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Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "shall", "shall not", "should", "should not", "may", "need not", "will", "will not", "can" and "cannot" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the <u>ETSI Drafting Rules</u> (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

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Foreword

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The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

In the present document, certain modal verbs have the following meanings:

shall indicates a mandatory requirement to do something

shall not indicates an interdiction (prohibition) to do something

NOTE 1: The constructions "shall" and "shall not" are confined to the context of normative provisions, and do not appear in Technical Reports.

NOTE 2: The constructions "must" and "must not" are not used as substitutes for "shall" and "shall not". Their use is avoided insofar as possible, and they are not used in a normative context except in a direct citation from an external, referenced, non-3GPP document, or so as to maintain continuity of style when extending or modifying the provisions of such a referenced document.

should indicates a recommendation to do something

should not indicates a recommendation not to do something

may indicates permission to do something

need not indicates permission not to do something

NOTE 3: The construction "may not" is ambiguous and is not used in normative elements. The unambiguous constructions "might not" or "shall not" are used instead, depending upon the meaning intended.

can indicates that something is possible

cannot indicates that something is impossible

NOTE 4: The constructions "can" and "cannot" shall not to be used as substitutes for "may" and "need not".

will indicates that something is certain or expected to happen as a result of action taken by an agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

will not indicates that something is certain or expected not to happen as a result of action taken by an

agency the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might indicates a likelihood that something will happen as a result of action taken by some agency the

behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

might not indicates a likelihood that something will not happen as a result of action taken by some agency

the behaviour of which is outside the scope of the present document

In addition:

is (or any other verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

is not (or any other negative verb in the indicative mood) indicates a statement of fact

NOTE 5: The constructions "is" and "is not" do not indicate requirements.

1 Scope

The present document defines User Equipment (UE) policies that are used to configure the UE for Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS) based on the architectural requirements defined in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

The protocol aspects for V2X services in 5G System (5GS) are described in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

recease as in	to present document.
[1]	3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
[2]	3GPP TS 23.287: "Architecture enhancements for 5G System (5GS) to support Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services".
[3]	3GPP TS 24.587: "Vehicle-to-Everything (V2X) services in 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[4]	3GPP TS 24.501: "Non-Access-Stratum (NAS) protocol for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[5]	ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers : http://standards.iso.org/iso/ts/17419/TS17419%20Assigned%20Numbers/TS17419_ITS-AID_AssignedNumbers.pdf
[6]	ITU-T Recommendation E.212: "The international identification plan for public networks and subscriptions", 2016-09-23.
[7]	3GPP TS 23.032: "Universal Geographical Area Description (GAD)".
[8]	IEEE 1609.3 2016: "IEEE Standard for Wireless Access in Vehicular Environments (WAVE) Networking Services".
[9]	ISO 29281-1 2013: "Intelligent transport systems Communication access for land mobiles (CALM) Non-IP networking Part 1: Fast networking & transport layer protocol (FNTP)".
[10]	ETSI EN 302 636-3 v1.2.1: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Vehicular Communications; GeoNetworking; Part 3: Network Architecture".
[11]	3GPP TS 24.526: "UE policies for 5G System (5GS); Stage 3".
[12]	3GPP TS 38.331: "NR; Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".
[13]	3GPP TS 36.101: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception".
[14]	3GPP TS 38.101-1: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 1: Range 1 Standalone".
[15]	3GPP TS 38.101-2: "NR; User Equipment (UE) radio transmission and reception; Part 2: Range 2 Standalone".
[16]	3GPP TS 36.331: "Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access (E-UTRA); Radio Resource Control (RRC) protocol specification".

[17] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".

3 Definitions of terms and abbreviations

3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

example: text used to clarify abstract rules by applying them literally.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 24.587 [3] apply:

E-UTRA-PC5

NR-PC5

V2X service identifier

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

V2X Vehicle-to-Everything

V2XP V2X Policy

4 Descriptions of UE policies for V2X

4.1 Overview

The V2XP in 5GS include:

- UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 4.2); and
- UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 4.3).

The V2XP can be delivered from the PCF to the UE. The UE policy delivery procedure is specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4].

4.2 UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are defined in subclause 5.2.3 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

4.3 UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are defined in subclause 5.2.4 of 3GPP TS 24.587 [3].

NOTE: The generic description of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are specified in 3GPP TS 23.287 [2].

5 Encoding of UE policies for V2X

5.1 Overview

The UE policies for V2X are provided to the UE in a V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part using the UE policy delivery service as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D.

5.2 Encoding of V2X policy (V2XP) UE policy part

5.2.1 General

The purpose of the V2XP is to indicate UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 and UE policies for V2X communication over Uu.

The V2XP is encoded as shown in figures 5.2.1.1 to 5.2.1.3 and table 5.2.1.1 according to the UE policy part top level format (see annex D of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]).

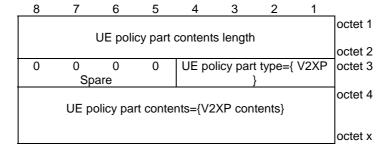


Figure 5.2.1.1: UE policy part when UE policy part type = {V2XP}

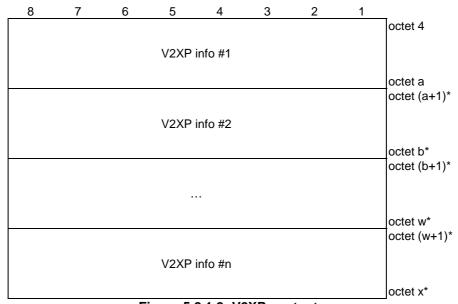


Figure 5.2.1.2: V2XP contents

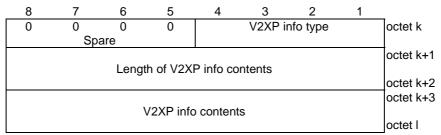


Figure 5.2.1.3: V2XP info

Table 5.2.1.1: V2XP information format

UE policy part type field is set to '0011' (=V2XP) as specified in 3GPP TS 24.501 [4] annex D.

UE policy part contents length field indicate the length of the V2XP contents in octets.

V2XP contents (octets 4 to x)

V2XP contents consist of 1 or more V2XP info(s) (see figure 5.2.1.2).

V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set according to the following: Bits

4 3 2 1

0 0 1 UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

0 0 1 0 UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

All other values are reserved.

Bits 8 to 5 of octet k are spare and shall be encoded as zero.

Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of the V2XP info contents field.

V2XP info contents (octets k+3 to I) can be UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 (see clause 5.3.1) or UE policies for V2X communication over Uu (see clause 5.4.1).

5.3 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over PC5

5.3.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over PC5 are coded as shown in figures 5.3.1.1 and table 5.3.1.1.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_					
0	0	0	0		nfo type =			octet k					
	Sp	are		V2X co	ommunica	ation ove	r PC5}	octet k+1					
	Langth of VOVD info contents												
	Length of V2XP info contents												
	octet k+3												
	Validity timer												
VSITP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	octet k+7 octet k+8					
MRI	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	001011110					
								octet k+9					
	,	Served by	y E-UTR	A or serve	ed by NR	•							
								octet o1					
								octet o1+1					
	Not s	served by	E-UTRA	and not	served by	y NR							
								octet o2					
V2Y 60	arvica ida	ntifier to	DC5 D 1	T(c) and T	Tv profiles	e mannin	a rules	octet (o2+1)					
VZA SE	ervice ide	illiller to	FC3 KAI	(S) and i	x promes	з парріп	y rules	octet o3*					
								octet o124					
			Privacy	confia				(see NOTE)					
			,	3				,					
	octet o4+1												
	V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5												
	octet o5												
	octet o5+1												
	V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5												
								octet I					

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

Table 5.3.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over PC5}

V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0001" (UE policies for V2X communication over PC5)

Length of Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents.

Validity timer:

The validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over PC5. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds).

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules indicator (VSITPMRI)

The VSITPMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field.

Bit 8

0 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is absent

1 V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is present

Served by E-UTRA or served by NR:

The served by E-UTRA or served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.2 and table 5.3.1.2, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is served by E-UTRA or served by NR.

Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR:

The not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.6 and table 5.3.1.6, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 when the UE is not served by E-UTRA or NR.

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.12 and table 5.3.1.12, and contains a list of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules.

Privacy config:

The Privacy config field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.15 and table 5.3.1.15, and contains configuration parameters for privacy configuration.

V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5:

The V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.19 and table 5.3.1.19, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5.

V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5:

The V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.31 and table 5.3.1.31, and contains configuration parameters for V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5.

If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents.

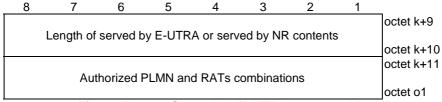


Figure 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

Table 5.3.1.2: Served by E-UTRA or served by NR

Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations:

The authorized PLMN and RATs combinations field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.3 and table 5.3.1.3.

If the length of served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.2, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the served by E-UTRA or served by NR contents.

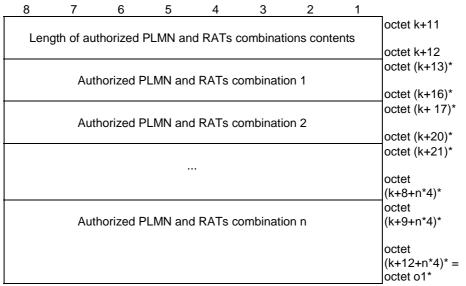


Figure 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

Table 5.3.1.3: Authorized PLMN and RATs combinations

Authorized PLMN and RATs combination:

The authorized PLMN and RATs combination field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.4 and table 5.3.1.4.

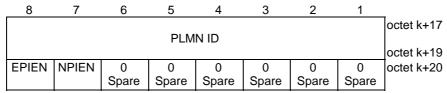


Figure 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

Table 5.3.1.4: Authorized PLMN and RATs combination

PLMN ID: The PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.5 and table 5.3.1.5. E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (EPIEN): The EPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR. Bit 8 Not authorized 0 Authorized NR-PC5 indicator when served by E-UTRA or served by NR (NPIEN): The NPIEN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 in the PLMN indicated by the PLMN ID field when served by E-UTRA or served by NR. Bit 7 0 Not authorized Authorized

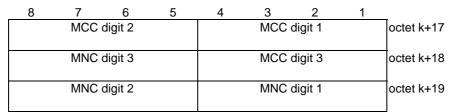


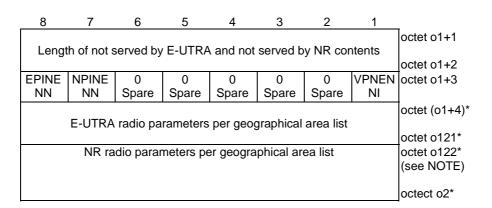
Figure 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID

Table 5.3.1.5: PLMN ID

Mobile country code (MCC):
The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A.

Mobile network code (MNC):

The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111".



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

Table 5.3.1.6: Not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR

V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR indicator (VPNENNI):

The VPNENNI bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

1

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

E-UTRA-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (PEINENN): The EPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over E-UTRA-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

8

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

NR-PC5 indicator when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR (NPINENN): The NPINENN bit indicates whether the UE is authorized to use V2X communication over NR-PC5 when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR. Bit

7

- 0 Not authorized
- 1 Authorized

E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list:

If EPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7.

NR radio parameters per geographical area list:

If NPINENN bit is set to "Authorized", the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is present otherwise the NR radio parameters per geographical area list field is absent. It is coded according to figure 5.3.1.7 and table 5.3.1.7.

If the length of not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR contents.

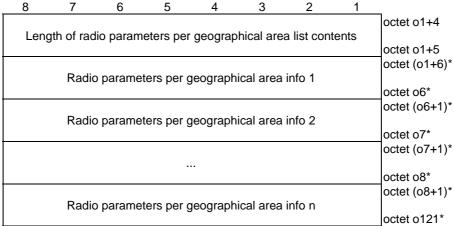


Figure 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

Table 5.3.1.7: Radio parameters per geographical area list

Radio parameters per geographical area info:
The radio parameters per geographical area info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.8 and table 5.3.1.8.

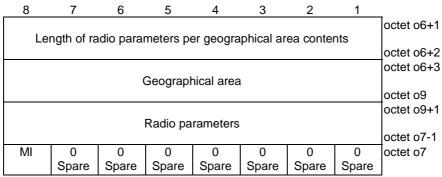


Figure 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

Table 5.3.1.8: Radio parameters per geographical area info

Geographical area:

The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9.

Radio parameters:

The radio parameters field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.11 and table 5.3.1.11, applicable in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field when not served by E-UTRA and not served by NR.

Managed indicator (MI):

The Managed indicator indicates how the radio parameters indicated in the radio parameters field in the geographical area indicated by the geographical area field are managed.

Bit

8

- 0 Non-operator managed
- 1 Operator managed

If the length of radio parameters per geographical area contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the radio parameters per geographical area contents.

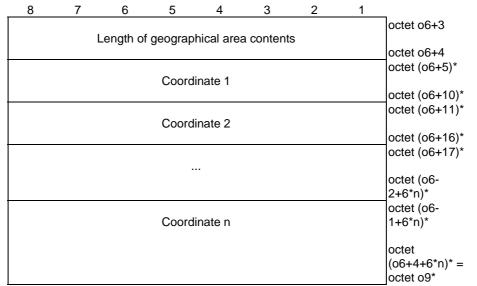


Figure 5.3.1.9: Geographical area

Table 5.3.1.9: Geographical area

Coordina The coo		eld is cod	ed accor	ding to fi	gure 5.3.	1.10 and	table 5	.3.1.10.		
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1			
	Latitude									
	octet o6+13 octet o6+14									
	octet o6+17									

Figure 5.3.1.10: Coordinate area

Table 5.3.1.10: Coordinate area

		Т	able 5.3	3.1.10: C	Coordina	ate area					
Latitude:											
The latitude field is coded according to subclause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].											
_	Longitude: The longitude field is coded according to subclause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].										
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_			
		l angth of	radia na	romotoro	oontont			octet o9+1			
	Length of radio parameters contents octet o9+2										
	octet o9+3										
	Radio parameters contents octet o7-1										

Figure 5.3.1.11: Radio parameters

Table 5.3.1.11: Radio parameters

Radio parameters contents:

In E-UTRA radio parameters per geographical area list, radio parameters are defined as *SL-V2X-Preconfiguration* in clause 9 of 3GPP TS 36.331 [16].

In NR radio parameters per geographical area list, radio parameters are defined as *SL-PreconfigurationNR* in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

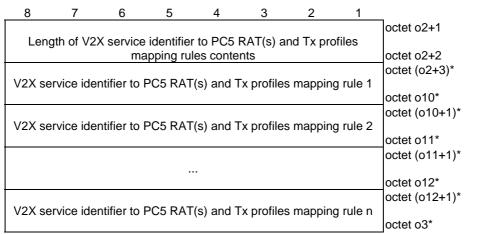


Figure 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.12: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.13 and table 5.3.1.13.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1							
Leng	Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles													
	mapping rule contents													
	V2X sarvice identifiers													
	V2X service identifiers													
0	0	0	0	0	0	PC5 I	RAT(s)	octet o79 octet o79+1						
Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare		()							
	•	Length o	f E-UTR	A-PC5 Tx	profiles			octet (o79+2)*						
								octet (o79+3)*						
		E-U	JTRA-PC	5 Tx prof	iles									
								octet o82*						
		Lengt	h of NR-I	PC5 Tx p	rofiles			octet o83* (see NOTE)						
	octet (o83+1)*													
	NR-PC5 Tx profiles													
								octet o104*=						
								octet o11*						

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.13: V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

PC5 RAT(s):

The PC5 RAT(s) field indicates the PC5 RAT(s) mapped to the V2X service identifiers. **Bits**

2 1

0 0 E-UTRA-PC5

0 1 NR-PC5

1 0 Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5

All other values are spare.

If the PC5 RAT field is set to "E-UTRA-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are present otherwise the length of E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field and the E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field are absent. If the PC5 RAT field is set to "NR-PC5" or "Both E-UTRA-PC5 and NR-PC5", the length of NR-PC5 Tx profiles field and the NR-PC5 Tx profiles field are present otherwise the length of NR-PC5 Tx profiles field and the NR-PC5 Tx profiles field are absent. If the PC5 RAT field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule.

E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles:

The E-UTRA-PC5 Tx profiles field is coded as v2x-TxProfileList in subclause 9.3.2 of 3GPP TS 36.331 [16].

NR-PC5 Tx profiles:

If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.13, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 RAT(s) and Tx profiles mapping rule contents.

Editor's note: length and coding of NR-PC5 Tx profiles is FFS as it depends on RAN2 agreement of Tx profile for NR-PC5.

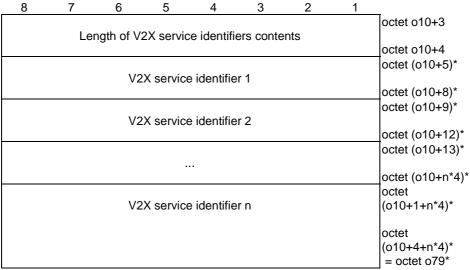


Figure 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.3.1.14: V2X service identifiers

V2X service identifier:

The V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5].

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o124
		Length	of privacy	y config (contents			
								octet o124+1
								octet o124+2
		V2X s	ervices re	equiring (orivacy			
					· -			octet o4-2
								octet o4-1
			Privac	y timer				
				-				octet o4

Figure 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

Table 5.3.1.15: Privacy config

V2X services requiring privacy:

The V2X services requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.16 and table 5.3.1.16.

Privacy timer:

The privacy timer field contains binary encoded duration, in units of seconds, after which the UE shall change the source Layer-2 ID self-assigned by the UE while performing transmission of V2X communication over the PC5 when privacy is required.

If the length of privacy config contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.15, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the privacy config contents.

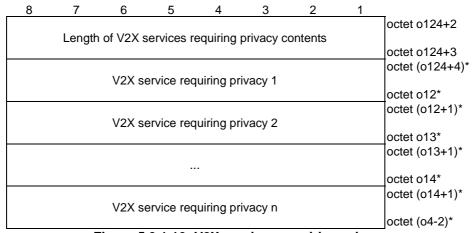


Figure 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.16: V2X services requiring privacy

V2X service requiring privacy:

The V2X service requiring privacy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.17 and table 5.3.1.17.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o12+1
	Lengt	h of V2X s	service re	equiring p	orivacy co	ntents		
	_				-			octet o12+2
								octet o12+3
		V2	2X servic	e identifie	ers			
								octet o15
								octet o15+1
		G	Seograph	nical area	S			
								octet o13

Figure 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

Table 5.3.1.17: V2X service requiring privacy

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X service requiring privacy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.17, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service requiring privacy contents.

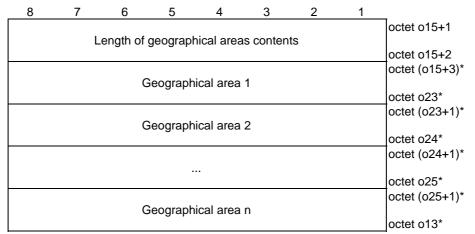


Figure 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

Table 5.3.1.18: Geographical areas

Geographical area:

The geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.9 and table 5.3.1.9.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
	Longth of V2V communication over BC5 in ELITPA BC5 contents												
Length	Length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents												
DDL2II	VSIEF	VSAPI	PPMR	0	0	0	0	octet o4+2 octet o4+3					
DDLZII	MRI	VOAIT	I I IVIIX	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	00101 04+3					
	opaio opaio opaio												
V2X	V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules												
								octet o26					
) to DDD					octet (o26+1)*					
		PPPF	10 PDB	mapping	ruies			octet o27*					
								octet o120*					
V2X	service id	dentifier t	o V2X E-	UTRA fre	quency r	mapping	rules	(see NOTE)					
						•							
								octet o28*					
			_					octet o106*					
		V2X ser	vices aut	horized fo	or PPPR			(see NOTE)					
								octet o29*					
	octet o107* (see NOTE)												
				•									
								octet (o107+2)*					
								= octet o5*					

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

Table 5.3.1.19: V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5

Default destination layer-2 ID indicator (DDL2II):

The DDL2II bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID field. Bit

8

- 0 Default destination layer-2 ID field is absent
- 1 Default destination layer-2 ID field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules indicator (VSIEFMRI): The VSIEFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field.

Bit

7

- 0 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is present

V2X services authorized for PPPR indicator (VSAPI):

The VSAPI bit indicates presence of the V2X services authorized for PPPR field. Bit

6

- 0 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is absent
- 1 V2X services authorized for PPPR field is present

PPPP to PDB mapping rules indicator (PPMRI):

The PPMRI bit indicates presence of the PPPP to PDB mapping rules filed.

5

- 0 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is absent
- 1 PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is present

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.20 and table 5.3.1.20.

PPPP to PDB mapping rules:

The PPPP to PDB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.22 and table 5.3.1.22.

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.24 and table 5.3.1.24.

V2X services authorized for PPPR:

The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.29 and table 5.3.1.29.

Default destination layer-2 ID:

The default destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.19, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in E-UTRA-PC5contents.

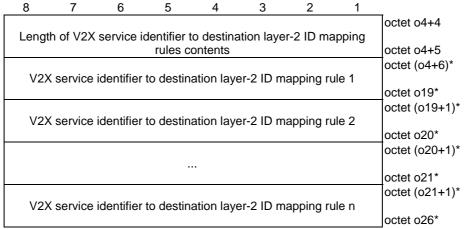


Figure 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.20: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule:
The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.21 and table 5.3.1.21.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
								octet o19+1			
Length of	of V2X se	rvice ide	ntifier to	destination	on layer-2	2 ID mapp	oing rule				
	contents										
								octet o19+3			
		V	2X servic	e identifie	ers						
								octet o22			
								octet o22+1			
	Destination layer-2 ID										
								octet (o22+3) =			
								octet o20			

Figure 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.21: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID:

The destination layer-2 ID field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.21, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID mapping rule contents.

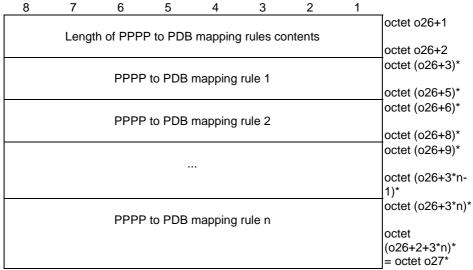


Figure 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.22: PPPP to PDB mapping rules

PPPP to PDB mapping rule:
The PPPP to PDB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.23 and table 5.3.1.23.

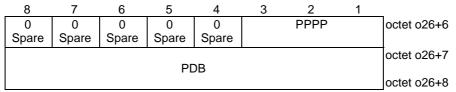


Figure 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.23: PPPP to PDB mapping rule

```
ProSe per-packet priority (PPPP):
The PPPP field is a ProSe per-packet priority value.
Bits
3 2 1
000 PPPP value 1
0 0 1 PPPP value 2
0 1 0 PPPP value 3
0 1 1
      PPPP value 4
100 PPPP value 5
101 PPPP value 6
110 PPPP value 7
111 PPPP value 8
Packet delay budget (PDB):
The PDB field indicates binary encoded the packet delay budget value in miliseconds
to which the ProSe per-packet priority value indicated by the PPPP field is mapped.
```

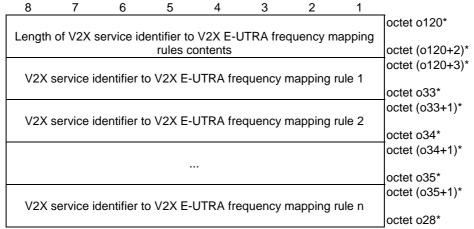


Figure 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.24: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rules

V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule:
The V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.25 and table 5.3.1.25.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o33+1
Length	of V2X s	ervice ide	entifier to	V2X E-I	JTRA fred	quency m	napping	
			rule co	ntents				octet o33+2
								octet o33+3
		V2	X service	e identifi	ers			
								octet o39
								octet o39+1
,	V2X E-U	TRA freq	uencies v	with geo	graphical	areas list	t	
								octet o34

Figure 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.25: V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list:

The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.26 and table 5.3.1.26.

If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.25, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X E-UTRA frequency mapping rule contents.

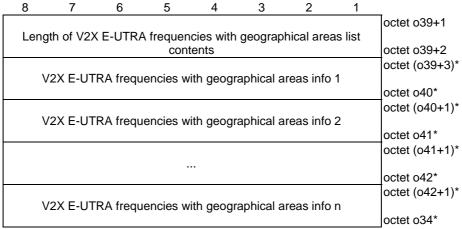


Figure 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

Table 5.3.1.26: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas list

V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info:
The V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.27 and table 5.3.1.27.

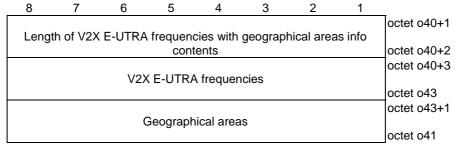


Figure 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

Table 5.3.1.27: V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info

V2X E-UTRA frequencies:

The V2X E-UTRA frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.28 and table 5.3.1.28.

Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.27, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X E-UTRA frequencies with geographical areas info contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	<u></u>
								octet o40+3
	Len	gth of V2	X E-UTR	A frequei	ncies con	itents		
								octet o40+4
		octet (o40+5)*						
								octet (o40+7)*
					_			octet (o40+8)*
		V2)	K E-UTRA	4 frequer	icy 2			/
								octet (o40+10)*
								octet (o40+11)*
								octet (o40+4+(n-
								1)*3)*
		\/2\	/ E LITD /	\ fraguer	01/ D			octet (o40+5+(n- 1)*3)*
		VZ/	K E-UTRA	4 irequei	icy II			1) 3)
								octet
								(o40+4+n*3)* =
								octet o42*

Figure 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

Table 5.3.1.28: V2X E-UTRA frequencies

V2X E-UTRA frequency:
V2X E-UTRA frequency is coded according to the EARFCN value defined in
3GPP TS 36.101 [13].

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
		43.453.4						octet o106					
	Length of V2X services authorized for PPPR contents												
								octet o106+1 octet (o106+2)*					
		V2X ser	vice auth	orized for	PPPR 1								
								octet o36* octet (o36+1)*					
	V2X service authorized for PPPR 2												
								octet o37*					
								octet (o37+1)*					
								octet o38*					
								octet (o38+1)*					
		V2X ser	vice auth	orized for	PPPR n			, ,					
								octet o29*					

Figure 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.29: V2X services authorized for PPPR

V2X service authorized for PPPR: The V2X services authorized for PPPR field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.30 and table 5.3.1.30.

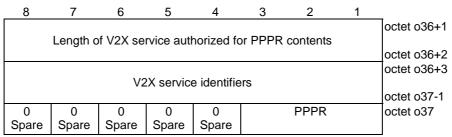
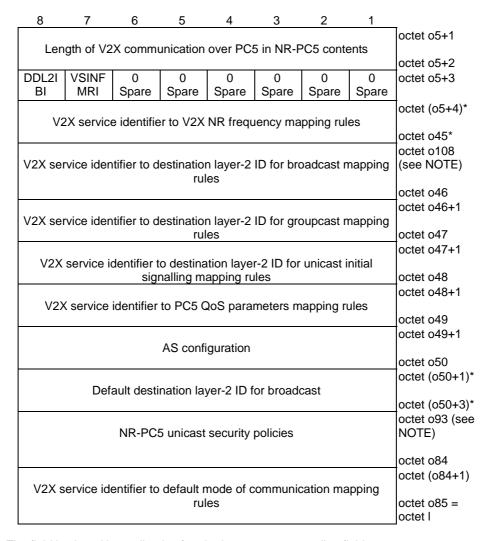


Figure 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

Table 5.3.1.30: V2X service authorized for PPPR

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. ProSe per-packet reliability (PPPR): The PPPR field is a ProSe per-packet reliability value. Bits 3 2 1 000 PPPR value 1 0 0 1 PPPR value 2 010 PPPR value 3 0 1 1 PPPR value 4 100 PPPR value 5 101 PPPR value 6 110 PPPR value 7 111 PPPR value 8 If the length of V2X service authorized for PPPR contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.30, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service authorized for PPPR contents.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

Table 5.3.1.31: V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5

Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast indicator (DDL2IBI):

The DDL2IBI bit indicates presence of the default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field.

Bit

8

- 0 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is absent
- 1 Default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules indicator (VSINFMRI): The VSINFMRI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field.

Bit

7

- 0 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is present

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.32 and table 5.3.1.32.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.37 and table 5.3.1.37.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.39 and table 5.3.1.39.

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.41 and table 5.3.1.41.

V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.43 and table 5.3.1.43.

AS configuration:

The AS configuration field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46a and table 5.3.1.46a.

Default destination laver-2 ID for broadcast:

The default destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

NR-PC5 unicast security policies:

The NR-PC5 unicast security policies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.50 and table 5.3.1.50.

V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules:

The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules is coded according to figure 5.3.1.53 and table 5.3.1.53.

If the length of V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.31, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X communication over PC5 in NR-PC5 contents.

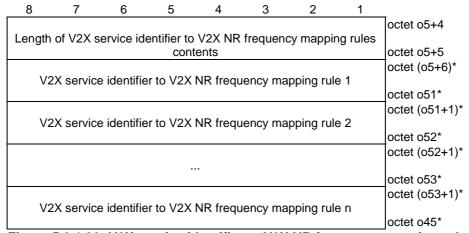


Figure 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.32: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rules

V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule is coded according to figure 5.3.1.33 and table 5.3.1.33.

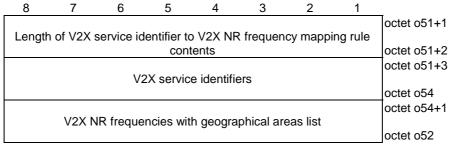


Figure 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.33: V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list:

The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.34 and table 5.3.1.34.

If the length of V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.33, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to V2X NR frequency mapping rule contents.

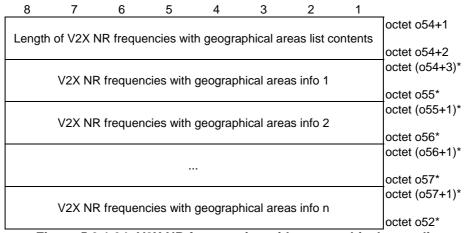


Figure 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

Table 5.3.1.34: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas list

V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info: The V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.35 and table 5.3.1.35.

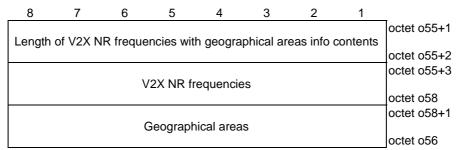


Figure 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

Table 5.3.1.35: V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info

V2X NR frequencies:

The V2X NR frequencies field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.36 and table 5.3.1.36.

Geographical areas:

The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.

If the length of V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.35, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X NR frequencies with geographical areas info contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	<u></u>
								octet o55+3
	Le							
								octet o55+4
			(O) (NID (octet (o55+5)*
		V	2X NR fr	equency	1			/ - 55 . 7*
								octet (o55+7)*
			OV ND 6		0			octet (o55+8)*
		V	2X NR fr	equency	2			
								octet (o55+10)*
								octet (o55+11)*
				••				ootot (oEE L 4 L (n
								octet (o55+4+(n- 1)*3)*
								octet (o55+5+(n-
		V	2X NR fr	aduancy	n			1)*3)*
		V	2/\ I\I\ II	equency	11			1, 3,
								octet
								(o55+4+n*3)* =
								octet o58*

Figure 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

Table 5.3.1.36: V2X NR frequencies

V2X NR frequency:
V2X NR frequency is coded according to the NR-ARFCN value defined in
3GPP TS 38.101-1 [14] and 3GPP TS 38.101-2 [15].

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
								octet o108					
Length of	Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast												
	mapping rules contents												
								octet (o108+2)*					
V2X sei	vice ider	ntifier to d	estinatio	n layer-2	ID for br	oadcast n	napping						
			rul	e 1				octet o59*					
								octet (o59+1)*					
V2X sei	vice ider	ntifier to d		•	ID for br	oadcast n	napping						
			rul	e 2				octet o60*					
								octet (o60+1)*					
								octet o61*					
								octet (o61+1)*					
V2X sei	vice ider	ntifier to d	estinatio	n layer-2	ID for br	oadcast n	napping						
			rul	e n				octet o46*					

Figure 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.37: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.38 and table 5.3.1.38.

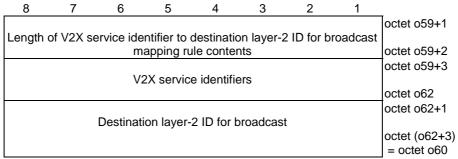


Figure 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.38: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:
The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for broadcast:
The destination layer-2 ID for broadcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.38, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for broadcast mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
								octet o46+1					
Length of	Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules contents												
		ma	pping ru	ies conte	nts			octet o46+2					
V0V		. e:e:		0	ID (octet (o46+3)*					
V2X se	rvice ider	ntifier to d		-	וט זor gro	oupcast r	napping						
			rul	e i				octet o63*					
V0V		.4:£: 4l			ID 40 " ""			octet (o63+1)*					
VZA Sei	vice idei	ntifier to d		n layer-z e 2	וטו טו פונ	oupcasi i	napping	octet o64*					
			Tul	e									
								octet (o64+1)*					
								octet o65*					
								octet (065+1)*					
V2X se	rvice ider	ntifier to d	estinatio	n laver-2	ID for are	nuncast r	nannina	00161 (003+1)					
VZX 3CI	vice idei	itilioi to d		e n	ib ioi git	συρυασί τ	парріпу	octet o47*					

Figure 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.39: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.40 and table 5.3.1.40.

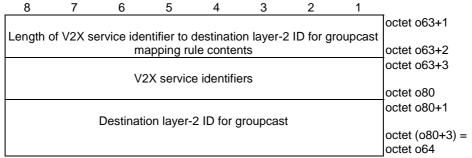


Figure 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.40: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for groupcast:

The destination layer-2 ID for groupcast field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.40, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for groupcast mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
								octet o47+1					
Length	Length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast												
	initial signalling mapping rules contents												
								octet (o47+3)*					
V2X	service i			,	r-2 ID for	unicast	initial						
		sigr	nalling ma	apping ru	ıle 1			octet o66*					
								octet (o66+1)*					
V2X	service i	dentifier t	to destina	ation laye	r-2 ID for	unicast	initial						
		sigr	nalling ma	apping rι	ıle 2			octet o67*					
								octet (o67+1)*					
								octet o68*					
								octet (o68+1)*					
V2X	service i	dentifier t	to destina	ation laye	r-2 ID for	unicast	initial						
1		sigr	nalling ma	apping ru	ıle n			octet o48*					

Figure 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.41: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rules

V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.42 and table 5.3.1.42.

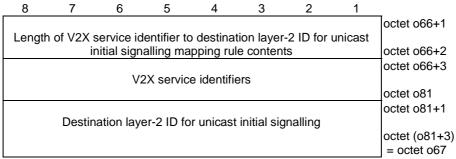


Figure 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.42: V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling:

The destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling field is a binary coded layer 2 identifier.

If the length of V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.42, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to destination layer-2 ID for unicast initial signalling mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o48+1
Length	octet o48+2							
			Tules o	ontents				octet (048+3)*
V2X	service	dentifier	to PC5 C	oS para	meters m	apping ru	ıle 1	,
								octet o70*
V2X	service	dentifier	to PC5 C	nS nara	meters m	anning ri	ıle 2	octet (o70+1)*
VZX	SCIVICC	deritiilei	101 00 0	oo para	incloid in	apping it	JIC 2	octet o71*
								octet (o71+1)*
								ootot 070*
								octet o72* octet (o72+1)*
V2X	service	dentifier	to PC5 C	oS para	meters m	apping ru	ule n	(37211)
				•		0		octet o49*

Figure 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.43: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.46 and table 5.3.1.46.

Figure 5.3.1.44: void

Table 5.3.1.44: void

Figure 5.3.1.45: void

Table 5.3.1.45: void

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_				
	() (0) (,						octet o70+1				
Length	Length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents											
			COIT	.CIII.S				octet o70+2 octet o70+3				
GFBRI	MFBRI	PLAMB	RI	0	0	0	0	octet o74+1				
		RI		Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	octet o74+2				
	PQI											
								ootot (074+2)*				
		Gua	aranteed	flow bit r	ate			octet (o74+3)*				
								octet (o74+5)*				
								octet (o94)* (see				
		Ma	aximum f	flow bit ra	ate			NOTE)				
								octet (o94+2)*				
								octet (095)* (see				
		Per-link a	ggregate	e maximu	m bit rate)		NOTE)				
								octet (o95+2)*				
	octet (o96)* (see NOTE)											
	Range											
								octet o71*				

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.46: V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule

V2X service identifiers:

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.

Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI):

The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field.

Bit

8

0 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent

Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present

Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI):

The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field.

Bit

7

0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent

1 Maximum flow bit rate field is present

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI):

The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field. Bit

6

0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent

1 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present

Range indicator (RI):

The RI bit indicates presence of range field.

Bit

5

0 Range field is absent

1 Range field is present

```
PQI:
Bits
87654321
00000000
           Reserved
00000001
  to
       Spare
00010100
00010101
           PQI 21
00010110
           PQI 22
00010111
           PQI 23
00011000
 to
      Spare
00110110
00110111
           PQI 55
00111000
           PQI 56
00111001
           PQI 57
00111010
           PQI 58
00111011
           PQI 59
00111100
 to
       Spare
01011001
01011010
           PQI 90
01011011
           PQI 91
01011100
 to
      Spare
01111111
10000000
 to
       Operator-specific PQIs
11111110
11111111
           Reserved
```

If the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with:

- GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and
- non-GBR resource type, if the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.

The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures.

Guaranteed flow bit rate:

The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
                value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001000
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
protocol.
```

Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Maximum flow bit rate:

The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.

Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
00001000
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
```

protocol.

Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate

in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate.

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.

Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

Bits

87654321

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 value is not used	0	0000000	value is not used
-----------------------------------	---	---------	-------------------

00000001 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps 00000010 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps 00000011 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps 00000100 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps 00000101 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps 00000110 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps 00000111 00001000 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps

0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps

0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps

0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps

0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 45 Gbps

0 0 0 1 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps

0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps

0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps

0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps

Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.

Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.

Range

The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters.

If the length of V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PC5 QoS parameters mapping rule contents.

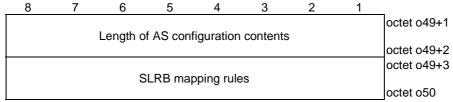


Figure 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

Table 5.3.1.46a: AS configuration

SLRB mapping rules:

The SLRB mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.47 and table 5.3.1.47.

If the length of AS configuration contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.46a, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the AS configuration contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
	Length of SLRB mapping rules contents											
		S	LRB map	ping rule	1			octet o75*				
								octet (o75+1)*				
	SLRB mapping rule 2											
								octet o76*				
								octet (o76+1)*				
								, ,				
								octet o77*				
								octet (o77+1)*				
	SLRB mapping rule n											
		_		1 3				octet o50*				

Figure 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.47: SLRB mapping rules

SLRB ma	oping rule:
---------	-------------

The SLRB mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.48 and table 5.3.1.48.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1					
								octet o75+1				
	Length of SLRB mapping rule contents											
	octet o75+2											
								octet o75+3				
			PC5 Qo	S profile								
	. 66 466 p.o6											
			Length	of SLRB				octet o78+1				
			•									
								octet o78+2				
								octet o78+3				
			SL	.RB								
								octet o76				

Figure 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.48: SLRB mapping rule

PC5 QoS profile:

The PC5 QoS profile field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.49 and table 5.3.1.49.

SLRE

SLRB is defined as SL-PreconfigurationNR in clause 9.3 of 3GPP TS 38.331 [12].

If the length of SLRB mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.48, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the SLRB mapping rule contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
		Length of	f PC5 Oc	S profile	contents			octet o75+3			
	octet o75+4										
GFBRI	0 Spare	octet o73+5									
	octet o75+6										
	octet (o75+7)*										
		Out	aranteed	flow bit r	aic			octet (o75+9)*			
	Maximum flow bit rate										
								octet (o97+2)*			
	Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate										
								octet (o98+2)*			
			Rai	nge				octet o99* (see NOTE)			
								octet (o99+1)*			
0 Spare	0 Spare	0 Spare	0 Spare	0 Spare	Р	riority lev	el	octet o100* (see NOTE)			
	Averaging window										
	octet o102*										
	(see NOTE)										
	octet (o102+1)* = octet o78*										

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

Table 5.3.1.49:PC5 QoS profile

Guaranteed flow bit rate indicator (GFBRI): The GFBRI bit indicates presence of guaranteed flow bit rate field. Bit 8 0 Guaranteed flow bit rate field is absent Guaranteed flow bit rate field is present Maximum flow bit rate indicator (MFBRI): The MFBRI bit indicates presence of maximum flow bit rate field. Bit 0 Maximum flow bit rate field is absent Maximum flow bit rate field is present Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate indicator (PLAMBRI): The PLAMBRI bit indicates presence of per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field. Bit Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is absent 0 Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field is present Range indicator (RI): The RI bit indicates presence of range field. Bit 0 Range field is absent Range field is present Priority level octet indicator (OPLI): The OPLI bit indicates presence of the octet of the priority level field. Bit O The octet of the priority level is absent The octet of the priority level is present

Averaging window indicator (AWI):

The AWI bit indicates presence of averaging window field.

Bit

0 Averaging window field is absent

1 Averaging window field is present

Maximum data burst volume indicator (MDBVI):

The MDBVI bit indicates presence of maximum data burst volume field.

Bit **2**

0 Maximum data burst volume field is absent

1 Maximum data burst volume field is present

```
PQI:
Bits
87654321
00000000
           Reserved
00000001
  to
       Spare
00010100
00010101
           PQI 21
00010110
           PQI 22
00010111
           PQI 23
00011000
 to
      Spare
00110110
00110111
           PQI 55
00111000
           PQI 56
00111001
           PQI 57
00111010
           PQI 58
00111011
           PQI 59
00111100
       Spare
 to
01011001
01011010
           PQI 90
01011011
           PQI 91
01011100
 to
      Spare
01111111
10000000
 to
       Operator-specific PQIs
11111110
11111111
           Reserved
```

If the UE receives a PQI value (excluding the reserved PQI values) that it does not understand, the UE shall choose a PQI value from the set of PQI values defined in this version of the protocol (see 3GPP TS 23.287 [2]) and associated with:

- GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile includes the guaranteed flow bit rate field; and
- non-GBR resource type, if the PC5 QoS profile does not include the guaranteed flow bit rate field.

The UE shall use this chosen PQI value for internal operations only. The UE shall use the received PQI value in subsequent V2X communication over PC5 signalling procedures.

protocol.

Guaranteed flow bit rate:

The guaranteed flow bit rate field indicates guaranteed flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
                value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001000
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
```

Value of the guaranteed flow bit rate is binary coded value of the guaranteed flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the guaranteed flow bit rate.

Maximum flow bit rate:

The maximum flow bit rate field indicates maximum flow bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the maximum flow bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the maximum flow bit rate.

Unit of the maximum flow bit rate:

```
Bits
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000101
00000110
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001000
00001001
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001101
00001110
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010010
00010011
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010101
00010110
                value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
                value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00010111
00011000
                value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
00011001
                value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps
Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the
protocol.
```

Value of the maximum flow bit rate is binary coded value of the maximum flow bit rate in units defined by the unit of the maximum flow bit rate.

Per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

The per-link aggregate maximum bit rate field indicates per-link aggregate maximum bit rate for both sending and receiving and contains one octet indicating the unit of the perlink aggregate maximum bit rate followed by two octets containing the value of the perlink aggregate maximum bit rate.

Unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate:

```
87654321
00000000
               value is not used
00000001
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Kbps
00000010
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Kbps
00000011
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Kbps
00000100
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Kbps
00000101
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Kbps
00000110
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Mbps
00000111
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Mbps
00001000
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Mbps
00001001
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Mbps
00001010
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Mbps
00001011
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Gbps
00001100
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Gbps
00001101
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Gbps
00001110
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Gbps
00001111
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Gbps
00010000
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Tbps
00010001
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Tbps
00010010
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Tbps
00010011
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Tbps
00010100
               value is incremented in multiples of 256 Tbps
00010101
               value is incremented in multiples of 1 Pbps
00010110
               value is incremented in multiples of 4 Pbps
00010111
               value is incremented in multiples of 16 Pbps
00011000
               value is incremented in multiples of 64 Pbps
```

value is incremented in multiples of 256 Pbps Other values shall be interpreted as multiples of 256 Pbps in this version of the protocol.

Value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate is binary coded value of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate in units defined by the unit of the per-link aggregate maximum bit rate.

The range field indicates a binary encoded value of the range in meters.

Priority level:

00011001

The Priority level field contains a ProSe per-packet priority value.

Bits

3 2 1

000 PPPP value 1

0 0 1 PPPP value 2

0 1 0 PPPP value 3

0 1 1 PPPP value 4 100 PPPP value 5

101 PPPP value 6

110 PPPP value 7

111 PPPP value 8

Averaging window:

The averaging window field indicates a binary representation of the averaging window for both sending and receiving in milliseconds.

Maximum data burst volume:

The maximum data burst volume field indicates a binary representation of the maximum data burst volume for both sending and receiving in octets.

If the length of PC5 QoS profile contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.49, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PC5 QoS profile contents.

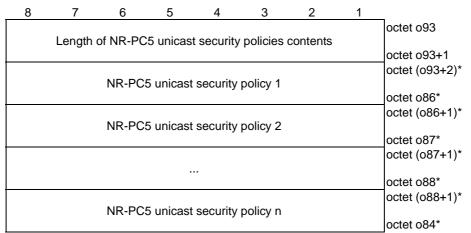


Figure 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

Table 5.3.1.50: NR-PC5 unicast security policies

NR-PC5 unicast security policy: The NR-PC5 unicast security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.51 and table 5.3.1.51.

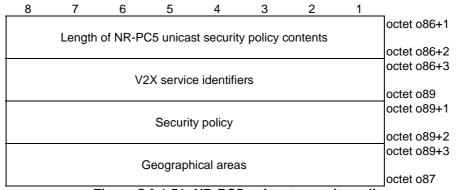


Figure 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

Table 5.3.1.51: NR-PC5 unicast security policy

V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14.
Security policy: The security policy field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.52 and table 5.3.1.52
Geographical areas: The geographical areas field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.18 and table 5.3.1.18.
If the length of NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.51, the receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the NR-PC5 unicast security policy contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
0	Signallin	g cipherir	ng policy	0	Sign	alling inte	grity	octet o89+1
spare				spare	prot	ection po	licy	
0	User p	lane ciph	nering	0	User	plane inte	grity	octet o89+2
spare		policy		spare	prot	ection po	licy	

Figure 5.3.1.52: Security policy

Table 5.3.1.52: Security policy

```
Signalling integrity protection policy (octet o89+1, bit 1 to 3):
Bits
3 2
   0
       0
              Signalling integrity protection not needed
0
0
  0
      1
              Signalling integrity protection preferred
              Signalling integrity protection required
0
   1
       0
0
   1
      1
          Spare
   to
1
   1
       0
   1
       1
              Reserved
If the UE receives a signalling integrity protection policy value that the UE does not
understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling integrity protection
required".
Signaling ciphering policy (octet o89+1, bit 5 to 7):
Bits
7 6
0 0
      0
              Signalling ciphering not needed
0 0 1
              Signalling ciphering preferred
              Signalling ciphering required
0
   1
      0
```

0 1 1 to Spare 1 1 0 Reserved

If the UE receives a signalling ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "Signalling ciphering required".

Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+1 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

User plane integrity protection policy (octet o89+2, bit 1 to 3):

```
Bits
3 2
0
   0
      0
             User plane integrity protection not needed
             User plane integrity protection preferred
0
   0
      1
      0
             User plane integrity protection required
n
   1
0
   1
      1
   to
          Spare
1
      0
   1
             Reserved
```

If the UE receives a user plane integrity protection policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane integrity protection required".

User plane ciphering policy (octet o89+2, bit 5 to 7): Bits

```
7 6
0 0
      0
             User plane ciphering not needed
0
  0
             User plane ciphering preferred
      1
0
  1
      0
             User plane ciphering required
0
  1
      1
         Spare
  to
      0
   1
  1
             Reserved
```

If the UE receives a user plane ciphering policy value that the UE does not understand, the UE shall interpret the value as 010 "User plane ciphering required".

Bit 4 and 8 of octet o89+2 are spare and shall be coded as zero.

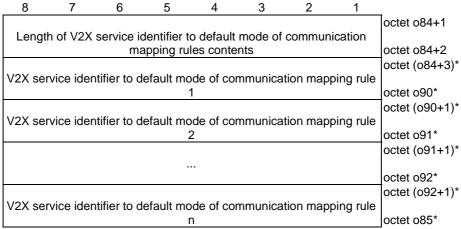


Figure 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

Table 5.3.1.53: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rules

V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule: The V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.54 and table 5.3.1.54.

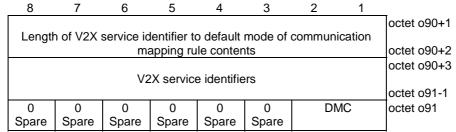


Figure 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

Table 5.3.1.54: V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule

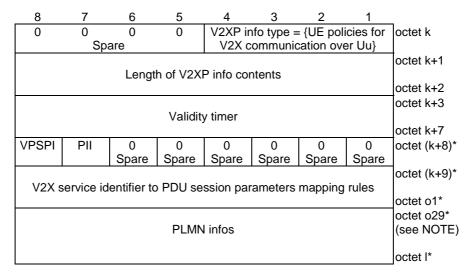
V2X service identifiers: The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.3.1.14 and table 5.3.1.14. Default mode of communication (DMC): The DMC field indicates the default mode of communication. Bits 2 1 0 0 unicast 0 1 groupcast 1 0 broadcast 11 spare If the DMC field is set to a spare value, the receiving entity shall ignore the V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule. If the length of V2X service identifier to default mode of communication mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.3.1.54, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to

default mode of communication mapping rule contents.

5.4 Encoding of UE policies for V2X communication over Uu

5.4.1 General

The UE policies for V2X communication over Uu are coded as shown in figures 5.4.1.1 and table 5.4.1.1.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

Table 5.4.1.1: V2XP Info = {UE policies for V2X communication over Uu}

V2XP info type (bit 1 to 4 of octet k) shall be set to "0010" (UE policies for V2X communication over Uu)

Length of V2XP info contents (octets k+1 to k+2) indicates the length of V2XP info contents.

Validity timer

The validity timer field provides the expiration time of validity of the UE policies for V2X communication over Uu. The validity timer field is a binary coded representation of a UTC time, in seconds since midnight UTC of January 1, 1970 (not counting leap seconds).

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules indicator (VPSPI) The VPSPI bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field.

Bit

8

- 0 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is present

PLMN infos indicator (APII)

The PII bit indicates presence of the PLMN infos field.

Bit

,

- 0 PLMN infos field is absent
- 1 PLMN infos field is present

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules The V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.17 and table 5.4.1.17.

PLMN infos

The PLMN infos field is coded according to the figure 5.4.1.2 and table 5.4.1.2 and contains a list of PLMNs in which the UE is configured to use V2X communication over Uu.

If the length of V2XP info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.1, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2XP info contents.

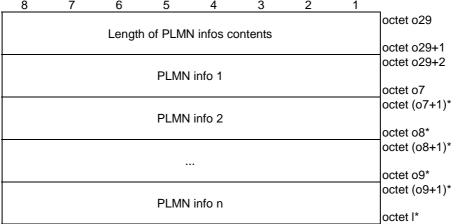


Figure 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

Table 5.4.1.2: PLMN infos

PLMN info

The PLMN info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.3 and table 5.4.1.3.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1				
				N info co				octet o7+1			
	octet o7+2										
			PLMI	N IDs							
								octet o5			
VSIUII	VSIRII	0	0	0	0	0	0	octet o5+1			
		Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare	Spare				
		V2X serv	rice ident	ifier unre	lated info			octet (o5+2)*			
	octet o30*										
	(see NOTE)										
								octet o8*			

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

Table 5.4.1.3: PLMN info

PLMN IDs The PLMN IDs field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.4 and table 5.4.1.4. V2X service identifier unrelated info indicator (VSIUII) The VSIUII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier unrelated info field. Bit

- 0 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier unrelated info field is present

V2X service identifier related info indicator (VSIRII)

The VSIRII bit indicates presence of the V2X service identifier related info field. Bit

7

8

- 0 V2X service identifier related info field is absent
- 1 V2X service identifier related info field is present

V2X service identifier unrelated info

The V2X service identifier unrelated info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.6 and table 5.4.1.6, and contains information for V2X services not identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field.

V2X service identifier related info

The V2X service identifier related info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.9 and table 5.4.1.9, and contains information for V2X services identified by V2X service identifiers, applicable in a PLMN indicated in the PLMN IDs field.

If the length of PLMN info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.3, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the PLMN info contents.

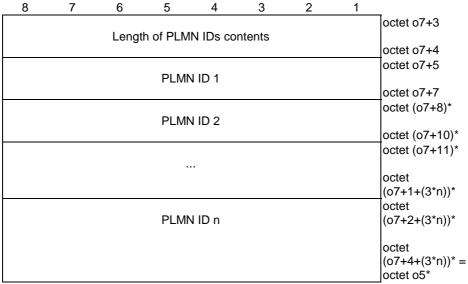


Figure 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs

Table 5.4.1.4: PLMN IDs

PLMN ID
The PLMN ID field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.5 and table 5.4.1.5.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	_
	MCC	digit 2			MCC	digit 1		octet o7+8
	MNC	digit 3			MCC	digit 3		octet o7+9
	MNC	digit 2			MNC	digit 1		octet o7+10

Figure 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID

Table 5.4.1.5: PLMN ID

Mobile country code (MCC)

The MCC field is coded as in ITU-T Recommendation E.212 [6], annex A.

Mobile network code (MNC)

The coding of MNC field is the responsibility of each administration but BCD coding shall be used. The MNC shall consist of 2 or 3 digits. If a network operator decides to use only two digits in the MNC, MNC digit 3 shall be coded as "1111".

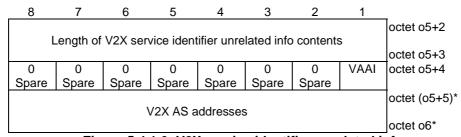


Figure 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

Table 5.4.1.6: V2X service identifier unrelated info

V2X AS address indicator (VAAI)
The VAAI bit indicates presence of the V2X AS address field.
Bit

1
0 V2X AS address field is absent
1 V2X AS address field is present
V2X AS addresses
The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7.

If the length of V2X service identifier unrelated info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.6, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous

octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier unrelated info contents.

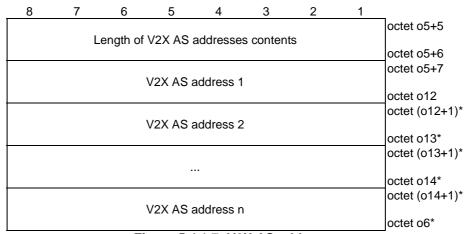


Figure 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

Table 5.4.1.7: V2X AS addresses

V2X AS address

The V2X AS address field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.8 and table 5.4.1.8.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1						
	Langth of VOV AS addrags contents												
	Length of V2X AS address contents												
ΙΔΝ	I4AI I6AI FI UPUTI TPBTI UPDTI GAI 0												
17/1	Spare												
	IPv4 address												
	octet (o12+7)*												
	IPv6 address												
			ii vo a	uuiess				(see NOTE)					
								octet (o31+15)*					
								octet o32*					
			FQ	DN				(see NOTE)					
								octet o15*					
								octet o33*					
		UDP	port for u	ıplink trar	nsport			(see NOTE)					
								(00 4)*					
								octet (o33+1)* octet o34*					
		TCP nor	t for bidir	ectional t	transnort			(see NOTE)					
		TOT PO	t for blan	Collonar	папорот			(00011012)					
								octet (o34+1)*					
			_					octet o35*					
		UDP p	ort for do	wnlink tra	ansport			(see NOTE)					
	octet (o35+1)* octet o36*												
	(see NOTE)												
								octet o13*					

NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

Table 5.4.1.8: V2X AS address

IPv4 Address Indicator (I4AI) The I4AI bit indicates presence of the IPv4 address field. Bit IPv4 address field is absent IPv4 address field is present IPv6 Address Indicator (I6AI) The I6AI bit indicates presence of the IPv6 address field. Bit 0 IPv6 address field is absent 1 IPv6 address field is present FQDN Indicator (FI) The FI bit indicates presence of the FQDN field. Bit 0 FQDN field is absent 1 FQDN field is present UDP Port for Uplink Transport Indicator (UPUTI) The UPUI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for uplink transport field. Bit 0 UDP port for uplink transport field is absent 1 UDP port for uplink transport field is present TCP Port for Bidirectional Transport Indicator (TPBTI) The TPBTI bit indicates presence of the TCP port for bidirectional transport field. Bit 0 TCP port for bidirectional transport field is absent TCP port for bidirectional transport field is present UDP Port for Downlink Transport Indicator (UPUTI) The UPUTI bit indicates presence of the UDP port for downlink transport field. Bit UDP port for downlink transport field is absent 0 UDP port for downlink transport field is present Geographical Area Indicator (GAI) The GAI bit indicates presence of the geographical area field. Bit 2 0 geographical area field is absent geographical area field is present IPv4 address (NOTE 2) The IPv4 address field contains an IPv4 address of a V2X application server. IPv6 address (NOTE 2) The IPv6 address field contains an IPv6 address of a V2X application server. The FQDN field contains an FQDN of a V2X application server. The first octet of the FQDN field indicates length of the FQDN and the remaining octets of the FQDN field contain the FQDN. UDP port for uplink transport (NOTE 1) The UDP port for uplink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for uplink transport. TCP port for bidirectional transport (NOTE 1)

The TCP port for bidirectional transport field indicates binary coded TCP port to be

used for bidirectional transport.

UDP port for downlink transport (NOTE 1)

The UDP port for downlink transport field indicates binary coded UDP port to be used for downlink transport.

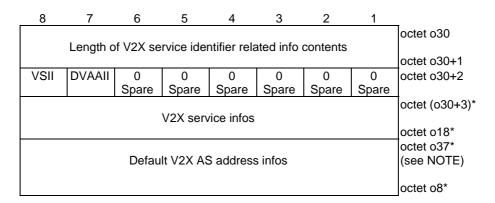
Geographical area

The Geographical area field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.15 and table 5.4.1.15, and contains a list of points of a polygon.

If the length of V2X AS address contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.8, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X AS address contents.

NOTE 1: The UDP port for uplink transport field, the TCP port for bidirectional transport field, and the UDP port for downlink transport field are absent when the V2X AS address is present in the V2X service identifier unrelated info.

NOTE 2: One of the IPv4 address field, the IPv6 address field or the FQDN field is present.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

Table 5.4.1.9: V2X service identifier related info

V2X service infos indicator (VSII)

The VSII bit indicates presence of the V2X service infos field. Bit

8

- 0 V2X service infos field is absent
- V2X service infos field is present

Default V2X AS address infos indicator (DVAAII)

The AVSII bit indicates presence of the default V2X AS address infos field. Bit

- 0 Default V2X AS address infos field is absent
- Default V2X AS address infos field is present

V2X service infos

The V2X service infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.10 and table 5.4.1.10 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier to V2X application server address mapping rules.

Default V2X AS address infos

The default V2X AS address infos field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.13 and table 5.4.1.13 and indicates default V2X application server addresses for the unicast V2X communication over Uu.

If the length of V2X service identifier related info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.9, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier related info contents.

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o30+3
		Length of	V2X ser	vice infos	content	S		
								octet o30+4
								octet o30+5
		,	V2X serv	rice info 1				
								octet o20
								octet (o20+1)*
		,	V2X serv	rice info 2	<u> </u>			, ,
								octet o21*
								octet (o21+1)*
								,
								octet o22*
								octet (o22+1)*
		,	V2X serv	ice info r	1			(3== 1.1)
			, . 001 •		•			octet o18*

Figure 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

Table 5.4.1.10: V2X service infos

V2X service info

The V2X service info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.11 and table 5.4.1.11.

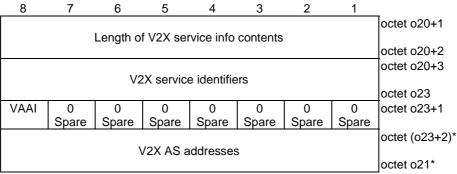


Figure 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

Table 5.4.1.11: V2X service info

V2X service identifiers

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier.

V2X AS addresses indicator (VAAI)

The AVSII bit indicates presence of the V2X AS addresses field. Bit

8

- 0 V2X AS addresses field is absent
- 1 V2X AS addresses field is present

V2X AS addresses

The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for V2X services identified by the V2X service identifiers indicated in the V2X service identifiers field.

If the length of V2X service info contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.11, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service info contents.

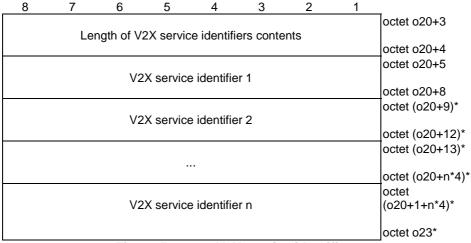


Figure 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

Table 5.4.1.12: V2X service identifiers

V2X service identifier

The V2X service identifier field contains a binary coded V2X service identifier as specified in ISO TS 17419 ITS-AID AssignedNumbers [5].

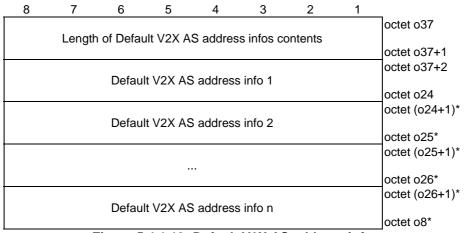
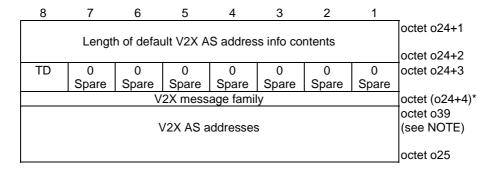


Figure 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

Table 5.4.1.13: Default V2X AS address infos

Default V2X AS address info
The default V2X AS address info field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.14 and table 5.4.1.14.



NOTE: The field is placed immediately after the last present preceding field.

Figure 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

Table 5.4.1.14: Default V2X AS address info

Type of Data (TD) The type of data bit indicates type of data. 8 0 non-IP 1 IP If the type of data bit is set to "non-IP", then the V2X message family field is present otherwise the V2X message family field is absent. V2X message family Bits 87654321 00000001 IEEE 1609, see IEEE 1609.3 [8] 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 ISO, see ISO 29281-1 [9] 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 ETSI-ITS, see ETSI EN 302 636-3 [10] All other values are spare. V2X AS addresses The V2X AS addresses field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.7 and table 5.4.1.7 and indicates V2X application server addresses for type of data identified by the TD bit and the V2X message family (if the type of data is non-IP). If the length of default V2X AS address info contents field indicates a length bigger than

indicated in figure 5.4.1.14, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located

at the end of the default V2X AS address info contents.

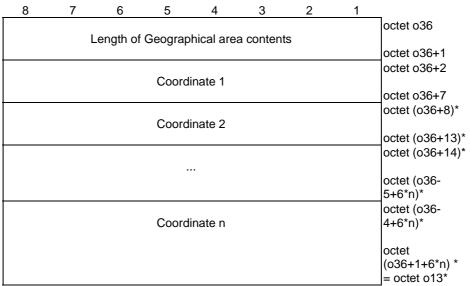


Figure 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

Table 5.4.1.15: Geographical area

Coordina The coor		eld is cod	ed accor	ding to fi	gure 5.4.	1.16 and	table 5	.4.1.16.
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
			Lati	tude				octet o36+8 octet o36+10
			Long	jitude				octet o36+11 octet o36+13
Figure 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area								

Table 5.4.1.16: Coordinate area

Latitude The latitude field is coded according to subclause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].	
Longitude The longitude field is coded according to subclause 6.1 of 3GPP TS 23.032 [7].	

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet k+9
Length of	of V2X s	ervice ide		PDU ses	ssion para	meters r	mapping	octet k+10
1/01/			5511					octet k+11
V2X s	ervice id	entifier to	PDU ses	ssion pai	rameters i	mapping	rule 1	octet o2
								octet (o2+1)*
V2X s	ervice id	entifier to	PDU ses	ssion pa	rameters i	mapping	rule 2	
								octet o3*
								octet (o3+1)*
			••					octet o4*
								octet (o4+1)*
V2X s	ervice id	entifier to	PDU ses	ssion pa	rameters i	mapping	rule n	
								octet o1*

Figure 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

Table 5.4.1.17: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rules

V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule The V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.18 and table 5.4.1.18.

	octet o2+1
Length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping	
rule contents	octet o2+2
	octet o2+3
V2X service identifiers	
	octet o28
	octet o28+1
Length of route selection descriptor list	
	octet o28+2
	octet (o28+3)*
Route selection descriptor list	
, i	octet o3*

Figure 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
								octet o28+3
		Rout	e selection	on descri	ptor 1			
								octet o29
								octet (o29+1)*
		Rout	e selectio	on descri	ptor 2			
								octet o30*
								octet (o30+1)*
								octet o31*
								octet (o30+1)*
		Route	e selectio	n descri	ptor m			
								octet o3*

Figure 5.4.1.19: Route selection descriptor list

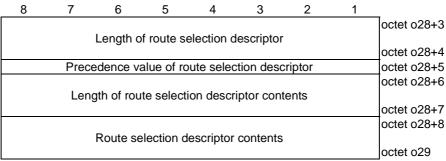


Figure 5.4.1.20: Route selection descriptor

Table 5.4.1.18: V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule

V2X service identifiers

The V2X service identifiers field is coded according to figure 5.4.1.12 and table 5.4.1.12 and indicates a list of V2X service identifier.

Route selection descriptor contents (octets o28+8 to o29)

The route selection descriptor contents field is of variable size and contains a variable number (at least one) of route selection descriptor components. Each route selection descriptor component shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet route selection descriptor component type identifier and a route selection descriptor component value field. The route selection descriptor component type identifier shall be transmitted first.

Route selection descriptor component type identifier Bits

SITS

87654321

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 SSC mode type

0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 S-NSSAI type

00000100 DNN type

0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 PDU session type type

0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 Transport layer protocol type

All other values are spare. If received, they shall be ignored.

For "SSC mode type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet SSC mode field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the SSC mode information element defined in subclause 9.11.4.16 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "SSC mode type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

For "S-NSSAI type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet S-NSSAI length field and an S-NSSAI value field of a variable size. The S-NSSAI value shall be encoded as the value part of the S-NSSAI information element defined in subclause 9.11.2.8 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4].

For "DNN type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a sequence of a one octet DNN length field and a DNN value field of a variable size. The DNN value contains an APN as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [17].

For "PDU session type type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as a one octet PDU session type field. The bits 8 through 4 of the octet shall be spare, and the bits 3 through 1 shall be encoded as the value part of the PDU session type information element defined in subclause 9.11.4.11 of 3GPP TS 24.501 [4]. The "PDU session type type" route selection descriptor component shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

For "Transport layer protocol type", the route selection descriptor component value field shall be encoded as:

Bits

87654321

00000001 UDP

00000010 TCP

All other values are spared.

The "Transport layer protocol type" route selection descriptor component appears only when the "PDU session type type" appears and the PDU session type value is set to "IPv4", "IPv6" or "IPv4v6". It shall not appear more than once in the route selection descriptor.

If the length of V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents field indicates a length bigger than indicated in figure 5.4.1.18, receiving entity shall ignore any superfluous octets located at the end of the V2X service identifier to PDU session parameters mapping rule contents.

Annex A (informative): Change history

Change history								
Date	Meeting	TDoc	CR	Rev	Cat	Subject/Comment	New version	
2019-05	CT1#117	C1-193478				Draft skeleton provided in C1-193478 by the rapporteur.	0.0.0	
2019-05	CT1#117					Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1: C1-193479	0.1.0	
2019-09	CT1#119					Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1: C1-194553, C1-194847, C1-194849 and C1-194850	0.2.0	
2019-10	CT1#120					Implementing the following p-CRs agreed by CT1: C1-196493	0.3.0	
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193157				Presentation for information at TSG CT	1.0.0	
2019-12	CT#86	CP-193290				A title corrected	1.0.1	
2020-03	CT1#122- e					Implementing the following p-CR agreed by CT1: C1-200652, C1-200933 and C1-200936	1.1.0	
2020-03	CT-87e	CP-200174				Presentation for approval at TSG CT	2.0.0	
2020-03	CT-87e					Version 16.0.0 created after approval	16.0.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0001	2	В	NR PC5 unicast security policy provisioning	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0002	1	F	Clarifications on the V2X policies regarding QoS	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0003	1	В	Update to the V2X policies regarding RAN parameters	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0004	1	С	Correction of coding of configuration of PC5 RAT selection and Tx profiles	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0005	1	F	Correction of coding of configuration of default mode of communication	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0006	1	F	Correction of PC5 RAT names	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0007	1	F	Correction of coding of PC5 QoS mapping configuration	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	8000	1	F	Correction in coding of PC5 QoS profile	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0009	1	F	Correction of coding of validity timers	16.1.0	
2020-06	CT-88e	CP-201116	0010	1	F	Remove IP address from privacy timer	16.1.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202248	0013	3	F	Update configuration parameters over Uu to meet stage2 requirements	16.2.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0014		F	Corrections in V2XP UE policy part	16.2.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0017		F	Correction of V2XP statement	16.2.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202158	0018		F	Removal of V2X policy for EPC interworking	16.2.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202041	0019	2	F	Adding the flag indicating the optional PPPP to PDB mapping rules	16.2.0	
2020-09	CT-89e	CP-202039	0020	3	F	Radio parameters for UE neither served by E-UTRA nor served by NR	16.2.0	
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0015	1	F	Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over PC5	16.3.0	
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0016	1	F	Corrections in UE policies for V2X communication over Uu	16.3.0	
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0021	1	F	Update RAT selection rule	16.3.0	
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0022	1	F	V2X service identifier	16.3.0	
2020-12	CT-90e	CP-203189	0023	1	F	Some corrections on UE policies for V2X communication over PC5	16.3.0	

History

	Document history							
V16.1.0	August 2020	Publication						
V16.2.0	October 2020	Publication						
V16.3.0	January 2021	Publication						