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1 Scope

The present document establishes the minimum RF characteristics of NR, E-UTRA, UTRA, GSM/EDGE and NB-IoT Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS). Requirements for multi-RAT and single-RAT operation of MSR BS are covered in the present document. The requirements in the present document for E-UTRA, UTRA and NB-IoT single-RAT operation of MSR BS are also applicable to E-UTRA, UTRA and NB-IoT multi-carrier capable single-RAT BS. Requirements for GSM BS that are only single-RAT capable in all supported operating bands are not covered.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.104, Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (FDD)"
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.105. Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception (TDD)"
- [4] 3GPP TS 36.104, Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception"
- [5] 3GPP TS 45.005, Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group GSM/EDGE Radio Access Network; Radio transmission and reception"
- [6] ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-10, "Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain".
- [7] 3GPP TR 25.942, "Technical Report 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Networks; Radio Frequency (RF) system scenarios"
- [8] "Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)", Federal Communications Commission.
- [9] ITU-R Recommendation M.1545: "Measurement uncertainty as it applies to test limits for the terrestrial component of International Mobile Telecommunications-2000".
- [10] 3GPP TS 37.141, Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; NR, E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE; Multi-Standard Radio (MSR) Base Station (BS) conformance testing"
- [11] IEC 60721-3-3: "Classification of environmental conditions Part 3-3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities Stationary use at weather protected locations".
- [12] IEC 60721-3-4: "Classification of environmental conditions Part 3: Classification of groups of environmental parameters and their severities Section 4: Stationary use at non-weather protected locations".

- [13] ETSI EN 300 019-1-3, European Standard (Telecommunications series), "Environmental Engineering (EE); Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-3: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at weather protected locations" [14] ETSI EN 300 019-1-4, European Standard (Telecommunications series), "Environmental Engineering (EE): Environmental conditions and environmental tests for telecommunications equipment; Part 1-4: Classification of environmental conditions; Stationary use at non-weather protected locations". [15] CEPT ECC Decision (13)03, "The harmonised use of the frequency band 1452-1492 MHz for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks Supplemental Downlink (MFCN SDL)". [16] CEPT ECC Decision (17)06, "The harmonised use of the frequency bands 1427-1452 MHz and 1492-1518 MHz for Mobile/Fixed Communications Networks Supplemental Downlink (MFCN SDL)". [17] 3GPP TS 38.104, Technical Specification, "3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; NR; Base Station (BS) radio transmission and reception"
- [18] Void.
- [19] 3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone"

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

Band category: group of operating bands for which the same MSR scenarios apply

Base Station RF Bandwidth: bandwidth in which a base station transmits and/or receives single or multiple carrier(s) and/or RATs simultaneously within a supported operating band

NOTE: In single carrier operation, the Base Station RF Bandwidth is equal to the channel bandwidth.

Base Station RF Bandwidth edge: frequency of one of the edges of the Base Station RF Bandwidth

Carrier: modulated waveform conveying the NR, E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE physical channels

Carrier aggregation: aggregation of two or more NR or E-UTRA component carriers in order to support wider transmission bandwidths

Carrier aggregation band: set of one or more operating bands across which multiple E-UTRA carriers are aggregated with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE: Carrier aggregation band(s) for an E-UTRA BS is declared by the manufacturer according to the designations in Tables 5.5-2 to 5.5-4 of TS 36.104 [4]

Channel bandwidth: RF bandwidth supporting a single NR, E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE RF carrier with the transmission bandwidth configured in the uplink or downlink of a cell.

- NOTE: The channel bandwidth is measured in MHz and is used as a reference for transmitter and receiver RF requirements.
- NOTE: The term channel bandwidth is referred to as BS channel bandwidth in the NR specifications, since for NR the BS and UE may operate with differing bandwidths.

Contiguous carriers: set of two or more carriers configured in a spectrum block where there are no RF requirements based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation within the spectrum block.

Carrier power: power at the antenna connector in the channel bandwidth of the carrier averaged over at least one subframe for NR or E-UTRA, at least one slot for UTRA and the useful part of the burst for GSM/EDGE.

Configured carrier power: target maximum power for a specific carrier for the operating mode set in the base station

Contiguous spectrum: spectrum consisting of a contiguous block of spectrum with no sub-block gap(s).

Downlink operating band: part of the operating band designated for downlink.

Highest Carrier: carrier with the highest carrier centre frequency transmitted/received in the specified operating band(s).

Inter RF Bandwidth gap: frequency gap between two consecutive Base Station RF Bandwidths that are placed within two supported operating bands.

Inter-band carrier aggregation: carrier aggregation of NR or E-UTRA component carriers in different operating bands.

NOTE: Carriers aggregated in each band can be contiguous or non-contiguous.

Inter-band gap: The frequency gap between two supported consecutive operating bands.

Intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation: contiguous NR or E-UTRA carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Intra-band non-contiguous carrier aggregation: non-contiguous NR or E-UTRA carriers aggregated in the same operating band.

Lowest Carrier: carrier with the lowest carrier centre frequency transmitted/received in the specified operating band(s).

Lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge: frequency of the lower edge of the Base Station RF bandwidth, used as a frequency reference point for transmitter and receiver requirements.

Lower sub-block edge: frequency at the lower edge of one sub-block.

NOTE: It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

Maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth: maximum RF bandwidth supported by a BS within each supported operating band.

NOTE: The maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth for BS configured for contiguous and non-contiguous operation within each supported operating band is declared separately.

Maximum carrier output power: carrier power available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

Maximum RAT output power: sum of the power of all carriers of the same RAT available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

Maximum throughput: maximum achievable throughput for a reference measurement channel.

Maximum total output power: sum of the power of all carriers available at the antenna connector for a specified reference condition.

MB-MSR Base Station: MSR Base Station characterized by the ability of its transmitter and/or receiver to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different operating band (which is not a sub-band or superseding-band of another supported operating band) than the other carrier(s).

Measurement bandwidth: RF bandwidth in which an emission level is specified.

MSR Base station: base station characterized by the ability of its receiver and transmitter to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously in a declared Base Station RF Bandwidth, where at least one carrier is of a different RAT than the other carrier(s).

Multi-band transmitter: transmitter characterized by the ability to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different operating band (which is not a subband or superseding-band of another supported operating band) than the other carrier(s).

Multi-band receiver: receiver characterized by the ability to process two or more carriers in common active RF components simultaneously, where at least one carrier is configured at a different operating band (which is not a sub-band or superseding-band of another supported operating band) than the other carrier(s).

Non-contiguous spectrum: spectrum consisting of two or more sub-blocks separated by sub-block gap(s).

NB-IoT In-band operation: NB-IoT is operating in-band when it utilizes the resource block(s) within a normal E-UTRA carrier.

NB-IoT guard band operation: NB-IoT is operating in guard band when it utilizes the unused resource block(s) within a E-UTRA carrier's guard-band.

NB-IoT standalone operation: NB-IoT is operating standalone when it utilizes its own spectrum, for example the spectrum currently being used by GERAN systems as a replacement of one or more GSM carriers, as well as scattered spectrum for potential IoT deployment.

Occupied bandwidth: width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage $\beta/2$ of the total mean power of a given emission.

Operating band: frequency range in which NR, E-UTRA, UTRA or GSM/EDGE operates (paired or unpaired), that is defined with a specific set of technical requirements.

NOTE: The operating band(s) for a BS is declared by the manufacturer.

Radio Bandwidth: frequency difference between the upper edge of the highest used carrier and the lower edge of the lowest used carrier.

Rated total output power: The total power level that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector.

RRC filtered mean power: The mean power of a UTRA carrier as measured through a root raised cosine filter with roll-off factor α and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate of the radio access mode.

NOTE: The RRC filtered mean power of a perfectly modulated UTRA signal is 0.246 dB lower than the mean power of the same signal

Single-RAT operation: operation of a base station in an operating band with only one RAT configured in that operating band.

Sub-band: A sub-band of an operating band contains a part of the uplink and downlink frequency range of the operating band.

Sub-block: one contiguous allocated block of spectrum for use by the same base station.

NOTE: There may be multiple instances of sub-blocks within a Base Station RF Bandwidth.

Sub-block bandwidth: RF bandwidth of one sub-block.

Sub-block gap: frequency gap between two consecutive sub-blocks within a Base Station RF Bandwidth, where the RF requirements in the gap are based on co-existence for un-coordinated operation.

Superseding-band: A superseding-band of an operating band includes the whole of the uplink and downlink frequency range of the operating band.

Synchronized operation: operation of TDD in two different systems, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur.

Throughput: number of payload bits successfully received per second for a reference measurement channel in a specified reference condition.

Transmission bandwidth: RF bandwidth of an instantaneous E-UTRA or NR transmission from a UE or BS, measured in resource block units.

Transmitter ON period: time period during which the BS transmitter is transmitting data and/or reference symbols

Transmitter OFF period: time period during which the BS transmitter is not allowed to transmit

Transmitter transient period: time period during which the transmitter is changing from the OFF period to the ON period or vice versa

Unsynchronized operation: operation of TDD in two different systems, where the conditions for synchronized operation are not met.

Uplink operating band: part of the operating band designated for uplink.

Upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge: frequency of the upper edge of the Base Station RF Bandwidth, used as a frequency reference point for transmitter and receiver requirements

Upper sub-block edge: frequency at the upper edge of one sub-block.

NOTE: It is used as a frequency reference point for both transmitter and receiver requirements.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

β	Percentage of the mean transmitted power emitted outside the occupied bandwidth on the assigned
۲	channel
BW _{Channel}	Channel bandwidth (for E-UTRA and NR)
BW _{Config}	Transmission bandwidth configuration (for E-UTRA), where $BW_{Config} = N_{RB} \times 180 \text{ kHz}$ in the
6	uplink and $BW_{Config} = 15 \text{ kHz} + N_{RB} \text{ x } 180 \text{ kHz}$ in the downlink. Transmission bandwidth
	configuration (for NR), where $BW_{Config} = N_{RB} \times SCS \times 12$.
BW_{RF}	Base Station RF Bandwidth, where $BW_{RF} = F_{BW RF,high} - F_{BW RF,low}$
$BW_{RF,max}$	Maximum Base Station RF Bandwidth
DwPTS	Downlink part of the special subframe (for E-UTRA TDD operation)
f	Frequency
Δf	Separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of
	the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency
Δf_{max}	The largest value of Δf used for defining the requirement
Δf_{OBUE}	Maximum offset of the operating band unwanted emissions mask from the downlink operating
	band edge
Δf_{OOB}	Maximum offset of the out-of-band boundary from the uplink operating band edge
F _C	Carrier centre frequency
F _{filter}	Filter centre frequency
f_offset	Separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the
	measuring filter
f_offset _{max}	The maximum value of f_offset used for defining the requirement
$F_{block,high}$	Upper sub-block edge, where $F_{block,high} = F_{C,block,high} + F_{offset, RAT}$
$F_{block,low}$	Lower sub-block edge, where $F_{block,low} = F_{C,block,low} - F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{BW RF,high}	Upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, where $F_{BW RF,high} = F_{C,high} + F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{BW RF,low}	Lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, where $F_{BW RF,low} = F_{C,low} - F_{offset, RAT}$
F _{C band, high}	Center frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a band.
F _{C band, low}	Center frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a band.
F _{C,block, high}	Centre frequency of the highest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.
F _{C,block, low}	Centre frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier in a sub-block.
$F_{C,high}$	Centre frequency of the lawest transmitted/received carrier.
$F_{C,low}$	Centre frequency of the lowest transmitted/received carrier.
$F_{\text{offset, RAT}}$	Frequency offset from the centre frequency of the <i>highest</i> transmitted/received carrier to the <i>upper</i>
	Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, sub-block edge or Inter-RF Bandwidth edge, or from the centre frequency of the <i>lowest</i> transmitted/received to the <i>lower</i> Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, sub-
	block edge or Inter-RF Bandwidth edge for a specific RAT.
F_{DL_low}	The lowest frequency of the downlink operating band
F _{DL_low}	The highest frequency of the downlink operating band
$F_{UL_{low}}$	The lowest frequency of the uplink operating band
F _{UL_high}	The highest frequency of the uplink operating band
▲ UL_nigh	The inglicit requercy of the upmix operating ball

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$P_{EM,N}$	Declared emission level for channel N
P _{EM,B32,B75,B76,ind}	Declared emission level in Band 32, Band 75 and Band 76, ind=a, b, c
PEM,B32,ind	Declared emission level in Band 32, ind= d, e
P _{EM,B50,B74,B75,ind}	Declared emission level for Band 50, Band 74 and Band 75, ind=a,b
P _{max}	Maximum total output power
P _{max,RAT}	Maximum RAT output power
P _{max,c}	Maximum carrier output power
P _{Rated,c}	Rated carrier output power
PREFSENS	Reference Sensitivity power level
$\mathbf{W}_{\mathrm{gap}}$	Sub-block gap or Inter RF Bandwidth gap size

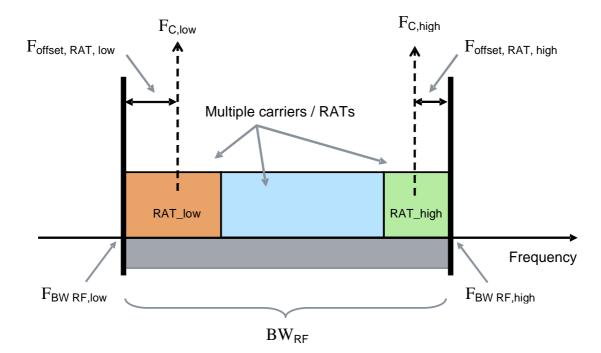


Figure 3.2-1: Illustration of Base Station RF Bandwidth related symbols and definitions for Multi-Standard Radio.

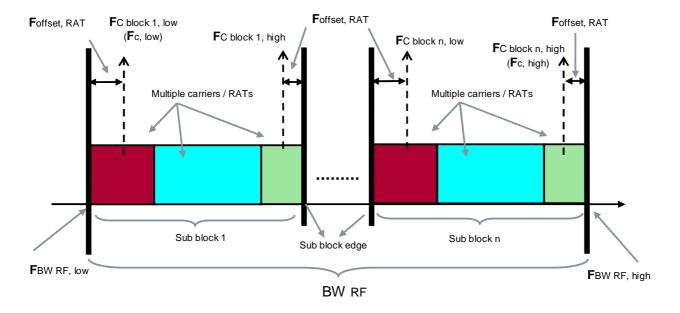


Figure 3.2-2: Illustration of Base Station RF Bandwidth related symbols and definitions for noncontiguous Multi-Standard Radio.

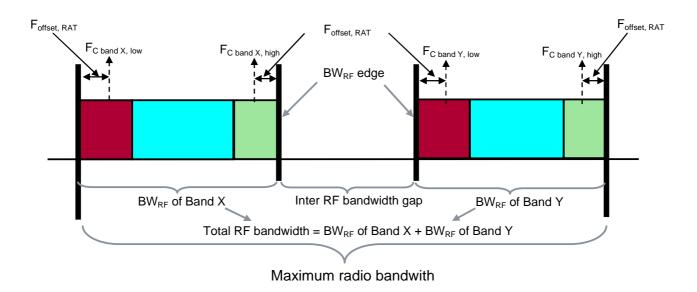


Figure 3.2-3: Illustration of Radio Bandwidth related symbols and definitions for Multi-band Multistandard Radio (Dual-band Base Station)

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in TR 21.905 [1].

ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity
ARFCN	Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
AWGN	Additive White Gaussian Noise
BC	Band Category
BER	Bit Error Ratio
BS	Base Station

BTS	Base Transceiver Station
CA	Carrier Aggregation
CACLR	Cumulative Adjacent Channel Leakage Ratio
СР	Cyclic prefix
CW	Continuous Wave
	Dual Band Dual Cell HSDPA
DC-HSDPA	Dual Cell HSDPA
DC-HSUPA	Dual Cell HSUPA
DTT	Digital Terrestrial Television
EARFCN	E-UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for GSM Evolution
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power
EVM	Error Vector Magnitude
FCC	Federal Communications Commission
FDD	Frequency Division Duplex
FR	Frequency Range
FRC	Fixed Reference Channel
GP	Guard Period (for E-UTRA TDD operation)
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSDPA	High Speed Downlink Packet Access
HSUPA	High Speed Uplink Packet Access
ICS	In-Channel Selectivity
ITU-R	Radiocommunication Sector of the ITU
LA	Local Area
LNA	Low Noise Amplifier
MB-MSR	Multi-Band Multi-Standard Radio
MFCN	Mobile/Fixed Communications Network
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
MR	Medium Range
MS	Mobile Station
MSR	Multi-Standard Radio
NB-IoT	Narrowband - Internet of Things
NR	New Radio
NR-ARFCN	NR Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
NRS	Narrowband Reference Signal
PA	Power Amplifier
PHS	Personal Handyphone System
QPSK	Quadrature Phase-Shift Keying
RAT	Radio Access Technology
RB	Resource Block (for E-UTRA and NR)
RF	Radio Frequency
RMS	Root Mean Square (value)
RS	Reference Symbol
RX	Receiver
SCS	Sub-Carrier Spacing
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio
TDD	Time Division Duplex
ТХ	Transmitter
UARFCN	UTRA Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number
UE	User Equipment
UEM	operating band Unwanted Emissions Mask
WA	Wide Area

4 General

4.1 Relation between the MSR specification and the single-RAT specifications

The requirements for MSR are in most parts specified in the present document, while many requirements are also specified through normative references to the respective single-RAT specifications in [2], [3], [4], [5] and [17]. The resulting set of requirements for an MSR BS can be divided into three types, depending on their relation to the single-RAT specifications:

- 1. Generic MSR requirement: A common generic requirement is specified in the present document that applies for all RATs and for BS configured for both multi-RAT and single-RAT operation. In some cases, there are additional requirement(s) that apply only in some Band Category. There are no references to the single-RAT specifications.
- 2. Generic MSR requirement, with additional single-RAT requirements: A common generic requirement is specified in the present document which applies as in point 1. In addition, some single RAT requirement(s) apply, included by normative reference(s) to the single-RAT specification(s).
- 3. **Single-RAT only requirements:** In this case, no common generic requirement is defined. The existing single-RAT requirement applies for each RAT, included by normative reference(s) to the single-RAT specification(s).

The applicability of each requirement is described in clause 5.

4.2 Relationship between minimum requirements and test requirements

The Minimum Requirements given in this specification make no allowance for measurement uncertainty. The test specification TS 37.141 [10] defines Test Tolerances. These Test Tolerances are individually calculated for each test. The Test Tolerances are used to relax the Minimum Requirements in this specification to create Test Requirements. For some requirements, including regulatory requirements, the test tolerance is set to zero.

For MSR single-RAT requirements, the principle used to define the test requirement remains from the existing specifications.

For both MSR single-RAT and multi-RAT requirements, the measurement results returned by the Test System are compared - without any modification - against the Test Requirements as defined by the shared risk principle. The Shared Risk principle is defined in ITU-R M.1545 [9].

4.3 Base station classes

The requirements in this specification apply to Wide Area Base Stations, Medium Range Base Stations and Local Area Base Stations unless otherwise stated.

Wide Area Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Macro Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 70 dB. The Wide Area Base Station class has the same requirements as the base station for General Purpose application in Release 9 and 10.

Medium Range Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Micro Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equals to 53 dB.

Local Area Base Stations are characterised by requirements derived from Pico Cell scenarios with a BS to UE minimum coupling loss equal to 45 dB.

For GSM/EDGE operation of an MSR BS, the requirements according to the applicable multicarrier BTS class apply. The Wide Area BS, Medium Range BS and Local Area BS in the present specification correspond to the Wide Area multicarrier BTS, Medium Range multicarrier BTS and Local Area multicarrier BTS respectively in the GSM/EDGE specifications. MSR requirements for multi-RAT operation only apply for the highest GSM/EDGE static power step.

4.4 Regional requirements

Some requirements in the present document may only apply in certain regions either as optional requirements, or set by local and regional regulation as mandatory requirements. It is normally not stated in the 3GPP specifications under what exact circumstances that the requirements apply, since this is defined by local or regional regulation.

Table 4.4-1 lists all requirements in the present specification that may be applied differently in different regions. There are additional single-RAT regional requirements that may apply. These are referenced from the present specification, but listed in the specification for the RATs concerned [2][3][4][5][17].

Clause number	Requirement	Comments
4.5	Operating bands and Band Categories	Some bands may be applied regionally.
6.2.2	Base station output power	These requirements apply in Japan for an E-UTRA BS operating in band 34 and Band 41.
6.6.1.1	Mandatory requirements (spurious emissions)	Category A limits are mandatory for regions where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [2] apply. Category B limits are mandatory for regions where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329 [2] apply.
6.6.1.3	Additional spurious emissions requirements	These requirements may be applied for the protection of system operating in frequency ranges other than the MSR BS operating band.
6.6.1.3	Additional spurious emissions requirements	In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.1.1, 6.6.1.2 and 6.6.1.3, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.
6.6.1.4	Co-location (spurious emissions)	These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when a BS operating in another frequency band is co-located with an MSR BS.
6.6.2.4.1	Additional requirement (Operating band unwanted emissions)	In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.1 and 6.6.2.2, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.
6.6.2.4.2	Unsynchronized operation for BC3 (Operating band unwanted emissions)	The requirements for unsynchronized TDD co-existence may apply regionally.
6.6.2.4.3	Protection of DTT (Operating band unwanted emissions)	The requirements for protection of DTT may apply regionally.
6.6.2.4.4	Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands (Operating band unwanted emissions)	This regional requirement may be applied for the protection of systems operating in frequency bands adjacent to band 1 as defined in clause 4.5, in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA and/or E-UTRA are deployed.
6.6.2.4.6	Additional requirements for band 41 (Operating band unwanted emissions)	These requirements may apply in certain regions as additional Operating band unwanted emission limits.
6.6.2.4.7	Additional band 32 unwanted emissions	These requirements may apply in certain regions
6.6.3	Occupied bandwidth	The requirement may be applied regionally. There may also be regional requirements to declare the Occupied bandwidth according to the definition.
6.7.4	Additional requirements	These requirements may apply in certain regions.
7.5.2	Co-location requirement (blocking)	These requirements may be applied for the protection of the BS receiver when a BS operating in another frequency band is co-located with an MSR BS.

Table 4.4-1:	List of	regional	l requirements

4.5 Operating bands and Band Categories

MSR requirements are applicable for band definitions and band numbering as defined in the specifications TS 45.005 [5], TS25.104 [2], TS 25.105 [3], TS 36.104 [4] and TS 38.104 [17]. For the purpose of defining the BS requirements, the operating bands are divided into three band categories as follows:

- Band Category 1 (BC1): Bands for NR FDD, E-UTRA FDD and/or UTRA FDD operation. Bands in this category are also used for NB-IoT operation (all modes)
- Band Category 2 (BC2): Bands for NR FDD, E-UTRA FDD, UTRA FDD and/or GSM/EDGE operation. Bands in this category are also used for NB-IoT operation (all modes)
- Band Category 3 (BC3): Bands for NR TDD, E-UTRA TDD and/or UTRA TDD operation. Bands in this category are also used for NB-IoT operation (all modes)

NOTE: For UTRA TDD, requirements in the present document cover the 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD option.

The paired and unpaired bands for the three Band Categories are shown in Table 4.5-1 and 4.5-2, together with the corresponding NR, E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE band designations. In the present specification, the operating band of an MSR Base Stations is designated using the E-UTRA band number according to the tables.

Table 4.5-1: Paired bands in NR, E-UTRA, UTRA and GSM/EDGE.

E-UTRA Band number nur 1 1 r 2 r 3 r 4 - 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) - 7 r 8 r 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 n 13 - 14 - 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 -	Band n1 n2 n3 n5 n7 n8 n12 n12 n12 n12 n12 n12 n12	Band number I II III IV V VI VII VII XI XII XII XVI -	Band designation PCS 1900 DCS 1800 - GSM 850 - - - - - - - - - - - - -		trans	S receive mit 1980 MHz 1910 MHz 1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 716 MHz 716 MHz 830 MHz		DL) I rece - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	BS transmit eive 2170 MHz 1990 MHz 2155 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 768 MHz 746 MHz	category 1 2 1 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Band number 1 r 2 r 3 r 4 r 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) 7 7 r 8 r 9 10 11 12 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n1 n2 n3 n5 n7 n8	I II IV V VI VI VII IX X X X X X X X X X	- PCS 1900 DCS 1800 - GSM 850 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1850 MHz 1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1910 MHz 1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 2570 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz	UÈ 2110 MHz 1930 MHz 1805 MHz 2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 2620 MHz 925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		2170 MHz 1990 MHz 1880 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
number 1 r 2 r 3 r 4 - 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) - 7 r 8 r 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 n 13 - 14 - 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 n	n2 n3 n5 n7 n8	II III IV V VI VII VII IX X X XI XII XI	PCS 1900 DCS 1800 - GSM 850 - - E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1850 MHz 1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1910 MHz 1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 2570 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz	2110 MHz 1930 MHz 1805 MHz 2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 2620 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2170 MHz 1990 MHz 1880 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1 r 2 r 3 r 4 - 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) - 7 r 8 r 9 - 10 - 11 - 12 n 13 - 14 - 15 - 16 - 17 - 18 - 19 - 20 n 21 -	n2 n3 n5 n7 n8	II III IV V VI VII VII IX X X XI XII XI	PCS 1900 DCS 1800 - GSM 850 - - E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1850 MHz 1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1910 MHz 1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 2570 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz	1930 MHz 1805 MHz 2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 2620 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1990 MHz 1880 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2 r 3 r 4 5 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) 7 7 r 8 r 9 10 11 12 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n2 n3 n5 n7 n8	II III IV V VI VII VII IX X X XI XII XI	PCS 1900 DCS 1800 - GSM 850 - - E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1850 MHz 1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1910 MHz 1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 2570 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz	1930 MHz 1805 MHz 2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 2620 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1990 MHz 1880 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3 r 4 5 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) 7 7 r 8 r 9 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n3 n5 n7 n8	III IV VI VI VII IX X X XI XII XII XIV XV XVI -	DCS 1800 - GSM 850	1710 MHz 1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz		1785 MHz 1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 2570 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz	1805 MHz 2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 2620 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1880 MHz 2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 2690 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 4)
4 5 r 6 (NOTE 1) 7 r 7 r 7 8 r 9 10 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n5 n7 n8	IV VI VII VII IX X X XI XII XII XIV XV XVI -	- GSM 850 - - E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1710 MHz 824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz		1755 MHz 849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	2110 MHz 869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - -	2155 MHz 894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
5 r 6 (NOTE 1) 7 r 7 r r 8 r 9 10 1 1 11 1 1 12 n 1 13 1 4 15 1 6 17 1 1 18 19 20 n 21 2 1 1 1	n7 n8	V VI VII IX X X XI XII XII XIV XV XVI -	- E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	824 MHz 830 MHz 2500 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz		849 MHz 840 MHz 2570 MHz 915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	869 MHz 875 MHz 2620 MHz 925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - - - - -	894MHz 885 MHz 2690 MHz 960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
6 (NOTE 1) 7 r 8 r 9 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n7 n8	VI VII IX X X XI XII XII XIV XV XVI -	- E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	830 MHz 2500 MHz 880 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - - - -	840 MHz 2570 MHz 915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 798 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	875 MHz 2620 MHz 925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	- - - - - - - -	885 MHz 2690 MHz 960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 (NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4)
(NOTE 1) 7 r 8 r 9 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n8	VII VIII IX X X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2500 MHz 880 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - -	2570 MHz 915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 798 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	2620 MHz 925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 2110 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		2690 MHz 960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	(NOTE 1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
1) 7 r 8 r 9 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n8	VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	880 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - -	915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1) 1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
7 r 8 r 9 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 21	n8	VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	880 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - -	915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 (NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4)
8 r 9 10 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21 10	n8	VIII IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	E-GSM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	880 MHz 1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	- - - - - -	915 MHz 1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	925 MHz 1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		960 MHz 1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	(NOTE 3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4)
9 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	- - - - - - - - - -	1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	3) 2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
9 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	- - - - - - - - - -	1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	2 1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
9 10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		IX X XI XII XIII XIV XV XVI -	- - - - - - - - - -	1749.9 MHz 1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1784.9 MHz 1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1844.9 MHz 2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1879.9 MHz 2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 (NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
10 11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n12	X XI XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	1710 MHz 1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1770 MHz 1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	2110 MHz 1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	2170 MHz 1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	(NOTE 3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n12	XI XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	3) 1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n12	XI XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 (NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
11 12 n 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21	n12	XI XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	1427.9 MHz 699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	1447.9 MHz 716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	1475.9 MHz 729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	1495.9 MHz 746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	(NOTE 3) 1 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
12 n 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21	n12	XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	3) 1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
12 n 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21	n12	XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
12 n 13 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21 21	n12	XII XIII XIV XV XV XVI -	- - - - -	699 MHz 777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	716 MHz 787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	729 MHz 746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	746 MHz 756 MHz 768 MHz	1 1 1 (NOTE 4)
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		XIII XIV XV XVI -	- - - -	777 MHz 788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	787 MHz 798 MHz 716 MHz	746 MHz 758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz	-	756 MHz 768 MHz	1 1 (NOTE <i>4</i>)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		XIV XV XVI -		788 MHz Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	798 MHz 716 MHz	758 MHz Reserved Reserved 734 MHz		768 MHz	1 (NOTE <i>4</i>)
15 16 17 18 19 20 n 21		XV XVI -		Reserved Reserved 704 MHz	-	716 MHz	Reserved Reserved 734 MHz			1 (NOTE <i>4</i>)
16 17 18 19 20 n 21		XVI -	-	Reserved 704 MHz			Reserved 734 MHz	-	746 MHz	(NOTE <i>4</i>)
17 18 19 20 n 21		-	-	704 MHz			734 MHz	-	746 MHz	(NOTE <i>4</i>)
18 19 20 n 21									740 10112	(NOTE <i>4</i>)
19 20 n 21		-	-	815 MHz	_	820 MU-	960 MIL-			4)
19 20 n 21		-	-	815 MHz	_	020 MU-				
19 20 n 21				01010112				_	875 MHz	1
20 n 21				1		000 11112	000 11112		070 10112	(NOTE
20 n 21										4)
20 n 21		XIX	-	830 MHz	_	845 MHz	875 MHz	_	890 MHz	1
21	n20	XX	-	832 MHz	_	862 MHz	791 MHz	_	821 MHz	1
	-	XXI	-	1447.9 MHz	_	1462.9 MHz	1495.9 MHz	_	1510.9 MHz	1
		XXII	-	3410 MHz	_	3490 MHz	3510 MHz	_	3590 MHz	1
										(NOTE
· ·										` 3)
23 ⁸		-	-	2000 MHz	_	2020 MHz	2180 MHz	_	2200 MHz	1
										(NOTE
										2)
24		-	-	1626.5 MHz	_	1660.5 MHz	1525 MHz	_	1559 MHz	1
										(NOTE
										2)
	n25	XXV	-	1850 MHz	-	1915 MHz	1930 MHz	_	1995 MHz	1
26		XXVI	-	814 MHz	-	849 MHz	859 MHz	_	894 MHz	1
27		-	-	807 MHz	-	824 MHz	852 MHz	_	869 MHz	1
										(NOTE
										2)
28 n	n28	-	-	703 MHz	-	748 MHz	758 MHz	_	803 MHz	
										(NOTE
	ł				N1/A				700 1411	4)
29		-	-		N/A		717 MHz	-	728 MHz	
										(NOTE
										2, NOTE
20				2205 141-		224 E MUL-	2250 MIL-		2260 MU-	5)
30		-	-	2305 MHz	-	2315 MHz	2350 MHz	-	2360 MHz	1 (NOTE
31		-	-	452.5 MHz	_	457.5 MHz	462.5 MHz	_	467.5 MHz	2)
31		-	-	402.0 IVIEZ	_	457.3 IVIEZ	402.3 IVIEZ	_	407.0 IVI⊓Z	(NOTE
	1									4)

20

32 (NOTE		XXXII (NOTE	-		N/A		1452 MHz	_	1496 MHz	1 (NOTE
5)		6)				5	L .			3)
64						Rese				
65		-	-	1920 MHz	-	2010 MHz	2110 MHz	_	2200 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
66 (NOTE <i>7</i>)	n66	-	-	1710 MHz	-	1780 MHz	2110 MHz	-	2200 MHz	2) 1 (NOTE 4)
67 (NOTE 5)		-	-		N/A		738 MHz	-	758 MHz	4) 1 (NOTE 2)
68		-	-	698 MHz	-	728 MHz	753 MHz	-	783 MHz	2) 1 (NOTE 2)
69		-	-		N/A		2570 MHz	-	2620 MHz	1 (NOTE 2, NOTE 5)
70 (NOTE 9)	n70	-	-	1695 MHz	-	1710 MHz	1995 MHz	-	2020 MHz	1 (NOTE
9) 71	n71	-	-	663 MHz	-	698 MHz	617 MHz	-	652 MHz	4) 1 (NOTE 4)
72		-	-	451 MHz	-	456 MHz	461 MHz	_	466 MHz	4) 1 (NOTE 4)
73		-	-	450 MHz	_	455 MHz	460 MHz	-	465 MHz	1 (NOTE 4)
74	n74	-	-	1427 MHz	-	1470 MHz	1475 MHz	-	1518 MHz	1 (NOTE 4)
75 (NOTE <i>5</i>)	n75	-	-		N/A		1432 MHz	_	1517 MHz	1 (NOTE 2) 1
76 (NOTE <i>5</i>)	n76	-	-		N/A		1427 MHz	_	1432 MHz	1 (NOTE 2)
<u>5)</u> 85		-	-	698 MHz	-	716 MHz	728 MHz	-	746 MHz	1 (NOTE 4)
NOTE 2: NOTE 3: NOTE 4:	The ban The ban The ban Restricte paired w	d is for NR d is for NR ed to NR a	RA only. JTRA and/or NI , E-UTRA and/ , E-UTRA and/ nd/or E-UTRA on nk operating ba	or UTRA only. or NB-IoT only operation wher	n carrier					ing band is
NOTE 6:	Restricte down lin	ed to UTR/	A operation whe (ies) of this bar ation.							
NOTE 7:	In E-UTI aggrega		on, the range 2 figured.	180-2200 MHz	of the l	DL operating b	and is restricte	ed to (operation whe	n carrier
	In E-UTI aggrega	RA operati tion is con perating b	figured and TX- and is restricted	RX separation	is 300	MHz. In E-UTI	RA operation, t	the ra	nge 2005-202	0 MHz of

UTRA FDD can operate with DB-DC-HSDPA for the band configurations listed in subclause 5.2 c) of TS 25.104 [2].

NOTE: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the supported operating bands may belong to different Band Categories.

MSR and E-UTRA Band	NR Band number	UTRA Band number	Uplink (UL) B UE tran		Downlink (D UE r	DL) BS receiv		Band category
number								
33		a)	1900 MHz –	1920 MHz	1900 MHz		1920 MHz	3
34	n34	a)	2010 MHz –	2025 MHz	2010 MHz		2025 MHz	3
35		b)	1850 MHz –	1910 MHz	1850 MHz		1910 MHz	3
36		b)	1930 MHz –	1990 MHz	1930 MHz	_ ^	1990 MHz	3
37		c)	1910 MHz –	1930 MHz	1910 MHz	- 1	1930 MHz	3
38	n38	d)	2570 MHz –	2620 MHz	2570 MHz	- 2	2620 MHz	3
39	n39	f)	1880 MHz –	1920 MHz	1880 MHz	- `	1920 MHz	3
40	n40	e)	2300 MHz –	2400 MHz	2300 MHz	- 2	2400 MHz	3
41	n41	-	2496 MHz –	2690 MHz	2496 MHz	- 2	2690 MHz	3
								(NOTE 1)
42		-	3400 MHz –	3600 MHz	3400 MHz	- 3	3600 MHz	3
43		-	3600 MHz –	3800 MHz	3600 MHz	- 3	3800 MHz	3
44		-	703 MHz –	803 MHz	703 MHz	- 8	803 MHz	3
45		-	1447 MHz –	1467 MHz	1447 MHz	-	1467 MHz	3
48		-	3550 MHz –	3700 MHz	3550 MHz	- 3	3700 MHz	3
50	n50	-	1432 MHz -	1517 MHz	1432 MHz	- 1	1517 MHz	3
51	n51	-	1427 MHz -	1432 MHz	1427 MHz	- 1	1432 MHz	3
52		-	3300 MHz –	3400 MHz	3300 MHz	- (3400 MHz	3
77	n77	-	3300 MHz -	4200 MHz	3300 MHz	- 4	4200 MHz	3
								(NOTE 2)
78	n78	-	3300 MHz -	3800 MHz	3300 MHz	- (3800 MHz	3
								(NOTE 2)
NOTE 1: Th	he band sup	ports NB-Io7	in certain regions		•			
	ne band is fo		-					

Table 4.5-2: Unpaired bands in NR, E-UTRA and UTRA.

E-UTRA is designed to operate for the carrier aggregation bands defined in Tables 5.5-2, 5.5-3 and 5.5.4 of TS 36.104 [4]. The E-UTRA channel bandwidth BW_{Channel} for a single carrier and the Aggregated Channel Bandwidth BW_{Channel_CA} for E-UTRA carrier aggregation are specified in Clause 5.6 of TS 36.104 [4].

The NB-IoT channel bandwidth BW_{Channel} is specified in Clause 5.6 of TS 36.104 [4].

The NR BS channel bandwidth and PRB utilization is specified in Clause 5.3 of TS 38.104 [17].

4.5.1 Band category 1 aspects (BC1)

For each BC1 band, BC1 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset $F_{offset, RAT}$ from the Lowest and Highest Carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.5.1-1.

RAT	Foffset, RAT
1.4, 3 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2 + 200 kHz
5, 10, 15, 20 MHz E-UTRA and NR	BW _{Channel} /2
UTRA FDD	2.5 MHz
Standalone NB-IoT	200 kHz

Table / 5 1-1.	Efor	Band	Catogory 1
Table 4.5.1-1:	Foffset, RAT IOI	Danu	Category I

4.5.2 Band category 2 aspects (BC2)

For each BC2 band, BC2 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset $F_{offset, RAT}$ from the Lowest and Highest Carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.5.2-1.

RAT	Foffset, RAT
E-UTRA and NR	BW _{Channel} /2
UTRA FDD	2.5 MHz
GSM/EDGE	200 kHz
Standalone NB-IoT	200 kHz

 Table 4.5.2-1:
 Foffset, RAT for Band Category 2

4.5.3 Band category 3 aspects (BC3)

For each BC3 band, BC3 requirements for receiver and transmitter shall apply with a frequency offset $F_{offset, RAT}$ from the Lowest and Highest Carriers to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and sub-block edges (if any) as defined in Table 4.5.3-1.

Table 4.5.3-1: Foffset, RAT	for Band Catego	ry 3
-----------------------------	-----------------	------

RAT	Foffset, RAT
1.4, 3 MHz E-UTRA	BW _{Channel} /2 + 200 kHz
5, 10, 15, 20 MHz E-UTRA and NR	BW _{Channel} /2
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1 MHz
Standalone NB-IoT	200 kHz

4.6 Channel arrangement

4.6.1 Channel spacing

The GSM/EDGE carrier spacing is 200 kHz [5].

The nominal UTRA FDD channel spacing is 5 MHz. The nominal channel spacing is 1.6MHz for the 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD Option. These can be adjusted to optimise performance in a particular deployment scenario [2,3].

In E-UTRA the spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent E-UTRA carriers is defined as following:

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario [4].

The standalone NB-IoT carrier spacing is 200kHz.

In NR the spacing between carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the *BS channel bandwidths*. The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent NR carriers is defined as following:

- For NR FR1 operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2$

- For NR FR1 operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)})/2 + \{-5kHz, 0kHz, 5kHz\}$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the *BS channel bandwidths* of the two respective NR carriers. The channel spacing can be adjusted depending on the channel raster to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario [17].

The spacing between E-UTRA and NR carriers will depend on the deployment scenario, the size of the frequency block available and the channel bandwidths. The nominal channel spacing between and E-UTRA carrier and an adjacent NR carrier is defined as following:

- For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{E-UTRA_Channel} + BW_{NR_Channel})/2$

- For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster,

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{E-UTRA_Channel} + BW_{NR_Channel})/2 + \{-5kHz, 0kHz, 5kHz\}$ for ΔF_{Raster} equals to 15 kHz

Nominal Channel spacing = $(BW_{E-UTRA_Channel} + BW_{NR_Channel})/2 + \{-10 \text{ kHz}, 0 \text{ kHz}, 10 \text{ kHz}\}$ for ΔF_{Raster} equals to 30 kHz

where $BW_{E-UTRA_Channel}$ and $BW_{NR_Channel}$ are the channel bandwidths of the E-UTRA and NR carriers, ΔF_{Raster} is the band dependent channel raster granularity defined in TS38.101-1[19]. The channel spacing can be adjusted depending on the channel raster to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

4.6.1A CA Channel spacing

In E-UTRA for contiguously aggregated carriers the channel spacing between adjacent component carriers shall be multiple of 300 kHz.

The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent aggregated E-UTRA carriers is defined as follows:

Nominal channel spacing=
$$\frac{BW_{Channel(1)} + BW_{Channel(2)} - 0.1|BW_{Channel(1)} - BW_{Channel(2)}|}{0.6} = 0.3$$

where $BW_{Channel(1)}$ and $BW_{Channel(2)}$ are the channel bandwidths of the two respective E-UTRA component carriers according to Table 5.6-1 with values in MHz. The channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of 300 kHz less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

In NR for intra-band contiguously aggregated carriers, the channel spacing between adjacent component carriers shall be multiple of least common multiple of channel raster and sub-carrier spacing.

The nominal channel spacing between two adjacent aggregated NR carriers is defined as follows:

For NR operating bands with 100 kHz channel raster:

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\frac{BW_{Channel (1)} + BW_{Channel (2)} - 2|GB_{Channel (1)} - GB_{Channel (2)}|}{0.6} = 0.3 \text{ [MHz]}$$

For NR operating bands with 15 kHz channel raster:

Nominal channel spacing =
$$\frac{BW_{Channel (1)} + BW_{Channel (2)} - 2|GB_{Channel (1)} - GB_{Channel (2)}|}{0.015 * 2^{n+1}} | 0.015 * 2^n [MHz]$$

with

 $n = \mu_0$

where BW_{Channel(1)} and BW_{Channel(2)} are the *BS channel bandwidths* of the two respective NR component carriers according to Table 5.3.3-1 and 5.3.3-2 in TS38.104 [17] with values in MHz, μ_0 the largest μ value among the subcarrier spacing configurations supported in the operating band for both of the channel bandwidths according to Table 5.3.5-1 and Table 5.3.5-2 in TS38.104 [17] and *GB*_{Channel(i)} the minimum guard band for channel bandwidth *i* according to Table 5.3.3-1 and Table 5.3.3-2 in TS38.104 [17] for the said μ value, with μ as defined in TS 38.211.

In NR the channel spacing for intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation can be adjusted to any multiple of least common multiple of channel raster and sub-carrier spacing less than the nominal channel spacing to optimize performance in a particular deployment scenario.

4.6.2 Channel raster

The GSM/EDGE channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands [5].

The UTRA FDD and TDD channel raster is 200 kHz for all bands, which means that the centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 200 kHz. In addition, a number of additional centre frequencies are specified for UTRA FDD according to [2], which means that the centre frequencies for UTRA FDD channels are shifted 100 kHz relative to the general raster.

The E-UTRA channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands, which means that the carrier centre frequency must be an integer multiple of 100 kHz [4].

NB-IoT channel raster is 100 kHz for all bands [4].

NR channel raster is specified in Clause 5.4.2 of TS 38.104 [17].

4.6.3 Carrier frequencies and numbering

The carrier frequencies and corresponding numbering is defined for each RAT in the respective specifications TS 38.104 [17], 36.104 [4] TS25.104 [2], TS 25.105 [3] and TS 45.005 [5]. In the context of MSR, the frequency numbering scheme for each RAT will remain.

- The E-UTRA carrier frequency numbering (EARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.7 of TS 36.104 [4].
- The UTRA FDD carrier frequency numbering (UARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.4 of TS 25.104 [2].
- The UTRA TDD carrier frequency numbering (UARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.4 of TS 25.105 [3].
- The GSM/EDGE carrier frequency numbering (ARFCN) is defined subclause 2 of TS 45.005 [5].
- The NB-IoT carrier frequency numbering (EARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.7 of TS 36.104 [4].
- The NR carrier frequency numbering (NR-ARFCN) is defined in subclause 5.4.2.3 of TS 38.104 [17].

NOTE: The numbering schemes for UTRA FDD and TDD are not coordinated, while both are called UARFCN.

4.7 Requirements for contiguous and non-contiguous spectrum

A spectrum allocation where an MSR BS operates can either be contiguous or non-contiguous. Unless otherwise stated, the requirements in the present specification apply for BS configured for both contiguous spectrum operation and non-contiguous spectrum operation.

For MSR BS operation in non-contiguous spectrum, some requirements apply both at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and inside the sub-block gaps. For each such requirement, it is stated how the limits apply relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges and the sub-block edges respectively.

4.8 Requirements for BS capable of multi-band operation

For BS capable of multi-band operation (for NR this refers to BS type 1-C with a multi-band antenna connector), the RF requirements in clause 6 and 7 apply for each supported operating band unless otherwise stated. For some requirements it is explicitly stated that specific additions or exclusions to the requirement apply for BS capable of multi-band operation. In the case of multiband operation of a BS, single-RAT operation and the corresponding applicability of the requirements for each operating band is determined based on the RAT configuration within only that operating band, unless otherwise stated. A BS may operate multi-RAT where the individual RATs are operated in different RAT specific bands that partially or fully overlap; Δf_{OBUE} and Δf_{OOB} are according to the combined frequency range occupied by the overlapping bands.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, various structures in terms of combinations of different transmitter and receiver implementations (multi-band or single band) with mapping of transceivers to one or more antenna port(s) in different ways are possible. In the case where multiple bands are mapped on an antenna connector, the exclusions or provisions for multi-band capable BS are applicable to this antenna connector. In the case where a single band is mapped on an antenna connector, the following applies:

- Single-band transmitter spurious emissions, operating band unwanted emissions, ACLR, transmitter intermodulation and receiver spurious emissions requirements apply to this antenna connector that is mapped to single-band.
- If the BS is configured for single-band operation, single-band requirements shall apply to this antenna connector configured for single-band operation and no exclusions or provisions for multi-band capable BS are applicable. Single-band requirements are tested separately at the antenna connector configured for single-band operation, with all other antenna connectors terminated.

For a band supported by a Base Station where the transmitted carriers are not processed in active RF components together with carriers in any other band, single-band transmitter requirements shall apply. For a band supported by a Base Station where the received carriers are not processed in active RF components together with carriers in any other band, single-band receiver requirements shall apply.

For a BS capable of multi-band operation supporting BC3 bands for TDD, the RF requirements in the present specification assume synchronized operation, where no simultaneous uplink and downlink occur between the bands.

The RF requirements in the present specification are FFS for multi-band operation supporting bands for both FDD and TDD.

5 Applicability of requirements

5.1 Band category 1

For all BS operating in bands belonging to Band Category 1, the RF requirements listed in Table 5.1-1 apply for each supported operating band. Requirements apply according to the RAT configuration of the Base Station, as listed in the heading of the table. Some requirements listed in the table may not be mandatory or they may apply only regionally. This is further specified in the clause of each requirement and in Table 4.4-1. For multiband operation, the applicability of the requirements for each operating band is determined based on the RAT configuration within only that operating band, unless otherwise stated.

Table 5.1-1: Applicability of requirements for MSR BS operation in Band Category 1

RF requirement	BS	BS	BS	BS	BS
	configured for multi-RAT operation in the band	configured for single- RAT E-UTRA FDD operation in the band	configured for single- RAT UTRA FDD operation in the band	configured for single- RAT NB-loT FDD standalone operation in the band	configured for single- RAT NR operation in the band
Base station output power	6.2.1	6.2.1	6.2.1	6.2.1	6.2.1
	6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.4A 6.2.6	6.2.3	6.2.4 6.2.4A	6.2.6	
Output power dynamics	6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.5 6.3.6	6.3.1	6.3.2	6.3.5	6.3.6
Transmitted signal quality			1		
Modulation quality	6.5.1.1 6.5.1.2 6.5.1.5 6.5.1.6	6.5.1.1	6.5.1.2	6.5.1.5	6.5.1.6
Frequency error	6.5.2.1 6.5.2.2 6.5.2.5 6.5.2.6	6.5.2.1	6.5.2.2	6.5.2.5	6.5.2.6
Time alignment error	6.5.3.1 6.5.3.2 6.5.3.4 6.5.3.5	6.5.3.1	6.5.3.2	6.5.3.4	6.5.3.5
Unwanted emissions					
Transmitter spurious emissions	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)
Operating band unwanted	6.6.2.1	6.6.2.1	6.6.2.1	6.6.2.1	6.6.2.1
emissions	6.6.2.4	6.6.2.4	6.6.2.4	6.6.2.4	6.6.2.4
Occupied bandwidth ACLR	6.6.3 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 6.6.4.5 6.6.4.6	6.6.3 6.6.4.1	6.6.3 6.6.4.2	6.6.3 6.6.4.5	6.6.3 6.6.4.6
Cumulative ACLR	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 3)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 3)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 3)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 3)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 3)
Transmitter intermodulation	6.7.1 6.7.2 (NOTE 2)	6.7.1 6.7.2 (NOTE 2)	6.7.1 6.7.2 (NOTE 2)	6.7.1 6.7.2 (NOTE 2)	6.7.1 6.7.2 (NOTE 2)
Reference sensitivity level	7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.5 7.2.6	<u>2)</u> 7.2.1	2) 7.2.2	2) 7.2.5	7.2.6
Dynamic range	7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.5 7.3.6	7.3.1	7.3.2	7.3.5	7.3.6
In-band selectivity and blocking		1		1	
Blocking	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1
Narrowband blocking Out-of-band blocking	7.4.2 7.5	7.4.2 7.5	7.4.2 7.5	7.4.2 7.5	7.4.2 7.5
Receiver spurious emissions Receiver intermodulation	7.5	7.6.1	7.5	7.5	7.5
Intermodulation	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1
Narrowband intermodulation	7.7.2	7.7.2	7.7.2	7.7.2	7.7.2
In-channel selectivity	7.8	7.8	-	7.8	7.8.2
Performance requirements	8.1 8.2 8.5	8.1	8.2	TBD	8.5

NOTE 1: For some requirements in BS configured for multi-RAT operation, there is no general MSR multi-RAT requirement. Instead, the requirement is defined by the respective single-RAT requirement for each RAT supported by the BS as referenced in the table.
 NOTE 2: The requirement in sub-clause 6.7.2 is only applied for BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum.
 NOTE 3: The requirement in sub-clause 6.6.4.4 is only applied for BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum.

5.2 Band category 2

For all BS operating in bands belonging to Band Category 2, the RF requirements listed in Table 5.2-1 apply for each supported operating band. Requirements apply according to the RAT configuration of the Base Station, as listed in the heading of the table. Some requirements listed in the table may not be mandatory or they may apply only regionally. This is further specified in the clause of each requirement and in Table 4.4-1. For multiband operation, the applicability of the requirements for each operating band is determined based on the RAT configuration within only that operating band, unless otherwise stated.

Table 5.2-1: Applicability of requirements for MSR BS operation in Band Category 2

RF requirement	BS configured for multi- RAT operation not including GSM/EDGE in the band	BS configured for multi- RAT operation including GSM/EDGE in the band	BS configured for single- RAT E-UTRA FDD operation in the band	BS configured for single- RAT UTRA FDD operation in the band	BS configured for single- RAT GSM/EDGE operation in the band	BS configured for single- RAT NB- IoT FDD standalone operation in the band	BS configured for single- RAT NR operation in the band
Base station output power	6.2.1 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.4A 6.2.6	6.2.1 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.4A 6.2.6	6.2.1 6.2.3	6.2.1 6.2.4 6.2.4A	6.2.1	6.2.1 6.2.6	6.2.1
Output power dynamics	6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.5 6.3.6	6.3.1 6.3.2 6.3.4 6.3.5 6.3.6	6.3.1	6.3.2	6.3.4	6.3.5	6.3.6
Transmit ON/OFF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
power Transmitted signal quality		<u> </u>	1	1	1	1	
Modulation quality	6.5.1.1 6.5.1.2 6.5.1.5 6.5.1.6	6.5.1.1 6.5.1.2 6.5.1.4 6.5.1.5 6.5.1.6	6.5.1.1	6.5.1.2	6.5.1.4	6.5.1.5	6.5.1.6
Frequency error	6.5.2.1 6.5.2.2 6.5.2.5 6.5.2.6	6.5.2.1 6.5.2.2 6.5.2.4 6.5.2.5 6.5.2.6	6.5.2.1	6.5.2.2	6.5.2.4	6.5.2.5	6.5.2.6
Time alignment error	6.5.3.1 6.5.3.2 6.5.3.4 6.5.3.5	6.5.3.1 6.5.3.2 6.5.3.4 6.5.3.5	6.5.3.1	6.5.3.2	-	6.5.3.4	6.5.3.5
Unwanted emissions							
Transmitter spurious emissions	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (NOTE 3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (NOTE 3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)
Operating band unwanted emissions	6.6.2.2 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.2 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.2 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.2 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.3 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.2 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.2, 6.6.2.4
Occupied bandwidth	6.6.3	6.6.3	6.6.3	6.6.3	-	6.6.3	6.6.3
ACLR	6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 6.6.4.5 6.6.4.6	6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 6.6.4.5 6.6.4.6	6.6.4.1	6.6.4.2	-	6.6.4.5	6.6.4.6
Cumulative ACLR	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	-	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)
Transmitter intermodulation	6.7.1 6.7.2	6.7.1 6.7.2	6.7.1 6.7.2	6.7.1 6.7.2	6.7.2	6.7.1 6.7.2	6.7.1 6.7.2
Reference sensitivity level	7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.5 7.2.6	7.2.1 7.2.2 7.2.4 7.2.5 7.2.6	7.2.1	7.2.2	7.2.4	7.2.5	7.2.6
Dynamic range	7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.5 7.3.6	7.3.1 7.3.2 7.3.4 7.3.5 7.3.6	7.3.1	7.3.2	7.3.4	7.3.5	7.3.6
In-band selectivity and blocking							

Blocking	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1	7.4.1
Narrowband blocking	7.4.2	7.4.2 7.4.3	7.4.2	7.4.2	7.4.2 7.4.3 7.4.4	7.4.2	7.4.2
Out-of-band blocking	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5	7.5
Receiver spurious emissions	7.6.1	7.6.1 7.6.2 (NOTE 3)	7.6.1	7.6.1	7.6.1 7.6.2 (NOTE 3)	7.6.1	7.6.1
Receiver intermodulation							
Intermodulation	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1	7.7.1
Narrowband intermodulation	7.7.2	7.7.2 7.7.3	7.7.2	7.7.2	7.7.2 7.7.3	7.7.2	7.7.2
In-channel selectivity	7.8	7.8	7.8	-	-	7.8	7.8.2
Performance requirements	8.1 8.2 8.5	8.1 8.2 8.4 8.5	8.1	8.2	8.4	TBD	8.5
requireme supported	ent. Instead, th by the BS as	in BS configured ne requirement is referenced in th -clause 6.6.4.4 is	defined by the table.	ne respective s	single-RAT requi	rement for ea	ch RAT

NOTE 3: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the limits in subclause 6.6.1.1.3 and 7.6.2 are only applicable when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all operating bands.

5.3 Band category 3

For all BS operating in bands belonging to Band Category 3, the RF requirements listed in Table 5.3-1 apply for each supported operating band. Requirements apply according to the RAT configuration of the Base Station, as listed in the heading of the table. Some requirements listed in the table may not be mandatory or they may apply only regionally. This is further specified in the clause of each requirement and in Table 4.4-1.

Table 5.3-1: Applicability of requirements for MSR BS operation in Band Category 3

BS configured for multi-RAT operation	BS configured for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation	BS configured for single-RAT UTRA TDD operation	BS configured for single-RAT NR TDD operation	BS configured for single-RAT NB-loT standalone operation
6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.5	6.2.2 6.2.3	6.2.5		6.2.1 6.2.6
6.3.3	6.3.1	6.3.3	6.3.6	6.3.5
6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4
6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.6	6.5.1.1	6.5.1.3	6.5.1.6	6.5.1.5
6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3	6.5.2.1	6.5.2.3	6.5.2.6	6.5.2.5
6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3	6.5.3.1	6.5.3.3	6.5.3.5	6.5.3.4
6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and	6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3)
6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4	6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4
6.6.3	6.6.3	6.6.3	6.6.3	6.6.3
6.6.4.1 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.6	6.6.4.1	6.6.4.3	6.6.4.6	6.6.4.5
6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)	6.6.4.4 (NOTE 2)
6.7.1 6.7.3	6.7.1 6.7.3 6.7.4	6.7.1 6.7.3	6.7.1 6.7.3	6.7.1 6.7.3
7.2.1 7.2.3 7.2.6	7.2.1	7.2.3	7.2.6	7.2.5
7.3.1 7.3.3 7.3.6	7.3.1	7.3.3	7.3.6	7.3.5
7.4.4			7.4.4	7.4.4
7.4.5	7.4.5			7.4.1
7.5 7.6.1	7.5 7.6.1	7.5 7.6.1	7.5 7.6.1	7.5 7.6.1
	T	1		
7.7.1 7.7.2	7.7.1 7.7.2	7.7.1 7.7.2	7.7.1 7.7.2	7.7.1 7.7.2
7.8 8.1 8.3	7.8 8.1	- 8.3	7.8.2 8.5	7.8 TBD
	configured for multi-RAT operation 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.5 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.4 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.6 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.6 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.5 6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4 6.6.3 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.6 6.6.4.7 6.6.7.1 6.7.3 7.2.1 7.2.3 7.2.6 7.3.1 7.3.3 7.3.6 7.4.1 7.4.2 7.5 7.6.1 7.7.1 7.7.2 7.8 <td< td=""><td>configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.6 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 2) 2) 2) 6.7.1 6.7.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 7.4.1 7.2.1 7.2.1</td><td>configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT UTRA TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.2 6.2.5 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.3 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.6 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.6.1 6.6.2.4 6.6.1.2 6.6.1.2 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4 6.6.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4 6.6.4 6.7.1 6.7.1 6.7.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.4 6.7.3 6.7.3 6.7.1 6.7.1</td><td>configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT NR TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.6 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.6 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.5 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.5 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.5 6.6.1 (except for for 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.6 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.4.6 6.7.1</td></td<>	configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.6 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.1 (except for 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.4 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 2) 2) 2) 6.7.1 6.7.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.2 7.4.1 7.2.1 7.2.1	configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT UTRA TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.2 6.2.5 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.3 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.6 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.6.1 6.6.2.4 6.6.1.2 6.6.1.2 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.2.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4 6.6.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4 6.6.4 6.7.1 6.7.1 6.7.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.4 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.4 6.7.3 6.7.3 6.7.1 6.7.1	configured for multi-RAT operation for single-RAT E-UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT UTRA TDD operation for single-RAT NR TDD operation 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.1 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.3 6.2.1 6.3.1 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.3.3 6.3.1 6.3.3 6.3.6 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.4 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.1 6.5.1.3 6.5.1.6 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.3 6.5.2.6 6.5.2.1 6.5.2.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.5 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.5 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.1 6.5.3.3 6.5.3.5 6.6.1 (except for for 6.6.1.1.3 and 6.6.1.2) 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.2.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.1 6.6.4.3 6.6.4.6 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.3 6.6.4.6 6.7.1

Note 1: For some requirements in BS configured for multi-RAT operation, there is no general MSR multi-RAT requirement. Instead, the requirement is defined by the respective single-RAT requirement for each RAT supported by the BS as referenced in the table.
 NOTE 2: The requirement in sub-clause 6.6.4.4 is only applied for BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum.

5.4 Inclusion of requirements by reference

Many requirements in the present specification are not explicitly stated in the clauses listed in Tables 5.1-1, 5.2-1 and 5.3-1, but are instead included by reference to the respective single-RAT specifications. Each reference is normative and identifies the clause where the requirement is specified.

In some cases, the referenced clause may contain requirements that for different reasons do not apply for an MSR base station. It is in those cases stated that "applicable parts of" the referenced clause applies. What parts are applicable is determined by the scope of the MSR specification. For example:

- In a referenced clause including requirements for multiple operating bands, only requirements for bands listed in the present document apply.
- In a referenced clause that includes requirements for different types of base stations, only requirements for the BS classes specified for each RAT apply, see subclause 4.3.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless otherwise stated, the requirements in clause 6 are expressed for a single transmitter antenna connector. In case of multi-carrier transmission with multiple transmitter antenna connectors, transmit diversity, DB-DC-HSDPA or MIMO transmission, the requirements apply for each transmitter antenna connector.

A BS supporting DC-HSDPA and DB-DC-HSDPA transmits two UTRA FDD cells simultaneously. A BS supporting DC-HSDPA transmits two UTRA FDD cells simultaneously on adjacent carrier frequencies.

Unless otherwise stated, the transmitter characteristics are specified at the BS antenna connector (test port A) with a full complement of transceivers for the configuration in normal operating conditions. If any external apparatus such as a TX amplifier, a filter or the combination of such devices is used, requirements apply at the far end antenna connector (test port B).

Unless otherwise stated the requirements in subclause 6 applies at all times, i.e. during the Transmitter ON period, the Transmitter OFF period and the Transmitter transient period.

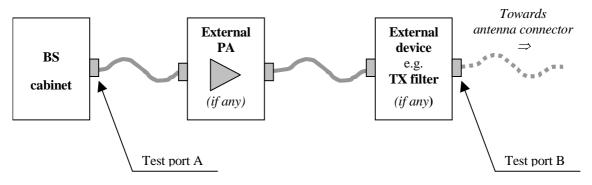


Figure 6.1-1: Transmitter test ports

Values for $F_{offset, RAT}$ to meet transmitter requirements are specific for each RAT in each Band Category as specified in subclause 4.5.1 for Band Category 1, subclause 4.5.2 for Band Category 2 and subclause 4.5.3 for Band Category 3.

Unless otherwise stated the requirements for NB-IoT in subclause 6 applies for all operation modes (In-band operation, Guard-band operation and Stand-alone operation).

6.2 Base station output power

Output power of the base station is the mean power delivered to a load with resistance equal to the nominal load impedance of the transmitter.

The configured carrier power is the target maximum power for a specific carrier for the operating mode set in the BS within the limits given by the manufacturer's declaration.

The maximum total output power, P_{max} , of the base station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period in a specified reference condition.

The maximum RAT output power, $P_{max,RAT}$, of the base station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period for a specific RAT in a specified reference condition.

The maximum carrier output power, $P_{max,c}$ of the base station is the mean power level measured at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period for a specific carrier in a specified reference condition.

The rated carrier output power, $P_{Rated,c}$, of the base station is the mean power level for a specific carrier that the manufacturer has declared to be available at the antenna connector during the transmitter ON period.

NOTE: For NB-IoT in-band and guard band operation, the LTE carrier and NB-IoT carrier shall be seen as a single carrier occupied LTE channel bandwidth, the output power over this carrier is shared between LTE and NB-IoT. This note is applied for Pout, Rated total output power, Pmax,c and Prated,c.

The rated carrier output power of the BS shall be as specified in Table 6.2-1.

Table 6.2-1 Base Station rated carrier output power

BS class		P _{Rated,c}		
W	ide Area BS	(note)		
Medium Range BS ≤+ 38 dBm				
Local Area BS ≤+ 24 dBm				
NOTE: There is no upper limit for the rated carrier output power of the Wide Area Base Station.				

In addition, for Band 85 NB-IoT standalone operation, the BS rated output power limit of 43 dBm applies over the NB-IoT carriers in the range 728-729 MHz of the DL operating band. The BS output power limit of 43 dBm shall be considered as shared among all NB-IoT carriers in the 728-729 MHz frequency range or as the maximum value per NB-IoT carrier in the case where only one NB-IoT carrier is deployed in 728-729 MHz frequency range.

6.2.1 Minimum requirement

In normal conditions, the maximum carrier output power shall remain within +2 dB and -2 dB of the configured carrier power declared by the manufacturer.

In extreme conditions, maximum carrier output power shall remain within +2.5 dB and -2.5 dB of the configured carrier power declared by the manufacturer.

The definition of the output power parameters declared by the manufacturer can be found in TS 37.141 [10].

In certain regions, the minimum requirement for normal conditions may apply also for some conditions outside the range of conditions defined as normal.

6.2.2 Additional requirement (regional)

For Band 34 operation in Japan, the rated E-UTRA output power declared by the manufacturer shall be less than or equal to the values specified in Table 6.2.2-1.

Table 6.2.2-1: Regional requirements for Band 34 for rated output power declared by the
manufacturer.

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Maximum output power [W]	N/A	N/A	20	40	60	N/A

For Band 41 operation in Japan, the rated output power per BS declared by the manufacturer shall be less than or equal to the values specified in Table 6.2.2-2.

 Table 6.2.2-2: Regional requirements for Band 41 for rated output power declared by the manufacturer.

Channel bandwidth BW _{Channel} [MHz]	1.4	3	5	10	15	20
Maximum output power [W]	N/A	N/A	N/A	20	N/A	40

6.2.3 E-UTRA minimum requirement for DL RS power

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for DL RS power is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.4.

6.2.4 UTRA FDD minimum requirement for primary CPICH power

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirements for primary CPICH power is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.4.4.

6.2.4A UTRA FDD minimum requirement for secondary CPICH power

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirements for secondary CPICH power is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.4.4A.

6.2.5 UTRA TDD minimum requirement for primary CCPCH power

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirements for Primary CCPCH power and Differential accuracy of primary CCPCH power specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.4.5 and 6.4.6 respectively.

6.2.6 NB-IoT minimum requirement for DL NRS power

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for DL NRS power is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.4.

6.3 Output power dynamics

Output power dynamics is defined by the BS transmitter's ability to operate at varying output power levels.

6.3.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.3.

6.3.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.4.

6.3.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.4.

6.3.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics is specified in TS 45.005[5], subclause 4.1.2-c. The minimum requirement for output level dynamic operation is specified in TS 45.005[5], subclause 4.5.1.

6.3.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.3.

6.3.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for output power dynamics (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 6.3.

6.4 Transmit ON/OFF power

The requirements in subclause 6.4 are only applied for BC3 BS.

6.4.1 Transmitter OFF power

For UTRA and E-UTRA, transmitter OFF power is defined as the mean power measured over 70 μ s filtered with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the Base Station RF Bandwidth(s) of the BS centred on the central frequency of the Base Station RF Bandwidth(s) during the transmitter OFF period.

In NR transmitter OFF power is defined as the mean power measured over 70/N us filtered with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the transmission bandwidth configuration of the BS (BW_{Config}) centred on the central frequency of the Base Station RF Bandwidth(s) during the transmitter OFF period. N = SCS/15, where SCS is Sub Carrier Spacing in kHz.

For BS supporting intra-band contiguous CA, the transmitter OFF power is defined as the mean power measured over 70/N us filtered with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the *Aggregated BS Channel Bandwidth* BW_{Channel_CA} centred on ($F_{edge,high}+F_{edge,low}$)/2 during the *transmitter OFF period*. N is equal to 1 if there are any UTRA or E-UTRA carriers, or for NR N = SCS/15, where SCS is the smallest supported Sub Carrier Spacing in kHz in the *Aggregated BS Channel Bandwidth*.

6.4.1.1 Minimum Requirement

The transmitter OFF power spectral density shall be less than -85 dBm/MHz.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement is only applicable during the transmitter OFF period in all supported operating bands.

6.4.2 Transmitter transient period

The transmitter transient period is the time period during which the transmitter is changing from the OFF period to the ON period or vice versa. The transmitter transient period is illustrated in Figure 6.4.2-1 and Figure 6.4.2-2.

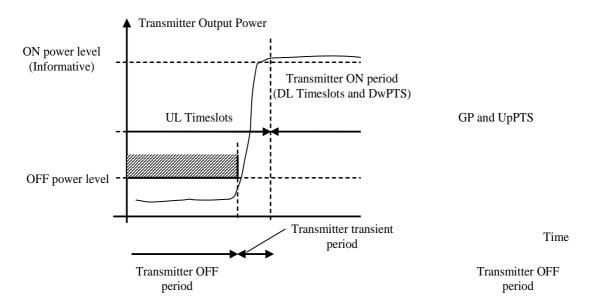


Figure 6.4.2-1: Illustration of the relations of transmitter ON period, transmitter OFF period and transmitter transient period (for E-UTRA/UTRA)

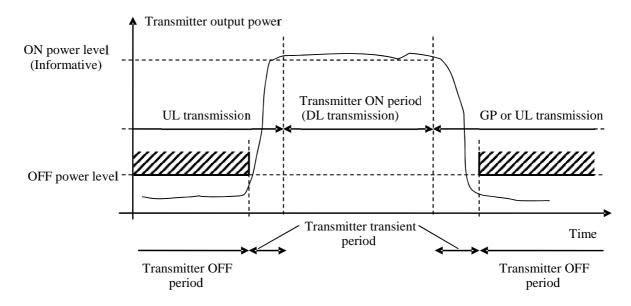


Figure 6.4.2-2: Illustration of the relations of transmitter ON period, transmitter OFF period and transmitter transient period (for NR)

6.4.2.1 Minimum requirements

The transmitter transient period shall be shorter than the values listed in Table 6.4.2.1-1 and Table 6.4.2.1-2.

Table 6.4.2.1-1: Minimum requirements for the transmitter transient period for a BS not supporting NR

Transition	Transient period length [μs]
OFF to ON	6.25
ON to OFF	17

Table 6.4.2.1-2: Minimum requirements for the transmitter transient period for a BS supporting NR and not supporting UTRA

Transition	Transient period length [μs]
OFF to ON	10
ON to OFF	10

6.5 Transmitted signal quality

6.5.1 Modulation quality

Modulation quality is defined by the difference between the measured carrier signal and a reference signal. Modulation quality can e.g. be expressed as Error Vector Magnitude (EVM), Peak Code Domain Error (PCDE) or Relative Code domain Error (RCDE).

6.5.1.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for modulation quality, EVM, is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.2.

6.5.1.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirements for modulation quality, EVM, PCDE and RCDE, are specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.8.2, 6.8.3 and 6.8.5 respectively. The UTRA transmit pulse shape filter is defined in subclause 6.8.1.

6.5.1.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirements for modulation quality, EVM, PCDE and RCDE, are specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.8.2, 6.8.3 and 6.8.4 respectively.

6.5.1.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirements for modulation accuracy are specified in TS 45.005 [5], subclause 4.6.

6.5.1.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for modulation quality, EVM, is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.2.

6.5.1.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for modulation quality, EVM (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 6.5.2.

6.5.2 Frequency error

Frequency error is a measure of the difference between the actual BS transmit frequency and the assigned frequency. The same source shall be used for RF frequency and data clock generation.

6.5.2.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for frequency error is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.1.

6.5.2.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for frequency error is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.3.1.

6.5.2.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for frequency error is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.3.1.

6.5.2.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirement for frequency error is specified in TS 45.005 [5], subclause 4.4.

6.5.2.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for frequency error is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.1.

6.5.2.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for frequency error (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 6.5.1.

6.5.3 Time alignment error

This requirement applies to frame timing in:

- UTRA single/multi-carrier transmissions, and their combinations with MIMO or TX diversity.
- E-UTRA single/multi-carrier transmissions, and their combinations with MIMO or TX diversity.
- NR single/multi-carrier transmissions, and their combinations with MIMO.
- E-UTRA Carrier Aggregation, with or without MIMO or TX diversity.
- NR Carrier Aggregation, with or without MIMO.
- NB-IoT transmissions with TX diversity.

Frames of the WCDMA/LTE/NR/NB-IoT signals present at the BS transmitter antenna connector(s) are not perfectly aligned in time. In relation to each other, the RF signals present at the BS transmitter antenna connector (s) experience certain timing differences.

For a specific set of signals/transmitter configuration/transmission mode, the Time Alignment Error (TAE) is defined as the largest timing difference between any two signals.

6.5.3.1 E-UTRA minimum Requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for time alignment is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.3.

6.5.3.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for time alignment is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.8.4.

6.5.3.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for time alignment is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.8.5.

6.5.3.4 NB-IoT minimum Requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for time alignment is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 6.5.3.

6.5.3.5 NR minimum Requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for time alignment (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 6.5.3.

6.6 Unwanted emissions

Unwanted emissions consist of out-of-band emissions and spurious emissions [6]. Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions.

The out-of-band emissions requirement for the BS transmitter is specified in terms of an Operating band unwanted emissions requirement that defines limits for emissions in each supported downlink operating band plus the frequency ranges Δf_{OBUE} above and Δf_{OBUE} below each band. Emissions outside of this frequency range are limited by a spurious emissions requirement. The values of Δf_{OBUE} are defined in table 6.6-1.

Operating band characteristics	Δfobue [MHz]
$F_{DL_{high}} - F_{DL_{low}} \le 200 \text{ MHz}$	10
$200 \text{ MHz} < F_{DL_high} - F_{DL_low} \le 900 \text{ MHz}$	40

There is in addition a requirement for occupied bandwidth and an ACLR requirement applicable for some RATs.

6.6.1 Transmitter spurious emissions

The transmitter spurious emission limits apply from 9 kHz to 12.75 GHz, excluding the frequency range from Δf_{OBUE} below the lowest frequency of the downlink operating band up to Δf_{OBUE} above the highest frequency of the downlink operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector, this exclusion applies for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the single-band requirements apply and the multi-band exclusions and provisions are not applicable.

Exceptions are the requirements in Table 6.6.1.3.1-2 and specifically stated exceptions in Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 that apply also closer than Δf_{OBUE} from the downlink operating band. For some operating bands the upper frequency limit is higher than 12.75 GHz.

The requirements shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered. It applies for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification. Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power (RMS).

6.6.1.1 Mandatory Requirements

The requirements of either subclause 6.6.1.1.1 (Category A limits) or subclause 6.6.1.1.2 (Category B limits) shall apply. In addition, for a BS operating in Band Category 2, the requirements of 6.6.1.1.3 shall apply in case of Category B limits when GSM/EDGE is configured.

6.6.1.1.1 Minimum requirement (Category A)

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.1.1-1

Table 6.6.1.1.1-1: BS Spurious emission limits, Category A

Frequency range	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note				
9kHz - 150kHz		1 kHz	Note 1				
150kHz - 30MHz		10 kHz	Note 1				
30MHz - 1GHz		100 kHz	Note 1				
1GHz - 12.75 GHz	-13 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2				
12.75 GHz – 5th harmonic		1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3				
of the upper frequency							
edge of the DL operating							
band in GHz							
	NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s4.1						
NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s2.5							
table 1							
	NOTE 3: This spurious frequency range applies only for <i>operating bands</i> for which the 5 th harmonic of						
the upper frequency edge of the DL operating band is reaching beyond 12.75 GHz.							

6.6.1.1.2 Minimum requirement (Category B)

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.1.2-1

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note			
9 kHz ↔ 150 kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Note 1			
150 kHz \leftrightarrow 30 MHz	-36 dBm	10 kHz	Note 1			
$30 \text{ MHz} \leftrightarrow 1 \text{ GHz}$	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Note 1			
1 GHz ↔ 12.75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2			
12.75 GHz \leftrightarrow 5 th harmonic of the	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Note 2, Note 3			
upper frequency edge of the DL operating band in GHz						
	NOTE 1: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s4.1					
NOTE 2: Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329 [2], s2.5 table 1						
NOTE 3: This spurious frequency range applies only for <i>operating bands</i> for which the 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the DL <i>operating band</i> is reaching beyond 12.75 GHz.						

6.6.1.1.3 Additional minimum requirement for BC2 (Category B)

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 when GSM/EDGE is configured, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.1.3-1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the limits in Table 6.6.1.1.3-1 are only applicable when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all bands.

Frequency range	Frequency offset from downlink operating band edge (Note1)	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth			
	10 – 20 MHz	-36 dBm	300 kHz			
500 MHz \leftrightarrow 1 GHz	20 – 30 MHz	-36 dBm	1 MHz			
	≥ 30 MHz	-36 dBm	3 MHz			
$1 \text{ GHz} \leftrightarrow 12.75 \text{ GHz}$	≥ 30 MHz	-30 dBm	3 MHz			
NOTE 1: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the frequency offset is relative to the closest operating band.						

Table 6.6.1.1.3-1: Additional BS Spurious emissions limits for BC2, Category B

6.6.1.2 Protection of the BS receiver of own or different BS

This requirement shall be applied for FDD operation in order to prevent the receivers of Base Stations being desensitised by emissions from the BS transmitter. It is measured at the transmit antenna port for any type of BS which has common or separate Tx/Rx antenna ports.

6.6.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits in Table 6.6.1.2.1-1 depending on the declared Base Station class and Band Category.

Table 6.6.1.2.1-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for protection of the BS receiver

BS-class	Band category	Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note	
Wide Area BS	BC1	FUL_low - FUL_high	-96 dBm	100 kHz		
Wide Area BS	BC2	FUL_low - FUL_high	-98 dBm	100 kHz		
Medium Range BS	BC1, BC2	FUL_low - FUL_high	-91 dBm	100 kHz		
Local Area BS BC1, BC2 F _{UL_low} – F _{UL_high} -88 dBm 100 kHz						
Note 1: For E-UTRA Band 28 BS operating in regions where Band 28 is only partially allocated for E-UTRA operations, this requirement only applies in the UL frequency range of the partial allocation.						

6.6.1.3 Additional spurious emissions requirements

These requirements may be applied for the protection of system operating in frequency ranges other than the BS downlink operating band. The limits may apply as an optional protection of such systems that are deployed in the same geographical area as the BS, or they may be set by local or regional regulation as a mandatory requirement for an operating band. It is in some cases not stated in the present document whether a requirement is mandatory or under what exact circumstances that a limit applies, since this is set by local or regional regulation. An overview of regional requirements in the present document is given in subclause 4.4.

Some requirements may apply for the protection of specific equipment (UE, MS and/or BS) or equipment operating in specific systems (GSM/EDGE, CDMA, UTRA, E-UTRA, NR, etc.) as listed below.

6.6.1.3.1 Minimum Requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 for a BS where requirements for coexistence with the system listed in the first column apply. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 apply for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multiband operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 apply for the operating band supported at that antenna connector.

Table 6.6.1.3.1-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for co-existence with systems operating in other frequency bands

System type to co-exist with	Frequency range for co-existence requirement	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
GSM900	921 - 960 MHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8.
	876 - 915 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	For the frequency range 880-915 MHz, this requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub- clause 6.6.1.2.
DCS1800 (Note 3)	1805 - 1880 MHz	-47 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3.
	1710 - 1785 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
PCS1900	1930 - 1990 MHz	-47 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2, 25, 36, 70.
	1850 - 1910 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 35.
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 - 894 MHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
	824 - 849 MHz	-61 dBm	100 kHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
UTRA FDD Band I or	2110 - 2170 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65,
E-UTRA Band 1 or NR Band n1	1920 - 1980 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band II or	1930 - 1990 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2, 25, 70.
E-UTRA Band 2 or NR Band n2	1850 - 1910 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2 or 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2
UTRA FDD Band III or	1805 - 1880 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9.
E-UTRA Band 3 or NR Band n3 (Note 3)	1710 - 1785 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in band 9, it applies for 1710 MHz to 1749.9 MHz and 1784.9 MHz to 1785 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band IV or	2110 - 2155 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10 or 66
E-UTRA Band 4	1710 - 1755 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10 or 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5 or NR Band	869 - 894 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
n5	824 - 849 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
UTRA FDD Band VI, XIX or	860 - 890 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 6, 18, 19
E-UTRA Band 6, 18, 19	815 - 830 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 18 since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.

	830 - 845 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 6, 19, since it is already covered by the
UTRA FDD Band VII or	2620 - 2690 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 7.
E-UTRA Band 7 or NR Band n7	2500 - 2570 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 7, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band VIII or	925 - 960 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8.
E-UTRA Band 8 or NR Band n8	880 - 915 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 8, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band IX or	1844.9 - 1879.9 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9.
E-UTRA Band 9	1749.9 - 1784.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 3 or 9, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band X or	2110 - 2170 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 4, 10, 66
E-UTRA Band 10	1710 - 1770 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 10, 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 4, it applies for 1755 MHz to 1770 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band XI or XXI	1475.9 - 1510.9 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11, 21, 32, 50, 74, 75
or E-UTRA Band 11 or 21	1427.9 - 1447.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11 or 74, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 32, 50, 51, 75, 76.
	1447.9 – 1462.9 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 21 or 74, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 32, 50, 75 or n75.
UTRA FDD Band XII or	729 - 746 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 12 or 85.
E-UTRA Band 12 or NR Band n12	699 - 716 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 12 or 85, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 29, it applies 1 MHz below the Band 29 downlink operating band (Note 7)
UTRA FDD Band XIII or	746 - 756 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 13.
E-UTRA Band 13	777 - 787 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 13, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band XIV or	758 - 768 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 14.
E-UTRA Band 14	788 - 798 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 14, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
E-UTRA Band 17	734 - 746 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 17.
	704 - 716 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 17, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 29, it applies 1 MHz below the Band 29 downlink operating band (Note 7)
UTRA FDD Band XX or	791 - 821 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 20, 28.
E-UTRA Band 20 or NR Band n20	832 - 862 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 20, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.2.
	3510 – 3590 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 22, 42, 48, 49, 77 or 78.

UTRA FDD	3410 – 3490 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
Band XXII or E-UTRA Band				band 22, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.2. This requirement
22 E-UTRA Band 24	1525 – 1559 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	does not apply to Band 42. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 24.
	1626.5 – 1660.5 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 24, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band XXV or	1930 - 1995 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 2, 25, 70.
E-UTRA Band 25 or NR Band n25	1850 - 1915 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 25, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 2, it applies for 1910 MHz to 1915 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
UTRA FDD Band XXVI or E-UTRA Band 26	859 - 894 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 5 or 26. This requirement applies to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 27 for the frequency range 879-894 MHz.
	814 - 849 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 26, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 5, it applies for 814 MHz to 824 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 27, it applies 3 MHz below the Band 27 downlink operating band.
E-UTRA Band 27	852 – 869 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in bands 5, 26 or 27.
	807 – 824 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 27, since it is already covered by the requirement in subclause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 26, it applies for 807 MHz to 814 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement also applies to BS operating in Band 28, starting 4 MHz above the Band 28 downlink operating band (Note 6).
E-UTRA Band 28 or NR Band n28	758 - 803 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 20, 28, 44, 67 or 68.
	703 - 748 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 44. For BS operating in Band 67, it applies for 703-736MHz. For E-UTRA BS operating in Band 68, it applies for 728MHz to 733MHz.
E-UTRA Band 29	717 – 728 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 29 or 85.
E-UTRA Band 30	2350 - 2360 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 30 or 40.
	2305 - 2315 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 30, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 40.
E-UTRA Band 31	462.5 – 467.5 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 31, 72 or 73.
	452.5 – 457.5 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 31, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 72 or 73.
UTRA FDD Band XXXII or E-UTRA Band 32	1452 - 1496 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 11, 21, 32, 50, 74, 75.
UTRA TDD Band a) or E- UTRA Band 33	1900 - 1920 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 33

UTRA TDD	2010 - 2025 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
Band a) or E-	2010 - 2023 10112	-92 ubiii		Band 34
UTRA Band 34				
or NR Band				
n34 UTRA TDD	1850 – 1910 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
Band b) or E-	1000 - 1010 10112	-52 dBm	1 1011 12	Band 35
UTRA Band 35				
UTRA TDD	1930 - 1990 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
Band b) or E-				Band 2, 25 or 36
UTRA Band 36				
	1910 - 1930 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 37. This
Band c) or E- UTRA Band 37				unpaired band is defined in ITU-R M.1036, but is pending any future deployment.
UTRA TDD	2570 – 2620 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
Band d) or E-	2010 - 2020 10112	-52 dBm	1 1011 12	Band 38 or 69.
UTRA Band 38				
or NR Band				
n38				
UTRA TDD	1880 – 1920MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 39
Band f) or E-				
UTRA Band 39 or NR Band				
n39				
UTRA TDD	2300 – 2400MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 30 or 40
Band e) or E-				······································
UTRA Band 40				
or NR Band				
n40				
E-UTRA Band	2496 – 2690MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 41
41 or NR Band n41				
E-UTRA Band	3400 – 3600 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42
42		02 02		43, 48, 49, 52, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42, 43, 48, 49, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band	703 - 803 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 28 or 44
44 E-UTRA Band			4 141-	This is not applicable to DC appreting in David 45
E-UTRA Band 45	1447 - 1467 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 45
E-UTRA Band	5150 - 5925 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 46
46		02 0011		
E-UTRA Band	5855 - 5925 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	
47				
E-UTRA Band	3550 - 3700 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42,
48	0550 0700 141	50 10		43, 48, 49, 77 or 78.
E-UTRA Band 49	3550 - 3700 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 77 or 78.
E-UTRA Band	1432 - 1517 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
50 or NR Band			1 1011 12	Band 11, 21, 32, 45, 50, 51, 74, 75, 76.
n50				
E-UTRA Band	1427 - 1432 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
51 or NR Band				Band 50, 51, 75, 76.
n51				
E-UTRA Band	3300 – 3400 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 52
52 E-UTRA Band	2110 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
E-UTRA Band 65		-52 dBm		This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65,
00	1920 - 2010 MHz	-49 dBm	1 MHz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
				band 65, since it is already covered by the
				requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
				For BS operating in Band 1, it applies for 1980 MHz to
				2010 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause
	2110 - 2200 MHz	-52 dBm	1 MHz	6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in
				band 4, 10, 23, 66.
1		1	1	······································

	E-UTRA 66 or NR n66		1710 - 1780	MHz	-49 (dBm	1 N	ЛНz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 66, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 4, it applies for 1755 MHz to 1780 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in Band 10, it applies for 1770 MHz to 1780 MHz, while the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
	E-UTRA 67	Band	738 – 758 N	1Hz	-52 (dBm	1 N	/Hz	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28 or 67.
E-UT	RA Band 68	75	3 -783 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in 28, or 68.
	00	69	18-728 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This band requi Band	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 68, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating in 28, it applies between 698 MHz and 703 MHz, the rest is covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
E-UT	RA Band 69	257	0 - 2620 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in 38 or 69.
	RA Band NR Band	199	5 - 2020 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in 2, 25, 70
	n70	1695	5 – 1710 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This band	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 70, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2
	RA Band NR Band	617	7 – 652 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in
	n71	663	3 – 698 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This band	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 71, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2
E-UT	RA Band 72	46	1 - 466 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz	This	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 31, 72 or 73.
		45 [.]	1 - 456 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This band requi	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 72, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement not apply to BS operating in band 73.
E-UT	RA Band 73	460	0 - 465 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz	This	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 31, 72 or 73.
		450	0 - 455 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This band	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 73, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
	RA Band NR band	1475	5 – 1518 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz	This	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 11, 21, 32, 50, 74, 75.
	n74	1427	7 – 1470 MHz	-49	dBm		1MHz	This Band requi	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 74 or n74, since it is already covered by the rement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement not apply to BS operating in band 32, 45, 50, 51,
75 or	RA Band NR Band n75	143	2 - 1517 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in 11, 21, 32, 45, 50, 51, 74, 75, 76.
76 or	RA Band NR Band n76	142	7 - 1432 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		requirement does not apply to BS operating in 50, 51, 75, 76.
	Band n77	3300) MHz – 4200 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz		is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 8, 49, 52, 77 or 78
NR E	Band n78	3300) MHz – 3800 MHz	-52	dBm	1	MHz	This	is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 8, 49, 52, 77 or 78
	Band n80		0 - 1785 MHz		dBm		MHz	This band in sul For B 1749 rest i	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 3, since it is already covered by the requirement b-clause 6.6.1.2. BS operating in band 9, it applies for 1710 MHz to .9 MHz and 1784.9 MHz to 1785 MHz, while the s covered in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.
	3and n81	880	0 - 915 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	band	requirement does not apply to BS operating in 8, since it is already covered by the requirement bo-clause 6.6.1.2.

NR Band n82	832	2 - 862 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	s requirement does not apply to BS operating in d 20, since it is already covered by the uirement in subclause 6.6.1.2.	
NR Band n83	703	3 - 748 MHz	-49	dBm	1	MHz	This requirement in subclause 0.0.12. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 28, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. This requirement does not apply to BS operating in Band 44. For BS operating in Band 67, it applies for 703-736MHz. For E-UTRA BS operating in Band 68, it applies for 728MHz to 733MHz.	
NR Band	Band n84 1920 - 1980 MHz -49 dBm 1 MH		1 MF	z This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 1 or 65, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2.				
E-UTRA 85			MHz -52		dBm	1 MF	This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 12, 29 or 85.	
		698 - 716 MHz -49		-49 dBm 1 M⊢		Iz This requirement does not apply to BS operating in band 85, since it is already covered by the requirement in sub-clause 6.6.1.2. For BS operating Band 29, it applies 1 MHz below the Band 29 downli operating band (Note 7).		
		MHz	Hz -49 dBm		1 MF			

- NOTE 1: As defined in the scope for spurious emissions in this subclause, except for the cases where the noted requirements apply to a BS operating in Band 25, Band 27, Band 28 or Band 29, the co-existence requirements in Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 do not apply for the 10 MHz frequency range immediately outside the downlink operating band (see Tables 4.5-1 and 4.5-2). Emission limits for this excluded frequency range may be covered by local or regional requirements.
- NOTE 2: Table 6.6.1.3.1-1 assumes that two operating bands, where the frequency ranges in Table 4.5-1 or Table 4.5-2 would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 3: For the protection of DCS1800, UTRA Band III, E-UTRA Band 3 or NR Band n3 in China, the frequency ranges of the downlink and uplink protection requirements are 1805 1850 MHz and 1710 1755 MHz respectively.
- NOTE 4: TDD base stations deployed in the same geographical area, that are synchronized and use the same or adjacent operating bands can transmit without additional co-existence requirements. For unsynchronized base stations (except in Band 46), special co-existence requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 6: For Band 28 BS, specific solutions may be required to fulfil the spurious emissions limits for BS for coexistence with Band 27 UL operating band.
- NOTE 7: For Band 29 BS, specific solutions may be required to fulfil the spurious emissions limits for BS for coexistence with UTRA Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 UL operating band or E-UTRA Band 17 UL operating band or E-UTRA Band 85 UL operating band.

The following requirement may be applied for the protection of PHS. This requirement is also applicable at specified frequencies falling between Δf_{OBUE} below the lowest BS transmitter frequency of the downlink operating band and Δf_{OBUE} above the highest BS transmitter frequency of the downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

 Table 6.6.1.3.1-2: BS Spurious emissions limits for BS for co-existence with PHS

Frequency range	Maximum Measurement Level Bandwidth		Note				
1884.5 - 1915.7 MHz	-41 dBm	300 kHz	Applicable for co-existence with PHS system operating in 1884.5-1915.7 MHz				
NOTE: The requirement is not applicable in China.							

The following requirement may apply to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 41 in certain regions. This requirement is also applicable at the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the BS downlink operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the BS downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

 Table 6.6.1.3.1-3: Additional BS Spurious emissions limits for Band 41

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note			
2505MHz – 2535MHz	-42dBm	1 MHz				
2535MHz – 2655MHz	-22dBm	1 MHz	Applicable at offsets ≥ 250% of channel bandwidth from carrier frequency			
NOTE: This requirement applies for 10 or 20 MHz E-UTRA carriers allocated within 2545-2575MHz or 2595-2645MHz.						

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 30 in certain regions. This requirement is also applicable at the frequency range from 10 MHz below the lowest frequency of the BS downlink operating band up to 10 MHz above the highest frequency of the BS downlink operating band.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
2200MHz – 2345MHz	-45dBm	1 MHz	
2362.5MHz – 2365MHz	-25dBm	1 MHz	
2365MHz – 2367.5MHz	-40dBm	1 MHz	
2367.5MHz – 2370MHz	-42dBm	1 MHz	
2370MHz – 2395MHz	-45dBm	1 MHz	

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 48 in certain regions. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.6.1.3.1-5: Additional BS Spurious emissions limits for Band 48

Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
3530MHz – 3720MHz	-25dBm	1 MHz	Applicable 10MHz from the assigned channel edge
3100MHz – 3530MHz 3720MHz – 4200MHz	-40dBm	1 MHz	

In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.1.1, 6.6.1.2 and above in the present subclause, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.

6.6.1.4 Co-location with other base stations

These requirements may be applied for the protection of other BS receivers when GSM900, DCS1800, PCS1900, GSM850, CDMA850, UTRA FDD, UTRA TDD, E-UTRA, E-UTRA with NB-IoT, NB-IoT BS and/or NR are co-located with a BS.

The requirements assume a 30 dB coupling loss between transmitter and receiver and are based on co-location with base stations of the same class.

NOTE: For co-location with UTRA, the requirements are based on co-location with UTRA FDD or TDD base stations.

6.6.1.4.1 Minimum Requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the limits of Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 for a BS where requirements for colocation with a BS type listed in the first column apply, depending on the declared Base Station class. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 apply for each supported operating band. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the exclusions and conditions in the Note column of Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 apply for the operating band supported at that antenna connector.

Table 6.6.1.4.1-1: BS Spurious emissions limits for BS co-located with another BS

Type of co- located BS	Frequency range for co-location	Maximum Level	Maximum Level	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
0014000	requirement	(WA-BS)	(MR-BS)	(LA-BS)	100 141-	
GSM900 DCS1800	876-915 MHz 1710 - 1785 MHz	-98 dBm -98 dBm	-91 dBm -91 dBm	-88 dBm -88 dBm	100 kHz 100 kHz	
PCS1900	1850 - 1910 MHz	-98 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
			-91 dBm			
GSM850 or CDMA850	824 - 849 MHz	-98 dBm		-88 dBm	100 kHz	
UTRA FDD	1920 - 1980 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band I or E-						
UTRA Band 1						
or NR Band n1						
UTRA FDD	1850 - 1910 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band II or E-						
UTRA Band 2						
or NR Band n2						
UTRA FDD	1710 - 1785 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band III or E-						
UTRA Band 3						
or NR Band n3						
UTRA FDD	1710 - 1755 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band IV or E-						
UTRA Band 4						
UTRA FDD	824 - 849 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band V or E-						
UTRA Band 5						
or NR Band n5						
UTRA FDD	830 - 845 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band VI, XIX		oo abiii	or abiii	oo abiii	1001112	
or E-UTRA						
Band 6, 19						
UTRA FDD	2500 - 2570 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band VII or E-	2000 2010 1112	oo abiii	or abiii	oo abiii	1001012	
UTRA Band 7						
or NR Band n7						
UTRA FDD	880 - 915 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band VIII or E-	000 010 10112	SO UDIT	or abili	00 abiii	100 1112	
UTRA Band 8						
or NR Band n8						
UTRA FDD	1749.9 - 1784.9	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band IX or E-	MHz	SO UDIT	or abili	00 abiii		
UTRA Band 9						
UTRA FDD	1710 - 1770 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band X or E-		-90 ubm	-91 ubiii	-00 ubm	TOO KI IZ	
UTRA Band 10						
UTRA FDD	1427.9 - 1447.9	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band XI or E-	MHz	-90 ubiii	-91 ubili	-00 UDIII	TOO KI IZ	applicable to BS
UTRA Band 11						operating in Band
						50, 51, 75, 76
UTRA FDD	699 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	50, 51, 75, 70
Band XII or	099 - 7 10 10112	-90 ubiii	-91 ubili	-00 UDIII	TOO KI IZ	
E-UTRA Band						
12 or NR Band						
				00 40	100 60-	
UTRA FDD	777 - 787 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band XIII or						
E-UTRA Band						
	700 700 MUL-			00 -10	100 60-	
UTRA FDD	788 - 798 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band XIV or						
E-UTRA Band						
	704 740 1411	00.15	04.15	00.15	400.111	
E-UTRA Band 17	704 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band	815 - 830 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
18						

UTRA FDD	832 - 862 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band XX or	832 - 862 MHZ	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 aBm	100 KHZ	
E-UTRA Band						
20 or NR Band						
n20						
UTRA FDD	1447.9 - 1462.9	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band XXI or E-	MHz	00 02	0102	00 02		applicable to BS
UTRA Band 21						operating in Band
						32, 50, 75
UTRA FDD	3410 – 3490 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band XXII or						applicable to BS
E-UTRA Band						operating in Band
22						42, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band	2000 - 2020 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
23						
E-UTRA Band	1626.5 - 1660.5	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
24	MHz					
UTRA FDD	1850 - 1915 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band XXV or						
E-UTRA Band						
25 or NR Band						
n25						
UTRA FDD	814 - 849 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
Band XXVI or						
E-UTRA Band						
26	007 004 MIL	00 I	04.15	00.15	400.111	
E-UTRA Band	807 - 824 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
27	700 740 MH-	06 dDm		00 dDm	100 101-	This is not
E-UTRA Band 28 or NR Band	703 – 748 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	applicable to BS
n28						
1120						operating in Band 44
E-UTRA Band	2305 - 2315 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
30	2000 - 2010 10112	-30 abiii	-91 ubiii			applicable to BS
00						operating in Band
						40
E-UTRA Band	452.5 – 457.5 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	10
31						
UTRA TDD	1900 - 1920 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band a) or E-						applicable to BS
UTRA Band 33						operating in Band
						33
UTRA TDD	2010 - 2025 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band a) or E-						applicable to BS
UTRA Band 34						operating in Band
or NR Band						34
n34						
UTRA TDD	1850 – 1910 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band b) or E-						applicable to BS
UTRA Band 35						operating in Band
						35
UTRA TDD	1930 - 1990 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band b) or E-						applicable to BS
UTRA Band 36						operating in Band
		00 15	04 15	00 10	400.111	2, n2 and 36
	1910 - 1930 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not
Band c) or E-						applicable to BS
UTRA Band 37						operating in Band
						37. This unpaired band is defined in
						ITU-R M.1036, but
						is pending any
						future
						deployment.
			•			

			r			
UTRA TDD Band d) or E- UTRA Band 38 or NR Band n38	2570 – 2620 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 38.
UTRA TDD Band f) or E- UTRA Band 39 or NR Band n39	1880 – 1920MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 33 and 39
UTRA TDD Band e) or E- UTRA Band 40 or NR Band n40	2300 – 2400MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 30 or 40
E-UTRA Band 41 or NR Band n41	2496 – 2690MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 41
E-UTRA Band 42	3400 – 3600 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 52, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band 43	3600 – 3800 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42, 43, 48, 49, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band 44	703 – 803 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 28 or 44
E-UTRA Band 45	1447 – 1467 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 45
E-UTRA Band 46	5150 – 5925 MHz	N/A	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 46
E-UTRA Band 48	3550 – 3700 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42, 43, 48, 49, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band 49	3550 – 3700 MHz	N/A	N/A	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42, 43, 48, 49, 77 or 78
E-UTRA Band 50 or NR Band n50	1432 – 1517 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 11, 21, 32, 51, n51, 74, 75, 76
E-UTRA Band 51 or NR Band n51	1427 – 1432 MHz	N/A	N/A	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 50, 75, 76
E-UTRA Band 52	3300 – 3400 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 42 or 52
E-UTRA Band 65	1920 - 2010 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	

E-UTRA Band 66 or NR Band n66	1710 – 1780 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 68	698 – 728 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 70 or NR Band n70	1695 – 1710 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 71 or NR Band n71	663 – 698 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 72	451 – 456 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 73	450 – 455 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 74 or NR band n74	1427 – 1470 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 50, 51
NR Band n77	3300 MHz – 4200 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 52, 77 or 78
NR Band n78	3300 MHz – 3800 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 22, 42, 43, 48, 49, 52, 77 or 78
NR Band n80	1710 – 1785 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
NR Band n81	880 – 915 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
NR Band n82	832 – 862 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
NR Band n83	703 – 748 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	This is not applicable to BS operating in Band 44
NR Band n84	1920 – 1980 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
E-UTRA Band 85	698 - 716 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	
NR Band n86	1710 – 1780 MHz	-96 dBm	-91 dBm	-88 dBm	100 kHz	

- NOTE 1: As defined in the scope for spurious emissions in this subclause, the co-location requirements in Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 do not apply for the Δf_{OBUE} frequency range immediately outside the BS transmit frequency range of a downlink operating band (see Tables 4.5-1 and 4.5-2). The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location with other system on adjacent frequencies for 30 dB BS-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [7].
- NOTE 2: Table 6.6.1.4.1-1 assumes that two operating bands, where the corresponding BS transmit and receive frequency ranges in Table 4.5-1 or Table 4.5-2 would be overlapping, are not deployed in the same geographical area. For such a case of operation with overlapping frequency arrangements in the same geographical area, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.
- NOTE 3: Co-located TDD base stations that are synchronized and using the same or adjacent operating band can transmit without special co-locations requirements. For unsynchronized base stations, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.

6.6.2 Operating band unwanted emissions

Unless otherwise stated, the Operating band unwanted emission limits are defined from Δf_{OBUE} below the lowest frequency of each supported downlink operating band to the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at F_{BW} _{RF,low} and from the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge located at $F_{BW RF,high}$ up to Δf_{OBUE} above the highest frequency of each supported downlink operating band. The values of Δf_{OBUE} are defined in table 6.6-1.The requirements

shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered and for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification, except for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation. The requirements in TS 45.005 [5] as defined in subclause 6.6.2.3 apply to an MSR Base Station for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation in Band Category 2.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply and the cumulative evaluation of the emission limit in the Inter-RF Bandwidth gap are not applicable.

6.6.2.1 General minimum requirement for Band Categories 1 and 3

For a Wide Area BS operating in Band Category 1 or Band Category 3 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Wide Area BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any subblock gap. In addition, for a Wide Area BS operating in multiple bands, the requirements apply inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For a Medium Range BS operating in Band Category 1 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Medium Range BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap. In addition, for a Medium Range BS operating in multiple bands, the requirements apply inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For a Local Area BS operating in Band Category 1 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a Local Area BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap. In addition, for a Local Area BS operating in multiple bands, the requirements apply inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

Outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges, emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Tables 6.6.2.1-1 to 6.6.2.1-4 below, where:

- Δf is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_{OBUE} outside the downlink operating band.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gaps with Wgap $< 2*\Delta f_{OBUE}$, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the minimum requirements specified at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges on each side of the Inter-RF Bandwidth gap. The minimum requirement for Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is specified in Table 6.6.2.1-1 to 6.6.2.1-4 below, where in this case:

- Δf is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the inter Base Station RF Bandwidth gap minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offsetmax minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector, the operating band unwanted emission limits apply also in a supported operating band without any carriers transmitted, in the case where there are carriers transmitted in other operating band(s). In this case where there is no carrier transmitted in an operating band, the operating band unwanted emission limit, as defined in the tables of the present subclause for the largest frequency offset (Δf_{max}), of a band where there is no carrier transmitted shall apply from Δf_{OBUE} below the lowest frequency, up to Δf_{OBUE} above the highest frequency of the supported downlink operating band without any carrier transmitted. And no cumulative limits are applied in the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a supported downlink band without any carrier transmitted.

Inside any sub-block gap for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the minimum requirements specified for the adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. The minimum requirement for each sub block is specified in Tables 6.6.2.1-1 to 6.6.2.1-4 below, where in this case:

- Δf is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the sub block edge.
- f_offset is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the sub block gap bandwidth minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

Applicability of Wide Area operating band unwanted emission requirements in Tables 6.6.2.1-1, 6.6.2.1-1b and 6.6.2.1-1c is specified in Table 6.6.2.1-0.

Table 6.6.2.1-0: Applicability of operating band unwanted emission requirements for BC1 and BC3 Wide Area BS

NR Band operation	Standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the BS RF bandwidth edge	UTRA supported (NOTE 1)	Applicable requirement table
None	Y/N	Y/N	6.6.2.1-1
In certain regions (NOTE 2), bands 1, 7, 38	Ν	Ν	6.6.2.1-1
Any	Y	Ν	6.6.2.1-1
Any below 1GHz	Ν	Ν	6.6.2.1-1b
Any above 1GHz except for, in certain regions (NOTE 2), bands 1, 7, 38	N	Ν	6.6.2.1-1c
NOTE 2: Applicable only [6] are used for		cification. ory B limits as defined in ITU-R Recomm band unwanted emissions requirements	

Table 6.6.2.1-1: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3 for BS not supporting NR (except for BS operating in Band 1, 7 and/or 38 in Europe) or (irrespective of NR support) BS with standalone NB-IoT at the BS RF bandwidth edge

Frequency offse measuremen filter -3dB point	t	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.2		0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.215MHz	-14 dBm	30 kHz		
0.2 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1	MHz		$-14dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$ (Note 4)	30 kHz		
(Note 6)		1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-26 dBm (Note 4)	30 kHz		
1 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ min(Δf_{max} , 10 MI		1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)	-13 dBm (Note 4)	1 MHz		
$10 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta$		$10.5 \text{ MHz} \le f \text{ offset} < f \text{ offset}_{max}$	-15 dBm (Note 4, 8)	1 MHz		
requirer on each to the m blocks o 15dBm/ corresp	 NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be - 15dBm/MHz (for MSR BS supporting multi-band operation, either this limit or -16dBm/100kHz with correspondingly adjusted f_offset shall apply for this frequency offset range for operating bands <1GHz). NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement 					
within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.						
	TE 3: For operation with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.1-1a apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.15$ MHz.					
NOTE 4: For MS	R BS s		this limit or -16dBm/100kHz with correspor perating bands <1GHz.	ndingly adjusted		

Table 6.6.2.1-1a: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC1 and BC3 with standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

Frequency off measureme filter -3dB poi	ent	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2, 3, 4)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < MHz	0.05	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(5dBm - 60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB + XdB,$ -14dBm)	30 kHz	
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f MHz	< 0.15	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(2dBm-160 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) dB + XdB, -14dBm)$	30 kHz	
		this table only apply for operation the edge.	with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the	e Base Station	
NOTE 2: For requ	NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.				
requ	NOTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.				
ΙοΤα					

Table 6.6.2.1-1b: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR and neither supporting UTRA nor with a standalone NB-IoT carrier at the BS RF bandwidth edge in BC1 and BC3 bands below 1GHz

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-7dBm - \frac{7}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz		
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f < min(10 MHz, \Delta f_{max})$	$5.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < min(10.05 \text{ MHz}, f_{offset_{max}})$	-14 dBm	100 kHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.05 MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-16 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz		
 NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band, the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -16dBm/100kHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2xΔf_{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth. 					

Table 6.6.2.1-1c: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR (except operation in Band 1, 7 and/or 38 in Europe) and neither supporting UTRA nor with a standalone NB-IoT carrier at the BS RF bandwidth edge in BC1 and BC3 bands above 1GHz

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)			
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-7dBm - \frac{7}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz			
5 MHz ≤ ∆f <	5.05 MHz \leq f_offset <	-14 dBm	100 kHz			
min(10 MHz, ∆f _{max})	min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})					
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-15 dBm (Note 8)	1MHz			
requirement blocks on ea according to adjacent sub gaps shall b NOTE 2: For MSR BS requirement adjacent sub from the far-	 NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band, the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -15dBm/1MHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2xΔf_{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth. 					

Table 6.6.2.1-2: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{Rated,c} ≤ 38 dBm for BS not supporting NR

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
$0 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 0.6 \text{ MHz}$	$0.015MHz \le f_offset < 0.615MHz$	P _{Rated,c} - 58dB - 5/3(f_offset/MHz- 0.015)dB	30 kHz		
$0.6 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 1 \text{ MHz}$	$0.615MHz \le f_offset < 1.015MHz$	P _{Rated,c} - 53dB - 15(f_offset/MHz- 0.215)dB	30 kHz		
(Note 6)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 65dB	30 kHz		
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 2.6 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.1 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 52dB	1 MHz		
$2.6 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	3.1 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.5 MHz	min(P _{Rated,c} - 52dB, -15dBm)	1 MHz		
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	5.5 MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P _{Rated,c} - 56dB	1 MHz		
5 MHz ≤ Δf ≤ Δf _{max} 5.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset < f_offset_max P _{Rated,c} - 56dB 1 MHz NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be (P _{Rated,c} - 56 dB) /MHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×ΔfoBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-blocks					

or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.

NOTE 3: For operation with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.1-2a apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.15$ MHz.

Table 6.6.2.1-2a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3with standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, BS maximum outputpower 31 < $P_{Rated} \leq 38$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2, 3)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 38dB - 60(f_offset/MHz-0.015)dB	30 kHz		
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 41dB - 160(f_offset/MHz-0.065)dB	30 kHz		
NOTE 1: The limits in this table only apply for operation with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.					
		with Inter RF Bandwidth gap $< 2 \times \Delta f_{OBUE}$ the min	imum		

OTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×Δf_{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

Table 6.6.2.1-2b: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BSsupporting NR and not supporting UTRA in BC1 bands, BS maximum output power 31 < $P_{Rated,c} \le 38$ dBm

meas	ncy offset of surement dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤	≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	$0.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < 5.05 \text{ MHz}$	P _{Rated,c} - 53dB - 7/5(f_offset/MHz- 0.05)dB	100 kHz		
	≦ ∆f < min(10 z, ∆f _{max})	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	P _{Rated,c} -60dB	100 kHz		
10 MHz	$\Delta f \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.05 \text{ MHz} \leq f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	Min(P _{Rated,c} -60dB, -25dBm) (Note 8)	100 kHz		
 NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be Min(P_{Rated,c}-60dB, -25dBm)/100kHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2xΔf_{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks 						
NOTE 3:	or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block.					

Table 6.6.2.1-3: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1, BSmaximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm for BS not supporting NR

Frequency offs measuremen filter -3dB poin	t	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6	MHz	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$-27 dBm - \frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dB$	30 kHz	
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1	MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-22dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz	
(Note 6)		$1.015MHz \le f_offset < 1.5 MHz$	-34 dBm	30 kHz	
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	ЛНz	$1.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < 5.5 \text{ MHz}$	-21 dBm	1 MHz	
	$5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_{max}$ $5.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < f_{offset_{max}}$ -25 dBm 1 MHz				
require on each to the n blocks 25 dBm	NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be - 25 dBm/MHz.				
NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.					
		with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjao 3a apply for 0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz.	cent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge	e, the limits in	

Table 6.6.2.1-3a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3 with standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, BS maximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2, 3, 4)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-7dBm-60\cdot\left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz}-0.015\right)dB+$ $+ XdB,-27dBm)$	30 kHz	
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(-10dBm-160\left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz}-0.065\right)dB+$ $+ XdB_{2}-27dBm)$	30 kHz	
RF Bandwic NOTE 2: For MSR BS	Ith edge. S supporting non-contiguous spect	with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the	nimum	
blocks on ea	ach side of the sub block gap.	ed as a cumulative sum of contributions from adj		
NOTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×Δf _{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.				
IoTcarrier –	 DTE 4: In case the carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge is a standalone NB-IoT carrier, the value of X = PNB-IoTcarrier – 31, where PNB-IoTcarrier is the power level of the standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge. In other cases, X = 0. 			

Table 6.6.2.1-3b: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR and not supporting UTRA in BC1 bands, BS maximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆	measurement filter centre	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MH	$0.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_{\text{offset}} < 5.05 \text{ MHz}$	$-22 \mathrm{dBm} - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f - offset}{MHz} - 0.05 \right) dB$	100 kHz	
5 MHz $\leq \Delta f < min(1 MHz, \Delta f_{max})$	0 5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	-29 dBm	100 kHz	
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{ma}$	$10.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	-29 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz	
NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be - 29dBm/100kHz.				
 NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×Δf_{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. NOTE 3: For operation with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.1-3a apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.15 MHz. 				

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz \leq f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-30dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz		
5 MHz ≤ ∆f < min(10 MHz, Δf _{max})	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	-37 dBm	100 kHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-37 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz		
NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -37dBm/100 kHz.					
 NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×ΔfoBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. NOTE 3: For operation with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in 					
•	14a apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.15$ MHz.	Lent to the base Station RF bandwidth edge	e, the minus m		

Table 6.6.2.1-4: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1

Table 6.6.2.1-4a: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC1 and BC3 with standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

Frequency offset o measurement filter -3dB point, Δ	measurement filter centre	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2, 3, 4)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-14dBm-60\cdot\left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz}-0.015\right)dB + XdB,-35dBm)$	30 kHz		
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.1 MHz	6 0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.175 MHz	$Max - 17dBm - 160 \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) dB + XdB - 35dBm$	30 kHz		
	in this table only apply for operation vidth edge.	with a standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the	e Base Station		
NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.					
requireme	5 1				
NOTE 4: In case the loTcarrier	adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. In case the carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge is a standalone NB-IoT carrier, the value of $X = PNB$ -IoTcarrier – 24, where PNB-IoTcarrier is the power level of the standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge. In other cases, $X = 0$.				

6.6.2.2 General minimum requirement for Band Category 2

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 the requirement applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges. In addition, for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, it applies inside any sub-block gap.

Outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges, emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Tables 6.6.2.2-1 to 6.6.2.2-8 below, where:

- Δf is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_{OBUE} outside the downlink operating band.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, inside any Inter-RF Bandwidth gaps with Wgap $< 2*\Delta f_{OBUE}$, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the minimum requirements specified at the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges on each side of the Inter-RF Bandwidth gap. The minimum requirement for Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is specified in Table 6.6.2.2-1 to 6.6.2.2-8 below, where in this case:

- Δf is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the Inter RF Bandwidth gap minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offsetmax minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

For a BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector and where there is no carrier transmitted in an operating band, the operating band unwanted emission limit, as defined in the tables of the present subclause for the largest frequency offset (Δf_{max}), of a band where there is no carrier transmitted shall apply from Δf_{OBUE} below the lowest frequency, up to Δf_{OBUE} above the highest frequency of the supported downlink operating band without any carrier transmitted. And no cumulative limits are applied in the inter-band gap between a supported downlink band with carrier(s) transmitted and a supported downlink band without any carrier transmitted.

Inside any sub-block gap for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, emissions shall not exceed the cumulative sum of the minimum requirement specified for the adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. The minimum requirement for each sub block is specified in Tables 6.6.2.2-1 to 6.6.2.2-8 below, where in this case:

- Δf is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the sub block edge.
- f_offset is the separation between the sub block edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is equal to the sub block gap bandwidth minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.
- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max} minus half of the bandwidth of the measuring filter.

Applicability of Wide Area operating band unwanted emission requirements in Tables 6.6.2.2-1, 6.6.2.2-2a and 6.6.2.2-2b is specified in Table 6.6.2.2-0.

Table 6.6.2.2-0: Applicability of operating band unwanted emission requirements for BC2 Wide Area
BS

NR Band operation	Standalone NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the BS RF bandwidth edge	UTRA or GSM supported (NOTE 1)	Applicable requirement table
None	Y/N	Y/N	6.6.2.2-1
In certain regions (NOTE 2), bands 3, 8	Ν	N	6.6.2.2-1
Any	Y	N	6.6.2.2-1
Any below 1GHz except for, in certain regions (NOTE 2), band 8	Ν	N	6.6.2.2-2a
Any above 1GHz except for, in certain regions (NOTE 2), band 3	Ν	N	6.6.2.2-2b
NOTE 2: Applicable only SM.329 [6] are u		n this specification. gory B limits as defined in ITU-R Recommen operating band unwanted emissions require	

Table 6.6.2.2-1: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2 for BS not supporting NR (except for BS operating in Band 3 or 8 in Europe) or (irrespective of NR support) BS with standalone NB-IoT at the BS RF bandwidth edge

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δ	measurement filter centre	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.2 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.215 MHz	-14 dBm	30 kHz	
0.2 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.215 MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015 MHz	$-14dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$ (Note 4)	30 kHz	
(Note 6)	1.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-26 dBm (Note 4)	30 kHz	
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le$	1.5 MHz ≤ f_offset <	-13 dBm (Note 4)	1 MHz	
min(∆f _{max} , 10 MHz)	min(f_offset _{max} , 10.5 MHz)			
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$		-15 dBm (Note 4, 8)	1 MHz	
		B-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier ac		
NOTE 2: For MSR requirement blocks on according adjacent gaps shal with corree NOTE 3: For MSR	requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub- blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is $\Delta f \ge 10$ MHz from both adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -15dBm/MHz (for MSR BS supporting multi-band operation, either this limit or -16dBm/100kHz with correspondingly adjusted f_offset shall apply for this frequency offset range for operating bands <1GHz).			
adjacent s from the f near-end NOTE 4: For MSR	requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.			

Table 6.6.2.2-2: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2, 3,4, 5)	Measuremen t bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.05 MHz	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(5dBm-60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB + Xdt - 14dBm)$	30 kHz		
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(2dBm-160 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) dB + X$ $-14dBm)$	30 kHz		
	in this table only apply for operation with rier adjacent to the Base Station RF Ban	a GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an dwidth edge.	E-UTRA 1.4 or		
requireme		operation within any operating band the mir a cumulative sum of contributions from adja			
NOTE 3: For MSR I requireme					
NOTE 4: In case the $X = P_{GSMca}$	e carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF	Bandwidth edge is a GSM/EDGE carrier, th vel of the GSM/EDGE carrier adjacent to th			
NOTE 5: In case the	e carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth ec	lge is a NB-IoT carrier, the value of $X = P_{NB}$ carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge. I			

Table 6.6.2.2-2a: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR (except operation in Band 8 in Europe) and neither supporting UTRA nor GSM nor with a standalone NB-IoT carrier at the BS RF bandwidth edge in BC2 bands below 1GHz

measu	cy offset of µrement B point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)
0 MHz ≤ .	∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-7dBm - \frac{7}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz
• • • • •	z ≤ ∆f < ⁄IHz, ∆f _{max})	$5.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_\text{offset} < min(10.05 \text{ MHz}, f_\text{offset}_max)$	-14 dBm	100 kHz
10 MHz ≤	$\leq \Delta \mathbf{f} \leq \Delta \mathbf{f}_{\max}$	10.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-16 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz
NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band, the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gaps shall be -16dBm/100kHz.				
NOTE 2:	NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.			
NOTE 3:		n with an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3MHz carrie 2.2-2 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δ f < 0.15 MH	r adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth z.	n edge, the limits

Table 6.6.2.2-2b: Wide Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR (except operation in Band 3 in Europe) and neither supporting UTRA nor GSM nor with a standalone NB-IoT carrier at the BS RF bandwidth edge in BC2 bands above 1GHz

measu	cy offset of urement B point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)
0 MHz ≤ .	∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz \leq f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-7dBm - \frac{7}{5} \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05\right) dB$	100 kHz
	z ≤ ∆f < ⁄IHz, ∆f _{max})	5.05 MHz \leq f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	-14 dBm	100 kHz
10 MHz ≤	$\leq \Delta \mathbf{f} \leq \Delta \mathbf{f}_{\max}$	10.5 MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-15 dBm (Note 8)	1MHz
	NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band, the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -15dBm/1MHz.			
NOTE 2:	NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×Δf _{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.			
NOTE 3:		n with an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3MHz carrie 2.2-2 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δ f < 0.15 MH	r adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth z.	h edge, the limits

Table 6.6.2.2-3: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{Rated,c} ≤ 38 dBm for BS not supporting NR

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz (Note 1)	$0.015MHz \le f_{offset} < 0.615MHz$	P _{Rated,c} - 58dB - 5/3(f_offset/MHz- 0.015)dB	30 kHz
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	$0.615MHz \le f_{offset} < 1.015MHz$	P _{Rated,c} - 53dB - 15(f_offset/MHz- 0.215)dB	30 kHz
(Note 6)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 65dB	30 kHz
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 2.8 \text{ MHz}$	1.5 MHz \leq f_offset < 3.3 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 52dB	1 MHz
$2.8 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	3.3 MHz \leq f_offset < 5.5 MHz	min(P _{Rated,c} - 52dB, -15dBm)	1 MHz
$5 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le \Delta f_{\text{max}}$	5.5 MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset _{max}	P _{Rated,c} - 56dB	1 MHz
Station RF Ba NOTE 2: For MSR BS requirement v on each side to the measur blocks on eac (P _{Rated,c} - 56 c NOTE 3: For MSR BS within the Inte or RF Bandwi	ndwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2 supporting non-contiguous spectrum of vithin sub-block gaps is calculated as a of the sub block gap, where the contrib ement bandwidth of the near-end sub- h side of the sub-block gap, where the B)/MHz. supporting multi-band operation with In r RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as dth on each side of the Inter RF Bandw	loT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adja .2-5 apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.15$ MHz. peration within any operating band the minin a cumulative sum of contributions from adjac bution from the far-end sub-block shall be so block. Exception is $\Delta f \geq 10$ MHz from both a minimum requirement within sub-block gap ter RF Bandwidth gap $< 2 \times \Delta f_{OBUE}$ the minin a cumulative sum of contributions from adja width gap, where the contribution from the fa- easurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-	num ent sub blocks aled according djacent sub- is shall be num requirement cent sub-blocks ar-end sub-block

Table 6.6.2.2-3a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BS supporting NR and not supporting UTRA nor GSM in BC2 bands, BS maximum output power 31 < $P_{Rated,c} \le 38$ dBm

meas	ncy offset of surement dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤	≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	$0.05 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < 5.05 \text{ MHz}$	P _{Rated,c} - 53dB - 7/5(f_offset/MHz- 0.05)dB	100 kHz	
	≦ ∆f < min(10 z, ∆f _{max})	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	P _{Rated,c} -60dB	100 kHz	
10 MHz	$\Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.05 \text{ MHz} \leq f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	Min(P _{Rated,c} -60dB, -25dBm) (Note 8)	100 kHz	
	NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be min(P _{Rated,c} -60dB, -25dBm)/100kHz.				
NOTE 2:	NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×∆f _{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block.				
NOTE 3:			e Station RF		

Table 6.6.2.2-4: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2, BS maximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm for BS not supporting NR

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.6 MHz (Note 1)	0.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.615MHz	$-27 dBm - \frac{5}{3} \left(\frac{f \ offset}{MHz} - 0.015 \right) dB$	30 kHz		
0.6 MHz ≤ ∆f < 1 MHz	0.615MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	$-22dBm - 15 \cdot \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.215\right) dB$	30 kHz		
(Note 6)	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.5 MHz	-34 dBm	30 kHz		
$1 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f \le 5 \text{ MHz}$	$1.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < 5.5 \text{ MHz}$	-21 dBm	1 MHz		
$5 \text{ MHz} \leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$		-25 dBm	1 MHz		
 NOTE 1: For operation with a GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.2-6 apply for 0 MHz ≤ Δf < 0.15MHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is Δf ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub-blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -25dBm/MHz. NOTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2xΔfoBUE the minimum 					
adjacent su from the far	requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block or RF Bandwidth.				

Table 6.6.2.2-4a: Medium Range BS operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BSsupporting NR and not supporting UTRA nor GSM in BC2 bands, BS maximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 1, 2)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz	0.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-22\mathrm{dBm} - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _offset}{MHz} - 0.05 \right) dB$	100 kHz		
5 MHz ≤ ∆f < min(10 MHz, Δf _{max})	5.05 MHz \leq f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	-29 dBm	100 kHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	$10.05 \text{ MHz} \leq f_offset < f_offset_{max}$	-29 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz		
NOTE 1: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be - 29dBm/100kHz.					
NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2×Δf _{OBUE} the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, where the contribution from the far-end sub-block shall be scaled according to the measurement bandwidth of the near-end sub-block.					
•	For operation with a standalone NB-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.2-6 apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.15$ MHz.				

Table 6.6.2.2-5: Medium Range operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers or standalone NB-IoT adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge, BS maximum output power 31 < P_{Rated,c} ≤ 38 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 38dB - 60(f_offset/MHz- 0.015)dB	30 kHz	
0.05 MHz ≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	P _{Rated,c} - 41dB - 160(f_offset/MHz- 0.065)dB	30 kHz	
 NOTE 1: The limits in this table only apply for operation with a GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub 				
NOTE 3: For MSR BS sup requirement with	blocks on each side of the sub block gap. For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap $< 2 \times \Delta f_{OBUE}$ the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.			

Table 6.6.2.2-6: Medium Range operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with
GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers or standalone NB-IoT adjacent to the Base Station RF
Bandwidth edge, BS maximum output power $P_{Rated,c} \leq 31$ dBm

measure	ency offset of ment filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3, 4)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
• • • • • • = =	≦ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-7dBm-60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB + XdB, -27dBm)$	30 kHz	
0.05 MHz	≤ ∆f < 0.15 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.165 MHz	$Max(-10dBm-160\cdot\left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz}-0.065\right)dB+$ +XdB,-27dBm)	30 kHz	
	NOTE 1: The limits in this table only apply for operation with a GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge.				
	NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap.				
	OTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.				
NOTE 4:	In case the carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge is a GSM/EDGE carrier, the value of $X = P_{GSMcarrier} - 31$, where $P_{GSMcarrier}$ is the power level of the GSM/EDGE carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. In other cases, $X = 0$.				
NOTE 5:					

Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)		
0 MHz ≤ ∆f < 5 MHz (Note 1)	0.05 MHz \leq f_offset < 5.05 MHz	$-30 dBm - \frac{7}{5} \left(\frac{f _ offset}{MHz} - 0.05 \right) dB$	100 kHz		
5 MHz ≤ ∆f < min(10 MHz, Δf _{max})	5.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < min(10.05 MHz, f_offset _{max})	-37 dBm	100 kHz		
10 MHz $\leq \Delta f \leq \Delta f_{max}$	10.05 MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset _{max}	-37 dBm (Note 8)	100 kHz		
NOTE 1: For operation	OTE 1: For operation with a GSM/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base				
Station RF Bandwidth edge, the limits in Table 6.6.2.2-8 apply for 0 MHz $\leq \Delta f < 0.16$ MHz. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks					
 on each side of the sub block gap. Exception is ∆f ≥ 10MHz from both adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub-block gap, where the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps shall be -37dBm/100 kHz. NOTE 3: For MSR BS supporting multi-band operation with Inter RF Bandwidth gap < 2x∆foBUE the minimum requirement within the Inter RF Bandwidth gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub-blocks or RF Bandwidth on each side of the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. 					

Table 6.6.2.2-7: Local Area operating band unwanted emission mask (UEM) for BC2

Table 6.6.2.2-8: Local Area operating band unwanted emission limits for operation in BC2 with GSM/EDGE or E-UTRA 1.4 or 3 MHz carriers or standalone NB-IoT adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge

measure	ency offset of ement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement (Note 2, 3, 4)	Measurement bandwidth (Note 7)	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	≦ ∆f < 0.05 MHz (Note 1)	0.015 MHz \leq f_offset < 0.065 MHz	$Max(-14dBm-60 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.015\right) dB + XdB, -35dBm)$	30 kHz	
0.05 MHz	z ≤ ∆f < 0.16 MHz	0.065 MHz ≤ f_offset < 0.175 MHz	$Max - 17dBm - 160 \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 0.065\right) dB + XdB - 35dBm$	30 kHz	
NOTE 1:			M/EDGE or standalone NB-IoT or an	E-UTRA 1.4 or	
NOTE 2:	 3 MHz carrier adjacent to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. NOTE 2: For MSR BS supporting non-contiguous spectrum operation within any operating band the minimum requirement within sub-block gaps is calculated as a cumulative sum of contributions from adjacent sub blocks on each side of the sub block gap. 				
NOTE 3:	61				
NOTE 4:					
NOTE 5:	In case the carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge is a NB-IoT carrier, the value of $X = P_{NB-IoT carrier} - 24$, where $P_{NB-IoT carrier}$ is the power level of the NB-IoT carrier adjacent to the RF bandwidth edge. In other cases, $X = 0$.				

The following notes are common to all subclauses in 6.6.2:

NOTE 6: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f_offset is continuous.

- NOTE 7: As a general rule for the requirements in the present subclause, the resolution bandwidth of the measuring equipment should be equal to the measurement bandwidth. However, to improve measurement accuracy, sensitivity and efficiency, the resolution bandwidth may be smaller than the measurement bandwidth. When the resolution bandwidth is smaller than the measurement bandwidth, the result should be integrated over the measurement bandwidth in order to obtain the equivalent noise bandwidth of the measurement bandwidth.
- NOTE 8: The requirement is not applicable when $\Delta f_{max} < \Delta f_{OBUE}$.

NOTE 9: All limits in Table 6.6.2.2-1, Table 6.6.2.2-3, Table 6.6.2.2-4 and Table 6.6.2.2-7 are identical to the corresponding limits for Band Category 1 and 3.

6.6.2.3 GSM/EDGE single-RAT requirements

The following requirements in TS 45.005 [5] shall apply to an MSR Base Station for any operating band with GSM/EDGE single RAT operation in Band Category 2:

- Spectrum due to the modulation and wide band noise, applicable parts of subclause 4.2.1.1, 4.2.1.2, 4.2.1.3-a2, 4.2.1.3-b2, 4.2.1.3-c2 and 4.2.1.4.2.
- Spectrum due to switching transients, applicable parts of subclause 4.2.2.1-b.
- Emission requirement for frequency offsets of between 2 and 10 MHz outside relevant transmit band, applicable parts of subclause 4.3.1 and 4.3.2.1.
- Intra BTS Intermodulation, applicable parts of subclause 4.7.2, 4.7.2.1-b, 4.7.2.3-b and 4.7.2.3-c.

6.6.2.4 Additional requirements

6.6.2.4.1 Limits in FCC Title 47

In addition to the requirements in subclauses 6.6.2.1 and 6.6.2.2, the BS may have to comply with the applicable emission limits established by FCC Title 47 [8], when deployed in regions where those limits are applied, and under the conditions declared by the manufacturer.

6.6.2.4.2 Unsynchronized operation for BC3

In certain regions, the following requirements may apply to a TDD BS operating in BC3 in the same geographic area and in the same operating band as another TDD system without synchronisation. For this case the emissions shall not exceed -52 dBm/MHz in each supported downlink operating band except in:

- The frequency range from 10 MHz below the lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge to the frequency 10 MHz above the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge of each supported band.
- NOTE 1: Local or regional regulations may specify another excluded frequency range, which may include frequencies where synchronised TDD systems operate.
- NOTE 2: TDD base stations that are synchronized and operating in BC3 can transmit without these additional coexistence requirements.
- NOTE 3: Unsynchronized operation for BC3 BS with any NR configuration is FFS.

6.6.2.4.3 Protection of DTT

In certain regions the following requirement may apply for protection of DTT. For a BS operating in Band 20, the level of emissions in the band 470-790 MHz, measured in an 8 MHz filter bandwidth on centre frequencies F_{filter} according to Table 6.6.2.4.3-1, shall not exceed the maximum emission level $P_{\text{EM,N}}$ declared by the manufacturer. This requirement applies in the frequency range 470-790 MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Filter centre frequency,	Measurement	Declared emission level
F _{filter}	bandwidth	[dBm]
F _{filter} = 8*N + 306 (MHz); 21 ≤ N ≤ 60	8 MHz	P _{EM,N}

Note: The regional requirement is defined in terms of EIRP (effective isotropic radiated power), which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. Compliance with the regional requirement can be determined using the method outlined in Annex G of TS 36.104 [4].

6.6.2.4.4 Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands

This requirement may be applied for the protection of systems operating in frequency bands adjacent to Band 1 as defined in clause 4.5, in geographic areas in which both an adjacent band service and UTRA and/or E-UTRA are deployed.

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Operating Band	Frequency range	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth
1	2100-2105 MHz	-30 + 3.4 · (f - 2100 MHz) dBm	1 MHz
	2175-2180 MHz	-30 + 3.4 · (2180 MHz - f) dBm	1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.4.4-1: Emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

6.6.2.4.5 Co-existence with RNSS/GPS services in North America

In regions where FCC regulation applies, requirements for protection of GPS according to FCC Order DA 10-534 applies for operation in Band 24. The following normative requirement covers the base station, to be used together with other information about the site installation to verify compliance with the requirement in FCC Order DA 10-534. The requirement applies to BS operating in Band 24 to ensure that appropriate interference protection is provided to the 1559 – 1610 MHz band. This requirement applies to the frequency range 1559-1610 MHz.

The level of emissions in the 1559 – 1610 MHz band, measured in measurement bandwidth according to Table 6.6.2.4.5-1 shall not exceed the maximum emission levels $P_{E_{\perp}IMHz}$ and $P_{E_{\perp}IkHz}$ declared by the manufacturer.

Operating Band	Frequency range	Declared emission level [dBW] (Measurement bandwidth = 1 MHz)	Declared emission level [dBW] of discrete emissions of less than 700 Hz bandwidth (Measurement bandwidth = 1 kHz)
24	1559 - 1610 MHz	P _{E_1MHz}	P _{E_1kHz}

Note: The regional requirement in FCC Order DA 10-534 is defined in terms of EIRP (effective isotropic radiated power), which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The EIRP level is calculated using: $P_{EIRP} = P_E + G_{ant}$ where P_E denotes the BS unwanted emission level at the antenna connector, G_{ant} equals the BS antenna gain minus feeder loss. The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement.

6.6.2.4.6 Additional requirements for band 41

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 41 in certain regions. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.4.6-1 below, where:

- Δf is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge frequency and the centre of the measuring filter.

Channel bandwidth	Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement	Measurement bandwidth	
10 MHz	10 MHz ≤ ∆f < 20 MHz	10.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 19.5 MHz	-22 dBm	1 MHz	
20 MHz	20 MHz ≤ ∆f < 40 MHz	20.5 MHz ≤ f_offset < 39.5 MHz	-22 dBm	1 MHz	
NOTE: This requirement applies for E-UTRA carriers allocated within 2545-2575MHz or 2595-2645MHz.					

6.6.2.4.7 Additional band 32, 50, 51, 74, 75 and 76 unwanted emissions

In certain regions, the following requirements may apply to BS operating in Band 32 within 1452-1492 MHz, in Band 75 within 1432-1517 MHz and in Band 76 within 1427-1432 MHz. The level of operating band unwanted emissions, measured on centre frequencies f_offset with filter bandwidth, according to Table 6.6.2.4.7-1, shall neither exceed the maximum emission level $P_{EM,B32,B75,B76,a}$, $P_{EM,B32,B75,B76,b}$ nor $P_{EM,B32,B75,B76,c}$ declared by the manufacturer.

For Band 32, this requirement applies in the frequency range 1452-1492 MHz when non-Mobile/Fixed Communications Network (MFCN) services are deployed in adjacent frequency ranges, while it applies also within 1427-1452 MHz and/or 1492-1517 MHz when MFCN services are deployed in such frequency ranges, even though part of the ranges falls in the spurious domain. For Band 75, this requirement applies in the frequency range 1427-1517 MHz. For Band 76, this requirement applies in the frequency range 1432-1517 MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Declared emission level [dBm]	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,B75,B76,a}	5 MHz
7.5 MHz	PEM,B32,B75,B76,b	5 MHz
12.5 MHz \leq f_offset \leq f_offset _{max}	P _{EM,B32,B75,B76,c}	5 MHz
NOTE: For Band 32, when non-MFCN bands, f_offset _{max} denotes the Base Station RF Bandwidth ec difference between the upper B 1489.5 MHz for the set channe services are deployed in the ac n76, f_offset _{max} denotes the fre Station RF Bandwidth edge an difference between the upper B 1514.5 MHz for the set channe	frequency difference be lge and 1454.5 MHz, ar Base Station RF Bandwe l position. For Band 32 djacent frequencies, Ba equency difference betw d 1429.5 MHz, and the Base Station RF Bandw	etween the lower ad the frequency idth edge and , when MFCN nd 75, n75, 76 and /een the lower Base frequency

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [16], is defined in terms of EIRP per antenna, which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS 36.104 [4].

In certain regions, the following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 32 within 1452-1492MHz for the protection of non-MFCN services in spectrum adjacent to the frequency range 1452-1492 MHz. The level of emissions, measured on centre frequencies F_{filter} with filter bandwidth according to Table 6.6.2.4.7-2, shall neither exceed the

maximum emission level $P_{EM,B32,d}$ nor $P_{EM,B32,e}$ declared by the manufacturer. This requirement applies in the frequency range 1429-1518MHz even though part of the range falls in the spurious domain.

Table 6.6.2.4.7-2: Operating band 32 declared emission outside 1452-1492 MHz

Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Declared emission Measuremen	
	level [dBm]	bandwidth
1429.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1448.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,d}	1 MHz
F _{filter} = 1450.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,e}	3 MHz
F _{filter} = 1493.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,e}	3 MHz
1495.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1517.5 MHz	P _{EM,B32,d}	1 MHz

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [15], is defined in terms of EIRP, which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H of TS 36.104 [4].

In certain regions, the following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 50 and Band 75 within 1492-1517 MHz and in Band 74 within 1492-1518 MHz. The level of emissions, measured on centre frequencies F_{filter} with filter bandwidth according to Table 6.6.2.4.7-3, shall neither exceed the maximum emission level $P_{EM,B50,B74,B75,a}$ nor $P_{EM,B50,B74,B75,b}$ declared by the manufacturer.

Table 6.6.2.4.7-3: Operating band 50, 74 and 75 declared emission above 1518 MHz

Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Declared emission level [dBm]	Measurement bandwidth
1518.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1519.5 MHz	P _{EM,B50,B74,B75,a}	1 MHz
1520.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1558.5 MHz	Pem, B50, B74, B75, b	1 MHz

NOTE: The regional requirement, included in [16], is defined in terms of EIRP, which is dependent on both the BS emissions at the antenna connector and the deployment (including antenna gain and feeder loss). The requirement defined above provides the characteristics of the base station needed to verify compliance with the regional requirement. The assessment of the EIRP level is described in Annex H.

In certain regions, the following requirement may apply to NR or E-UTRA BS operating in Band 50 and Band 75 within 1432-1452 MHz, and in Band 51 and Band 76. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.4.7-4.

Table 6.6.2.4.7-4: Additional operating band unwanted emission limits for BS operating in Band 50and 75 within 1432-1452 MHz, and in Band 51 and 76

Filter centre frequency, Ffilter	Maximum Level [dBm]	Measurement Bandwidth
F _{filter} = 1413.5 MHz	-42	27 MHz

6.6.2.4.8 Additional requirements for band 45

In certain regions the following requirement may apply to E-UTRA BS operating in Band 45. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.4.8-1.

Operating Band	Filter centre frequency, F _{filter}	Maximum Level [dBm]	Measurement Bandwidth
45	F _{filter} = 1467.5	-20	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1468.5	-23	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1469.5	-26	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1470.5	-33	1 MHz
	F _{filter} = 1471.5	-40	1 MHz
	1472.5 MHz ≤ F _{filter} ≤ 1491.5 MHz	-47	1 MHz

Table 6.6.2.4.8-1: Emissions limits for protection of adjacent band services

6.6.2.4.9 Additional requirements for band 48

The following requirement may apply to BS operating in Band 48 in certain regions. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.2.4.9-1.

Channel bandwidth	Frequency offset of measurement filter -3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Minimum requirement	Measurement bandwidth
All	$0 \text{ MHz} \le \Delta f < 10 \text{ MHz}$	$0.5 \text{ MHz} \le f_{offset} < 9.5 \text{ MHz}$	-13 dBm	1 MHz

6.6.3 Occupied bandwidth

The occupied bandwidth is the width of a frequency band such that, below the lower and above the upper frequency limits, the mean powers emitted are each equal to a specified percentage $\beta/2$ of the total mean transmitted power. See also ITU-R Recommendation SM.328 [11].

The value of $\beta/2$ shall be taken as 0.5%.

The requirement in the present clause applies during the transmitter ON period for a single transmitted carrier. For E-UTRA intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirement in clause 6.6.1 of TS 36.104 [4] applies for the E-UTRA component carriers that are aggregated. For NR intra-band contiguous carrier aggregation, the requirement in clause 6.6.2.2 of TS 38.104 [17] applies for the NR component carriers that are aggregated. The minimum requirement below may be applied regionally. There may also be regional requirements to declare the occupied bandwidth according to the definition in the present clause.

6.6.3.1 Minimum requirement

The occupied bandwidth shall be less than values listed in Table 6.6.3.1-1.

RAT	Occupied bandwidth limit
E-UTRA and NR	BWChannel
UTRA FDD	5 MHz
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1.6 MHz
NB-IoT	200 kHz

Table 6.6.3.1-1: Occupied bandwidth

6.6.4 Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR)

Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequency to the filtered mean power centred on an adjacent channel frequency.

6.6.4.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for ACLR is specified in Table 6.6.4.1-1 and 6.6.4.1-2 and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth.

For a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the ACLR also applies for the first adjacent channel inside any subblock gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any sub-block gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 20$ MHz. The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.4 applies in sub block gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.4-1.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped onto the same antenna connector, the ACLR also applies for the first adjacent channel inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 20$ MHz.

The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.4 applies in Inter-RF Bandwidth gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.4-1.

The requirements apply during the transmitter ON period.

The ACLR is defined with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the transmission bandwidth configuration of the transmitted signal (BW_{Config}) centred on the assigned channel frequency and a filter centred on the adjacent channel frequency according to the tables below.

For Category A Wide Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -13dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Category B Wide Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -15dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent. For Medium Range BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -25 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Local Area BS, either the ACLR limits in the tables below or the absolute limit of -32dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For operation in paired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.1-1.

Channel bandwidth of E-UTRA Lowest/ Highest Carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lower or above the upper Base Station RF bandwidth edge	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
1.4, 3.0, 5, 10, 15, 20	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
NOTE 1: BW _{Channel} and BW _{Config} are the channel bandwidth and transmission bandwidth configuration of the E-				
UTRA Lowest/Highest Carrier transmitted on the assigned channel frequency.				
NOTE 2: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.104 [2], with a chip				
rate as defined in this table.				

Table 6.6.4.1-1: Base Station ACLR in paired spectrum

For operation in unpaired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.1-2.

Channel bandwidth of E-UTRA Lowest/ Highest Carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lower or above the upper Base Station RF Bandwidth edge	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
1.4, 3	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	0.8 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	45 dB
	2.4 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	45 dB
5, 10, 15, 20	0.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	1.5 x BW _{Channel}	E-UTRA of same BW	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	0.8 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	45 dB
	2.4 MHz	1.28 Mcps UTRA	RRC (1.28 Mcps)	45 dB
	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
	5 MHz	7.68 Mcps UTRA	RRC (7.68 Mcps)	45 dB
	15 MHz	7.68 Mcps UTRA	RRC (7.68 Mcps)	45 dB
UTRA Lowest/H	lighest Carrier transmitted of shall be equivalent to the tra	on the assigned channel	bandwidth configuration of t frequency. defined in TS 25.105 [3], wit	

Table 6.6.4.1-2: Base Station ACLR in unpaired spectrum with synchronized oper	ation
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For operation in non-contiguous paired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.1-3.

Sub-block gap size (W _{gap}) where the limit applies	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
W _{gap} ≥ 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
W _{gap} ≥ 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
NOTE: The RRC filter shall be equivalent to the transmit pulse shape filter defined in TS 25.104 [2], with a chip rate as defined in this table.				

For operation in non-contiguous unpaired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.1-4.

Sub-block gap size (W _{gap}) where the limit applies	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier (informative)	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
W _{gap} ≥ 15 MHz	2.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA carrier	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
W _{gap} ≥ 20 MHz	7.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA carrier	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB

6.6.4.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for ACLR is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 6.6.2.2, and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth.

For a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, ACLR requirement also applies for the first adjacent channel, inside any sub-block gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies

inside any sub-block gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 20$ MHz. The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.4 applies in sub block gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.4-1.

For a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped onto the same antenna connector, ACLR requirement also applies for the first adjacent channel, inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 15$ MHz. The ACLR requirement for the second adjacent channel applies inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size $W_{gap} \ge 20$ MHz. The CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.4 applies in Inter RF Bandwidth gaps for the frequency ranges defined in Table 6.6.4.4-1.

6.6.4.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for ACLR is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 6.6.2.2.1.2, and applies outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth.

6.6.4.4 Cumulative ACLR requirement in non-contiguous spectrum

The following requirement applies for the sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap sizes listed in Table 6.6.4.4-1:

- Inside a sub-block gap within an operating band for a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum.
- Inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap for a BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped on the same antenna connector.

The Cumulative Adjacent Channel Leakage Power Ratio (CACLR) in a sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is the ratio of

- a) the sum of the filtered mean power centred on the assigned channel frequencies for the two carriers adjacent to each side of the sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap, and
- b) the filtered mean power centred on a frequency channel adjacent to one of the respective sub-block edges or Base Station RF Bandwidth edges.

The requirement applies to adjacent channels of NR, E-UTRA or UTRA carriers allocated adjacent to each side of the sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap. The assumed filter for the adjacent channel frequency is defined in Table 6.6.4.4-1 and the filters on the assigned channels are defined in Table 6.6.4.4-2.

NOTE: If the RAT on the assigned channel frequencies are different, the filters used are also different.

For Wide Area Category A BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -13dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Wide Area Category B BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -15dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Medium Range BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -25 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

For Local Area BS, either the CACLR limits in Table 6.6.4.4-1 or the absolute limit of -32 dBm/MHz shall apply, whichever is less stringent.

The CACLR for E-UTRA and UTRA carriers located on either side of the sub-block gap or the Inter RF Bandwidth gap shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.4-1.

Band Category	Sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap size (W _{gap}) where the limit applies [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block edge or the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier (informative)	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	CACLR limit
BC1, BC2	5 ≤ W _{gap} < 15 (Note 3)	2.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
BC1, BC2	10 < W _{gap} < 20 (Note 3)	7.5 MHz	3.84 Mcps UTRA	RRC (3.84 Mcps)	45 dB
BC3	5 ≤ W _{gap} < 15 (Note 3)	2.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC3	10 < W _{gap} < 20 (Note 3)	7.5 MHz	5MHz E-UTRA	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	5 ≤ W _{gap} < 45 (Note 4)	2.5 MHz	5 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	10 ≤ W _{gap} < 50 (Note 4)	7.5 MHz	5 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	20 ≤ W _{gap} < 30 (Note 3, 5)	10 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	20 ≤ W _{gap} < 60 (Note 4)	10 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	40 ≤ W _{gap} < 50 (Note 3, 5)	30 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
BC1, BC2, BC3	40 ≤ W _{gap} < 80 (Note 4)	30 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
NOTE 1: TI ra NOTE 2: W NOTE 3: A 15 NOTE 4: A	he RRC filter shall l te as defined in thi (ith SCS that provic pplicable in case th 5, 20 MHz.	les largest transmission ban le <i>channel bandwidth</i> of the le <i>channel bandwidth</i> of the	dwidth configuration (carrier transmitted at	BW _{Config}). the other edge of the gap	is 5, 10,

Table 6.6.4.4-1: Base Station CACLR in non-contiguous spectrum or multiple bands

30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 MHz. Applicable in case the *channel bandwidth* of the lowest/highest NR carrier transmitted is 25, 30, 40, 50,

NOTE 5: 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 MHz.

Table 6.6.4.4-2: Filter parameters for the assigned channel

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the sub-block and Inter RF Bandwidth gap	Filter on the assigned channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth		
E-UTRA	E-UTRA of same BW		
UTRA FDD	RRC (3.84 Mcps)		
NR	NR of same BW with SCS that provides		
largest transmission bandwidth conf			
NOTE: The RRC filter shall			
defined in TS 25.104 [2], with a chip rate as defined in this table.			

6.6.4.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT in-band and guard band operation, the E-UTRA minimum requirement specified in clause 6.6.4.1 shall apply.

For NB-IoT standalone operation, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.5-1.

Channel bandwidth of standalone NB-IoT lowest/highest carrier transmitted BW _{Channel}	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lowest or above the highest carrier centre frequency transmitted	Assumed adjacent channel carrier (informative)	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit	
200 kHz	300 kHz	Standalone NB-IoT	Square (BW _{Configl})	40 dB	
	500 kHz	Standalone NB-IoT	Square (BW _{Config})	50 dB	
NOTE 1: BW _{Config} is the transmission bandwidth configuration of the E-UTRA Lowest/Highest Carrier transmitted on the assigned channel frequency.					

Table 6.6.4.5-1: Base Station ACLR for NB-IoT standalone operation

6.6.4.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirements shall apply outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth whatever the type of transmitter considered (single carrier or multi-carrier) and for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification.

For a BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the ACLR requirement shall apply in *sub-block gaps* for the frequency ranges defined in table 6.6.4.6-2a, while the CACLR requirement shall apply in *sub-block gaps* for the frequency ranges defined in table 6.6.4.4-1.

For BS operating in multiple bands, where multiple bands are mapped onto the same *antenna connector*, the ACLR requirement shall apply in *Inter RF Bandwidth gaps* for the frequency ranges defined in table 6.6.4.6-2a, while the CACLR requirement in subclause 6.6.4.4 shall apply in *Inter RF Bandwidth gaps* for the frequency ranges defined in table 6.6.4.4-1.

The requirement shall apply during the *transmitter ON period*. The ACLR is defined with a square filter of bandwidth equal to the transmission bandwidth configuration of the transmitted signal (BW_{Config}) centred on the assigned channel frequency and a filter centred on the adjacent channel frequency according to the tables below.

The ACLR absolute *limit* in table 6.6.4.6-2 or the ACLR (CACLR) *limit* in table 6.6.4.6-1, 6.6.4.6-2a or 6.6.4.4-1, whichever is less stringent, shall apply for each *antenna connector*.

For operation in paired and unpaired spectrum, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in table 6.6.4.6-1.

Channel bandwidth of lowest/highest NR carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below the lowest or above the highest carrier centre frequency transmitted	Assumed adjacent channel carrier (informative)	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit	
5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90,100	BWChannel	NR of same BW (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB	
	2 x BW _{Channel}	NR of same BW (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB	
	BW _{Channel} /2 + 2.5 MHz	5 MHz E-UTRA	Square (4.5 MHz)	45 dB (Note 3)	
	BW _{Channel} /2 + 7.5 MHz	5 MHz E-UTRA	Square (4.5 MHz)	45 dB (Note 3)	
NOTE 1: BW _{channel} and BW _{config} are the <i>channel bandwidth</i> and transmission bandwidth configuration of the lowest/highest NR carrier transmitted on the assigned channel frequency.					
NOTE 2: With SCS that provides largest transmission bandwidth configuration (BW _{Config}). NOTE 3: The requirements are applicable when the band is also defined for E-UTRA or UTRA.					

Table 6.6.4.6-1: Base station ACLR limit

The ACLR absolute limit is specified in table 6.6.4.6-2.

BS category / BS class	ACLR absolute limit
Category A Wide Area BS	-13 dBm/MHz
Category B Wide Area BS	-15 dBm/MHz
Medium Range BS	-25 dBm/MHz
Local Area BS	-32 dBm/MHz

Table 6.6.4.6-2: Base station ACLR absolute limit

For operation in non-contiguous spectrum or multiple bands, the ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.6.4.6-2a.

Table 6.6.4.6-2a: Base Station ACLR limit in non-contiguous spectrum or multiple bands

Channel bandwidth of lowest/highest NR carrier transmitted BW _{Channel} [MHz]	Sub-block or Inter RF Bandwidth gap size (Wgap) where the limit applies [MHz]	BS adjacent channel centre frequency offset below or above the sub-block or Base Station RF Bandwidth edge (inside the gap)	Assumed adjacent channel carrier	Filter on the adjacent channel frequency and corresponding filter bandwidth	ACLR limit
5, 10, 15, 20	W _{gap} ≥ 15 (Note 3) W _{gap} ≥ 45 (Note 4)	2.5 MHz	5 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	W _{gap} ≥ 20 (Note 3) Wgap ≥ 50 (Note 4)	7.5 MHz	5 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100	Wgap ≥ 60 (Note 4) Wgap ≥ 30 (Note 3)	10 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
	Wgap ≥ 80 (Note 4) Wgap ≥ 50 (Note 3)	30 MHz	20 MHz NR (Note 2)	Square (BW _{Config})	45 dB
NOTE 2: With SCS th	at provides largest tra case the <i>channel ba</i>	width configuration of the a ansmission bandwidth con andwidth of the NR carrier	figuration (BWc	Config).	is 5, 10,
	n case the <i>channel ba</i> 60, 70, 80, 90, 100 MH	<i>Indwidth</i> of the NR carrier	transmitted at t	he other edge of the gap	is 25,

6.7 Transmitter intermodulation

The transmitter intermodulation requirement is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non-linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna. The requirement applies during the transmitter ON period and the transmitter transient period.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply regardless of the interfering signals position relative to the Inter-RF Bandwidth gap.

6.7.1 General minimum requirement

The transmitter intermodulation level is the power of the intermodulation products when an interfering signal is injected into the antenna connector.

The transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.1-1 for BS operation in BC1, BC2 and BC3.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement is also applicable inside a sub-block gap for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the sub-block gap. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of each operating band. In case the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is less than 15 MHz, the requirement in the gap applies only for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

Table 6.7.1-1: Interfering signals for the Transmitter intermodulation requirement

	Parameter	Value
Interfering signal type		E-UTRA signal of channel bandwidth 5 MHz
Interfering signal level		Rated total output power in the operating band – 30dB
Interferin	g signal centre	±2.5 MHz
frequency	y offset from the	±7.5 MHz
Base Sta	tion RF Bandwidth	±12.5 MHz
edge or sub-block edge inside		
a gap		
NOTE:	Interfering signal positions that are partially or completely outside of any downlink operating band of the base station are excluded from the requirement, unless the interfering signal positions fall within the frequency range of adjacent downlink operating bands in the same geographical area. In case that none of the interfering signal positions fall completely within the frequency range of the downlink operating band, TS 37.141 [10] provides further guidance regarding appropriate test requirements.	
NOTE2:	In certain regions, NOTE 1 is not applied in Band 1, 3, 8, 9, 11, 18, 19, 21, 28, 32 operating within 1475.9-1495.9MHz, 34.	

6.7.2 Additional minimum requirement (BC1 and BC2)

The transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.2-1 for BS operation in BC2.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth and Radio Bandwidth for BC2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum in BC1 or BC2, the requirement is also applicable inside a sub-block gap with a gap size larger than or equal to two times the interfering signal centre frequency offset. For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum in BC1, the requirement is not applicable inside a sub-block gap with a gap size equal to or larger than 5 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of a BC2 operating band. The requirement is also applicable for BC1 and BC2 inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap equal to or larger than two times the interfering signal centre frequency offset. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement is not applicable for BC1 band inside an Inter RF Bandwidth gap with a gap size equal to or larger than 5 MHz.

Parameter	Value	
Interfering signal type	CW	
Interfering signal level	Rated total output power in the operating band – 30dB	
Interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap	> abs(800) kHz for CW interferer	
NOTE: Interfering signal positions that are partially or completely outside of any downlink operating band of the base station are excluded from the requirement.		

Table 6.7.2-1: Interfering signal for the transmitter intermodulation requirement

6.7.3 Additional minimum requirement (BC3)

The transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the unwanted emission limits in subclause 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.4 in the presence of a wanted signal and an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.3-1 for BS operation in BC3.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges of each operating band. In case the Inter RF Bandwidth gap is less than 3.2 MHz, the requirement in the gap applies only for interfering signal offsets where the interfering signal falls completely within the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

Table 6.7.3-1: Interfering signals for the Transmitter intermodulation requirement (BC3)

Parameter	Value		
Interfering signal type	1.28Mcps UTRA TDD signal of channel bandwidth 1.6MHz		
Interfering signal level	Rated total output power in the		
	operating band – 30dB		
Interfering signal centre	±0.8 MHz		
frequency offset from Base	±1.6 MHz		
Station RF Bandwidth edge or	±2.4 MHz		
sub-block edge inside a gap			
NOTE: Interfering signal pos	TE: Interfering signal positions that are partially or completely		
outside of any downlink operating band of the base station a			
excluded from the requirement.			

6.7.4 Additional requirements

In certain regions the following requirement may apply. For BS operating in Band 41, the transmitter intermodulation level shall not exceed the maximum levels specified in Table 6.6.1.3.1-3, Table 6.6.2.4.6-1 and Table 6.6.4.1-2 with a square filter in the first adjacent channel, in the presence of an interfering signal according to Table 6.7.4-1.

Table 6.7.4-1 Interfering and wanted signals for the additional transmitter intermodulation requirement for Band 41

Parameter	Value		
Wanted signal	E-UTRA single carrier (NOTE)		
Interfering signal type	E-UTRA signal of the same channel bandwidth as the wanted signal		
Interfering signal level	Rated total output power in the operating band – 30dB		
Interfering signal centre frequency offset from	± BW _{Channel}		
the lower/upper centre frequency of the	± 2 x BW _{Channel}		
wanted signal			
NOTE: This requirement applies for 10 or 20	0 MHz E-UTRA carriers allocated within 2545-2575MHz or 2595-		
2645MHz.			

7 Receiver characteristics

7.1 General

The requirements in clause 7 are expressed for a single receiver antenna connector. For receivers with antenna diversity or in case of multi-carrier reception with multiple receiver antenna connectors, the requirements apply for each receiver antenna connector.

For blocking and intermodulation characteristics, the negative offsets of the interfering signal apply relative to the assigned channel frequency of the lowest carrier frequency received and positive offsets of the interfering signal apply relative to the assigned channel frequency of the highest carrier frequency received.

A BS supporting DC-HSUPA receives two UTRA FDD cells simultaneously on adjacent carrier frequencies.

Unless otherwise stated, the receiver characteristics are specified at the BS antenna connector (test port A) with a full complement of transceivers for the configuration in normal operating conditions. For FDD operation the requirements in clause 7 shall be met with the transmitter(s) on. If any external apparatus such as a RX amplifier, a filter or the combination of such devices is used, requirements apply at the far end antenna connector (test port B).

NOTE: In normal operating conditions the BS in FDD operation is configured to transmit and receive at the same time. The transmitter may be off for some of the tests as specified in 37.141 [10].

Unless otherwise stated the requirements in clause 7 apply during the base station receive period.

Unless otherwise stated the requirements for NB-IoT in subclause 7 applies for all operation modes (In-band operation, Guard-band operation and Stand-alone operation).

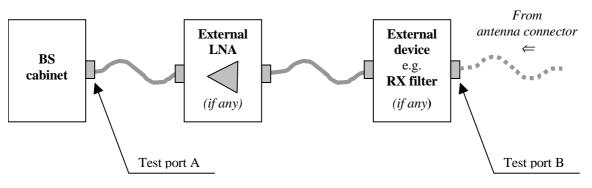


Figure 7.1-1: Receiver test ports

E-UTRA and NR throughput requirements defined for the receiver characteristics in this clause do not assume HARQ retransmissions.

Values for $F_{offset, RAT}$ to meet receiver requirements are specific for each RAT in each Band Category as specified in subclause 4.5.1 for Band Category 1, subclause 4.5.2 for Band Category 2 and subclause 4.5.3 for Band Category 3.

7.2 Reference sensitivity level

The reference sensitivity power level $P_{REFSENS}$ is the minimum mean power received at the antenna connector at which a reference performance requirement shall be met for a specified reference measurement channel.

7.2.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.

7.2.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.

7.2.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.

7.2.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity is specified in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of subclause 6.2.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.1 apply for GSM/EDGE reference sensitivity.

7.2.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.

7.2.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for reference sensitivity (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

7.2.7 Void

7.3 Dynamic range

The dynamic range is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal in the presence of an interfering signal inside the received channel bandwidth or the capability of receiving high level of wanted signal.

7.3.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for dynamic range is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.3.

7.3.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirement for dynamic range is specified in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.3.

7.3.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirement for dynamic range is specified in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.3.

7.3.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirement for dynamic range is expressed as Nominal Error Rate and is specified in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of subclause 6.1.1.1, 6.1.1.3, 6.1.2.2 and 6.1.3.2.

7.3.5 NB-IoT minimum requirement

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for dynamic range is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.3.

7.3.6 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for dynamic range (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.3.

7.4 In-band selectivity and blocking

The in-band selectivity and blocking characteristics are measures of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel in the presence of an unwanted interferer inside the operating band and are defined by a (wideband) and a narrowband blocking requirement.

The in-band blocking requirement applies from $F_{UL_{low}} - \Delta f_{OOB}$ to $F_{UL_{high}} + \Delta f_{OOB}$, excluding the downlink frequency range of the FDD *operating band*. The values of Δf_{OOB} are defined in table 7.4-1.

Table 7.4-1: Maximum Δf_{OOB} offset outside the uplink operating band

Operating band characteristics	Δf _{OOB} [MHz]
200 MHz ≥ $F_{UL_high} - F_{UL_low}$	20
200 MHz < F _{UL_high} – F _{UL_low} ≤ 900 MHz	60

7.4.1 General blocking minimum requirement

For the general blocking requirement, the interfering signal shall be a UTRA FDD signal as specified in annex A for a UTRA, E-UTRA, NB-IOT, GSM/EDGE or NR (\leq 20 MHz) wanted signal. The interfering signal shall be a 20 MHz E-UTRA signal for NR wanted signal channel bandwidth greater than 20MHz.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap, in case the sub-block gap size is at least 15 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the sub-block gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least 15 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the base station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.1-1 and 7.4.1-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.1.
- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies according to Table 7.4.1-1 for the in-band blocking frequency ranges of each supported operating band.

Base Sta	tion Type	Mean power of interfering signal [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm] (Note 1)	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering signal centre frequency minimum frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap [MHz]			
Wide A	rea BS	-40+y (Note 7)	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 2, 5)					
Medium F	Range BS	-35+y (Note 7)	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 3, 5)	$F_{UL_{low}} - \Delta f_{OOB}$ to $F_{UL_{high}} + \Delta f_{OOB}$	± (7.5 + z) (Note 9)			
Local A	rea BS	-30+y (Note 7)	P _{REFSENS} + x dB (Note 4, 5)	(Note 8)				
NOTE 2:	 signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. E 3: For MR BS not supporting NR, "x" is equal to 6 in case of UTRA wanted signals, 9 in case of E-UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signal and 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. E 4: For LA BS not supporting NR, "x" is equal to 11 in case of E-UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signal, 6 in case of UTRA wanted signal and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. 							
NOTE 7:	 interfering signal for the supported operating bands, "x" is equal to 1.4 dB. NOTE 7: For a BS not supporting NR, "y" is equal to zero for all BS classes. For a BS supporting NR and not supporting UTRA nor GSM, "y" is equal to -3 for the WA and MR BS class and -5 for the LA BS class. NOTE 8: The downlink frequency range of an EDD operating hand is excluded from the general blocking. 							
	requireme	e downlink frequency range of an FDD operating band is excluded from the general blocking uirement. NR wanted signal channel bandwidth greater than 20 MHz, $z = 22.5$. For all other cases, $z = 0$.						

Table 7.4.1-2: Void

NOTE: The requirement in Table 7.4.1-1 assumes that two operating bands, where the downlink operating band (see Table 4.5-1 and Table 4.5-2) of one band would be within the in-band blocking region of the other band, are not deployed in the same geographical area.

7.4.2 General narrowband blocking minimum requirement

For the general narrowband blocking requirement, the interfering signal shall be an E-UTRA 1RB signal as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap, in case the sub-block gap size is at least 3 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the sub-block gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap in case the gap size is at least 3 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the base station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.2-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.

- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.1.
- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

Base Station Type	RAT of the carrier	Wanted signal mean power [dBm] (Note 1,2,7)	Interfering signal mean power [dBm]	Interfering RB (Note 3) centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap [kHz]			
Wide Area BS			-49	±(240 +m*180),			
Medium Range BS			-44	m=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 14			
Local Area BS	NB-IoT (Note 4) UTRA and GSM/EDGE	P _{REFSENS} + x dB	-41	(Note 5) ±(550 +m*180), m=0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 29, 54, 79, 99 (Note 6)			
NOTE 2: "x" is eo wanted	 IOTE 1: PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and on the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2. IOTE 2: "x" is equal to 6 in case of NR, E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. "x" is specified in Table 7.4.2-2 for NB-IoT. 						
channe	NOTE 3: Interfering signal (E-UTRA 3MHz) consisting of one resource block positioned at the stated offset, the channel bandwidth of the interfering signal is located adjacently to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge.						
placed	IOTE 4: For NB-IoT, the mentioned desensitized values consider only one NB-IoT PRB in the guard band, which is placed adjacent to the E-UTRA PRB edge as close as possible (i.e., away from edge of channel bandwidth).						
	5: Applicable for channel bandwidths equal to or below 20 MHz.						
	E 6: Applicable for <i>channel bandwidths</i> above 20 MHz.						
	NOTE 7: 7.5 kHz shift is not applied to the wanted signal of NR.						
NOTE 8: Void	NOTE 8: Void						

Table 7.4.2-1: Narrowband blocking requirement

Operation mode	LTE channel bandwidth for in- band/guard band operation	x
Standalone	-	12
	0.141	
	3 MHz	11
In Band	5 MHz	9
in Bana	10 MHz	6
	15 MHz	6
	20 MHz	6
	5 MHz	13
Guard band	10 MHz	6
Guard Dariu	15 MHz	6
	20 MHz	6

Table 7.4.2-2: "x" for NB-IoT wanted signals

7.4.3 Additional Narrowband blocking minimum requirement for GSM/EDGE

The GSM/EDGE in-band blocking requirement as stated in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of subclauses 5.1.3 and 5.1.4, shall apply for any GSM/EDGE carrier.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.1 apply for GSM/EDGE in-band narrowband blocking.

7.4.4 GSM/EDGE requirements for AM suppression

The GSM/EDGE AM suppression requirement as stated in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of subclauses 5.2.2, shall apply for any GSM/EDGE carrier.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.3 apply for GSM/EDGE AM suppression.

7.4.5 Additional BC3 blocking minimum requirement

The interfering signal is a 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD modulated signal as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is always applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least 4.8 MHz. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted and interfering signal coupled to the base station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.4.5-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA, E-UTRA with NB-IoT and/or NB-IoT TDD carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.

Operating Band	Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal [MHz]	Interfering Signal mean power [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Interfering signal centre frequency minimum frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge [MHz]			
33 - 40	(F _{UL_low} - 20) to (F _{UL_high} + 20)	-40,	PREFSENS + 6 dB*	±2.4			
NOTE*: PREFS	NOTE*: PREFSENS depends on the RAT and on the channel bandwidth, see clause 7.2.						

Table 7.4.5-1: Additional blocking requirement for Band Category 3

7.5 Out-of-band blocking

The Out-of-band blocking characteristic is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel in the presence of an unwanted interferer outside the uplink operating band.

7.5.1 General minimum requirement

For a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to BS antenna input using the parameters in Table 7.5.1-1, the following requirements shall be met:

 For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.

- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.1.
- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies for each supported operating band. The in-band blocking frequency ranges of all supported operating bands according to Table 7.4.1-1 shall be excluded from the requirement.

The out-of-band blocking requirement applies from 1 MHz to F_{UL_low} - Δf_{OOB} and from F_{UL_high} + Δf_{OOB} up to 12750MHz, including the downlink frequency range of the FDD *operating band for BS supporting FDD*. Δf_{OOB} is defined in table 7.4-1

Interfering Signal mean power [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of Interfering Signal				
-15 (NOTE2)	P _{REFSENS} +xdB (NOTE1)	CW carrier				
NOTE1: P _{REFSENS} depends on the RAT, the BS class and the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2. "x" is equal to 6 in case of NR, E-UTRA, UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal						
GSM/EDGE wanted signal. NOTE2: For NB-IoT, up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each wanted signal frequency when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the above throughput requirement shall be met when the blocking signal is set to a level of -40 dBm for 15 kHz subcarrier spacing and -46 dBm for 3.75 kHz subcarrier spacing. In addition, each group of exceptions shall not exceed three contiguous measurements using a 1MHz step size.						

Table 7.5.1-1: Out-of-band blocking performance requirement

7.5.2 Co-location minimum requirement

This additional blocking requirement may be applied for the protection of BS receivers when NR, E-UTRA, NB-IoT, UTRA, CDMA or GSM/EDGE BS operating in a different frequency band are co-located with a BS.

The requirements in this subclause assume a 30 dB coupling loss between the interfering transmitter and the BS receiver and are based on co-location with base stations of the same class.

For a wanted and an interfering signal coupled to BS antenna input using the parameters in Table 7.5.2-1, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.1.

- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

 Table 7.5.2-1: Blocking requirement for co-location with BS in other frequency bands.

	Frequency of Interfering Signal (MHz)	g Signal mean power for WA BS (dBm)	Interfering Signal mean power for MR BS (dBm)	Interfering Signal mean power for LA BS (dBm)	Wanted Signal mean power (dBm)	Type of Interfering Signal
GSM850 or CDMA850	869 - 894	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier
GSM900	921 – 960	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
DCS1800	1805 – 1880 (Note 4)	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
PCS1900	1930 – 1990	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band I or E-UTRA Band 1 or NR Band n1	2110 – 2170	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band II or E-UTRA Band 2 or NR Band n2	1930 – 1990	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band III or E-UTRA Band 3 or NR Band n3	1805 – 1880 (Note 4)	+16**	+8**	-6**	Prefsens + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band IV or E-UTRA Band 4	2110 – 2155	+16**	+8**	-6**	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band V or E-UTRA Band 5 or NR Band n5	869 – 894	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VI or E-UTRA Band 6	875 – 885	+16**	+8**	-6**	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VII or E-UTRA Band 7 or NR Band n7	2620 – 2690	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band VIII or E-UTRA Band 8 or NR Band n8	925 – 960	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band IX or E-UTRA Band 9	1844.9 – 1879.9	+16**	+8**	-6**	Prefsens + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band X or E-UTRA Band 10	2110 – 2170	+16**	+8**	-6**	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XI or E-UTRA Band 11	1475.9 - 1495.9	+16**	+8**	-6**	Prefsens + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XII or E-UTRA Band 12 or NR Band n12	729 - 746	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XIIII or E-UTRA Band 13	746 - 756	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XIV or E-UTRA Band 14	758 - 768	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 17	734 - 746	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 18 UTRA FDD Band	860 - 875	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
XIX or E-UTRA Band 19	875 - 890	+16**	+8**	-6**	$P_{REFSENS} + x dB^*$	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XX or E-UTRA Band 20 or NR Band n20	791 - 821	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier
21	1495.9 – 1510.9	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier
UTRA FDD Band XXII or E-UTRA Band 22	3510 – 3590	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier
E-UTRA Band 23 E-UTRA Band 24	2180 - 2200 1525 - 1559	+16** +16**	+8** +8**	-6** -6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB* P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier CW carrier

XV or E-UTRA Band Zo NR Band 1930 - 1995 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier VITRA FDD Band 859 - 894 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier Sand Zo NR Band 859 - 894 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 27 852 - 869 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 28 or 788 - 803 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2350-2360 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 30 462.5 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 462.5 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier Band 30 or NR Band 31 462.5 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 or E-UTRA TDD 1900-1920 +16" +8" -6" Pessass + x dB*	UTRA FDD Band							
Band 25 or NR Band 1930 - 1995 +16" +6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier UTRA FDD Band XXVI or E-UTRA 859 - 984 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier E-UTRA Band 27 852 - 869 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier E-UTRA Band 28 758 - 803 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier E-UTRA Band 29 717 - 728 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 262050 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462.5 - 467.5 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier TUTRA TDD Band 1 1900-1920 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier Band 35 UTRA TDD Band 10 cf-1466 +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" CW carrier Gr - F-UTRA TDD 1930-190 +16" +8" -6" Preffects + X dB" <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>								
n25		1930 – 1995	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier	
UTRA FDD Band 859 – 894 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 27 852 - 889 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 28 775 - 803 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 29 717 - 728 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2350-2360 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462.5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier XXII 0F E-UTRA 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** Pressess + x dB* CW carrier								
XXVI or E-UTRA 859 – 894 +16** +8** -6** PREFERENT × dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 27 552 - 869 +16** +8** -6** Presense × dB* CW carrier R. Band 28 or 758 - 803 +16** +8** -6** Presense × dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 28 or 717 - 728 +16** +8** -6** Presense × dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2350-2360 +16** +8** -6** Presense + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 462 - 1496 +16** +8** -6** Presense + dB* CW carrier Band 32 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Presense + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 or INR Band not 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Presense + x dB* CW carrier Band 35 or 1910 +16** +8** -6** Presense + x dB* CW carrier Band 35 0*** Presense + x dB* CW carrier Presense + x dB* CW carrier								
Band 26		859 - 894	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREESENS + X dB*	CW carrier	
E-UTRA Band 27 852-869 4+16** +8** -6** Peersess + x dB* CW carrier NR Band n28 or 758 - 803 +16** +8** -6** Peersess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 20 777-728 +16** +8** -6** Peersess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2350-2360 +16** +8** -6** Peersess + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462 5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** Peersess + x dB* CW carrier UTRA FDD Band 31 462 5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier IUTRA TDD Band 31 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 107 E-UTRA TDD Band 31 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 107 E-UTRA TDD Band 31 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 107 E-UTRA TDD Band 31 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 0 1930-1920 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 107 E-UTRA TDD Band 31 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 0 1930-1930 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 107 E-UTRA TDD Band 51 or E-UTRA TDD Band 51 07 900 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 1930-1930 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier IUTRA TDD Band 61 or E-UTRA Band 30 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier IUTRA TDD Band 61 or E-UTRA Band 32 3600 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 or 2496 - 2890 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 42 3400-3800 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 or 03-800 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 703-800 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 703-800 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1477 -148* +6** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 703-800 +16** +8** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1477 -148* +6** -6** Peerses + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band					-			
E-UTRA Band 28 or 768 - 803 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 29 717 - 728 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2350-2360 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462.5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 1462.5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier TXX ID E-UTRA TDD Band 1452 - 1496 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier TXX ID E-UTRA TDD Band 1 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 2 010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X GB* CW carrier Band 34 or NB Band 134 0 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 3) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 3) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 3) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 3) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 4) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 5) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 5) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 5) 07 E-UTRA TDD Band 6) 07 E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier 07 NR Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier 07 NR Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier 07 NR Band n49 1270-1280 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 07 NR Band 141 2496 -2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 07 NR Band 141 2496 -2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 07 NR Band 140 1270-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 07 NR Band 140 1427 -1432 NA N/A -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 07 NR Band 143 3600 - 3600 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1447 -1467 +16** +8** -6** PREFERS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1447 -1467 +16** +8**		852 - 869	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier	
NR Band n28 179 - 90.3 +6" -6" Perspense + 6dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 30 2250-2360 +16" +8"* -6"* Perspense + 6dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462:5 - 467.5 +16"* +8"* -6"* Perspense + 6dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 462:5 - 467.5 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + 6dB* CW carrier Band 32 UTRA TDD Band 4) or E-UTRA TDD 1900-1920 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 1850-1910 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) 0" c-UTRA TDD 1930-1990 +16"* +8"* -6"* Prespense + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 0 0" c-UTRA DD 1930-1990 +16"*								
E-UTRA Band 30 2360-2360 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 442.5 - 467.5 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 1452 - 1496 (NOTE 5) +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier Band 32 UTRA TDD Band 31 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier Band 34 NR Band 31 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier Band 34 NR Band 31 1930-1930 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 0 1930-1930 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier Band 33 0 1930-1930 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier of NR Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier of NR Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 - 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 42 - 3400 - 3600 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 - 703 -803 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 - 703 -803 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 - 703 -803 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 - 703 -803 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 - 703 -803 +16** +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 - 1427 - 1432 - N/A - N/A -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 50 or 1432 - 1517 +16 +8** -6** Pressue + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 50 or 1432 - 1517 +16 +8** -6**		758 - 803	-	+8^^	-6^^			
E-UTRA Band 30 2360-2360 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 31 462: 5 -467.5 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 31 462: 5 -467.5 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier Band 32 UTRA TDD Band 31 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + dB* CW carrier Band 34 0 NR Band 31 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 34 0 NR Band 31 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 34 0 NR Band 31 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 34 0 NR Band 51 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 35 0 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 51 0 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier Band 35 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 0 r R. Band n40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 10 r R. DBand 19 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 10 r R. Band n40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 10 r R. Band n40 -2300 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier 10 r R. Band 14 0 703 -8030 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 44 703 -8030 +16** +8** -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 0 r 1427 -1432 N/A N/A -6** PREFEREN + x dB* CW carrier E-U	E-UTRA Band 29	717 – 728	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + 6dB*	CW carrier	
E-UTRA Band 31 462.5 - 467.5 + 16** +8** -6** Presens + 6dB* CW carrier TURA FDD Band 1452 - 1496 +16** +8** -6** Presens + 6dB* CW carrier and 32 (NOTE 5) +16** +8** -6** Presens + x dB* CW carrier and 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** Presens + x dB* CW carrier and 33 0 NR Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Pressens + x dB* CW carrier Band 36 UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 40 CW carrier O'NR Band n38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** Pressens + x dB* CW carrier GW carrier O'NR Band n38 UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 41 or CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 or CW carrier E-UTRA Band 65 or CW carrier E-UTRA Band 66 or CW carrier	E-UTRA Band 30		+16**	+8**	-6**			
UTRA FDD Band XXII or E-UTRA DB and 32 1452 = 1496 (NOTE 5) +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + 6dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 34 or NR Band D4 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier Band 34 or NR Band D4 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier Band 35 UTRA TDD Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier Band 38 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 0; or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 1; or E-UTRA Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 1; or E-UTRA Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFRENT + x dB* CW carrier <td>E-UTRA Band 31</td> <td>462.5 - 467.5</td> <td>+16**</td> <td>+8**</td> <td>-6**</td> <td></td> <td></td>	E-UTRA Band 31	462.5 - 467.5	+16**	+8**	-6**			
AXAM OF E-UTRA Band 32 (NOTE 5) #16 ⁻⁺⁻ #8 ⁻⁺ -6 ⁻⁺⁻ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 33 1900-1920 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 34 or NB Band 350 2010-2025 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 350 1850-1910 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier Band 350 1930-1990 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 30 1910-1930 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 1) or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 39 1880-1920 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16 ⁺⁺ +8 ⁺⁺ -6 ⁺⁺ PREFERS + X dB ⁺ CW carrie	UTRA FDD Band							
Band 32 (NOTE 3)	XXXII or E-UTRA		+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + 6dB*	CW carrier	
or E-UTRA TDD Band 33 1900-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 34 or NR Band n34 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA Band 33 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA Band 33 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 10 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier e-UTRA Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x dB* CW carrier e-UTRA Band 43 3600 +16** +8** -6** PREFENS + x		(NOTE 5)						
Band 33 CW CW CW UTRA TDD Band a) n34 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier n34 UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 33 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 33 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 33 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 1) or E-UTRA Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier <	UTRA TDD Band a)							
UTRA TDD Band a) or E-UTRA TDD Band 34 or NR Band n34 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 35 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 38 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier UTRA TDB Band 41 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 42 3600 - 3800 +16** +8** -6*	or E-UTRA TDD	1900-1920	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier	
or E-UTRA TDD Band 34 or NR Band n34 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 33 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Band 36 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 0; or E-UTRA Band 39 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band 1; or E-UTRA Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier or NR Band A90 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier e-UTRA Band 41 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier e-UTRA Band 42 3600 - 3800 +16** +8**	Band 33							
Band 34 or NR Band n34 2010-2025 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW Carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 36 1850-1910 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band b) or E-UTRA TDD Band 36 1930-1990 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band c) or E-UTRA TDD Band 37 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier UTRA TDD Band d) or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Or E-UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier Or F-UTRA Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier C = UTRA Band 410 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 431 3600 - 3800 </td <td>UTRA TDD Band a)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	UTRA TDD Band a)							
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or E-UTRA TDD 1910-1930 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier Band 37 UTRA TDD Band d) 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier 0 r F. UTRA Band 38 2570-2620 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier 0 r NR Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier 0 r NR Band 39 1880-1920 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier 0 r E-UTRA Band 40 2300-2400 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 41 or 2496 - 2690 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 42 3400 - 3600 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1447 - 1467 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW carrier E-UTRA Band 45 1447 - 1467 +16** +8** -6**								
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	E-UTRA Band 73	460 - 465	+16**	+8**	-6**	P _{REFSENS} + 6dB*	CW carrier	

				1			
E-UTRA Band 74 or NR band n74	1475 - 1518 +16** +8** -6** PREFSENS + X dB* C						
E-UTRA Band 75 or NR Band n75	1432 - 1517	+16**	+8**	-6**	PREFSENS + X dB*	CW carrier	
E-UTRA Band 76 or NR Band n76	Or 1427 - 1432 N/A N/A -6** PREFSENS + x dB* CW						
NR Band n77	3300 - 4200	+16**	+8	-6	PREFSENS + x dB*	CW carrier	
NR Band n78	3300 - 3800	+16**	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier	
E-UTRA Band 85	728 - 746	+16**	+8	-6	P _{REFSENS} + x dB*	CW carrier	
NOTE 1 (*): PREFSENS	depends on the RA	. the BS clas	s and the char	nel bandwidt		•	
NB-IoT want NOTE 2: Except for a any of the su operating ba	 "x" is equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal and equal to 6 in case of NR or UTRA or E-UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signals. NOTE 2: Except for a BS operating in Band 13, these requirements do not apply when the interfering signal falls within any of the supported uplink operating band or in the ΔfooB immediately outside any of the supported uplink operating band. For a BS operating in band 13 the requirements do not apply when the interfering signal falls within the 						
NOTE 3: Some comb state-of-the- TDD or NR loss. Howey addressed in	frequency range 768-797 MHz. NOTE 3: Some combinations of bands may not be possible to co-site based on the requirements above. The current state-of-the-art technology does not allow a single generic solution for co-location of UTRA TDD or E-UTRA TDD or NR TDD with E-UTRA FDD or NR FDD on adjacent frequencies for 30dB BS-BS minimum coupling loss. However, there are certain site-engineering solutions that can be used. These techniques are addressed in TR 25.942 [7].						
frequency ra	 DTE 4: In China, the blocking requirement for co-location with DCS1800 and Band III BS is only applicable in the frequency range 1805-1850MHz. DTE 5: For a BS operating in band 11, 21, 74, the requirement for co-location with Band 32 applies for interfering 						
signal within	the frequency range	1475.9-1495	.9 MHz.			c	
NOTE 6: Co-located TDD base stations that are synchronized and using the same or adjacent operating band can receive without special co-location requirements. For unsynchronized base stations, special co-location requirements may apply that are not covered by the 3GPP specifications.							
NOTE 7 (**): For NB-IoT, up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each wanted signal frequency when measured using a 1MHz step size. For these exceptions the above throughput requirement shall be met when the blocking signal is set to a level of -40 dBm for 15 kHz subcarrier spacing and -46 dBm for 3.75 kHz subcarrier spacing. In addition, each group of exceptions shall not exceed three contiguous measurements using a 1MHz step size.							

7.6 Receiver spurious emissions

The receiver spurious emissions power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the BS receiver antenna connector. The requirements apply to all BS with separate RX and TX antenna ports. In this case for FDD BS the test shall be performed when both TX and RX are on, with the TX port terminated.

For TDD BS with common RX and TX antenna port the requirement applies during the Transmitter OFF period. For FDD BS with common RX and TX antenna port the transmitter spurious emission limits as specified in subclause 6.6.1 are valid.

For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the singleband requirements apply and the excluded frequency range is only applicable for the operating band supported on each antenna connector.

7.6.1 General minimum requirement

The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the levels in Table 7.6.1-1:

Frequency range	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note		
30MHz - 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz			
	-57 UDITI				
1 GHz – 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz			
12.75 GHz - 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL operating band in GHz	he ncy JL		This spurious frequency range applies only for <i>operating bands</i> for which the 5 th harmonic of the upper frequency edge of the UL <i>operating band</i> is reaching beyond 12.75 GHz.		
NOTE: The frequency range from $F_{BW RF, DL, low} - \Delta f_{OBUE}$ to $F_{BW RF, DL high} + \Delta f_{OBUE}$ may be excluded from the requirement. For BS capable of multi-band operation, the exclusion applies for all supported operating bands. For BS capable of multi-band operation where multiple bands are mapped on separate antenna connectors, the single-band requirements apply and the excluded frequency range is only applicable for the operating band supported on each antenna connector.					

Table 7.6.1-1: General spurious emissions requirement

In addition to the requirements in Table 7.6.1-1, the power of any spurious emission shall not exceed the Additional spurious emissions requirements in subclause 6.6.1.3 and in case of FDD BS (for BC1 and BC2) emission shall not exceed the levels specified for Protection of the BS receivers of own or different BS in subclause 6.6.1.2. In addition, the requirements for co-location with other base stations specified in subclause 6.6.1.4 may also be applied.

7.6.2 Additional minimum requirement for BC2 (Category B)

For a BS operating in Band Category 2 when GSM/EDGE is configured and where Category B spurious emissions apply, the power of any spurious emissions shall not exceed the limits in Table 7.6.2-1.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the limits in Table 7.6.2-1 are only applicable when all supported operating bands belong to BC2 and GSM/EDGE is configured in all bands.

Frequency range	Frequency offset from downlink operating band edge (Note 1)	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth
	10 – 20 MHz	-57 dBm	300 kHz
500 MHz – 1 GHz	20 – 30 MHz	-57 dBm	1 MHz
	≥ 30 MHz	-57 dBm	3 MHz
1 GHz – 12.75 GHz	≥ 30 MHz	-47 dBm	3 MHz
NOTE 1: For BS capable of multi-band operation, the frequency offset is relative to the closest supported operating band.			

Table 7.6.2-1: Additional BS spurious emissions limits for BC2, Category B

7.7 Receiver intermodulation

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.7.1 General intermodulation minimum requirement

Interfering signals shall be a CW signal and an E-UTRA or UTRA signal as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap, in case the gap size is at least twice as wide as the UTRA/E-UTRA interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the inter Base Station RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency and two interfering signals coupled to the base station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.7.1-1 and 7.7.1-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.2.
- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be \geq 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be $\geq 95\%$ of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

Base S Ty	Station pe	Mean power of interfering signals [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of interfering signal
Wide A	rea BS	-48+y (Note 6)	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 2, 5)	
Medium F	Range BS	-44+y (Note 6)	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 3, 5)	See Table 7.7.1-2
Local A	rea BS	-38+y (Note 6)	P _{REFSENS} +x dB (Note 4, 5)	
NOTE 1:	NOTE 1: PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and on the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2.			
NOTE 2:	2: For WA BS not supporting NR, "x" is equal to 6 in case of E-UTRA or UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.			
NOTE 3:	3: For MR BS not supporting NR, "x" is equal to 6 in case of UTRA wanted signals, 9 in case of E-UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signal and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal.			
NOTE 4:	 OTE 4: For LA BS not supporting NR, "x" is equal to 12 in case of E-UTRA or NB-IoT wanted signals, 6 in case of UTRA wanted signal and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. 			
NOTE 5:	For a BS that transmits NR in some configurations and does not transmit UTRA or GSM in any configuration, x is equal to 6.			
NOTE 6:	For a BS and not su	r a BS not supporting NR, "y" is equal to zero for all BS classes. For a BS supporting NR d not supporting UTRA nor GSM; "y" is equal to -4 for the WA BS class, -3 for the MR class and -6 for the LA BS class.		

Table 7.7.1-1: General intermodulation requirement

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the upper/lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge	Interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge [MHz]	Type of interfering signal
E-UTRA 1.4 MHz	±2.0 (BC1 and BC3) /	CW
	±2.1 (BC2)	611
	±4.9	1.4MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA or E-	±4.4 (BC1 and BC3) /	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT	±4.5 (BC2)	
in-band 3 MHz	±10.5	3MHz E-UTRA signal
UTRA FDD and	±7.5	CW
E-UTRA or E- UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 5 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA or E-	±7.375	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 10 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA or E-	±7.25	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 15 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
E-UTRA or E-	±7.125	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 20 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
GSM/EDGE/NB-IoT	±7.575	CW
standalone	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
1.28 Mcps UTRA	±2.3 (BC3)	CW
TDD	±5.6 (BC3)	1.28Mcps UTRA TDD signal
	±7.5	CW
NR 5 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
	±7.465	CW
NR 10 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
	±7.43	CW
NR 15 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
	±7.395	CW
NR 20 MHz	±17.5	5MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 25 MHz	±7.465	CW
	±25	20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 30 MHz	±7.43	CW
	±25	20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 40 MHz	<u>+7.45</u> +25	CW 20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 50 MHz	±7.35 ±25	CW 20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 60 MHz	±7.49 ±25	CW 20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 70 MHz	±7.42	CW
	±25	20MHz E-UTRA signal
NR 80 MHz	±7.44 ±25	CW 20MHz E-UTRA signal
	±25 ±7.46	CW
NR 90 MHz	±25	20MHz E-UTRA signal
	±7.48	CW
NR 100 MHz	<u></u>	011

Table 7.7.1-2: Interfering signals for intermodulation requirement	
Table 1.1.1-2. Interfering signals for internoutlation requirement	

7.7.2 General narrowband intermodulation minimum requirement

Interfering signals shall be a CW signal and an E-UTRA 1RB signal as specified in Annex A.

The requirement is applicable outside the Base Station RF Bandwidth or Radio Bandwidth. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges or Radio Bandwidth edges.

For BS operating in non-contiguous spectrum within each supported operating band, the requirement applies in addition inside any sub-block gap in case the sub-block gap is at least as wide as the channel bandwidth of the E-UTRA interfering signal in Table 7.7.2-2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the sub-block edges inside the gap.

For BS capable of multi-band operation, the requirement applies in addition inside any Inter RF Bandwidth gap in case the gap size is at least as wide as the E-UTRA interfering signal in Table 7.7.2-2. The interfering signal offset is defined relative to the Base Station RF Bandwidth edges inside the Inter RF Bandwidth gap.

For the wanted signal at the assigned channel frequency and two interfering signals coupled to the base station antenna input, using the parameters in Table 7.7.2-1 and 7.7.2-2, the following requirements shall be met:

- For any E-UTRA carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA FDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.104 [2], subclause 7.2.
- For any UTRA TDD carrier, the BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the reference measurement channel defined in TS 25.105 [3], subclause 7.2.
- For any GSM/EDGE carrier, the conditions are specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.2.
- For any NB-IoT carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.2.
- For any NR carrier, the throughput shall be ≥ 95% of the maximum throughput of the reference measurement channel defined in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.2.

Table 7.7.2-1: General narrowband intermodulation requirement

Base Station Type	Mean power of interfering signals [dBm]	Wanted Signal mean power [dBm]	Type of interfering signal
Wide Area BS	-52		
Medium Range BS	-47	PREFSENS +X dB (NOTE	See Table 7.7.2-2
Local Area BS	-44	1)	
NOTE 1: PREFSENS depends on the RAT, the BS class and on the channel bandwidth, see subclause 7.2.			
"x" is equal to 6 in case of NR, E-UTRA or UTRA wanted signals and equal to 3 in case of GSM/EDGE wanted signal. "x" is specified in Table 7.7.2-1a for NB-IoT			

Operation mode	LTE channel bandwidth for in- band/guard band operation	x
Standalone	-	6
	3 MHz	6
	5 MHz	6
In Band	10 MHz	6
	15 MHz	6
	20 MHz	6
	5 MHz	6
Guard band	10 MHz	6
	15 MHz	6
	20 MHz	6

Table 7.7.2-1a: "x" for NB-IoT wanted signals

 Table 7.7.2-2: Interfering signals for narrowband intermodulation requirement

RAT of the carrier adjacent to the upper/lower Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge	CW or 1RB interfering signal centre frequency offset from the Base Station RF Bandwidth edge or sub-block edge inside a gap [kHz]	Type of interfering signal
E-UTRA 1.4 MHz	±260 (BC1 and BC3) / ±270 (BC2)	CW
	±970 (BC1 and BC3) / ±790 (BC2)	1.4 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
E-UTRA or E- UTRA with NB-IoT	±260 (BC1 and BC3) / ±270 (BC2)	CW
in-band 3 MHz	±960 (BC1 and BC3) / ±780 (BC2)	3.0 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
E-UTRA or E-	±360 (NOTE 3)	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 5 MHz	±1060	5 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
E-UTRA or E-	±325 (NOTE 3)	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 10 MHz (NOTE 2)	±1240	5 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
E-UTRA or E-	±380 (NOTE 3)	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 15 MHz (NOTE 2)	±1600	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
E-UTRA or E-	±345 (NOTE 3)	CW
UTRA with NB-IoT in-band/guard band 20 MHz (NOTE 2)	±1780	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
UTRA FDD	±345 (BC1 and BC2)	CW
GSM/EDGE	±1780 (BC1 and BC2)	5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
GSIW/EDGE	±340	CW 5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB
	±880	(NOTE 1)
NB-IoT standalone	<u>±340</u> ±880	CW 5MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
1.28Mcps UTRA	±190 (BC3)	CW
TDD	±970 (BC3)	1.4 MHz E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 5 MHz	±360 ±1420	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 10 MHz	±370	CW
	±1960	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 15 MHz (Note 2)	±380 ±1960	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 20 MHz (Note	±1000 ±390	CW
2)	±2320	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 25 MHz (Note 2)	±325 ±2350	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 30 MHz (Note	±335	CW
2)	±2350	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 40 MHz (Note 2)	±355 ±2710	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 50 MHz (Note 2)	<u>±375</u> ±2710	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 60 MHz (Note	±395	CW
2)	±2710	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 70 MHz (Note 2)	<u>+415</u> +2710	CW E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)
NR 80 MHz (Note	±435	CW
2)	±2710	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)

NR 90 MHz (Note	±365	CW	
2)	±2530	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)	
NR 100 MHz (Note	±385	CW	
2)	±2530	E-UTRA signal, 1 RB (NOTE 1)	
	signal consisting of one resource bl		
	el bandwidth of the interfering signal	is located adjacently to the Base	
	F Bandwidth edge.		
	rement shall apply only for an E-UTRA FRC A1-3 or NR G-FRC mapped		
to the freq	uency range at the channel edge adjacent to the interfering signals.		
	ency offset shall be adjusted to accommodate the IMD product to fall in		
	T RB for NB-IoT in-band/guard band operation.		
	receiver fails the test of the requirer		
	W interfering signal frequency shifted away from the wanted signal by		
	nd the E-UTRA interfering signal frequency shifted away from the		
wanted sig	gnal by 360 kHz. If the BS RF receiver still fails the test after the		
frequency	/ shift, then the BS RF receiver shall be deemed to fail the requirement.		

7.7.3 Additional narrowband intermodulation minimum requirement for GSM/EDGE

The GSM/EDGE MC-BTS receiver intermodulation requirement as stated in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of subclause 5.3.2 shall apply for any GSM/EDGE carrier.

The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.2.2 apply for the GSM/EDGE intermodulation requirement.

7.8 In-channel selectivity

In-channel selectivity (ICS) is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned resource block locations in the presence of an interfering signal received at a larger power spectral density. In this condition a throughput requirement shall be met for a specified reference measurement channel.

7.8.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirement for in-channel selectivity is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.4.

For NB-IoT, the minimum requirement for in-channel selectivity is specified in TS 36.104 [4], subclause 7.4.

7.8.2 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirement for in-channel selectivity (BS type 1-C) is specified in TS 38.104 [17], subclause 7.8.

8 Performance requirements

Performance requirements specify the ability of the BS to correctly demodulate signals in various conditions and configurations. For NR, UTRA and E-UTRA the requirements specify a minimum throughput or maximum BLER or BER that shall be achieved at a specific SNR. For GSM/EDGE the requirements specify a maximum FER, BLER or BER that shall be achieved at specific sensitivity levels (C) and specific carrier-to-interference ratios (C/I).

8.1 E-UTRA minimum requirement

For E-UTRA, the minimum requirements for performance are specified in TS 36.104 [4], clause 8.

8.2 UTRA FDD minimum requirement

For UTRA FDD, the minimum requirements for performance are specified in TS 25.104 [2], clause 8.

8.3 UTRA TDD minimum requirement

For UTRA TDD, the minimum requirements for performance are specified in TS 25.105 [3], clause 8.

8.4 GSM/EDGE minimum requirement

For GSM/EDGE, the minimum requirements for reference sensitivity level and reference interference level are specified in TS 45.005 [5], applicable parts of clauses 6.2, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6. The conditions specified in TS 45.005 [5], Annex P.1 are valid for GSM sensitivity and interference performance.

8.5 NR minimum requirement

For NR, the minimum requirements for performance (BS type 1-C) are specified in TS 38.104 [17], clause 8.

Annex A (normative): Characteristics of interfering signals

A.1 UTRA FDD interfering signal

The UTRA FDD interfering signal shall be a DPCH containing the DPCCH and one DPDCH. The data content for each channelization code shall be uncorrelated with each other and to the wanted signal and spread and modulated according to clause 4 of TS 25.213. Further characteristics of DPDCH and DPCCH are specified in Table A.1-1.

Channel	Bit Rate	Spreading Factor	Channelization Code	Relative Power
DPDCH	240 kbps	16	4	0 dB
DPCCH	15 kbps	256	0	-5.46 dB
NOTE: The DPDCH and DPCCH settings are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic				
Peak to Average Ratio.				

Table A.1-1:	Characteristics o	f UTRA FDD	interfering signal
	•		internet ing enginar

A.2 UTRA TDD interfering signal

The UTRA TDD interfering signal shall be 1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD signal with one code. The data content shall be uncorrelated to the wanted signal. They are specified in Table A.2-1.

UTRA TDD option	Type of Interfering Signal
1.28 Mcps UTRA TDD	1,28 Mcps UTRA TDD signal with one code*
* NOTE: The channelization of wanted signal's.	code ID and Midamble shift shall be different with the

A.3 E-UTRA interfering signal

The E-UTRA interfering signal shall be a PUSCH containing data and reference symbols. Normal CP is used. The data content shall be uncorrelated to the wanted signal and modulated according to clause 5 of TS 36.211. Mapping of PUSCH modulation to receiver requirement are specified in Table A.3-1.

Table A.3-1: Modulation of the E-UTRA interfering signal

Receiver requirement	Modulation
Narrowband blocking	QPSK
Receiver intermodulation	QPSK

Annex B (normative): Environmental requirements for the BS equipment

The BS equipment shall fulfil all the requirements in the full range of environmental conditions for the relevant environmental class. The environmental conditions and class shall be from the relevant IEC specifications or the corresponding ETSI specifications listed below.

IEC specifications for environmental requirements:

IEC 60 721-3-3 "Stationary use at weather protected locations" [11]

IEC 60 721-3-4 "Stationary use at non weather protected locations" [12]

ETSI specifications for environmental requirements:

ETSI EN 300 019-1-3	"Stationary use at weather protected locations" [13]
ETSI EN 300 019-1-4	"Stationary use at non weather protected locations" [14]

Normally it should be sufficient for all tests to be conducted using normal test conditions except where otherwise stated. For guidance on the use of test conditions to be used in order to show compliance refer to TS 37.141 [10].

Annex C (informative): Change history

		-				hange history	
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version
2009-07	R4#51bis	R4-092358				Specification skeleton	0.0.1
2009-08	R4#52	R4-093257				Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#52:	0.1.0
					R4-093005, "TS 37.104: TP on Relationship between		
						minimum requirements and test requirements (TS ch 4.2)"	
						R4-093006 , "TS 37.104: TP on Base station classes (TS ch	
						4.3)" R4-093008 , "TS 37.104: TP on Operating bands and Band	
						Categories (TS ch 4.5)"	
						R4-093009 , "TS 37.104: TP on Channel arrangement (TS ch	
						4.6)"	
						R4-093011, "TS 37.104: TP on Transmitter characteristics -	
						General (TS ch 6.1)"	
						R4-093012, "TS 37.104: TP on Output power dynamics (TS	
						ch 6.3)"	
						R4-093016 , "TS 37.104: TP on Transmitter Intermodulation (TS ch 6.7)"	
						R4-093017 , "TS 37.104: TP on Receiver characteristics	
						General (TS ch 7.1)"	
						R4-093018, "TS 37.104: TP on Reference sensitivity level	
						(TS ch 7.2)"	
						R4-093019, "TS 37.104: TP on Dynamic range (TS ch 7.3)"	
						R4-093022, "TS 37.104: TP on Receiver spurious emissions	
						(TS ch 7.6)"	
					R4-093024 , "TS 37.104: TP on In-channel selectivity (TS ch		
					7.8)" R4-093375 , "TS 37.104: TP on MSR References and		
					definitions (TS ch 2 and 3)"		
					R4-093376 , "TS 37.104: TP on Regional requirements (TS		
					ch 4.4)"		
						R4-093378, "TS 37.104: TP on Transmitted signal quality	
						(TS ch 6.5)"	
						R4-093379, "TS 37.104: TP on Transmitter spurious	
						emissions (TS ch 6.6 and 6.6.1)"	
						R4-093380 , "TS 37.104: TP on Operating band unwanted emissions (TS ch 6.6.2)"	
						R4-093381 , "TS 37.104: TP on In-band selectivity and	
						blocking (TS ch 7.4)"	
						R4-093382 , "TS 37.104: TP on Out-of-band blocking (TS ch	
						7.5)"	
						R4-093383, "TS 37.104: TP on Receiver intermodulation (TS	
						ch 7.7)"	
2009-09	RAN #45	RP-090764		_		Presentation to TSG RAN for information	1.0.0
2009-10	R4#52bis	R4-093979				Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#52bis:	1.1.0
						R4-093788 , "TS 37.104: TP on Relation to other RAN and GERAN specifications (TS ch 4.2)"	
						R4-093792 , "TS 37.104: TP on Spurious emissions	
						requirements in BC2 (TS ch 6.6.2 and 7.6)"	
						R4-093796, "TS 37.104: TP on Characteristics of interfering	
						signals"	
						R4-094013, "Clarification on Spurious emissions limits for	
						BS co-existed with another BS (37.104)"	
						R4-094050 , "TS 37.104: TP on Additional spurious	
						emissions requirement (TS ch 6.6.1.3)"	
			1			R4-094051 , "TS 37.104: TP on Introduction of BC2 transmitter requirements (TS ch 6)"	
						R4-094052 , "TS 37.104: TP on Introduction of BC2 receiver	
			1			requirements (TS ch 7)"	
						R4-094053 , "TS 37.104: TP on Applicability of requirements	
						(TS ch 5)"	
						R4-094054, "TS 37.104: TP on Performance requirements	
						(TS ch 8)"	
			1		1	R4-094058, "TP for 37.104 Maximum power requirements"	1

2009-11	R4#53	R4-094476			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#52bis: R4-094061 , "A Note of 37.104 MSR category 3 on additi spurious emission requirement when BC3 is deployed in same geographical area as the PHS" R4-094062 , "TP of 37.104 on Transmitter intermodulation requirement of MSR category 3" R4-094063 , "TP of 37.104 on Out-of-band blocking requirement of MSR category 3" R4-094075 , "Text proposal of transmitter off power for TS37.104" R4-094076 , "Text proposal of receiver intermodulation of BC3 for TS37.104"	the n
2009-11	R4#53	R4-094777			Agreed Text Proposals in RAN4#53: R4-094403, "Corrections on frequency range of unwanter emissions requirements (37.104)" R4-094479, "TS 37.104: TP on Occupied bandwidth (TS 6.6.3)" R4-094480, "TS 37.104: TP on remaining BC3 transmittre requirements (TR ch 6)" R4-094484, "TS 37.104: TP on Inclusion of requirements reference (TS ch 5.4)" R4-094485, "TS 37.104: TP on additional emission requirements for GSM (TS ch 6.6.2.3)" R4-094486, "TS 37.104: TP on General updates" R4-094486, "TS 37.104: TP on General updates" R4-094662, "TS 37.104: TP on Environmental requirement for the BS equipment (TS Annex B)" R4-094663, "TS 37.104: TP on Applicability of requirement for BC3" R4-094881, "Proposed updates of references to TS 45.0 in MSR specification TR 37.104 (GERAN1 AHG1-09015 R4-094882, "TS 37.104: TP on Declared output power parameters" R4-094883, "TS 37.104: TP on remaining BC3 receiver requirements (TS ch 7)"	ents hotos
2009-12	RAN #46	RP-091107			Presentation to TSG RAN for approval.	2.0.0
2009-12	RAN #46	RP-091107			Approved in TSG RAN#46	9.0.0
2010-03	RAN #47	RP-100265	1		Correction of additional spurious emission requirement f BC2	or 9.1.0
2010-03	RAN #47	RP-100265	7		ACLR requirement E-UTRA channel BW <5 MHz	9.1.0
2010-03	RAN #47	RP-100265	3		MSR corrections in TS 37.104	9.1.0
2010-03	RAN #47	RP-100265	5	1	Alignment of MSR specification with new items in single- specifications	
2010-03	RAN #47	RP-100265	6		Correction of scope	9.1.0
2010-06	RP-48	RP-100625	014		Corrections to clause 7.1	9.2.0
2010-06	RP-48 RP-48	RP-100625	013 012	1	Corrections to MSR core requirements	9.2.0
2010-06	RP-48	RP-100625 RP-100625	012	1	Correction to Clause 6.1 Clarification to the receiver narrowband blocking require	
2010-06	RP-48	RP-100625	009	1	Clarification to the receiver narrowband intermodulation	9.2.0
2010-06	RP-48	RP-100625	008	2	requirement Co-existence with services in adjacent frequency bands	9.2.0
2010-06	RP-48	RP-100625	015	-	Spurious emissions limits and blocking requirements for coexistence with CDMA850	
2010-09	RP-49	RP-100922	018	1	TS 37.104 Subclause 7.7; Receiver intermodulation	9.3.0
2010-09	RP-49	RP-100927	016	1.	CR LTE_TDD_2600_US spectrum band definition additi to TS 37.104	
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101345	023	1	Band XII/12 frequency range	10.1.0
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101356	019	4	Band 42 and 43 parameters for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD) TS 37.104	
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101359	024		Introduction of Carrier Aggregation for LTE in TS 37.104	10.1.0
2010-12	RP-50	RP-101361	020	1	Protection of E-UTRA Band 24	10.1.0
2011-04	RP-51	RP-110357	0029	-	Band 42 and 43 co-existence for UMTS/LTE 3500 (TDD TS 37.104	
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	033		Modifications to Band 3 to allow LTE Band 3 operation in Japan (Rel-10 TS37.104 CR)	า 10.3.0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110812	034	1	Add 2GHz S-Band (Band 23) in 37.104	10.3.0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110804	035	1	Add Expanded 1900MHz band in 37.104	10.3.0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	041	1	Correction of RX spurious emissions for non-GSM/EDG configurations	
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110802	044		Co-existence/co-location between Band 42 and 43 in TS	10.3.0
					37.104	

0011 00		DD 440704	000	4	Concert corrections for TO 07 404	10.0.0
2011-06 2011-06	RP-52 RP-52	RP-110794 RP-110795	039 037	1	General corrections for TS 37.104	10.3.0 10.3.0
		RP-110795		-	Fixing Band 24 inclusion in TS 37.104	
2011-06	RP-52		042	1	MSR-NC Core requirements	10.3.0
2011-06	RP-52	RP-110794	046	2	Revision of Time Alignment Error definition	10.3.0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111252	051		Correcting the time alignment text in the applicability tables	10.4.0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111255	052	1	Add Band 22/XXII for LTE/UMTS 3500 (FDD) to TS 37.104	10.4.0
2011-09	RP-53	RP-111262	049		Co-existence and co-location corrections in 37.104	10.4.0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	053		Definition of multi-carrier configuration	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-54				Clarification of general blocking requirements for co-	
		RP-111734	054		existence in TS 37.104	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-54				CR to TS37.104 Adding the OBW requirements for carrier	
		RP-111735	055		aggregation	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111735	056		Correction of MSR NC requirements	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-54	RP-111687	058	2	TX ON or OFF CR 37.104	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-54	KF-111007	030	2	Correction of frequency range for spurious emission	10.5.0
2011-12	RP-94	DD 444700	059			10 5 0
2042.02		RP-111733			requirements	10.5.0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	062		Update to improve readability of tables in section 4.5 of	10.6.0
					37.104	
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	063	_	Absolute limit for CACLR: Removal of brackets	10.6.0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120304	065	1	Definition of synchronized operation	10.6.0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120303	066	1	Introduction of NC operation for TDD in 37.104	10.6.0
2012-03	RP-55	RP-120305	061		Add Extending 850 MHz Upper Band (814 - 849 MHz) to	11.0.0
					TS37.104	
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120793	069	-	Introduction of APAC700(FDD) into TS 37.104	11.1.0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120771	072	1-	Introduction of Japanese Regulatory Requirements to W-	11.1.0
_0.2.00	1.1.00		1012		CDMA Band VIII (R11)	
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120777	074	1	Additional BC3 blocking	11.1.0
				1		
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120793	075		Introduction of Band 44	11.1.0
2012-06	RP-56	RP-120791	076	2	Introduction of E850_LB (Band 27) to MSR TS 37.104	11.1.0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	078	-	Applicability of Cumulative ACLR	11.2.0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	080	-	Correct the f_offsetmax definition for TS 37.104	11.2.0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121308	081	2	Reusing band 41 requirements for the Japan 2.5G TDD	11.2.0
					band	
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	083	1	Intra-band non-contiguous receiver requirements	11.2.0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	085	-	Deleting additional BC3 transmitter intermodulation	11.2.0
20.200					requirement for NC MSR	
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121300	088	-	Modifications of frequency ranges on spurious emission	11.2.0
2012 00	111 07	11 121000	000		requirements for Band 6, 18, 19	11.2.0
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121310	090	1	Clean-up of ACLR wording for MSR-NC	11.2.0
	-	RP-121310		1	Modification to increase GSM Carrier Power in MSR BS for	
2012-09	RP-57	RP-121340	091	1		11.2.0
	DD 57			_	Band Category 2	44.0.4
2012-09	RP-57				Editorial correction in Table 6.6.2.2-2	11.2.1
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121906	094		Introduction of new BS classes to MSR specification	11.3.0
					(general parts)	
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121857	095		Correction to additional BS spurious emissions limits for BC2	
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121859	098		Correction of PHS protection requirement	11.3.0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121906	101	2	Introduction of new BS classes to MSR specification (Clause	11.3.0
					6)	
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121906	102		Introduction of new BS classes to MSR specification	11.3.0
			1.2-		(receiver part)	
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	104	1	Modification on ACLR requirement	11.3.0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121867	104	<u> </u>	Clean up of specification R11	11.3.0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121007	107	1	Introduction of multi-band operation to MSR specification	11.3.0
2012-12	IVL -20	NF-121900	100	'		11.3.0
2010 40		DD 404005	100	1	(section 4)	11.0.0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121905	109	1	CR for TS37.104(Clause 1-3) due to introduction of multi-	11.3.0
			1	+	band MSR operation	
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121905	110	1	Introduction of MB-MSR to MSR specification (Clause 6)	11.3.0
2012-12	RP-58	RP-121864	112		Transmitter IM correction for MSR-NC	11.3.0
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2012-12 2012-12	RP-58 RP-58	RP-121901 RP-121905	117	1	Introduction of MB-MSR to MSR core specification (Clause 7) Modification to increase GSM Carrier Power in MSR BS for Band Category 2 Editorial Correction Clarify unclear description in UEM requirement for MB-MSR	11.3.0 11.3.0
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2012-12 2012-12 2012-12 2013-03	RP-58 RP-58 RP-58 RP-58	RP-121901 RP-121905 RP-121857 RP-130282	117 118 121	1	Introduction of MB-MSR to MSR core specification (Clause 7) Modification to increase GSM Carrier Power in MSR BS for Band Category 2 Editorial Correction Clarify unclear description in UEM requirement for MB-MSR in TS 37.104	11.3.0 11.3.0 11.3.0 11.4.0
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2013-09	RP-61	RP-131289	157			Clarification on single-band operation for MB-MSR	12.1.0
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2019-03 2019-03	RAN#83 RAN#83	RP-190421	0843		F	CR_clean subPRB text 37.104 CR to 37.104 on Corrections for NR	15.6.0

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