

**Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+);  
Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS);  
AMR speech Codec;  
C-source code  
(3GPP TS 26.073 version 7.0.0 Release 7)**



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Reference

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Keywords

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## 1 Scope

The present document contains an electronic copy of the ANSI-C code for the Adaptive Multi-Rate codec. The ANSI-C code is necessary for a bit exact implementation of the Adaptive Multi Rate speech transcoder (TS 26.090 [2]), Voice Activity Detection (TS 26.094 [6]), comfort noise (TS 26.092 [4]), source controlled rate operation (TS 26.093 [5]) and example solutions for substituting and muting of lost frames (TS 26.091 [3]).

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.

- [1] 3GPP TS 26.074: "AMR Speech Codec; Test sequences".
- [2] 3GPP TS 26.090: "AMR Speech Codec; Speech transcoding".
- [3] 3GPP TS 26.091: "AMR Speech Codec; Substitution and muting of lost frames".
- [4] 3GPP TS 26.092: "AMR Speech Codec; Comfort noise aspects".
- [5] 3GPP TS 26.093: "AMR Speech Codec; Source controlled rate operation".
- [6] 3GPP TS 26.094: "AMR Speech Codec; Voice Activity Detection".
- [7] RFC 3267: "A Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) Payload Format and File Storage Format for Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR) and Adaptive Multi-Rate Wideband (AMR-WB) Audio Codecs", June 2002.

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

Definition of terms used in the present document, can be found in TS 06.090 [2], TS 06.091 [3], TS 06.092 [4], TS 06.093 [5] and TS 06.094 [6].

### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purpose of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ANSI	American National Standards Institute
ETS	European Telecommunication Standard
GSM	Global System for Mobile communications
I/O	Input/Output
RAM	Random Access Memory
ROM	Read Only Memory

## 4 C code structure

This clause gives an overview of the structure of the bit-exact C code and provides an overview of the contents and organization of the C code attached to this document.

The C code has been verified on the following systems:

- Sun Microsystems workstations and GNU gcc compiler;
- DEC Alpha workstations and GNU gcc compiler;
- IBM PC/AT compatible computers with Linux operating system and GNU gcc compiler.

ANSI-C 9899 was selected as the programming language because portability was desirable.

### 4.1 Contents of the C source code

The C code distribution has all files in the root level.

The distributed files with suffix "c" contain the source code and the files with suffix "h" are the header files. The ROM data is contained mostly in files with suffix "tab".

The C code distribution also contains one speech coder installation verification data file, "spch\_dos.inp". The reference encoder output file is named "spch\_dos.cod", the reference decoder input file is named "spch\_dos.dec" and the reference decoder output file is named "spch\_dos.out". These four files are formatted such that they are correct for an IBM PC/AT compatible computer. The same files with reversed byte order of the 16 bit words are named "spch\_unix.inp", "spch\_unix.cod", "spch\_unix.dec" and "spch\_unix.out", respectively.

Final verification is to be performed using the GSM Adaptive Multi-Rate test sequences described in GSM 06.74 [2].

Makefiles are provided for the platforms in which the C code has been verified (listed above). Once the software is installed, this directory will have a compiled version of *encoder* and *decoder* (the bit-exact C executables of the speech codec) and all the object files.

### 4.2 Program execution

The GSM Adaptive Multi-Rate codec is implemented in two programs:

- (*encoder*) speech encoder;
- (*decoder*) speech decoder.

The programs should be called like:

- encoder [encoder options] <speech input file> <parameter file>;
- decoder [decoder options] <parameter file> <speech output file>.

The speech files contain 16-bit linear encoded PCM speech samples and the parameter files contain encoded speech data and some additional flags.

The encoder and decoder options will be explained by running the applications with option -h. See the file *readme.txt* for more information on how to run the *encoder* and *decoder* programs.

## 4.3 Coding style

The C code is written according to the following structuring conventions. Each function func() that needs static variables is considered a module. A module consists of:

- a 'state structure' (struct) combining the static variables of the module;
- three auxiliary functions func\_init(), func\_reset(), and func\_exit();
- the processing function func() itself.

The initialization function func\_init() allocates (from the heap) a new state structure, calls the func\_reset() function, stores the pointer to the newly allocated structure in its first function parameter, and returns with a value of 0 if completed successful or a value of 1 otherwise.

The reset function func\_reset() takes a pointer to the state structure and resets all members of the structure to a predefined value ('homing').

The exit function func\_exit() performs any necessary cleanup and frees the state structure memory.

The processing function func() also takes a pointer to the state structure as well as all other necessary parameters and performs its task using (and possibly modifying) the values in the state structure.

If a module calls other modules, the higher level state structure contains a pointer to the lower level state structures, and the init, reset, and exit functions recursively call the corresponding lower level functions.

By this convention, the code becomes "instantiable" (more than one copy of a module can be used in the same program) and the static data hierarchy is clearly visible in the code.

## 4.4 Code hierarchy

Figures 1 to 4 are call graphs that show the functions used in the speech codec, including the functions of VAD, DTX, and comfort noise generation.

Each column represents a call level and each cell a function. The functions contain calls to the functions in rightwards neighboring cells. The time order in the call graphs is from the top downwards as the processing of a frame advances. All standard C functions: printf(), fwrite(), etc. have been omitted. Also, no basic operations (add(), L\_add(), mac(), etc.) or double precision extended operations (e.g. L\_Extract()) appear in the graphs. The initialization of the static RAM (i.e. calling the \_init functions) is also omitted.

The basic operations are not counted as extending the depth, therefore the deepest level in this software is level 7.

The encoder call graph is broken down into three separate call graphs, Table 1 to 3.

**Table 1: Speech encoder call structure**

Speech_Encode_Frame	Pre_Process			
	cod_amr	Copy		
	Vad1 <sup>1</sup>	filter_bank	first_filter_stage filter5 filter3 level_calculation vad_decision	complex_estimate_adapt complex_vad noise_estimate_update hangover_addition
	Vad2 <sup>1</sup>	block_norm	c_fft fn10Log10 Log2 Pow2	Log2_norm
	tx_dtx_handler			
	lpc	Autocorr Lag_window Levinson		
	lsp	Az_lsp Q_plsf_5 Q_plsf_3 Copy Int_lpc_1and3_2 Int_lpc_1and3 Int_lpc_1to3_2 Int_lpc_1to3	Chebps Lsp_lsf Lsf_wt Vg_subvec Vq_subvec_s Reorder_lsf Lsf_lsp Lsp_az Lsp_az Lsp_lsf Lsf_wt Copy Vq_subvec3 Vq_subvec4 Reorder_lsf Lsf_lsp Lsp_az Lsp_az	Get_lsp_pol Get_lsp_pol Get_lsp_pol Get_lsp_pol Get_lsp_pol Get_lsp_pol
	dtx_buffer	Copy		
	dtx_enc	Copy Log2	Log2_norm	
	Set_zero			
	lsp_reset	Copy Q_plsf_reset		
	cl_ltp_reset	Pitch_fr_reset		
	check_lsp			
	pre_big	Weight_Ai Residu Syn_filt		
	ol_ltp	Pitch.ol	vad_tone_detection_update <sup>2</sup> Lag_max comp_corr <sup>2</sup> hp_max <sup>2</sup> vad_complex_detection_update <sup>2</sup>	vad_tone_detection <sup>2</sup> Inv_sqrt vad_tone_detection <sup>2</sup> vad_tone_detection <sup>2</sup>
		Pitch.ol_wgh	comp_corr <sup>2</sup> Lag_max <sup>2</sup> gmed_n hp_max <sup>2</sup> vad_complex_detection_update <sup>2</sup>	vad_tone_detection_update <sup>2</sup> vad_tone_detection <sup>2</sup>
	vad_pitch_detection	LTP_flag_update <sup>3</sup>		
	subframePreProc	Weight_Ai Syn_filt Residu Copy		
	cl_ltp	Pitch.fr	getRange Norm_Corr searchFrac Enc_lag3 Enc_lag6	Convolve Inv_sqrt Interpol_3or6

(continued)

1 Option to call one or the other VAD option

2 Specific to VAD option 1

3 Specific to VAD option 2

**Table 1 (concluded): Speech encoder call structure**

		Pred_lt_3or6
		Convolve
		G_pitch
		check_gp_clipping
		q_gain_pitch
	cbsearch	see Table 2
	gainQuant	see Table 3
	update_gp_clipping	Copy
	subframePostProc	Syn_filt
	Pred_lt_3or6	
	Convolve	
Prm2bits	Int2bin	

**Table 2: cbsearch call structure**

cbsearch	code_2i40_9bits	cor_h_x	
		set_sign	
		cor_h	Inv_sqrt
		search_2i40	
	code_2i40_11bits	build_code	
		cor_h_x	
		set_sign	
		cor_h	Inv_sqrt
		search_2i40	
		build_code	
	code_3i40_14bits	cor_h_x	
		set_sign	
		cor_h	Inv_sqrt
		search_3i40	
	code_4i40_17bits	build_code	
		cor_h_x	
		set_sign	
		cor_h	Inv_sqrt
	code_8i40_31bits	search_4i40	
		build_code	
		cor_h_x	
		set_sign12k2	Inv_sqrt
	code_10i40_35bits	cor_h	Inv_sqrt
		search_10and8i40	
		build_code	
		compress_code	compress10
		cor_h_x	
		set_sign12k2	Inv_sqrt
		cor_h	Inv_sqrt
		search_10and8i40	
	build_code		
		q_p	

**Table 3: gainQuant call structure**

gainQuant	gc_pred_copy	Copy	
		gc_pred	Log2
			Log2_norm
	calc_filt_energies		
	calc_target_energy		
	MR475_update_unq_pred	gc_pred_update	
	MR475_gain_quant	MR475_quant_store_results	Log2
			Log2_norm
		gc_pred	Log2
			Log2_norm
	G_code		
	q_gain_code	Pow2	
	MR795_gain_quant	q_gain_pitch	
		MR795_gain_code_quant3	
		calc_unfilt_energies	Log2
		gain_adapt	gmed_n
	Qua_gain	MR795_gain_code_quant_mod	sqrt_l_exp
		Pow2	
	gc_pred_update		

**Table 4: Speech decoder call structure**

Speech_Decode_Frame	Bits2prm	Bin2int	
	Decoder_amr	rx_dtx_handler	
		Decoder_amr_reset	lsp_avg_reset D_plsf_reset ec_gain_pitch_reset ec_gain_code_reset gc_pred_reset Bgn_scd_reset ph_disp_reset dtx_dec_reset
			Set_zero Copy Set_zero
	dtx_dec		Copy Lsf_lsp Init_D_plsf_3 D_plsf_3
			Copy Reorder_lsf Copy Lsf_lsp
		pseudonoise	
		Lsp_lsf	
		Reorder_lsf	
		Lsp_Az	Get_lsp_pol
		A_Refi	
		Log2	Log2_norm
		Build_CN_code	pseudonoise
		Syn_filt	
		Lsf_lsp	
		Isp_avg	
		Copy	
		D_plsf_3	Reorder_lsf Copy Lsf_lsp
		Int_lpc_1to3	Lsp_Az
		D_plsf_5	Get_lsp_pol Reorder_lsf Copy Lsf_lsp
		Int_lpc_1and3	Lsp_Az
		Dec_lag3	
		Pred_lt_3or6	
		Dec_lag6	
		decode_2140_9bits	
		decode_2140_11bits	
		decode_3140_14bits	
		decode_4140_17bits	
		decode_8140_31bits	decompress_code
		ec_gain_pitch	gmed_n
		d_gain_pitch	
		ec_gain_pitch_update	
		decode_10140_35bits	
		Dec_gain	Log2 gc_pred Log2 Log2_norm
			Log2_norm gc_pred_update
		ec_gain_code	gmed_n gc_pred_average_limited gc_pred_update
		ec_gain_code_update	
		d_gain_code	gc_pred Log2 Log2_norm
			Log2_norm gc_pred_update
		Int_lsf	
		Cb_gain_average	
		ph_disp_release	
		ph_disp_lock	
		ph_disp	
		sqrt_l_exp	
		Ex_ctrl	gmed_n
		agc2	Inv_sqrt
		Syn_filt	
		Bgn_scd	gmed_n
		dtx_dec_activity_update	Copy Log2
		Isp_avg	Log2_norm
	Post_Filter	Copy	
		Weight_Ai	
		Residu	
		Set_zero	
		Syn_filt	
		Preemphasis	
		agc	energy_old energy_new Inv_sqrt
			energy_old
	Post_Process		

## 4.5 Variables, constants and tables

The data types of variables and tables used in the fixed point implementation are signed integers in 2's complement representation, defined by:

- **Word16** 16 bit variable;
- **Word32** 32 bit variable.

Furthermore some **enum** types are used, all possible to represent with one byte, and a boolean **Flag**.

### 4.5.1 Description of constants used in the C-code

This subclause contains a listing of all global constants defined in cnst.h.

**Table 5: Global constants**

Constant	Value	Description
L_TOTAL	320	total size of speech buffer.
L_WINDOW	240	window size in LP analysis
L_FRAME	160	frame size
L_FRAME_BY2	80	frame size divided by 2
L_SUBFR	40	subframe size
L_CODE	40	codevector length
NB_TRACK	5	number of tracks
STEP	5	codebook step size
NB_TRACK_MR102	4	number of tracks mode mr102
STEP_MR102	4	codebook step size mode mr102
M	10	order of LP filter
MP1	(M+1)	order of LP filter + 1
LSF_GAP	205	minimum distance between LSF after quantization; 50 Hz = 205
LSP_PRED_FAC_MR122	21299	MR122 LSP prediction factor (0.65 Q15)
AZ_SIZE	44	size of array of LP filters in 4 subframes (4*M+4)
PIT_MIN_MR122	18	minimum pitch lag (MR122 mode)
PIT_MIN	20	minimum pitch lag (all other modes)
PIT_MAX	143	maximum pitch lag
L_INTERPOL	(10+1)	length of filter for interpolation
L_INTER_SRCH	4	length of filter for CL LTP search interpolation
MU	26214	factor for tilt compensation filter 0,8
AGC_FAC	29491	factor for automatic gain control 0,9
L_NEXT	40	overhead in LP analysis
SHARPMAX	13017	maximum value of pitch sharpening
SHARPMIN	0	minimum value of pitch sharpening
MAX_PRM_SIZE	57	max. num. of params
MAX_SERIAL_SIZE	244	max. num. of serial bits
GP_CLIP	15565	pitch gain clipping = 0.95
N_FRAME	7	old pitch gains in average calculation
EHF_MASK	8	16 bit representation of all samples in the encoder homing frame (left justification)

### 4.5.2 Description of fixed tables used in the C-code

This section contains a listing of all fixed tables sorted by source file name and table name. All table data is declared as **Word16**.

**Table 6: Fixed tables**

<b>File</b>	<b>Table name</b>	<b>Length</b>	<b>Description</b>
c2_9pf.c	trackTable	4*5	track table for algebraic code book search (MR475, MR515)
cod_amr.c	gamma1	10	spectral expansion factors
cod_amr.c	gamma1_12k2	10	spectral expansion factors
cod_amr.c	gamma2	10	spectral expansion factors
dtx_dec.c	lzf_hist_mean_scale	10	initialization values for DTX lzf parameters
dtx_dec.c	dtx_log_en_adjust	9	level adjustments for each mode
ec_gains.c	cdown	7	attenuation factors for codebook gain
ec_gains.c	pdown	7	attenuation factors for adaptive codebook gain
gc_pred.c	pred	4	algebraic code book gain MA predictor coefficients
gc_pred.c	pred_MR122	4	algebraic code book gain MA predictor coefficients (MR122)
pitch_fr.c	mode_dep_parm	72	parameters defining the adaptive codebook search per mode
post_pro.c	a	3	HP filter coefficients (denominator) in Post_Process
post_pro.c	b	3	HP filter coefficients (numerator) in Post_Process
pre_proc.c	a	3	HP filter coefficients (denominator) in Pre_Process
pre_proc.c	b	3	HP filter coefficients (numerator) in Pre_Process
pred_lt.c	inter_6	61	interpolation filter coefficients
pstfilt.c	gamma3_MR122	10	spectral expansion factors
pstfilt.c	gamma3	10	spectral expansion factors
pstfilt.c	gamma4_MR122	10	spectral expansion factors
pstfilt.c	gamma4	10	spectral expansion factors
bitno.tab	prmno	9	number of bits for each mode
bitno.tab	prmnofsf	8	number of parameters for LPC and first subframe for each mode (used for decoder homing procedure)
bitno.tab	bitno	9	pointers to the bitno_MR... tables
bitno.tab	bitno_MR475	17	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR475)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR515	19	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR515)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR59	19	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR59)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR67	19	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR67)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR74	19	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR74)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR795	23	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR795)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR102	39	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR102)
bitno.tab	bitno_MR122	57	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MR122)
bitno.tab	bitno_MRDTX	5	number of bits per parameter to transmit (MRDTX)
c2_11pf.tab	startPos1	2	track start search position for first pulse
c2_11pf.tab	startPos2	4	track start search position for second pulse
c2_9pf.tab	startPos	16	track start search position
corrweight.tab	corrweight	251	weighting of the correlation function in open loop LTP search (MR102)
d_homing.tab	dhf	8	pointers to the dhf_MR... tables
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR475	17	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR475)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR515	19	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR515)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR59	19	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR59)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR67	19	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR67)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR74	19	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR74)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR795	23	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR795)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR102	39	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR102)
d_homing.tab	dhf_MR122	57	parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR122)
gains.tab	qua_gain_pitch	16	adaptive codebook gain quantization table (MR122, MR795)
gains.tab	qua_gain_code	96	fixed codebook gain quantization table (MR122, MR795)
gray.tab	gray	8	gray coding table
gray.tab	dgray	8	gray decoding table
grid.tab	grid	61	grid points at which Chebyshev polynomials are evaluated
inter_36.tab	inter_6	25	interpolation filter coefficients
inv_sqrt.tab	table	49	table used in inverse square root computation
lag_wind.tab	lag_h	10	high part of the lag window table
lag_wind.tab	lag_l	10	low part of the lag window table

(continued)

**Table 6 (concluded): Fixed tables**

File	Table name	Length	Description
log2.tab	table	33	table used inbase 2 logarithm computation
lsp.tab	lsp_init_data	10	initialization table for lsp history in DTX
lsp_lsf.tab	table	65	table to compute cos(x) in Lsf_Lsp()
lsp_lsf.tab	slope	64	table to compute acos(x) in Lsp_Lsf()
ph_disp.tab	ph_imp_low_MR795	40	phase dispersion impulse response (MR795)
ph_disp.tab	ph_imp_mid_MR795	40	phase dispersion impulse response (MR795)
	5		
ph_disp.tab	ph_imp_low	40	phase dispersion impulse response (MR475 - MR67)
ph_disp.tab	ph_imp_mid	40	phase dispersion impulse response (MR475 - MR67)
pow2.tab	table	33	table used in 2 to the power computation
q_plsf_3.tab	past_rq_init	80	initialization table for the MA predictor in DTX
q_plsf_3.tab	mean_lsf	10	LSF means (not in MR122)
q_plsf_3.tab	pred_fac	10	LSF prediction factors (not in MR122)
q_plsf_3.tab	dico1_lsf	3*256	1 <sup>st</sup> LSF quantizer (not in MR122 and MR795)
q_plsf_3.tab	dico2_lsf	3*512	2 <sup>nd</sup> LSF quantizer (not in MR122)
q_plsf_3.tab	dico3_lsf	4*512	3 <sup>rd</sup> LSF quantizer (not in MR122, MR515 and MR475)
q_plsf_3.tab	mr515_3_lsf	4*128	3 <sup>rd</sup> LSF quantizer (MR515 and MR475)
q_plsf_3.tab	mr795_1_lsf	3*512	1 <sup>st</sup> LSF quantizer (MR795)
q_plsf_5.tab	mean_lsf	10	LSF means (MR122)
q_plsf_5.tab	dico1_lsf	4*128	1 <sup>st</sup> LSF quantizer (MR122)
q_plsf_5.tab	dico2_lsf	4*256	2 <sup>nd</sup> LSF quantizer (MR122)
q_plsf_5.tab	dico3_lsf	4*256	3 <sup>rd</sup> LSF quantizer (MR122)
q_plsf_5.tab	dico4_lsf	4*256	4 <sup>th</sup> LSF quantizer (MR122)
q_plsf_5.tab	dico5_lsf	4*64	5 <sup>th</sup> LSF quantizer (MR122)
qgain475.tab	table_gain_MR475	4*256	gain quantization table (MR475)
qua_gain.tab	table_gain_highrate	128*4	gain quantization table (MR67, MR74 and MR102)
qua_gain.tab	table_gain_lowrates	64*4	gain quantization table (MR515 and MR59)
R_fft.c	phs_tbl	128	sine/cosine phase table
R_fft.c	ii_table	8	indexing table
sqrt_l	table	49	table to compute sqrt(x)
Vad1.c	ch_tbl	2*16	channel energy combination table
Vad1.c	ch_tbl_sh	16	channel energy scaling table
Vad1.c	vm_tbl	90	voice metric table
Vad1.c	hangover_table	20	used to determine hangover as a function of SNR
Vad1.c	burstcount_table	20	used to determine burst count threshold as a function of SNR
Vad1.c	vm_thresh_table	20	used to determine the voice metric threshold as a function of SNR
Vad1.c	energy state tables	2*6	constants as a function of scaling state
window.tab	window_200_40	240	LP analysis window (not in MR122)
window.tab	window_160_80	240	1 <sup>st</sup> LP analysis window (MR122)
window.tab	window_232_8	240	2 <sup>nd</sup> LP analysis window (MR122)

#### 4.5.3 Static variables used in the C-code

In this section two tables that specify the static variables for the speech encoder and decoder respectively are shown. All static variables are declared within a C **struct**.

Table 7: Speech encoder static variables

Struct name	Variable	Type[Length]	Description
Speech_Encode_FrameState	cod_amr_state pre_state dtx complexityCounter	cod_amrState Pre_ProcessState Flag int	see below in this table see below in this table Is set if DTX functionality is used Used for wMOPS counting
Pre_ProcessState	y2_hi y2_lo y1_hi y1_lo x0 x1	Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16	filter state, upper word filter state, lower word filter state, upper word filter state, lower word filter state filter state
cod_amrState	old_speech speech p_window p_window_12k2  new_speech  old_wsp wsp old_lags ol_gain_flg old_exc exc ai_zero  zero h1 hvec lpcSt lspSt clLtpSt gainQuantSt pitchOLWghtSt tonStabSt vadSt vadSt dtx dtx_encSt mem_syn mem_w0 mem_w mem_err error sharp	Word16[320] Word16* Word16* Word16*  Word16*  Word16[303] Word16* Word16[5] Word16[2] Word16[314] Word16* Word16[51]  Word16* Word16* Word16[80] IpcState IspState clLtpState gainQuantState pitchOLWghtState tonStabState vadState1 vadState2 Flag dtx_encState Word16[10] Word16[10] Word16[10] Word16[50] Word16* Word16	speech buffer pointer to current frame in old_speech pointer to LPC analysis window in old_speech pointer to LPC analysis window with no lookahead in old_speech (MR122) pointer to the last 160 speech samples in old_speech buffer holding spectral weighted speech pointer to the current frame in old_wsp open loop LTP states enables open loop pitch lag weighting (MR102) excitation vector current excitation history of weighted synth. filter followed by zero vector zero vector impulse response of weighted synthesis filter zero vector followed by impulse response see below in this table see below in this table synthesis filter memory weighting filter memory (applied to error signal) weighting filter memory (applied to input signal) filter memory for production of error vector error signal (input minus synthesized speech) pitch sharpening gain
vadState1	bckr_est ave_level  old_level sub_level  a_data5 a_data3 burst_count hang_count  stat_count vadreg pitch tone complex_high complex_low oldlag_count oldlag complex_hang_count	Word16[9] Word16[9]  Word16[9] Word16[9]  Word16[6] Word16[5] Word16 Word16  Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16	background noise estimate averaged input components for stationary estimation input levels of the previous frame input levels calculated at the end of a frame (lookahead) memory for the filter bank memory for the filter bank counts length of a speech burst hangover counter  stationary counter 15 flags for intermediate VAD decisions 15 flags for pitch detection 15 flags for tone detection flags for complex detection flags for complex detection variables for pitch detection variables for pitch detection complex hangover counter, used by VAD

Struct name	Variable	Type[Length]	Description
vadState2	complex_hang_timer	Word16	hangover initiator, used by CAD
	best_corr_hp	Word16	filtered value
	speech_vad_decision	Word16	final decision
	complex_warning	Word16	complex background warning
	sp_burst_count	Word16	counts length of a speech burst incl HO addition
	corr_hp_fast	Word16	filtered value
	pre_emp_mem	Word16	input pre-emphasis memory
	update_cnt	Word16	noise update counter
	hyster_cnt	Word16	hysteresis counter
	last_update_cnt	Word16	noise update counter value for last frame
	ch_enrg_long_db	Word16[16]	long term channel energy in dB
	Lframe_cnt	Word32	10 ms frame counter
	Lch_enrg	Word32[16]	channel energy estimate
	Lch_noise	Word32[16]	channel noise estimate
	last_normb_shift	Word16	block shift factor for last frame, used for pre_emp_mem
	tsnr	Word16	total estimated peak SNR in dB
	hangover	Word16	VAD hangover
	burstcount	Word16	number of consecutive voice active frames
	fupdate_flag	Word16	A flag to control a forced update of the noise estimate
dtx_encState	negSNRvar	Word16	SNR variability
	negSNRbias	Word16	sensitivity bias
	shift_state	Word16	indicates scaling state of channel energy estimate
	L_R0	Word32	LTP energy
	L_Rmax	Word32	LTP max correlation
	LTP_flag	Flag	set when open loop pitch prediction gain > threshold
	lsp_hist	Word16[80]	LSP history (8 frames)
LpcState	log_en_hist	Word16[8]	logarithmic frame energy history (8 frames)
	hist_ptr	Word16	pointer to the cyclic history vectors
	log_en_index	Word16	Index for logarithmic energy
	init_lsf_vq_index	Word16	initial index for lsf predictor
	lsp_index	Word16[3]	lsp indecies to the three code books
lspState	dtxHangoverCount	Word16	is decreased in DTX hangover period
	decAnaElapsedCount	Word16	counter for elapsed speech frames in DTX
IpcState	LevinsonSt	LevinsonState	see below
LevinsonState	old_A	Word16[11]	last frames direct form coefficients
lspState	lsp_old	Word16[10]	old LSP vector
	lsp_old_q	Word16[10]	old quantized LSP vector
	qSt	Q_plsfState	see below in this table
Q_plsfState	past_rq	Word16[10]	past quantized LSF prediction error
cLtpState	pitchSt	Pitch_frState	see below in this table
tonStabState	count	Word16	count consecutive (potential) resonance frames
	gp	Word16[7]	pitch gain history
Pitch_frState	T0_prev_subframe	Word16	integer. pitch lag of previous subframe
gainQuantState	sf0_exp_gcode0	Word16	subframe 0/2 codebook gain exponent
	sf0_frac_gcode0	Word16	subframe 0/2 codebook gain fraction
	sf0_exp_target_en	Word16	subframe 0/2 target energy exponent
	sf0_frac_target_en	Word16	subframe 0/2 target energy fraction
	sf0_exp_coeff	Word16[5]	subframe 0/2 energy coefficient exponents
	sf0_frac_coeff	Word16[5]	subframe 0/2 energy coefficient fractions
	gain_idx_ptr	Word16*	pointer to gain index value in parameter frame
	gc_predSt	gc_predState	see below in this table
	gc_predUncSt	gc_predState	see below in this table
gc_predState	adaptSt	GainAdaptState	see below in this table
	past_qua_en	Word16[4]	MA predictor memory ( $20 \cdot \log_{10}(\text{pred. error})$ )
GainAdaptState	past_qua_en_MR122	Word16[4]	MA predictor memory, 12.2 style ( $\log_2(\text{pred. error})$ )
	onset	Word16	onset counter
	prev_alpha	Word16	previous adaptor output
	prev_gc	Word16	previous codebook gain
	ltpg_mem	Word16[5]	pitch gain history

Struct name	Variable	Type[Length]	Description
pitchOLWghtState	old_T0_med ada_w	Word16 Word16	weighted open loop pitch lag weighting level depending on open loop pitch gain
	wght_flg	Word16	switches lag weighting on and off

**Table 8: Speech decoder static variables**

Struct name	Variable	Type[Length]	Description
Speech_Decode_FrameState	decoder_amrState  post_state postHP_state  ComplexityCounter	Decoder_amrState  Post_FilterState Post_ProcessState  int	see below in this table  see below in this table see below in this table  Used for wMOPS counting
Decoder_amrState	old_exc exc lsp_old mem_syn sharp old_T0 prev_bf  prev_pdf state excEnergyHist T0_lagBuff inBackgroundNoise voicedHangover ltpGainHistory background_state Cb_gain_averState  lsp_avg_st lsfState ec_gain_p_st ec_gain_c_st pred_state nodataSeed ph_disp_st dtxDecoderState	Word16[194] Word16* Word16[10] Word16[10] Word16 Word16 Word16  Word16 Word16 Word16[9] Word16 Word16 Word16[9] Bgn_scdState Cb_gain_averageState  lsp_avgState D_plsfState ec_gain_pitchState ec_gain_codeState gc_predState Word16 ph_dispState dtx_decState	excitation vector current excitation LSP vector of previous frame synthesis filter memory pitch sharpening gain pitch sharpening lag previous value of "bad frame" flag  previous value of "pot. dangerous frame" flag ECU state (0..6) excitation energy history received pitch lag for ECU background noise flag hangover flag pitch gain history see below in this table see below in this table  see below in this table see below in this table
dtx_decState	since_last_sid true_sid_period_inv log_en old_log_en L_pn_seed_rx lsp lsp_old lsf_hist lsf_hist_ptr lsf_hist_mean  log_pg_mean log_en_hist log_en_hist_ptr  log_en_adjust dtxHangoverCount decAnaElapsedCount sid_frame valid_data dtxHangoverAdded dtxGlobalState data_updated	Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word32 Word16[10] Word16[10] Word16[80] Word16 Word16[80]  Word16 Word16[8] Word16  Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16	number of frames since last SID frame inverse of true SID update rate logarithmic frame energy previous value of log_en random number generator seed LSP vector previous LSP vector LSF vector history (8 frames) index to beginning of LSF history mean-removed LSF history (8 frames)  mean-removed logarithmic prediction gain logarithmic frame energy history index to beginning of log, frame energy history mode-dependent frame energy adjustment counts down in hangover period counts elapsed speech frames after DTX flags SID frames flags SID frames containing valid data flags hangover period at end of speech DTX state flags flags CNI updates
Bgn_scdState	frameEnergyHist bgHangover	Word16[60] Word16	history of synthesis frame energy number of frames since last speech frame

Struct name	Variable	Type[Length]	Description
Cb_gain_averageState	cbGainHistory hangVar	Word16[7] Word16	codebook gain history counts length of talkspurt in subframes
	hangCount	Word16	number of subframes since last talkspurt
lsp_avgState	lsp_meanSave	Word16[10]	averaged LSP vector
D_plsfState	past_r_q past_lsf_q	Word16[10] Word16[10]	past quantized LSF prediction vector past dequantized LSF vector
ec_gain_pitchState	pbuf past_gain_pit prev_gp	Word16[5] Word16 Word16	pitch gain history previous pitch gain (limited to 1.0) previous good pitch gain
ec_gain_codeState	gbuf past_gain_code prev_gc gainMem prevState prevCbGain lockFull onset	Word16[5] Word16 Word16 Word16[5] Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16	codebook gain history previous codebook gain previous good codebook gain pitch gain history previously used impulse response previous codebook gain force maximum phase dispersion onset counter
ph_dispState			
Post_FilterState	res2 mem_syn_pst synth_buf agc_state preemph_state	Word16[40] Word16[10] Word16[170] agcState preemphasisState	LP residual synthesis filter memory synthesis filter work area see below in this table see below in this table
agcState	past_gain	Word16	past agc gain
preemphasisState	mem_pre	Word16	filter state
Post_ProcessState	y2_hi y2_lo y1_hi y1_lo x0 x1	Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16 Word16	filter state, upper word filter state, lower word filter state, upper word filter state, lower word filter state filter state

## 5 Homing procedure

The principles of the homing procedures are described in [2]. This specification only includes a detailed description of the 8 decoder homing frames. For each AMR codec mode, the corresponding decoder homing frame has a fixed set of speech parameters shown in table 9a-9h. The bit allocation within these parameters is identical to the corresponding bit allocation of the source encoder output parameters given in [2].

In the following tables, the following naming convention is used for the individual parameters. Letters in *italics* indicate numbers.

LPC_ <i>n</i>	index of <i>n</i> th LSF submatrix.
LTP-LAG <i>m</i>	adaptive codebook index for subframe <i>m</i> .
LTP-GAIN <i>m</i>	adaptive codebook gain index in subframe <i>m</i> .
FCB-GAIN <i>m</i>	fixed codebook gain index in subframe <i>m</i> .
GAIN_VQ <i>m</i>	codebook gain VQ index in subframe <i>m</i> (subframe <i>m</i> and <i>m+1</i> for MR475).
POS <i>m_n</i>	position index of <i>n</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .
POS <i>m_n_k</i>	position index of <i>n</i> th and <i>k</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .
POS <i>m_n_k_l_j</i>	position index of <i>n</i> th, <i>k</i> th, <i>l</i> th, and <i>j</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .
SIGN <i>m_n_k</i>	sign information for <i>n</i> th and <i>k</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .
SIGN <i>m_n_k_l_j</i>	sign information for <i>n</i> th, <i>k</i> th, <i>l</i> th, and <i>j</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .
SIGN <i>m_n_k_POS_m_n</i>	sign information for <i>n</i> th and <i>k</i> th pulse and position index for <i>n</i> th pulse in subframe <i>m</i> .

**Table 9a: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR475)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x009D
LPC 3	0x001C
LTP-LAG 1	0x0066
POS 1_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_1_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 1	0x0028
LTP-LAG 2	0x000F
POS 2_1_2	0x0038
SIGN_2_1_2	0x0001
LTP-LAG 3	0x000F
POS 3_1_2	0x0031
SIGN_3_1_2	0x0002
GAIN-VQ 3	0x0008
LTP-LAG 4	0x000F
POS 4_1_2	0x0026
SIGN_4_1_2	0x0003

**Table 9b: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR515)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x009D
LPC 3	0x001C
LTP-LAG 1	0x0066
POS 1_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_1_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 1	0x0037
LTP-LAG 2	0x000F
POS 2_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_2_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 2	0x0005
LTP-LAG 3	0x000F
POS 3_1_2	0x0037
SIGN_3_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 3	0x0037
LTP-LAG 4	0x000F
POS 4_1_2	0x0023
SIGN_4_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 4	0x001F

**Table 9c: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR59)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x00E3
LPC 3	0x002F
LTP-LAG 1	0x00BD
POS 1_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_1_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 1	0x0037
LTP-LAG 2	0x000F
POS 2_1_2	0x0001
SIGN_2_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 2	0x000F
LTP-LAG 3	0x0060
POS 3_1_2	0x00F9
SIGN_3_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 3	0x0037
LTP-LAG 4	0x000F
POS 4_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_4_1_2	0x0003
GAIN-VQ 4	0x0037

**Table 9d: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR67)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x00E3
LPC 3	0x002F
LTP-LAG 1	0x00BD
POS 1_1_2_3	0x0002
SIGN_1_1_2_3	0x0007
GAIN-VQ 1	0x0000
LTP-LAG 2	0x000F
POS 2_1_2_3	0x0098
SIGN_2_1_2_3	0x0007
GAIN-VQ 2	0x0061
LTP-LAG 3	0x0060
POS 3_1_2_3	0x05C5
SIGN_3_1_2_3	0x0007
GAIN-VQ 3	0x0000
LTP-LAG 4	0x000F
POS 4_1_2_3	0x0318
SIGN_4_1_2_3	0x0007
GAIN-VQ 4	0x0000

**Table 9e: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR74)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x00E3
LPC 3	0x002F
LTP-LAG 1	0x00BD
POS_1_1_2_3_4	0x0006
SIGN_1_1_2_3_4	0x000F
GAIN-VQ 1	0x0000
LTP-LAG 2	0x001B
POS_2_1_2_3_4	0x0208
SIGN_2_1_2_3_4	0x000F
GAIN-VQ 2	0x0062
LTP-LAG 3	0x0060
POS_3_1_2_3_4	0x1BA6
SIGN_3_1_2_3_4	0x000F
GAIN-VQ 3	0x0000
LTP-LAG 4	0x001B
POS_4_1_2_3_4	0x0006
SIGN_4_1_2_3_4	0x000F
GAIN-VQ 4	0x0000

**Table 9f: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR795)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00C2
LPC 2	0x00E3
LPC 3	0x002F
LTP-LAG 1	0x00BD
POS_1_1_2_3_4	0x0006
SIGN_1_1_2_3_4	0x000F
LTP-GAIN 1	0x000A
FCB-GAIN 1	0x0000
LTP-LAG 2	0x0039
POS_2_1_2_3_4	0x1C08
SIGN_2_1_2_3_4	0x0007
LTP-GAIN 2	0x000A
FCB-GAIN 2	0x000B
LTP-LAG 3	0x0063
POS_3_1_2_3_4	0x11A6
SIGN_3_1_2_3_4	0x000F
LTP-GAIN 3	0x0001
FCB-GAIN 3	0x0000
LTP-LAG 4	0x0039
POS_4_1_2_3_4	0x09A0
SIGN_4_1_2_3_4	0x000F
LTP-GAIN 4	0x0002
FCB-GAIN 4	0x0001

**Table 9g: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR102)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC 1	0x00F8
LPC 2	0x00E3
LPC 3	0x002F
LTP-LAG 1	0x0045
SIGN_1_1_5	0x0000
SIGN_1_2_6	0x0000
SIGN_1_3_7	0x0000
SIGN_1_4_8	0x0000
POS_1_1_2_5	0x0000
POS_1_3_6_7	0x0000
POS_1_4_8	0x0000
GAIN-VQ_1	0x0000
LTP-LAG 2	0x001B
SIGN_2_1_5	0x0000
SIGN_2_2_6	0x0001
SIGN_2_3_7	0x0000
SIGN_2_4_8	0x0001
POS_2_1_2_5	0x0326
POS_2_3_6_7	0x00CE
POS_2_4_8	0x007E
GAIN-VQ_2	0x0051
LTP-LAG 3	0x0062
SIGN_3_1_5	0x0000
SIGN_3_2_6	0x0000
SIGN_3_3_7	0x0000
SIGN_3_4_8	0x0000
POS_3_1_2_5	0x015A
POS_3_3_6_7	0x0359
POS_3_4_8	0x0076
GAIN-VQ_3	0x0000
LTP-LAG 4	0x001B
SIGN_4_1_5	0x0000
SIGN_4_2_6	0x0000
SIGN_4_3_7	0x0000
SIGN_4_4_8	0x0000
POS_4_1_2_5	0x017C
POS_4_3_6_7	0x0215
POS_4_4_8	0x0038
GAIN-VQ_4	0x0030

**Table 9h: Parameter values for the decoder homing frame (MR122)**

Parameter	Value (LSB=b0)
LPC1	0x0004
LPC2	0x002A
LPC3	0x00DB
LPC4	0x0096
LPC5	0x002A
LTP-LAG 1	0x0156
LTP-GAIN 1	0x000B
SIGN_1_1_6_POS_1_1	0x0000
SIGN_1_2_7_POS_1_2	0x0000
SIGN_1_3_8_POS_1_3	0x0000
SIGN_1_4_9_POS_1_4	0x0000
SIGN_1_5_10_POS_1_5	0x0000
POS 1_6	0x0000
POS 1_7	0x0000
POS 1_8	0x0000
POS 1_9	0x0000
POS 1_10	0x0000
FCB-GAIN 1	0x0000
LTP-LAG 2	0x0036
LTP-GAIN 2	0x000B
SIGN_2_1_6_POS_2_1	0x0000
SIGN_2_2_7_POS_2_2	0x000F
SIGN_2_3_8_POS_2_3	0x000E
SIGN_2_4_9_POS_2_4	0x000C
SIGN_2_5_10_POS_2_5	0x000D
POS 2_6	0x0000
POS 2_7	0x0001
POS 2_8	0x0005
POS 2_9	0x0007
POS 2_10	0x0001
FCB-GAIN 2	0x0008
LTP-LAG 3	0x0024
LTP-GAIN 3	0x0000
SIGN_3_1_6_POS_3_1	0x0001
SIGN_3_2_7_POS_3_2	0x0000
SIGN_3_3_8_POS_3_3	0x0005
SIGN_3_4_9_POS_3_4	0x0006
SIGN_3_5_10_POS_3_5	0x0001
POS 3_6	0x0002
POS 3_7	0x0004
POS 3_8	0x0007
POS 3_9	0x0004
POS 3_10	0x0002
FCB-GAIN 3	0x0003
LTP-LAG 4	0x0036
LTP-GAIN 4	0x000B
SIGN_4_1_6_POS_4_1	0x0000
SIGN_4_2_7_POS_4_2	0x0002
SIGN_4_3_8_POS_4_3	0x0004
SIGN_4_4_9_POS_4_4	0x0000
SIGN_4_5_10_POS_4_5	0x0003
POS 4_6	0x0006
POS 4_7	0x0001
POS 4_8	0x0007
POS 4_9	0x0006
POS 4_10	0x0005
FCB-GAIN 4	0x0000

## 6 File formats

This section describes the file formats used by the encoder and decoder programs. The test sequences defined in [1] also use the file formats described here.

### 6.1 Speech file (encoder input / decoder output)

Speech files read by the encoder and written by the decoder consist of 16-bit words where each word contains a 13-bit, left aligned speech sample. The byte order depends on the host architecture (e.g. MSByte first on SUN workstations, LSByte first on PCs etc.). Both the encoder and the decoder program process complete frames (of 160 samples) only.

This means that the encoder will only process  $n$  frames if the length of the input file is  $n * 160 + k$  words, while the files produced by the decoder will always have a length of  $n * 160$  words.

### 6.2 Mode control file (encoder input)

The encoder program can optionally read in a mode control file which specifies the encoding mode for each frame of speech processed. The file is a text file containing one line per speech frame. Each line contains one of the mode names from the list {MR475, MR515, MR59, MR67, MR74, MR795, MR102, MR122}.

### 6.3 Parameter bitstream file (encoder output / decoder input)

The files produced by the speech encoder/expected by the speech decoder contain an arbitrary number of frames in the following format.

FRAME_TYPE	B1	B2	...	B244	MODE_INFO	unused1	...	unused4
------------	----	----	-----	------	-----------	---------	-----	---------

Each box corresponds to one Word16 value in the bitstream file, for a total of 250 words or 500 bytes per frame. The fields have the following meaning:

FRAME_TYPE	transmit frame type,	which is one of
	TX_SPEECH (0x0000)	
	TX_SID_FIRST (0x0001)	
	TX_SID_UPDATE (0x0002)	
	TX_NO_DATA (0x0003)	

B0...B244	speech encoder parameter bits (i.e. the bitstream itself). Each $B_x$ either has the value 0x0000 or 0x0001. Only mode MR122 really uses all 244 bits; for the other modes, only the first $n$ bits are used ( $35 \leq n \leq 204$ ). The remaining bits are unused (written as 0x0000)
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MODE_INFO	encoding mode information,	which is one of
	MR475 (0x0000)	
	MR515 (0x0001)	
	MR59 (0x0002)	
	MR67 (0x0003)	
	MR74 (0x0004)	
	MR795 (0x0005)	
	MR102 (0x0006)	
	MR122 (0x0007)	

unused1...4 unused, written as 0x0000

As indicated in section 6.1 above, the byte order depends on the host architecture.

By using a preprocessor definition the encoder output and decoder input can optionally use format described in [7], sections 5.1 and 5.3.

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## Annex A (informative): Change History

SMG #	Tdoc SMG	Spec	CR	Cat	PH	Vers	New Version	Subject
sa6	<a href="#">SP-9956Q</a>	26.073					3.0.0	Approved at TSG-SA#6
sa7	SP-000025	26.073	001	A	R99	3.0.0	3.1.0	Avoidance of pulse cancellation in FCB excitation
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	003	A	R99	3.1.0	3.2.0	Correction of potential bug in AMR decoder due to usage of standard C abs() function
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	005	A	R99	3.1.0	3.2.0	Correction of comfort noise parameter interpolation bug of AMR decoder
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	007	A	R99	3.1.0	3.2.0	Correction of mode state bug in AMR decoder
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	009	A	R99	3.1.0	3.2.0	Correction of TX_TYPE and RX_TYPE identifiers
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	011	A	R99	3.1.0	3.2.0	Correction of potential bug in AMR decoder due to the usage of standard C abs() function (VAD option_2)
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	004	A	Rel-4	3.1.0	4.0.0	Correction of potential bug in AMR decoder due to usage of standard C abs() function
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	006	A	Rel-4	3.1.0	4.0.0	Correction of comfort noise parameter interpolation bug of AMR decoder
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	008	A	Rel-4	3.1.0	4.0.0	Correction of mode state bug in AMR decoder
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	010	A	Rel-4	3.1.0	4.0.0	Correction of TX_TYPE and RX_TYPE identifiers
sa11	SP-010100	26.073	012	A	Rel-4	3.1.0	4.0.0	Correction of potential bug in AMR decoder due to the usage of standard C abs() function (VAD option_2)
sa14	SP-010696	26.073	014	A	Rel-4	4.0.0	4.1.0	Correction of RX-DTX handling of NO_DATA frames in AMR decoder
sa14	SP-010697	26.073	016	A	Rel-4	4.0.0	4.1.0	Correction in AMR decoder to avoid division by zero in RX-DTX Handling
sa16					Rel-5	4.1.0	5.0.0	Version for Release 5
sa19	SP-030085	26.073	017		Rel-5	5.0.0	5.1.0	MMS compatible input/output option
sa21	SP-030444	26.073	018		Rel-5	5.1.0	5.2.0	Correction of the MMS_IO flag Note. The following line (missing in the approved CR) was added for the ANSI-C code to compile correctly: +const char sp_enc_id[] = "@(#)\$Id \$" sp_enc_h;
sa23	SP-040197	26.073	019		Rel-5	5.2.0	5.3.0	Correction of AMR DTX functionality
sa26					Rel-6	5.3.0	6.0.0	Version for Release 6
sa36	SP-070321	26.073	0020	1	Rel-7	6.0.0	7.0.0	Bit order of Mode Indication in AMR comfort noise frames

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## History

<b>Document history</b>		
V7.0.0	June 2007	Publication