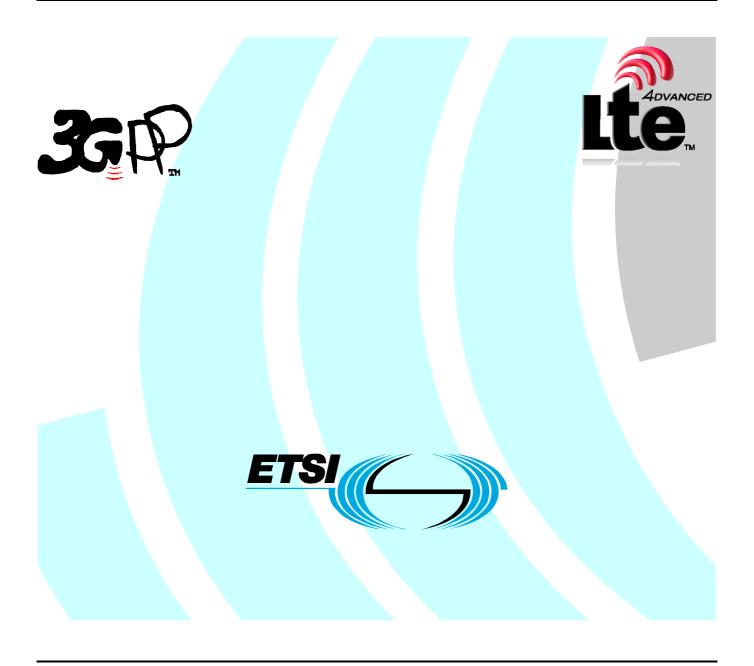
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## Contents

Intell	ectual Property Rights	2
Forev	word	2
Forev	word	7
1	Scope	9
2	References	9
3	Measurement family and abbreviations	10
3.1	Measurement family	
3.2	Abbreviations	
4	Measurements related to eNodeB, Donor eNodeB and Relay Node	11
4.0	Applicability of measurements to eNB and DeNB	
4.1	RRC connection related measurements	
4.1.1	RRC connection establishment	
4.1.1.		
4.1.1.	•	
4.1.1.		
4.1.1.4		
4.1.2	RRC connection re-establishment.	
4.1.2.		
4.1.2.		
4.1.2.		
4.1.3	RRC connection number	
4.1.3.		
4.1.3.		
4.1.4	RRC connection setup time	
4.1.4.	•	
4.1.4.		
4.1.5	UE CONTEXT Release	
4.1.5.		
4.1.5.	<u> </u>	
4.2	E-RAB related measurements	
4.2.1	E-RAB setup	17
4.2.1.		
4.2.1.		
4.2.1.		
4.2.1.	•	
4.2.1.		
4.2.1.	6 Number of additional E-RABs failed to setup	19
4.2.1.	<u> </u>	
4.2.1.		
4.2.2	E-RAB release	20
4.2.2.	Number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN per QCI	20
4.2.2.		
4.2.2.4	4 Number of E-RAB successfully released	21
4.2.2.	Number of E-RAB failed to release	22
4.2.2.	6 Number of released active E-RABs	22
4.2.3	E-RAB modification	23
4.2.3.	Number of E-RABs attempted to modify the QoS parameter	23
4.2.3.	• • •	
4.2.3.		
4.2.4	E-RAB activity	24
4.2.4.		24
4.2.4.		
4.2.5	E-RAB number	25

4.2.5.1	Average Number of simultaneous E-RABs.	25
4.2.5.2	Maximum Number of simultaneous E-RABs.	25
4.3	Handover related measurements	26
4.3.1	Intra-RAT Handovers	
4.3.1.1	Intra-eNB/RN Handover related measurements	
4.3.1.1.1	Attempted outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause	
4.3.1.1.2	Successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause	26
4.3.1.1.3	Attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparations from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause	27
4.3.1.1.4	Attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover executions from DeNB cell to RN per handover	2 1
42115	cause	27
4.3.1.1.5	Successful outgoing intra-DeNB handover executions from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause	28
4.3.1.2	Inter-eNB Handover related measurements	
4.3.1.2.1	Attempted outgoing inter-eNB handover preparations	
4.3.1.2.2	Attempted outgoing inter-eNB handover executions per handover cause	
4.3.1.2.3	Successful outgoing inter-eNB handover executions per handover cause	
4.3.1.3	Handover measurements on neighbour cell basis	
4.3.1.3.1	Attempted outgoing handovers per handover cause	
4.3.1.3.2	Successful outgoing handovers per handover cause	
4.3.1.3.3	Number of handover failures related with MRO	
4.3.1.4	Intra- / Inter-frequency Handover related measurements	
4.3.1.4.1	Attempted outgoing intra-frequency handovers	
4.3.1.4.2	Successful outgoing intra-frequency handovers	
4.3.1.4.3	Attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers – gap-assisted measurement	
4.3.1.4.4	Successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers – gap-assisted measurement	
4.3.1.4.5	Attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers – non gap-assisted measurement	
4.3.1.4.6	Successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers – non gap-assisted measurement	
4.3.1.5	Handover related measurements for DRX / non-DRX	
4.3.1.5.1	Attempted outgoing handovers with DRX	
4.3.1.5.2	Successful outgoing handovers with DRX	
4.3.1.5.3	Attempted outgoing handovers non-DRX	
4.3.1.5.4	Successful outgoing handovers non-DRX	
4.3.1.6	Handover to cells outside the RN related measurements	
4.3.1.6.1	Attempted preparations of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN	
4.3.1.6.2	Attempted executions of outgoing handover to the cells outside the RN per handover cause	
4.3.1.6.3	Successful executions of outgoing handover to the cells outside the RN per handover cause	
4.3.1.7	Handover triggering measurements	
4.3.1.7.1	Average quality of the serving cell when HO is triggered.	
4.3.1.7.2	Average quality of the neighboring cell when HO is triggered	
4.3.2	Inter-RAT Handovers	
4.3.2.1	Measurements related to inter-RAT Handovers – target cell of 3GPP and non-3GPP network	50
7.3.2.1	technology	36
4.3.2.1.1	Attempted outgoing inter-RAT handovers per handover cause	
4.3.2.1.2	Successful outgoing inter-RAT handovers per handover cause	
4.4	Cell level radio bearer QoS related measurements	
4.4.1	Cell PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.1	Average DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.2	Average UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.3	Maximum DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.4	Maximum UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.5	Average DL cell control plane PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.1.6	Average UL cell control plane PDCP SDU bit-rate	
4.4.2	Active UEs	
4.4.2.1	Average number of active UEs on the DL	
4.4.2.2	Average number of active UEs on the UL	
4.4.2.2	Packet Delay and Drop Rate	
4.4.3.1	Average DL PDCP SDU delay	
4.4.3.1	DL PDCP SDU drop rate	
4.4.3.2 4.4.4	Packet loss rate	
4.4.4.1	DL PDCP SDU air interface loss rate	
4.4.4.1 1112	III PDCP SDU dii iliteriace ioss rate	42 12

4.4.5	IP Latency measurements	
4.4.5.		
4.4.6	IP Throughput measurements	43
4.4.6.	I IP Throughput in DL	43
4.4.6.2		
4.5	Radio resource utilization related measurements	
4.5.1	DL PRB Usage for traffic	
4.5.2	UL PRB Usage for traffic	
4.5.3	DL Total PRB Usage	
4.5.4	UL Total PRB Usage	45
4.5.5	RACH Usage	
4.5.5.	F	
4.5.5.2	1	
4.5.5.3	•	
4.5.5.4		
4.5.5.5	1	
4.5.5.6		
4.5.6	Cell Unavailable Time	
4.5.7	TB related measurements	
4.5.7.		
4.5.7.2		
4.5.7.3		
4.5.7.4		
4.5.8	Power utilization measurements	
4.5.8.		
4.5.8.2	ı	
4.5.9	PRB Full Utilisation	
4.5.9.1		
4.5.9.2		
4.6	UE-associated logical S1-connection related measurements.	
4.6.1	UE-associated logical S1-connection establishment	
4.6.1.		
4.6.1.2	E	
4.7	Paging related measurements	
4.7.1	Paging Performance	
4.7.1.	1 0 0	
4.7.1.2	1 6 6	
4.8	Measurements related to equipment resources	
4.8.1	eNodeB/RN processor usage	
4.8.1.1		
4.8.1.2	r · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
4.9	Common LAs of overlapping RAT"s coverage	
4.9.1	Number of incoming IRAT mobility events per LA	
4.10	RF Measurements	
4.10.1		
4.10.1		
4.10.1		
4.10.2	Timing Advance Distribution	55
5	Measurements related to Relay Node	56
5.1	DeNB Reconfiguration related measurements	
5.1.1	RN Reconfiguration	
5.1.1.1		
5.1.1.2		
	x A (informative): Use cases for performance measurements defintion	
A.1	Monitor of call(/session) setup performance	
A.2	Monitor of E-RAB release	
A.3	Monitor of E-RAB level QoS modification	58
Δ 4	Overview handover related Use Cases	58

Monitor of cell level QoS and radio resource utilisation	59
Monitor of the number of connected users	62
Monitoring of interference situation	62
Monitor of ARQ and HARQ performance	63
Monitoring of RF performance	63
Monitor of paging performance	64
Use case of eNodeB processor usage	64
Monitor of simultaneous E-RABs	64
Monitoring of Mobility Robustness Optimization (MRO)	64
Monitor of BLER performance	65
Monitoring of common LAs of overlapping target RAT"s coverage	65
Monitoring of Energy Saving	65
Monitoring of RNReconfiguration	65
Annex B (informative): Change history6	
ory	68
	Monitor of the number of connected users

#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

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- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

#### Introduction

The present document is part of a TS-family covering the 3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Telecommunication management; as identified below:

32.401	Performance Management (PM); Concept and requirements
52.402	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements – GSM
32.404	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements - Definitions and template
32.405	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (UTRAN)
32.406	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Core Network (CN) Packet Switched (PS) domain
32.407	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Core Network (CN) Circuit Switched (CS) domain
32.408	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Teleservice
32.409	Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS)
32.425	Performance Management (PM); Evolved Performance measurements Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN)
32.426	Performance Management (PM); Evolved Packet Core (EPC)

The present document is part of a set of specifications, which describe the requirements and information model necessary for the standardised Operation, Administration and Maintenance (OA&M) of a multi-vendor E-UTRAN and EPC system.

During the lifetime of an E-UTRAN, its logical and physical configuration will undergo changes of varying degrees and frequencies in order to optimise the utilisation of the network resources. These changes will be executed through network configuration management activities and/or network engineering, see TS 32.600 [3].

Many of the activities involved in the daily operation and future network planning of an E-UTRAN require data on which to base decisions. This data refers to the load carried by the network and the grade of service offered. In order to produce this data performance measurements are executed in the NEs, which comprise the network. The data can then be transferred to an external system, e.g. an Operations System (OS) in TMN terminology, for further evaluation. The purpose of the present document is to describe the mechanisms involved in the collection of the data and the definition of the data itself.

Annex B of TS 32.404 helps in the definition of new performance measurements that can be submitted to 3GPP for potential adoption and inclusion in the present document. Annex B of TS 32.404 discusses a top-down performance measurement definition methodology that focuses on how the end-user of performance measurements can use the measurements.

### 1 Scope

The present document describes the measurements for E-UTRAN.

TS 32.401 [5] describes Performance Management concepts and requirements.

The present document is valid for all measurement types provided by an implementation of an E-UTRAN.

Only measurement types that are specific to E-UTRAN are defined within the present documents. Vendor specific measurement types used in E-UTRAN are not covered. Instead, these could be applied according to manufacturer's documentation.

Measurements related to "external" technologies (such as ATM or IP) as described by "external" standards bodies (e.g. ITU-T or IETF) shall only be referenced within this specification, wherever there is a need identified for the existence of such a reference.

The definition of the standard measurements is intended to result in comparability of measurement data produced in a multi-vendor network, for those measurement types that can be standardised across all vendors' implementations.

The structure of the present document is as follows:

- Header 1: Network Element (e.g. measurements related to eNodeB);
- Header 2: Measurement function (e.g. RRC connection setup related measurements);
- Header 3: Measurements.

#### 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication management; Principles and high level requirements".
- [2] 3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture".
- [3] 3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements".
- [4] Void.
- [5] 3GPP TS 32.401: "Telecommunication management; Performance Management (PM); Concept and requirements".
- [6] 3GPP TS 32.404: "Performance Management (PM); Performance measurements Definitions and template".
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.762: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN) Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".
- [8] 3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[9]	3GPP TS 36.413: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); S1 Application Protocol (S1AP)".
[10]	3GPP TS 36.423: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); X2 application protocol (X2AP)".
[11]	3GPP TS 36.314: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Layer 2 – Measurements".
[12]	3GPP TS 36.300: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); and Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network (E-UTRAN); Overall description; Stage 2".
[13]	3GPP TS 32.450: "Telecommunication management; Key Performance Indicators (KPI) for E-UTRAN: Definitions".
[14]	3GPP TS 36.304: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) procedures in idle mode".
[15]	3GPP TS 32.522: "Technical Specification Group Services and SystemAspects; Telecommunication management; Self-Organizing Networks (SON) Policy Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP); Information Service (IS)".
[16]	3GPP TS 36.321: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA) Medium Access Control (MAC) protocol specification".
[17]	3GPP TS 23.272, "Circuit Switched (CS) fallback in Evolved Packet System (EPS); Stage 2".
[18]	3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol specification".

## 3 Measurement family and abbreviations

### 3.1 Measurement family

The measurement names defined in the present document are all beginning with a prefix containing the measurement family name (e.g. RRC.AttConnEstab.Cause). This family name identifies all measurements which relate to a given functionality and it may be used for measurement administration (see TS 32.401 [5]).

The list of families currently used in the present document is as follows:

- DRB (measurements related to Data Radio Bearer)
   RRC (measurements related to Radio Resource Control)
   RRU (measurements related to Radio Resource Utilization)
   ERAB (measurements related to E-RAB)
- ERAB (measurements related to E-RAB)
   HO (measurements related to Handover)
   S1SIG (measurements related to S1 Signalling)
- SRB (measurements related to Signalling Radio Bearer)
- PAG (measurements related to Paging)EQPT(measurements related to Equipment)
- UECNTX(measurements related to UE CONTEXT)
- TB(measurements related to Transport Block)

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

3G	3 <sup>rd</sup> Generation
3GPP	3G Partnership Project
BLER	Block Error Rate
CDC	C 1' D 1 1 Cl

CRC Cyclic Redundancy ChecksumEPS Evolved Packet System

EQPT Equipment

E-UTRAN Evolved UTRAN

E-RAB E-UTRAN Radio Access Bearer

HO Handover

QoS Quality of Service TB Transport Block

UTRAN Universal Terrestrial Radio Access Network

You can find below a list of abbreviations used within the measurement types for field E of the measurement template (see 3GPP TS 32.404 [6]).

Alloc Allocation
Att Attempt(s,ed)
Conn Connection
Ded Dedicated
DL Downlink
ENB eNodeB
Err Error

Estab Establish (ed,ment)
Fail Fail(ed, ure)
Freq Frequency
Inc Incoming
Out Outgoing
Pkt Packet(s)

Prep Prepare(/Preparation)

Late Latency

Mod Modify(/Modification)

Nbr Number
Rel Release(s,d)
Res Resource
Succ Success(es,ful)

Tot Total UL Uplink

## 4 Measurements related to eNodeB, Donor eNodeB and Relay Node

#### 4.0 Applicability of measurements to eNB and DeNB

Without particular constraint, the following measurements defined for eNB apply to both eNB and DeNB. In such measurements definitions the triggering signalling messages transmitted to or received from the UE apply to both cases:

- a) direct transferred between UE and eNB and
- b) relayed by the RN between UE and DeNB.

If the specific constraint is present, which one of the eNB or DeNB the subject measurement applies to, is following the constraint.

#### 4.1 RRC connection related measurements

#### 4.1.1 RRC connection establishment

The three measurement types defined in the subclauses 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.3 are subject to the "2 out of 3 approach".

#### 4.1.1.1 Attempted RRC connection establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of RRC connection establishment attempts for each establishment cause.
- b) CC
- c) Receipt of an RRCConnectionRequest message by the eNodeB/RN from the UE. Each RRCConnectionRequest message received is added to the relevant per establishment cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of RRCConnectionRequest. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnEstabAtt.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the establishment cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.1.2 Successful RRC connection establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful RRC establishments for each establishment cause.
- b) CC
- c) Receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an RRCConnectionSetupComplete message following a RRC connection establishment request. Each RRCConnectionSetupComplete message received is added to the relevant per establishment cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of successful RRC Connection Establishments. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnEstabSucc.Cause where Cause identifies the establishment cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.1.3 Failed RRC connection establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of RRC establishment failures for each establishment cause.
- b) CC
- c) Transmission of an RRCConnectionReject message by the eNodeB/RN to the UE or an expected RRCConnectionSetupComplete message not received by the eNodeB/RN. Each failed RRC connection establishment is added to the relevant per establishment cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8].
  - The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of RRC connection establishment failures. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.

- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnEstabFail.Cause where Cause identifies the establishment cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.1.4 Failed RRC connection establishment per failure cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of failed RRC establishment per failure cause. This measurement is to support LBO target setting and evaluation, see [15]
- b) CC
- c) Transmission of an RRCConnectionReject message by the eNodeB to the UE. Each transmitted RRCConnectionReject message caused by 'congestion' is added to the measurement cause "Congestion", when eNB receives an RRCConnectionRequest message and the RRC connection is not established because the eNB is going to Energy Saving mode is added to the measurement cause "EnergySaving" and each transmitted RRCConnectionReject message caused by the other reasons is added to measurement cause "Unspecified".
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) RRC.ConnEstabFaileNBCause.Congestion RRC.ConnEstabFaileNBCause.Unspecified RRC.ConnEstabFaileNBCause.EnergySaving
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) The measurement is use to count "Failed RRC connection establishment related to load" for LBO target setting and evaluation, see [15].

#### 4.1.2 RRC connection re-establishment

The three measurement types defined in the subclause 4.1.2.n are subject to the "2 out of 3 approach".

#### 4.1.2.1 Attempted RRC connection re-establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of RRC connection re-establishment attempts for each re-establishment cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of an RRCConnectionReestablishmentRequest message by the eNodeB/RN from the UE. Each RRCConnectionReestablishmentRequest received is added to the relevant per reestablishment cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of RRC connection re-stablishment attempts. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnReEstabAtt.Cause where Cause identifies the reestablishment cause.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.2.2 Successful RRC connection re-establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful RRC connection re-establishments for each reestablishment cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an RRCConnectionReestablishmentComplete message following a RRC connection reestablishment request. Each RRCConnectionReestablishmentComplete message received is added to the relevant per reestablishment cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of successful RRC connection reestablishments. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnReEstabSucc.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the establishment cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.2.3 Failed RRC connection re-establishments

- a) This measurement provides the number of RRC re-establishment failures for each re-establishment cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of an RRCConnectionReestablishmentReject message by the eNodeB/RN to the UE or an expected RRCConnectionReestablishmentComplete message not received by the eNodeB/RN. Each failed RRC connection re-establishment is added to the relevant per re-establishment.cause measurement. The possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of RRC connection reestablishment failures. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnReEstabFail.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the re-establishment.cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.3 RRC connection number

#### 4.1.3.1 Mean number of RRC Connections

- a) This measurement provides the mean number of RRC Connections during each granularity period.
- b) SI.
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval, the number of RRC connections for each E-UTRAN Cell and then taking the arithmetic mean
- d) A single integer value.
- e) RRC.ConnMean
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.3.2 Maximum number of RRC Connections

- a) This measurement provides the maximum number of RRC Connections during each granularity period.
- b) SI.
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval, the number of RRC connections for each E-UTRAN cell and then taking the maximum.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) RRC.ConnMax
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.4 RRC connection setup time

#### 4.1.4.1 Mean RRC connection setup time

- a) This measurement provides the mean time per establishment cause it takes to establish an RRC connection.
- b) DER (n=1).
- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the time intervals for every successful RRC connection establishment between the receipt of a RRCConnectionRequest and the corresponding RRCConnectionSetupComplete message by the eNodeB/RN over the granularity period. The end value of this time will then be divided by the number of successful RRC connections observed in the granularity period to give the arithmetic mean. The accumulator shall be reinitialised at the beginning of each granularity period. The measurement is split into subcounters per establishment cause, and the possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (in milliseconds).
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnEstabTimeMean.Cause where Cause identifies the establishment cause

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.4.2 Maximum RRC connection setup time

- a) This measurement provides the maximum time per establishment cause it takes to establish an RRC connection.
- b) GAUGE.
- c) This measurement is obtained by monitoring the time intervals for each successful RRC connection establishment between the receipt of a RRCConnectionRequest and the corresponding RRCConnectionSetupComplete message by the eNodeB/RN over the granularity period. The high tide mark of this time will be stored in a gauge, the gauge shall be reinitialised at the beginning of each granularity period. The measurement is split into subcounters per establishment cause, and the possible causes are included in TS 36.331 [8].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (in milliseconds).
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.ConnEstabTimeMax.Cause where Cause identifies the establishment cause
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.1.5 UE CONTEXT Release

#### 4.1.5.1 Number of UE CONTEXT Release Request initiated by eNodeB/RN

- a) This measurement provides the number of UE CONTEXT Release initiated by eNB/RN for each release cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of an UE CONTEXT RELEASE REQUEST message initiated by eNodeB/RN. Each release request is to be added to the relevant cause measurement. The possible causes are defined in 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per causes measurements shall equal the total number of UE CONTEXT Release initiated by eNodeB/RN. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form UECNTX.RelReq.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the release cause.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

i) By differenciate the causes, this measurement is used to count 'The number of abnormal RRC connection release related to load', which can be used for LBO target calculation..

#### 4.1.5.2 Successful UE CONTEXT Release

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful UE Context Release.
- b) CC.
- c) Sending of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMPLETE from eNB/RN to MME/DeNB
- d) A single integer value.
- e) UEContext.RelSuccNbr.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement can be used to count 'the total number of RRC connection release', which can be used for LBO target calculation.

#### 4.2 E-RAB related measurements

#### 4.2.1 E-RAB setup

#### 4.2.1.1 Number of initial E-RABs attempted to setup

- a) This measurement provides the number of initial E-RABs attempted to setup. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP REQUEST message, each requested E-RAB in the message is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs attempted to setup. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabInitAttNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.1.2 Number of initial E-RABs successfully established

- a) This measurement provides the number of initial E-RABs successfully established. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC

- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP RESPONSE message, each E-RAB successfully established is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs successfully setup. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabInitSuccNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.1.3 Number of initial E-RABs failed to setup

- a) This measurement provides the number of initial E-RABs failed to setup. The measurement is split into subcounters per failure cause.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP RESPONSE, or INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP FAILURE message, each E-RAB failed to establish is added to the relevant measurement per cause, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs failed to setup. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabInitFailNbr.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause resulting in the initial E-RAB setup failure.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.1.4 Number of additional E-RABs attempted to setup

- a) This measurement provides the number of additional E-RABs attempted to setup. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB SETUP REQUEST message, each requested E-RAB in the message is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of additional E-RABs attempted to setup. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB. EstabAddAttNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD

- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Accessibility KPI 'E-RAB Accessibility' defined in [13].

#### 4.2.1.5 Number of additional E-RABs successfully established

- a) This measurement provides the number of additional E-RABs successfully established. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB SETUP RESPONSE message, each E-RAB successfully established is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of additional E-RABs successfully setup. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabAddSuccNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Accessibility KPI 'E-RAB Accessibility' defined [13].

#### 4.2.1.6 Number of additional E-RABs failed to setup

- a) This measurement provides the number of additional E-RABs failed to setup. The measurement is split into subcounters per failure cause.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB SETUP RESPONSE message, each E-RAB failed to establish is added to the relevant measurement per cause, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of additional E-RABs failed to setup. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB. EstabAddFailNbr. *Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause resulting in the additional E-RAB setup failure.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.1.7 Mean E-RAB Setup time

- a) This measurement provides the mean time per QCI it takes to establish an E-RAB.
- b) DER (n=1)

- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the time intervals for every successfully established E-RAB between the receipt of an E-RAB SETUP REQUEST or INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP REQUEST message and the transmission of the corresponding E-RAB SETUP RESPONSE or INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP RESPONSE message by the eNodeB over the granularity period. The end value of this time will then be divided by the number of successfully established E-RABs in the granularity period to give the arithmetic mean. The accumulator shall be reinitialised at the beginning of each granularity period. The measurement is split into subcounters per QCI, and the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (in milliseconds).
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabTimeMean.QCI where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.1.8 Maximum E-RAB Setup time

- a) This measurement provides the maximum time per QCI it takes to establish an E-RAB.
- b) GAUGE
- c) This measurement is obtained by monitoring the time intervals for every successfully established E-RAB between the receipt of an E-RAB SETUP REQUEST or INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP REQUEST message and the transmission of the corresponding E-RAB SETUP RESPONSE or INITIAL CONTEXT SETUP RESPONSE message by the eNodeB over the granularity period. The high tide mark of this time will be stored in a gauge, the gauge shall be reinitialised at the beginning of each granularity period..
  The measurement is split into subcounters per QCI, and the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (in milliseconds).
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.EstabTimeMax.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2 E-RAB release

#### 4.2.2.1 Number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN per QCI

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE INDICATION, or an UE CONTEXT RELEASE REQUEST, or a RESET message to MME or DeNB( in case of RN), each corresponding E-RAB requested to release is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.

- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.RelEnbNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2.2 Number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN per cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs requested to release initiated by eNodeB/RN. The measurement is split into subcounters per cause.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE INDICATION, or an UE CONTEXT RELEASE REQUEST, or a RESET message to MME or DeNB( in case of RN), each corresponding E-RAB requested to release is added to the relevant measurement per cause. Possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of supported causes.
- e) The measurement names have the form ERAB.RelEnbNbr.*cause* where *cause* identifies the reason for the E-RABs release request initiated by eNodeB/RN.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2.3 Number of E-RABs attempted to release

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs attempted to release. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE COMMAND or UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND or UE CONTEXT RELEASE, or RESET message from MME/DeNB, or transmission by the eNodeB/RN of a RESET message to MME/DeNB, each corresponding E-RAB to release is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs attempted to release. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.RelAttNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2.4 Number of E-RAB successfully released

a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs successfully released. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).

- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE RESPONSE or UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMPLETE, or the E-RAB released successfully by source eNB/RN after receiving UE CONTEXT RELEASE, or a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message to MME/DeNB, or receipt of a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message from MME/DeNB, each corresponding E-RAB successfully released is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs fully released. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.RelSuccNbr.QCI where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2.5 Number of E-RAB failed to release

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RAB failed to release. The measurement is split into subcounters per failure cause.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE RESPONSE message, each E-RAB failed to release is added to the relevant measurement per cause, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs failed to release. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.RelFailNbr.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause resulting in the E-RAB release failure.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.2.6 Number of released active E-RABs

- a) This measurement provides the number of released E-RAB that were active at the time of release (i.e.when there was user data in the queue in any of the directions). The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB RELEASE RESPONSE or UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMPLETE message with the exception of those succeeding the message UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND with 'Cause' indicating that the release was performed due to a successful Mobility activity, or a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE to MME/DeNB, or receipt of a RESET ACKNOWLEDGE message from MME/DeNB, if any of the UL or DL are considered active (according to the definition used for "Number of active UEs in TS 36.314 when there is still data in the DL or UL buffer, each corresponding E-RAB to release is added to the relevant measurement per QCI. The possible QCIs are described in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all

supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RAB attempted to release with data in the DL or UL buffer. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.

- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.RelActNbr.QCI where QCI identifies the SAE Bearer level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Retainability KPI 'E-UTRAN EPS Bearer Retainability' defined in [13]

#### 4.2.3 E-RAB modification

#### 4.2.3.1 Number of E-RABs attempted to modify the QoS parameter

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs attempted to modify the QoS parameter. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB MODIFY REQUEST message, each E-RAB attempted to modify the QoS parameter is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs attempted to modify the QoS parameter. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.ModQoSAttNbr.*QCI* where *OCI* identifies the target E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.3.2 Number of E-RABs successfully modified the QoS parameter

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs successfully modified the QoS parameter. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB MODIFY RESPONSE message, each E-RAB successfully modified the QoS parameter is added to the relevant measurement per QCI, the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs successfully modified the QoS parameter. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.

- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.ModQoSSuccNbr.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the target E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.3.3 Number of E-RABs failed to modify the QoS parameter

- a) This measurement provides the number of E-RABs failed to be modified the QoS parameter. The measurement is split into subcounters per failure cause.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RN of an E-RAB MODIFY RESPONSE message, each E-RAB failed to modify the QoS parameter is added to the relevant measurement per cause, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of E-RABs failed to modify the QoS parameter. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.ModQoSFailNbr.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause resulting in the E-RAB Modify failure.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.4 E-RAB activity

#### 4.2.4.1 In-session activity time for UE

- a) This measurement provides the aggregated active session time for UEs in a cell.
- b) CC
- c) Number of session seconds aggregated for UEs in a cell. A UE is said to be 'in session' if any E-RAB data on a Data Radio Bearer (UL or DL) has been transferred during the last 100 ms.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) ERAB.SessionTimeUE
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Retainability KPI 'E-RAB Retainability' defined in [13].

#### 4.2.4.2 In-session activity time for E-RABs

- a) This measurement provides the aggregated active session time for E-RABs in a cell. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) Number of session seconds aggregated for E-RABs with a certain QCI. The E-RABs for a UE is said to be 'in session' if any E-RAB data on any Data Radio Bearer (UL or DL) has been transferred during the last 100 ms for that QCI. The possible QCIs are described in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total session seconds. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.SessionTimeQCI.QCI
  - where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Retainability KPI 'E-RAB Retainability' defined in [13].

#### 4.2.5 E-RAB number

#### 4.2.5.1 Average Number of simultaneous E-RABs.

- a) This measurement provides the average number of simultaneous E-RABs. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) SI.
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval, the number of simultaneous E-RABs and then taking the arithmetic mean. The measurement is split into subcounters per QCI, and the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.UsageNbrMean.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.2.5.2 Maximum Number of simultaneous F-RABs.

- a) This measurement provides the maximum number of simultaneous E-RABs. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) SI.

- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval, the number of simultaneous E-RABs and then taking the maximum. The measurement is split into subcounters per QCI, and the possible QCIs are included in TS 36.413 [9]. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form ERAB.UsageNbrMax.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.3 Handover related measurements

#### 4.3.1 Intra-RAT Handovers

#### 4.3.1.1 Intra-eNB/RN Handover related measurements

#### 4.3.1.1.1 Attempted outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the RRCConnectionReconfiguration message by the eNB/RN to the UE triggering the intra-eNB/RN handover (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each RRCConnectionReconfiguration message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing intra-eNB/RN handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.IntraEnbOutAtt.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.1.2 Successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN handovers per handover cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB/RN, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN handover (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9].
  The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing intra-eNB/RN

handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.

- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix
- e) HO.IntraEnbOutSucc. Cause where Cause identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.1.1.3 Attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparations from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparations from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause; this measurement is only applicable to DeNB.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST from the DeNB to RN (see TS 36.423[10]), indicating the attempt of an outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparation from DeNB cell to RN, the forwarded X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST for the handover from another RN, eNB or DeNB to the RN is exclusive, the measurement is only incemented by one for one handover in case the X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST are sent to multiple RNs. Each attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparation from DeNB cell to RN is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover preparations from DeNB cell to RN. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.IntraDenbOutPrepToRnAtt.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.1.1.4 Attempted outgoing intra-DeNB handover executions from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing intra-eNB handovers from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause; this measurement is only applicable to DeNB.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRC ConnectionReconfiguration* message to UE triggering the handover from the DeNB to the RN, indicating the attempt of an outgoing intra-eNB handover from DeNB cell to RN (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of attempted outgoing intra-eNB handovers from DeNB cell to RN. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.

- e) HO.IntraDenbOutToRnAtt.*Cause*where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.1.1.5 Successful outgoing intra-DeNB handover executions from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing intra-DeNB handovers from DeNB cell to RN per handover cause; this measurement is only applicable to DeNB.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt by the source DeNB of X2AP message UE CONTEXT RELEASE from the RN following a successful handover (see TS 36.423[10]), the forwarded X2AP message UE CONTEXT RELEASE for the handover from another RN, eNB or DeNB to the RN is exclusive. Each outgoing intra-DeNB handover from DeNB cell to RN is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of successful outgoing intra-eNB handovers from DeNB cell to RN. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.IntraDenbOutToRnSucc.Cause where Cause identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.2 Inter-eNB Handover related measurements

#### 4.3.1.2.1 Attempted outgoing inter-eNB handover preparations

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing inter-eNB handover preparations, the forwarded handovers for RN in DeNB are exclusive.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST from the source eNB to the target eNB (see TS 36.423[10]), indicating the attempt of an outgoing inter-eNB handover preparation or on transmission of S1AP message HANDOVER REQUIRED to the MME (see TS 36.413 [9]), the forwarded X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST and S1AP message HANDOVER REQUIRED for RN in DeNB are exclusive.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.InterEnbOutPrepAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.2.2 Attempted outgoing inter-eNB handover executions per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing inter-eNB handovers per handover cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRC ConnectionReconfiguration* message to UE triggering the handover from the source eNB to the target eNB, indicating the attempt of an outgoing inter-eNB handover (see TS 36.331 [8]). The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing inter-eNB handover event Each *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.InterEnbOutAtt.*Cause*where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.2.3 Successful outgoing inter-eNB handover executions per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing inter-eNB handovers per handover cause, the forwarded handovers for RN in DeNB are exclusive.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt at the source eNB of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB following a successful handover, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND [9] at the source eNB following a successful handover, the forwarded X2AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE message and S1AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND message for RN in DeNB are exclusive. Each X2AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE message or S1AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND message received and counted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9].
  - The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing inter-eNB handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.InterEnbOutSucc.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.3 Handover measurements on neighbour cell basis

#### 4.3.1.3.1 Attempted outgoing handovers per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing handovers per handover cause and LTE target cell specific.
- b) CC.

- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnection reconfiguration* message to UE triggering the intra-RAT handover (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.OutAttTarget.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranRelation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.3.2 Successful outgoing handovers per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing handovers per handover cause and LTE target cell specific.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB handover (see TS 36.331 [8]), or receipt at the source eNB of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB following a successful inter-eNB handover, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful inter-eNB handover. Each *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete*, X2AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE message or S1AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND message received is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing intra-RAT handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.OutSuccTarget. *Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranRelation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.3.3 Number of handover failures related with MRO

- a) This measurement provides the number of outgoing handover related events that fail related with MRO. Handover related events include normal successful handovers and all failure events by which a UE in RRC connected state changes its serving cell without following a normal handover. Different MRO failure cases are found in [12]. The measurement includes separate counters for the number of handover failures classified as 'too early', 'too late' and 'to wrong cell'.
- b) CC
- c) The measurement is obtained by accumulating the number of failure events related to handover which are identified by the eNB according to the definitions in TS 36.300 [12].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) The measurements are named
  - HO.IntraFreqOutFail.TooEarly

HO.IntraFreqOutFail.TooLate

HO.IntraFreqOutFail.ToWrongCell

- f) EUtranRelation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4 Intra- / Inter-frequency Handover related measurements

#### 4.3.1.4.1 Attempted outgoing intra-frequency handovers

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing intra-frequency handovers.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message by the eNB/RN to UE triggering the handover, indicating the attempt of an outgoing intra-frequency handover (see TS 36.331 [8]).
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.IntraFreqOutAtt.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4.2 Successful outgoing intra-frequency handovers

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing intra-frequency handovers.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB/RN, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN intra-frequency handover (see TS 36.331 [8]), orreceipt at the source eNB/RN of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB or DeNB following a successful inter-eNB intra-frequency handover, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful inter-eNB intra-frequency handover.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.IntraFreqOutSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4.3 Attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers – gap-assisted measurement

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers, when measurement gaps are used [12].
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message by the eNB/RN to UE triggering the handover, indicating the attempt of an outgoing inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are used (see TS 36.331 [8]).

- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.InterFreqMeasGapOutAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4.4 Successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers – gap-assisted measurement

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers, when measurement gaps are used [12].
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB/RN, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are used (see TS 36.331 [8]), or receipt at the source eNB/RN of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB or DeNB following a successful inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are used, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are used.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.InterFreqMeasGapOutSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4.5 Attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers – non gap-assisted measurement

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing inter-frequency handovers, when measurement gaps are not used [12].
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message by the eNB/RN to UE triggering the handover, indicating the attempt of an outgoing inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are not used (see TS 36.331 [8]).
- d) A single integer value.
- e) >>> HO.InterFreqNoMeasGapOutAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.4.6 Successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers – non gap-assisted measurement

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing inter-frequency handovers, when measurement gaps are not used [12].
- b) CC.

- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB/RN, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB/RN inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are not used (see TS 36.331 [8]), or receipt at the source eNB/RN of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB or from DeNB following a successful inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are not used, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful inter-frequency handover when measurement gaps are not used.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.InterFreqNoMeasGapOutSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.5 Handover related measurements for DRX / non-DRX

#### 4.3.1.5.1 Attempted outgoing handovers with DRX

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing handovers, when DRX is used (for DRX see [12]).
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message to UE triggering the handover, indicating the attempt of an outgoing handover when DRX is used (see TS 36.331 [8]).
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.DrxOutAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.5.2 Successful outgoing handovers with DRX

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing handovers, when DRX is used (for DRX see [12]).
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB handover when DRX is used (see TS 36.331 [8]), or receipt at the source eNB of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB following a successful handover when DRX is used, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful handover when DRX is used.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.DrxOutSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.5.3 Attempted outgoing handovers non-DRX

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing handovers, when DRX is not used (for DRX see [12]).
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message to UE triggering the handover, indicating the attempt of an outgoing handover when DRX is not used (see TS 36.331 [8]).
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.NoDrxOutAtt.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.5.4 Successful outgoing handovers non-DRX

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing handovers, when DRX is not used (for DRX see [12]).
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a RRC message *RRCConnectionReconfigurationComplete* sent from the UE to the target (=source) eNB, indicating a successful outgoing intra-eNB handover when DRX is not used (see TS 36.331 [8]) when DRX is not used, or receipt at the source eNB of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the target eNB following a successful handover when DRX is not used, or if handover is performed via S1, receipt of UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND[9] at the source eNB following a successful handoverwhen DRX is not used.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.NoDrxOutSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.6 Handover to cells outside the RN related measurements

#### 4.3.1.6.1 Attempted preparations of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted preparations of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the X2AP message HANDOVER REQUEST by the RN to the DeNB (see TS 36.423[10]), indicating the attempt of an outgoing handover preparation to the cells outside the RN.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) HO.OutRNOutPrepAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD

- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.1.6.2 Attempted executions of outgoing handover to the cells outside the RN per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted executions of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN per handover cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *RRC ConnectionReconfiguration* message by the RN to UE triggering the handover from the RN to the cell outside the RN, indicating the attempt of an outgoing handover to the cell outside the RN(see TS 36.331 [8]).
  - The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of attempted executions of outgoing handovers to the cell outside the RN. Each *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message transimtted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.OutRNOutAtt.*Cause*where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.1.6.3 Successful executions of outgoing handover to the cells outside the RN per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful executions of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN per handover cause.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt at the RN of UE CONTEXT RELEASE [10] over the X2 from the DeNB following a successful handover. Each X2AP UE CONTEXT RELEASE message received is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9]. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of executions of outgoing handovers to the cells outside the RN. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.InterRNOutSucc.*Cause* where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.3.1.7 Handover triggering measurements

# 4.3.1.7.1 Average quality of the serving cell when HO is triggered

- a) This measurement provides the average quality of the serving cell reported in the UE measurement reports that triggered HO. The average is computed over all measurement reports that triggered HO received during the measurement granularity period. Separate measurement is produced for each measurement quantity {RSRP, RSRQ}.
- b) DER (n=1)
- c) For each UtranRelation, this measurement is obtained by accumulating the value (linear value converted from dbm unit) of the quality of the serving (source) cell (RSRP and RSRQ) in the UE measurement report causing HO on the UtranRelation, and dividing the accumulated value by the number of HO occurrence on the UtranRelation at the end of granularity period, and converting the value back to dbm unit from linear value. Separate measurement is provided for RSRP and for RSRQ.
- d) Each measurement is a single integer value in dBm (RSRP) or dB (RSRQ)
- e) HO.SrcCellQual.RSRP HO.SrcCellQual.RSRQ
- f) EUtranRelation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.3.1.7.2 Average quality of the neighboring cell when HO is triggered

- a) This measurement provides the average quality of the neigbor cell that triggered HO (target HO cell) reported in the UE measurement reports. The average is computed over all measurement reports that triggered HO during the measurement granularity period. Separate measurement is produced for each measurement quantity {RSRP, RSRQ}.
- b) DER (n=1)
- c) For each UtranRelation, this measurement is obtained by accumulating the value (linear value converted from dbm unit) of the quality of neighbor (target) cell (RSRP, RSRQ) in the UE measurement report causing HO to the subject neighbor (target) cell on the UtranRelation, and dividing the accumulated value by the number of HO occurrence on the UtranRelation at the end of granularity period, and converting the value back to dbm unit from linear value. Separate measurement is provided for RSRP and for RSRQ.
- d) Each measurement is a single integer value in dBm (RSRP) or dB (RSRQ)
- e) HO.TrgtCellQual.RSRP HO.TrgtCellQual.RSRQ
- f) EUtranRelation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.2 Inter-RAT Handovers

# 4.3.2.1 Measurements related to inter-RAT Handovers – target cell of 3GPP and non-3GPP network technology

#### 4.3.2.1.1 Attempted outgoing inter-RAT handovers per handover cause

a) This measurement provides the number of attempted outgoing inter-RAT handovers per cause and target cell specific.

- b) CC.
- c) Transmission of the *MobilityFromEUTRACommand* message or the *HandoverFromEUTRAPreparationRequest* message from the serving eNB/RN to the UE indicating the attempt of an outgoing handover from EUTRAN to UTRAN or to GERAN or to CDMA2000 (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each *MobilityFromEUTRACommand* message or *HandoverFromEUTRAPreparationRequest* message transmitted is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9].
  - The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing inter-RAT handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first. All IRAT handovers to the neighbouring cells in non-eUTRAN networks are measured.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) HO.IartOutAtt.*Cause*where *Cause* identifies the cause for handover
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD GSMRelation UTRANRelation CDMA2000Relation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.3.2.1.2 Successful outgoing inter-RAT handovers per handover cause

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful outgoing inter-RAT handovers per cause target cell specific.
- b) CC.
- c) Receipt of a S1AP message UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND sent from the MME/DeNB to the source eNB, indicating a successful IRAT handover (see TS 36.413 [9]). Each UE CONTEXT RELEASE COMMAND message received is added to the relevant per handover cause measurement, the possible causes are included in TS 36.413 [9].
  - The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total number of outgoing inter-RAT handover events. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first. All IRAT handovers to the neighbouring cells in non-eUTRAN are measured.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of causes supported plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) HO.IartOutSucc.*Cause* where *Cause* indicating the cause for handover.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD GSMRelation UTRANRelation CDMA2000Relation
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.4 Cell level radio bearer QoS related measurements

# 4.4.1 Cell PDCP SDU bit-rate

# 4.4.1.1 Average DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate

- a) This measurement provides the average cell bit-rate of PDCP SDUs on the downlink. This represents the ingress rate of user plane traffic to the eNodeB/RN (via X2 or S1). The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the number of bits entering the eNodeB/RN, and then dividing the sum by the measurement period. The measurement is performed at the PDCP SDU level. PDCP SDUs that are forwarded over the X2/S1 to another eNodeB during handover shall be deducted from the bit count if this results in a negative bit count the bit count shall be set to zero. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the bit-rate measured in kb/s. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.PdcpSduBitrateDl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.4.1.2 Average UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate

- a) This measurement provides the average cell bit-rate of PDCP SDUs on the uplink. This represents successful transmissions of user plane traffic; control signalling and retransmissions are excluded from this measure. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the number of bits leaving the eNodeB/RN on the X2 or S1 interface, and then dividing the sum by the measurement period. The measurement is performed at the PDCP SDU level. PDCP SDUs that were not received over the air interface in the cell (but were forwarded from another eNodeB during handover) are excluded from the count. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the bit-rate measured in kb/s. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB. PdcpSduBitrateUl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.4.1.3 Maximum DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate

- a) This measurement provides the maximum cell bit-rate of PDCP SDUs on the downlink. This represents the maximum ingress rate of user plane traffic to the eNodeB/RN (via X2 or S1). This is a sum counter measured across all QCIs.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at pre-defined intervals the DL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate summed across all QCIs (see clause 4.4.1.1), and then taking the arithmetic maximum of these samples.
- d) A single integer value representing the maximum bit-rate measured in kb/s.
- e) DRB.PdcpSduBitrateDlMax
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.4.1.4 Maximum UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate

- a) This measurement provides the maximum cell bit-rate of PDCP SDUs measured on the uplink. This represents successful transmissions of user plane traffic; control signalling and retransmissions are excluded from this measure. This is a sum counter measured across all QCIs.
- b) SI
- c) The measurement is obtained by sampling at pre-defined intervals the UL cell PDCP SDU bit-rate summed across all QCIs (see clause 4.4.1.2), and then taking the arithmetic maximum of these samples.
- d) A single integer value representing the maximum bit-rate measured in kb/s.
- e) DRB.PdcpSduBitrateUlMax
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.4.1.5 Average DL cell control plane PDCP SDU bit-rate

- i) This measurement provides the average cell bit-rate of control plane PDCP SDUs on the downlink.
- j) CC.
- k) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the number of received control plane PDCP SDU bits by the eNodeB/RN, including the control plane PDCP SDU bits received from S1 and RRC SAP, and then dividing the sum by the measurement period.
- 1) An single integer value in kb/s.
- m) SRB.PdcpSduBitrateDl
- n) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- o) Valid for packet switching.
- p) EPS

# 4.4.1.6 Average UL cell control plane PDCP SDU bit-rate

- a) This measurement provides the average cell bit-rate of control plane PDCP SDUs on the uplink. This represents successful transmissions of control plane traffic;
- b) CC.
- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the number of transmitted uplink control plane PDCP SDU bits by the eNodeB/RN, and then dividing the sum by the measurement period.
- d) An single integer value in kb/s.
- e) SRB.PdcpSduBitrateUl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

## 4.4.2 Active UEs

# 4.4.2.1 Average number of active UEs on the DL

- a) This measurement provides the average number of UEs that have DTCH data queued on the downlink. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). In case of DeNB the measurement shows the number of active UEs connected directly to the DeNB.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.UEActiveDl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.4.2.2 Average number of active UEs on the UL

- a) This measurement provides the average number of UEs that have DTCH data queued on the uplink. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). In case of DeNB the measurement shows the number of active UEs connected directly to the DeNB.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .*sum* suffix.

- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.UEActiveUl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.4.3 Packet Delay and Drop Rate

# 4.4.3.1 Average DL PDCP SDU delay

- a) This measurement provides the average (arithmetic mean) PDCP SDU delay on the downlink. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). In case of DeNB the measurement provides separate counter for the Un link and Uu link.
- b) DER (n=1)
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the mean delay in ms. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.PdcpSduDelayDl.QCI DRB.PdcpSduDelayDlUn.QCI where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.4.3.2 DL PDCP SDU drop rate

- a) This measurement provides the fraction of IP packets (PDCP SDUs) which are dropped on the downlink. Only user-plane traffic (DTCH) is considered. A dropped packet is one whose context is removed from the eNodeB/RN without any part of it having been transmitted on the air interface. Packets discarded during handover are excluded from the count. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a drop rate subcounter calculated across all QCIs will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the drop rate multiplied by 1E6. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.PdcpSduDropRateDl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the target E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

### 4.4.4 Packet loss rate

#### 4.4.4.1 DL PDCP SDU air interface loss rate

- a) This measurement provides the fraction of IP packets (PDCP SDUs) which are lost (not successfully transmitted) on the downlink air interface. Only user-plane traffic (DTCH) is considered. A lost packet is one whose context is removed from the eNodeB/RN after an attempt has been made to transmit part or all of the packet on the air interface but the whole packet has not been successfully transmitted. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). In case of DeNB the measurement provides the packet loss rate for Uu link only.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a loss rate subcounter calculated across all QCIs will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the air interface loss rate multiplied by 1E6. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB. PdcpSduAirLossRateDl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the target E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.4.4.2 UL PDCP SDU loss rate

- a) This measurement provides the fraction of IP packets (PDCP SDUs) which are lost (not successfully received) on the uplink. Only user-plane traffic (DTCH) and only PDCP SDUs that have entered PDCP (and given a PDCP sequence number) are considered. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). In case of DeNB the measurement provides the packet loss rate for Uu link only (i.e. Un link is excluded). The measurement is also applicable to RN.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a loss rate subcounter calculated across all QCIs will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the loss rate multiplied by 1E6. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.PdcpSduLossRateUl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the target E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.4.5 IP Latency measurements

#### 4.4.5.1 IP Latency in DL, E-RAB level

a) This measurement provides IP Latency in DL on E-RAB level.

- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by the following formula for E-RABs

#### LatTime

LatSample

LatTime is obtained by accumulating the time T for E-RABs

$$T = t_{first \ part \ of \ data \ volume \ transmitted} - t_{data \ received} \quad [ms]$$

The sample of 'T' is made for the new arrived IP data block (PDCP SDU) when there is no other prior data to be transmitted to the same UE in the eNodeB/RN.

LatSample is obtained by accumulating the number of Latency samples taken on the E-RAB level

The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI).

- d) Each measurement is an integer value representing the time in ms. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.IpLateDl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Integrity KPI 'E-UTRAN IP Latency' defined in [13]

# 4.4.6 IP Throughput measurements

## 4.4.6.1 IP Throughput in DL

- a) This measurement provides IP throughput in downlink. In case of DeNB the measurement provides the throughput of Uu link only. The measurement is also applicable to RN.
- b) DER(N=1)
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition 'Scheduled IP Throughput' in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI.
- d) Each measurement is a real value representing the throughput in kbits/s. The number of measurements is equal to the number of OCIs.
- e) The measurement name has the form

DRB.IPThpDl.QCI

where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Integrity KPI 'E-UTRAN IP Throughput' defined in [13].

# 4.4.6.2 IP Throughput in UL

- a) This measurement provides IP throughput in uplink. In case of DeNB the measurement provides the throughput of Uu link only (i.e. Un link throughput is excluded). The measurement is also applicable to RN
- b) DER(N=1)
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition 'Scheduled IP Throughput' in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI.
- d) Each measurement is a real value representing the volume in kbits. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs.
- e) The measurement name has the form DRB.IPThpUl.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Integrity KPI 'E-UTRAN IP Throughput' defined in [13].

# 4.5 Radio resource utilization related measurements

# 4.5.1 DL PRB Usage for traffic

- a) This measurement provides the usage (in percentage) of physical resource blocks (PRBs) on the downlink for DTCH traffic. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). The measurement provides separate counters for Un and non-Un subframes in case of DeNB.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total PRB usage for DTCH. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value from 0 to 100. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form

RRU.PrbDl.QCI

RRU.PrbDlUn.QCI

where QCI identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.2 UL PRB Usage for traffic

- a) This measurement provides the usage (in percentage) of physical resource blocks (PRBs) on the uplink for DTCH traffic. The measurement is split into subcounters per E-RAB QoS level (QCI). The measurement provides separate counters for Un and non-Un subframes in case of DeNB.
- b) SI

- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11]. Separate counters are maintained for each QCI. The sum of all supported per QCI measurements shall equal the total PRB usage for DTCH. In case only a subset of per QCI measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value from 0 to 100. The number of measurements is equal to the number of QCIs plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRU.PrbUl.*QCI* RRU.PrbUlUn.*QCI* where *QCI* identifies the E-RAB level quality of service class.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.3 DL Total PRB Usage

- a) This measurement provides the total usage (in percentage) of physical resource blocks (PRBs) on the downlink for any purpose. The measurement provides separate counters for Un and non-Un subframes in case of DeNB.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11].
- d) A single integer value from 0 to 100.
- e) RRU.PrbTotDl RRU.PrbTotDlUn
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.4 UL Total PRB Usage

- a) This measurement provides the total usage (in percentage) of physical resource blocks (PRBs) on the uplink for any purpose. The measurement provides separate counters for Un and non-Un subframes in case of DeNB.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 3GPP TS 36.314 [11].
- d) A single integer value from 0 to 100.
- e) RRU.PrbTotUl RRU.PrbTotUlUn
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.5 RACH Usage

# 4.5.5.1 Mean number of RACH preambles received

- a) This measurement provides the mean number of RACH preambles received in a cell in one second. Separate counts are provided for dedicated preambles, randomly chosen preambles in group A (aka 'low range') and randomly chosen preambles in group B (aka 'high range').
- b) Gauge
- c) This measurement is obtained according to the definition in 36.314 [11].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) RRU.RachPreambleDedMean

RRU.RachPreambleAMean

RRU.RachPreambleBMean

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.5.5.2 Distribution of RACH preambles sent

- a) This measurement provides the distribution of number of RACH preambles sent by the UE as reported by the UEs inside the *UEInformationResponse* message
- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by incrementing the measurement bin corresponding to the value of IE *numberOfPreamblesSent-r9* ([8] clause 6.2.2) reported by UE inside *UEInformationResponse* message. The measurement is incremented each time a *UEInformationResponse* message containing *rach-Report-r9* IE is received.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) RRU.RachPreambleDist.BinX

where BinX represents the bin.

Note: Number of bins and the range for each bin is left to implementation.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.5.3 Distribution of RACH access delay

- a) This measurement provides the distribution of number of the time before UEs in a cell achieve a successful attach. The RACH access delay is the time from when a UE sends its first Random Access Preamble until the UE receives the Random Access Response.
- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by incrementing the measurement bin corresponding to the access delay experienced by the UE. The access delay is calculated based upon the value of IE *numberOfPreamblesSent* and IE *contentionDetected* reported by UE inside *UEInformationResponse* message ([8] clause 6.2.2). The

measurement is incremented each time a *UEInformationResponse* message containing *rach-Report-r9* IE is received.

- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) RRU.RachAccessDelayDist.BinX

where BinX represents the bin.

Note: Number of bins and the range for each bin is left to implementation.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.5.5.4 Percentage of contentious RACH attempts

- a) This measurement provides the percentage of *UEInformationResponse* messages received within the measurement granularity interval with *contentionDetected* IE set to TRUE.
- b) SI
- c) When *UEInformationResponse* message ([8] clause 6.2.1) continuing *rachReport-r9* IE is received the measurement is updated.
- d) Percentage
- e) RRU.RachContentionReported
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.5.5 Number of UE RACH reports received

- a) This measurement provides the number of *UEInformationResponse* messages received within the measurement granularity interval continuing *rachReport-r9* IE.
- b) CC
- c) When *UEInformationResponse* message ([8] clause 6.2.1) continuing *rachReport-r9* IE is received the measurement is incremented by one.
- d) Single integer value
- e) RRU.RachReportCount
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.5.6 Percentage of time when all dedicated RACH preambles are used

- a) This measurement provides the percentage of time when all dedicated RACH preambles are assigned to UEs.
- b) SI

- c) During each measurement granularity interval the percentage of time during which all dedicated RACH preambles were assigned to UEs is computed.
- d) Percentage
- e) RRU.RachDedicatedPreamblesAssigned
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.5.6 Cell Unavailable Time

- a) This measurement provides the length of time the cell has been unavailable for each cause.
- b) DER (n=1)
- c) This measurement is obtained by accumulating the time periods when the cell is unavailable per cause. The possible cause could be 'manual intervention', 'fault' and 'energy saving'. The sum of all supported per cause measurements shall equal the total time periods of cell unavailability. In case only a subset of per cause measurements is supported, a sum subcounter will be provided first.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (in seconds). The number of measurements is equal to the number of supported causes plus a possible sum value identified by the .sum suffix.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRU.CellUnavailableTime.cause.

Where *cause* identifies the cause resuling in cell unavailable.

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support KPI 'E-UTRAN Cell Availability' defined in [13].

## 4.5.7 TB related measurements

#### 4.5.7.1 Total Number of DL TBs

- a) This measurement provides the total number of TBs transmitted on the downlink in a cell. HARQ retransmissions are excluded from this measurement.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the eNodeB/RNof TB to UE during the period of measurement. (see 36.321 [16])
- d) A single integer value.
- e) TB.TotNbrDl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.5.7.2 Error Number of DL TBs

- a) This measurement provides the number of faulty TBs transmitted on the downlink in a cell. HARQ retransmissions are excluded from this measurement.
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of a NACK from UE which indicates a faulty receiption of TB by UE during the period of measurement. (see 36.321 [16])
- d) A single integer value.
- e) TB.ErrNbrDl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.5.7.3 Total Number of UL TBs

- a) This measurement provides the total number of TBs on the uplink in a cell. HARQ retransmissions are excluded from this measurement.
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of TB from UE during the period of measurement. (see 36.321 [16])
- d) A single integer value.
- e) TB.TotNbrUl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

#### 4.5.7.4 Error Number of UL TBs

- a) This measurement provides the number of faulty TBs on the uplink in a cell. HARQ retransmissions are excluded from this measurement.
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNodeB/RN of a TB on which CRC fails from UE during the period of measurement. (see 36.321 [16])
- d) A single integer value.
- e) TB.ErrNbrUl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 4.5.8 Power utilization measurements

# 4.5.8.1 Maximum carrier transmit power

- a) This measurement provides the maximum carrier transmit power in the measurement granularity interval.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained by retaining the maximum value of the total carrier power transmitted in the cell within the measurement granularity period. The power includes all radio power transmitted, included common channels, traffic channels, control channels. The value is expressed in dBm.
- d) Float in dBm.
- e) CARR.MaxTxPwr
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

## 4.5.8.2 Mean carrier transmit power

- a) This measurement provides the mean carrier transmit power in the measurement granularity interval.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement is obtained by computing the mean value of the total carrier power transmitted in the cell within the measurement granularity period. The power includes all radio power transmitted, included common channels, traffic channels, control channels. The value is expressed in dBm.
- d) Float in dBm.
- e) CARR.AvgTxPwr
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

#### 4.5.9 PRB Full Utilisation

## 4.5.9.1 DL PRB full utilisation

- a) This measurement provides the percentage of time during which all available PRBs for traffic on the downlink have been assigned.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement represents the percentage of time during the measurement granularity interval during which all available PRBs for downlink traffic have been assigned to UEs.
- d) A single integer value from 0 to 100.
- e) RRU.PrbCongestionDl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic

h) EPS

#### 4.5.9.2 UL PRB full utilisation

- a) This measurement provides the percentage of time during which all available PRBs for traffic on the uplink have been assigned.
- b) SI
- c) This measurement represents the percentage of time during the measurement granularity interval during which all available PRBs for uplink traffic have been assigned to UEs.
- d) A single integer value from 0 to 100.
- e) RRU.PrbCongestionUl
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.6 UE-associated logical S1-connection related measurements

# 4.6.1 UE-associated logical S1-connection establishment

# 4.6.1.1 Attempted UE-associated logical S1-connection establishment from eNB to MME

- a) This measurement provides the number of attempted UE-associated logical S1-connection establishments from eNB to MME.
- b) CC
- c) Transmission of an INITIAL UE MESSAGE by the eNodeB to the MME (See 36.413 [9]).
- d) A single integer value.
- e) S1SIG.ConnEstabAtt
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Accessibility KPI 'E-RAB Accessibility' defined in [13].

# 4.6.1.2 Succesful UE-associated logical S1-connection establishment from eNB to MMF

- a) This measurement provides the number of successful UE-associated logical S1-connection establishments from eNB to MME.
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the eNB of first message from MME which succeeds INITIAL UE MESSAGE message on an UE-associated logical S1-connection (See 36.413 [9]).
- d) A single integer value.

- e) S1SIG.ConnEstabSucc
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS
- i) This measurement is to support the Accessibility KPI 'E-RAB Accessibility' defined in [13]

# 4.7 Paging related measurements

# 4.7.1 Paging Performance

# 4.7.1.1 Number of paging records discarded at the eNodeB/RN

- a) This measurement provides the number of paging records that are discarded at the eNB/RN for paging occasions in each cell.
- b) CC
- c) Reception of a S1AP PAGING message from MME/DeNB, see TS 36.413[9], with UE identity which satisfies the following formulae from TS 36.304 [14].

 $X = (T \text{ div } N)*(UE\_ID \text{ mod } N)$ 

Y = floor(UE ID/N) mod Ns

AND the maximum number of paging records that can be queued for each paging occasion has been reached.

- d) A single integer value.
- e) PAG. DiscardedNbr
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic.
- h) EPS

# 4.7.1.2 Number of paging records received by the eNodeB/RN

- a) This measurement provides the number of paging records that are received by the eNB/RN for paging occasions in each cell.
- b) CC
- c) Reception of a S1AP PAGING message from MME/DeNB, see TS 36.413[9].
- d) A single integer value.
- e) PAG.ReceivedNbr
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic.

h) EPS

# 4.8 Measurements related to equipment resources

# 4.8.1 eNodeB/RN processor usage

## 4.8.1.1 Mean processor usage

- a) This measurement provides the mean usage of each key processor during the granularity period. Each equipment may have more than one key processor, how to indentify key processor is vendor specific.
- b) SI.
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval the usage of the processor and then taking the arithmetic mean for each key processor.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (Unit: %).
- e) EQPT.MeanProcessorUsage.*ProcessorID* where *ProcessorID* identifies the key processor of this equipment, the format of *ProcessorID* is vendor specific.
- f) ManagedElement.
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic.
- h) EPS.

# 4.8.1.2 Peak processor usage

- a) This measurement provides the peak usage of each key processor during the granularity period. Each equipment may have more than one key processor, how to indentify key processor is vendor specific.
- b) SI.
- c) This measurement is obtained by sampling at a pre-defined interval the usage of the processor and then taking the maximum for each key processor.
- d) Each measurement is an integer value (Unit: %).
- e) EQPT.PeakProcessorUsage.*ProcessorID* where *ProcessorID* identifies the key processor of this equipment, the format of *ProcessorID* is vendor specific.
- f) ManagedElement.
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic.
- h) EPS.

# 4.9 Common LAs of overlapping RAT"s coverage

# 4.9.1 Number of incoming IRAT mobility events per LA

- a) This measurement provides the number of incoming IRAT mobility events per E-UTRAN cell. This measurement is split into subcounters per LA.
- b) CC.
- c) On receipt by the eNB from UE of an RRCConnectionSetupComplete message in which the most significant bit of the 'mmegi' in 'RegisteredMME' IE is '0' (see TS 36.331 [8]). Each RRCConnectionSetupComplete message received is added to the relevant per LAI measurement. This definition is only applicable to the EUTRAN cells of which the adjacent (including overlaid) RAT is set the most significant bit of the <LAC> with zero.

- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) RRC.IratIncMobility.*LAI* where *LAI* identifies the LAI of the RAT"s coverage the UE comes from.
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# 4.10 RF Measurements

## 4.10.1 CQI Distribution

#### 4.10.1.1 Wideband CQI distribution

- a) This measurement provides the distribution of the Wideband CQI (Channel Quality Indicator) reported by UEs in the cell.
- b) CC.
- c) This measurement is obtained by incrementing the appropriate measurement bin when a wideband CQI value is reported by a UE in the cell. When spatial multiplexing is used, CQI for both code words should be considered.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) CARR.WBCQIDist.BinX where X represents the CQI value (0 to 15).
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

## 4.10.1.2 Average sub-band CQI

a) This measurement provides the average value of the sub-band CQI (Channel Quality Indicator) reported by UEs in the cell.

A subband is a set of k contiguous PRBs where k is a function of system bandwidth. Note the last subband in set S may have fewer than k contiguous PRBs depending on The number of subbands for system bandwidth given by is defined by the subbands shall be indexed in the order of increasing frequency and non-increasing sizes starting at the lowest frequency.

- b) CC
- c) This measurement is obtained by computing the average value of the sub-band CQI reported by UEs in the cell within the measurement granularity period. One value is produced for each sub-band. The number of sub-bands depends on the bandwidth used, as specified in [18]. When spatial multiplexing is used, CQI for both code words should be considered.
- d) Float value.
- e) CARR.AvgSubCQI.SubbandX where SubbandX represents the sub-band index, as specified in [18].

- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

# 4.10.2 Timing Advance Distribution

- a) This measurement provides the distribution of the Timing Advance  $(T_A)$  values transmitted by the eNB to UEs in the cell.
- b) CC.
- c) This measurement is obtained by incrementing the appropriate measurement bin when a Timing Advance Command is sent to a UE in the cell. For Timing Advance Commend see [16] clause 6.1.3.5.
- d) A single integer value.
- e) CARR. TADist.BinX where X represents the  $T_A$  value (0 to 63).
- f) EUtranCellFDD EUtranCellTDD
- g) Valid for packet switching.
- h) EPS

# 5 Measurements related to Relay Node

# 5.1 DeNB Reconfiguration related measurements

# 5.1.1 RN Reconfiguration

# 5.1.1.1 Number of RNReconfiguration attempts

- a) This measurement provides the number of RNReconfiguration attempts sent by DeNB.
- b) CC
- c) On transmission by the DeNB of a RNReconfiguration message to RN. Each RNReconfiguration message received is added to the relevant measurement. The message is included in 3GPP TS 36.331 [8].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.RNReconAttNbr.
- f) DeNBCapability
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

## 5.1.1.2 Number of RNReconfiguration Completed

- a) This measurement provides the number of RNReconfiguration completed received by DeNB
- b) CC
- c) On receipt by the DeNB of a RNReconfigurationComplete message from RN. Each RNReconfigurationComplete message received is added to the relevant measurement. The message is included in 3GPP TS 36.331 [8].
- d) Each measurement is an integer value.
- e) The measurement name has the form RRC.RNReconCmptNbr
- f) DeNBCapability
- g) Valid for packet switched traffic
- h) EPS

# Annex A (informative): Use cases for performance measurements defintion

This annex provides the concrete use cases for the E-UTRAN performance measurements defined in clause 4.

Without particular constraint, the following use cases defined for eNB apply to both eNB and DeNB. If the specific constraint is present, which one of the eNB or DeNB the subject use case applies to, is following the constraint.

# A.1 Monitor of call(/session) setup performance

Call(/session) setup is one of most important step to start delivering services by the networks to users.

The success or failure of a call(/session) setup directly impacts the quality level for delivering the service by the networks, and also the feeling of the end user. So the success or failure of call(/session) setup needs be monitored, this can be achieved by the calculation of call setup success rate which gives a direct view to evaluate the call setup performance, and the analysis of the specific reason causing the failure to find out the problem and ascertain the solutions.

In addition, the time duration of the call(/session) setup need to be monitored as it impacts the end user experience, and by comparison with operator"s benchmark requirements, the optimization may be required according the performance.

And due to different priority and tolerance for different service type with different OoS level in the networks, the monitor needs to be opened on each service type and OoS level.

To complete the call(/session) setup procedure, E-UTRAN is mainly responsible for the establishment of radio and S1 signaling connection and service bearer by the RRC connection establishment (See 3GPP TS 36.331[8]), RRC connection reestablishment after RRC connection dropped due to some reasons like radio link failure or handover failure etc (See 3GPP TS 36.331[8]) E-RAB setup (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) and Initial UE Context Setup (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) procedure.

To support the monitor of success or failure of the call(/session) setup, the performance measurements related to RRC connection establishment (See 3GPP TS 36.331[8]), RRC connection reestablishment (See 3GPP TS 36.331[8]) procedure, and the performance measurements related to E-RAB setup (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) and Initial UE Context Setup (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) procedure for each QoS level are required To support the monitor of time duration of setup call(/session) setup, the performance measurements related to RRC connection setup time and E-RAB setup time are required.

# A.2 Monitor of E-RAB release

E-RAB is the key and limited resource for E-UTRAN to deliver services. The release of the E-RAB needs to be monitored as:

- an abnormal release of the E-RAB will cause the call(/session) drop, which directly impacts the QoS delivered by the networks, and the satisfaction degree of the end user;
- a successfully released E-RAB can be used to setup other requested calls(/sessions). The E-RAB failed to be released will still occupy the limited resource and hence it can not be used to admit other requested calls(/sessions).

The specific reason causing the abnormal and failed release of the E-RAB is required in order to find out the problem and ascertain the solutions. And due to different priority and tolerance for different service type with different OoS level in the networks, the monitor needs to be opened on each service type with OoS level.

The E-RAB can be released by E-RAB Release (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) and UE Context Release (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9] and 3GPP TS 36.423[10]) procedure, either initiated by eNodeB or MME.

So performance measurements related to E-RAB Release (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) and UE Context Release (See 3GPP TS 36.413[9]) procedure for each service type with QoS level are necessary to support the monitor of E-RAB release.

# A.3 Monitor of E-RAB level QoS modification

When an E-RAB has been established, the QoS it experiences in the E-UTRAN is dependent upon the E-RAB level QoS parameters established for the bearer, together with settings of other bearers established in the same cell. If the QoS experienced by a bearer does not meet the expected performance, or the resource need be reassigned for other bearers, the E-RAB level QoS may be adjusted (typically with a knock-on effect onto other bearers).

So the modification of E-RAB level QoS parameters needs to be monitored, and due to different priority and tolerance for different service type with different OoS level in the networks, the monitor needs to be opened on each target service type with OoS level.

The E-RAB level QoS can be modified by E-RAB Modify procedure (see 3GPP TS 36.413[9]), in which the MME entity instructs the eNodeB to change one or more QoS parameters on an E-RAB using the E-RAB MODIFY REQUEST message. The eNodeB typically makes the adjustments as instructed (and adjusts the RRM applied to the bearer appropriately) but in some circumstances the bearer modification can fail. The eNodeB returns an E-RAB MODIFY RESPONSE message that tells the MME whether the modification was successful or not – for an unsuccessful modification a cause value is included. It is important for OAM to measure the failure rate of the bearer modifications, this information can be used, for example, to make adjustments to OAM CM settings.

# A.4 Overview handover related Use Cases

Use Case	PM KPI / elementary object
Continuous Network Supervision: Supervision of overall handover performance. It is essential in network operations to follow the success rate of various handover. Low handover success rate will impact user experience, therefore it is important to define measurements to follow handover success rate.	- outgoing Intra RAT HO Success Rate (cell) *1 - outgoing Inter RAT HO Success Rate (cell) *1 - outgoing Inter System HO Success Rate (cell) *1 - outgoing Inter Frequency HO Success Rate (cell) *1 - outgoing Inter Frequency HO Success Rate (cell) *1 - outgoing Inter Frequency HO Success Rate (cell) *2 - outgoing Inter eNB HO Success Rate (cell) *2*2.1 - outgoing Inter eNB HO Success Rate (cell) *2*2.2 - outgoing HO to the cells outside the RN  *1: It is expected that the HO success rate may vary depending on the respective scenarios: intra-RAT, inter-RAT, inter System, intra frequency, inter frequency  *2: it is expected that the HO success rate may vary depending on the used external interfaces  *2.1: For the intra-DeNB handover, the handover from a DeNB cell to an RN under the same DeNB shall be counted separately as the handover goes through Un interface to RN.  *2.2: For the handover from the DeNB to another eNB/DeNB, the forwarded handovers for RN in the source DeNB shall not be counted as these handover performance.  *3: inter system: LTE- non 3GPP HO

Use Case	PM KPI / elementary object
Continuous Network Supervision: Supervision of the signal strength when handovers are triggered. This information is useful for evaluating the customer experience (e.g. throughput) at the cell edge and during handover as well for network planning purposes (e,g, signal strength at the cell edge).  Troubleshooting: detect a "bad" configuration/neighbor in a particular direction by analyzing abnormal measurement report causing HO.	Signal strength of the serving and neighbouring cell reported by the UE in handover triggering measurement reports in EUtranRelation
Troubleshooting: Detection of bad handover relation. The first use case provides the overall performance of handover success rate on E-UTRAN cell level, but it is essential to get a knowledge between which cell pairs the handover success rate is low. Therefore it is important to know the success rate on neighbor cell relation basis.	- HO Success Rate (neighbourcell)
Troubleshooting: Reason for started handover  To go for further analysis of handover failures, it is essential to know what causes the handovers. For this we need to know the success rate of handovers per HO reason.	- outgoing HO Success Rate per HO reason ( neighbor cell) *4  *4 different results expected e.g. emergency or normal HO
Troubleshooting: Reason for failed handover. To go for further detailed analysis for handover failure it is important to know what the reason for handover failure was, or whether the handover was assisted by measurement gaps or was with DRX.  It is also important to know if measurement gaps and DRX are helping in handover procedure or not. (i.e. what is the handover failure rate if measurement gaps are switched on. Measurement gaps and DRX can cause more load and	- outgoing HO Failure Distribution Rate (cell+neighbourcell) - HO Path Switching Failure Distribution Rate (cell or Interface) - HO Failure Rate DRX / Non DRX (cell) *5 - Inter frequency HO Failure Rate Meas gap assisted / not assisted (cell) *5  *5: measurement only on cell basis and not per neighbourcell
battery consumption to the UE, therefore if these are not causing any changes in handover failure rate, operators may not use them)	due to amount of counters as mentioned above.
Network Planning: Traffic flow analysis or  Network Planning: Handover traffic optimization	outgoing Intra RAT HO Success Rate (neighbour cell)     outgoing Inter RAT HO Success Rate (cell)     outgoing Inter System HO Success Rate (cell)

# A.5 Monitor of cell level QoS and radio resource utilisation

In an E-UTRAN cell the quality of service achieved is directly influenced by a number of factors, including:

- Loading of users on the cell
- Traffic loading and characteristics
- UE locations and mobility

- RRM policies
  - Scheduling
  - o congestion control
  - admission control
  - layer 2 protocol configuration
- Mapping of traffic to QCI
- Setting of QoS parameters other than the QCI.

It is very important to be able to monitor the QoS to determine whether the combined effect of these policies, algorithms and external factors is satisfactory. Unsatisfactory QoS may be rectified by adjusting policies and RRM settings, for instance.

#### Cell bit-rate

A fundamental measure of QoS is the throughput (data rate) of the cell. The total cell throughput measured across all radio bearers gives an indication of the loading and activity in the cell. Adding a per QCI counter allows the loading on the different QCIs to be measured. For example, if QCI 1 is used exclusively for VoIP then the loading of conversational speech can be directly determined. Finally, the maximum throughput can indicate to the operator whether there is enough capacity in the network; for example, is the backhaul sufficient. Separate counters should be configured on the downlink and uplink. Complexity may be reduced by performing the counters at layer 3, giving the ingress bit-rate to the eNB on the downlink and the egress bit-rate from the eNB on the uplink.

Cell throughput includes both User Plane data and Control Plane data. To support the User Plane data, necessary Control Plane data also need to be transmitted. This Control Plane data although required, will not be perceived (felt) by the User. The total cell throughput helps to evaluate the usage of bandwidth and radio resource.

Operators ideally want to see the Control Plane data as small as possible when compared to the User Plane data without compromising on the service.

Hence it is important to monitor the total cell throughput as well as how much is occupied by Control Plane Data.

## Number of actives UEs

It is also of interest to determine how many users are enjoying the throughput numbers determined for each QCI. Therefore, we may count the number of users that are active for each QCI – here active users have data queued pending transmission. A simple division of the throughput (data rate) of a QCI by the number of active users on the QCI indicates the throughput per user on the QCI. For example, taking QCI 1 this metric could indicate the typical codec rate being employed in the cell. Alternatively, for QCI 9 supporting low priority TCP-based traffic it can indicate the typical bandwidth pipe size for a user when he has data to send / receive.

In case of DeNB the users can be connected to the eNB directly via Uu interface or connected via RN. Without having separate measurement for active UEs on Uu and users connected to RN would not provide information on the throughput per user at DeNB as on Un interface there can be many users connected via RN. Therefore it is beneficial to provide separatly the number of active users on Uu interfaces and have the same measurement also in RN. Also it is required to have separate measurements for throughput on Uu interface in DeNB and also in the RN.

# DL packet delay

Latency is of prime concern for some services, particularly conversational services like speech and instant messaging. A counter is added to measure the mean delay for IP packets incurred within the eNodeB. Separate counters are provided per QCI which are particularly useful when the QCI is used by very few services and the packet sizes vary little. It is only practical to measure packet delays on the downlink.

In case of DeNB the packet delay includes both the internal processing delay at DeNB and UE/RN as well as the packet transferring delay on the radio link. As RN UE"s packets need to be transferred via Un and Uu while packets for UEs directly connected to DeNB need to pass through only Un interface, packet delay optimization mechanism may be different for RN UEs and DeNB UEs. Therefore it is beneficial to have separate measurements on packet delay for Uu and Un interface.

# DL packet drop rate

When a cell is heavily loaded congestion can take place. When congestion is not severe, the impact is typically the incurrence of additional delay for non-GBR radio bearers. However, when congestion is severe the eNodeB may be forced to discard packets. It is important for the operator to have visibility of packet discard so that corrective action can be instigated (for example, by adjusting admission control settings in the network). It is only practical to measure packet discards on the downlink. Packet discards on handover should not be included in the count.

# PRB Usage

The resource utilisation, measured in terms of physical resource blocks (PRBs), is a useful measure of whether a cell is lightly loaded or not. Loading is a key input to network capacity planning and load balancing. Furthermore, when resource utilisation per QCI is reported the distribution of resources between different services can be estimated.

For Type 1 relay, the Un subframe configuration is necessary for RN operation. The RN can only be scheduled by the DeNB within subframes configured for RN backhaul communication (i.e, Un subframes), while, in principle, the UEs connected directly to DeNB can be scheduled in any subframe. Therefore, in certain scenarios, it may be possible that the PRB usage in the Un subframes and in the non-Un subframes is quite different. For example, in case there are many RNs in the network and only few UEs connected directly to the DeNB, it may happen that the PRB usage in the Un subframes is quite high while the PRB usage in non-Un subframes is low. Therefore it is seen useful to have separate measurements on PRB usage for Un subframe and non-Un subframes.

## Resource Full Utilisation

Resource congestion is a critical situation in the network that needs to be monitored closely in order to be assessed and addressed immediately (e.g. by expanding related resources). Measurements reflecting the time during which the resources are fully used are needed to properly assess the congestion. Congestion affects PRB so appropriate congestion measurements are needed.

# Transport Resource Usage

Transport resource utilisation provides information on the overall traffic of an eNodeB with the rest of the network, together with information on the traffic of the individual cells it gives the ability to localise bottlenecks. On the other hand it is a key input for planning of timely expansion of transport (backhaul) resources in the network provides. Measurements enabling to track the transport resource utilisation are therefore useful.

#### Hardware Resource Usage

Hardware resource utilisation provides information on the overall load of an eNodeB, together with the information on the individual loads it gives the ability to localise bottlenecks. On the other hand it is a key input for planning of timely expansion of hardware resources in the network. Measurements enabling to track the hardware resource utilisation are therefore useful.

# Downlink Air interface packet loss rate

The downlink air interface packet loss can be directly compared with the PELR value of a QCI to see if the packet loss (over the air interface) aspect of quality of service is being met within the cell (see [12] for more details on PELR). On the downlink this measurement can be added to the congestion losses (see DL packet drop rate) to determine the total packet loss rate at the eNodeB. Consequently, the downlink useful bit-rate can be estimated by scaling the measurement of the downlink PDCP ingress bit-rate by (1 – DL packet drop rate) (1 – air interface packet loss rate).

# Uplink packet loss rate

The uplink air interface packet loss rate (per QCI) can be compared directly with the PELR defined for that QCI. An estimate of the uplink air interface packet loss may be provided by the 'Uplink PDCP SDU loss rate'. This uplink measurement is based on PDCP sequence numbers and cannot precisely measure the air interface losses. Any packets discarded by the UE within the protocol stack (i.e. at layer 2) are also counted since they will have been given a PDCP sequence number. Discards at layer 3 are not counted.

# **RACH Usage**

The RACH plays a vital role in the following procedures:

- Initial access from RRC IDLE;

- Initial access after radio link failure;
- Handover requiring random access procedure;
- DL data arrival during RRC\_CONNECTED requiring random access procedure;
- UL data arrival during RRC\_CONNECTED requiring random access procedure;

Furthermore, the random access procedure takes two distinct forms:

- Contention based using a randomly selected preamble (applicable to all five events);
- Non-contention based using a dedicated preamble (applicable to only handover and DL data arrival).

In the use-case of RACH configuration optimization, received Random Access Preambles and a contention indicator are signalled across an OAM interface.

Monitoring of the preamble usage in a cell allows the operator to determine if the resources allocated to the RACH by the eNodeB are appropriate for the number of random access attempts. If the resources are underutilised then the operator may reconfigure the eNodeB (via CM) to allocate less resource to RACH thereby freeing up resource for other uplink transmissions. Alternatively, if the resources are heavily utilised then this is indicative of RACH congestion leading to increased latency for the procedures listed above. To this effect, measurements directly reflecting RACH congestion experienced by the eNodeB and by the UEs are useful.

The eNodeB can partition the RACH resource between dedicated preambles, randomly selected preambles in group A and randomly selected preambles in group B. This partitioning can be evaluated when usage measurements are made on each set separately.

To further monitor and analyze the latency of the procedures listed above created at the RACH level, the measurement of the number of RACH preambles sent per RACH attempt is useful.

RACH optimisation function optimises RACH related configurations to achieve minimizing of access delays and random access collision probability for all the UEs. eNB may request the UEs to report the number of attempts to access the network (numberOfPreamblesSent in TS 36.331 [8]). Based on the attempting number of random access of all the UEs, the eNB can know the distribution of RACH preambles sent by UEs and calculate the access probability (AP) of a cell accurately. The eNB may also request the UEs to report contention detected while attempting to access the network (contentionDetected in TS 36.331 [8]). Based on the estimated time per random access and the estimated contention level in the network, the eNB can estimate the access delay probability (ADP) of a cell.

# A.6 Monitor of the number of connected users

The number of the connected users in each cell is valuable information for operators to know how many uses are connecting to E-UTRAN per cell basis. This kind of information can help operator to tune the admission control parameters for the cell and to do load balancing between cells to ensure that the target percentage or number the of users admitted achieve the target QoS.

# A.7 Monitoring of interference situation

In the LTE radio technology interference has to be coordinated on the basis uplink and downlink i.e. in a coordinated usage of the UL resources (Physical Resource Blocks, PRBs) and DL Transmitted Power, which lead to improve SIR and corresponding throughput. These are achieved by means of mechanisms employing channel quality indicators in support of scheduling/radio resource allocation functions.

These RRM functions in the eNB require the setting of frequency / power restrictions and preferences for the resource usage in the different cells. Setting and updating these parameters is the task of a network optimisation (done by operator or automatically by SON).

Use cases for the related interference measurements are e.g. optimisation of ICIC related RRM functionality, the detection of long distance interferer and the interference due to spurious emissions of neighbour cells. The later case is assumed only in high load scenarios or unsufficent ICIC functionality due to the fact that ICIC functionality would minimise interference autonomously if sufficient bandwidth is available.

The necessary measurements to identify and anylse the interference situation as input for optimisation tasks has to be defined.

# A.8 Monitor of ARQ and HARQ performance

Reliable Packet Delivery is one of the important Performance factor for a better User experience. HARQ retransmissions at the MAC layer ensure reliable packet delivery

In addition, RLC can be configured to operate in acknowledged mode for those applications that need very low packet drops and can tolerate a slightly higher delay from RLC retransmissions.

If a MAC PDU is not delivered, HARQ takes care of retransmitting (upto a maximum configurable number). If all the retransmissions fail at MAC layer, and if RLC is configured to operate in acknowledged mode, RLC"s ARQ mechanism will take care of any residual packet errors.

#### It is important to

a) maintain the block error rate or packet error rate within tolerable limits

b) ensure that HARQ retransmissions take care of most packet errors, instead of relying on RLC layer retransmissions (which would increase the delay).

So, it is important to monitor the performance of these schemes.

ARQ Performance if viewed at QCI level can help in monitoring the distribution for each of the services.

HARQ Performance if viewed at MCS (Modulation Coded Scheme) can help in monitoring the MCS Performance also.

# A.9 Monitoring of RF performance

RF Performance reflects the cell loading levels and abnormal conditions.

In the Downlink, Power Resources are managed by the EUTRAN Cell(RAN).

More Power Resources may help in increasing the Capacity of the System. Hence, there the power resources could be effectively used to optimize the Capacity of the System.

Hence there is a need to keep monitoring the Power Resource Utilization in % and also in absolute terms.

Monitoring of the quality of RF signal in the cell is useful for the purpose of NW planning and overall service quality assessment. Measurements of Channel Quality Indicator (CQI) reported by UEs is a useful metric reflecting RF signal quality and service quality.

Timing advance measurements reflect the distance of the UE from the cell antenna. This information reflects the optimality of the cell antenna location with respect to the cell traffic and is useful in the NW planning process.

Monitoring interference, both uplink and downlink, is an important aspect of monitoring RF performance. For this purpose, monitoring of UL interference power is useful.

Interference signals in a number of different ways, including frequency, frequency band, direction of interfering signals, etc. can also be classified by System internal interference and External interference. By efficient frequency planning and careful

Selection of base station locations, the impact of interference signal can be effectively controlled within an acceptable scope.uplink interference disturbs the base station receiver. Once the base station receiver is compromised, it leads to receiving code errors for the whole base station and the site"s entire service area is degraded including its network and service. Of course, customer satisfaction is negatively impacted. So it is very useful to monitor uplink interference of communication system to do network optimization.

# A.10 Monitor of paging performance

In EUTRAN, Paging is under the control of the MME. When the MME wants to page a UE it has to page it in all cells that belong to the TA(s) to which the UE is registered.

The paging load per cell is an important measure for the operator as it allows the operator to properly dimension the resources for paging in the E-UTRAN Cell.

At an E-UTRAN Cell it makes sense to measure the number of discarded paging messages if this is due to some problem in the eNodeB, such as paging occasion overflow. In that scenario the periodicity of paging occasions can be reconfigured in order to ensure that all paging messages are transmitted by the eNodeB in the first available paging occasion, thereby avoiding paging delays and extended call setup delay.

Operators need to know when such an event occurs, in order to identify if the problem is at the E-UTRAN cell level or not.

In addition to discarded paging records measurement, it is important to know total paging records received so that discarded paging records ratio can be derived.

Total number of paging records received is important in the sense that, it may be fine if the discarded paging records are high if discarded paging records ratio is small. On the other hand, it may be problematic if discarded paging records are low, if discarded paging records ratio turn out to be high.

# A.11 Use case of eNodeB processor usage

When network is very busy, for example on important holiday or emergency events happened, the traffic of one eNodeB is very heavy. So eNodeB processor usage measurements are very important to indicate eNodeB processor load capability. If eNodeB processor usage is too high, operator must take action to avoid network paralysis.

# A.12 Monitor of simultaneous E-RABs

E-RAB is one of the EUTRAN Cell resources which are limited in number.

Hence along with the E-RAB Setup Success Rate, there is a need to keep monitoring the simultaneous E-RABs and having them at QCI level can help in learning the service distribution in time periods.

Average / Maximum simultaneous E-RABs, can help to know the average / maximum utilization of the resources in time periods, thereby helping to do necessary resource capacity engineering.

# A.13 Monitoring of Mobility Robustness Optimization (MRO)

The following measurement is defined specifically to monitor the performance of intra-frequency handover optimisation:

• Number of handover failures for MRO.

The measurement examines 'handover related events' in which the serving cell of a RRC connected UE is changed. Handover related events are either normal successful handovers, or they are failures. Different failure modes are possible and the measurement provides counts for the occurrences of the failure modes related with MRO, 'too early', 'too late' and 'to wrong cell'. The detailed definitions of these modes are captured in [12]. The counters provide visibility of the mix of failure problems that the handover optimistion function is tackling.

In addition to event-based (i.e. reactive) optimization of handover performance, a pro-active optimization is possible by monitoring the dynamics of handover triggering from UE measurement reports.

# A.14 Monitor of BLER performance

The TB Error Rate in UL/DL can directly reflect the BLER, and has an influence on MCS selection and user throughput. It can be helpful to estimate the performance of radio resource management like radio resource schedulein transport layer and be helpful in trouble shooting. Furthermore, they should be taken into account to optimize the system performance. To obtain TB Error Rate by calculating, the number of total and error TBs transmitted in a cell should be monitored.

# A.15 Monitoring of common LAs of overlapping target RAT"s coverage

For CS fallback in EPS, as defined in section 5.1A of 3GPP TS 23.272 [17], the fallback procedure is likely to be faster if the network can allocate a Location Area to the UE that is the LA of the overlapping target RAT's coverage. For this situation, the MME should avoid allocating TAI lists that span multiple Location Areas of the target RAT, this can be achieved by:

- configuring the E-UTRAN cell's TAI to align the LA boundary of the target RAT;
- the MME being configured to know which TAIs are within which LA; and
- the MME using the TAI of the current E-UTRAN cell to derive the LAI.

Also as specified in section 4.3.4 of 3GPP TS 23.272 [17], to facilitate the alignment of TA boundaries with LA boundaries, the E-UTRAN can gather statistics (from the inbound inter-RAT mobility events of all UEs) of the most common LAs indicated in the RRC signalling.

From such measurements per E-UTRAN cell basis, operators 1) can know the common LA(s) of the overlapping target RAT"s coverage for each TA, which is useful to configure the TAI list within which LA boundary to MME, operators can also 2) detect the case that TA spans multiple LAs if different most common LA(s) is/are reported from the E-UTRAN cells in the same TA, operators may take actions to rectify it if needed.

# A.16 Monitoring of Energy Saving

Beside monitoring of the energy consumption it is also important to differentiate if the cell unavailability or the failure of the RRC connection establishment happens because of Energy Saving as Energy Saving Management feature is by the Operator on purpose. Therefore such failures should be distinguishable from other network failures, therefore should be counted separately. With the separate cell unavailability counter due to Energy Saving makes it possible to deduct the cell downtime due to Energy Savings from the total cell outage.

# A.17 Monitoring of RNReconfiguration

The purpose of RNReconfiguration related procedure is to configure/reconfigure the RN subframe configuration and/or to update the system information relevant for the RN in RRC\_CONNECTED.

The system information and subframe configuration is very important for RN, but the RN does not need to apply the system information acquisition and change monitoring procedures, if configured with an RN subframe configuration. Upon change of any system information relevant to an RN, E-UTRAN provides the system information blocks containing the relevant system information to RNs with an RN subframe configuration via dedicated signalling using the *RNReconfiguration* message. This dedicated signalling replaces any stored system information acquired through the system information acquisition procedure.

Because the RN is semi-duplex, to avoid the transmission conflict between access link (between UE and RN) and backhaul link (between RN and DeNB), the subframe of RN is semi-statically assigned (see TR 36.814) and the configuration information is included in the RNReconfiguration message.

During the RN operation, failures of backhaul link will cause unsuccessful RN reconfiguration. In that case, RN will not get any response from DeNB. The defined performance counter will help to compute how many respose messages are missing. Depending on this result, operators could easily make network planning to consider fix or optimize the backhaul link quality.

# Annex B (informative): Change history

Date   TSG # TSG Doc.   CR Rev Subject/Comment   Cat Old New Nat 2009   SP-43   SP-090143     Presentation to SA for information and approval     1.0.0   8.0.0   8.0.0   8.0.0   8.0.0   9.1.0   9.2.0   1.0.0   9.2.0   1.0.0   9.2.	Change history								
Mar 2009   SP-44   SP-090049   O2   Add missing E-UTRAN measurement for paging discards at the eNodeB - Align with 36.304 and 32.426   SP-0900542   O4   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O4   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearer setup measurements   SP-090542   O5   O5   O5   O5   O5   O5   O5   O	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	<u> </u>	Cat	Old	New
Jun 2009   SP-44   SP-090090   O2   Add missing E-UTRAN measurement for paging discards at the encoder   SP-090590   SP-45   SP-0905290   O11   Addition of aNodeB processor usage related measurements   B   8.10   9.00   9.00   9.10   SP-2009   SP-45   SP-0909420   O4   Correction on the IP latency and additional SAE Bearers setup   Amount	Mar 2009	SP-43	SP-090143					1.0.0	8.0.0
Jun 2009   SP-44   SP-090290   Oo1   Addition of a NodeB processor usage related measurements   B   8.1.0   9.0.0	Jun 2009	SP-44	SP-090408	002		Add missing E-UTRAN measurement for paging discards at the	F	8.0.0	8.1.0
measurements	Jun 2009	SP-44	SP-090290	001		Addition of eNodeB processor usage related measurements	В	8.1.0	9.0.0
Sep 2009   SP-45   SP-900542   2006   Alignment of PRB usage related measurements with 36.314   A   9.0.0   9.1.0   Sep 2009   SP-45   SP-900627   2007   Add SAE Bearer number related measurements   F   9.1.0   9.2.0   Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100035   011   Add SAE Bearer number related measurements   F   9.1.0   9.2.0   special part of the property of the propert	Sep 2009	SP-45	SP-090542	004			Α	9.0.0	9.1.0
Sep_2009   SP-45   SP-090627   007   Add SAE Bearer number related measurements   B   9.0.0   9.0.0   9.0   Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100035   010   Add RRC connection relased as a PM counter   F   9.1.0   9.2.0   9.2.0   Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100035   011   Add RRC connection relased as a PM counter   F   9.1.0   9.2.0   9.2.0   0.0.0   Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100036   008   Incorrect section numbering   D   9.2.0   10.0.0   0.0.	Sep 2009	SP-45	SP-090542	006			Α	9.0.0	9.1.0
Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-100035         010         — Add RRC connection release as a PM counter         F         9.1.0         9.2.0           Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-100035         011         — Introduction of handover failure PM counters for handover optimisation         F         9.1.0         9.2.0           Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-100036         003         — Add RC Connection establishments per failure         F         9.1.0         9.2.0           Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-100036         003         — Add TB related measurements         B         9.2.0         10.0.0           Jun 2010         SP-48         SP-100264         013         — Editional changes to clause References         D         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0           Jun 2010         SP-48         SP-100265         022         Correct L3 measurements         A         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0         10.0.0									
Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100035   011     Introduction of handover failure PM counters for handover   F   9.1.0   9.2.0   9.									
Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-100036   Old   Add a PM counter of RRC connection establishments per failure   F   9.1.0   92.0   10.0.0						Introduction of handover failure PM counters for handover			
Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-10036         0.8         Incorrect section numbering         D         9.2.0         10.0.0           Mar 2010         SP-47         SP-100264         013         — Editorial changes to clause References         D         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.2.0         8.8         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.2.0         8.8         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.2.0         8.8         10.0.0         10.1.0         10.2.0         10.2.0         10.3.0         10.1.0         10.2.0         10.3.0         10.2.0	Mar 2010	SP-47	SP-100035	012		Add a PM counter of RRC connection establishments per failure	F	9.1.0	9.2.0
Mar 2010   SP-47   SP-10036   009     Add TB related measurements   B   9.20   10.0.0   10.10   1	Mar 2010	SP-47	SP-100036	008			D	9.2.0	10.0.0
Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100264   013     Editorial changes to clause References   D   10.0.0   10.1.0     Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100412   018     Correct L3 messages in measurement definitions   A   10.0.0   10.1.0     Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100262     Correct L3 messages in measurement definitions   A   10.0.0   10.1.0     Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100262     Missing Measurement related to common LAs to support faster CS   A   10.0.0   10.1.0     Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100262   019     Add the missing reference of causes in HO measurements   A   10.0.0   10.1.0     Jun 2010   SP-49   SP-100480   024     Correction of intra-RAT HO measurements   A   10.1.0   10.2.0     Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100480   024     Modification of E-RAB release related measurements   C   10.1.0   10.2.0     Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100480   024     Modifigoration of E-RAB release related measurements   C   10.1.0   10.2.0     Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100489   025     Addition of measurements for pagings received   B   10.1.0   10.2.0     Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100489   025     Modifying RRC esitablishment failure and Cellunavailability   10.1.0   10.2.0     Dec 2010   SP-50   SP-100878   030   1   Apply the RRC connection setup related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   033   1   Apply the RRC connection setup related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   033   Apply the E-RAB setup related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   035   Addition of HO related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   035   Addition of HO related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   035   Addition of HO related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   055   Add measurements for maximum PRB usage   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   055   Add measurements for RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0     Mar 2011   SP									
Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100259   022					-				
Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100412   O18   - Add IP Throughput measurements									
Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100262   SP-100262   O15   O15   Fallback in EPS   Allback in EPS		SP-48							
Jun 2010   SP-48   SP-100262   019     Add the missing reference of causes in HO measurements	Jun 2010	SP-48	SP-100262	015		Missing Measurement related to common LAs to support faster CS		10.0.0	10.1.0
Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100488   023	Jun 2010	SP-48	SP-100262				Α	10.0.0	10.1.0
Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100489   O24									
Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100489   O25									
Sep 2010   SP-49   SP-100493   Dec   Dec 2010   SP-50   SP-100878   O30   1   Correcting L3 measurements due to Energy Saving   C   Dec 2010   SP-51   SP-110095   O31   1   Apply the RRC connection setup related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O32   RN   Apply the RRC connection resetablishment related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O32   RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O34   2   Apply the ERAB setup related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O35   Addition of HO related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O35   Addition of HO related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O36   Apply the abnormal E-RAB release related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O36   Apply the abnormal E-RAB release related measurements to RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O36   Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well   C   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O36   Addition of HO related measurements to DeNB as well   C   10.3.0   10.4.0   Change counter for RACH usage from 'Cumulative Counter' to   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O54   Add measurements for maximum PRB usage   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O55   Add measurements for radio coverage   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O55   Add measurements for radio coverage   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O56   Add measurements of RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O57   Add E-RAB release and modification related measurements of RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O66   Add inter-RAT HO related measurements of RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O67   Add E-RAB release and modification related measurements of RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0   Mar 2									
Dec 2010   SP-50   SP-100878   030   1   Correcting L3 messages and cleanup   A   10.2.0   10.3.0	Sep 2010					Modifying RRC establishment failure and Cellunavailability			
Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         031         1         Apply the RRC connection setup related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         032         2         RN         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         032         2         RN         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         033         1         Apply the E-RAB setup related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         034         2         Apply the abnormal E-RAB release related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         036         1         Apply the eNB measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         036         1         Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well         C         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         031         1         Addition of HO related measurements on RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011	Dec 2010	SP-50	SP-100878		1			10.2.0	10 3 0
Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095         O32 DRN         Apply the RRC connection reestablishment related measurements to B P 10.3.0         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095         033 J Apply the E-RAB setup related measurements to RN B P-110095         B 10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095         034 J Apply the abnormal E-RAB release related measurements to RN B P-110095         B 10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095         035 J Addition of HO related measurements to RN B P-110095         B 10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095         036 J Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well Change counter for RACH usage from 'Cumulative Counter' to Gauge' Add measurements on power utilization B J 10.3.0         I0.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095 D53 J Add measurements for maximum PRB usage B P-110095 D54 J Add measurements for maximum PRB usage B P-110095 D55 J SP-110095 D56 J Add inter-RAT HO related measurements of RN B J 10.3.0         J0.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095 D60 J Add inter-RAT HO related measurements of RN B J 10.3.0         J0.4.0         B J 10.3.0         J0.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51 SP-110095 D60 J Add Paging related measurements of RN B J 10.3.0         J0.4.0         B J 10.3.0         J0.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51									
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Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         034         2         Apply the abnormal E-RAB release related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         035         1         Addition of HO related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         034         1         Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well         C         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         044         1         Adding measurements on power utilization         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         053         1         Add measurements for raction of raction of raction of ractions of raction of ractions of	Mar 2011	CD E1						10.2.0	10.4.0
Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         035         1         Addition of HO related measurements to RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         034         1         Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well         C         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         044         1         Adding measurements on power utilization         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         053         1         Add measurements for maximum PRB usage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         054         1         Add measurements for maximum PRB usage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         054         1         Add measurements for radio coverage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         1         Add measurements for radio coverage, handover triggering, RACH performance         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         058         1         Add RRC connection setup and UE context release related mea									
Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         036         1         Apply the eNB measurements to DeNB as well         C         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         044         1         Adding measurements on power utilization         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110093         048         -         Change counter for RACH usage from 'Cumulative Counter' to 'Gauge'         A         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         053         1         Add measurements for maximum PRB usage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         054         1         Add measurements for radio coverage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         9         Performance         Add measurements for radio coverage, handover triggering, RACH performance         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         9         1         Add RRC connection setup and UE context release related         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         065         1									
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Mar 2011         SP-51         Change counter for RACH usage from 'Cumulative Counter' to Gauge'         A         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         053         1         Add measurements for maximum PRB usage         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         054         1         Add measurements for radio coverage, handover triggering, RACH performance         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         9         Add measurements for radio coverage, handover triggering, RACH performance         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         9         Add RRC connection setup and UE context release related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         055         1         Add RRC connection setup and UE context release related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         050         1         Add E-RAB release and modification related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         061					1				
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SP-110095   O55   9   performance   B			SF-110095	054	1		ь		
SP-110095   O58   1   measurements of RN   B   Mar 2011   SP-51   SP-110095   O59   1   Add E-RAB release and modification related measurements of RN   B   10.3.0   10.4.0			SP-110095	055	9	performance	В		
Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         059         1         Add E-RAB release and modification related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         060         -         Add inter-RAT HO related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         061         -         Add cell level radio bearer QoS related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         062         -         Add Radio resource utilization related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         063         -         Add paging related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         064         -         Add equipment resources related measurements of RN         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         065         2         Add RNReconfiguration related measurements to DeNB - Align with RAN2 TS 36.331         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         068         1<	Wai 2011	01 01	SP-110095	058	1		R	10.5.0	10.4.0
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Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         066         2         Add RNReconfiguration related measurements to DeNB - Align with RAN2 TS 36.331         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110098         067         1         Introduction of PM counters on distribution of RACH preambles sent         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         068         1         Add HO to RN in intro-eNB HO measurements         B         10.3.0         10.4.0           Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         069         1         Exclude HOs from RN in inter-eNB HO measurements         C         10.3.0         10.4.0	Mar 2011				2	Adding separate counters for Un link and Uu link L2 measurements			
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Mar 2011         SP-51         SP-110095         069         1         Exclude HOs from RN in inter-eNB HO measurements         C         10.3.0         10.4.0									

# History

Document history			
V10.4.0	April 2011	Publication	