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## 1 Scope

The present document describes the characteristics of the Layer 1 transport channels and physicals channels in the FDD mode of UTRA. The main objectives of the document are to be a part of the full description of the UTRA Layer 1, and to serve as a basis for the drafting of the actual technical specification (TS).

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

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- [1] 3GPP TS 25.201: "Physical layer general description".
- [2] 3GPP TS 25.211: "Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)".
- [3] 3GPP TS 25.212: "Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)".
- [4] 3GPP TS 25.213: "Spreading and modulation (FDD)".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.214: "Physical layer procedures (FDD)".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.221: "Transport channels and physical channels (TDD)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 25.222: "Multiplexing and channel coding (TDD)".
- [8] 3GPP TS 25.223: "Spreading and modulation (TDD)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.224: "Physical layer procedures (TDD)".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.215: "Physical layer Measurements (FDD)".
- [11] 3GPP TS 25.301: "Radio Interface Protocol Architecture".
- [12] 3GPP TS 25.302: "Services Provided by the Physical Layer".
- [13] 3GPP TS 25.401: "UTRAN Overall Description".
- [14] 3GPP TS 25.133: "Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)".
- [15] 3G TS 25.427: "UTRAN Overall Description :UTRA Iub/Iur Interface User Plane Protocol for DCH data streams".
- [16] 3GPP TS 25.435: "UTRAN Iub Interface User Plane Protocols for Common Transport Channel Data Streams".
- [17] 3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC)".

## 3 Symbols, abbreviations and definitions

## 3.1 Symbols

 $N_{data1}$ The number of data bits per downlink slot in Data1 field. $N_{data2}$ The number of data bits per downlink slot in Data2 field. If the slot format does not contain a<br/>Data2 field,  $N_{data2} = 0$ .

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

16QAM	16 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
4PAM	4 Pulse-Amplitude Modulation
64QAM	64 Quadrature Amplitude Modulation
8PAM	8 Pulse-Amplitude Modulation
AI	Acquisition Indicator
AICH	Acquisition Indicator Channel
BCH	Broadcast Channel
BPSK	Binary Phase Shift Keying
CCPCH	Common Control Physical Channel
CCTrCH	Coded Composite Transport Channel
CLTD	Closed Loop Transmit Diversity
CPICH	Common Pilot Channel
CQI	Channel Quality Indicator
DCH	Dedicated Channel
DPCCH	Dedicated Physical Control Channel
DPCCH2	Dedicated Physical Control Channel 2
DPCH	Dedicated Physical Channel
DPDCH	Dedicated Physical Data Channel
DTX	Discontinuous Transmission
E-AGCH	E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel
E-DCH	Enhanced Dedicated Channel
E-DPCCH	E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel
E-DPDCH	E-DCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel
E-HICH	E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel
E-RGCH	E-DCH Relative Grant Channel
E-ROCH	E-DCH Rank and Offset Channel
FACH	Forward Access Channel
FBI	Feedback Information
F-DPCH	Fractional Dedicated Physical Channel
F-TPICH	Fractional Transmitted Precoding Indicator Channel
FSW	Frame Synchronization Word
HS-DPCCH	Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink) for HS-DSCH
HS-DSCH	High Speed Downlink Shared Channel
HS-PDSCH	High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel
HS-SCCH	Shared Control Channel for HS-DSCH
ICH	Indicator Channel
MBSFN	MBMS over a Single Frequency Network
MICH	MBMS Indicator Channel
MIMO	Multiple Input Multiple Output
MUI	Mobile User Identifier
NI	MBMS Notification Indicator
PCH	Paging Channel
P-CCPCH	Primary Common Control Physical Channel
PICH	Page Indicator Channel
PRACH	Physical Random Access Channel
PSC	Primary Synchronisation Code
QPSK	Quadrature Phase Shift Keying
RACH	Random Access Channel

RNC S-CCPCH SCH S-E-DPCCH S-E-DPDCH S-DPCCH SF SFN SSC STTD TFCI TSTD TFCI TSTD TPC TPI UF	Radio Network Controller Secondary Common Control Physical Channel Synchronisation Channel Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel for E-DCH Secondary Dedicated Physical Data Channel for E-DCH Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel Spreading Factor System Frame Number Secondary Synchronisation Code Space Time Transmit Diversity Transport Format Combination Indicator Time Switched Transmit Diversity Transmit Power Control Transmitted Precoding Indicator User Equipment
	6
UE	User Equipment
UTRAN	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

## 3.3 Definitions

Assisting secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell: In addition to the serving HS-DSCH cell, a cell in the secondary downlink frequency, where the UE is configured to simultaneously monitor a HS-SCCH set and receive HS-DSCH if it is scheduled in that cell.

Assisting serving HS-DSCH Cell: In addition to the serving HS-DSCH cell, a cell in the same frequency, where the UE is configured to simultaneously monitor a HS-SCCH set and receive HS-DSCH if it is scheduled in that cell.

**DL FET:** DL FET refers to early termination of DL DPCH transmission upon receiving an acknowledgement message. In this context, a DL FET ACK/NACK message represents an acknowledge message sent on UL DPCCH for DL FET.

**DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config**: Higher layers signal this configuration parameter to indicate enhanced DCH physical layer configuration. The possible values are 0 and 1. The value 0 indicates Mode 0 configuration where DL transport channels concatenation and DL FET ACK/NACK signalling on UL are not configured. The value 1 indicates Mode 1 where DL transport channel concatenation and DL FET ACK/NACK signalling on UL are configured.

**HS-DSCH cell set:** A set of cells that can be configured together as the serving and secondary serving HS-DSCH cells for a UE. This term is applicable also to non-serving cells in an active set.

MIMO mode: This term refers to the downlink MIMO configuration with two transmit antennas

MIMO mode with four transmit antennas: This term refers to the downlink MIMO configuration with four transmit antennas

**Multiflow mode:** The UE is configured in Multiflow mode when it is configured with an assisting serving HS-DSCH cell.

**Non-time reference cell:** An HS-DSCH cell configured for a UE in Multiflow mode that has a different timing than the time reference cell. If the time reference cell is the Assisting Serving HS-DSCH cell then the non-time reference cell is the Serving HS-DSCH cell, then the non-time reference cell is the Assisting Serving HS-DSCH Cell, then the non-time reference cell is the Assisting Serving HS-DSCH cell.

**Time reference cell:** The (Serving or Assisting Serving, but not Secondary Serving or Assisting Secondary Serving) HS-DSCH cell acting as the time reference for the uplink HS-DPCCH when the UE is configured in Multiflow mode. There is only one Time reference cell.

**UL DPCH 10ms Mode**: When configured by higher layers for the TTI to be transmitted [16], UL DPCH follows physical channel procedures specific to this mode. UL DPCH 10ms Mode can only happen when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured.

**UL 20ms Compression Interval (CI):** A time interval of 20ms duration aligned to a 20ms TTI defined for UL DPCH physical layer procedures when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured by higher layers.

## 4 Services offered to higher layers

## 4.1 Transport channels

Transport channels are services offered by Layer 1 to the higher layers. General concepts about transport channels are described in [12].

A transport channel is defined by how and with what characteristics data is transferred over the air interface. A general classification of transport channels is into two groups:

- Dedicated channels, using inherent addressing of UE;
- Common channels, using explicit addressing of UE if addressing is needed.

### 4.1.1 Dedicated transport channels

There exists two types of dedicated transport channel, the Dedicated Channel (DCH) and the Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH).

### 4.1.1.1 DCH - Dedicated Channel

The Dedicated Channel (DCH) is a downlink or uplink transport channel. The DCH is transmitted over the entire cell or over only a part of the cell using e.g. beam-forming antennas.

### 4.1.1.2 E-DCH – Enhanced Dedicated Channel

The Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) is an uplink transport channel in CELL DCH.

### 4.1.2 Common transport channels

There are six types of common transport channels: BCH, FACH, PCH, RACH, HS-DSCH and E-DCH.

### 4.1.2.1 BCH - Broadcast Channel

The Broadcast Channel (BCH) is a downlink transport channel that is used to broadcast system- and cell-specific information. The BCH is always transmitted over the entire cell and has a single non-zero transport format. In cells configured with broadcast distribution, a first BCH mapped to P-CCPCH is always present and one additional BCH mapped to S-CCPCH can be configured.

### 4.1.2.2 FACH - Forward Access Channel

The Forward Access Channel (FACH) is a downlink transport channel. The FACH is transmitted over the entire cell. The FACH can be transmitted using power setting described in [16].

### 4.1.2.3 PCH - Paging Channel

The Paging Channel (PCH) is a downlink transport channel. The PCH is always transmitted over the entire cell. The transmission of the PCH is associated with the transmission of physical-layer generated Paging Indicators, to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

### 4.1.2.4 RACH - Random Access Channel

The Random Access Channel (RACH) is an uplink transport channel. The RACH is always received from the entire cell. The RACH is characterized by a collision risk and by being transmitted using open loop power control.

4.1.2.5 Void

4.1.2.6 Void

### 4.1.2.7 HS-DSCH – High Speed Downlink Shared Channel

The High Speed Downlink Shared Channel is a downlink transport channel shared by several UEs. The HS-DSCH can be associated with one downlink DPCH or F-DPCH, and one or several Shared Control Channels (HS-SCCH). The HS-DSCH is transmitted over the entire cell or over only part of the cell using e.g. beam-forming antennas.

### 4.1.2.7A E-DCH - Enhanced Dedicated Channel

The Enhanced Dedicated Channel (E-DCH) is an uplink transport channel in CELL\_FACH state and IDLE mode.

## 4.2 Indicators

Indicators are means of fast low-level signalling entities which are transmitted without using information blocks sent over transport channels. The meaning of indicators is specific to the type of indicator.

The indicators defined in the current version of the specifications are: Acquisition Indicator (AI), Page Indicator (PI) and MBMS Notification Indicator (NI).

Indicators may be either boolean (two-valued) or three-valued. Their mapping to indicator channels is channel specific.

Indicators are transmitted on those physical channels that are indicator channels (ICH).

## 5 Physical channels and physical signals

Physical channels are defined by a specific carrier frequency, scrambling code, channelization code (optional), time start & stop (giving a duration) and, on the uplink, relative phase (0 or  $\pi/2$ ). The downlink E-HICH and E-RGCH are each further defined by a specific orthogonal signature sequence. Scrambling and channelization codes are specified in [4]. Time durations are defined by start and stop instants, measured in integer multiples of chips. Suitable multiples of chips also used in specification are:

Radio frame:	A radio frame is a processing duration which consists of 15 slots. The length of a radio frame corresponds to 38400 chips.
Slot:	A slot is a duration which consists of fields containing bits. The length of a slot corresponds to 2560 chips.
Sub-frame:	A sub-frame is the basic time interval for E-DCH and HS-DSCH transmission and E-DCH and HS-DSCH-related signalling at the physical layer. The length of a sub-frame corresponds to 3 slots (7680 chips).

The default time duration for a physical channel is continuous from the instant when it is started to the instant when it is stopped. Physical channels that are not continuous will be explicitly described.

Transport channels are described (in more abstract higher layer models of the physical layer) as being capable of being mapped to physical channels. Within the physical layer itself the exact mapping is from a composite coded transport channel (CCTrCH) to the data part of a physical channel. In addition to data parts there also exist channel control parts and physical signals.

## 5.1 Physical signals

Physical signals are entities with the same basic on-air attributes as physical channels but do not have transport channels or indicators mapped to them. Physical signals may be associated with physical channels in order to support the function of physical channels.

## 5.2 Uplink physical channels

### 5.2.1 Dedicated uplink physical channels

There are seven types of uplink dedicated physical channels, the uplink Dedicated Physical Data Channel (uplink DPDCH), the uplink Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink DPCCH), the uplink Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink S-DPCCH), the uplink Dedicated Physical Control Channel 2 (uplink DPCCH2), the uplink E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink E-DPDCH), the uplink E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink E-DPCCH) and the uplink Dedicated Control Channel associated with HS-DSCH transmission (uplink HS-DPCCH).

The DPDCH, the DPCCH, the DPCCH2, the S-DPCCH, the E-DPDCH, the E-DPCCH and the HS-DPCCH are I/Q code multiplexed (see [4]).

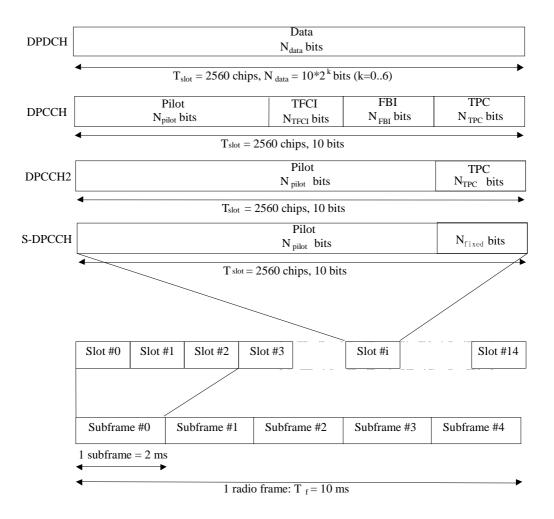
### 5.2.1.1 DPCCH, DPCCH2, S-DPCCH and DPDCH

The uplink DPDCH is used to carry the DCH transport channel. There may be zero, one, or several uplink DPDCHs on each radio link.

The uplink DPCCH is used to carry control information generated at Layer 1. The Layer 1 control information consists of known pilot bits to support channel estimation for coherent detection, transmit power-control (TPC) commands, feedback information (FBI), and an optional transport-format combination indicator (TFCI). The transport-format combination indicator informs the receiver about the instantaneous transport format combination of the transport channels mapped to the simultaneously transmitted uplink DPDCH radio frame. There is one and only one uplink DPCCH on each radio link. The uplink DPCCH may also carry DL FET ACK/NACK signalling information for DL FET operation when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config = 1.

The uplink DPCCH2 is used to carry control information generated at Layer 1. The Layer 1 control information consists of known pilot bits to support channel estimation for coherent detection, and transmit power-control (TPC) commands. When DPCCH2 is configured there is one and only one uplink DPCCH2 for all radio links. When DPCCH2 is configured, the UE shall transmit DPCCH2 only in the slots in which DPCCH is transmitted.

The uplink S-DPCCH is used to carry control information generated at Layer 1. The Layer 1 control information consists of known pilot bits to support channel sounding and channel estimation for coherent detection. There is up to one uplink S-DPCCH on each radio link in the case that UL\_CLTD\_Enabled as defined in [5] is TRUE. Figure 1 shows the frame structure of the uplink DPDCH, the uplink DPCCH, the uplink DPCCH2 and the uplink S-DPCCH. Each radio frame of length 10 ms is split into 5 subframes, each of 3 slots, each of length T<sub>slot</sub> = 2560 chips, corresponding to one power-control period. The DPDCH, DPCCH, S-DPCCH and DPCCH2 are always frame aligned with each other.



#### Figure 1: Frame structure for uplink DPDCH/DPCCH/S-DPCCH/DPCCH2

The parameter k in figure 1 determines the number of bits per uplink DPDCH slot. It is related to the spreading factor SF of the DPDCH as  $SF = 256/2^k$ . The DPDCH spreading factor may range from 256 down to 4. The spreading factor of the uplink DPCCH, the uplink DPCCH2 and the uplink S-DPCCH is always equal to 256, i.e. there are 10 bits per uplink DPCCH/S-DPCCH/DPCCH2 slot.

The exact number of bits of the uplink DPDCH and the different uplink DPCCH fields ( $N_{pilot}$ ,  $N_{TFCI}$ ,  $N_{FBI}$ , and  $N_{TPC}$ ) is given by table 1 and table 2. What slot format to use is configured by higher layers and can also be reconfigured by higher layers. The exact number of bits of the uplink S-DPCCH is given by table 2A.

The uplink DPCCH2 reuses slot format #1 of DPCCH, and the exact number of bits is given in table 2.

The channel bit and symbol rates given in table 1, table 2 and table 2A are the rates immediately before spreading. The pilot patterns are given in table 3 and table 4, the TPC bit pattern is given in table 5.

The FBI bits are used to support techniques requiring feedback from the UE to the UTRAN Access Point for operation of closed loop mode transmit diversity. The use of the FBI bits is described in detail in [5].

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>data</sub>
0	15	15	256	150	10	10
1	30	30	128	300	20	20
2	60	60	64	600	40	40
3	120	120	32	1200	80	80
4	240	240	16	2400	160	160
5	480	480	8	4800	320	320
6	960	960	4	9600	640	640

#### Table 1: DPDCH fields

There are two types of uplink dedicated physical channels; those that include TFCI (e.g. for several simultaneous services) and those that do not include TFCI (e.g. for fixed-rate services). These types are reflected by the duplicated rows of table 2. It is the UTRAN that determines if a TFCI should be transmitted and it is mandatory for all UEs to support the use of TFCI in the uplink. The mapping of TFCI bits onto slots is described in [3].

DPCCH slot format 5 is used when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured by higher layers. In this case, over a 20ms Compression Interval (CI) consisting of 30 slots, the bits in the TFCI field carry TFCI information in the first 10 slots, and may carry an ACK/NACK indicator for DL FET in the remaining 20 slots. The ACK/NACK for DL FET is sent when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config = 1.

In compressed mode, DPCCH slot formats with TFCI fields are changed. There are two possible compressed slot formats for normal slot formats 0 and 2. They are labelled A and B and the selection between them is dependent on the number of slots that are transmitted in each frame in compressed mode. When DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured by higher layers, UL DPCCH slot format 5 is used in compressed mode. In compressed mode when UL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured by higher layers, TFCI bits represent TFCI information in the first 10 slots that are not in compressed-mode gaps in a 20ms CI. The TFCI bits in subsequent slots that are not in the compressed mode gaps represent ACK/NACK indication for DL FET when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config = 1.

If UL\_DTX\_Active is TRUE (see [5]), the number of transmitted slots per radio frame may be less than the number shown in Table 2 and Table 2A.

Slot Form at #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>pilot</sub>	NTPC	NTFCI	N <sub>FBI</sub>	Transmitted slots per radio frame
0	15	15	256	150	10	6	2	2	0	15
0A	15	15	256	150	10	5	2	3	0	10-14
0B	15	15	256	150	10	4	2	4	0	8-9
1	15	15	256	150	10	8	2	0	0	8-15
2	15	15	256	150	10	5	2	2	1	15
2A	15	15	256	150	10	4	2	3	1	10-14
2B	15	15	256	150	10	3	2	4	1	8-9
3	15	15	256	150	10	7	2	0	1	8-15
4	15	15	256	150	10	6	4	0	0	8-15
5	15	15	256	150	10	6	2	2*	0	8-15

#### **Table 2: DPCCH fields**

<sup>\*</sup>NOTE: In a 20ms CI of 30 slots, TFCI bits represent TFCI information in the first 10 slots and may represent DL FET ACK/NACK indication for DL FET in the remaining slots. Slot format 5 is also used in compressed mode for UL DPCCH.

Slot Form at #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>pilot</sub>	N <sub>fixed</sub>	Transmitted slots per radio frame
1	15	15	256	150	10	8	2	8-15

Table 2A: S-DPCCH fields

The pilot bit pattern for S-DPCCH is the same as that for uplink DPCCH with  $N_{pilot} = 8$ . The  $N_{fixed}$  bits in the S-DPCCH are fixed to "10".

The pilot bit pattern for DPCCH2 is the same as that for uplink DPCCH with  $N_{pilot} = 8$ .

The pilot bit patterns are described in table 3 and table 4. The shadowed column part of pilot bit pattern is defined as FSW and FSWs can be used to confirm frame synchronization. (The value of the pilot bit pattern other than FSWs shall be "1".)

Table 3: Pilot bit patterns for uplink DPCCH with  $N_{\text{pilot}}$  = 3, 4, 5 and 6

	Ν	pilot =	3		N <sub>pilo</sub>	<sub>t</sub> = 4			Ν	pilot =	5				N <sub>pilo</sub>	t = 6		
Bit #	0	1	2	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	0	1	2	3	4	5
Slot #0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
2	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
3	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
4	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
7	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
8	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
11	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1
12	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
13	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
14	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1

Table 4: Pilot bit patterns for uplink DPCCH with  $N_{pilot} = 7$  and 8

		N <sub>pilot</sub> = 7							N <sub>pilot</sub> = 8						
Bit #	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Slot #0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
2	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
4	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
7	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
8	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
11	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
12	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
13	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
14	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1

The relationship between the TPC bit pattern and transmitter power control command is presented in table 5.

TPC Bit	Transmitter power					
N <sub>TPC</sub> = 2	N <sub>TPC</sub> = 4	control command				
11	1111	1				
00	0000	0				

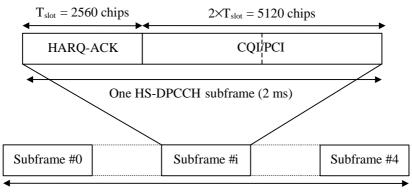
Table 5: TPC Bit Pattern

Multi-code operation is possible for the uplink dedicated physical channels. When multi-code transmission is used, several parallel DPDCH are transmitted using different channelization codes, see [4]. However, there is only one DPCCH per radio link, one DPCCH2 if DPCCH2 is configured and up to one S-DPCCH in the case that UL\_CLTD\_Enable is TRUE.

A period of uplink DPCCH transmission prior to the start of the uplink DPDCH transmission (uplink DPCCH power control preamble) shall be used for initialisation of a DCH. The length of the power control preamble is a higher layer parameter,  $N_{pcp}$ , signalled by the network [5]. The UL DPCCH shall take the same slot format in the power control preamble as afterwards, as given in table 2. When  $N_{pcp} > 0$  the pilot patterns of table 3 and table 4 shall be used. The timing of the power control preamble is described in [5], subclause 4.3.2.3. The TFCI field is filled with "0" bits.

### 5.2.1.2 HS-DPCCH

Figure 2A illustrates the frame structure of the HS-DPCCH. The HS-DPCCH carries uplink feedback signalling related to downlink HS-DSCH transmission and to HS-SCCH orders according to subclause 6A.1.1 in [5]. The feedback signalling consists of Hybrid-ARQ Acknowledgement (HARQ-ACK) and Channel-Quality Indication (CQI), in case the UE is configured in MIMO mode or in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas Precoding Control Indication (PCI) as well and in case the UE is configured in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas the number of transport blocks preferred (NTBP) as well [3]. Each sub frame of length 2 ms (3\*2560 chips) consists of 3 slots, each of length 2560 chips. The HARQ-ACK is carried in the first slot of the HS-DPCCH sub-frame. The CQI, in case the UE is configured in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas also the PCI and the number of UE preferred transport blocks are carried in the second and third slot of a HS-DPCCH sub-frame. There is at most one HS-DPCCH on each radio link if Secondary\_Cell\_Enabled as defined in [5] is less than 4 in case the UE is not configured in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas, 2 in case the UE is configured, the HS-DPCCH(s) can only exist together with an uplink DPCCH. If DPCCH2 is configured, the HS-DPCCH(s) can only exist together with an uplink DPCCH. If DPCCH2 is configured, the HS-DPCCH(s) have identical timing.



One radio frame  $T_f = 10 \text{ ms}$ 

#### Figure 2A: Frame structure for uplink HS-DPCCH

The slot formats for uplink HS-DPCCH are defined in Table 5A.

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Subframe	Bits/ Slot	Transmitted slots per Subframe
0	15	15	256	30	10	3
1	30	30	128	60	20	3

Table 5A: HS-DPCCH fields

### 5.2.1.3 E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH

The E-DPDCH is used to carry the E-DCH transport channel. There may be zero, one, or several E-DPDCH on each radio link.

The E-DPCCH is a physical channel used to transmit control information associated with the E-DCH. There is at most one E-DPCCH on each radio link.

E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH are always transmitted simultaneously, except for the following cases when E-DPCCH is transmitted without E-DPDCH:

- when E-DPDCH but not E-DPCCH is DTXed due to power scaling as described in [5] section 5.1.2.6, or
- during the  $n_{dtx}$  E-DPDCH idle slots if  $n_{max} > n_{tx1}$  as described in [3] section 4.4.5.2.

E-DPCCH shall not be transmitted in a slot unless DPCCH is also transmitted in the same slot.

Figure 2B shows the E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH (sub)frame structure. Each radio frame is divided in 5 subframes, each of length 2 ms; the first subframe starts at the start of each radio frame and the 5<sup>th</sup> subframe ends at the end of each radio frame.

An E-DPDCH may use BPSK, 4PAM or 8PAM modulation symbols. In figure 2B, M is the number of bits per modulation symbol i.e. M=1 for BPSK, M=2 for 4PAM and M=3 for 8PAM.

The E-DPDCH slot formats, corresponding rates and number of bits are specified in Table 5B. The E-DPCCH slot format is listed in Table 5C.

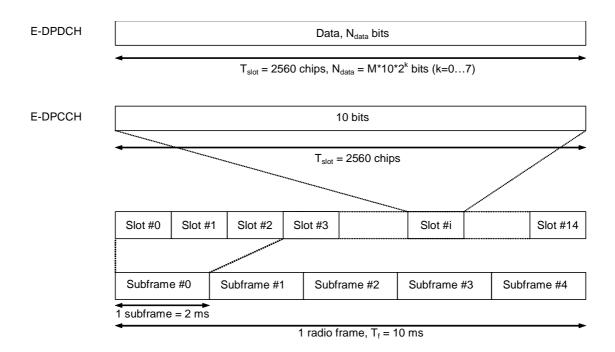


Figure 2B: E-DPDCH frame structure

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate	Bits/Symbol	SF	Bits/	Bits/	Bits/Slot
	(kbps)	М		Frame	Subframe	N <sub>data</sub>
0	15	1	256	150	30	10
1	30	1	128	300	60	20
2	60	1	64	600	120	40
3	120	1	32	1200	240	80
4	240	1	16	2400	480	160
5	480	1	8	4800	960	320
6	960	1	4	9600	1920	640
7	1920	1	2	19200	3840	1280
8	1920	2	4	19200	3840	1280
9	3840	2	2	38400	7680	2560
10	2880	3	4	28800	5760	1920
11	5760	3	2	57600	11520	3840

#### Table 5B: E-DPDCH slot formats

#### Table 5C: E-DPCCH slot formats

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Subframe	Bits/Slot N <sub>data</sub>
0	15	256	150	30	10

### 5.2.1.3A S-E-DPCCH and S-E-DPDCH

The S-E-DPDCH is used to carry the E-DCH transport channel. When UL\_MIMO\_Enabled is set to TRUE and rank-2 transmission takes place on a radio link, the number of S-E-DPDCH channels on that radio link is 4, otherwise, it is zero.

The S-E-DPCCH is a physical channel used to transmit control information associated with the S-E-DPDCH. There is at most one S-E-DPCCH on each radio link.

S-E-DPDCH and S-E-DPCCH are always transmitted simultaneously.

S-E-DPCCH shall not be transmitted in a slot unless DPCCH and S-DPCCH is also transmitted in the same slot.

The S-E-DPDCH frame structure is the same as the E-DPDCH frame structure. The S-E-DPCCH frame structure is the same as the E-DPCCH frame structure.

An S-E-DPDCH may use BPSK, 4PAM or 8PAM modulation symbols.

The S-E-DPDCH slot formats, corresponding rates and number of bits are as specified for slot formats 6-11 in table 5B for E-DPDCH. Slot formats 0-5 are not applicable for S-E-DPDCH.

The S-E-DPCCH slot format is as specified for E-DPCCH in Table 5C.

### 5.2.2 Common uplink physical channels

### 5.2.2.1 Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH)

The Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH) is used to carry the RACH.

### 5.2.2.1.1 Overall structure of random-access transmission

The random-access transmission is based on a Slotted ALOHA approach with fast acquisition indication. The UE can start the random-access transmission at the beginning of a number of well-defined time intervals, denoted *access slots*. There are 15 access slots per two frames and they are spaced 5120 chips apart, see figure 3. The timing of the access slots and the acquisition indication is described in subclause 7.3. Information on what access slots are available for random-access transmission is given by higher layers.

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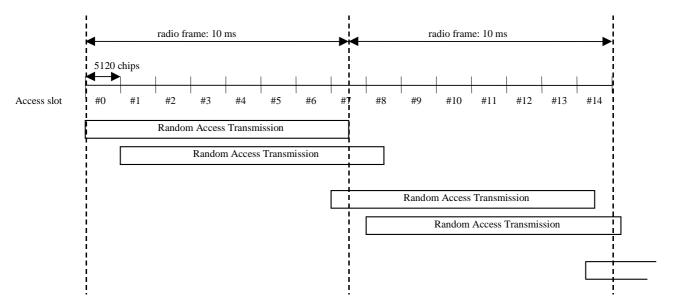


Figure 3: RACH access slot numbers and their spacing

The structure of the random-access transmission is shown in figure 4. The random-access transmission consists of one or several *preambles* of length 4096 chips and a *message* of length 10 ms or 20 ms.

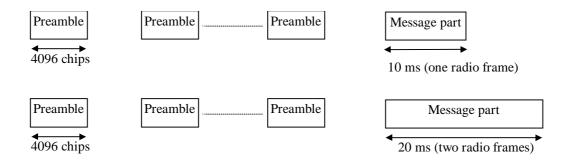


Figure 4: Structure of the random-access transmission

### 5.2.2.1.2 RACH preamble part

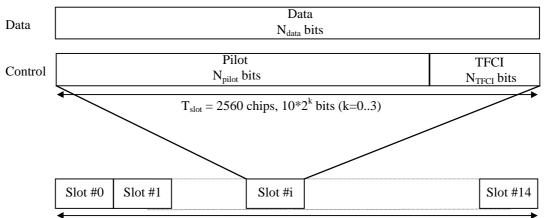
Each preamble is of length 4096 chips and consists of 256 repetitions of a signature of length 16 chips. There are a maximum of 16 available signatures, see [4] for more details.

#### 5.2.2.1.3 RACH message part

Figure 5 shows the structure of the random-access message part radio frame. The 10 ms message part radio frame is split into 15 slots, each of length  $T_{slot} = 2560$  chips. Each slot consists of two parts, a data part to which the RACH transport channel is mapped and a control part that carries Layer 1 control information. The data and control parts are transmitted in parallel. A 10 ms message part consists of one message part radio frame, while a 20 ms message part consists of two consecutive 10 ms message part radio frames. The message part length is equal to the Transmission Time Interval of the RACH Transport channel in use. This TTI length is configured by higher layers.

The data part consists of  $10*2^k$  bits, where k=0,1,2,3. This corresponds to a spreading factor of 256, 128, 64, and 32 respectively for the message data part.

The control part consists of 8 known pilot bits to support channel estimation for coherent detection and 2 TFCI bits. This corresponds to a spreading factor of 256 for the message control part. The pilot bit pattern is described in table 8. The total number of TFCI bits in the random-access message is 15\*2 = 30. The TFCI of a radio frame indicates the transport format of the RACH transport channel mapped to the simultaneously transmitted message part radio frame. In case of a 20 ms PRACH message part, the TFCI is repeated in the second radio frame.



Message part radio frame  $T_{RACH} = 10 \text{ ms}$ 

### Figure 5: Structure of the random-access message part radio frame

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>data</sub>
0	15	15	256	150	10	10
1	30	30	128	300	20	20
2	60	60	64	600	40	40
3	120	120	32	1200	80	80

#### Table 6: Random-access message data fields

#### Table 7: Random-access message control fields

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>pilot</sub>	NTFCI
0	15	15	256	150	10	8	2

### Table 8: Pilot bit patterns for RACH message part with $N_{pilot} = 8$

				N <sub>pilo</sub>	t = 8			
Bit #	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Slot #0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
2	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
3	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0
4	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1
5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
7	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
8	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
10	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
11	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
12	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0
13	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
14	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1

### 5.2.2.2 Void

## 5.3 Downlink physical channels

### 5.3.1 Downlink transmit diversity

Table 10 summarises the possible application of open and closed loop transmit diversity modes on different downlink physical channel types. Simultaneous use of STTD and closed loop modes on the same physical channel is not allowed. In addition, if Tx diversity is applied on any of the downlink physical channels allocated to a UE(s) that is configured to use P-CPICH as a phase reference on both antennas, then Tx diversity shall also be applied on P-CCPCH and SCH. If Tx diversity is applied on SCH it shall also be applied on P-CCPCH and vice versa. Regarding CPICH transmission in case of transmit diversity used on SCH and P-CCPCH, see subclause 5.3.3.1. An S-CCPCH carrying BCH shall be transmitted with the same diversity mode as P-CCPCH.

With respect to the usage of Tx diversity for DPCH or F-DPCH on different radio links within an active set, the following rules apply:

- Different Tx diversity modes (STTD and closed loop) shall not be used on the radio links within one active set.
- No Tx diversity on one or more radio links shall not prevent UTRAN to use Tx diversity on other radio links within the same active set.
- If STTD is activated on one or several radio links in the active set, the UE shall operate STTD on only those radio links where STTD has been activated. Higher layers inform the UE about the usage of STTD on the individual radio links in the active set.
- Regarding the usage of Tx diversity for DPCH on different radio links within an active set, if closed loop TX diversity is activated on one or several radio links in the active set, the UE shall operate closed loop TX diversity on only those radio links where closed loop TX diversity has been activated. Higher layers inform the UE about the usage of closed loop TX diversity on the individual radio links in the active set.

Furthermore, if the UE is not configured in MIMO mode and in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas in a cell the following restrictions apply in this cell:

- If a DPCH is associated with an HS-PDSCH subframe in the same cell, the transmit diversity mode used for the HS-PDSCH subframe shall be the same as the transmit diversity mode used for the DPCH associated with this HS-PDSCH subframe.
- If an F-DPCH is associated with an HS-PDSCH subframe in the same cell, the transmit diversity mode used for the HS-PDSCH subframe shall be the same as the transmit diversity mode signalled for the F-DPCH associated with this HS-PDSCH subframe.
- If neither DPCH nor F-DPCH is associated with an HS-PDSCH subframe the transmit diversity mode used for the HS-PDSCH subframe shall be the STTD if the P-CCPCH in the cell is using transmit diversity. Otherwise, no transmit diversity is used for the HS-PDSCH subframe.
- If the UE is configured with a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell not associated with either DPCH or F-DPCH in the same cell, the diversity mode used for the HS-PDSCH subframe of that cell is configured by higher layers and independent from that used in the serving HS-DSCH cell.

If the UE is configured in MIMO mode in a cell then a DPCH or F-DPCH associated with an HS-PDSCH subframe can be either in transmit diversity mode or in no transmit diversity mode in this cell.

Regardless of whether or not the UE is configured in MIMO mode or in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas in a cell,

• If the DPCH associated with an HS-SCCH subframe in the same cell is using either open or closed loop transmit diversity on the radio link transmitted from the HS-DSCH serving cell, the HS-SCCH subframe from this cell shall be transmitted using STTD, otherwise no transmit diversity shall be used for this HS-SCCH subframe.

- If an F-DPCH for which STTD is signalled is associated with an HS-SCCH subframe in the same cell, the HS-SCCH subframe shall be transmitted using STTD, otherwise no transmit diversity shall be used for this HS-SCCH subframe.
- If neither DPCH nor F-DPCH is associated with an HS-SCCH subframe the transmit diversity mode used for the HS-SCCH subframe shall be the STTD if the P-CCPCH in the cell is using transmit diversity. Otherwise, no transmit diversity is used for the HS-SCCH subframe.
- If the UE is configured with a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell not associated with either DPCH or F-DPCH in the same cell, the diversity mode used for the HS-SCCH subframe of that cell is configured by higher layers and independent from that used in the serving HS-DSCH cell.
- If DPCCH2 is configured and if more than one F-DPCH is transmitted in the same cell, then the transmit diversity mode is the same for all the F-DPCHs. If DPCCH2 is configured and if both DPCH and F-DPCH are transmitted in the same cell, then the transmit diversity modes for the DPCH and F-DPCH can be configured independently.

The transmit diversity mode on the associated DPCH or F-DPCH may not change during a HS-SCCH and or HS-PDSCH subframe and within the slot prior to the HS-SCCH subframe. This includes any change between no Tx diversity and either open loop or closed loop mode.

If the UE is receiving a DPCH on which transmit diversity is used from a cell, or if the UE is receiving an F-DPCH for which STTD is signalled from a cell, the UE shall assume that the E-AGCH, E-ROCH, E-RGCH, E-HICH, and F-TPICH from the same cell are transmitted using STTD.

If DPCCH2 is configured and if the UE is receiving both DPCH and F-DPCH from a cell, then the UE shall assume that the E-AGCH, E-ROCH, E-RGCH, E-HICH, and F-TPICH from the same cell are transmitted using the transmit diversity mode signalled for the F-DPCH.

Physical channel type	Open lo	op mode	Closed loop mode
	TSTD	STTD	Mode 1
P-CCPCH	_	Х	-
SCH	Х	-	-
S-CCPCH	_	Х	-
DPCH (when DPCH slot format	_	Х	Х
has pilot bits)			
DPCH (DPCH slot-format does	-	-	-
not have pilot bits)			
F-DPCH	_	Х	_
PICH	_	Х	_
MICH	_	Х	—
HS-PDSCH (UE not in MIMO	-	Х	Х
mode and not in <u>MIMO mode</u>			
with four transmit antennas, UE			
configured without a secondary			
serving HS-DSCH cell)			
HS-PDSCH (UE not in MIMO	_	Х	-
mode and not in <u>MIMO mode</u>			
with four transmit antennas in this cell, UE configured with a			
secondary serving HS-DSCH			
cell) (*1) (*2)			
HS-PDSCH (UE in MIMO mode		_	_
or in MIMO mode with four			
transmit antennas in this cell )			
(*2)			
HS-SCCH (*1)	_	Х	_
E-AGCH	_	X	_
E-ROCH	_	Х	_
E-RGCH	-	Х	-
E-HICH	_	Х	_
AICH	_	Х	-
F-TPICH	-	Х	-

#### Table 10: Application of Tx diversity modes on downlink physical channel types "X" – can be applied, "–" – not applied

NOTE \*1: The Tx diversity mode can be configured independently across cells.

NOTE \*2: The MIMO mode or MIMO mode with four transmit antennas can be configured independently across cells.

### 5.3.1.1 Open loop transmit diversity

#### 5.3.1.1.1 Space time block coding based transmit antenna diversity (STTD)

The open loop downlink transmit diversity employs a space time block coding based transmit diversity (STTD).

The STTD encoding is optional in UTRAN. STTD support is mandatory at the UE.

A block diagram of a generic STTD encoder is shown in the figure 8, figure 8A and figure 8B below. Channel coding, rate matching and interleaving are done as in the non-diversity mode. For QPSK, the STTD encoder operates on 4 symbols  $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ ,  $b_2$ ,  $b_3$  as shown in figure 8. For AICH, E-RGCH, E-HICH the  $b_i$  are real valued signals, and  $\overline{b_i}$  is defined as  $-b_i$ . For channels other than AICH, E-RGCH, E-HICH the  $b_i$  are 3-valued digits, taking the values 0, 1, "DTX", and  $\overline{b_i}$  is defined as follows: if  $b_i = 0$  then  $\overline{b_i} = 1$ , if  $b_i = 1$  then  $\overline{b_i} = 0$ , otherwise  $\overline{b_i} = b_i$ .

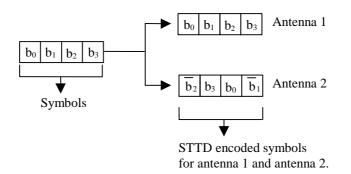
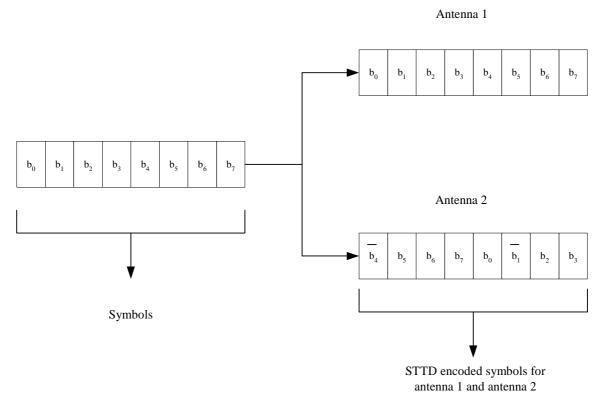


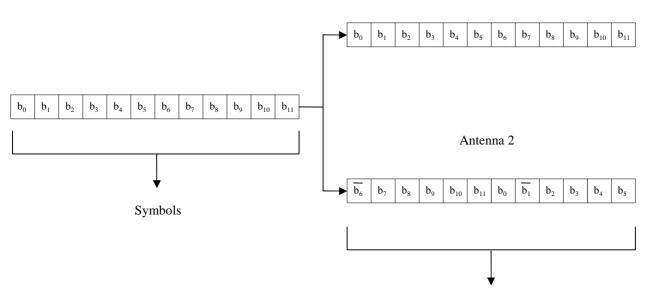
Figure 8: Generic block diagram of the STTD encoder for QPSK

For 16QAM, STTD operates on blocks of 8 consecutive symbols b<sub>0</sub>, b<sub>1</sub>, b<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>3</sub>, b<sub>4</sub>, b<sub>5</sub>, b<sub>6</sub>, b<sub>7</sub> as shown in figure 8A below.





For 64QAM, STTD operates on blocks of 12 consecutive symbols b<sub>0</sub>, b<sub>1</sub>, b<sub>2</sub>, b<sub>3</sub>, b<sub>4</sub>, b<sub>5</sub>, b<sub>6</sub>, b<sub>7</sub>, b<sub>8</sub>, b<sub>9</sub>, b<sub>10</sub>, b<sub>11</sub> as shown in figure 8B below.



STTD encoded symbols for antenna 1 and antenna 2

Antenna 1

#### Figure 8B: Generic block diagram of the STTD encoder for 64QAM

#### 5.3.1.1.2 Time Switched Transmit Diversity for SCH (TSTD)

Transmit diversity, in the form of Time Switched Transmit Diversity (TSTD), can be applied to the SCH. TSTD for the SCH is optional in UTRAN, while TSTD support is mandatory in the UE. TSTD for the SCH is described in subclause 5.3.3.5.1.

### 5.3.1.2 Closed loop transmit diversity

Closed loop transmit diversity is described in [5]. Closed loop transmit diversity mode 1 shall be supported at the UE and may be supported in the UTRAN.

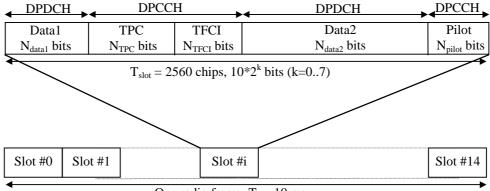
### 5.3.2 Dedicated downlink physical channels

There are five types of downlink dedicated physical channels, the Downlink Dedicated Physical Channel (downlink DPCH), the Fractional Dedicated Physical Channel (F-DPCH), the E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH), the E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH), and the Fractional Transmitted Precoding Indicator Channel (F-TPICH).

The F-DPCH is described in subclause 5.3.2.6.

Within one downlink DPCH, dedicated data generated at Layer 2 and above, i.e. the dedicated transport channel (DCH), is transmitted in time-multiplex with control information generated at Layer 1 (known pilot bits, TPC commands, and an optional TFCI). The downlink DPCH can thus be seen as a time multiplex of a downlink DPDCH and a downlink DPCCH, compare subclause 5.2.1.

Figure 9 shows the frame structure of the downlink DPCH. Each frame of length 10 ms is split into 15 slots, each of length  $T_{slot} = 2560$  chips, corresponding to one power-control period.



One radio frame,  $T_f = 10 \text{ ms}$ 

#### Figure 9: Frame structure for downlink DPCH

The parameter k in figure 9 determines the total number of bits per downlink DPCH slot. It is related to the spreading factor SF of the physical channel as  $SF = 512/2^k$ . The spreading factor may thus range from 512 down to 4.

The exact number of bits of the different downlink DPCH fields ( $N_{pilot}$ ,  $N_{TPC}$ ,  $N_{TFCI}$ ,  $N_{data1}$  and  $N_{data2}$ ) is given in table 11. What slot format to use is configured by higher layers and can also be reconfigured by higher layers.

There are basically two types of downlink Dedicated Physical Channels; those that include TFCI (e.g. for several simultaneous services) and those that do not include TFCI (e.g. for fixed-rate services). These types are reflected by the duplicated rows of table 11. It is the UTRAN that determines if a TFCI should be transmitted and it is mandatory for all UEs to support the use of TFCI in the downlink. The mapping of TFCI bits onto slots is described in [3].

In compressed frames, a different slot format is used compared to normal mode. There are two possible compressed slot formats that are labelled A and B. Slot format B shall be used in frames compressed by spreading factor reduction and slot format A shall be used in frames compressed by higher layer scheduling. The channel bit and symbol rates given in table 11 are the rates immediately before spreading.

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Symbol Rate	SF	Bits/ Slot		DCH /Slot		DPCCH its/Slo		Transmitted slots per radio frame
		(ksps)			N <sub>Data1</sub>	N <sub>Data2</sub>	N <sub>TPC</sub>	NTFCI	N <sub>Pilot</sub>	N <sub>Tr</sub>
0	15	7.5	512	10	0	4	2	0	4	15
0A	15	7.5	512	10	0	4	2	0	4	8-14
0B	30	15	256	20	0	8	4	0	8	8-14
1	15	7.5	512	10	0	2	2	2	4	15
1B	30	15	256	20	0	4	4	4	8	8-14
2	30	15	256	20	2	14	2	0	2	15
2A	30	15	256	20	2	14	2	0	2	8-14
2B	60	30	128	40	4	28	4	0	4	8-14
3	30	15	256	20	2	12	2	2	2	15
ЗA	30	15	256	20	2	10	2	4	2	8-14
3B	60	30	128	40	4	24	4	4	4	8-14
4	30	15	256	20	2	12	2	0	4	15
4A	30	15	256	20	2	12	2	0	4	8-14
4B	60	30	128	40	4	24	4	0	8	8-14
5	30	15	256	20	2	10	2	2	4	15
5A	30	15	256	20	2	8	2	4	4	8-14
5B	60	30	128	40	4	20	4	4	8	8-14
6	30	15	256	20	2	8	2	0	8	15
6A	30	15	256	20	2	8	2	0	8	8-14
6B	60	30	128	40	4	16	4	0	16	8-14
7	30	15	256	20	2	6	2	2	8	15
7A	30	15	256	20	2	4	2	4	8	8-14
7B	60	30	128	40	4	12	4	4	16	8-14
8	60	30	128	40	6	28	2	0	4	15
8A	60	30	128	40	6	28	2	0	4	8-14
8B	120	60	64	80	12	56	4	0	8	8-14
9	60	30	128	40	6	26	2	2	4	15
9A	60	30	128	40	6	24	2	4	4	8-14
9B	120	60	64	80	12	52 24	4	4	8	8-14
10 10A	60	30	128	40 40	6 6		2	0	8 8	15 8-14
10A 10B	60 120	30 60	128 64	40 80	12	24 48	4	0	0 16	8-14
<u>тов</u> 11			04 128	40			2	2		15
11A	60 60	30 30	120	40	6 6	22 20	2	4	8 8	8-14
11B	120	60	64	80	12	44	4	4	16	8-14
12	120	60	64	80	12	44	4	8*	8	15
12A	120	60	64	80	12	40	4	16*	8	8-14
12A 12B	240	120	32	160	24	96	8	16*	16	8-14
13	240	120	32	160	28	112	4	8*	8	15
13A	240	120	32	160	28	104	4	16*	8	8-14
13B	480	240	16	320	56	224	8	16*	16	8-14
14	480	240	16	320	56	232	8	8*	16	15
14A	480	240	16	320	56	224	8	16*	16	8-14
14B	960	480	8	640	112	464	16	16*	32	8-14
15	960	480	8	640	120	488	8	8*	16	15
15A	960	480	8	640	120	480	8	16*	16	8-14
15B	1920	960	4	1280	240	976	16	16*	32	8-14
16	1920	960	4	1280	248	1000	8	8*	16	15
16A	1920	960	4	1280	248	992	8	16*	16	8-14
17	30	15	256	20	18	0	2	0	0	8-15
18	60	30	128	40	38	0	2	0	0	8-15

#### Table 11: DPDCH and DPCCH fields

\* If TFCI bits are not used, then DTX shall be used in TFCI field.

NOTE 1: Compressed mode is only supported through spreading factor reduction for SF=512 with TFCI.

NOTE 2: Compressed mode by spreading factor reduction is not supported for SF=4.

NOTE 3: If the Node B receives an invalid combination of data frames for downlink transmission, the procedure specified in [15], sub-clause 5.1.2, may require the use of DTX in both the DPDCH and the TFCI field of the DPCCH.

NOTE 4: Slot formats 17 and 18 are only used when DL\_DCH\_FET\_Config is configured by higher layers.

The pilot bit patterns are described in table 12. The shadowed column part of pilot bit pattern is defined as FSW and FSWs can be used to confirm frame synchronization. (The value of the pilot bit pattern other than FSWs shall be "11".) In table 12, the transmission order is from left to right.

In downlink compressed mode through spreading factor reduction, the number of bits in the TPC and Pilot fields are doubled. Symbol repetition is used to fill up the fields. Denote the bits in one of these fields in normal mode by  $x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_X$ . In compressed mode the following bit sequence is sent in corresponding field:  $x_1, x_2, x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_3, x_4, ..., x_X$ .

	N <sub>pilot</sub> = 2	N <sub>pilo</sub> (*	<sub>t</sub> = <b>4</b> 1)			ut <b>= 8</b> 2)						= <b>16</b> 3)			
Symbol #	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Slot #0	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10
1	00	11	00	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	11	11	00
2	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	10	11	00
3	00	11	00	11	00	11	00	11	00	11	00	11	01	11	10
4	10	11	10	11	10	11	01	11	10	11	01	11	11	11	11
5	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	01	11	01
6	11	11	11	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	10	11	11
7	10	11	10	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00
8	01	11	01	11	01	11	10	11	01	11	10	11	00	11	11
9	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	00	11	11
10	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	11	11	10
11	10	11	10	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	00	11	10
12	10	11	10	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	01	11	01
13	00	11	00	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	00
14	00	11	00	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	10	11	01

Table 12: Pilot bit patterns for downlink DPCCH with  $N_{pilot} = 2, 4, 8$  and 16

NOTE \*1: This pattern is used except slot formats 2B and 3B.

NOTE \*2: This pattern is used except slot formats 0B, 1B, 4B, 5B, 8B, and 9B.

NOTE \*3: This pattern is used except slot formats 6B, 7B, 10B, 11B, 12B, and 13B.

NOTE: For slot format *n*B where n = 0, ..., 15, the pilot bit pattern corresponding to N<sub>pilot</sub>/2 is to be used and symbol repetition shall be applied.

The relationship between the TPC symbol and the transmitter power control command is presented in table 13.

	TPC Bit Pattern									
$N_{TPC} = 2$	$N_{TPC} = 4$	N <sub>TPC</sub> = 8	control command							
11	1111	11111111	1							
00	0000	0000000	0							

Table 13: TPC Bit Pattern

Multicode transmission may be employed in the downlink, i.e. the CCTrCH (see [3]) is mapped onto several parallel downlink DPCHs using the same spreading factor. In this case, the Layer 1 control information is transmitted only on the first downlink DPCH. DTX bits are transmitted during the corresponding time period for the additional downlink DPCHs, see figure 10.

In case there are several CCTrCHs mapped to different DPCHs transmitted to the same UE different spreading factors can be used on DPCHs to which different CCTrCHs are mapped. Also in this case, Layer 1 control information is only transmitted on the first DPCH while DTX bits are transmitted during the corresponding time period for the additional DPCHs.

Note : support of multiple CCTrChs of dedicated type is not part of the current release.

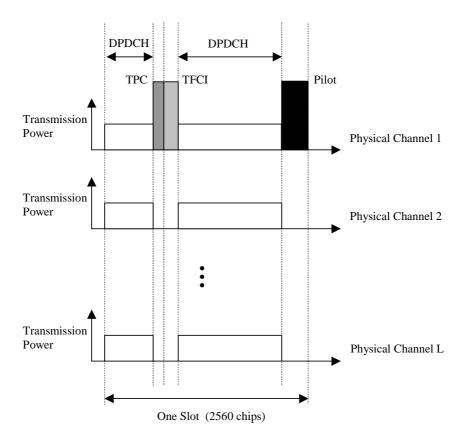


Figure 10: Downlink slot format in case of multi-code transmission

### 5.3.2.1 STTD for DPCH, F-DPCH and F-TPICH

The pilot bit pattern for the DPCH channel transmitted on antenna 2 is given in table 14.

- For N<sub>pilot</sub> = 8, 16 the shadowed part indicates pilot bits that are obtained by STTD encoding the corresponding (shadowed) bits in Table 12. The non-shadowed pilot bit pattern is orthogonal to the corresponding (non-shadowed) pilot bit pattern in table 12.
- For  $N_{pilot} = 4$ , the diversity antenna pilot bit pattern is obtained by STTD encoding both the shadowed and non-shadowed pilot bits in table 12.
- For  $N_{pilot} = 2$ , the diversity antenna pilot pattern is obtained by STTD encoding the two pilot bits in table 12 with the last two bits (data or DTX) of the second data field (data2) of the slot. Thus for  $N_{pilot} = 2$  case, the last two bits of the second data field (data 2) after STTD encoding, follow the diversity antenna pilot bits in Table 14.
- For  $N_{pilot} = 0$ , transmit diversity is not used.

STTD encoding for the DPDCH, TPC, and TFCI fields is done as described in subclause 5.3.1.1.1. For the SF=512 DPCH, the first two bits in each slot, i.e. TPC bits, are not STTD encoded and the same bits are transmitted with equal power from the two antennas. The remaining four bits are STTD encoded.

For F-DPCH, the TPC bits are not STTD encoded and the same bits are transmitted with equal power from the two antennas.

For F-TPICH, the TPI bits are not STTD encoded and the same bits are transmitted with equal power from the two antennas.

For compressed mode through spreading factor reduction and for  $N_{pilot} > 4$ , symbol repetition shall be applied to the pilot bit patterns of table 14, in the same manner as described in 5.3.2. For slot formats 2B and 3B, i.e. compressed mode through spreading factor reduction and  $N_{pilot} = 4$ , the pilot bits transmitted on antenna 2 are STTD encoded, and thus the pilot bit pattern is as shown in the most right set of table 14.

	N <sub>pilot</sub> = 2 (*1)		ot <b>= 4</b> 2)			t <b>= 8</b> 3)			N <sub>pilot</sub> = 16 (*4)								$N_{\text{pilot}} = 4$ (*5)	
Symbol #	0	0	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	0	<u>1</u>	
Slot #0	01	01	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	01	10	
1	10	10	10	11	00	00	01	11	00	00	01	11	10	00	10	10	01	
2	11	11	10	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	10	00	11	11	00	
3	10	10	10	11	10	00	01	11	10	00	01	11	00	00	00	10	01	
4	00	00	10	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	01	00	10	00	11	
5	01	01	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	11	00	00	01	10	
6	01	01	10	11	10	00	10	11	10	00	10	11	01	00	11	01	10	
7	00	00	10	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	00	11	
8	11	11	10	11	00	00	00	11	00	00	00	11	01	00	01	11	00	
9	01	01	10	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	01	01	10	
10	11	11	10	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	00	00	10	11	00	
11	00	00	10	11	01	00	11	11	01	00	11	11	00	00	01	00	11	
12	00	00	10	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	11	00	00	00	11	
13	10	10	10	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	10	00	01	10	01	
14	10	10	10	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	11	00	11	10	01	

Table 14: Pilot bit patterns of downlink DPCCH for antenna 2 using STTD

NOTE \*1: The pilot bits precede the last two bits of the data2 field.

NOTE \*2: This pattern is used except slot formats 2B and 3B.

NOTE \*3: This pattern is used except slot formats 0B, 1B, 4B, 5B, 8B, and 9B. NOTE \*4: This pattern is used except slot formats 6B, 7B, 10B, 11B, 12B, and 13B.

NOTE \*5: This pattern is used for slot formats 2B and 3B.

For slot format *n*B where n = 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, ..., 15, the pilot bit pattern corresponding to N<sub>pilot</sub>/2 is to be used NOTE: and symbol repetition shall be applied.

#### 5.3.2.2 Dedicated channel pilots with closed loop mode transmit diversity

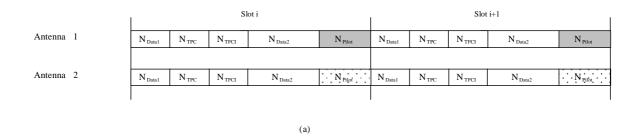
In closed loop mode 1 orthogonal pilot patterns are used between the transmit antennas. Closed loop mode 1 shall not be used with DPCH slot formats for which Npilot=2. Pilot patterns defined in the table 12 will be used on antenna 1 and pilot patterns defined in the table 15 on antenna 2. This is illustrated in the figure 11 a which indicates the difference in the pilot patterns with different shading.

	N <sub>pilo</sub>	t = 4			<sub>et</sub> = 8 1)					N <sub>pilot</sub>	= <b>16</b> 2)	i			
Symbol #	0	1	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
Slot #0	01	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	
1	10	10	11	00	00	01	11	00	00	01	11	10	00	10	
2	11	10	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	10	00	11	
3	10	10	11	10	00	01	11	10	00	01	11	00	00	00	
4	00	10	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	01	00	10	
5	01	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	11	00	00	
6	01	10	11	10	00	10	11	10	00	10	11	01	00	11	
7	00	10	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	
8	11	10	11	00	00	00	11	00	00	00	11	01	00	01	
9	01	10	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	01	
10	11	10	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	00	00	10	
11	00	10	11	01	00	11	11	01	00	11	11	00	00	01	
12	00	10	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	11	00	00	
13	10	10	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	10	00	01	
14	10	10	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	11	00	11	

NOTE \*1: This pattern is used except slot formats 0B, 1B, 4B, 5B, 8B, and 9B.

NOTE \*2: This pattern is used except slot formats 6B, 7B, 10B, 11B, 12B, and 13B.

For slot format *n*B where n = 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, ..., 15, the pilot bit pattern corresponding to N<sub>pilot</sub>/2 is to be used NOTE: and symbol repetition shall be applied.



#### Figure 11: Slot structures for downlink dedicated physical channel diversity transmission. Structure (a) is used in closed loop mode 1. Different shading of the pilots indicate orthogonality of the patterns

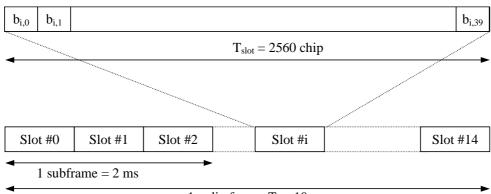
### 5.3.2.3 Void

### 5.3.2.4 E-DCH Relative Grant Channel

An E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH) is a fixed rate (SF=128) dedicated downlink physical channel carrying the uplink E-DCH relative grants for one uplink E-DCH associated with the E-RGCH by higher layer signalling. Figure 12A illustrates the structure of the E-RGCH. A relative grant is transmitted using 3, 12 or 15 consecutive slots and in each slot a sequence of 40 ternary values is transmitted. The 3 and 12 slot duration shall be used on an E-RGCH transmitted to UEs for which the cell transmitting the E-RGCH is in the E-DCH serving radio link set and for which the E-DCH TTI is respectively 2 and 10 ms. The 15 slot duration shall be used on an E-RGCH transmitted to UEs for which the cell transmitting the E-DCH serving radio link set.

The sequence  $b_{i,0}$ ,  $b_{i,1}$ , ...,  $b_{i,39}$  transmitted in slot i in Figure 12A is given by  $b_{i,j} = a C_{ss,40,m(i),j}$ . In a serving E-DCH radio link set, the relative grant a is set to +1, 0, or -1 and in a radio link not belonging to the serving E-DCH radio link set, the relative grant a is set to 0 or -1. The orthogonal signature sequences  $C_{ss,40,m(i)}$  is given by Table 16A and the index m(i) in slot i is given by Table 16B. The E-RGCH signature sequence index 1 in Table 16B is given by higher layers.

In case STTD-based open loop transmit diversity is applied for E-RGCH, STTD encoding according to subclause 5.3.1.1.1 is applied to the sequence  $b_{i,j}$ .



1 radio frame,  $T_f = 10 \text{ ms}$ 

Figure 12A: E-RGCH and E-HICH structure

C <sub>ss,40,0</sub> -1 -1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,1</sub> -1 1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,2</sub> -1 -1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,3</sub> 1 -1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,4</sub> 1 1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,5</sub> -1 1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,6</sub> 1 1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,7</sub> -1 1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,8</sub> 1 1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,9</sub> -1 1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,10</sub> -1 1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,11</sub> -1 1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,12</sub> -1 -1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,13</sub> 1 1	-	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,14</sub> -1 1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,15</sub> -1 -1		1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,16</sub> 1 -1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,17</sub> 1 -1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,18</sub> 1 1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,19</sub> 1 1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,20</sub> 1 1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,21</sub> -1 1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,22</sub> -1 -1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,23</sub> 1 -1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,24</sub> -1 -1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,25</sub> -1 1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,26</sub> -1 -1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,27</sub> 1 -1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,28</sub> 1 1	-	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,29</sub> -1 1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,30</sub> -1 1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,31</sub> -1 1	_	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,32</sub> 1 1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1		1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1
C <sub>ss,40,33</sub> -1 -1	_	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,34</sub> 1 -1	_	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,35</sub> -1 -1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
C <sub>ss,40,36</sub> -1 1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,37</sub> 1 -1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,38</sub> -1 -1	_	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	-1		-1	1
C <sub>ss,40,39</sub> -1 -1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1

Table 16A: E-RGCH and E-HICH signature sequences

The bits are transmitted in order from left to right, i.e., column 2 corresponds to index j=0 and the rightmost column corresponds to index j=39.

Sequence index <i>l</i>	Row index $m(i)$ for slot $i$							
	$i \mod 3 = 0$	$i \mod 3 = 1$	$i \mod 3 = 2$					
0	0	2	13					
1	1	18	18					
2	2	8	33					
3	3	16	32					
4	4	13	10					
5	5	3	25					
6	6	12	16					
7	7	6	1					
8	8	19	39					
9	9	34	14					
10	10	4	5					
11	11	17	34					

### Table 16B: E-HICH and E-RGCH signature hopping pattern

31

12	12	29	30
13	13	11	23
14	14	24	22
15	15	28	21
16	16	35	19
17	17	35 21 37	36 2
18	18	37	2
19	19	23	11
20	20	39	9 3 15
21	21	22	3
22	22	9	15
23	23	36	20
24	24		26
25	25	0 5 7	24
26	26	7	8
27	27	27	17
28	28	32	29
29	29	15	38
30	30	30	12
31	31	26	7
32	32	20	37 35
33	33	1	35
34	34	14	0
35	35	33	31
36	36	25	28
37	37	10	27
38	38	31	4
39	39	38	6

### 5.3.2.5 E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel

An E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH) is a fixed rate (SF=128) dedicated downlink physical channel carrying the uplink E-DCH hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator for one uplink E-DCH.

The uplink E-DCH is associated with the E-HICH signature sequence(s) provided by higher layer signalling. Figure 12A illustrates the structure of the E-HICH. A hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator is transmitted using 3 or 12 consecutive slots and in each slot a sequence of 40 binary values is transmitted. The 3 and 12 slot duration shall be used for UEs which E-DCH TTI is set to respectively 2 ms and 10 ms.

The sequence  $b_{i,0}, b_{i,1}, \dots, b_{i,39}$  transmitted in slot i in Figure 12A is given by  $b_{i,j} = a C_{ss,40, m(i),j}$ . In a radio link set containing the serving E-DCH radio link set, the hybrid ARQ acknowledgement indicator a is set to +1 or -1, and in a radio link set not containing the serving E-DCH radio link set the hybrid ARQ indicator a is set to +1 or 0. The orthogonal signature sequences  $C_{ss,40,m(i)}$  is given by Table 16A and the index m(i) in slot i is given by Table 16B. The E-HICH signature sequence index 1 is given by higher layers.

In case STTD-based open loop transmit diversity is applied for E-HICH, STTD encoding according to subclause 5.3.1.1.1 is applied to the sequence  $b_{i,j}$ 

If UL\_MIMO\_Enabled is TRUE, the UE is configured with a second E-HICH signature sequence associated with HARQ acknowledgments for the transport block transmitted on S-E-DPDCHs.

### 5.3.2.6 Fractional Dedicated Physical Channel (F-DPCH)

An F-DPCH carries control information generated at layer 1 (TPC commands) for one uplink DPCCH associated with the F-DPCH by higher layer signalling. It is a special case of downlink DPCCH.

If DPCCH2 is configured, an additional F-DPCH carries control information generated at layer 1 (TPC commands) for one uplink DPCCH2 associated with the F-DPCH by higher layer signalling.

Figure 12B shows the frame structure of the F-DPCH. Each frame of length 10ms is split into 15 slots, each of length  $T_{slot} = 2560$  chips, corresponding to one power-control period.

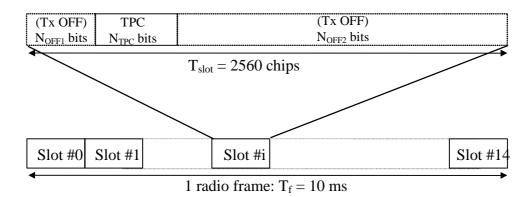


Figure 12B: Frame structure for F-DPCH

The exact number of bits of the OFF periods and of the F-DPCH fields ( $N_{TPC}$ ) is described in table 16C. Each slot format corresponds to a different set of OFF periods within the F-DPCH slot.

If DPCCH2 is configured, the slot format of F-DPCH associated with the DPCCH shall be different from the slot format of F-DPCH associated with the DPCCH2.

	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>OFF1</sub> Bits/Slot	N <sub>TPC</sub> Bits/Slot	N <sub>OFF2</sub> Bits/Slot
0	3	1.5	256	20	2	2	16
1	3	1.5	256	20	4	2	14
2	3	1.5	256	20	6	2	12
3	3	1.5	256	20	8	2	10
4	3	1.5	256	20	10	2	8
5	3	1.5	256	20	12	2	6
6	3	1.5	256	20	14	2	4
7	3	1.5	256	20	16	2	2
8	3	1.5	256	20	18	2	0
9	3	1.5	256	20	0	2	18

Table 16C: F-DPCH fields

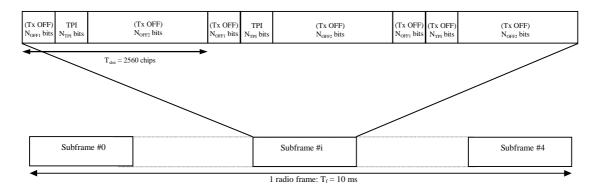
In compressed frames, F-DPCH is not transmitted in downlink transmission gaps given by transmission gap pattern sequences signalled by higher layers.

The relationship between the TPC symbol and the transmitter power control command is according to table 13.

### 5.3.2.7 Fractional Transmitted Precoding Indicator Channel (F-TPICH)

An F-TPICH carries transmitted precoding indicator generated at layer 1 for uplink CLTD operation.

Figure 12C shows the frame structure of the F-TPICH. Each frame of length 10ms is split into 15 slots, each of length  $T_{slot} = 2560$  chips. A TPI is transmitted using the first two consecutive slots within one subframe, and in each slot one symbol is transmitted using the same slot format.



#### Figure 12C: Frame structure for F-TPICH

The exact number of bits of the OFF periods and of the F-TPICH fields ( $N_{TPI}$ ) is described in table 16D. Each slot format corresponds to a different set of OFF periods within the F-TPICH slot.

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>OFF1</sub> Bits/Slot	N <sub>TPI</sub> Bits/Slot	N <sub>OFF2</sub> Bits/Slot
0	3	1.5	256	20	2	2	16
1	3	1.5	256	20	4	2	14
2	3	1.5	256	20	6	2	12
3	3	1.5	256	20	8	2	10
4	3	1.5	256	20	10	2	8
5	3	1.5	256	20	12	2	6
6	3	1.5	256	20	14	2	4
7	3	1.5	256	20	16	2	2
8	3	1.5	256	20	18	2	0
9	3	1.5	256	20	0	2	18

Table 16D: F-TPICH fields

The relationship between TPI and bit pattern on F-TPICH is defined in [5].

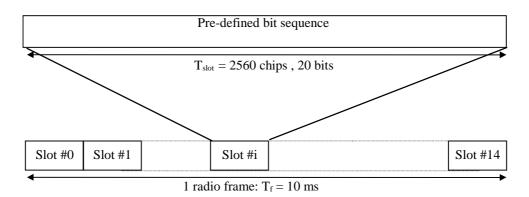
For a given UE, the TPI feedback bits are not transmitted on F-TPICH bits that overlap with the TPC bits on the F-DPCH channel.

In compressed frames, if one of the two slots corresponding to the TPI indication overlaps with the downlink transmission gaps given by transmission gap pattern sequences signalled by higher layers, neither of the slots is transmitted.

### 5.3.3 Common downlink physical channels

### 5.3.3.1 Common Pilot Channel (CPICH)

The CPICH is a fixed rate (30 kbps, SF=256) downlink physical channel that carries a pre-defined bit sequence. Figure 13 shows the frame structure of the CPICH.





In case transmit diversity is used on P-CCPCH and SCH, the CPICH shall be transmitted from both antennas using the same channelization and scrambling code. In this case, the pre-defined bit sequence of the CPICH is different for Antenna 1 and Antenna 2, see figure 14. In case of no transmit diversity, the bit sequence of Antenna 1 in figure 14 is used.

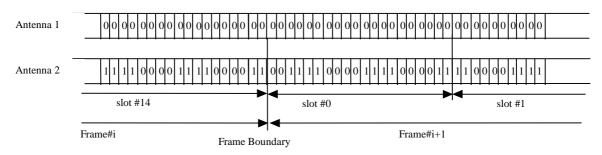


Figure 14: Modulation pattern for Common Pilot Channel

There are two types of Common pilot channels, the Primary and Secondary CPICH. They differ in their use and the limitations placed on their physical features.

### 5.3.3.1.1 Primary Common Pilot Channel (P-CPICH)

The Primary Common Pilot Channel (P-CPICH) has the following characteristics:

- The same channelization code is always used for the P-CPICH, see [4];
- The P-CPICH is scrambled by the primary scrambling code, see [4];
- There is one and only one P-CPICH per cell;
- The P-CPICH is broadcast over the entire cell.

#### 5.3.3.1.2 Secondary Common Pilot Channel (S-CPICH)

A Secondary Common Pilot Channel (S-CPICH) has the following characteristics:

- An arbitrary channelization code of SF=256 is used for the S-CPICH, see [4];
- An S-CPICH is scrambled by either the primary or a secondary scrambling code, see [4];
- There may be zero, one, or several S-CPICH per cell;
- An S-CPICH may be transmitted over the entire cell or only over a part of the cell;
- An S-CPICH that is intended to be used as phase reference for the second, third or fourth transmit antenna by UEs configured in MIMO mode or in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas shall be transmitted over the entire cell using the primary scrambling code and the antenna 1 pattern.

#### 5.3.3.1.3 Demodulation Common Pilot Channel (D-CPICH)

A Demodulation Common Pilot Channel (D-CPICH) has the following characteristics:

- An arbitrary channelization code of SF=256 is used for the D-CPICH, see [4];
- A D-CPICH is scrambled by the primary scrambling code see [4];
- There may be zero or two D-CPICH per cell;
- A D-CPICH shall be transmitted over the entire cell;
- Carries a pre defined bit sequence same as that of Antenna 1 in Figure 14;
- A D-CPICH is non precoded and is transmitted from third or fourth transmit antenna;
- The UE for which the two D-CPICH are activated may assume that the D-CPICHs are present in the HS-DSCH TTIs in which the UE is scheduled to receive HS-PDSCHs.

#### 5.3.3.2 Downlink phase reference

Table 17 specifies the channels which the UE may use as a phase reference for each downlink physical channel type in a cell; it also specifies whether the channels which the UE may use as a phase reference for a channel of a particular type shall be assumed to be the same as the ones which the UE may use as a phase reference for the associated DPCH or F-DPCH in the same cell, if configured.

For the DPCH or F-DPCH and the associated downlink physical channels the following always applies:

- The UE may use the DPCH pilot bits as a phase reference.
- In addition, the UE may use either the primary CPICH or a secondary CPICH as a phase reference.
  - By default (i.e. without any indication by higher layers) the UE may use the primary CPICH as a phase reference.
  - When a UE is not configured in MIMO mode and not in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas in a cell: The UE is informed by higher layers when it may use a secondary CPICH as a phase reference. In this case the UE shall not use the primary CPICH as a phase reference. Indication that a secondary CPICH may be a phase reference is also applicable when open loop or closed loop TX diversity is enabled for a downlink physical channel in which case Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 secondary CPICH shall be used as phase references.
  - When the UE is configured in MIMO mode in a cell: The UE is informed by higher layers when it may use a secondary CPICH as a phase reference for a second transmit antenna in addition to the primary CPICH which will be transmitted from the first antenna. In addition, if the UE supports open loop Tx diversity on associated physical channels with the combination of primary CPICH and secondary CPICH, this combination of phase references can also be used as phase references for associated physical channels configured with open loop Tx diversity. If the UE does not support open loop Tx diversity on associated physical channels with the combination of primary CPICH and secondary CPICH and if secondary CPICH is used as a phase reference for second transmit antenna, UE may assume that associated physical channels are not in Tx diversity mode. If no secondary CPICH is signalled as phase reference, the UE may use the Antenna 1 and Antenna 2 primary CPICH as phase references.
  - When the UE is configured in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas in a cell: The UE is informed by higher layers when it should use any of the secondary CPICH as a phase reference for a second, third or fourth transmit antenna in addition to the primary CPICH which will be transmitted from the first antenna. In addition, if the UE supports open loop Tx diversity on associated physical channels with the combination of primary CPICH and secondary CPICH on second transmit antenna, this combination of phase references can also be used as phase references for associated physical channels configured with open loop Tx diversity. If the UE does not support open loop Tx diversity on associated physical channels with the combination of primary CPICH and secondary CPICH, then the UE may assume that associated physical channels are not in Tx diversity mode.

Physical channel type	DPCH Dedicated pilot (never as the sole phase reference)	Primary -CPICH	Secondary -CPICH	Demod ulation- CPICH	Same as associated DPCH or F-DPCH
P-CCPCH	-	Х	-	-	-
SCH	-	X	-	-	-
S-CCPCH	-	X	-	-	-
DPCH*	Х	Х	Х	-	-
F-DPCH*	-	Х	Х	-	-
PICH	-	Х	_	-	-
MICH	-	Х	_	-	-
HS-PDSCH* (UE	-	-	-	-	Х
not in MIMO					
mode, not in					
MIMO mode with					
four transmit					
antennas and associated					
DPCH or F-					
DPCH is					
configured)					
HS-PDSCH* (UE	-	Х	Х	-	-
in MIMO mode)					
HS-PDSCH**	-	Х	Х	Х	-
(UE in MIMO					
mode with four					
transmit					
antennas)					
HS-PDSCH (if no	-	Х	-	-	-
associated DPCH or F-					
DPCH of F-					
configured)					
HS-SCCH* (if	-	-	-	-	Х
associated					
DPCH or F-					
DPCH is					
configured)		X			
HS-SCCH (if no	-	Х	-	-	-
associated					
DPCH or F- DPCH is					
configured)					
E-AGCH*	-	-	-	-	Х
E-RGCH* (if	-	-	-	-	X
associated					
DPCH or F-					
DPCH is					
configured)		× ×			
E-RGCH (if no	-	Х	-	-	-
associated DPCH or F-					
DPCH is					
configured)					
E-HICH*	-	-	-	-	Х
E-HICH (if no	-	Х	-	-	-
associated					
DPCH or F-					
DPCH is					
configured)					
AICH	-	Х	-	-	-
F-TPICH	-	-	-	-	Х

# Table 17: Phase references for downlink physical channel types in a cell "X" – Applicable, "–" – Not applicable

- Note \*: A secondary CPICH should not be configured as a phase reference for DPCH or F-DPCH when a UE simultaneously receives S-CCPCHs on different radio links and DPCH or F-DPCH. The UE behavior is undefined if this configuration is used. The support for simultaneous reception of S-CCPCHs on different radio links and DPCH or F-DPCH is optional in the UE.
  - \*\*: When the UE is configured in MIMO mode with four transmit antennas, Secondary CPICHs on Antennas 2, 3, and 4 and Demodulation CPICHs on Antennas 3 and 4 are used as phase reference.

Dedicated pilot bits are never the sole phase reference for any physical channel, but the UE may always use dedicated pilot bits as a phase reference for DPCH.

Furthermore, during a DPCH or F-DPCH frame overlapping with any part of an associated HS-DSCH or HS-SCCH subframe, the phase reference on this DPCH or F-DPCH shall not change.

#### 5.3.3.3 Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH)

The Primary CCPCH is a fixed rate (30 kbps, SF=256) downlink physical channels used to carry the BCH transport channel.

Figure 15 shows the frame structure of the Primary CCPCH. The frame structure differs from the downlink DPCH in that no TPC commands, no TFCI and no pilot bits are transmitted. The Primary CCPCH is not transmitted during the first 256 chips of each slot. Instead, Primary SCH and Secondary SCH are transmitted during this period (see subclause 5.3.3.5).

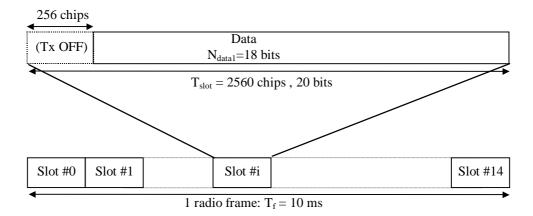


Figure 15: Frame structure for Primary Common Control Physical Channel

#### 5.3.3.3.1 Primary CCPCH structure with STTD encoding

In case the diversity antenna is present in UTRAN and the P-CCPCH is to be transmitted using open loop transmit diversity, the data bits of the P-CCPCH are STTD encoded as given in subclause 5.3.1.1.1. The last two data bits in even numbered slots are STTD encoded together with the first two data bits in the following slot, except for slot #14 where the two last data bits are not STTD encoded and instead transmitted with equal power from both the antennas, see figure 16. Higher layers signal whether STTD encoding is used for the P-CCPCH or not. In addition the presence/absence of STTD encoding on P-CCPCH is indicated by modulating the SCH, see 5.3.3.4. During power on and hand over between cells the UE can determine the presence of STTD encoding on the P-CCPCH, by either receiving the higher layer message, by demodulating the SCH channel, or by a combination of the above two schemes.

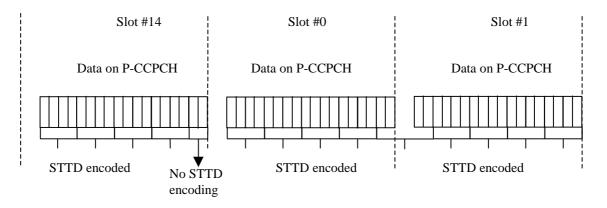


Figure 16: STTD encoding for the data bits of the P-CCPCH

#### 5.3.3.4 Secondary Common Control Physical Channel (S-CCPCH)

The Secondary CCPCH is used to carry the FACH and PCH, and can also be configured to carry a BCH. There are two types of Secondary CCPCH: those that include TFCI and those that do not include TFCI. It is the UTRAN that determines if a TFCI should be transmitted, hence making it mandatory for all UEs to support the use of TFCI. The set of possible rates for the Secondary CCPCH is the same as for the downlink DPCH, see subclause 5.3.2. The frame structure of the Secondary CCPCH is shown in figure 17.

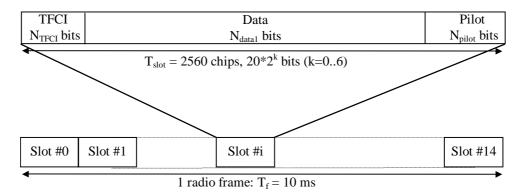


Figure 17: Frame structure for Secondary Common Control Physical Channel

The parameter k in figure 17 determines the total number of bits per downlink Secondary CCPCH slot. It is related to the spreading factor SF of the physical channel as  $SF = 256/2^k$ . The spreading factor range is from 256 down to 4.

The values for the number of bits per field are given in Table 18. The channel bit and symbol rates given in Table 18 are the rates immediately before spreading. The slot formats applicable to QPSK with pilot bits are not supported in this release. The pilot patterns for the slot formats applicable to QPSK are given in Table 19. DTX shall be used in the pilot field of the 16QAM slot formats, i.e. no pilot bits are used in this release. A BCH mapped to Secondary CCPCH uses the specific fixed Secondary CCPCH slot format in Table 18, and this slot format can only be used for carrying BCH.

The FACH and PCH can be mapped to the same or to separate Secondary CCPCHs. If FACH and PCH are mapped to the same Secondary CCPCH, they can be mapped to the same frame. A BCH mapped to Secondary CCPCH can only be mapped to a separate Secondary CCPCH without multiplexing with other transport channels. The main difference between a CCPCH and a downlink dedicated physical channel is that a CCPCH is not inner-loop power controlled. The main difference between the Primary and Secondary CCPCH is that the transport channel mapped to the Primary CCPCH (BCH) can only have a fixed predefined transport format combination, while the Secondary CCPCH supports multiple transport format combinations on the transport channels mapped to it and offers the possibility of using TFCI.

Slot Format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ Frame	Bits/ Slot	N <sub>data1</sub>	N <sub>pilot</sub>	N <sub>TFCI</sub>
0	30	15	256	300	20	20	0	0
1	30	15	256	300	20	12	8	0
2	30	15	256	300	20	18	0	2
3	30	15	256	300	20	10	8	2
4	60	30	128	600	40	40	0	0
5	60	30	128	600	40	32	8	0
6	60	30	128	600	40	38	0	2
7	60	30	128	600	40	30	8	2
8	120	60	64	1200	80	72	0	8*
9	120	60	64	1200	80	64	8	8*
10	240	120	32	2400	160	152	0	8*
11	240	120	32	2400	160	144	8	8*
12	480	240	16	4800	320	312	0	8*
13	480	240	16	4800	320	296	16	8*
14	960	480	8	9600	640	632	0	8*
15	960	480	8	9600	640	616	16	8*
16	1920	960	4	19200	1280	1272	0	8*
17	1920	960	4	19200	1280	1256	16	8*
18***	60	15	256	600	40	36	0	4
19***	120	30	128	1200	80	76	0	4
20***	240	60	64	2400	160	144	0	16*
21***	480	120	32	4800	320	272	32**	16*
22***	960	240	16	9600	640	560	64**	16*
23***	1920	480	8	19200	1280	1136	128**	16*
BCH****	30	15	256	300	20	18	0	0

#### **Table 18: Secondary CCPCH fields**

\* If TFCI bits are not used, then DTX shall be used in TFCI field.

\*\* If pilot bits are not used, then DTX shall be used in pilot field.

\*\*\* Slot formats applicable to 16QAM. See subclause 4.3.5.1.1 in [3] for mapping TFCI bits on 16QAM slot formats.
 \*\*\*\* Slot format used for S-CCPCH carrying BCH. The first two data bits (256 chips) out of the 20 data bits in each slot are DTXed, resulting in a frame structure identical to P-CCPCH.

NOTE 1: The slot formats 18 to 23 in Table 18 are only applicable for MBSFN operations with 16QAM.

NOTE 2: The modulation used in MBSFN operations is signalled by higher layers.

The pilot symbol pattern described in Table 19 is not supported in this release. The shadowed part can be used as frame synchronization words. (The symbol pattern of pilot symbols other than the frame synchronization word shall be "11"). In Table 19, the transmission order is from left to right. (Each two-bit pair represents an I/Q pair of QPSK modulation.)

		Npilo	t = 8					Npilot	= 16			
Symbol #	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Slot #0	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10
1	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	11	11	00
2	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	10	11	00
3	11	00	11	00	11	00	11	00	11	01	11	10
4	11	10	11	01	11	10	11	01	11	11	11	11
5	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	01	11	01
6	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	10	11	11
7	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00
8	11	01	11	10	11	01	11	10	11	00	11	11
9	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	00	11	11
10	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	01	11	11	11	10
11	11	10	11	11	11	10	11	11	11	00	11	10
12	11	10	11	00	11	10	11	00	11	01	11	01
13	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	00
14	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	11	10	11	01

**Table 19: Pilot Symbol Pattern** 

For slot formats using TFCI, the TFCI value in each radio frame corresponds to a certain transport format combination of the FACHs and/or PCHs currently in use. This correspondence is (re-)negotiated at each FACH/PCH addition / removal. The mapping of the TFCI bits onto slots is described in [3].

#### 5.3.3.4.1 Secondary CCPCH structure with STTD encoding

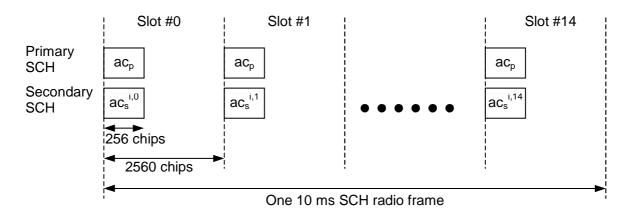
In case the diversity antenna is present in UTRAN and the S-CCPCH does not carry BCH and is to be transmitted using open loop transmit diversity, the data and TFCI bits of the S-CCPCH are STTD encoded as given in subclause 5.3.1.1.1. The pilot symbol pattern for antenna 2 for the S-CCPCH given in Table 20 is not supported in this release. If S-CCPCH carries BCH and open loop transmit diversity is to be applied, the STTD encoding is done the same way as for P-CCPCH as described in subclause 5.3.3.3.1.

		Npilo	t = 8					Npilot	= 16			
Symbol	0	1	2	3	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
#												
Slot #0	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10
1	11	00	00	01	11	00	00	01	11	10	00	10
2	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	10	00	11
3	11	10	00	01	11	10	00	01	11	00	00	00
4	11	11	00	11	11	11	00	11	11	01	00	10
5	11	00	00	10	11	00	00	10	11	11	00	00
6	11	10	00	10	11	10	00	10	11	01	00	11
7	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11
8	11	00	00	00	11	00	00	00	11	01	00	01
9	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	10	11	01	00	01
10	11	11	00	00	11	11	00	00	11	00	00	10
11	11	01	00	11	11	01	00	11	11	00	00	01
12	11	10	00	11	11	10	00	11	11	11	00	00
13	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	10	00	01
14	11	01	00	01	11	01	00	01	11	11	00	11

Table 20: Pilot symbol pattern for antenna 2 when STTD encoding is used on the S-CCPCH

#### 5.3.3.5 Synchronisation Channel (SCH)

The Synchronisation Channel (SCH) is a downlink signal used for cell search. The SCH consists of two sub channels, the Primary and Secondary SCH. The 10 ms radio frames of the Primary and Secondary SCH are divided into 15 slots, each of length 2560 chips. Figure 18 illustrates the structure of the SCH radio frame.



#### Figure 18: Structure of Synchronisation Channel (SCH)

The Primary SCH consists of a modulated code of length 256 chips, the Primary Synchronisation Code (PSC) denoted  $c_p$  in figure 18, transmitted once every slot. The PSC is the same for every cell in the system.

The Secondary SCH consists of repeatedly transmitting a length 15 sequence of modulated codes of length 256 chips, the Secondary Synchronisation Codes (SSC), transmitted in parallel with the Primary SCH. The SSC is denoted  $c_s^{i,k}$  in figure 18, where i = 0, 1, ..., 63 is the number of the scrambling code group, and k = 0, 1, ..., 14 is the slot number. Each SSC is chosen from a set of 16 different codes of length 256. This sequence on the Secondary SCH indicates which of the code groups the cell's downlink scrambling code belongs to.

The primary and secondary synchronization codes are modulated by the symbol *a* shown in figure 18, which indicates the presence/ absence of STTD encoding on the P-CCPCH and is given by the following table:

P-CCPCH STTD encoded	a = +1
P-CCPCH not STTD encoded	a = -1

#### 5.3.3.5.1 SCH transmitted by TSTD

Figure 19 illustrates the structure of the SCH transmitted by the TSTD scheme. In even numbered slots both PSC and SSC are transmitted on antenna 1, and in odd numbered slots both PSC and SSC are transmitted on antenna 2.

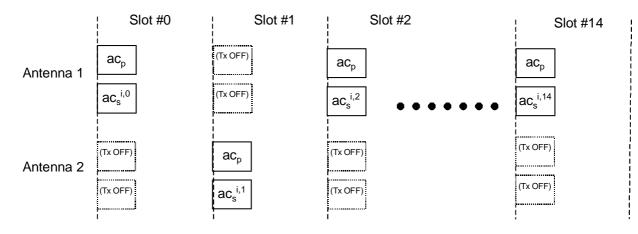


Figure 19: Structure of SCH transmitted by TSTD scheme

#### 5.3.3.6 Void

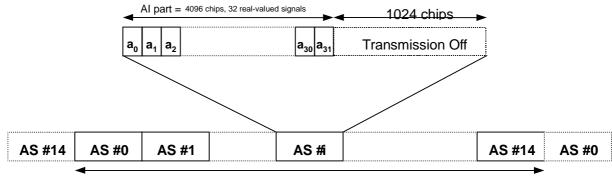
#### 5.3.3.7 Acquisition Indicator Channel (AICH)

The Acquisition Indicator channel (AICH) is a fixed rate (SF=256) physical channel used to carry Acquisition Indicators (AI) and Extended Acquisition Indicators (EAI). Acquisition Indicator AI<sub>s</sub> corresponds to signature s on the PRACH. Extended Acquisition Indicators represent a set of values corresponding to a set of E-DCH resource configurations.

Figure 21 illustrates the structure of the AICH. The AICH consists of a repeated sequence of 15 consecutive *access slots* (AS), each of length 5120 chips. Each access slot consists of two parts, an *Acquisition-Indicator* (AI) part consisting of 32 real-valued signals  $a_0, ..., a_{31}$  and a part of duration 1024 chips with no transmission that is not formally part of the AICH. The part of the slot with no transmission is reserved for possible future use by other physical channels.

The spreading factor (SF) used for channelisation of the AICH is 256.

The phase reference for the AICH is the Primary CPICH.



20 ms



The real-valued signals  $a_0, a_1, ..., a_{31}$  in figure 21 are given by

$$a_{j} = \left(\sum_{s=0}^{15} AI_{s}b_{s,j}\right) + EAI_{s'}c_{s',j}$$

where AI<sub>s</sub>, taking the values +1, -1, and 0, is the acquisition indicator corresponding to signature s and the sequence  $b_{s,0}$ , ...,  $b_{s,31}$  is given by Table 22, EAI<sub>s</sub><sup>"</sup>, taking the values +1, -1, and 0, is the extended acquisition indicator corresponding to signature s" and the sequence  $c_{s",0}$ , ...,  $c_{s",31}$  is given by Table 22B. The EAI<sub>s</sub><sup>"</sup> has the same relative transmit power as the AI<sub>s</sub>; the relative transmit power is indicated by higher layers. If the signature s is not a member of the set of available signatures for all the Access Service Class (ASC) for the corresponding PRACH (cf [5]) then AI<sub>s</sub> shall be set to 0.

The use of acquisition indicators is described in [5]. The meaning of acquisition indicators depends on whether a UE sends an access preamble signature corresponding to a PRACH message or corresponding to an E-DCH transmission. Furthermore, if a UE sends an access preamble signature corresponding to an E-DCH transmission, the meaning of the acquisition indicator depends on whether EAI is configured or not. The following rules apply for one PRACH preamble scrambling codes are defined in a cell, then for each of them the following rules are used independently.

- If the UE sends an access preamble signature corresponding to a PRACH message, then;
  - if an Acquisition Indicator is set to +1, it represents a positive acknowledgement,
  - if an Acquisition Indicator is set to -1, it represents a negative acknowledgement.
- If the UE sends an access preamble signature corresponding to an E-DCH transmission, then;

- if the corresponding Acquisition Indicator is set to +1, it represents a positive acknowledgement and the associated default E-DCH resource configuration is allocated to the UE,
- if the corresponding Acquisition Indicator is set to -1 and EAI is not configured, then it represents a negative acknowledgement,
- if the corresponding Acquisition Indicator is set to -1 and EAI is configured, then the UE detects which one of the Extended Acquisition Indicator signatures is present.

The association between the AI and the default E-DCH resource index is such that, for 10 ms TTI length:

#### X = SigInd mod Y,

The association between the AI and the default E-DCH resource index is such that, for 2 ms TTI length:

X = (SigInd **mod** (Y - Concurrent TTI partition Index)) + Concurrent TTI partition Index,

where X is the Default E-DCH resource index, "Concurrent TTI partition Index" is signalled by higher layers or otherwise is set to zero, Y is the total number of E-DCH resources configured in the cell for Enhanced Uplink in CELL\_FACH state and IDLE mode, and SigInd is the Nth PRACH preamble signature corresponding to the AI that is configured available in the cell and corresponding to E-DCH transmission for Enhanced Uplink in CELL\_FACH state and IDLE mode. PRACH preamble signatures are renumbered as specified in [17] subclause 8.6.6.29.

The use of Extended Acquisition Indicators is described in [5]. If s''=0 and an EAI<sub>0</sub> is set to +1, it represents a negative acknowledgement. The mapping between the non-zero EAI<sub>s''</sub> and the E-DCH resource configuration index is presented in Table 22A where X is the index of the default E-DCH resource as defined above and Y is the total number of E-DCH resources configured in the cell.

The real-valued signals,  $a_i$ , are spread and modulated in the same fashion as bits when represented in  $\{+1, -1\}$  form.

In case STTD-based open-loop transmit diversity is applied to AICH, STTD encoding according to subclause 5.3.1.1.1 is applied to each sequence  $b_{s,0}$ ,  $b_{s,1}$ , ...,  $b_{s,31}$  separately and sequence  $c_{s'',0}$ ,  $c_{s'',1}$ , ...,  $c_{s'',31}$  before the sequences are combined into AICH signals  $a_0$ , ...,  $a_{31}$ .

S														k	) <sub>s.0</sub> ,	b <sub>s,1</sub>	,	b <sub>s,3</sub>	31													
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
2	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
3	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
5	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1
6	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1
7	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
9	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1
10	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1
11	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
12	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
13	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
14	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1
15	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1

#### Table 22: Al signature patterns

EAI <sub>s"</sub>	Signature s''	E-DCH Resource configuration index				
+1	- 0	NACK				
-1	0	(X + 1) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 1	(X + 2) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	1	(X + 3) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	2	(X + 4) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	2	(X + 5) mod Y				
+1	- 3	(X + 6) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	5	$(X+7) \mod Y$				
+1	4	(X + 8) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	-	(X + 9) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 5	(X + 10) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	5	(X + 11) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 6	(X + 12) mod Y				
-1	0	(X + 13) mod Y				
+1	- 7	(X + 14) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	,	$(X + 15) \mod Y$				
+1	- 8	(X + 16) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	0	(X + 17) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 9	(X + 18) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	,	(X + 19) mod Y				
+1	- 10	$(X + 20) \mod Y$				
-1	10	(X + 21) mod Y				
+1	- 11	(X + 22) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	11	(X + 23) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 12	(X + 24) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	12	(X + 25) mod Y				
+1	- 13	(X + 26) <b>mod</b> Y				
-1	15	(X + 27) <b>mod</b> Y				
+1	- 14	(X + 28) mod Y				
-1	14	$(X + 29) \mod Y$				
+1	- 15	(X + 30) mod Y				
-1	15	(X + 31) <b>mod</b> Y				

Table 22A: EAI and resource configuration mapping

#### Table 22B: EAI signature patterns

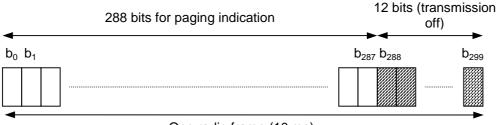
s"	$C_{S'',0}, C_{S'',1},, C_{S'',31}$
0	1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
1	1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -
2	1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
3	1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
4	1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
5	1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -
6	1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
7	1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -
8	1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
9	1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -
10	1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
11	1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -
12	1 -1 1
13	1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 -
14	1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 1
15	1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 -1 1 -1 1 1 -1 1 -1 1 -1 -

- 5.3.3.8 Void
- 5.3.3.9 Void

#### 5.3.3.10 Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)

The Paging Indicator Channel (PICH) is a fixed rate (SF=256) physical channel used to carry the paging indicators. The PICH is associated either with an S-CCPCH to which a PCH transport channel is mapped, or with a HS-SCCH associated with the HS-PDSCH(s) to which a HS-DSCH transport channel carrying paging messages is mapped.

Figure 24 illustrates the frame structure of the PICH. One PICH radio frame of length 10 ms consists of 300 bits ( $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ , ...,  $b_{299}$ ). Of these, 288 bits ( $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ , ...,  $b_{287}$ ) are used to carry paging indicators. The remaining 12 bits are not formally part of the PICH and shall not be transmitted (DTX). The part of the frame with no transmission is reserved for possible future use.



One radio frame (10 ms)

#### Figure 24: Structure of Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)

In each PICH frame, Np paging indicators  $\{P_0, ..., P_{Np-1}\}$  are transmitted, where Np=18, 36, 72, or 144.

The PI calculated by higher layers for use for a certain UE, is associated to the paging indicator  $P_q$ , where *q* is computed as a function of the PI computed by higher layers, the SFN of the P-CCPCH radio frame during which the start of the PICH radio frame occurs, and the number of paging indicators per frame (Np):

$$q = \left( PI + \left\lfloor \left( \left( 18 \times \left( SFN + \left\lfloor SFN / 8 \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor SFN / 64 \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor SFN / 512 \right\rfloor \right) \right) \mod 144 \right) \times \frac{Np}{144} \right\rfloor \right) \mod Np$$

Further, the PI calculated by higher layers is associated with the value of the paging indicator  $P_q$ . If a paging indicator in a certain frame is set to "1" it is an indication that UEs associated with this paging indicator and PI should read either the corresponding frame of the associated S-CCPCH, or the corresponding subframes of the associated HS-SCCH

The PI bitmap in the PCH data frames over Iub contains indication values for all higher layer PI values possible. Each bit in the bitmap indicates if the paging indicator associated with that particular PI shall be set to 0 or 1. Hence, the calculation in the formula above is to be performed in Node B to make the association between PI and  $P_q$ .

The mapping from  $\{P_0, ..., P_{N_{p-1}}\}$  to the PICH bits  $\{b_0, ..., b_{287}\}$  are according to Table 24.

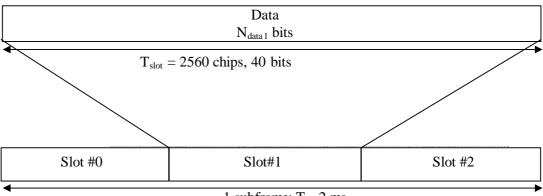
Number of paging indicators per frame (Np)	P <sub>q</sub> = 1	P <sub>q</sub> = 0
Np=18	$\{b_{16q},, b_{16q+15}\} = \{1, 1,, 1\}$	$\{b_{16q},, b_{16q+15}\} = \{0, 0,, 0\}$
Np=36	$\{b_{8q}, \ldots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{1, 1, \ldots, 1\}$	$\{b_{8q}, \ldots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{0, 0, \ldots, 0\}$
Np=72	$\{b_{4q},, b_{4q+3}\} = \{1, 1,, 1\}$	${b_{4q},, b_{4q+3}} = {0, 0,, 0}$
Np=144	${b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}} = {1, 1}$	$\{b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}\} = \{0, 0\}$

When transmit diversity is employed for the PICH, STTD encoding is used on the PICH bits as described in subclause 5.3.1.1.1.

#### 5.3.3.11 Void

#### 5.3.3.12 Shared Control Channel (HS-SCCH)

The HS-SCCH is a fixed rate (60 kbps, SF=128) downlink physical channel used to carry downlink signalling related to HS-DSCH transmission. Figure 26A illustrates the sub-frame structure of the HS-SCCH.



1 subframe:  $T_f = 2 \text{ ms}$ 

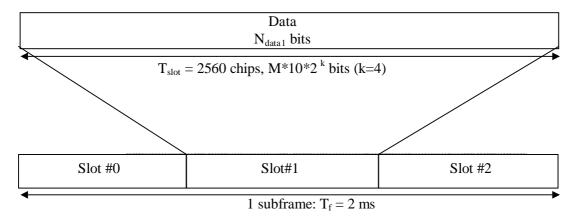
Figure 26A: Subframe structure for the HS-SCCH

#### 5.3.3.13 High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH)

The High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS- PDSCH) is used to carry the High Speed Downlink Shared Channel (HS-DSCH).

A HS-PDSCH corresponds to one channelization code of fixed spreading factor SF=16 from the set of channelization codes reserved for HS-DSCH transmission. Multi-code transmission is allowed, which translates to UE being assigned multiple channelisation codes in the same HS-PDSCH subframe, depending on its UE capability.

The subframe and slot structure of HS-PDSCH are shown in figure 26B.



#### Figure 26B: Subframe structure for the HS-PDSCH

An HS-PDSCH may use QPSK, 16QAM or 64QAM modulation symbols. In figure 26B, M is the number of bits per modulation symbols i.e. M=2 for QPSK, M=4 for 16QAM and M=6 for 64QAM. The slot formats are shown in table 26.

Slot format #i	Channel Bit Rate (kbps)	Channel Symbol Rate (ksps)	SF	Bits/ HS- DSCH subframe	Bits/ Slot	Ndata
0(QPSK)	480	240	16	960	320	320
1(16QAM)	960	240	16	1920	640	640
2(64QAM)	1440	240	16	2880	960	960

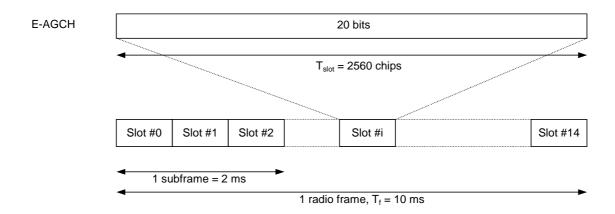
Table 26: HS-DSCH fields

All relevant Layer 1 information is transmitted in the associated HS-SCCH i.e. the HS-PDSCH does not carry any Layer 1 information.

#### 5.3.3.14 E–DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)

An E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH) is a fixed rate (30 kbps, SF=256) downlink physical channel carrying uplink E-DCH absolute grants for uplink E-DCHs associated with the E-AGCH by higher layer signalling. Figure 26C illustrates the frame and sub-frame structure of the E-AGCH.

An E-DCH absolute grant shall be transmitted over one E-AGCH sub-frame or one E-AGCH frame. The transmission over one E-AGCH sub-frame and over one E-AGCH frame shall be used for UEs for which E-DCH TTI is set to respectively 2 ms and 10 ms.



#### Figure 26C: Sub-frame structure for the E-AGCH

#### 5.3.3.14B E-DCH Rank and Offset Channel (E-ROCH)

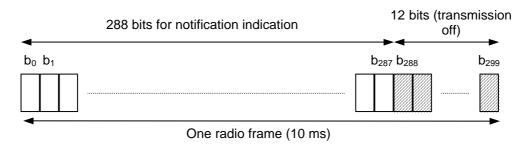
An E-DCH Rank and Offset Channel (E-ROCH) has the same sub-frame structure as the E-AGCH defined in section 5.3.3.14. The transmission shall always take place over one E-ROCH sub-frame. The E-ROCH is only transmitted to a UE for which the E-DCH TTI is set to 2 ms and the UL\_MIMO\_Enabled is set to TRUE.

The E-ROCH and E-AGCH can only be transmitted simultaneously to a UE if they are configured with different channelization codes.

#### 5.3.3.15 MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH)

The MBMS Indicator Channel (MICH) is a fixed rate (SF=256) physical channel used to carry the MBMS notification indicators. The MICH is always associated with an S-CCPCH to which a FACH transport channel is mapped.

Figure 26D illustrates the frame structure of the MICH. One MICH radio frame of length 10 ms consists of 300 bits ( $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ , ...,  $b_{299}$ ). Of these, 288 bits ( $b_0$ ,  $b_1$ , ...,  $b_{287}$ ) are used to carry notification indicators. The remaining 12 bits are not formally part of the MICH and shall not be transmitted (DTX).





In each MICH frame, Nn notification indicators  $\{N_0, ..., N_{Nn-1}\}$  are transmitted, where Nn=18, 36, 72, or 144.

The NI calculated by higher layers is associated to the index q of the notification indicator  $N_q$ , where q is computed as a function of the NI computed by higher layers, the SFN of the P-CCPCH radio frame during which the start of the MICH radio frame occurs, and the number of notification indicators per frame (Nn):

$$q = \left( \left( C \times (\operatorname{NI} \oplus \left( (C \times SFN) \mod G \right) \right) \mod G \right) \times \frac{Nn}{G} \right)$$

where  $G = 2^{16}$ , C = 25033 and NI is the 16 bit Notification Indicator calculated by higher layers.

The set of NI signalled over Iub indicates all higher layer NI values for which the associated notification indicator on MICH shall be set to 1 during the corresponding modification period. Hence, the calculation in the formula above shall be performed in the Node B every MICH frame for each NI signalled over Iub to make the association between NI and q and set the related  $N_q$  to 1. All other notification indicators on MICH shall be set to 0.

The mapping from  $\{N_0, ..., N_{Nn-1}\}$  to the MICH bits  $\{b_0, ..., b_{287}\}$  are according to table 27.

Number of notification indicators per frame (Nn)	N <sub>q</sub> = 1	N <sub>q</sub> = 0
Nn=18	$\{b_{16q},, b_{16q+15}\} = \{1, 1,, 1\}$	$\{b_{16q}, \ldots, b_{16q+15}\} = \{0, 0, \ldots, 0\}$
Nn=36	$\{b_{8q}, \ldots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{1, 1, \ldots, 1\}$	$\{b_{8q}, \ldots, b_{8q+7}\} = \{0, 0, \ldots, 0\}$
Nn=72	$\{b_{4q}, \ldots, b_{4q+3}\} = \{1, 1, \ldots, 1\}$	${b_{4q},, b_{4q+3}} = {0, 0,, 0}$
Nn=144	$\{b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}\} = \{1, 1\}$	$\{b_{2q}, b_{2q+1}\} = \{0, 0\}$

#### Table 27: Mapping of notification indicators N<sub>q</sub> to MICH bits

When transmit diversity is employed for the MICH, STTD encoding is used on the MICH bits as described in subclause 5.3.1.1.1.

#### 5.3.3.16 Common E-DCH Relative Grant Channel

The Common E-RGCH is a downlink physical channel for UEs in CELL\_FACH state as described in sub clause 6B.2 of [5]. There is no DPCH or F-DPCH associated with the Common E-RGCH.

The structure, STTD encoding and timing relationship of the Common E-RGCH follow the rules of the dedicated E-RGCH for which the cell transmitting the E-RGCH is not in the E-DCH serving radio link set (sub clause 5.3.2.4 and 7.11).

### 6 Mapping and association of physical channels

### 6.1 Mapping of transport channels onto physical channels

Figure 27 summarises the mapping of transport channels onto physical channels.

Transport Channels	Physical Channels
DCH	Dedicated Physical Data Channel (DPDCH)
	Dedicated Physical Control Channel (DPCCH)
	Secondary Dedicated Physical Control Channel (S-DPCCH)
	Fractional Dedicated Physical Channel (F-DPCH
	Fractional Transmitted Precoding Indicator Channel (F-TPICH)
	Dedicated Physical Control Channel 2 (DPCCH2)
E-DCH	E-DCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel (E-DPDCH)
	E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel (E-DPCCH)
	E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)
	E-DCH Relative Grant Channel (E-RGCH)
	E-DCH Hybrid ARQ Indicator Channel (E-HICH)
Ň	Secondary E-DCH Dedicated Physical Data Channel (S-E-DPDCH) Secondary E-DCH Dedicated Physical Control Channel (S-E-DPCCH) E-DCH Rank and Offset Channel (E-ROCH)
RACH ———	Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH)
	Common Pilot Channel (CPICH)
всн	Primary Common Control Physical Channel (P-CCPCH)
FACH	Secondary Common Control Physical Channel (S-CCPCH)
PC	
Н	Synchronisation Channel (SCH)
	Acquisition Indicator Channel (AICH)
	Paging Indicator Channel (PICH)
	MBMS Notification Indicator Channel (MICH)
HS-DSCH	High Speed Physical Downlink Shared Channel (HS-PDSCH)
	HS-DSCH-related Shared Control Channel (HS-SCCH
	Dedicated Physical Control Channel (uplink) for HS-DSCH (HS-DPCCH)

#### Figure 27: Transport-channel to physical-channel mapping

The DCHs are coded and multiplexed as described in [3], and the resulting data stream is mapped sequentially (first-infirst-mapped) directly to the physical channel(s). The mapping of BCH and FACH/PCH is equally straightforward, where the data stream after coding and interleaving is mapped sequentially to the CCPCHs. A BCH can be mapped to either Primary CCPCH or Secondary CCPCH, while FACH/PCH is always mapped to Secondary CCPCH. Also for the RACH, the coded and interleaved bits are sequentially mapped to the physical channel, in this case the message part of the PRACH. The E-DCH is coded as described in [3], and the resulting data stream is mapped sequentially (first-infirst-mapped) directly to the physical channel(s).

### 6.2 Association of physical channels and physical signals

Figure 28 illustrates the association between physical channels and physical signals.

#### Physical Signals Physical Channels

PRACH preamble part \_\_\_\_ Physical Random Access Channel (PRACH)

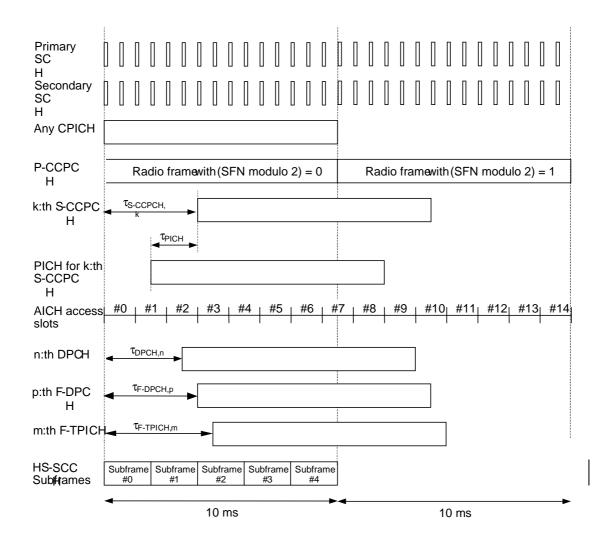
#### Figure 28: Physical channel and physical signal association

### 7 Timing relationship between physical channels

### 7.1 General

The P-CCPCH, on which the cell SFN is transmitted, is used as timing reference for all the physical channels, directly for downlink and indirectly for uplink.

Figure 29 describes the frame timing of some of the downlink physical channels; the timing of the remaining downlink physical channels and of the uplink physical channels is specified in the remaining subclauses. For the AICH the access slot timing is included. Transmission timing for uplink physical channels is given by the received timing of downlink physical channels.



#### Figure 29: Radio frame timing and access slot timing of downlink physical channels

The following applies:

- SCH (primary and secondary), CPICH (primary and secondary and demodulation CPICHs) and P-CCPCH have identical frame timings.
- The S-CCPCH timing may be different for different S-CCPCHs, but the offset from the P-CCPCH frame timing is a multiple of 256 chips, i.e.  $\tau_{S-CCPCH,k} = T_k \times 256$  chip,  $T_k \in \{0, 1, ..., 149\}$ . For S-CCPCH carrying BCH  $T_k = 0$ . For MBSFN operations using slot formats 21 to 23 in table 18, the offset shall be set in accordance with  $\tau_{S-CCPCH,k} = 256 + \int_{c} T_k / 10 \int_{c} \times 2560$  chip.
- If the PICH is associated to the S-CCPCH, the PICH timing is  $\tau_{PICH} = 7680$  chips prior to its corresponding S-CCPCH frame timing, i.e. the timing of the S-CCPCH carrying the PCH transport channel with the corresponding paging information, see also subclause 7.2. If the PICH is associated to the HS-SCCH, the PICH frame timing is the same as the HS-SCCH frame timing.
- AICH access slots #0 starts the same time as P-CCPCH frames with (SFN modulo 2) = 0. The AICH/PRACH timing is described in subclauses 7.3 and 7.4 respectively.
- The DPCH timing may be different for different DPCHs, but the offset from the P-CCPCH frame timing is a multiple of 256 chips, i.e.  $\tau_{DPCH,n} = T_n \times 256$  chip,  $T_n \in \{0, 1, ..., 149\}$ . The DPCH (DPCCH/DPDCH) timing relation with uplink DPCCH/DPDCHs is described in subclause 7.6.
- The F-DPCH timing may be different for different F-DPCHs, but the offset from the P-CCPCH frame timing is a multiple of 256 chips, i.e.  $\tau_{\text{F-DPCH},p} = T_p \times 256$  chip,  $T_p \in \{0, 1, ..., 149\}$ . All F-DPCHs transmitted to a UE from

the same HS-DSCH cell set have the same timing. The F-DPCH timing relation with uplink DPCCH/DPDCHs is described in subclause 7.6.

- In case dual-cell E-DCH is configured together with DPDCH, DPCH (associated with the primary uplink) and F-DPCH (associated with the secondary uplink) transmitted to a UE from the same HS-DSCH cell set have the same timing.
- In the case that DPCCH2 is configured, the F-DPCH associated with the uplink DPCCH2 has the same timing as DPCH or F-DPCH associated with the uplink DPCCH.
- The start of HS-SCCH subframe #0 is aligned with the start of the P-CCPCH frames. The relative timing between a HS-PDSCH and the corresponding HS-SCCH is described in subclause 7.8.
- The E-HICH, E-RGCH, E-AGCH and E-ROCH downlink timing are respectively specified in subclause 7.10, 7.11, 7.12 and 7.12A. The E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH uplink timing are specified in subclause 7.13.
- For a secondary serving HS-DSCH cell, the nominal radio frame timing for CPICH and timing reference are the same as the radio frame timing for CPICH and timing reference for the serving HS-DSCH cell.
- The F-TPICH timing may be different for different F-TPICHs, but the offset from the P-CCPCH frame timing is a multiple of 256 chips, i.e.  $\tau_{\text{F-TPICH},\text{m}} = T_{\text{m}} \times 256$  chip,  $T_{\text{m}} \in \{0, 1, ..., 149\}$ .

### 7.2 PICH/S-CCPCH timing relation

Figure 30 illustrates the timing between a PICH frame and its associated single S-CCPCH frame, i.e. the S-CCPCH frame that carries the paging information related to the paging indicators in the PICH frame. A paging indicator set in a PICH frame means that the paging message is transmitted on the PCH in the S-CCPCH frame starting  $\tau_{PICH}$  chips after the transmitted PICH frame.  $\tau_{PICH}$  is defined in subclause 7.1.

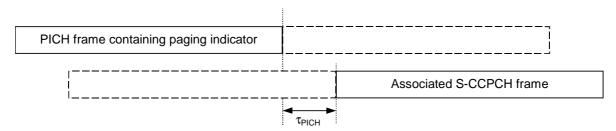


Figure 30: Timing relation between PICH frame and associated S-CCPCH frame

### 7.2A PICH/HS-SCCH timing relation

Figure 30a illustrates the timing between a PICH frame and its set of 5 associated HS-SCCH subframes. The first associated subframe of the associated HS-SCCH starts one HS-SCCH sub-frame after the transmitted PICH frame and is the HS-SCCH subframe number 1 as defined in subclause 7.1. A paging indicator set in a PICH frame means that one or more HS-DSCH subframes may be transmitted to the UE on the HS-PDSCH(s) associated with the HS-SCCH subframes associated with the PICH as defined in [5].



Subframe #0Subframe #1Subframe #2	Subframe	Subframe	Subframe
	#3	#4	#0

Associated HS-SCCH subframes

#### Figure 30a: Timing relation between PICH frame and associated HS-SCCH subframes

### 7.3 PRACH/AICH timing relation

The downlink AICH is divided into downlink access slots, each access slot is of length 5120 chips. The downlink access slots are time aligned with the P-CCPCH as described in subclause 7.1.

The uplink PRACH is divided into uplink access slots, each access slot is of length 5120 chips. Uplink access slot number *n* is transmitted from the UE  $\tau_{p-a}$  chips prior to the reception of downlink access slot number *n*, *n* = 0, 1, ..., 14.

Transmission of downlink acquisition indicators may only start at the beginning of a downlink access slot. Similarly, transmission of uplink RACH preambles and RACH message parts may only start at the beginning of an uplink access slot.

The PRACH/AICH timing relation is shown in figure 31.

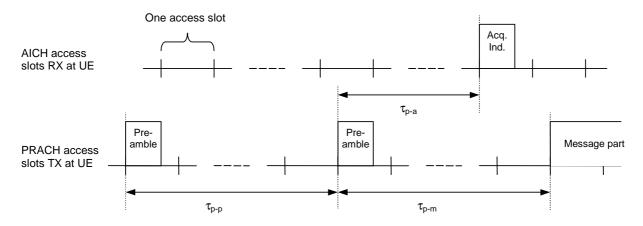


Figure 31: Timing relation between PRACH and AICH as seen at the UE

The preamble-to-preamble distance  $\tau_{p-p}$  shall be larger than or equal to the minimum preamble-to-preamble distance  $\tau_{p-p,min}$ , i.e.  $\tau_{p-p} \ge \tau_{p-p,min}$ .

In addition to  $\tau_{p-p,min}$ , the preamble-to-AI distance  $\tau_{p-a}$  and preamble-to-message distance  $\tau_{p-m}$  are defined as follows:

- when AICH\_Transmission\_Timing is set to 0, then

 $\tau_{p-p,min} = 15360$  chips (3 access slots)

 $\tau_{p-a} = 7680$  chips

- $\tau_{p-m} = 15360$  chips (3 access slots)
- when AICH\_Transmission\_Timing is set to 1, then

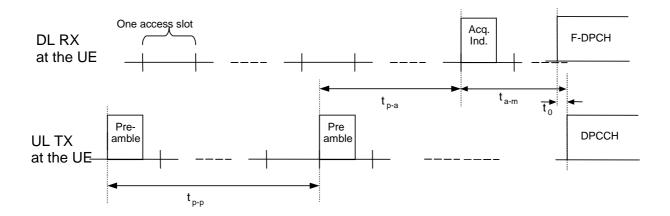
 $\tau_{p-p,min} = 20480$  chips (4 access slots)

 $\tau_{p-a} = 12800$  chips

 $\tau_{p-m} = 20480$  chips (4 access slots)

The parameter AICH\_Transmission\_Timing is signalled by higher layers.

# 7.3A UL/DL timing relation for Enhanced Uplink in CELL\_FACH state and IDLE mode



# Figure 31A: UL/DL timing relation for Enhanced Uplink in CELL\_FACH state and IDLE mode as seen at the UE

The PRACH preamble and Acquisition indication timings  $\tau_{p-p}$  and  $\tau_{p-a}$  are as defined in section 7.3.

If Coffset is not configured by higher layers or the TTI length is 10ms, then

F-DPCH slot format number (according to Table 16C) = 0

 $\tau_{F-DPCH} = [(5120 * AICH access slot # with the AI) + 10240 + 256 * S_{offset}] mod 38400$ 

 $\tau_{a-m} = 10240 + 256 * S_{offset} + \tau_0$  chips, where

 $S_{offset} = a$  symbol offset, configured by higher layers,  $\{0, \dots, 9\}$ .

 $\tau_0 = 1024$  chips defining the DL to UL frame timing difference.

If Coffset is configured by higher layers and the TTI length is 2ms, then

F-DPCH slot format number (according to Table 16C) =  $(S_{offset} - C_{offset}) \mod 10$ 

 $\tau_{\text{F-DPCH}} = [(5120 * \text{AICH access slot # with the AI}) + 10240 + 2560 * T_{\text{offset}} + 256 * C_{\text{offset}}] \mod 38400$ 

 $\tau_{a\text{-m}}$  = 10240 + 2560 \*  $T_{offset}$  + 256 \*  $C_{offset}$  +  $\tau_0$  chips, where

 $T_{\text{offset}} = \begin{cases} 0, \text{ if the preamble was transmitted in access slot } \{0, 3, ..., 12\} \text{ using an even preamble signature } \{0, 2, ..., 14\} \\ 1, \text{ if the preamble was transmitted in access slot } \{1, 4, ..., 13\} \\ 2, \text{ if the preamble was transmitted in access slot } \{2, 5, ..., 14\} \\ 3, \text{ if the preamble was transmitted in access slot } \{0, 3, ..., 12\} \text{ using an odd preamble signature } \{1, 3, ..., 15\} \end{cases}$ 

 $C_{offset}$  = a cell-specific symbol offset, configured by higher layers, {0, ..., 29}

- 7.4 Void
- 7.5 Void

### 7.6 DPCCH/DPDCH timing relations

#### 7.6.1 Uplink

In uplink all the DPCCHs and all the DPDCHs transmitted from one UE have the same frame timing.

### 7.6.2 Downlink

In downlink, the DPCCH and all the DPDCHs carrying CCTrCHs of dedicated type to one UE have the same frame timing.

Note: support of multiple CCTrChs of dedicated type is not part of the current release.

### 7.6.3 Uplink/downlink timing at UE

At the UE, the uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission takes place approximately  $T_0$  chips after the reception of the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink DPCCH/DPDCH or F-DPCH frame.  $T_0$  is a constant defined to be 1024 chips. The first detected path (in time) is defined implicitly by the relevant tests in [14]. More information about the uplink/downlink timing relation and meaning of  $T_0$  can be found in [5].

### 7.7 Uplink DPCCH/HS-DPCCH/HS-PDSCH timing at the UE

### 7.7.1 Timing when Multiflow is not configured

Figure 34 shows the timing offset between the uplink DPCH, the HS-PDSCH and the HS-DPCCH at the UE. An HS-DPCCH sub-frame starts  $m \times 256$  chips after the start of an uplink DPCH frame that corresponds to the DL DPCH or F-DPCH frame from the HS-DSCH serving cell containing the beginning of the related HS-PDSCH subframe with *m* calculated as

#### $m = (T_{TX_{diff}}/256) + 101$

where  $T_{TX\_diff}$  is the difference in chips ( $T_{TX\_diff} = 0, 256, ...., 38144$ ), between

- the transmit timing of the start of the related HS-PDSCH subframe (see sub-clauses 7.8 and 7.1)

and

- the transmit timing of the start of the downlink DPCH or F-DPCH frame from the HS-DSCH serving cell that contains the beginning of the HS-PDSCH subframe (see sub-clause 7.1).

At any one time, *m* therefore takes one of a set of five possible values according to the transmission timing of HS-DSCH sub-frame timings relative to the DPCH or F-DPCH frame boundary. The UE and Node B shall only update the set of values of *m* in connection to UTRAN reconfiguration of downlink timing.

More information about uplink timing adjustments can be found in [5].

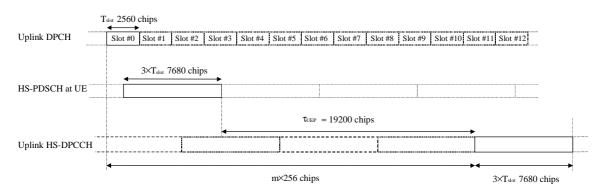


Figure 34: Timing structure at the UE for HS-DPCCH control signalling

#### 7.7.2 Timing when Multiflow is configured

The uplink DPCH, the HS-PDSCH of the time reference cell, and uplink HS-DPCCH follow the same time as defined for the non-Multiflow case in section 7.7.1.

The timing relationship between the non-time reference cell's HS-PDSCH subframe and the related HS-DPCCH subframe is derived from HS-PDSCH frame timing difference  $\tau_{DIFF}$  of the two cells, where  $-20 \le \tau_{DIFF} \le 3860$  chips. The time reference cell for HS-DPCCH is indicated by higher layers.

If  $\tau_{\text{DIFF}}$  is not within the specified limits:

- HARQ-ACK reporting for the time-reference cell and CQI reporting for both cells are not interrupted.
- The UE is not required to transmit a valid HARQ-ACK for the non-time reference cell.

If the UE is not configured in MIMO mode in any cell, or it is configured in MIMO mode in at least one cell and the UE indicated not requiring a *Longer HARQ Processing Time* in higher layer capability signalling, then:

Figure 34a shows the timing offset between the uplink DPCH, the HS-PDSCHs and the HS-DPCCH at the UE when the UE is configured with Multiflow. In this case  $\tau_{DIFF} = \tau_{non-time\ reference\ cell} - \tau_{time\ reference\ cell}$ .

If the UE is configured in MIMO mode in at least one cell and the UE indicated requiring a *Longer HARQ processing Time* in higher layer capability signalling, then:

Figure 34b shows the timing offset between the uplink DPCH, the HS-PDSCHs and the HS-DPCCH at the UE when the UE is configured with Multiflow. In this case  $\tau_{DIFF} = \tau_{time \ reference \ cell} - \tau_{non-time \ reference \ cell}$ .

 $\tau_{time \ reference \ cell}$  and  $\tau_{non-time \ reference \ cell}$  above refer to the end times of the HS-PDSCH subframes of the time reference cell and the non-time reference cell respectively, with the corresponding HARQ-ACK fields in the same HS-DPCCH subframe.

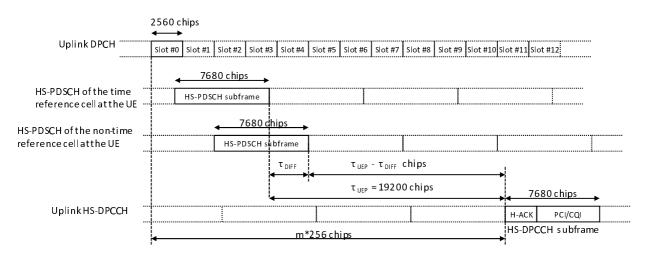
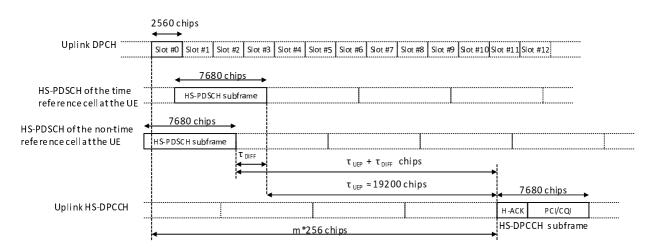


Figure 34a: Timing structure at the UE for HS-DPCCH control signalling with Multiflow, when the UE is not configured in MIMO mode, as well as when the UE is configured in MIMO mode in any cell and the UE indicated not requiring a Longer HARQ processing Time in higher layers



# Figure 34b: Timing of delayed HARQ-ACK with Multiflow, when the UE is configured in MIMO mode in any cell, and the UE indicated requiring a *Longer HARQ processing Time* in higher layers

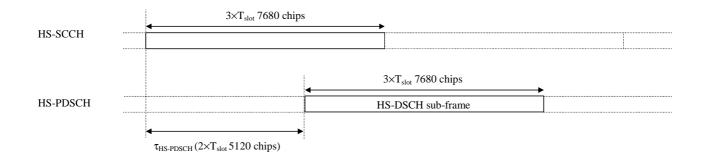
 $T_{TX\_diff1}$  corresponds to the smallest  $T_{TX\_diff}$  value of the time reference cell as configured by higher layers. One  $T_{TX\_diff1}$  value of the non-time reference cell shall be selected, denoted as  $T_{TX\_diff2}$ , where the associated HS-PDSCH subframe of the time reference cell with  $T_{TX\_diff1}$  and the associated HS-PDSCH subframe of the non-time reference cell with  $T_{TX\_diff1}$  and the associated HS-PDSCH subframe of the non-time reference cell with  $T_{TX\_diff1}$  is defined as in Table 28.

Table 28: Definition of  $T_{TX\_diff2}$  for the non-time reference cell

Condition:	$T_{TX\_diff^2}$ defined as:
When $T_{TX_{diff2}} < 2*7680$	$T_{TX\_diff2}$
When $T_{TX\_diff2} \ge 2*7680$	$T_{TX\_diff2}$ -38400

### 7.8 HS-SCCH/HS-PDSCH timing

Figure 35 shows the relative timing between the HS-SCCH and the associated HS-PDSCH for one HS-DSCH subframe. The HS-PDSCH starts  $\tau_{\text{HS-PDSCH}} = 2 \times T_{\text{slot}} = 5120$  chips after the start of the HS-SCCH.



#### Figure 35: Timing relation between the HS-SCCH and the associated HS-PDSCH.

### 7.9 MICH/S-CCPCH timing relation

Figure 36 illustrates the timing between the MICH frame boundaries and the frame boundaries of the associated S-CCPCH, i.e. the S-CCPCH that carries the MBMS control information related to the notification indicators in the MICH frame. The MICH transmission timing shall be such that the end of radio frame boundary occurs  $\tau_{MICH}$  chips before the associated S-CCPCH start of radio frame boundary.  $\tau_{MICH}$  is equal to 7680 chips.

The MICH frames during which the Node B shall set specific notification indicators and the S-CCPCH frames during which the Node B shall transmit the corresponding MBMS control data is defined by higher layers.

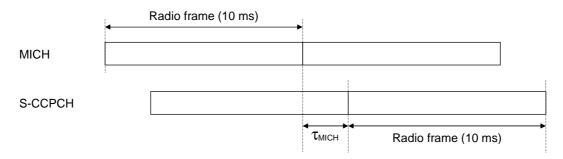


Figure 36: Timing relation between MICH frame and associated S-CCPCH frame

### 7.10 E-HICH/P-CCPCH/DPCH timing relation

The timing of the E-HICH relative to the P-CCPCH is illustrated in figure 37.

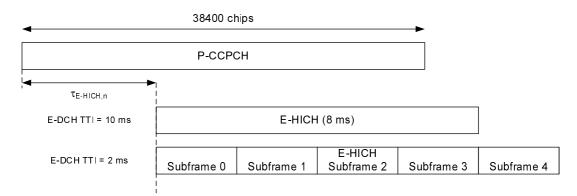
When the E-DCH TTI is 10 ms the E-HICH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-HICH,n}$  chips with

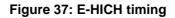
$$\tau_{E-HICH,n} = 5120 + 7680 \times \left\lfloor \frac{\left(\tau_{DPCH,n} / 256\right) - 70}{30} \right\rfloor$$

When the E-DCH TTI is 2 ms the E-HICH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-HICH,n}$  chips with

$$\tau_{E-HICH,n} = 5120 + 7680 \times \left\lfloor \frac{\left(\tau_{DPCH,n} / 256\right) + 50}{30} \right\rfloor$$

When a downlink F-DPCH is configured,  $\tau_{DPCH,n} = \tau_{F-DPCH,n}$ .





### 7.11 E-RGCH/P-CCPCH/DPCH timing relation

The timing of the E-RGCH relative to the P-CCPCH is illustrated in figure 38.

When transmitted to a UE for which the cell transmitting the E-RGCH is in the E-DCH serving radio link set, the E-RGCH frame offset shall be as follows:

• if the E-DCH TTI is 10 ms, the E-RGCH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-RGCH,n}$  chips with

$$\tau_{E-RGCH,n} = 5120 + 7680 \times \left\lfloor \frac{(\tau_{DPCH,n}/256) - 70}{30} \right\rfloor$$

• if the E-DCH TTI is 2 ms the E-RGCH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-RGCH,n}$  chips with

$$\tau_{E-RGCH,n} = 5120 + 7680 \times \left\lfloor \frac{\left(\tau_{DPCH,n}/256\right) + 50}{30} \right\rfloor$$

When a downlink F-DPCH is configured,  $\tau_{DPCH,n} = \tau_{F-DPCH,n}$ .

When transmitted to a UE for which the cell transmitting the E-RGCH is not in the E-DCH serving radio link set, the E-RGCH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-RGCH} = 5120$  chips.

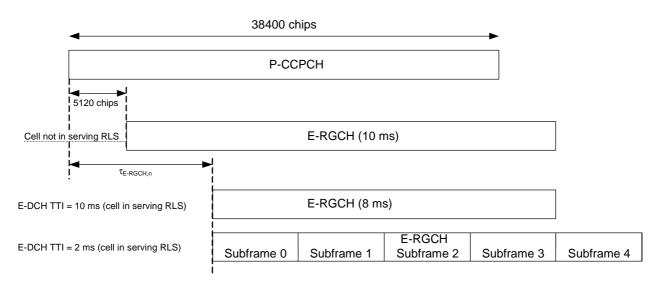
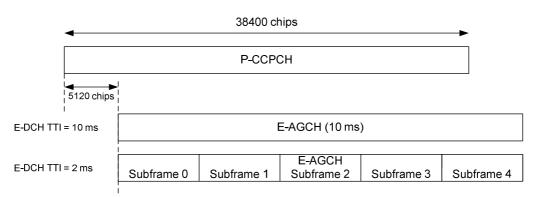


Figure 38: E-RGCH timing

### 7.12 E-AGCH/P-CCPCH timing relation

The E-AGCH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-AGCH} = 5120$  chips as illustrated in figure 39.



#### Figure 39: E-AGCH timing

### 7.12A E-ROCH/P-CCPCH timing relation

The E-ROCH frame offset relative to P-CCPCH shall be  $\tau_{E-ROCH} = 5120$  chips as illustrated in figure 39A.

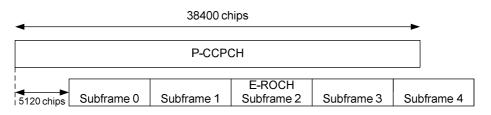


Figure 39A: E-ROCH timing

### 7.13 E-DPDCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH timing relation

The frame timing of all the E-DPCCHs and all the E-DPDCHs transmitted from one UE shall be the same as the uplink DPCCH frame timing.

### 7.14 S-DPCCH/DPCCH timing relation

The frame timing of uplink S-DPCCH transmitted from one UE shall be the same as the uplink DPCCH frame timing.

### 7.15 DPCH/F-DPCH/F-TPICH timing relations in softer handover

When UE is in softer handover and F-TPICH is transmitted from multiple radio links as defined in [5], the F-TPICH radio frame starts 512 chips after the start of the DPCH/F-DPCH radio frame that corresponds to the same radio link.

### 7.16 S-E-DPDCH/S-E-DPCCH/DPCCH timing relation

The frame timing of the S-E-DPCCH and all the S-E-DPDCHs transmitted from one UE shall be the same as the uplink DPCCH frame timing.

### 7.17 DPCCH2/DPCCH timing relation

The frame timing of the uplink DPCCH2 transmitted from one UE shall be the same as the uplink DPCCH frame timing.

# Annex A (informative): Change history

140/100         RAN_06         RP-99677         002         Use of CPCH in case of open loop Tx         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99677         003         2         CPCH power control preamble length         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         -         Change to the description of TSTD for SCH         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         -         Change to the description of TSTD for SCH         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         1         Indidications to STTD text         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99676         11         Indidications to STTD text         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99676         11         Stilling paging indicators         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99677         11         Stilling paging indicators         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99677         12         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           140/100         RAN_06         RP-99677         12         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           140/100         RA	Change history									
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         002         Use of CPCH in case of open loop Tx         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         003         2         CPCH power control preamble length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         1         Editorial corrections         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         1         Editorial corrections         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         1         Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         008         1         Obs RACH message length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         011         Targing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         Targing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         Targing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating chage and additions           <	Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev		Old	New		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         002         -         Use of CPICH in case of open loop Tx         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         003         2         CPCH power control preamble length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         007         1         Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         008         1         Monto of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         101         1         20 ms RACIH message length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         115         1         State scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         115         1         State scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         022         -         Modification of the STTD excl ding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor <t< td=""><td></td><td>RAN_05</td><td>RP-99587</td><td>-</td><td></td><td>Approved at TSG RAN #5 and placed under Change Control</td><td>-</td><td>3.0.0</td></t<>		RAN_05	RP-99587	-		Approved at TSG RAN #5 and placed under Change Control	-	3.0.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         003         2         CPCH power control preamble length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         -         Change to the description of TSTD for SCH         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         -         Change to the description of TSTD for SCH         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         008         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         011         Stiding paging indicators         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         TMang for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         012         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           11/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         CDK-Frelate	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99676	001	1	Removal of superframe notation	3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98644         005         1         Editorial corrections         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98676         006         1         Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98676         006         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98676         010         1         20 ms RACH message length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98677         016         1         Tisking ping indicators         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98677         016         Tab structure and timing relation for USTS         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-98677         012         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of X diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99677	002	-		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         006         -         Change to the description of TSTD for SCH         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99678         007         1         Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         008         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99678         010         Update to AICH description         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         T mining for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         T mining for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         022         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Charge history was added by the editor         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH+related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99677	003	2	CPCH power control preamble length	3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         007         1         Introductions to STD feet         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         008         1         20 ms RACH message length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99678         010         -         Update to AICH description         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         010         -         Update to AICH description         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         012         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Addition al description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         -         Minor corrections to ti	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99684	005	1		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99876         008         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99876         010         -         Update to AICH message length         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99877         011         1         Silding paging indicators         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99877         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99877         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99877         012         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1         Consistent numbering of scrambing code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99676	006	-		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         010         1         Update to AICH description         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99678         011         1         Sliding paging indicators         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         022         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Addition of a downlink channel indicating code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         -         Consisten numbering of scrambiling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1 </td <td>14/01/00</td> <td>RAN_06</td> <td>RP-99678</td> <td>007</td> <td>1</td> <td>Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling</td> <td>3.0.0</td> <td>3.1.0</td>	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99678	007	1	Introduction of compressed mode by higher layer scheduling	3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99676         010         -         Update to ALCH description         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         012         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         30.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions to ts 2.2 C11 and some clarifications to T.4 CPCH/AICH (Iming relation.         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99676	008	1		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         3.0.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         022         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Additon of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Addition al escription of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99684	009	1	20 ms RACH message length	3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         016         -         TAB structure and timing relation for USTS         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         30.0           14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Iming for initialisation procedures         30.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STTD text         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH muti-code tran	14/01/00	RAN_06		010	-	Update to AICH description		3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         017         -         Timing for initialisation procedures         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions to 25.211 and some clarifications to 7.4 PCPCH/AICH timing relation.         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambiling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99678	011	1		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         RAN_06         RP-99677         022         -         Modification of the STTD encoding scheme on DL DPCH with SF         3.0.0           14/01/00         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Minor corrections to timing section         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editicatin of o		RAN_06	RP-99677		-		3.0.0	3.1.0		
14/01/00         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH+related editorial changes, technical changes and additions to 57.4 PCPCH/AICH timing relation.         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Minor corrections to timing section         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications of Tame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editication of fame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of an essage part         3.1.1           31/03/00         <	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99677	017	-			3.1.0		
14/01/00         -         -         Change history was added by the editor         3.1.0           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions to 25.211 and some clarifications to 7.4 PCPCH/AICH timing relation.         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         Minor corrections to timing section         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CDCA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editication of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and isto sage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037	14/01/00	RAN_06	RP-99677	022	-		3.0.0	3.1.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         013         6         Addition of a downlink channel indicating CPCH status         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions         1.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Minor corrections to timing section         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037										
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         6         CPCH-related editorial changes, technical changes and additions to 25.211 and some clarifications to 7.4 PCPCH/AICH timing relation.         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         31.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         -         Clarification of frame synchronization word and its usage         31.11           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of polt bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for         31.11           31/03/00 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.1.1</td>			-					3.1.1		
and         to 25.211 and some clarifications to 7.4 PCPCH/AICH timing relation.           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot b					-			3.2.0		
Image: State	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	023	6		3.1.1	3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         024         1         Additional description of TX diversity for PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         023         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         -         Clarification of frame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Edinification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         04										
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         025         1         Consistent numbering of scrambling code groups         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         026         -         Minor corrections to timing section         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         DEDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         039         -         Further restrictions on the application of the Tx diversity modes in         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060	/ /									
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STID text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH intrailisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Em								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         028         1         Timing of PDSCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000265								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         029         1         Modifications to STTD text         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         -         Clarification of frame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification to DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_08 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.2.0</td>								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         031         4         CD/CA-ICH for dual mode CPCH         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         -         Clarification of frame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         049         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         033         -         Clarification of frame synchronization word and its usage         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         034         1         Editorial updates to 25.211         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarification to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         036         -         PDSCH multi-code transmission         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         039         -         Further restrictions on the application of the Tx diversity modes in DL         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarification of nPCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         044         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3.2.0</td>								3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         037         -         Clarification of pilot bit patterns for CPCH and slot formats for CPCH PC-P and message part         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         039         -         Further restrictions on the application of the Tx diversity modes in DL         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0								3.2.0		
Image: CPCH PC-P and message part           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         039         -         Further restrictions on the application of the Tx diversity modes in DL         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in								3.2.0		
DL         DL           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         040         -         Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2					-	CPCH PC-P and message part		3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	039	-		3.1.1	3.2.0		
31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         041         -         Clarification of DCH initialisation         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         044         2         Emergency Stop of CPCH transmission and Start of Message Indicator         3.1.1           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	040	-	Clarification of downlink pilot bit patterns	3.1.1	3.2.0		
Indicator         Indicator           31/03/00         RAN_07         RP-000060         046         -         Clean up of USTS related specifications         3.1.1           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	041	-	Clarification of DCH initialisation	3.1.1	3.2.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	044	2		3.1.1	3.2.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         047         4         Clarifications to power control preamble sections         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/	31/03/00	RAN_07	RP-000060	046	-	Clean up of USTS related specifications	3.1.1	3.2.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         048         -         Propagation delay for PCPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         049         1         PICH undefined bits and AICH, AP-ICH, CD/CA-ICH non-transmitted chips         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00 </td <td>26/06/00</td> <td>RAN_08</td> <td>RP-000265</td> <td>047</td> <td>4</td> <td>Clarifications to power control preamble sections</td> <td>3.2.0</td> <td>3.3.0</td>	26/06/00	RAN_08	RP-000265	047	4	Clarifications to power control preamble sections	3.2.0	3.3.0		
Image: Second	26/06/00		RP-000265	048	-		3.2.0	3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         051         1         Bit value notation change for PICH and CSICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         057         2         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0	26/06/00	RAN_08	RP-000265	049	1		3.2.0	3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         053         1         Revision of notes in sections 5.3.2 and 5.3.2.1         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         057         2         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         060         -         Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0 <td>26/06/00</td> <td>RAN 08</td> <td>RP-000265</td> <td>051</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>320</td> <td>3.3.0</td>	26/06/00	RAN 08	RP-000265	051	1		320	3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         054         5         Slot format clarification for CPCH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         057         2         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         060         -         Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0           23/09/00         RAN_09         RP-000340         065         -         Correction of reference         3.3.0								3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         055         3         Physical channel nomenclature in FDD         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         056         3         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         057         2         Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.211         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         060         -         Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0           23/09/00         RAN_09         RP-000340         065         -         Correction of reference         3.3.0		-						3.3.0		
26/06/00RAN_08RP-0002650563Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.2113.2.026/06/00RAN_08RP-0002650572Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.2113.2.026/06/00RAN_08RP-000265058-Clarification of spreading factor for AICH3.2.026/06/00RAN_08RP-000265060-Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink3.2.023/09/00RAN_09RP-000340065-Correction of reference3.3.0								3.3.0		
26/06/00RAN_08RP-0002650572Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with DPCH in 25.2113.2.026/06/00RAN_08RP-000265058-Clarification of spreading factor for AICH3.2.026/06/00RAN_08RP-000265060-Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink3.2.023/09/00RAN_09RP-000340065-Correction of reference3.3.0						Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with		3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         058         -         Clarification of spreading factor for AICH         3.2.0           26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         060         -         Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0           23/09/00         RAN_09         RP-000340         065         -         Correction of reference         3.3.0	26/06/00	RAN_08	RP-000265	057	2	Clarification for the PDSCH channelisation code association with	3.2.0	3.3.0		
26/06/00         RAN_08         RP-000265         060         -         Explicit mention of slot format reconfiguration also for uplink         3.2.0           23/09/00         RAN_09         RP-000340         065         -         Correction of reference         3.3.0	26/06/00	RAN 08	RP-000265	058	- 1		320	3.3.0		
23/09/00 RAN_09 RP-000340 065 - Correction of reference 3.3.0								3.3.0		
								3.4.0		
								3.4.0		
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	Change history								
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New		
23/09/00	RAN_09	RP-000340	077	1	Clarification of FBI field	3.3.0	3.4.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	079	2	Clarification of downlink phase reference	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	083	1	DL Transmission in the case of invalid data frames	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	084	-	Clarification of figure 28	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	087	-	RACH message part length	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	088	-	Clarifications on power control preambles	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	089	1	Proposed CR to 25.211 for transfer of CSICH Information from Layer 3 Specification	3.4.0	3.5.0		
15/12/00	RAN_10	RP-000537	090	-	PCPCH/DL-DPCCH Timing Relationship	3.4.0	3.5.0		

					Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
16/03/01	RAN_11	-	-	-	Approved as Release 4 specification (v4.0.0) at TSG RAN #11	3.5.0	4.0.0
16/03/01		RP-010058	091	-	DSCH reading indication	3.5.0	4.0.0
16/03/01		RP-010058	092	1	Clarification of the S-CCPCH frame carrying paging information	3.5.0	4.0.0
16/03/01	RAN_11		095	3	Phase Reference for Secondary CCPCH carrying FACH	3.5.0	4.0.0
16/03/01		RP-010058	096	-	Uplink power control preamble	3.5.0	4.0.0
15/06/01		RP-010331	098	-	Downlink Phase Reference for DL-DPCCH for CPCH	4.0.0	4.1.0
15/06/01		RP-010331	100	-	Removal of out-of-date reference to FACH beamforming	4.0.0	4.1.0
15/06/01		RP-010331	102	-	Correction of compressed mode by puncturing	4.0.0	4.1.0
15/06/01		RP-010331 RP-010331	104	-	Correction of the representation of slot format Clarification of PDSCH definition	4.0.0	4.1.0
15/06/01 21/09/01		RP-010518	106 111	2	Correction to DPCH/PDSCH timing	4.0.0 4.1.0	4.1.0 4.2.0
21/09/01		RP-010518	121	1	Clarification of the usage of Tx diversity modes in Soft HOV	4.1.0	4.2.0
21/09/01		RP-010709	114	2	Removal of another reference to FACH beamforming	4.1.0	4.2.0
21/09/01		RP-010518	118	1	Clarification of STTD	4.1.0	4.2.0
14/12/01		RP-010904	116	2	Clarification of the pilot bits on CPCH message part and S-CCPCH	4.2.0	4.3.0
14/12/01		RP-010736	123	-	Addition of pilot bit patterns table of downlink DPCCH for antenna	4.2.0	4.3.0
					2 using closed loop mode 1		
14/12/01	RAN_14	RP-010736	125	-	Slot format for the CPCH	4.2.0	4.3.0
14/12/01	RAN_14	RP-010736	127	1	Clarification of Tx diversity with PDSCH, AP-AICH, CD/CA-ICH	4.2.0	4.3.0
4.4/4.0/04		<b>DD</b> 040700	400		and DL-DPCCH associated to CPCH	100	4.0.0
14/12/01	RAN_14	RP-010736	129	1	Interaction between DSCH scheduling and phase reference modification	4.2.0	4.3.0
14/12/01	RAN 14	RP-010736	131	-	Support of multiple CCTrChs of dedicated type	4.2.0	4.3.0
14/12/01		RP-010736	133	-	Removal of slow power control from TS 25.211	4.2.0	4.3.0
14/12/01		RP-010932	135	-	Restriction to simultaneous use of SSDT and closed loop mode TX	4.2.0	4.3.0
					diversity		
08/03/02	RAN_15	RP-020046	139	1	Clarification of different diversity modes used in the same active	4.3.0	4.4.0
00/00/00	DAN 45		4.40		set	100	500
08/03/02		RP-020058	146	-	Specification of HS-DSCH for Release 5 in 25.211	4.3.0	5.0.0
07/06/02		RP-020307 RP-020307	149	1	SCCPCH structure with STTD encoding	5.0.0	5.1.0
07/06/02	RAN_16	RP-020307 RP-020437	153 147	- 4	Downlink bit mapping Specification of TX diversity for HSDPA	5.0.0 5.0.0	5.1.0 5.1.0
07/06/02		RP-020437 RP-020316	150	4	Adding section on HS-SCCH/HS-PDSCH timing relation	5.0.0	5.1.0
07/06/02	RAN_16			-	HSDPA subframe definition	5.0.0	5.1.0
07/06/02		RP-020316	157	1	Clarification for uplink HS-DPCCH/HS-PDSCH timing	5.0.0	5.1.0
14/09/02		RP-020591	161	1	Phase reference for HSDPA	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02	-	RP-020571	164	-	Reversal of unwanted corrections resulting from CR 25.211-122	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02		RP-020581	168	1	Numbering corrections	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02		RP-020590	169	-	TX diversity on radio links in the active set	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02		RP-020588	170	1	HS-DPCCH timing correction	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02		RP-020587	171		Inclusion of closed loop transmit diversity for HSDPA	5.1.0	5.2.0
14/09/02	RAN_17	RP-020581	172		Physical channel mapping	5.1.0	5.2.0
20/12/02	RAN_18	RP-020845	173	-	Correction of the number of transport channels in clause 4.1	5.2.0	5.3.0
20/12/02	RAN_18	RP-020845	175	-	HSDPA Tx diversity of closed loop transmit diversity mode 2 use	5.2.0	5.3.0
21/06/03	RAN 20	RP-030271	178	-	with HS-PDSCH/HS-SCCH Alignment of the terminology, "subframe"	5.3.0	5.4.0
21/06/03		RP-030271 RP-030271	178	+ -	Correction of AICH description	5.3.0	5.4.0
21/06/03		RP-030271 RP-030271	180	-	Correction of description of TTX_diff	5.3.0	5.4.0
21/09/03	RAN_20	RP-030462	186	1	Removal of the combination of TxAA Mode 1 with HS-SCCH	5.4.0	5.5.0
13/01/04	RAN_22	-	-	-	Created for M.1457 update	5.5.0	6.0.0
09/06/04	RAN_24	RP-040231	189	1	Re-Introduction of S-CPICH in combination with Closed Loop	6.0.0	6.1.0
			103		TxDiversity		
09/06/04	RAN_24	RP-040231	190	-	Clarification of NTFCI field of DL-DPCCH power preamble for CPCH	6.0.0	6.1.0
07/09/04	RAN_25	RP-040317			Correction for the slot range of DL DPCCH power control preamble	6.1.0	6.2.0
07/09/04	KAN_23	KF-040317	192	-	for CPCH	0.1.0	0.2.0
13/12/04	RAN 26	RP-040449	195	1	Introduction of E-DCH	6.2.0	6.3.0
13/12/04		RP-040450	193	1	Introduction of MICH	6.2.0	6.3.0
14/03/05		RP-050043		1	E-HICH/E-RGCH Signature Sequences	6.3.0	6.4.0
14/03/05		RP-050043	198	1	E-HICH/E-RGCH Signature Sequence Hopping	6.3.0	6.4.0
14/03/05		RP-050090	202	2	E-HICH/E-RGCH/E-AGCH timing	6.3.0	6.4.0
14/03/05	RAN_27	RP-050088	200	1	Introduction of F-DPCH without pilot field	6.3.0	6.4.0
16/06/05		RP-050357	203	2	Correction of text on E-RGCH duration	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05		RP-050250	205	1	Feature Clean Up: Removal of 'CPCH'	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05	RAN_28	RP-050248	207	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of DSCH (FDD mode)	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05		RP-050252	210	1	Clarification on E-AGCH transmission interval	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05		RP-050256		2	Clarification on phase reference for downlink channels	6.4.0	6.5.0
10/0-1		RP-050252	212	1	Clarification on E-DCH timing	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05	RAN_28						
16/06/05 16/06/05 16/06/05	RAN_28	RP-050244 RP-050247	214	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of 'SSDT' Feature clean up: Removal of the 'TX diversity closed loop mode 2'	6.4.0 6.4.0	6.5.0 6.5.0

					Change history		
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
16/06/05	RAN_28	RP-050249	219	-	Feature clean up: Removal of the 'compressed mode by puncturing'	6.4.0	6.5.0
16/06/05	RAN_28	RP-050246	221	-	Feature Clean Up: Removal of dedicated pilot as sole phase reference	6.4.0	6.5.0
26/09/05	RAN_29			-	SF max for E-DPDCH	6.5.0	6.6.0
26/09/05	RAN_29	RP-050450	0223	1	DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH combinations	6.5.0	6.6.0
26/09/05	RAN_29	RP-050543	0244	-	Correcting the accidential removal of F-DPCH, MICH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH and E-HICH from Tx Diversity applicability table	6.5.0	6.6.0
12/12/05	RAN_30	RP-050726	0224	-	Clean up due to removal of N <sub>TPC</sub> =1	6.6.0	6.7.0
12/12/05	RAN_30	RP-050727		2	Combination of DPCCH and E-DCH	6.6.0	6.7.0
12/12/05	RAN_30	RP-050725		-	Clean up due to removal of CSICH	6.6.0	6.7.0
20/03/06	RAN_31	-	-	-	Creation of Release 7 specification (v7.0.0) at RAN#31	6.7.0	7.0.0
07/03/07 07/03/07	RAN_35 RAN_35	RP-070114 RP-070115		- 2	Transmit diversity operation in MIMO mode Support of CPC feature	7.0.0	7.1.0
07/03/07	RAN_35	RP-070115		-	Support of CPC feature: addition of subframe numbering	7.0.0	7.1.0
07/03/07		RP-070116		2	Introduction of 64QAM for HSDPA	7.0.0	7.1.0
30/05/07	RAN_36	RP-070388		2	Introduction of 16QAM for HSUPA	7.1.0	7.2.0
30/05/07	RAN_36	RP-070384		3	Support for DL only SFN operation for MBMS FDD	7.1.0	7.2.0
30/05/07	RAN_36	RP-070390	0239	3	Introduction of PICH to HS-SCCH timing relation and Tx diversity definition for HS-DSCH without associated DL dedicated channel	7.1.0	7.2.0
30/05/07	RAN_36	RP-070387	0240	-	Definition of abbreviation 'MIMO'	7.1.0	7.2.0
30/05/07		RP-070389	0241	-	Clarification for CPC feature	7.1.0	7.2.0
11/09/07	RAN_37	RP-070639	0246	1	Clarification on MICH	7.2.0	7.3.0
11/09/07	RAN_37	RP-070649		3	Enhanced F-DPCH	7.2.0	7.3.0
11/09/07	RAN_37	RP-070643		1	PICH associated HS-SCCH for Enhanced CELL_FACH	7.2.0	7.3.0
11/09/07	RAN_37		0243	-	Clarification for CPC feature	7.2.0	7.3.0
11/09/07	RAN_37	RP-070646	0245	-	Clarifications on the use of S-CCPCH pilot bits for MBSFN FDD feature	7.2.0	7.3.0
27/11/07	RAN_38	RP-070940		-	Correction to E-DPCCH transmission	7.3.0	7.4.0
27/11/07	RAN_38	RP-070941		-	Correction to transmit diversity specification in MIMO mode	7.3.0	7.4.0
27/11/07	RAN_38	RP-070941	0251	1	Mention PCI as part of HS-DPCCH structure	7.3.0	7.4.0
04/03/08	RAN_39 RAN 39	RP-080142	0252	-	Correction to tie use of transmit diversity on SCH and P-CCPCH Release 8 version created further to RAN 39 decision	7.4.0	7.5.0 8.0.0
28/05/08	RAN_39 RAN_40	- RP-080351	- 0255	- 1	Correction to E-DCH control channel timing	7.5.0 8.0.0	8.1.0
10/09/08	RAN_40 RAN_41	RP-080672		2	Introduction of the Enhanced Uplink for CELL_FACH state	8.1.0	8.2.0
03/12/08	RAN 42	RP-080989	257	3	Introduction of Dual-Cell HSDPA Operation on Adjacent Carriers	8.2.0	8.3.0
03/12/08	RAN_42	RP-080986	259	1	Removal of a reference to E-AICH	8.2.0	8.3.0
03/03/09	RAN_43		261	1	Clarifications to the S-CPICH usage with MIMO	8.3.0	8.4.0
03/03/09	RAN_43		263	1	Clarification of ACK transmission in response to HS-SCCH order	8.3.0	8.4.0
15/09/09 15/09/09	RAN_45 RAN_45	RP-090890 RP-090883		-	Clarification on STTD encoding description for AICH Clarification of the applicability of Transmit Diversity	8.4.0	8.5.0
15/09/09	RAN_45 RAN_45	RP-090883 RP-090884	270 273	2	Clarification of associated channel for HS-DSCH	8.4.0 8.4.0	8.5.0 8.5.0
18/09/09	RAN 45	-	-	-	Release 9 version created further to RAN 45 decision	8.5.0	9.0.0
01/12/09	_	RP-091170	274	2	Introduction of DC-HSUPA	9.0.0	9.1.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091171	278	2	Clarification of Tx diversity mode and phase reference for DC- HSDPA and MIMO operation	9.0.0	9.1.0
01/12/09	RAN_46	RP-091160	281	-	Clarification to MIMO phase references	9.0.0	9.1.0
14/09/10	RAN_49		287	1	Clarification of PICH/HS-SCCH timing relation	9.1.0	9.2.0
16/09/10		RP-100902	284	2	Release 10 created with the introduction of 4C-HSDPA	9.2.0	10.0.0
05/12/11	RAN_54		288	5	Introduction of 8C-HSDPA		11.0.0
05/12/11	RAN_54		289	-	Introduction of Uplink Closed Loop Transmit Diversity for HSPA		11.0.0
04/09/12	RAN_57	RP-121271	295	2	Introduction of Multiflow		11.1.0
04/09/12 04/09/12	RAN_57 RAN_57		298 299	1-	Introduction of Further Enhancements to CELL_FACH Correction of F-TPICH transmission		11.1.0 11.1.0
04/09/12		RP-121384 RP-121845		- 5	Introduction of uplink MIMO and 64QAM		11.2.0
04/12/12		RP-121843		6	Introduction of 4Tx_HSDPA in 25.211		11.2.0
04/12/12	RAN_58	RP-121838	305	1	Removal of the relative amplitude weighting factor between EAI		11.2.0
04/12/12	RAN_58	RP-121844	306	1	and AI Clarifications and corrections to HSDPA Multiflow	11.1.0	
04/12/12		RP-121842		1	Clarification of TTI Alignment	11.1.0	11.2.0
04/12/12		RP-121842	308	-	Correction to common E-RGCH	11.1.0	
26/02/13	RAN_59	RP-130251	310	1	UE behaviour when non-time reference cell is out of time window		11.3.0
11/06/13	RAN_60	RP-130745		3	Correction to the Four Branch MIMO Transmit Diversity		11.4.0
11/06/13 10/06/14	RAN_60 RAN_64	RP-130746 RP-140860		1	Signature and default common E-DCH resource mapping Correction of DRX operation for Multiflow		11.4.0 11.5.0
10/06/14	RAN_64 RAN_65			2	Introduction of Enhanced Broadcast of System Information		12.0.0
10/09/14		RP-141480		3	Introduction of DCH Enhancements		12.0.0
10/09/14	RAN_65		318	1	Introduction of UMTS Heterogeneous Networks enhancements		12.0.0
				4			
08/12/14	RAN_66	RP-142101	320	1	Correction of DL FET	12.0.0	12.1.0

	Change history									
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New			
07/12/15	RAN_70	RP-152023	322	4	Introduction of Dual Carrier HSUPA enhancements for UTRAN CS in TS 25.211	12.1.0	13.0.0			

# History

	Document history								
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