.

Test requirements which are included by reference to TS 25.141 [10], TS 25.142[12], TS 36.141[9] or TS 51.021[11] have been calculated within the referred test specification using the Test Tolerances defined therein.

The Test Tolerances are derived from Test System uncertainties, regulatory requirements and criticality to system performance. As a result, the Test Tolerances may sometimes be set to zero.

The test tolerances should not be modified for any reason e.g. to take account of commonly known test system errors (such as mismatch, cable loss, etc.).

Note that a formula for applying Test Tolerances is provided for all tests, even those with a test tolerance of zero. This is necessary in the case where the Test System uncertainty is greater than that allowed in subclause 4.1.2. In this event, the excess error shall be subtracted from the defined test tolerance in order to generate the correct tightened test requirements as defined in this Annex.

# C.1 Measurement of transmitter

Test	Minimum requirement in TS 37.104	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test requirement
6.2.1 Base Station maximum output power	UTRA and E-UTRA In normal conditions: within ±2 dB of manufacturer's rated output power	0.7 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz 1.0 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	Formula: Upper limit + TT, Lower limit - TT In normal conditions: within +2.7 dB and -2.7 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power , f $\leq$ 3.0 GHz; within +3 dB and -3 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power, 3.0 GHz < f $\leq$ 4.2 GHz
	In extreme conditions: within ±2.5 dB of manufacturer's rated output power	0.7 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz 1.0 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	In extreme conditions: within +3.2 dB and -3.2 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power, $f \le$ 3.0 GHz; within +3.5 dB and -3.5 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power, 3.0 GHz < f $\le$ 4.2 GHz
	GSM/EDGE In normal conditions: within ±2 dB of manufacturer's rated output power	1.0 dB	In normal conditions: within +3.0 dB and -3.0 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power
	In extreme conditions: within ±2.5 dB of manufacturer's rated output power	1.0 dB	In extreme conditions: within +3.5 dB and -3.5 dB of the manufacturer's rated output power
6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power	-85 dBm/MHz.	2 dB , f ≤ 3.0GHz 2.5 dB, 3.0GHz < f ≤ 4.2GHz	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.1 Transmitter spurious emissions, Mandatory Requirements	Maximum level defined in Table 6.6.1.1.1-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.2 Transmitter spurious emissions, Mandatory Requirements	Maximum level defined in Table 6.6.1.1.2-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.3 Transmitter spurious emissions, Additional BC2 Requirement	Maximum level defined in Table 6.6.1.1.3-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.4 Transmitter spurious emissions, Protection of BS receiver	Maximum level defined in Table 6.6.1.2.1-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.5 Transmitter spurious emissions, Additional spurious emission requirements	Maximum level defined in Tables 6.6.1.3.1-1 and 6.6.1.3.1-2 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.1.5.6 Transmitter spurious emissions, Co-location	Maximum level defined in Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT

6.6.2 Operating band	For BC1 and BC2:		Formula: Minimum requirement + TT
unwanted emissions	Offset < 1 MHz -14dBm/30kHz to -26dBm/30kHz	1.5 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz 1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	-12.5 dBm/30kHz to -24.5 dBm/30kHz , f $\leq$ 3.0 GHz; -12.2 dBm/30kHz to -24.2 dBm/30kHz, 3.0 GHz < f $\leq$ 4.2 GHz
	1 MHz ≤ Offset <10 MHz -13 dBm/1 MHz	1.5 dB , f ≤ 3.0 GHz 1.8 dB, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz	-11.5 dBm/1 MHz , f ≤ 3.0 GHz; -11.2 dBm/1 MHz, 3.0 GHz < f ≤ 4.2 GHz
	10 MHz ≤ Offsets -15 dBm/1 MHz	0 dB	-15 dBm/1 MHz
	For BC2 with adjacent GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 and 3 MHz carriers:		
	Offset < 0.05 MHz 2 dBm/30kHz to 5 dBm/30 kHz	1.5 dB	3.5 dBm/30kHz to 6.5 dBm/30 kHz
	0.05 MHz ≤ Offset -14 dBm/30kHz to 2 dBm/30 kHz	1.5 dB	-12.5 dBm/30kHz to 3.5 dBm/30 kHz
6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth	BW _{Channel} for E-UTRA 5 MHz for UTRA FDD 1.6 MHz for UTRA TDD	0 kHz	Formula: Minimum Requirement + TT
6.6.4 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)			Formula: ACLR Minimum Requirement - TT Absolute limit +TT
	Paired spectrum ACLR: 45 dB for E-UTRA	0.8 dB	Paired spectrum ACLR: 44.2 dB
	Unpaired spectrum ACLR: 45 dB for E-UTRA	0.8 dB	Unpaired spectrum ACLR: 44.2 dB
	CACLR: 45 dB for E-UTRA 45 dB for UTRA	0.8 dB 0.8 dB	CACLR Minimum Requirement - TT 44.2 dB 44.2 dB
	Absolute limit -13 dBm/MHz Absolute limit -15 dBm/MHz	0 dB 0 dB	Absolute limit -13 dBm/MHz Absolute limit -15 dBm/MHz
6.7 Transmitter intermodulation (interferer requirements) This tolerance applies to the stimulus and not the measurements defined in 6.6.1, 6.6.2 and 6.6.4.	Wanted signal level - interferer level = 30 dB	0 dB	Formula: Ratio + TT Wanted signal level - interferer level = 30 + 0 dB

# C.2 Measurement of receiver

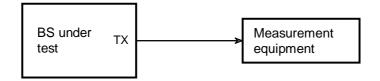
Test	Minimum Requirement in TS 37.104	Test Tolerance (TT)	Test Requirement
7.4.5.1 In-band selectivity and blocking, General blocking requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal power + TT. Interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -40 dBm.		
7.4.5.2 In-band selectivity and blocking, General narrowband blocking requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal power + TT. Interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -49 dBm.		
7.4.5.5 In-band selectivity and blocking, Additional BC3 requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal power + TT. Interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -40 dBm.		
7.5.5.1 Out-of-band blocking, General requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal power + TT. Interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -15 dBm.		
7.5.5.2 Out-of-band blocking, Co-location	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal power + TT. Interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: +16 dBm.		
7.6.5 Receiver spurious emissions	Maximum level defined in Tables 7.6.5.1-1 and 7.6.5.2-1 of TS 37.104 [2].	0 dB	Formula: Maximum level + TT
7.7.5.1 Receiver intermodulation, General requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal mean power + TT. CW interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -48 dBm.		Modulated interferer signal power unchanged.
7.7.5.2 Receiver intermodulation, General narrowband requirement	Wanted Signal mean power = $P_{REFSENS} + x dB$ , where x is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE.	0 dB	Formula: Wanted signal mean power + TT. CW interferer signal power unchanged.
	Interferer signal mean power: -52 dBm.		Modulated interferer signal power unchanged.

## Annex D (informative): Measurement system set-up

Example of measurement system set-ups are attached below as an informative annex.

## D.1 Transmitter

D.1.1 Base station output power, transmitter ON/OFF power, modulation quality, transmitter spurious emissions and operating band unwanted emissions



# Figure D.1-1: Measuring system set-up for base station output power, transmitter ON/OFF power, modulation quality, transmitter spurious emissions and operating band unwanted emissions

## D.1.2 Transmitter intermodulation

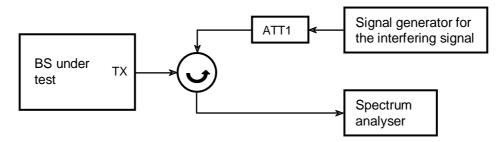


Figure D.1-2: Measuring system set-up for transmitter intermodulation

## D.2 Receiver

## D.2.1 Blocking characteristics

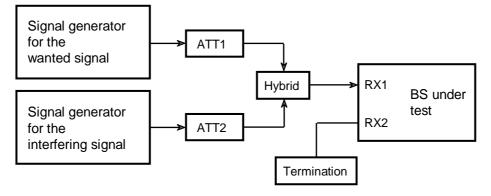


Figure D.2-1: Measuring system set-up for blocking characteristics

## D.2.2 Receiver spurious emissions

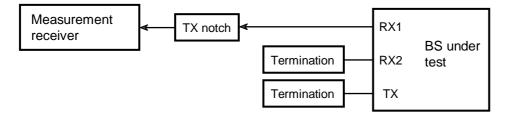


Figure D.2-2: Measuring system set-up for receiver spurious emissions

## D.2.3 Receiver intermodulation

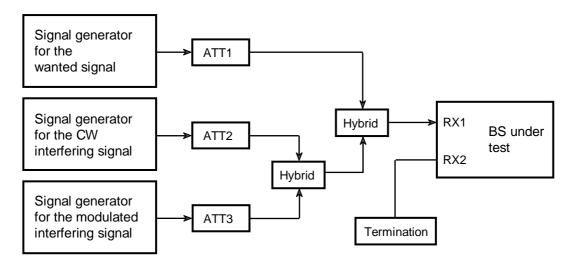


Figure D.2-3: Measuring system set-up for receiver intermodulation

## Annex E (normative): E-UTRA Test model for BC3 CS3 BS

## E.0 BC3 CS3 Test model description

The set-up of physical channels for E-UTRA TDD in part of BC3 CS3 BS transmitter tests shall be according to the applicable test models shown below. A detailed reference to the applicable test model is made in subclause 4.9.2.

The parameters in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1 shall be reused by the test models in E.1 to E.6 with the following exceptions,

- Duration is 30 subframes (30ms), e.g. number of frames for the test model is 3.
- Uplink/downlink configuration 1 and special subframe configuration 7 shall be used as shown in talbe E-1.

Downlink-to- Uplink Switch-point		UL/DL sub- alf frame (10 s)	DwPTS	GP	UpPTS
periodicity	DL	UL			
5ms	2	2	$21952 \cdot T_{\rm s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{s}$	$4384 \cdot T_{s}$

#### **Table E-1: Configurations**

The test models in E.1 to E.6 shall be constructed based on the corresponding test model in 36.141 along with the principles on data mapping between the test models in E.1 to E.6 and the test models in 36.141 Subclause 6.1.1.1 to 6.1.1.6 as shown in Table E-2.

Table E-2: Numbers ( $n_{PRB}$ ) of the boosted PRBs

Frame1	Subframe 0	Subframe 1	Subframe 4	Subframe 5	Subframe 6	Subframe 9
Note	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	NOTE 2	NOTE 1	NOTE 3	NOTE 1

Frame2	Subframe 0	Subframe 1	Subframe 4	Subframe 5	Subframe 6	Subframe 9
Note	NOTE 1	NOTE 1	NOTE 4	NOTE 1	NOTE 3	NOTE 1

Frame3	Subframe 0	Subframe 1	Subframe 4	Subframe 5	Subframe 6	Subframe 9
Note	NOTE 5	NOTE 3	NOTE 6	NOTE 7	NOTE 3	NOTE 8

- NOTE 1: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in the corresponding subframe of the corresponding test models in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 2: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 7 of Frame 1 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 3: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 1 of Frame 1 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 4: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 8 of Frame 1 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 5: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 7 of Frame 2 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 6: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 8 of Frame 2 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.

- NOTE 7: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 6 of Frame 1 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.
- NOTE 8: The data in this subframe shall re-use the same data as specified in subframe 6 of Frame 2 in the corresponding test model in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.

## E.1 E-UTRA Test Model 1.1 (E-TM1.1_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 1.1 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.1 according to the data mapping principals elaborated in Table E-2.

## E.2 E-UTRA Test Model 1.2 (E-TM1.2_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 1.2 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.2 according to the data mapping principles elaborated in Table E-2.

## E.3 E-UTRA Test Model 2 (E-TM2_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 2 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.3 according to the data mapping principles elaborated in Table E-2.

## E.4 E-UTRA Test Model 3.1 (E-TM3.1_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 3.1 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.4 according to the data mapping principles elaborated in Table E-2.

## E.5 E-UTRA Test Model 3.2 (E-TM3.2_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 3.2 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.5 according to the data mapping principles elaborated in Table E-2.

## E.6 E-UTRA Test Model 3.3 (E-TM3.3_BC3CS3)

This test model shall be constructed based on E-TM 3.3 in 36.141 subclause 6.1.1.6 according to the data mapping principles elaborated in Table E-2.

# Annex F (informative): Change history

D-1-	T00 #			<b>D</b>	Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
		R4-093772			Specification skeleton created from 3GPP TS template		0.0.1
2009-11	R4#53	R4-094778			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#53:	0.0.1	0.1.0
					<b>R4-094507</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 2 and 3."		
				<b>R4-094805</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 4.11; BS			
					Configurations. "		
					<b>R4-094871</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 4.4 and		
					4.5."		
					R4-094872, "TP for TS 37.141 Annex C; Test Tolerances		
					and derivation of test requirements. "		
2010-02	R4#54	R4-100579			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4 AH#1:	0.1.0	0.2.0
					<b>R4-100026</b> , "TP for TS37.141: Format and interpretation of		
					tests"		
					R4-100028, "TP for TS37.141: Selection of configurations		
					for testing"		
					<b>R4-100241</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 2, 3 and 4."		
2010-02	R4#54	R4-100975			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#54:	0.2.0	0.3.0
					<b>R4-100405</b> , "TP for TS37.141: Manufacturers declarations		
					of regional and optional requirements"		
					R4-100863, "TP Manufacturers declaration of supported RF		
					configurations for section 4.7"		
					<b>R4-100986</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.6.1; Transmitter		
					spurious emissions"		
					<b>R4-101036</b> , "TP MSR test configurations for section 4.8"		
2010-04	R4#55	R4-101576			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4 AH#2 and E-mail approved	030	0.4.0
2010 01	11/1/100				Text Proposals after RAN4 AH#2:	0.0.0	0.1.0
					<b>R4-101186</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.6.4; Adjacent		
					Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)"		
					<b>R4-101207</b> , "TP for manufacturers declaration, subclause		
					4.7.2"		
					<b>R4-101208</b> , "TP TDD test configurations, subclause 4.8"		
					<b>R4-101510</b> , "TP for requirements and test configuration		
					applicability, subclause 5.1"		
					<b>R4-101511</b> , "TP for requirements and test configuration		
					applicability, subclause 5.2"		
					<b>R4-101512</b> , "TP for capability set, subclause 4.7.1"		
					<b>R4-101514</b> , "TP for update of Transmitter spurious		
					emissions test in TS 37.141"		
					<b>R4-101515</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.7; Transmitter		
					intermodulation"		
					<b>R4-101520</b> , "Text proposal for 37.141 on B, M and T		
					channels definition"		
					<b>R4-101521</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.2 MSR Receiver		
					reference sensitivity level"		
					<b>R4-101522</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 7.3; Dynamic range"		
					<b>R4-101523</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.6.2;Operating band		
					unwanted emissions"		
					<b>R4-101524</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.4 MSR Receiver		
					in-band selectivity and blocking"		
					<b>R4-101525</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.5 MSR Receiver		
					out-of-band-blocking"		
				1	<b>R4-101526</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.6 MSR Receiver		
				1	spurious emissions"		
				1	<b>R4-101527</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.7 MSR Receiver		
				1	intermodulation"		
				1	<b>R4-101528</b> , "TP for TS 37.141, clause 7.8 MSR Receiver		
					in-channel selectivity"		
					<b>R4-101542</b> , "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.6.3: Occupied		
		1	1	1	bandwidth"	1	1
2010-05	R4#55	R4-102216			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#54:	0.4.0	0.5.0
2010-05	R4#55	R4-102216				0.4.0	0.5.0

update*         update*           R4-101885, "The for TS 37.141; Adding missing text in subclause 4.11.5 and 4.11.7"           R4-102056, "Corrections for subclause 4.1"           R4-102056, "Corrections for subclause 4.1."           R4-102067, "Corrections for subclause 4.1."           R4-102067, "Corrections for subclause 4.1."           R4-102067, "Corrections for subclause 5.1"           R4-102087, "Corrections to clause 7.2"           R4-102087, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102087, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102087, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102093, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102293, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10229, "Spurious emissions limits and blocking requirements"           R4-10229, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10227, "Dorections to subclause 6.5.1"           R4-10227, "Dorections to subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10227, "Dorections to subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10227, "Dorections to subclause 6.4.4"           R4-10227, "Dorections to subclause 6.3."				1		DA 101994 "TD for TC 27 144 aloung 4.4 On proting barred		
R4-10188, TP for TS 37.141; Adding missing text in subclause A.11: Adding missing text in subclause A.11: Adding missing text in subclause A.11: Adding missing text in R4-102061, "Corrections for subclauses A.1.1; AL2" R4-102061, "Corrections for subclauses A.1.1; AL2" R4-102061, "Corrections for subclauses A.1.1; AL2" R4-102085, "Corrections to clauses 7.2" R4-102085, "Corrections to clause 7.3" R4-102085, "Corrections to clause 7.4" R4-102085, "Corrections to clause 7.4" R4-102285, "Corrections to clause 7.4" R4-102285, "Corrections to clause 7.4" R4-102280, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102280, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102285, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102285, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102285, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102287, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102287, "Corrections to clause 7.5" R4-102277, "Corrections to subclause 6.6.1" R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102280, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102280, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102280, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-102280, "Corrections for subclause 6.0, 4" R4-102280, "Corrections for the Amplenary. 2010-00 RP-49 RP-100923 006						<b>R4-101884</b> , "TP for TS 37.141; clause 4.4 Operating band update"		
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R4-102058         "Corrections for subclause 4.1"           R4-102059         "Corrections for subclauses 4.1."           R4-102061         "Corrections to clauses 7.1"           R4-102085         "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102085         "Total 7.11"           R4-102285         "Total 7.11"           R4-102274         "Total 7.11"           R4-102275         "Total 7.11"           R4-102276         "Total 7.11"           R4-102277         "Total 7.11"								
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R4-102060, "Corrections for subclauses 4.9, 4.10"           R4-102061, "Corrections for subclauses 5"           R4-102062, "Corrections for subclause 5."           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.1"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102123, "Sputous emissions limits and blocking requirements"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.5"           R4-102252, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102252, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102252, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-10227, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.3.3"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.4.4"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.4.4"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.4.4"           R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.4.4"           R4-10227, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.3.3" </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
R4-102061, "Corrections for subclauses 4.11, 4.12"           R4-102062, "Corrections for subclauses 7.1"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.1"           R4-102064, "Corrections to clause 7.2"           R4-102065, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102064, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102065, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102095, "Corrections to clause 7.8"           R4-102095, "Corrections to clause 7.8"           R4-102095, "Corrections to clause 7.8"           R4-102094, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102205, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102224, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102251, "Corrections to rabelause 6.6.1"           R4-102251, "Corrections to rabelause 6.6.1"           R4-102251, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102251, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102257, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
R4-102062, "Corrections for subclause 5."           R4-102066, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102068, "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102063, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102129, "Spurious emissions limits and blocking requirements"           R4-102250, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102252, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102273, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.5.2"           R4-102273, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102274, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102274, "To for TS 37.141; Clause 6.5.2"           R4-102274, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>								
R4-10206; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10206; "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-10208; "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-10209; "Corrections to clause 7.3"           R4-10209; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10209; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10209; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10229; "Spurious emissions limits and blocking requirements for coexistence with CDMA850"           R4-10224; "Durious emissions limits and blocking requirements for coexistence with CDMA850"           R4-10224; "Durious emissions limits and blocking requirements for coexistence with CDMA850"           R4-10224; "Durections to clause 7.4"           R4-10224; "Durections to clause 7.4"           R4-10224; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-10225; "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-10227; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-10227; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-10227; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10228; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10229; "Durious emission estas           R010-09         RP-49           RP-100920; 002         2								
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R#-102129. "Spurious emissions limits and blocking requirements for coexistence with CDMA850" R4-102245. "TP for TS 37.141; clause 4.3 Regional Requirements" R4-102245. "TP for TS 37.141; clause 6.5.3; Time alignment between transmitter branches" R4-102245. "Corrections to clause 7.4" R4-10225, "Corrections to clause 7.6" R4-10225, "Corrections to clause 7.6" R4-10225, "Corrections to clause 7.6" R4-10225, "Corrections to clause 7.6" R4-10225, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1" R4-10225, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2" R4-10225, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2" R4-10225, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2" R4-10227, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power" R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3" R4-10227, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-10228; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-10228; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-10228; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4" R4-10227, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM clarification" 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100920 002 1 Clarifications on Base Station trammsit and receive 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 003 2 Annex B: Environmental conditions 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 003 2 Annex B: Environmental conditions 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 003 1 Adding transmitter test tolerances 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 004 Adding transmitter test tolerances 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 005 1 Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A, B and D 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 014 Correction of the Transmitter characteristics General 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 014 Correction of the NCIBEs in the transmitter intermodulation 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 024 General corrections for the MSR test specification 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 024 General corrections for the MSR test specification 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 024 General corrections for the MSR test specification 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-100923 024 General corrections for the MSR test specification 9.0.0 9.1 2010-09 RP-49 RP-10								
requirements for coexistence with CDMA850"         requirements           R4-102173, "TP for TS 37.141; clause 4.3 Regional Requirements"         R4-102249; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102249; "Corrections to clause 7.4"         R4-102225; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102225; "Corrections to clause 7.4"         R4-102226; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102225; "Corrections to clause 7.4"         R4-102225; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102225; "Corrections to clause 7.4"         R4-102227; "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"           power         R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102277; "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM           clause 7.4"         R4-102277; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102277; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102277; "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM           clause 7.4"         R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clause filecation"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100820         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0         9.0.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003								
R#-102173, "TP for TS 37.141; clause 4.3 Regional Reguirements"         Reduirements"           R4-102245, "TP for TS 37.141; clause 6.5.3; Time alignment between transmitter branches"         R4-102245, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102245, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-10225, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102257, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102257, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102272, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM           clarification"         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100823 0001         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 0006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 0001         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A. B and D         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 0101         Update of the Transmitter								
Requirements"         Requirements"           R4-102245, "TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.5.3; Time alignment between transmitter branches"         R4-102250; "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102250, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102250; "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102250; "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102250; "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102250; "Corrections to clause 6.6.1"         R4-102275; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102277; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102277; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102279; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; "Dr TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tk IM         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0         9.0.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100923 003         2         Anding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-1								
R+102245, TP for TS 37.141 clause 6.5.3; Time alignment between transmitter branches"         R4-102249, Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102252; "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102273, TP for TS 37.141; clause 6.2 BS output power"         R4-102274; "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102275, "Corrections to clause 6.6.1"         R4-102275; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102277; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276; "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279; TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.0         9.0           2010-08         RP-49         RP-100923         0.02         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         0.06         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         0.04         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>5</td><td></td><td></td></td<>						5		
between transmitter branches"         R4-102250, "Corrections to clause 7.4"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102273, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102274, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 4.9.2"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Persentation to TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0           2010-08         RP-49         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0         9.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive onfigurations         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and 9.0.0         9.1           2010-09								
R+102249, "Corrections to clause 7.4"         R+102250, "Corrections to clause 7.5"           R+102251, "Corrections to clause 7.5"         R+102251, "Corrections to clause 7.5"           R+102272, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"         R+102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R+102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R+102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R+102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R+102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R+102278, "Corrections for subclause 4.6"         R+102278, "Corrections for subclause 4.6"           R+102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         claification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-08         RP+49         RP-100923         002         1         Carifications on Base Station tramsit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         Adding transmitter transmiter spurious         9.0.0         9.1								
R#-102250, "Corrections to clause 7.5"         R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102251, "Corrections to clause 7.6"         R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.6"           R4-102273, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"         R4-102274, "TP for Clause 4.9.2"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-08         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Carifications on Base Station transit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         005         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1								
R4-102251, 'Corrections to clause 7.6''         R4-102252, 'Corrections to clause 7.7''           R4-102273, 'TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power'         R4-102276, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.1''           R4-102276, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.1''         R4-102277, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.4''           R4-102277, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.4''         R4-102277, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.4''           R4-102282, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.4''         R4-102282, 'Corrections for subclause 6.6.4''           R4-102279, 'TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         Clainfication''           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-08         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Carlfications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         014         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100								
R4-102252, "Corrections to clause 7.7"         R4-102273, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"           R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "Dreved by TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100923         002           Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0         9.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         004         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         Adding Modulation quality and								
R4-102273, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.2 BS output power"         R4-102274, "TP for Clause 4.9.2"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         Clarification"           2010-08         RP-49         RP-100923 002         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmittand receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 001         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and         9.0.0         9.1								
power"         R4-102274, "TP for Clause 4.9.2"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 4.8"         R4-102227, "To rest subclause 4.8"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0         9.0.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         010         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         1         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1<								
R4-102274, "TP for Clause 4.9.2"         R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"           R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102270, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100923 002         1         Clarifications           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 008         Adding tansmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 009         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and 9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 010         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-10								
R4-102275, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.1"         R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"           R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.0         9.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 002         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive g.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 009         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A, B and D         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         011         Correction of the NOTEs in the transmitter intermodulation         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         1								
R4-102276, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.2"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 4.8"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.0         9.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 002         1         Clarifications on Base Station tranmsit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 006         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 001         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 013         1         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923 015         Characteristics of interfering signals<								
R4-102277, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.3"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"           R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM         clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station transmit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         008         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         009         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A, B and D         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         014         Correction of the NOTEs in the transmitter intermodulation         9.0.0         9.1 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>								
R4-102278, "Corrections for subclause 6.6.4"         R4-10228, "Corrections for subclause 4.8"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100923         002         1         Clarification"         9.0.0         9.1           2010-07         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station tranmsit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         009         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A, B and D         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         011         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General subclause         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49								
R4-102282, "Corrections for subclause 4.8"         R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0         9.0         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station tramsit and receive         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         008         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         011         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and subclause         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         <								
R4-102279, "TP for TS 37.141; Clause 6.7 Tx IM           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Approved by TSG RAN plenary.         1.0.0         9.0           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station tranmsit and receive configurations         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         009         1         Correction of the Ancillary RF Amplifiers references and references to Annex A, B and D         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         011         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General subclause         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         014         Correction of the NOTEs in the transmitter intermodulation procedure         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         021         1								
Clarification"         Clarification"           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100580         Presentation to TSG RAN plenary.         0.5.0         1.0.0         9.0           2010-06         RP#48         RP-100923         002         1         Clarifications on Base Station trammsit and receive configurations         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         003         2         Annex B: Environmental conditions         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         006         Adding transmitter test tolerances         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         008         Adding test System Uncertainty for transmitter spurious emission tests         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         010         Update of the Transmitter characteristics General subclause         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         1         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49         RP-100923         013         1         Adding Modulation quality and Frequency error test cases         9.0.0         9.1           2010-09         RP-49								
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2010-09         RP-49         RP-100928         022         CR LTE_TDD_2600_US spectrum band definition additions         9.1.0         10.           2010-12         RP-50         RP-101345         036         Band XII/12 frequency range         10.0.         10.           2010-12         RP-50         RP-101346         032         Adding missing Test System Uncertainty for the receiver         10.0.         10.					-			9.1.0
to TS 37.141         0           2010-12         RP-50         RP-101345         036         Band XII/12 frequency range         10.0.         10.         10.         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0								10.0.
2010-12         RP-50         RP-101345         036         Band XII/12 frequency range         10.0.         10.0.         10.0.         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	2010-09	111-43	111-100920	022			3.1.0	
0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0         0	2010-12	RP-50	RP-1013/5	036			10.0	10.1.
2010-12 RP-50 RP-101346 032 Adding missing Test System Uncertainty for the receiver 10.0. 10.	2010-12	11-00	11 - 101343	000				
	2010-12	RP-50	RP-101346	032		Adding missing Test System Uncertainty for the receiver		10.1.
	201012		1010-0	002		tests	0	0
	2010-12	RP-50	RP-101346	034				10.1.

						0	0
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101356	029	4	Band 42 and 43 parameters for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD) for TS 37.141	10.0. 0	10.1. 0
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101361	030		Protection of E-UTRA Band 24	10.0. 0	10.1. 0
2011-04	RP-51	RP-110344	039	1	Receiver intermodulation reference correction	10.1. 0	10.2. 0
2011-04	RP-51	RP-110352	043	1	Correction of the test port description for TS 37.141 Rel-10	10.1. 0	10.2. 0
2011-04	RP-51	RP-110357	044	-	Band 42 and 43 co-existence for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD) for TS 37.141	-	10.2. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110814	051		Fixing Band 24 inclusion in TS 37.141	0 10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	053		Modifications to Band 3 to allow LTE Band 3 operation in Japan (Rel-10 TS37.141 CR)	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110804	054		Add Expanded 1900MHz band in 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	058		Correction of RX spurious emissions for non-GSM/EDGE configurations	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110802	063		Co-existence/co-location between Band 42 and 43 in TS 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	073	1	Correction for TS 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	060	1	General corrections for TS 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110813	056	1	Add 2GHz S-Band (Band 23) in 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	071	2	Correction on Modulation Quality Testing in TS 37.141	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	065	2	Revision of Time Alignment Error definition	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	068	1	Correction on MSR Test Configuration (Rel-10)	10.2. 0	10.3. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111252	076		Correction of receiver conformance testing	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111252	083		Correction on TR 37.141 sub-clause 6.6.2.5	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111255	081		Add Band 22/XXII for LTE/UMTS 3500 (FDD) to TS 37.141	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111256	085		Introduction of test requirements for MSR-NC in 37.141	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111262	078		Co-existence and co-location corrections in 37.141	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111265	066	2	Introduction of Carrier Aggregation for LTE in TS 37.141	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111267	084	1	Two carrier test case for MSR	10.3. 0	10.4. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	086		Definition of multi-carrier configuration	10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111734	087		Clarification of general blocking requirements for co- existence in TS 37.141	10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	088		CR to TS37.141 Adding the OBW requirements for carrier aggregation	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111690	092	1	update to improve readability of tables in section 4.4 of 37.141	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	093		Correction of MSR NC requirements	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111683	096	1	Alignment of TC carrier position with channel raster in TS 37.141 (Rel-10)	10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	097		Clarification of multi-carrier transmission and reception with multiple antenna connectors	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111687	098	2	TX ON or OFF CR 37.141	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111733	099		Correction of frequency range for spurious emission requirements	0 10.4. 0	10.5. 0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	106		Correction on BS Spurious emissions limits for co-existence	-	10.6.

					with Band 25 uplink	0	0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	107		Absolute limit for CACLR: Removal of brackets	10.5. 0	10.6. 0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120304	109	1	Definition of synchronized operation	10.5. 0	10.6. 0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	110	1	Introduction of NC operation for TDD in 37.141	10.5. 0	10.6. 0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120305	105		Add Extending 850 MHz Upper Band (814 - 849 MHz) to TS37.141	10.6. 0	0 11.0. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120770	114		Correct maximum test system uncertainty for transmit ON/OFF power	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120778	118		Correcting a test configuration in TS 37.141	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120779	121		Correction on ACLR procedure and test requirement	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120771	124		Transmitter intermodulation applicability clarification for single-RAT specifications	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120793	125		Introduction of APAC700(FDD) into TS 37.141	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120778	127		Correction of the manufacturer's declaration	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120778	129	1	Correction of test case for transmitter intermodulation requirement of BC1	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120779	131		Corrections for MSR and MSR-NC	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120777	135		Additional BC3 blocking	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120793	136	1	Introduction of Band 44	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120792	137	2	Introduction of e850_LB (Band 27) to TS 37.141	0 11.0. 0	0 11.1. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	139	-	Correct the f_offsetmax definition for TS 37.141	0 11.1. 0	0 11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121308	140	2	Reusing band 41 requirements for the Japan 2.5G TDD band	0 11.1. 0	0 11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	142	1	Intra-band non-contiguous receiver requirements	0 11.1. 0	11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	144	-	Deleting additional BC3 transmitter intermodulation requirement for NC MSR	0 11.1. 0	0 11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121300	147	-	Modifications of frequency ranges on spurious emission requirements for Band 6, 18, 19	0 11.1. 0	11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121311	149	-	Clarification of non-contiguous BC1 transmitter intermodulation requirements	11.1. 0	11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121311	151	1	Clean-up of ACLR wording for MSR-NC	0 11.1. 0	11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121312	153	-	BS test uncertainties above 3 GHz	0 11.1. 0	0 11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121340	155	-	Modification to increase GSM Carrier Power in MSR BS for Band Category 2	0 11.1. 0	0 11.2. 0
2012-09	RP-57				Editorial correction in Table 6.6.2.5.2-2	0 11.2. 0	11.2.
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121857	158	-	Correction to additional BS spurious emissions limits for BC2	11.2.	11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121859	161	-	Correction of PHS protection requirement	11.2.	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	165	-	Clean up of specification R11	11.2.	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121907	166	-	Introduction of new BS classes to MSR specification (general parts)	11.2.	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	167	-	Correction to test requirements of operating band unwanted emissions	11.2. 1	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121907	169	-	Introduction of new BS classes to TS37.141 (Transmitter part)	11.2.	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121864	171	-	Transmitter IM correction for MSR-NC	1 11.2. 1	0 11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121907	172	-	Introduction of new BS classes to MSR test specification	11.2.	11.3.

					(receiver part)	1	0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	175	-	Removal of conflicts in ACLR requirement	11.2. 1	11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121861	178	-	Change to CA combination list from table to reference	11.2. 1	11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	180	-	Clarification of BS output power test under extreme power supply conditions	11.2. 1	11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121902	181	-	Introduction of Band 29	11.2. 1	11.3. 0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121857	182		Modification to increase GSM Carrier Power in MSR BS for Band Category 2	11.2. 1	0 11.3. 0
2013-03	RP-59	RP-130274	187		Correction to MSR BS classes conformance test requirements	11.3. 0	11.4. 0
2013-03	RP-59	RP-130287	188		Band 41 requirements for operation in Japan	11.3. 0	11.4. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130763	189		Correcting Time alignment between transmitter branches title in section 5 in TS37.141	11.4. 0	11.5. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130764	193		Corrections to transmitter intermodulation test requirement	0 11.4. 0	11.5. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130764	198		Correction on UTRA and E-UTRA multi RAT non- contiguous test configuration	0 11.4. 0	11.5. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130763	201		channel raster	0 11.4. 0	0 11.5. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130792	202	1	Introduction of Band 30	0 11.5. 0	0 12.0. 0
2013-06	RP-60	RP-130790	203		Introduction of LTE 450 into TS 37.141	0 11.5. 0	0 12.0. 0
2013-09	RP-61	RP-131280	207		Correction on reference number	0 12.0. 0	0 12.1. 0
2013-09	RP-61	RP-131280	212		UEM requirement in BC2 for lower BS output power	12.0.	12.1.
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131927	215		Clarification of Tx IM requirement for BC1 band supporting non-contiguous operation	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	217		Introduction of receiver test requirements for multi-band BS	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	219		Introduction of multi-band operation to TS 37.141 (Cluause 6) Partially Implemented: changes to section 6.6.4.5.4 are not implemented as are not based on the latest version of the	12.1. 0	12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131925	223		spec Correction on capability of test configurations for BC3	12.1.	12.2.
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	225		Introduction of Multi-band operation in TS37.141(clause 1~3)	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131960	233		Changes to TS 37.141 for LTE_CA_C_B27	12.1. 0	12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	235		Introduction of MB-MSR Manufacturer"s declaration to TS 37.141	12.1. 0	12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131926	242		Introduction of secondary CPICH requirement	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	244		Introduction of multi-band BS testing to TS 37.141 (Clauses 4.8 4.11)	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	246		Update of TS 37.141 for MB-MSR	12.1.	12.2.
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131934	251		Applicability of requirements and test configurations for MB- MSR	0 12.1. 0	0 12.2. 0
2013-12	RP-62	RP-131967	252	1	Band 41 deployment in Japan	12.1.	12.2.
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140372	259		Correction on manufacturer's declaration in TS37.141	0 12.2. 0	0 12.3. 0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140372	261		Some corrections for MB-MSR in TS 37.141	0 12.2.	12.3.
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140368	265		Correction on RF channels	0 12.2.	0 12.3.
	RP-63	RP-140367	200		Test models for BC3 BS	0 12.2.	0 12.3.

03-2014	RP-63	RP-140367	273		Differential accuracy of Primary CCPCH power	12.2. 0	12.3. 0
03-2014	DD 62	RP-140368	201		Clarification of interfering signals for receiver	12.2.	12.3.
03-2014	RP-03	RP-140300	201				-
		<b>DD</b> ( (0070			intermodulation requirement in MSR	0	0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140372	282		Multi-band corrections in 37.141 chapter 6	12.2.	12.3.
						0	0
03-2014	RP-63	RP-140372	284		Multi-band corrections in 37.141 chapter 7	12.2.	12.3.
						0	0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140910	291		Clarification of power allocation for RX test cases in TS 37.141 (Rel-12)	12.3.0	12.4.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140913	303		Clarification on definitions and ACLR requirement in TS37.141	12.3.0	12.4.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140913	286		Multi-band corrections in 37.141 chapter 6	12.3.0	12.4.0
06-2014		RP-140913	288	1	Multi-band corrections in 37.141 chapter 7	12.3.0	12.4.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140913	312		Correction of UEM for Medium Range and Local Area BS	12.3.0	
06-2014		RP-140914	299		Band 29 correction	12.3.0	
06-2014		RP-140918	321		Clarification of Foffset-RAT in relation to radio bandwidth in TS 37.141 (Rel-12)	12.3.0	
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140918	309		BS output power definitions and testing	12.3.0	12.4.0
06-2014	RP-64	RP-140926	307	1	Introduction of Band 32/XXXII	12.3.0	12.4.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141526	324	1	Removal of FFS for TC4	12.4.0	12.5.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141528	336	-	Correction on UEM related to multi-band operation in TS37.141	12.4.0	12.5.0
09-2014	RP-65	RP-141562	337	2	Update of definitions to support supplemental DL in TS37.141	12.4.0	12.5.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142143	351		Correction of procedure for general and narrowband intermodulation	12.5.0	12.6.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142143	341	1	Modification on BC3 MSR BS test model	12.5.0	12.6.0
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142146	357		Tx intermodulation corrections	12.5.0	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142146	359		Multi-band test configurations corrections	12.5.0	
12-2014	RP-66	RP-142143	367		Clarification of Capability Set per band	12.5.0	
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150382	375		Co-location between Band 42 and Band 43 in TS 37.141	12.6.0	12.7.0
03-2015	RP-67	RP-150388	382		MB and TDD+FDD	12.6.0	
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	392		Clarification of parameter P for emission requirements	12.7.0	
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150953	393		The applicability of TC4d and TC4e	12.7.0	
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150955	402		Some corrections related to RF bandwidth edge	12.7.0	
07-2015	RP-68	RP-150953	400	1	New capability set for excluding GSM/EDGE single-RAT operation	12.8.0	
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152157	042 2	1	Introduction of Band 67 to 37.141	13.0.0	
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152172	_ 042 7	-	Introduction of Band 66	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152171	042 8	-	Introduction of Band 65	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152173	042 9	-	Introduction of 1447-1467MHz Band into 37.141	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	043 2	-	BS Spec improvements: TS 37.141 Corrections	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	2 043 5	-	Multi-band test configuration clarification	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	043 8	-	Corrections on definition of f_offsetmax for BS operating in multiple bands or non-contiguous spectrum	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	044 4	-	Clarification on the transmitter intermodulation requirement in TS37.141	13.0.0	13.1.0
12-2015	RP-70	RP-152132	044 7	-	Correction of Unwanted Emission Mask (UEM) for MSR BS capable of multiband operation	13.0.0	13.1.0
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# History

Document history						
V13.1.0	January 2016	Publication				