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LTE;

IP multimedia call control protocol based on Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)

and Session Description Protocol (SDP);

Stage 3

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Foreword

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1 Scope

The present document defines a call control protocol for use in the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem based on the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), and the associated Session Description Protocol (SDP).

The present document is applicable to:

- the interface between the User Equipment (UE) and the Call Session Control Function (CSCF);
- the interface between the CSCF and any other CSCF;
- the interface between the CSCF and an Application Server (AS);
- the interface between the CSCF and the Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF);
- the interface between the S-CSCF and the Multimedia Resource Function Controller (MRFC)
- the interface between the CSCF and the Breakout Gateway Control Function (BGCF);
- the interface between the BGCF and the MGCF;
- the interface between the BGCF and any other BGCF; and
- the interface between the CSCF and an external Multimedia IP network.

Where possible the present document specifies the requirements for this protocol by reference to specifications produced by the IETF within the scope of SIP and SDP. Where this is not possible, extensions to SIP and SDP are defined within the present document. The document has therefore been structured in order to allow both forms of specification.

As the IM CN subsystem is designed to interwork with different IP-Connectivity Access Networks (IP-CANs), the IP-CAN independent aspects of the IM CN subsystem are described in the main body and annex A of this specification. Aspects for connecting a UE to the IM CN subsystem through specific types of IP-CANs are documented separately in the annexes or in separate documents.

NOTE: The present document covers only the usage of SIP and SDP to communicate with the entitities of the IM CN subsystem. It is possible, and not precluded, to use the capabilities of IP-CAN to allow a terminal containing a SIP UA to communicate with SIP servers or SIP UAs outside the IM CN subsystem, and therefore utilise the services provided by those SIP servers. The usage of SIP and SDP for communicating with SIP servers or SIP UAs outside the IM CN subsystem is outside the scope of the present document.

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".
- [2] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network architecture".
- [3] 3GPP TS 23.003: "Numbering, addressing and identification".
- [4] 3GPP TS 23.060: "General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Service description; Stage 2".

[4A]	3GPP TS 23.107: "Quality of Service (QoS) concept and architecture".
[5]	3GPP TS 23.218: "IP Multimedia (IM) Session Handling; IM call model".
[6]	3GPP TS 23.221: "Architectural requirements".
[7]	3GPP TS 23.228: "IP multimedia subsystem; Stage 2".
[7A]	3GPP TS 23.234: "3GPP system to Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) interworking; System description".
[8]	3GPP TS 24.008: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification; Core Network protocols; Stage 3".
[8A]	3GPP TS 24.141: "Presence service using the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Stage 3".
[8B]	3GPP TS 24.147: "Conferencing using the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Stage 3".
[8C]	3GPP TS 24.234: "3GPP System to Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN) interworking; User Equipment (UE) to network protocols; Stage 3".
[8F]	3GPP TS 24.247: "Messaging service using the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem; Stage 3".
[9]	3GPP TS 25.304: "UE Procedures in Idle Mode and Procedures for Cell Reselection in Connected Mode".
[9A]	3GPP TS 25.331: "Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification".
[10]	3GPP TS 26.235: "Packet switched conversational multimedia applications; Default codecs".
[10A]	3GPP TS 27.060: "Mobile Station (MS) supporting Packet Switched Services".
[11]	3GPP TS 29.061: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting Packet Based Services and Packet Data Networks (PDN)".
[11A]	3GPP TS 29.162: "Interworking between the IM CN subsystem and IP networks".
[11B]	3GPP TS 29.163: "Interworking between the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem and Circuit Switched (CS) networks".
[11C]	3GPP TS 29.161: "Interworking between the Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) supporting Packet Based Services with Wireless Local Access and Packet Data Networks (PDNs)" "
[12]	3GPP TS 29.207: "Policy control over Go interface".
[13]	3GPP TS 29.208: "End to end Quality of Service (QoS) signalling flows".
[13A]	3GPP TS 29.209: "Policy control over Gq interface".
[14]	3GPP TS 29.228: "IP Multimedia (IM) Subsystem Cx and Dx Interfaces; Signalling flows and message contents".
[15]	3GPP TS 29.229: "Cx and Dx Interfaces based on the Diameter protocol, Protocol details".
[16]	3GPP TS 32.240: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; Charging architecture and principles".
[17]	3GPP TS 32.260: "Telecommunication management; Charging management; IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) charging".
[18]	3GPP TS 33.102: "3G Security; Security architecture".
[19]	3GPP TS 33.203: "Access security for IP based services".
[19A]	3GPP TS 33.210: "IP Network Layer Security".

[20]	3GPP TS 44.018: "Mobile radio interface layer 3 specification, Radio Resource Control Protocol".
[20A]	RFC 2401 (November 1998): "Security Architecture for the Internet Protocol".
[20B]	RFC 1594 (March 1994): "FYI on Questions and Answers to Commonly asked "New Internet User" Questions".
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[20D]	Void.
[20E]	RFC 2462 (November 1998): "IPv6 Address Autoconfiguration".
[21]	RFC 2617 (June 1999): "HTTP Authentication: Basic and Digest Access Authentication".
[22]	RFC 3966 (December 2004): "The tel URI for Telephone Numbers".
[23]	RFC 2833 (May 2000): "RTP Payload for DTMF Digits, Telephony Tones and Telephony Signals".
[24]	RFC 3761 (April 2004): "The E.164 to Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI) Dynamic Delegation Discovery System (DDDS) Application (ENUM)".
[25]	RFC 2976 (October 2000): "The SIP INFO method".
[25A]	RFC 3041 (January 2001): "Privacy Extensions for Stateless Address Autoconfiguration in IPv6".
[26]	RFC 3261 (June 2002): "SIP: Session Initiation Protocol".
[27]	RFC 3262 (June 2002): "Reliability of provisional responses in Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[27A]	RFC 3263 (June 2002): " Session Initiation Protocol (SIP): Locating SIP Servers".
[27B]	RFC 3264 (June 2002): "An Offer/Answer Model with Session Description Protocol (SDP)".
[28]	RFC 3265 (June 2002): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Specific Event Notification".
[28A]	RFC 3267 (June 2002): "Real-Time Transport Protocol (RTP) Payload Format and File Storage Format for the Adaptive Multi-Rate (AMR) and Adaptive Multi-Rate Wideband (AMR-WB) Audio Codecs".
[29]	RFC 3311 (September 2002): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) UPDATE method".
[30]	RFC 3312 (October 2002): "Integration of resource management and Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[31]	RFC 3313 (January 2003): "Private Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extensions for Media Authorization".
[32]	RFC 3320 (March 2002): "Signaling Compression (SigComp)".
[33]	RFC 3323 (November 2002): "A Privacy Mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[34]	RFC 3325 (November 2002): "Private Extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Network Asserted Identity within Trusted Networks".
[34A]	RFC 3326 (December 2002): "The Reason Header Field for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[35]	RFC 3327 (December 2002): "Session Initiation Protocol Extension Header Field for Registering Non-Adjacent Contacts".
[36]	RFC 3515 (April 2003): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) REFER method".
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[38]	RFC 3608 (October 2003): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extension Header Field for Service Route Discovery During Registration".

[39]	RFC 4566 (June 2006): "SDP: Session Description Protocol".
[40]	RFC 3315 (July 2003): "Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)".
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[42]	RFC 3485 (February 2003): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) and Session Description Protocol (SDP) static dictionary for Signaling Compression (SigComp)".
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[47]	Void.
[48]	RFC 3329 (January 2003): "Security Mechanism Agreement for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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[50]	RFC 3428 (December 2002): "Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Extension for Instant Messaging".
[51]	Void.
[52]	RFC 3455 (January 2003): "Private Header (P-Header) Extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)".
[53]	RFC 3388 (December 2002): "Grouping of Media Lines in Session Description Protocol".
[54]	RFC 3524 (April 2003): "Mapping of Media Streams to Resource Reservation Flows".
[55]	RFC 3486 (February 2003): "Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[56]	RFC 3556 (July 2003): "Session Description Protocol (SDP) Bandwidth Modifiers for RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) Bandwidth".
[56A]	RFC 3581 (August 2003): "An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Symmetric Response Routing".
[56B]	RFC 3841 (August 2004): "Caller Preferences for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)"
[56C]	RFC 3646 (December 2003): "DNS Configuration options for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)".
[57]	ITU-T Recommendation E.164: "The international public telecommunication numbering plan".
[58]	RFC 4028 (April 2005): "Session Timers in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[59]	RFC 3892 (September 2004): "The Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Referred-By Mechanism".
[60]	RFC 3891 (September 2004): "The Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" Header".
[61]	RFC 3911 (October 2004): "The Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Join" Header".
[62]	RFC 3840 (August 2004): "Indicating User Agent Capabilities in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)"
[63]	RFC 3861 (August 2004): "Address Resolution for Instant Messaging and Presence".
[64]	RFC 4032 (March 2005): "Update to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Preconditions Framework".

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[70]	RFC 3903 (October 2004): "An Event State Publication Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[71]	Void.
[72]	RFC 3857 (August 2004): "A Watcher Information Event Template Package for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[74]	RFC 3856 (August 2004): "A Presence Event Package for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
[75]	RFC 4662 (August 2006): "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Event Notification Extension for Resource Lists".
[77]	RFC 5875 (May 2010): "An Extensible Markup Language (XML) Configuration Access Protocol (XCAP) Diff Event Package".
[78]	RFC 4575 (August 2006): "A Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Event Package for Conference State"
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[80]	Void.
[81]	Void.
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[86]	3GPP2 C.S0024-A v1.0 (April 2004): "cdma2000 High Rate Packet Data Air Interface Standard".
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[89]	Void.
[90]	Void.
[91]	Void.
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[93]	Void.
[94]	Void.
[95]	Void.
[96]	Void.
[97]	Void.

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[99]	Void.
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[104]	RFC 5365 (October 2008): "Multiple-Recipient MESSAGE Requests in the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)".
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[111]	Void.
[112]	Void.
[113]	Void.
[114]	Void.
[115]	Void.
[116]	Void.
[117]	RFC 5393 (December 2008): "Addressing an Amplification Vulnerability in Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Forking Proxies".
[163]	RFC 6026 (September 2010): "Correct Transaction Handling for 2xx Responses to Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) INVITE Requests".
[165]	RFC 5954 (August 2010): "Essential Correction for IPv6 ABNF and URI Comparison in RFC3261".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

Newly established set of security associations: Two pairs of IPsec security associations that have been created at the UE and/or the P-CSCF after the 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request was received.

Old set of security associations: Two pairs of IPsec security associations still in existence after another set of security associations has been established due to a successful authentication procedure.

Temporary set of security associations: Two pairs of IPsec security associations that have been created at the UE and/or the P-CSCF, after an authentication challenge within a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request was received. The SIP level lifetime of such created security associations will be equal to the value of reg-await-auth timer.

Integrity protected: See 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. Where a requirement exists to send information "integrity protected" the mechanisms specified in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] are used for sending the information. Where a requirements exists to check that information was received "integrity protected", then the information received is checked for compliance with the procedures as specified in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Resource reservation: Mechanism for reserving bearer resources that is required for certain access technologies.

Local preconditions: The indication of segmented status preconditions for the local reservation of resources as specified in RFC 3312 [30].

Alias SIP URI: A URI is an alias of another URI if the treatment of both URIs is identical, i.e. both URIs belong to the same set of implicitly registered public user identities, have the same service profile, and both are either shared or not shared.

Initial registration: The registration procedure for a public user identity initiated by the UE in the absence of any valid registration.

Reregistration: The registration procedure initiated by the UE to refresh or update an already existing registration for a public user identity.

Registration of an additional public user identity: The registration procedure initiated by the UE to explicitly register an additional public user identity during the life time of the registration of another registered public user identity, where both public user identities have the same contact address and P-CSCF.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 1594 [20B].

Fully-Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 3261 [26] apply (unless otherwise specified see clause 6).

Back-to-Back User Agent (B2BUA)

Client

Dialog

Final response

Header

Header field

Loose routeing

Method

Option-tag (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 19.2)

Provisional response

Proxy, proxy server

Redirect server

Registrar

Request

Response

Server

Session

(SIP) transaction

Stateful proxy

Stateless proxy

Status-code (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 7.2)

Tag (see RFC 3261 [26] subclause 19.3)

Target Refresh Request

User agent client (UAC)

User agent server (UAS)

User agent (UA)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.002 [2] subclause 4.1.1.1 and subclause 4a.7 apply:

Breakout Gateway Control Function (BGCF) Call Session Control Function (CSCF) Home Subscriber Server (HSS) Media Gateway Control Function (MGCF) Multimedia Resource Function Controller (MRFC) Multimedia Resource Function Processor (MRFP) Subscription Locator Function (SLF)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 3.1 apply:

Filter criteria Initial filter criteria Initial request Standalone transaction Subsequent request

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.228 [7] subclauses 3.1, 4.3.3.1, 4.3.6, 4.6 and 5.4.12.1 apply:

Implicit registration set
Interrogating-CSCF (I-CSCF)
IMS Application Level Gateway (IMS-ALG)
IP-Connectivity Access Network (IP-CAN)
Policy Decision Function (PDF)
Private user identity
Proxy-CSCF (P-CSCF)
Public Service Identity (PSI)
Public user identity
Serving-CSCF (S-CSCF)
Statically pre-configured PSI

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 33.203 [19] apply:

IM Subscriber Identity Module (ISIM) Protected server port Protected client port

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] apply:

Universal Integrated Circuit Card (UICC) Universal Subscriber Identity Module (USIM) User Equipment (UE)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in RFC 2401 [20A] Appendix A apply:

Security association

A number of different security associations exist within the IM CN subsystem and within the underlying access transport. Within this document this term specifically applies to either:

- (i) the security association that exists between the UE and the P-CSCF. This is the only security association that has direct impact on SIP. or
- (ii) the security association that exists between the WLAN UE and the PDG. This is the security association that is relevant to the discussion of Interworking WLAN as the underlying IP-CAN.

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.002 [1B] apply:

WLAN UE 3GPP AAA proxy 3GPP AAA server Packet Data Gateway (PDG)

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 23.234 [7A] apply.

Interworking WLAN

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions given in ITU-T E.164 [57] apply:

International public telecommunication number

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

1xx A status-code in the range 101 through 199, and excluding 100

2xx A status-code in the range 200 through 299
AAA Authentication, Authorization and Accounting

AS Application Server
APN Access Point Name
AUTN Authentication TokeN
B2BUA Back-to-Back User Agent

BGCF Breakout Gateway Control Function

c conditional

CCF Charging Collection Function
CDF Charging Data Function
CDR Charging Data Record

CK Ciphering Key
CN Core Network

CSCF Call Session Control Function

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Prote

DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

Domain Name System DNS **Document Type Definition** DTD **Event Charging Function ECF FODN** Fully Qualified Domain Name **GCID GPRS** Charging Identifier **GGSN** Gateway GPRS Support Node **GPRS** General Packet Radio Service Home Subscriber Server HSS

i irrelevant

I-CSCF Interrogating CSCF

ICID IM CN subsystem Charging Identifier

IK Integrity Key
IM IP Multimedia

IMS IP Multimedia core network Subsystem IMS-ALG IMS Application Level Gateway

IMSI International Mobile Subscriber Identity

IOI Inter Operator Identifier IP Internet Protocol

IP-CAN IP-Connectivity Access Network

IPsec IP security

IPv4 Internet Protocol version 4 IPv6 Internet Protocol version 6

ISC IP Multimedia Subsystem Service Control

ISIM IM Subscriber Identity Module

I-WLAN Interworking – WLAN

m mandatory

MAC Message Authentication Code

MCC Mobile Country Code

MGCF Media Gateway Control Function

MGW Media Gateway
MNC Mobile Network Code

MRFC Multimedia Resource Function Controller MRFP Multimedia Resource Function Processor

PDG Packet Data Gateway
PDP Packet Data Protocol
PLMN Public Land Mobile Network

PSTN Public Switched Telephone Network

n/a not applicable

NAI Netework Access Identifier

o optional

OCF Online Charging Function

P-CSCF Proxy CSCF
PDU Protocol Data Unit
PSI Public Service Identity
QoS Quality of Service
RAND RANDom challenge

RES RESponse

RTCP Real-time Transport Control Protocol

RTP Real-time Transport Protocol

S-CSCF Serving CSCF

SDP Session Description Protocol SIP Session Initiation Protocol SLF Subscription Locator Function

SQN SeQuence Number
UA User Agent
UAC User Agent Client
UAS User Agent Server
UE User Equipment

UICC Universal Integrated Circuit Card
URI Uniform Resource Identifier
URL Uniform Resource Locator

UDVM Universal Decompressor Virtual Machine USIM Universal Subscriber Identity Module

WLAN Wireless Local Area Network

x prohibited XMAC expected MAC

XML eXtensible Markup Language

3A Interoperability with different IP-CAN

The IM CN subsystem can be accessed by UEs resident in different types of IP-CAN. The main body of this document, and annex A, are general to UEs and IM CN subsystems that are accessed using any type of IP-CAN. Requirements that are dependent on the type of IP-CAN are covered in annexes B and D, or in separate specifications.

4 General

4.1 Conformance of IM CN subsystem entities to SIP, SDP and other protocols

SIP defines a number of roles which entities can implement in order to support capabilities. These roles are defined in annex A.

Each IM CN subsytem functional entity using an interface at the Gm reference point, the Ma reference point, the Mg reference point, the Mi reference point, the Mj reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mm reference point, the Mr reference point and the Mw reference point, and also using the IP multimedia Subsystem Service Control (ISC) Interface, shall implement SIP, as defined by the referenced specifications in Annex A, and in accordance with the constraints and provisions specified in annex A, according to the following roles.

The Gm reference point, the Ma reference point, the Mg reference point, the Mi reference point, the Mj reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mk reference point, the Mk reference point and the ISC reference point are defined in 3GPP TS 23.002 [2].

- The User Equipment (UE) shall provide the User Agent (UA) role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.1, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as

described in subclause 6.1, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SigComp as described in subclause 8.1. The UE shall also provide the access technology specific procedures described in the appropriate access technology specific annex (see subclause 3A and subclause 9.2.2).

- The P-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SIP as described in subclause 5.2, with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.2, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SigComp as described in subclause 8.2. Under certain circumstances as described in subclause 5.2, the P-CSCF shall provide the UA role with the additional capabilities, as follows:
 - a) when acting as a subscriber to or the recipient of event information; and
 - b) when performing P-CSCF initiated dialog-release the P-CSCF shall provide the UA role, even when acting as a proxy for the remainder of the dialog.
- The I-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.3.
- The S-CSCF shall provide the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.4, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.3. Under certain circumstances as described in subclause 5.4, the S-CSCF shall provide the UA role with the additional capabilities, as follows:
 - a) the S-CSCF shall also act as a registrar. When acting as a registrar, or for the purposes of executing a third-party registration, the S-CSCF shall provide the UA role;
 - b) as the notifier of event information the S-CSCF shall provide the UA role;
 - c) when providing a messaging mechanism by sending the MESSAGE method, the S-CSCF shall provide the UA role; and
 - d) when performing S-CSCF initiated dialog release the S-CSCF shall provide the UA role, even when acting as a proxy for the remainder of the dialog.
- The MGCF shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.5, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.4.
- The BGCF shall provided the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.6.
- The AS, acting as terminating UA, or redirect server (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.1), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.2, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- The AS, acting as originating UA (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.2), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.3, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- The AS, acting as a SIP proxy (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.3), shall provided the proxy role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.4.
- The AS, performing 3rd party call control (as defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 9.1.1.4), shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.5, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.6.
- NOTE 1: Subclause 5.7 and its subclauses define only the requirements on the AS that relate to SIP. Other requirements are defined in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5].
- The AS, receiving third-party registration requests, shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.7.
- The MRFC shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.8, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.5.
- The IMS-ALG shall provide the UA role, with the exceptions and additional capabilities as described in subclause 5.9, and with the exceptions and additional capabilities to SDP as described in subclause 6.7.

In addition to the roles specified above, the P-CSCF, the I-CSCF, the S-CSCF, the BGCF can act as a UA when providing server functionality to return a final response for any of the reasons specified in RFC 3261 [26].

- NOTE 2: Annex A can change the status of requirements in referenced specifications. Particular attention is drawn to table A.4 and table A.162 for capabilities within referenced SIP specifications, and to table A.317 and table A.328 for capabilities within referenced SDP specifications. The remaining tables build on these initial tables.
- NOTE 3: The allocated roles defined in this clause are the starting point of the requirements from the IETF SIP specifications, and are then the basis for the description of further requirements. Some of these extra requirements formally change the proxy role into a B2BUA. In all other respects other than those more completely described in subclause 5.2a P-CSCF implements proxy requirements. Despite being a B2BUA a P-CSCF does not implement UA requirements from the IETF RFCs, except as indicated in this specification, e.g., relating to registration event subscription.

4.2 URI and address assignments

In order for SIP and SDP to operate, the following preconditions apply:

- 1) I-CSCFs used in registration are allocated SIP URIs. Other IM CN subsystem entities may be allocated SIP URIs. For example sip:pcscf.home1.net and sip:<impl-specific-info>@pcscf.home1.net are valid SIP URIs. If the user part exists, it is an essential part of the address and shall not be omitted when copying or moving the address. How these addresses are assigned to the logical entities is up to the network operator. For example, a single SIP URI may be assigned to all I-CSCFs, and the load shared between various physical boxes by underlying IP capabilities, or separate SIP URIs may be assigned to each I-CSCF, and the load shared between various physical boxes using DNS SRV capabilities.
- 2) All IM CN subsystem entities are allocated IPv6 addresses in accordance with the constraints specified in 3GPP TS 23.221 [6] subclause 5.1.
- 3) The subscriber is allocated a private user identity by the home network operator, and this is contained within the ISIM application, if present. Where no ISIM application is present but USIM is present, the private user identity is derived (see subclause 5.1.1.1A). This private user identity is available to the SIP application within the UE.

NOTE: The SIP URIs may be resolved by using any of public DNSs, private DNSs, or peer-to-peer agreements.

- 4) The subscriber is allocated one or more public user identities by the home network operator. The public user identity shall take the form of SIP URI as specified in RFC 3261 [26] or tel URI as specified in RFC 3966 [22]. At least one of these is SIP URI and it is contained within the ISIM application, if ISIM application is present. Where no ISIM application is present but USIM is present, the UE derives a temporary public user identity (see subclause 5.1.1.1A). All registered public user identities are available to the SIP application within the UE, after registration.
- 5) For each tel URI, there is at least one alias SIP URI in the set of implicitly registered public user identities that is used to implicitly register the associated tel URI.
- 6) The public user identities may be shared across multiple UEs. A particular public user identity may be simultaneously registered from multiple UEs that use different private user identities and different contact addresses. When reregistering and deregistering a given public user identity and associated contact address, the UE will use the same private user identity that it has used during the initial registration of the respective public user identity and associated contact address. If the tel URI is a shared public user identity, then the associated alias SIP URI is also a shared public user identity, then the associated tel URI is also a shared public user identity.
- 7) For the purpose of access to the IM CN subsystem, UEs are assigned IPv6 prefixes in accordance with the constraints specified in 3GPP TS 23.221 [6] subclause 5.1 (see subclause 9.2.1 for the assignment procedures).

4.2A Transport mechanisms

This document makes no requirement on the transport protocol used to transfer signalling information over and above that specified in RFC 3261 [26] clause 18. However, the UE and IM CN subsystem entities shall transport SIP messages

longer than 1300 bytes according to the procedures of RFC 3261 [26] subclause 18.1.1, even if a mechanism exists of discovering a maximum transmission unit size longer than 1500 bytes.

For initial REGISTER requests, the UE and the P-CSCF shall apply port handling according to subclause 5.1.1.2 and subclause 5.2.2.

The UE and the P-CSCF shall send and receive request and responses other then initial REGISTER requests on the protected ports as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

4.3 Routeing principles of IM CN subsystem entities

Each IM CN subsystem functional entity shall apply loose routeing policy as described in RFC 3261 [26], when processing a SIP request. In cases where the I-CSCF or the S-CSCFmay interact with strict routers in non IM CN subsystem networks, the routeing procedures defined in RFC 3261 [26] that ensure interoperability with strict routers shall be used by the I-CSCF and S-CSCF.

4.4 Trust domain

RFC 3325 [34] provides for the existence and trust of an asserted identity within a trust domain. For the IM CN subsystem, this trust domain consists of the functional entities that belong to the same operator's domain (P-CSCF, the I-CSCF, the S-CSCF, the BGCF. the MGCF, the MRFC, and all ASs that are not provided by third-party service providers). Additionally, other IMS nodes that are not part of the same operator's domain may or may not be part of the trust domain, depending on whether an interconnect agreement exists with the remote network. SIP functional entities that belong to a network for which there is an interconnect agreement are part of the trust domain. ASs provided by third-party service providers are outside the trust domain. SIP functional entities within the trust domain will need to take an action on the removal of the P-Asserted-Identity header when SIP signalling crosses the boundary of the trust domain.

NOTE 1: Whether any peer functional entity is regarded as part of the same operator's domain, and therefore part of the same trust domain, is dependent on operator policy which is preconfigured into each functional entity.

For the purpose of the P-Access-Network-Info header, a trust domain also applies. This trust domain is identical to that of the P-Asserted-Identity. For the P-Access-Network-Info header, subclause 5.4 also identifies additional cases for the removal of the header.

NOTE 2: In addition to the procedures specified in clause 5, procedures of RFC 3325 [34] in relation to transmission of P-Asserted-Identity headers and their contents outside the trust domain also apply.

4.5 Charging correlation principles for IM CN subsystems

4.5.1 Overview

This subclause describes charging correlation principles to aid with the readability of charging related procedures in clause 5. See 3GPP TS 32.240 [16] and 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] for further information on charging.

The IM CN subsystem generates and retrieves the following charging correlation information for later use with offline and online charging:

- 1. IM CN subsystem Charging Identifier (ICID);
- 2. Access network charging information;
- 3. Inter Operator Identifier (IOI);
- 4. Charging function addresses:
 - a. Charging Data Function (CDF);
 - b. Online Charging Function (OCF).

How to use and where to generate the parameters in IM CN subsystems are described further in the subclauses that follow. The charging correlation information is encoded in the P-Charging-Vector header as defined in subclause 7.2A.5. The P-Charging-Vector header contains the following parameters: icid, access network charging information and ioi.

The offline and online charging function addresses are encoded in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses as defined in RFC 3455 [52]. The P-Charging-Function-Addresses header contains the following parameters: "ccf" for CDF and "ecf" for OCF.

NOTE: P-Charging-Function-Addresses parameters were defined using previous terminology.

4.5.2 IM CN subsystem charging identifier (ICID)

The ICID is the session level data shared among the IM CN subsystem entities including ASs in both the calling and called IM CN subsystems. The ICID is used also for session unrelated messages (e.g. SUBSCRIBE request, NOTIFY request, MESSAGE request) for the correlation with CDRs generated among the IM CN subsystem entities.

The first IM CN subsystem entity involved in a SIP transaction will generate the ICID and include it in the icid parameter of the P-Charging-Vector header in the SIP request. For a dialog relating to a session, this will be performed only on the INVITE request, for all other transactions, it will occur on each SIP request. See 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] for requirements on the format of ICID. The P-CSCF will generate an ICID for mobile-originated calls. The I-CSCF will generate an ICID for mobile-terminated calls if there is no ICID received in the initial request (e.g. the calling party network does not behave as an IM CN subsystem). The AS will generate an ICID when acting as an originating UA. The MGCF will generate an ICID for PSTN/PLMN originated calls. Each entity that processes the SIP request will extract the ICID for possible later use in a CDR. The I-CSCF and S-CSCF are also allowed to generate a new ICID for mobile terminated calls received from another network.

There is also an ICID generated by the P-CSCF with a REGISTER request that is passed in a unique instance of P-Charging-Vector header. The valid duration of the ICIDis specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

The icid parameter is included in any requests that include the P-Charging-Vector header. However, the P-Charging-Vector (and ICID) is not passed to the UE.

The ICID is also passed from the P-CSCF to the IP-CAN via PDF. The interface supporting this operation is outside the scope of this document.

4.5.3 Access network charging information

4.5.3.1 General

The access network charging information are the media flow level data shared among the IM CN subsystem entities for one side of the session (either the calling or called side). GPRS charging information (GGSN identifier and PDP context information) is an example of access network charging information.

4.5.3.2 Access network charging information

The IP-CAN provides the access network charging information to the IM CN subsystem. This information is used to correlate IP-CAN CDRs with IM CN subsystem CDRs, i.e. the access network charging information is used to correlate the bearer level with the session level.

The access network charging information is generated at the first opportunity after the resources are allocated at the IP-CAN. The access network charging information is passed from IP-CAN to P-CSCF via PDF, over the Go and Gq interfaces. Access network charging information will be updated with new information during the session as media flows are added or removed. The P-CSCF provides the access network charging information to the S-CSCF. The S-CSCF may also pass the information to an AS, which may be needed for online pre-pay applications. The access network charging information for the originating network is used only within that network, and similarly the access network charging information for the terminating network is used only within that network. Thus the access network charging information are not shared between the calling and called networks. The access network charging information is not passed towards the external ASs from its own network.

The access network charging information is populated in the P-Charging-Vector header.

4.5.4 Inter operator identifier (IOI)

The Inter Operator Identifier (IOI) is a globally unique identifier to share between sending and receiving networks, service providers or content providers.

The sending network populates the orig-ioi parameter of the P-Charging-Vector header in a request and thereby identifies the operator network from which the request originated. The term-ioi parameter is left out of the P-Charging-Vector header in this request. The sending network retrieves the term-ioi parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header within the message sent in response, which identifies the operator network from which the response was sent.

The receiving network retrieves the orig-ioi parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header in the request, which identifies the operator network from which the request originated. The receiving network populates the term-ioi parameter of the P-Charging-Vector header in the response to the request, which identifies the operator network from which the response was sent.

There are three types of IOI:

- Type 1 IOI, between the P-CSCF (possibly in the visited network) and the S-CSCF in the home network. This is exchanged in REGISTER requests and responses.
- Type 2 IOI, between the S-CSCF of the home originating network and the S-CSCF of the home terminating network or between the S-CSCF of the home originating network and the MGCF when a call/session is terminated at the PSTN/PLMN or between the MGCF and the S-CSCF of the home terminating network when a call/session is originated from the PSTN/PLMN or with a PSI AS when accessed accross I-CSCF. This is exchanged in all session-related and session-unrelated requests and responses. For compatibility issues related to CS charging system behaviour simulation, the S-CSCF in the terminating network shall forward the orig-ioi parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header in the initial request, which identifies the operator network from which the request originated.
- Type 3 IOI, between the S-CSCF or I-CSCF of the home operator network and any AS. This is exchanged in all session-related and session-unrelated requests and responses.

NOTE: The overloading of the IOI parameter to the AS adds additional complexity to the billing system in identifying the required IOI pair. This has not been resolved because an additional problem also exists with repeating IOI parameters.

Each entity that processes the SIP request will extract the IOI for possible later use in a CDR. The valid duration of the IOI is specified in 3GPP TS 32.240 [16].

4.5.5 Charging function addresses

Charging function addresses are distributed to each of the IM CN subsystem entities in the home network for one side of the session (either the calling or called side) and are to provide a common location for each entity to send charging information. Charging Data Function (CDF) addresses are used for offline billing. Online Charging Function (OCF) addresses are used for online billing.

There may be multiple addresses for CDF and OCF addresses populated into the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header of the SIP request or response. The parameters are ccf and ecf for CDF and OCF, respectively. At least one instance of either ccf or ecf is required. If ccf address is included for offline charging, then a secondary ccf address may be included by each network for redundancy purposes, but the first instance of ccf is the primary address. If ecf address is included for online charging, then a secondary instance may also be included for redundancy.

The CDF and/or OCF addresses are retrieved from an Home Subscriber Server (HSS) via the Cx interface and passed by the S-CSCF to subsequent entities. The charging function addresses are passed from the S-CSCF to the IM CN subsystem entities in its home network, but are not passed to the visited network or the UE. When the P-CSCF is allocated in the visited network, then the charging function addresses are obtained by means outside the scope of this document. The AS receives the charging function addresses from the S-CSCF via the ISC interface. CDF and/or OCF addresses may be allocated as locally preconfigured addresses. The AS can also retrieve the charging function address from the HSS via Sh interface.

5 Application usage of SIP

5.1 Procedures at the UE

5.1.1 Registration and authentication

5.1.1.1 General

The UE shall register public user identities (see table A.4/1 and dependencies on that major capability).

The UE shall use one IP address for all SIP signalling, i.e. simultaneous registration using different IP addresses from the same UE is not supported in this release of this document.

NOTE: The UE can use multiple Contact header parameter values simultanously, provided they all contain the same IP address and port number.

In case a UE registers several public user identities at different points in time, the procedures to re-register, deregister and subscribe to the registration-state event package for these public user identities can remain uncoordinated in time.

5.1.1.1A Parameters contained in the ISIM

The ISIM application shall always be used for IMS authentication, if it is present, as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

The ISIM is preconfigured with all the necessary parameters to initiate the registration to the IM CN subsystem. These parameters include:

- the private user identity;
- one ore more public user identities; and
- the home network domain name used to address the SIP REGISTER request

In case the UE is loaded with a UICC that does not contain the ISIM application, the UE shall:

- generate a private user identity;
- generate a temporary public user identity; and
- generate a home network domain name to address the SIP REGISTER request to;

in accordance with the procedures in clause C.2.

The temporary public user identity is only used in REGISTER requests, i.e. initial registration, re-registration, mobile-initiated deregistration. After a successful registration, the UE will get the associated public user identities, and the UE may use any of them in subsequent non-REGISTER requests.

The UE shall not reveal to the user the temporary public user identity if the temporary public user identity is barred. The temporary public user identity is not barred if received by the UE in the P-Associated-URI header.

If the UE is unable to derive the parameters in this subclause for any reason, then the UE shall not proceed with the request associated with the use of these parameters and will not be able to register to the IM CN subsystem.

5.1.1.2 Initial registration

The initial registration procedure consists of the UE sending an unprotected REGISTER request and, upon being challenged, sending the integrity protected REGISTER request. The UE can register a public user identity with its contact address at any time after it has aquired an IP address, discovered a P-CSCF, and established an IP-CAN bearer that can be used for SIP signalling. However, the UE shall only initiate a new registration procedure when it has received a final response from the registrar for the ongoing registration, or the previous REGISTER request has timed out.

When registering any public user identity, if the UE has an already active pair of security associations, then it shall use them to protect the REGISTER requests.

If the UE detects that the existing security associations are no longer active (e.g., after receiving no response to several protected messages), the UE shall:

- consider all previously registered public user identities as deregistered; and
- stop processing all associated ongoing dialogs and transactions, if any (i.e. no further SIP signalling will be sent by the UE on behalf of these transactions or dialogs).

The UE shall send only the unprotected REGISTER requests to the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure. If the UE does not receive any specific port information during the P-CSCF discovery procedure, the UE shall send the unprotected REGISTER request to the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A. A public user identity may be input by the end user.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the domain name of the home network;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to an empty value; and
 - the response directive, set to an empty value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) containing the IP address of the UE in the hostport parameter or FQDN. If the REGISTER request is protected by a security association, the UE shall also include the protected server port value in the hostport parameter;
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field. For the UDP the REGISTER request is protected by a security association, the UE shall also include the protected server port value in the sent-by field, while for the TCP, the response is received on the TCP connection on which the request was sent;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- NOTE 2: The UE associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security association. For details on the selection of the port values see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- f) an Expires header, or the expires parameter within the Contact header, set to the value of 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- NOTE 3: The registrar (S-CSCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) the Security-Client header field set to specify the security mechanism the UE supports, the IPsec layer algorithms the UE supports and the parameters needed for the security association setup. The UE shall support the setup of two pairs of security associations as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The syntax of the parameters needed for the security association setup is specified in Annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The UE shall support the "ipsec-3gpp" security mechanism, as specified in RFC 3329 [48]. The UE shall support the the IPsec layer

algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], and shall announce support for them according to the procedures defined in RFC 3329 [48];

- i) the Supported header containing the option tag "path"; and
- j) if a security association exists, a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the expiration time of the registration for the public user identities found in the To header value;
- b) store the list of URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header value. This list contains the URIs that are associated to the registered public user identity;
- c) store as the default public user identity the first URI on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- d) treat the identity under registration as a barred public user identity, if it is not included in the P-Associated-URI header;
- e) store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions; and
- f) set the security association lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime (if available), or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds.

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the unprotected REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;
- b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;
- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and
- d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) too brief response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE may:

- a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1;
- b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
- c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

NOTE 4: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

5.1.1.3 Initial subscription to the registration-state event package

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the initial registration, the UE shall subscribe to the reg event package for the public user identity registered at the user's registrar (S-CSCF) as described in RFC 3680 [43].

The UE shall use the default public user identity for subscription to the registration-state event package, if the public user identity that was used for initial registration is a barred public user identity. The UE may use either the default public user identity or the public user identity used for initial registration for the subscription to the registration-state event package, if the initial public user identity that was used for initial registration is not barred.

On sending a SUBSCRIBE request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) a Request URI set to the resource to which the UE wants to be subscribed to, i.e. to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- b) a From header set to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- c) a To header set to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity used for subscription;
- d) an Event header set to the "reg" event package;
- e) an Expires header set to 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the subscription
- f) a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4); and
- g) a Contact header set to contain the same IP address or FQDN, and with the protected server port value as in the initial registration.

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request, the UE shall store the information for the established dialog and the expiration time as indicated in the Expires header of the received response.

If continued subscription is required, the UE shall automatically refresh the subscription by the reg event package, for a previously registered public user identity, either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the initial subscription was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial subscription was for 1200 seconds or less.

5.1.1.4 User-initiated reregistration and registration of an additional public user identity

The UE can perform the reregistration of a previously registered public user identity with its contact address at any time after the initial registration has been completed. The UE shall perform the reregistration over the existing set of security associations that is associated with the related contact address.

The UE can perform registration of additional public user identities at any time after the initial registration has been completed. The UE shall perform the registration of additional public user identities over the existing set of security associations that is associated with the related contact address.

Unless either the user or the application within the UE has determined that a continued registration is not required the UE shall reregister an already registered public user identity either 600 seconds before the expiration time if the previous registration was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the previous registration was for 1200 seconds or less, or when the UE intends to update its capabilities according to RFC 3840 [62].

The UE shall protect the REGISTER request using a security association, see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], established as a result of an earlier registration, if one is available.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A.

On sending a REGISTER request that does not contain a challenge response, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username directive set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW-Authenticate header;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to last received nonce value; and
 - the response directive, set to the last calculated response value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be registered;

- d) a Contact header set to include SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN and protected server port value bound to the security association;
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field and for the UDP the protected server port value bound to the security association, while for the TCP, the response is received on the TCP connection on which the request was sent;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- NOTE 2: The UE associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details on the selection of the protected port value see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- f) an Expires header, or an expires parameter within the Contact header, set to 600 000 seconds as the value desired for the duration of the registration;
- NOTE 3: The registrar (S-CSCF) might decrease the duration of the registration in accordance with network policy. Registration attempts with a registration period of less than a predefined minimum value defined in the registrar will be rejected with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) a Security-Client header field, set to specify the security mechanism it supports, the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection it supports and the new parameter values needed for the setup of two new pairs of security associations. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48];
- i) a Security-Verify header that contains the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response of the last successful authentication;
- j) the Supported header containing the option tag "path"; and
- k) the P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) store the new expiration time of the registration for this public user identity found in the To header value;
- b) store the list of URIs contained in the P-Associated-URI header value. This list contains the URIs that are associated to the registered public user identity;
- c) store the list of Service-Route headers contained in the Service-Route header, in order to build a proper preloaded Route header value for new dialogs and standalone transactions; and
- d) set the security association lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds.

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- send another REGISTER request populating the Expires header or the expires parameter with an expiration timer of at least the value received in the Min-Expires header of the 423 (Interval Too Brief) response.

On receiving a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 500 (Server Internal Error) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response for a reregistration, the UE shall perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

On receiving a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- a) release all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2;
- b) initiate a new P-CSCF discovery procedure as described in subclause 9.2.1;
- c) select a P-CSCF address, which is different from the previously used address, from the address list; and

d) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

When the timer F expires at the UE, the UE shall:

- 1) stop processing of all ongoing dialogs and transactions, if any (i.e. no further SIP signalling will be sent by the UE on behalf of these transactions or dialogs); and
- 2) after releasing all IP-CAN bearers used for the transport of media according to the procedures in subclause 9.2.2, the UE may:
 - a) select a different P-CSCF address from the list of P-CSCF addresses discovered during the procedures described in subclause 9.2.1:
 - b) if no response has been received when attempting to contact all P-CSCFs known by the UE, the UE may get a new set of P-CSCF-addresses as described in subclause 9.2.1; and
 - c) perform the procedures for initial registration as described in subclause 5.1.1.2.

NOTE 4: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means than expiration of timer F, e.g. based on ICMP messages.

After a maximum of 5 consecutive initial registration attempts, the UE shall not automatically attempt any further initial registration for an implementation dependant time of at least 30 minutes.

5.1.1.5 Authentication

5.1.1.5.1 General

Authentication is performed during initial registration. A UE can be re-authenticated during subsequent reregistrations, deregistrations or registrations of additional public user identities. When the network requires authentication or reauthentication of the UE, the UE will receive a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request.

On receiving a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- 1) extract the RAND and AUTN parameters;
- 2) check the validity of a received authentication challenge, as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] i.e. the locally calculated XMAC must match the MAC parameter derived from the AUTN part of the challenge; and the SQN parameter derived from the AUTN part of the challenge must be within the correct range; and
- 3) check the existence of the Security-Server header as described in RFC 3329 [48]. If the header is not present or it does not contain the parameters required for the setup of the set of security associations (see annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]), the UE shall abandon the authentication procedure and send a new REGISTER request with a new Call-ID.

In the case that the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request is deemed to be valid the UE shall:

- 1) calculate the RES parameter and derive the keys CK and IK from RAND as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19];
- 2) set up a temporary set of security associations based on the static list and parameters it received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response and its capabilities sent in the Security-Client header in the REGISTER request. The UE sets up the temporary set of security associations using the most preferred mechanism and algorithm returned by the P-CSCF and supported by the UE and using IK and CK (only if encryption enabled) as the shared key. The UE shall use the parameters received in the Security-Server header to setup the temporary set of security associations. The UE shall set a temporary SIP level lifetime for the temporary set of security associations to the value of reg-await-auth timer; and
- 3) send another REGISTER request using the temporary set of security associations to protect the message. The header fields are populated as defined for the initial request, with the addition that the UE shall include an Authorization header containing:
 - the realm directive set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW-Authenticate header;

the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;

- the response directive that contains the RES parameter, as described in RFC 3310 [49];
- the algorithm directive, set to the value received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response; and
- the nonce directive, set to the value received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response.

The UE shall also insert the Security-Client header that is identical to the Security-Client header that was included in the previous REGISTER request (i.e. the REGISTER request that was challenged with the received 401 (Unauthorized) response). The UE shall also insert the Security-Verify header into the request, by mirroring in it the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response. The UE shall set the Call-ID of the security association protected REGISTER request which carries the authentication challenge response to the same value as the Call-ID of the 401 (Unauthorized) response which carried the challenge.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response for the security association protected REGISTER request, the UE shall:

- change the temporary set of security associations to a newly established set of security associations, i.e. set its SIP level lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing set of security associations SIP level lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and
- use the newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the P-CSCF as appropriate.

NOTE 1: In this case, the UE will send requests towards the P-CSCF over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the P-CSCF that are sent via UDP will be sent over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the P-CSCF that are sent via TCP will be sent over the same set of security associations that the related request was received on.

When the first request or response protected with the newly established set of security associations is received from the P-CSCF, the UE shall delete the old set of security associations and related keys it may have with the P-CSCF after all SIP transactions that use the old set of security associations are completed.

Whenever the 200 (OK) response is not received before the temporary SIP level lifetime of the temporary set of security associations expires or a 403 (Forbidden) response is received, the UE shall consider the registration to have failed. The UE shall delete the temporary set of security associations it was trying to establish, and use the old set of security associations. The UE should send an unprotected REGISTER message according to the procedure specified in subclause 5.1.1.2 if the UE considers the old set of security associations to be no longer active at the P-CSCF.

In the case that the 401 (Unauthorized) response is deemed to be invalid then the UE shall behave as defined in subclause 5.1.1.5.3.

5.1.1.5.2 Network-initiated re-authentication

At any time, the UE can receive a NOTIFY request carrying information related to the reg event package (as described in subclause 5.1.1.3). If:

- the state attribute in any of the <registration> elements is set to "active";
- the value of the <uri>sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the Contact address that the UE registered; and
- the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "shortened";

the UE shall:

- 1) use the expiry attribute within the <contact> sub-element that the UE registered to adjust the expiration time for that public user identity; and
- 2) start the re-authentication procedures at the appropriate time (as a result of the S-CSCF procedure described in subclause 5.4.1.6) by initiating a reregistration as described in subclause 5.1.1.4, if required.
- NOTE: When authenticating a given private user identity, the S-CSCF will only shorten the expiry time within the <contact> sub-element that the UE registered using its private user identity. The <contact> elements for the same public user identitity, if registered by another UE using different private user identities remain unchanged. The UE will not initiate a reregistration procedure, if none of its <contact> sub-elements was modified.

5.1.1.5.3 Abnormal cases

If, in a 401 (Unauthorized) response, either the MAC or SQN is incorrect the UE shall respond with a further REGISTER indicating to the S-CSCF that the challenge has been deemed invalid as follows:

- in the case where the UE deems the MAC parameter to be invalid the subsequent REGISTER request shall contain no AUTS directive and an empty response directive, i.e. no authentication challenge response;
- in the case where the UE deems the SQN to be out of range, the subsequent REGISTER request shall contain the AUTS directive (see 3GPP TS 33.102 [18]).

NOTE: In the case of the SQN being out of range, a response directive can be included by the UE, based on the procedures described in RFC 3310 [49].

Whenever the UE detects any of the above cases, the UE shall:

- send the REGISTER request using an existing set of security associations, if available (see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]);
- populate a new Security-Client header within the REGISTER request, set to specify the security mechanism it supports, the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection it supports and the parameters needed for the new security association setup; and
- not create a temporary set of security associations.

A UE shall only respond to two consecutive invalid challenges. The UE may attempt to register with the network again after an implementation specific time.

5.1.1.5A Change of Ipv6 address due to privacy

Stateless address autoconfiguration as described in RFC 2462 [20E] defines how an IPv6 prefix and an interface identifier is used by the UE to construct a complete IPv6 address.

If the UE receives an IPv6 prefix, the UE may change the interface identity of the IPv6 address as described in RFC 3041 [25A] due to privacy but this will result in service discontinuity for IMS services.

NOTE: The procedure described below will terminate all established dialogs and transactions and temporarily disconnect the UE from the IM CN subsystem until the new registration is performed. Due to this, the UE is recommended to provide a limited use of the procedure to ensure a maximum degree of continuous service to the end user.

In order to change the IPv6 address due to privacy, the UE shall:

- 1) terminate all ongoing dialogs (e.g., sessions) and transactions (e.g., subscription to the reg event);
- 2) deregister all registered public user identities as described in subsclause 5.1.1.4;
- 3) construct a new IPv6 address according to the procedures specified in RFC 3041 [25A];
- 4) register the public user identities that were deregistered in step 2 above, as follows:
 - a) by performing an initial registration as described in subsclause 5.1.1.2; and
 - b) by performing a subscription to the reg event package as described in subsclause 5.1.1.3; and
- 5) subscribe to other event packages it was subscribed to before the change of IPv6 address procedure started.

5.1.1.6 User-initiated deregistration

The UE can deregister a public user identity that it has previously registered with its contact address at any time.

The UE shall protect the REGISTER request using a security association, see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19], established as a result of an earlier registration, if one is available.

The UE shall extract or derive a public user identity, the private user identity, and the domain name to be used in the Request-URI in the registration, according to the procedures described in subclause 5.1.1.1A.

Prior to sending a REGISTER request for deregistration, the UE shall release all dialogs related to the public user identity that is going to be deregistered or to one of the implicitly registered public user identities.

On sending a REGISTER request, the UE shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) an Authorization header, with:
 - the username directive, set to the value of the private user identity;
 - the realm directive, set to the value as received in the realm directive in the WWW-Authenticate header;
 - the uri directive, set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
 - the nonce directive, set to last received nonce value; and
 - the response directive, set to the last calculated response value;
- b) a From header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- c) a To header set to the SIP URI that contains the public user identity to be deregistered;
- d) a Contact header set to either the value of "*" or SIP URI(s) that contain(s) in the hostport parameter the IP address of the UE or FQDN and the protected server port value bound to the security association;
- e) a Via header set to include the IP address or FQDN of the UE in the sent-by field and the protected server port value bound to the security association;
- NOTE 1: If the UE specifies its FQDN in the host parameter in the Contact header and in the sent-by field in the Via header, then it has to ensure that the given FQDN will resolve (e.g., by reverse DNS lookup) to the IP address that is bound to the security association.
- f) an Expires header, or the expires parameter of the Contact header, set to the value of zero, appropriate to the deregistration requirements of the user;
- g) a Request-URI set to the SIP URI of the domain name of the home network;
- h) a Security-Client header field, set to specify the security mechanism it supports, the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection it supports and the new parameter values needed for the setup of two new pairs of security associations. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48];
- i) a Security-Verify header that contains the content of the Security-Server header received in the 401 (Unauthorized) response of the last successful authentication; and
- j) a P-Access-Network-Info header set as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

When a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request is received the UE shall behave as described in subclause 5.1.1.5.1.

On receiving the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request, the UE shall remove all registration details relating to this public user identity.

If there are no more public user identities registered, the UE shall delete the security associations and related keys it may have towards the IM CN subsystem.

If all public user identities are deregistered and the security association is removed, then the UE shall consider subscription to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

NOTE: When the UE has received the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered), the UE removes the security association established between the P-CSCF and the UE. Therefore further SIP signalling (e.g. the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event) will not reach the UE.

5.1.1.7 Network-initiated deregistration

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package as described in subclause 5.1.1.3, including one or more <registration> element(s) which were registered by this UE with:

- the state attribute set to "terminated" and the event attribute set to "rejected" or "deactivated"; or
- the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "terminated", and associated event attribute element to "rejected" or "deactivated";

the UE shall remove all registration details relating to these public user identities. In case of a "deactivated" event attribute, the UE shall start the initial registration procedure as described in subclause 5.1.1.2. In case of a "rejected" event attribute, the UE shall release all dialogs related to those public user identities.

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request, the UE shall delete the security associations towards the P-CSCF either:

- if all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header contains the value of "terminated"; or
- if each <registration> element that was registered by this UE has either the state attribute set to "terminated", or the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> element belonging to this UE set to "terminated".

The UE shall delete these security associations towards the P-CSCF after the server transaction (as defined in RFC 3261 [26]) pertaining to the received NOTIFY request terminates.

- NOTE 1: Deleting a security association is an internal procedure of the UE and does not involve any SIP procedures.
- NOTE 2: If all the public user identities (i.e. <contact> elements) registered by this UE are deregistered and the security association is removed, then the UE considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero, or a NOTIFY request was received with Subscription-State header containing the value of "terminated").
- NOTE 3: When the P-CSCF has removed the security association established between the P-CSCF and the UE, further SIP signalling (e.g. the NOTIFY containing the deregistration event) will not reach the UE.

5.1.2 Subscription and notification

5.1.2.1 Notification about multiple registered public user identities

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request the UE shall maintain the generated dialog (identified by the values of the Call-ID header, and the values of tags in To and From headers).

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package the UE shall perform the following actions:

- if a state attribute "active", i.e. registered is received for one or more public user identities, the UE shall store the indicated public user identities as registered;
- if a state attribute "terminated", i.e. deregistered is received for one or more public user identities, the UE shall store the indicated public user identities as deregistered.

NOTE: There may be public user identities which are automatically registered within the registrar (S-CSCF) of the user upon registration of one public user identity. Usually these automatically or implicitly registered public user identities belong to the same service profile of the user and they might not be available within the UE. The implicitly registered public user identities may also belong to different service profiles. The here-described procedures provide a different mechanism (to the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request) to inform the UE about these automatically registered public user identities.

5.1.2.2 General SUBSCRIBE requirements

If the UA receives a 503 (Service Unavailable) response to an initial SUBSCRIBE request containing a Retry-After header, then the UE shall not automatically reattempt the request until after the period indicated by the Retry-After header contents.

5.1.2A Generic procedures applicable to all methods excluding the REGISTER method

5.1.2A.1 Mobile-originating case

The procedures of this subclause are general to all requests and responses, except those for the REGISTER method.

When the UE sends any request, the UE shall:

- include the protected server port in the Via header entry relating to the UE; and
- include the protected server port in any Contact header that is otherwise included.

The UE shall discard any SIP response that is not protected by the security association and is received from the P-CSCF outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The requirements on the UE within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.1.1.

In accordance with RFC 3325 [34] the UE may insert a P-Preferred-Identity header in any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction as a hint for creation of an asserted identity within the IM CN subsystem. The UE may include any of the following in the P-Preferred-Identity header:

- a public user identity which has been registered by the user;
- a public user identity returned in a registration-state event package of a NOTIFY request as a result of an implict registration that was not subsequently deregistered or has expired; or
- any other public user identity which the user has assumed by mechanisms outside the scope of this specification to have a current registration.
- NOTE 1: The temporary public user identity specified in subclause 5.1.1.1 is not a public user identity suitable for use in the P-Preferred-Identity header.
- NOTE 2: Procedures in the network require international public telecommunication numbers when telephone numbers are used in P-Preferred-Identity header.
- NOTE 3: A number of headers can reveal information about the identity of the user. Where privacy is required, implementers should also give consideration to other headers that can reveal identity information. RFC 3323 [33] subclause 4.1 gives considerations relating to a number of headers.

Where privacy is required, in any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction, the UE shall set the From header to "Anonymous".

NOTE 4: The contents of the From header should not be relied upon to be modified by the network based on any privacy specified by the user either within the UE indication of privacy or by network subscription or network policy. Therefore the user should include the value "Anonymous" whenever privacy is explicitly required. As the user may well have privacy requirements, terminal manufacturers should not automatically derive and include values in this header from the public user identity or other values stored in or derived from the UICC. Where the user has not expressed a preference in the configuration of the terminal implementation, the implementation should assume that privacy is required. Users that require to identify themselves, and are making calls to SIP destinations beyond the IM CN subsystem, where the destination does not implement RFC 3325 [34], will need to include a value in the From header other than Anonymous.

The UE can indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity that will be generated by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3323 [33], and the additional requirements contained within RFC 3325 [34].

The UE shall insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into any request for a dialog, any subsequent request (except ACK requests and CANCEL requests) or response (except CANCEL responses) within a dialog or any request for a

standalone method. The UE shall populate the P-Access-Network-Info header with the current point of attachment to the IP-CAN as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

NOTE 5: During the dialog, the points of attachment to the IP-CAN of the UE may change (e.g. UE connects to different cells). The UE will populate the P-Access-Network-Info header in any request or response within a dialog with the current point of attachment to the IP-CAN (e.g. the current cell information).

The UE shall build a proper preloaded Route header value for all new dialogs and standalone transactions. The UE shall build a list of Route header values made out of, in this order, the P-CSCF URI (containing the IP address or the FQDN learnt through the P-CSCF discovery procedures, and the protected server port learnt during the registration procedure), and the values received in the Service-Route header saved from the 200 (OK) response to the last registration or reregistration.

When a SIP transaction times out, i.e. timer B, timer F or timer H expires at the UE, the UE may behave as if timer F expired, as described in subclause 5.1.1.4.

NOTE 6: It is an implementation option whether these actions are also triggered by other means.

5.1.2A.2 Mobile-terminating case

The procedures of this subclause are general to all requests and responses, except those for the REGISTER method.

When the UE sends any response, the UE shall:

- include the protected server port in any Contact header that is otherwise included.

The UE shall discard any SIP request that is not protected by the security association and is received from the P-CSCF outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The requirements on the UE within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.1.1.

The UE can indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity that will be generated by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3323 [33], and the additional requirements contained within RFC 3325 [34].

- NOTE 1: In the mobile-terminating case, this version of the document makes no provision for the UE to provide an P-Preferred-Identity in the form of a hint.
- NOTE 2: A number of headers can reveal information about the identity of the user. Where, privacy is required, implementers should also give consideration to other headers that can reveal identity information. RFC 3323 [33] subclause 4.1 gives considerations relating to a number of headers.

The UE shall insert a P-Access-Network-Info header into any response to a request for a dialog, any subsequent request (except CANCEL responses) or response (except CANCEL responses) within a dialog or any response to a standalone method. The UE shall populate the P-Access-Network-Info header with its current point of attachment to the IP-CAN as specified for the access network technology (see subclause 7.2A.4).

5.1.3 Call initiation - mobile originating case

5.1.3.1 Initial INVITE request

The "integration of resource management and SIP" extension is hereafter in this subclause referred to as "the precondition mechanism" and is defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4032 [64].

The precondition mechanism should be supported by the originating UE.

The UE may initiate a session without the precondition mechanism if the originating UE does not require local resource reservation.

NOTE 1: The originating UE can decide if local resource reservation is required based on e.g. application requirements, current access network capabilities, local configuration, etc.

In order to allow the peer entity to reserve its required resources, an originating UE supporting the precondition mechanism should make use of the precondition mechanism, even if it does not require local resource reservation.

Upon generating an initial INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, the UE shall:

- indicate the support for reliable provisional responses and specify it using the Supported header mechanism; and
- indicate the support for the preconditions mechanism and specify it using the Supported header mechanism.

Upon generating an initial INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, the UE should not indicate the requirement for the precondition mechanism by using the Require header mechanism.

NOTE 2: If an UE chooses to require the precondition mechanism, i.e. if it indicates the "precondition" option tag within the Require header, the interworking with a remote UE, that does not support the precondition mechanism, is not described in this specification.

The UE may indicate that proxies should not fork the INVITE request by including a "no-fork" directive within the Request-Disposition header in the initial INVITE request as described in RFC 3841 [56B].

NOTE 3: Table A.4 specifies that UE support of forking is required in accordance with RFC 3261 [26]. The UE can accept or reject any of the forked responses, for example, if the UE is capable of supporting a limited number of simultaneous transactions or early dialogs.

Upon successful reservation of local resources the UE shall confirm the successful resource reservation (see subclause 6.1.2) within the next SIP request.

NOTE 4: In case of the precondition mechanism being used on both sides, this confirmation will be sent in either a PRACK request or an UPDATE request. In case of the precondition mechanism not being supported on one or both sides, alternatively a reINVITE request can be used for this confirmation, in case the terminating UE does not support the PRACK request (as described in RFC 3262 [27]) and does not support the UPDATE request (as described in RFC 3311 [29]).

When a final answer is received for one of the early dialogues, the UE proceeds to set up the SIP session. The UE shall not progress any remaining early dialogues to established dialogs. Therefore, upon the reception of a subsequent final 200 (OK) response for an INVITE request (e.g., due to forking), the UE shall:

- 1) acknowledge the response with an ACK request; and
- 2) send a BYE request to this dialog in order to terminate it.

Upon receiving a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response to an initial INVITE request, the originating UE should send a new INVITE request containing SDP according to the procedures defined in subclause 6.1.

NOTE 5: An example of where a new request would not be sent is where knowledge exists within the UE, or interaction occurs with the user, such that it is known that the resulting SDP would describe a session that did not meet the user requirements.

Upon receiving a 421 (Extension Required) response to an initial INVITE request in which the precondition mechanism was not used, including the "precondition" option tag in the Require header, the originating UE shall:

- send a new INVITE request using the precondition mechanism, if the originating UE supports the precondition mechanism; and
- send an UPDATE request as soon as the necessary resources are available and a 200 (OK) response for the first PRACK request has been received.

Upon receiving a 503 (Service Unavailable) response to an initial INVITE request containing a Retry-After header, then the originating UE shall not automatically reattempt the request until after the period indicated by the Retry-After header contents.

5.1.4 Call initiation - mobile terminating case

5.1.4.1 Initial INVITE request

The precondition mechanism should be supported by the terminating UE.

The handling of incoming initial INVITE requests at the terminating UE is mainly dependent on the following conditions:

- the specific service requirements for "integration of resource management and SIP" extension (hereafter in this subclause known as the precondition mechanism and defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4032 [64], and with the request for such a mechanism known as a precondition); and
- the UEs configuration for the case when the specific service does not require the precondition mechanism.

If an initial INVITE request is received the terminating UE shall check whether the terminating UE requires local resource reservation.

NOTE 1: The terminating UE can decide if local resource reservation is required based on e.g. application requirements, current access network capabilities, local configuration, etc.

If local resource reservation is required at the terminating UE and the terminating UE supports the precondition mechanism, and:

- a) the received INVITE request includes the "precondition" option-tag in the Supported header or Require header, the terminating UE shall make use of the precondition mechanism and shall indicate a Require header with the "precondition" option-tag in any response or subsequent request it sends towards to the originating UE; or
- b) the received INVITE request does not include the "precondition" option-tag in the Supported header or Require header the terminating UE shall not make use of the precondition mechanism.

If local resource reservation is not required by the terminating UE and the terminating UE supports the precondition mechanism and:

- a) the received INVITE request includes the "precondition" option-tag in the Supported header and
 - the required resources at the originating UE are not reserved, the terminating UE shall use the precondition mechanism; or
 - the required local resources at the originating UE and the terminating UE are available, the terminating UE may use the precondition mechanism;
- b) the received INVITE request does not include the "precondition" option-tag in the Supported header or Require header, the terminating UE shall not make use of the precondition mechanism; or
- c) the received INVITE request includes the "precondition" option-tag in the Require header, the terminating UE shall use the precondition mechanism.
- NOTE 2: Table A.4 specifies that UE support of forking is required in accordance with RFC 3261 [26].
- NOTE 3: If the terminating UE does not support the precondition mechanism it will apply regular SIP session initiation procedures.

If the terminating UE requires a reliable alerting indication at the originating side, it shall send the 180 (Ringing) response reliably. The terminating UE shall send provisional responses reliably only if the provisional response carries SDP or for other application related purposes that requires its reliable transport.

5.1.5 Call release

Void.

5.1.6 Emergency service

A UE shall not attempt to establish an emergency session via the IM CN Subsystem when the UE can detect that the number dialled is an emergency number. The UE shall use the CS domain as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

In the event the UE receives a 380 (Alternative Service) response to an INVITE request the response containing a XML body that includes an <ims-3gpp>, including a version attribute, element with an <alternative-service> child element with the <type> child element set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA), the UE shall automatically:

- send an ACK request to the P-CSCF as per normal SIP procedures;
- attempt an emergency call setup according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

The UE may also provide an indication to the user based on the text string contained in the <reason> child element included in the december.2019.05 element included in the december.2019.05 element.

As a consequence of this, a UE operating in MS operation mode C cannot perform emergency calls.

5.1.7 Void

5.2 Procedures at the P-CSCF

5.2.1 General

The P-CSCF shall support the Path and Service-Route headers.

NOTE 1: The Path header is only applicable to the REGISTER request and its 200 (OK) response. The Service-Route header is only applicable to the 200 (OK) response of REGISTER request.

When the P-CSCF sends any request or response to the UE, before sending the message the P-CSCF shall:

- remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers, if present.

When the P-CSCF receives any request or response from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

- remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers, if present. Also, the P-CSCF shall ignore any data received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers; and
- may insert previously saved values into the P-Charging-Function-Addresses and P-Charging-Vector headers before forwarding the message.
- NOTE 2: When the P-CSCF is located in the visited network, then it will not receive the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header from the S-CSCF or I-CSCF. Instead, the P-CSCF discovers charging function addresses by other means not specified in this document.

When the P-CSCF receives any request or response containing the P-Media-Authorization header from the S-CSCF, the P-CSCF shall remove the header.

- NOTE 3: If service based local policy applies, the P-CSCF will insert the P-Media-Authorization header as described in subclauses 5.2.7.2 and 5.2.7.3.
- NOTE 4: The P-CSCF will protect all SIP messages sent to the UE outside of the registration and authentication procedures by using a security association. The P-CSCF will discard any SIP message that is not protected by a security association and is received outside of the registration and authentication procedures. The integrity and confidentiality protection and checking requirements on the P-CSCF within the registration and authentication procedures are defined in subclause 5.2.2.

In case IPsec is employed as security mechanism and an IPsec security association is established and the UE has requested symmetric response routing via an "rport" parameter in the topmost Via header field, in accordance with RFC 3581 [56A], the P-CSCF shall use the ports used for establishing the IPsec security association to forward responses, i.e. the P-CSCF shall ignore the request for symmetric response routeing.

5.2.2 Registration

The P-CSCF shall be prepared to receive only the initial REGISTER requests on the SIP default port values as specified in RFC 3261 [26]. The P-CSCF shall also be prepared to receive only the initial REGISTER requests on the port advertised to the UE during the P-CSCF discovery procedure.

When the P-CSCF receives a REGISTER request from the UE, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert a Path header in the request including an entry containing:
 - the SIP URI identifying the P-CSCF;

- an indication that requests routed in this direction of the path (i.e. from the S-CSCF to the P-CSCF) are expected to be treated as for the mobile-terminating case. This indication may e.g. be in a parameter in the URI, a character string in the user part of the URI, or be a port number in the URI;
- 2) insert a Require header containing the option tag "path";
- 3) insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 1 orig-ioi parameter. The P-CSCF shall set the type 1 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The P-CSCF shall not include the type 1 term-ioi parameter;
- 4) insert the parameter "integrity-protected" (described in subclause 7.2A.2) with a value "yes" into the Authorization header field in case the REGISTER request was either received protected with the security association created during an ongoing authentication procedure and includes an authentication challenge response (i.e. RES parameter), or it was received on the security association created during the last successful authentication procedure, otherwise insert the parameter with the value "no";
- 5) in case the REGISTER request was received without protection, then check the existence of the Security-Client header. If the header is present, then remove and store it. If the header is not present, then the P-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response;
- 6) in case the REGISTER request was received protected, then the P-CSCF shall:
 - a) check the security association which protected the request. If the security association is a temporary one, then the request is expected to contain a Security-Verify header in addition to a Security-Client header. If there are no such headers, then the P-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response. If there are such headers, then the P-CSCF shall compare the content of the Security-Verify header with the content of the Security-Server header sent earlier and the content of the Security-Client header with the content of the Security-Client header received in the challenged REGISTER. If those do not match, then there is a potential man-in-the-middle attack. The request should be rejected by sending a suitable 4xx response. If the contents match, the P-CSCF shall remove the Security-Verify and the Security-Client header;
 - b) if the security association the REGISTER request was received on, is an already established one, then:
 - the P-CSCF shall remove the Security-Verify header if it is present;
 - a Security-Client header containing new parameter values is expected. If this header or any required parameter is missing, then the P-CSCF shall return a suitable 4xx response;
 - the P-CSCF shall remove and store the Security-Client header before forwarding the request to the S-CSCF; and
 - c) check if the private user identity conveyed in the Authorization header of the protected REGISTER request is the same as the private user identity which was previously challenged or authenticated. If the private user identities are different, the P-CSCF shall reject the REGISTER request by returning a 403 (Forbidden) response;
- 7) insert a P-Visited-Network-ID header field, with the value of a pre-provisioned string that identifies the visited network at the home network; and
- 8) determine the I-CSCF of the home network and forward the request to that I-CSCF.

If the selected I-CSCF:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the P-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

the P-CSCF shall select a new I-CSCF and forward the original REGISTER request.

NOTE 1: The list of the I-CSCFs may be either obtained as specified in RFC 3263 [27A] or provisioned in the P-CSCF.

If the P-CSCF fails to forward the REGISTER request to any I-CSCF, the P-CSCF shall send back a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 401 (Unauthorized) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) delete any temporary set of security associations established towards the UE;
- 2) remove the CK and IK values contained in the 401 (Unauthorized) response and bind them to the proper private user identity and to the temporary set of security associations which will be setup as a result of this challenge. The P-CSCF shall forward the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the UE if and only if the CK and IK have been removed:
- 3) insert a Security-Server header in the response, containing the P-CSCF static security list and the parameters needed for the security association setup, as specified in Annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. The P-CSCF shall support the "ipsec-3gpp" security mechanism, as specified in RFC 3329 [48]. The P-CSCF shall support the IPsec layer algorithms for integrity and confidentiality protection as defined in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and shall announce support for them according to the procedures defined in RFC 3329 [48];
- 4) set up the temporary set of security associations with a temporary SIP level lifetime between the UE and the P-CSCF for the user identified with the private user identity. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19] and RFC 3329 [48]. The P-CSCF shall set the temporary SIP level lifetime for the temporary set of security associations to the value of reg-await-auth timer; and
- 5) send the 401 (Unauthorized) response to the UE using the security association with which the associated REGISTER request was protected, or unprotected in case the REGISTER request was received unprotected.
- NOTE 2: The challenge in the 401 (Unauthorized) response sent back by the S-CSCF to the UE as a response to the REGISTER request is piggybacked by the P-CSCF to insert the Security-Server header field in it. The S-CSCF authenticates the UE, while the P-CSCF negotiates and sets up two pairs of security associations with the UE during the same registration procedure. For further details see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall check the value of the Expires header field and/or Expires parameter in the Contact header. When the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header is different than zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) save the list of Service-Route headers preserving the order. The P-CSCF shall store this list during the entire registration period of the respective public user identity. The P-CSCF shall use this list to validate the routeing information in the requests originated by the UE. If this registration is a reregistration, the P-CSCF shall replace the already existing list of Service-Route headers with the new list;
- 2) associate the Service-Route header list with the registered public user identity;
- 3) store the public user identities found in the P-Associated-URI header value and associate them to the public user identity under regististation;
- 4) store the default public user identity for use with procedures for the P-Asserted-Identity header. The default public user identity is the first on the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header;
- NOTE 3: There may be more then one default public user identities stored in the P-CSCF, as the result of the multiple registrations of public user identities.
- 5) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 6) if a term-ioi parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header, store the value of the received term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 4: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 1 term-ioi. The type 1 term-ioi identifies the home network of the registered user.
- 7) if an existing set of security association is available, set the SIP level lifetime of the security association to the longest of either the previously existing security association lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds;
- 8) if a temporary set of security associations exists, change the temporary set of security associations to a newly established set of security associations, i.e. set its SIP level lifetime to the longest of either the previously existing set of security associations SIP level lifetime, or the lifetime of the just completed registration plus 30 seconds; and

9) protect the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request within the same security association to that in which the request was protected.

When receiving a SIP message (including REGISTER requests) from the UE over the newly established set of security associations that have not yet been taken into use, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) reduce the SIP level lifetime of the old set of security associations towards the same UE to 64*T1 (if currently longer than 64*T1); and
- 2) use the newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the UE as appropriate (i.e. take the newly established set of security associations into use).
- NOTE 5: In this case, the P-CSCF will send requests towards the UE over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the UE that are sent via UDP will be sent over the newly established set of security associations. Responses towards the UE that are sent via TCP will be sent over the same set of security associations that the related request was received on.
- NOTE 6: When receiving a SIP message (including REGISTER requests) from the UE over a set of security associations that is different from the newly established set of security associations, the P-CSCF will not take any action on any set of security associations.

When the SIP level lifetime of an old set of security associations is about to expire, i.e. their SIP level lifetime is shorther than 64*T1 and a newly established set of security associations has not been taken into use, the P-CSCF shall use the newly established set of security associations for further messages towards the UE as appropriate (see NOTE 3).

When sending the 200 (OK) response for a REGISTER request that concludes a re-authentication, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) keep the set of security associations that was used for the REGISTER request that initiated the re-authentication;
- 2) keep the newly established set of security associations created during this authentication;
- 3) delete, if existing, any other set of security associations towards this UE immediately; and
- 4) go on using for further requests sent towards the UE the set of security associations that was used to protect the REGISTER request that initiated the re-authentication.

When sending the 200 (OK) respone for a REGISTER request that concludes an initial authentication, i.e. the initial REGISTER request was received unprotected, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) keep the newly established set of security associations created during this authentication;
- 2) delete, if existing, any other set of security associations towards this UE immediately; and
- 3) use the kept newly established set of security associations for further messages sent towards the UE.
- NOTE 7: The P-CSCF will maintain two Route header lists. The first Route header list created during the registration procedure is used only to validate the routeing information in the initial requests that originate from the UE. This list is valid during the entire registration of the respective public user identity. The second Route list constructed from the Record Route headers in the initial INVITE and associated response is used during the duration of the call. Once the call is terminated, the second Route list is discarded.

The P-CSCF shall delete any security association from the IPsec database when their SIP level lifetime expires.

The handling of the security associations at the P-CSCF is summarized in table 5.2.2-1.

Table 5.2.2-1: Handling of security associations at the P-CSCF

	Temporary set of security associations	Newly established set of security associations	Old set of security associations
SIP message received over newly established set of security associations that have not yet been taken into use	No action	Take into use	Reduce SIP level lifetime to 64*T1, if lifetime is larger than 64*T1
SIP message received over old set of security associations	No action	No action	No action
Old set of security associations currently in use will expire in 64*T1	No action	Take into use	No action
Sending an authorization challenge within a 401 (Unauthorized) response for a REGISTER request	Create Remove any previously existing temporary set of security associations	No action	No action
Sending 200 (OK) response for REGISTER request that concludes re-authentication	Change to a newly established set of security associations	Convert to and treat as old set of security associations (see next column)	Continue using the old set of security associations over which the REGISTER request, that initiated the reauthentication was received. Delete all other old sets of security associations immediately
Sending 200 (OK) response for REGISTER request that concludes initial authentication	Change to a newly established set of security associations and take into use immediately	Convert to old set of security associations, i.e. delete	Delete

5.2.3 Subscription to the user's registration-state event package

Upon receipt of a 200 (OK) response to the initial REGISTER request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) generate a SUBSCRIBE request in accordance with RFC 3680 [43], with the following elements:
 - a Request-URI set to the resource to which the P-CSCF wants to be subscribed to, i.e. to a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity of the user;
 - a From header set to the P-CSCF's SIP URI;
 - a To header, set to a SIP URI that contains the default public user identity of the user;
 - an Event header set to the "reg" event package;
 - an Expires header set to a value higher then the Expires header indicated in the 200 (OK) response to the REGISTER request;
 - a P-Asserted-Identity header set to the SIP URI of the P-CSCF, which was inserted into the Path header during the registration of the user to whose registration state the P-CSCF subscribes to; and
 - a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17]; and
- 2) determine the I-CSCF of the home network (e.g., by using DNS services);

before sending the SUBSCRIBE request to that I-CSCF, according to the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

NOTE: The subscription to reg event package is done once per private user identity.

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request, the P-CSCF shall store the information for the so established dialog and the expiration time as indicated in the Expires header of the received response.

If continued subscription is required the P-CSCF shall automatically refresh the subscription by the reg event package 600 seconds before the expiration time for a previously registered public user identity, either 600 seconds before the

expiration time if the initial subscription was for greater than 1200 seconds, or when half of the time has expired if the initial subscription was for 1200 seconds or less.

5.2.4 Registration of multiple public user identities

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request the P-CSCF shall maintain the generated dialog (identified by the values of the Call-ID header, and the values of tags in To and From headers).

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package of the user, the P-CSCF shall perform the following actions:

- 1) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "active", i.e. registered; and
 - the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element is set to "active"; and
 - the value of the <uri>> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
 - the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "registered" or "created";

the P-CSCF shall:

- bind the indicated public user identity as registered to the contact information of the respective user; and
- add the public user identity to the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user;
- 2) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "active", i.e. registered: and
 - the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element is set to "terminated";
 - the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
 - the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "deactivated", "expired", "probation", "unregistered", or "rejected";

the P-CSCF shall consider the indicated public user identitiy as deregistered for this user, and shall release all stored information for the public user identity bound to the respective user; and

- 3) for each public user identity whose state attribute in the <registration> element is set to "terminated", i.e. deregistered; and
 - the value of the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element is set to the contact address of the user's UE; and
 - the event attribute of that <contact> sub-element(s) is set to "deactivated", "expired", "probation", "unregistered", or "rejected";

the P-CSCF shall consider the indicated public user identitiy as deregistered for this UE, and shall release all stored information for these public user identity bound to the respective user and remove the public user identity from the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user.

If all public user identities, that were registered by the user using its private user identity, have been deregistered, the P-CSCF, will receive from the S-CSCF a NOTIFY request that may include the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", as described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2. If the Subscription-State header was not set to "terminated", the P-CSCF may either unsubscribe to the reg event package of the user or let the subscription expire.

NOTE 1: Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

NOTE 2: There may be public user identities which are implicitly registered within the registrar (S-CSCF) of the user upon registration of one public user identity. The procedures in this subclause provide a mechanism to inform the P-CSCF about these implicitly registered public user identities.

5.2.5 Deregistration

5.2.5.1 User-initiated deregistration

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response to a REGISTER request (sent according to subclause 5.2.2) sent by this UE, it shall check the value of the Expires header field and/or expires parameter in the Contact header field. When the value of the Expires header field or expires parameter equals zero, then the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove the public user identity found in the To header field, and all the associated public user identities, from the registered public user identities list belonging to this UE and all related stored information; and
- 2) check if the UE has left any other registered public user identity. When all of the public user identities that were registered by this UE are deregistered, the P-CSCF shall delete the security associations towards the UE, after the server transaction (as defined in RFC 3261 [26]) pertaining to this deregistration terminates.
- NOTE 1: Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).
- NOTE 2: There is no requirement to distinguish a REGISTER request relating to a registration from that relating to a deregistration. For administration reasons the P-CSCF may distinguish such requests, however this has no impact on the SIP procedures.
- NOTE 3: When the P-CSCF has sent the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered), the P-CSCF removes the security association established between the P-CSCF and the UE. Therefore further SIP signalling (e.g. the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event) will not reach the UE.

5.2.5.2 Network-initiated deregistration

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request on the dialog which was generated during subscription to the reg event package of the UE, as described in subclause 5.2.3, including one or more <registration> element(s) which were registered by the UE with either:

- the state attribute set to "terminated"; or
- the state attribute set to "active" and the state attribute within the <contact> sub-element belonging to this UE set to "terminated", and associated event attribute element to "rejected" or "deactivated";

the P-CSCF shall remove all stored information for these public user identities for this UE and remove these public user identities from the list of the public user identities that are registered for the user.

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header set to "terminated" or when all public user identities of the UE have been deregistered, the P-CSCF shall shorten the security associations towards the UE.

- NOTE 1: The security association between the P-CSCF and the UEis shortened to a value that will allow the NOTIFY request containing the deregistration event to reach the UE.
- NOTE 2: When the P-CSCF receives the NOTIFY request with Subscription-State header containing the value of "terminated", the P-CSCF considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated (i.e. as if the P-CSCF had sent a SUBSCRIBE request to the S-CSCF with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

5.2.6 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding the REGISTER method

5.2.6.1 Introduction

The procedures of subclause 5.2.6 and its subclauses are general to all requests and responses, except those for the REGISTER method.

5.2.6.2 Determination of mobile-originated or mobile-terminated case

Upon receipt of an initial request or a target refresh request or a stand-alone transaction, the P-CSCF shall:

- perform the procedures for the mobile-terminating case as described in subclause 5.2.6.4 if the request makes use of the information for mobile-terminating calls, which was added to the Path header entry of the P-CSCF during registration (see subclause 5.2.2), e.g. the message is received at a certain port or the topmost Route header contains a specific user part or parameter;
- perform the procedures for the mobile-originating case as described in subclause 5.2.6.3 if this information is not used by the request.

5.2.6.3 Requests initiated by the UE

When the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request contains a P-Preferred-Identity header that matches one of the registered public user identities, the P-CSCF shall identify the initiator of the request by that public user identity.

When the P-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request contains a P-Preferred-Identity header that does not match one of the registered public user identities, or does not contain a P-Preferred-Identity header, the P-CSCF shall identify the initiator of the request by a default public user identity. If there is more then one default public user identity available, the P-CSCF shall randomly select one of them.

NOTE 1: The contents of the From header do not form any part of this decision process.

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an initial request for a dialog, and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or reregistration) matches the preloaded Route headers in the received request. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCFshall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 2 onwards; or
 - b) replace the preloaded Route header value in the request with the value of the Service-Route header received during the last 200 (OK) response for a registration or reregistration;
- 2) add its own address to the Via header. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26], and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address, or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 3) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits subsequent requests from the called party, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 4) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value representing the initiator of the request;

- 5) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17]; and
- 6) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 2) store the list of Record-Route headers from the received response;
- 3) store the dialog ID and associate it with the private user identity and public user identity involved in the session;
- 4) rewrite the port number of its own Record Route entry to its own protected server port number negotiated with the calling UE, and append the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55]; and
- NOTE 2: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details on the selection of the protected port values see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 5) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact, From, To and Record-Route header field values received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE a target refresh request for a dialog, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify if the request relates to a dialog in which the originator of the request is involved:
 - a) if the request does not relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall answer the request by sending a 403 (Forbidden) response back to the originator. The P-CSCF will not forward the request. No other actions are required; or
 - b) if the request relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall continue with the following steps;
- 2) verify that the list of Route headers in the request matches the stored list of Record-Route headers for the same dialog. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the stored list of Record-Route headers for the same dialog;
- 3) add its own address to the Via header. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits the responses to come, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address, or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address;
- 4) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of Record-Route header, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the port number of the P-CSCF where it awaits subsequent requests from the called party, and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address; and
- 5) for INVITE dialogs (i.e. dialogs initiated by an INVITE request), replace the saved Contact and Cseq header filed values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- NOTE 3: The replaced Contact header field value is valid only if a 1xx or 2xx response will be received for the request. In other cases the old value is still valid.

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) rewrite the port number of its own Record Route entry to the same value as for the response to the initial request for the dialog, and append the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55]; and
- 2) replace the saved Contact header value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE the request for a standalone transaction, and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or reregistration) matches the preloaded Route headers in the received request. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or
 - b) replace the preloaded Route header value in the request with the one received during the last registration in the Service-Route header of the 200 (OK) response;
- 2) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value representing the initiator of the request; and
- 3) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17];

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

1) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;

before forwarding the response to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE subsequent requests other than a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify if the request relates to a dialog in which the originator of the request is involved:
 - a) if the request does not relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall answer the request by sending a 403 (Forbidden) response back to the originator. The P-CSCF will not forward the request. No other actions are required; or
 - b) if the request relates to an existing dialog in which the originator is involved, then the P-CSCF shall continue with the following steps;
- 2) verify that the list of Route headers in the request matches the stored list of Record-Route headers for the same dialog. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 3 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the stored list of Record-Route headers for the same dialog;
- 3) for dialogs that are not INVITE dialogs, add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17]; and
- 4) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Cseq header value received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request, (based on the topmost Route header,) in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE the request for an unknown method (that does not relate to an existing dialog), and a Service-Route header list exists for the initiator of the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- verify that the list of URIs received in the Service-Route header (during the last successful registration or reregistration) is included, preserving the same order, as a subset of the preloaded Route headers in the received request. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) return a 400 (Bad Request) response; the P-CSCF shall not forward the request, and shall not continue with the execution of steps 2 onwards; or
 - b) replace the Route header value in the request with the one received during the last registration in the Service-Route header of the 200 (OK) response; and
- 2) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with a value representing the initiator of the request;

before forwarding the request, based on the topmost Route header, in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

5.2.6.4 Requests terminated by the UE

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, an initial request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- convert the list of Record-Route header values into a list of Route header values and save this list of Route headers;
- 2) if the request is an INVITE request, save a copy of the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 3) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the list of Record-Route headers and save the list, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- 4) when adding its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list, build the P-CSCF Via header entry in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;

NOTE 1: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

- 5) remove and store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 6) remove and store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 7) save a copy of the P-Called-Party-ID header;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert a P-Asserted-Identity header with the value saved from the P-Called-Party-ID header that was received in the request;
- 2) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;
- 3) verify that the list of URIs received in the Record-Route header of the request corresponding to the same dialog is included, preserving the same order, as a subset of the Record-Route header list of this response. This verification is done on a per URI basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Record-Route header values with those received in the request, rewrite the port number of its own Record-Route entry to the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and remove the comp parameter.
 - If the verification is successful, the P-CSCF shall rewrite the port number of its own Record-Route entry to the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and remove the comp parameter;
- 4) store the dialog ID and associate it with the private user identity and public user identity involved in the session; and
- 5) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact, To, From and Record-Route header field value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 2: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) when adding its own SIP URI to the top of the list of Record-Route headers and save the list, build the P-CSCF SIP URI in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or

- b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; and
- 3) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Contact and Cseq header field values received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- NOTE 3: The replaced Contact header field value is valid only if a 1xx or 2xx response will be received for the request. In other cases the old value is still valid.

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;
- 2) rewrite the port number of its own Record-Route entry to the same value as for the response to the initial request for the dialog and remove the comp parameter; and
- 3) replace the saved Contact header field value received in the response such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any other response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If the verification fails, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request; and
- 2) rewrite the port number of its own Record-Route entry to the port number where it awaits subsequent requests from the calling party and remove the comp parameter;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a request for a standalone transaction, or a request for an unknown method (that does not relate to an existing dialog), prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list. The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 4: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
- 3) remove and store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 4) save a copy of the P-Called-Party-ID header;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request; and
- 2) remove the P-Preferred-Identity header, if present, and insert an P-Asserted-Identity header with the value saved from the P-Called-Party-ID header of the request;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives, destined for the UE, a subsequent request for a dialog that is not a target refresh request (including requests relating to an existing dialog where the method is unknown), prior to forwarding the request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) add its own address to the top of the received list of Via header and save the list The P-CSCF Via header entry is built in a format that contains the comp parameter in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3486 [55], and the protected server port number of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF and either:
 - a) the P-CSCF FQDN that resolves to the IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF; or
 - b) the P-CSCF IP address of the security association established from the UE to the P-CSCF;
- NOTE 5: The P-CSCF associates two ports, a protected client port and a protected server port, with each pair of security associations. For details of the usage of the two ports see 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
- 2) remove and store the icid parameter from P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 3) for INVITE dialogs, replace the saved Cseq header value received in the request such that the P-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;

before forwarding the request to the UE in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

When the P-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the P-CSCF shall:

- 1) verify that the list of Via headers matches the saved list of Via headers received in the request corresponding to the same dialog, including the P-CSCF via header value. This verification is done on a per Via header value basis, not as a whole string. If these lists do not match, then the P-CSCF shall either:
 - a) discard the response; or
 - b) replace the Via header values with those received in the request;

before forwarding the response in accordance with the procedures of RFC 3261 [26].

5.2.7 Initial INVITE

5.2.7.1 Introduction

In addition to following the procedures for initial requests defined in subclause 5.2.6, initial INVITE requests also follow the procedures of this subclause.

5.2.7.2 Mobile-originating case

When the P-CSCF receives from the UE an INVITE request, the P-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the P-CSCF. If the P-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 1: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

The P-CSCF shall respond to all INVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

Upon receiving a response as specified in RFC 3313 [31] to the initial INVITE request, the P-CSCF shall:

- if a media authorization token is generated by the PDF (i.e. when service-based local policy control is applied), insert the P-Media-Authorization header containing that media authorization token.

NOTE 2: Typically, the first 183 (Session Progress) response contains an SDP answer including one or more "m=" media descriptions, but it is also possible that the response does not contain an SDP answer or the SDP does not include at least an "m=" media description. However, the media authorization token is generated independently of the presence or absence of "m=" media descriptions and sent to the UE in the P-Media-Authorization header value. The same media authorization token is used until the session is terminated. For further details see 3GPP TS 29.207 [12].

The P-CSCF shall also include the access-network-charging-info parameter (if received via the PDF, over the Go and Gq interfaces) in the P-Charging-Vector header in the first request originated by the UE that traverses the P-CSCF, as soon as the charging information is available in the P-CSCF, e.g., after the local resource reservation is complete. Typically, this first request is an UPDATE request if the remote UA supports the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension or a re-INVITE request if the remote UA does not support the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.7.3 Mobile-terminating case

When the P-CSCF receives an INVITE request destined for the UE the P-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the P-CSCF. If the P-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 1: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it in order to make it work.

When the P-CSCF receives an initial INVITE request destined for the UE, it will contain the URI of the UE in the Request-URI, and a single preloaded Route header. The received initial INVITE request will also have a list of Record-Route headers. Prior to forwarding the initial INVITE to the URI found in the Request-URI, the P-CSCF shall:

- if a media authorization token is generated by the PDF as specified in RFC 3313 [31] (i.e. when service-based local policy control is applied), insert the P-Media-Authorization header containing that media authorization token.
- NOTE 2: Typically, the initial INVITE request contains an SDP offer including one or more "m=" media descriptions, but it is also possible that the INVITE request does not contain an SDP offer or the SDP does not include at least an "m= media description. However, the media authorization token is generated independently of the presence or absence of "m=" media descriptions and sent to the UE in the P-Media-Authorization header value. The same media authorization token is used until the session is terminated. For further details see 3GPP TS 29.207 [12].

In addition, the P-CSCF shall respond to all INVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

The P-CSCF shall also include the access-network-charging-info parameter (if received via the PDF, over the Go and Gq interfaces) in the P-Charging-Vector header in the first request or response originated by the UE that traverses the P-CSCF, as soon as the charging information is available in the P-CSCF e.g., after the local resource reservation is complete. Typically, this first response is a 180 (Ringing) or 200 (OK) response if the remote UA supports the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension, or a re-INVITE request if the remote UA does not support the "integration of resource management in SIP" extension. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.7.4 Access network charging information

The P-CSCF shall include the access-network-charging-info parameter within the P-Charging-Vector header as described in subclause 7.2A.5.

5.2.8 Call release

5.2.8.1 P-CSCF-initiated call release

5.2.8.1.1 Cancellation of a session currently being established

Upon receipt of an indication that radio coverage is no longer available for a multimedia session currently being established (e.g. abort session request from PDF), the P-CSCF shall cancel that dialog by sending out a CANCEL request according to the procedures described in RFC 3261 [26].

5.2.8.1.2 Release of an existing session

Upon receipt of an indication that the radio interface resources are no longer available for a session (e.g. abort session request from PDF), the P-CSCF shall release that dialog by applying the following steps:

- 1) if the P-CSCF serves the calling user of the session it shall generate a BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the called user;
 - a To header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the calling to the called user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the called user as stored for the dialog;
 - further headers, based on local policy or the requested session release reason.
- 2) If the P-CSCF serves the called user of the session it shall generate a BYE request based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the calling user;
 - a To header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 (OK) response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the current CSeq value stored for the direction from the called to the calling user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the calling user as stored for the dialog;
 - further headers, based on local policy or the requested session release reason.
- 3) send the so generated BYE request towards the indicated user.
- 4) upon receipt of the 2xx responses for the BYE request, shall delete all information related to the dialog and the related multimedia session.

5.2.8.1.3 Abnormal cases

Upon receipt of a request on a dialog for which the P-CSCF initiated session release, the P-CSCF shall terminate this received request and answer it with a 481 (Call/Transaction Does Not Exist) response.

5.2.8.1.4 Release of the existing dialogs due to registration expiration and deletion of the security association

If there are still active dialogs associated with the user after the security associations were deleted, the P-CSCF shall discard all information pertaining to these dialogs without performing any further SIP transactions with the peer entities of the P-CSCF.

NOTE: At the same time, the P-CSCF will also indicate via the Gq interface that the session has been terminated.

5.2.8.2 Call release initiated by any other entity

When the P-CSCF receives a 2xx response for a BYE request matching an existing dialog, it shall delete all the stored information related to the dialog.

5.2.8.3 Session expiration

If the P-CSCF requested the session to be refreshed periodically, and the P-CSCF got the indication that the session will be refreshed, when the session timer expires, the P-CSCF shall delete all the stored information related to the dialog.

NOTE: The P-CSCF will also indicate to the IP-CAN, via the Gq interface, that the session has terminated.

5.2.9 Subsequent requests

5.2.9.1 Mobile-originating case

The P-CSCF shall respond to all reINVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request from the UE within the same dialog, the P-CSCF shall include the updated access-network-charging-info parameter from P-Charging-Vector header when sending the SIP request to the S-CSCF. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.9.2 Mobile-terminating case

The P-CSCF shall respond to all reINVITE requests with a 100 (Trying) provisional response.

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request destined towards the UE within the same dialog, when the P-CSCF sends 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request or UPDATE request) towards the S-CSCF, the P-CSCF shall include the updated access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. See subclause 5.2.7.4 for further information on the access network charging information.

5.2.10 Emergency service

The P-CSCF shall store a configurable list of local emergency numbers and emergency URIs, i.e. those used for emergency services by the operator to which the P-CSCF belongs to. In addition to that, the P-CSCF shall store a configurable list of roaming partners' emergency numbers and emergency URIs associated with MCC and MNC codes.

NOTE: Certain SIP URIs may be classified as emergency URIs in all networks.

The P-CSCF shall inspect the Request URI of all INVITE requests from the UE for known emergency numbers and emergency URIs from these configurable lists. If the P-CSCF detects that the Request-URI of the INVITE request matches one of the numbers in any of these lists, the P-CSCF shall not forward the INVITE request. If support for the 3GPP IMS XML body in the Accept header is not indicated, it shall be assumed that the UE supports version 1 of the XML Schema for the IM CN subsystem XML body. The P-CSCF shall respond the INVITE request with a 380 (Alternative Service) response.

In order to determine whether the INVITE request is destined for an emergency centre in the roaming country (i.e. the list of roaming partners' are inspected), the P-CSCF shall compare the MCC and the MNC fields in the received in the P-Access-Network-Info header of the INVITE request against its own MCC and MNC codes.

The P-CSCF shall include in the 380 (Alternative Service) response:

a Content-Type header field with the value set to associated MIME type of the 3GPP IMS XML body as
described in subclause 7.6.1.

The P-CSCF shall include in the 3GPP IMS XML body:

- a) an <ims-3gpp> element with the "version" attribute set to "1" and with an <alternative-service> child element, set to the parameters of the alternative service:
 - 1) a <type> child element, set to "emergency" (see table 7.7AA) to indicate that it was an emergency call; and
 - 2) a <reason> child element, set to an operator configurable reason.

5.2.11 Void

5.3 Procedures at the I-CSCF

5.3.1 Registration procedure

5.3.1.1 General

During the registration procedure the I-CSCF shall behave as a stateful proxy.

5.3.1.2 Normal procedures

When I-CSCF receives a REGISTER request, the I-CSCF starts the user registration status query procedure to the HSS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

NOTE: Different UEs, each with its own private user identity, may register the same shared public user identity. Registrations of all public user identities belonging to these UEs are directed to the same S-CSCF as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

Prior to performing the user registration query procedure to the HSS, the I-CSCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

If the user registration status query response from the HSS includes a valid SIP URI, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) replace the Request-URI of the received REGISTER request with the SIP URI received from the HSS in the Server-Name AVP;
- 2) apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.3.3 if topology hiding is required; and
- 3) forward the REGISTER request to the indicated S-CSCF.

If the user registration status query response from the HSS includes a list of capabilities, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) select a S-CSCF that fulfils the indicated mandatory capabilities if more then one S-CSCFs fulfils the indicated mandatory capabilities the S-CSCF which fulfils most of the possibly additionally indicated optional capabilities;
- 2) replace the Request-URI of the received REGISTER request with the URI of the S-CSCF;
- 3) apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.3.3 if topology hiding is required; and
- 4) forward the REGISTER request to the selected S-CSCF.

When the I-CSCF receives a 2xx response to a REGISTER request, the I-CSCF shall proxy the 2xx response to the P-CSCF.

5.3.1.3 Abnormal cases

In the case of SLF query, if the SLF does not send HSS address to the I-CSCF, the I-CSCF shall send back a 403 (Forbidden) response to the UE.

If the HSS sends a negative response to the user registration status query request, the I-CSCF shall send back a 403 (Forbidden) response.

If the the user registration status query procedure cannot be completed, e.g. due to time-out or incorrect information from the HSS, the I-CSCF shall send back a 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to the UE.

If a selected S-CSCF:

- does not respond to the REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the I-CSCF; or
- sends back a 3xx response or 480 (Temporarily Unavailable) response to a REGISTER request;

and:

- the REGISTER request did not include an "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header; or
- did include an "integrity-protected" parameter with a value different from "yes" in the Authorization header;

then:

- if the I-CSCF has received the list of capabilities from the HSS, the I-CSCF shall select a new S-CSCF as described in subclause 5.3.1.2, based on the capabilities indicated from the HSS. The newly selected S-CSCF shall not be one of any S-CSCFs selected previously during this same registration procedure; or
- if the I-CSCF has received a valid SIP URI from the HSS because the S-CSCF is already assigned to other UEs sharing the same public user identity, it will request the list of capabilities from the HSS and, on receiving these capabilities, the I-CSCF shall select a new S-CSCF as described in subclause 5.3.1.2, based on the capabilities indicated from the HSS. The newly selected S-CSCF shall not be one of any S-CSCFs selected previously during this same registration procedure.

If a selected S-CSCF does not respond to a REGISTER request and its retransmissions by the I-CSCF and the REGISTER request did include an Authorization header with the "integrity-protected" parameter set to "yes", the I-CSCF shall send back a 408 (Request Timeout) response or 504 (Server Time-Out) response to the user, in accordance with the procedures in RFC 3261 [26].

If the I-CSCF cannot select a S-CSCF which fulfils the mandatory capabilities indicated by the HSS, the I-CSCF shall send back a 600 (Busy Everywhere) response to the user.

5.3.2 Initial requests

5.3.2.1 Normal procedures

The I-CSCF may behave as a stateful proxy for initial requests.

The I-CSCF shall verify for all requests whether they arrived from a trusted domain or not. If the request arrived from a non trusted domain, then the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) respond with 403 (Forbidden) response if the request is a REGISTER request;
- remove all P-Asserted-Identity headers, all P-Access-Network-Info headers, all P-Charging-Vector headers and all P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers the request may contain, if the request is other than REGISTER request; and
- 3) continue with the procedures below.

If the request arrived from a trusted domain, the I-CSCF shall perform the procedures below.

NOTE 1: The I-CSCF may find out whether the request arrived from a trusted domain or not, from the procedures described in 3GPP TS 33.210 [19A].

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction the I-CSCF shall:

1) if the Request-URI includes:

- a) a pres: or an im: URI, then translate the pres: or im: URI to a public user identity and replace the Request-URI of the incoming request with that public user identity; or
- b) a SIP-URI with the user part starting with a + and the user parameter equals "phone" then replace the Request-URI with a tel-URI with the user part of the SIP-URI in the telephone-subscriber element in the tel-URI: and

NOTE 2: SRV records have to be advertised in DNS pointing to the I-CSCF for pres: and im: queries.

2) if the request does not contain a Route header, then check if the domain name of the Request-URI matches with one of the PSI subdomains configured in the I-CSCF. If the match is successful, the I-CSCF resolves the Request-URI by an internal DNS mechanism into the IP address of the AS hosting the PSI and does not start the user location query procedure. Otherwise, the I-CSCF shall start the user location query procedure to the HSS as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] for the called user, indicated in the Request-URI. Prior to performing the user location query procedure to the HSS, the I-CSCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14].

When the I-CSCF receives any response to such a request request, the I-CSCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE 3: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

When the I-CSCF receives an INVITE request, the I-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the I-CSCF. If the I-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 4: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

In case the I-CSCF is able to resolve the Request-URI into the IP address of the AS hosting the PSI, then it shall:

- 1) store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. If no icid parameter was found, then create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header. The I-CSCF shall add a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameter. The I-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The I-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- 2) apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.3.3 if topology hiding is required; and
- 3) forward the request directly to the AS hosting the PSI.

Upon successful user location query, when the response contains the URI of the assigned S-CSCF, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert the URI received from the HSS as the topmost Route header;
- 2) store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. If no icid parameter was found, then create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 3) apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.3.3 if topology hiding is required; and
- 4) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

Upon successful user location query, when the response contains information about the required S-CSCF capabilities, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) select a S-CSCF according to the method described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14];
- 2) insert the URI of the selected S-CSCF as the topmost Route header field value;
- 3) execute the procedure described in step 2 and 3 in the above paragraph (upon successful user location query, when the response contains the URI of the assigned S-CSCF); and
- 4) forward the request to the selected S-CSCF.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query when the response from the HSS indicates that the user does not exist, the I-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 404 (Not found) or 604 (Does not exist anywhere) in the case the user is not a user of the home network.

Upon an unsuccessful user location query when the response from the HSS indicates that the user is not registered and no services are provided for such a user, the I-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 480 (Temporarily unavailable) if the user is recognized as a valid user, but is not registered at the moment and it does not have services for unregistered users.

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction, that contains a single Route header pointing to itself, the I-CSCF shall determine from the entry in the Route header whether it needs to do HSS query or hiding. In case HSS query is needed, then the I-CSCF shall perform the procedures described for the case when there is no Route header present. If the I-CSCF determines that hiding must be performed for an outgoing request, and the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) perform the procedures described in subclause 5.3.3; and
- 3) route the request based on the Request-URI header field.

When the I-CSCF receives an initial request for a dialog or standalone transaction containing more than one Route header, the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) apply the procedures as described in subclause 5.3.3; and
- 3) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

NOTE 5: In accordance with SIP the I-CSCF can add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header to any request, independently of whether it is an initial request, or whether topology hiding is performed. The P-CSCF will ignore any Record-Route header that is not in the initial request of a dialog.

When the I-CSCF receives a response to an initial request (e.g. 183 or 2xx), the I-CSCF shall store the values from the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, if present. If the next hop is outside of the current network, then the I-CSCF shall remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header prior to forwarding the message.

When the I-CSCF, upon sending an initial INVITE request to the S-CSCF, receives a 305 (Use Proxy) response from the S-CSCF, it shall forward the initial INVITE request to the SIP URI indicated in the Contact field of the 305 (Use Proxy) response, as specified in RFC 3261 [26].

5.3.2.2 Abnormal cases

In the case of SLF query, if the SLF does not send HSS address to the I-CSCF, the I-CSCF shall send back a 404 (Not Found) response to the UE.

If the I-CSCF receives a negative response to the user location query, the I-CSCF shall send back a 404 (Not Found) response.

If the I-CSCF receives a CANCEL request and if the I-CSCF finds an internal state indicating a pending Cx transaction with the HSS, the I-CSCF:

- shall answer the CANCEL with a 200 OK; and
- shall answer the original request with a 487 Request Terminated.

NOTE: The I-CSCF will discard any later arriving (pending) Cx answer message from the HSS.

5.3.3 THIG functionality in the I-CSCF(THIG)

5.3.3.1 General

The following procedures shall only be applied if topology hiding is required by the network. The network requiring topology hiding is called the hiding network.

NOTE 1: Requests and responses are handled independently therefore no state information is needed for that purpose within an I-CSCF(THIG).

The I-CSCF(THIG) shall apply topology hiding to all headers which reveal topology information, such as Via, Route, Record-Route, Service-Route.

Upon receiving an incoming REGISTER request for which topology hiding has to be applied and which includes a Path header, the I-CSCF(THIG) shall add the routeable SIP URI of an I-CSCF(THIG) to the top of the Path header. The I-CSCF(THIG) may include in the inserted SIP URI an indicator that identifies the direction of subsequent requests received by the I-CSCF i.e., from the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF, to identify the mobile-terminating case. The I-CSCF(THIG) may encode this indicator in different ways, such as, e.g., a unique parameter in the URI, a character string in the username part of the URI, or a dedicated port number in the URI.

NOTE 2: Any subsequent request that includes the direction indicator (in the Route header) or arrives at the dedicated port number, indicates that the request was sent by the S-CSCF towards the P-CSCF.

Upon receiving an incoming initial request for which topology hiding has to be applied and which includes a Record-Route header, the I-CSCF(THIG) shall add its own routeable SIP URI to the top of the Record-Route header.

Upon receiving an outgoing initial request for which topology hiding has to be applied and which includes P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, the I-CSCF(THIG) shall remove the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header prior to forwarding the message.

5.3.3.2 Encryption for topology hiding

Upon receiving an outgoing request/response from the hiding network the I-CSCF (THIG) shall perform the encryption for topology hiding purposes, i.e. the I-CSCF (THIG) shall:

- 1) use the whole header values which were added by one or more specific entity of the hiding network as input to encryption, besides the UE entry;
- 2) not change the order of the headers subject to encryption when performing encryption;
- 3) use for one encrypted string all received consecutive header entries subject to encryption, regardless if they appear in separate consecutive headers or if they are consecutive entries in a comma separated list in one header;
- 4) construct a hostname that is the username part is the encrypted string.
- 5) append a "tokenized-by-" parameter and set it to the value of the encrypting network's name, after the constructed hostname;
- 6) form one valid entry for the specific header out of the resulting hostname, e.g. prepend "SIP/2.0/UDP" for Via headers or "sip:" for Route and Record-Route headers;
- 7) if the I-CSCF (THIG) encrypted an entry in the Route header, then it also inserts its own URI before the topmost encrypted entry; and
- 8) if the I-CSCF (THIG) encrypted an entry in the Via header, then it also inserts its own URI before the topmost encrypted entry.
- NOTE 1: Even if consecutive entries of the same network in a specific header are encrypted, they will result in only one encrypted header entry. For example:

NOTE 2: If multiple entries of the same network are within the same type of headers, but they are not consecutive, then these entries will be tokenized to different strings. For example:

NOTE 3: If request will return to the hiding network (e.g. after visiting an AS), then I-CSCF (THIG) URI is inserted. For example:

5.3.3.3 Decryption for Topology Hiding

Upon receiving and incoming requests/response to the hiding network the I-CSCF(THIG) shall perform the decryption for topology hiding purposes, i.e. the I-CSCF shall:

- 1) identify hostnames encrypted by the network this I-CSCF belongs to within all headers of the incoming message;
- 2) use those hostnames that carry the identification of the hiding network within the value of the "tokenized-by" parameter as input to decryption;
- 3) use as encrypted string the hostname which follows the sent-protocol (for Via Headers, e.g. "SIP/2.0/UDP") or the URI scheme (for Route and Record-Route Headers, e.g. "sip:");
- 4) replace all content of the received header which carries encrypted information with the entries resulting from decryption.

EXAMPLE: An encrypted entry to a Via header that looks like:

NOTE: Motivations for these decryption procedures are e.g. to allow the correct routeing of a response through the hiding network, to enable loop avoidance within the hiding network, or to allow the entities of the hiding network to change their entries within e.g. the Record-Route header.

5.3.4 Void

5.4 Procedures at the S-CSCF

5.4.1 Registration and authentication

5.4.1.1 Introduction

The S-CSCF shall act as the SIP registrar for all UAs belonging to the IM CN subsystem and with public user identities.

The S-CSCF shall support the use of the Path and Service-Route header. The S-CSCF shall also support the Require and Supported headers. The Path header is only applicable to the REGISTER request and its 200 (OK) response. The Service-Route header is only applicable to the 200 (OK) response of REGISTER.

The network operator defines minimum and maximum times for each registration. These values are provided within the S-CSCF.

The procedures for notification concerning automatically registered public user identities of a user are described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2.

5.4.1.2 Initial registration and user-initiated reregistration

5.4.1.2.1 Unprotected REGISTER

- NOTE 1: Any REGISTER request sent unprotected by the UE is considered to be an initial registration. A 200 (OK) final response to such a request will only be sent back after the S-CSCF receives a correct authentication challenge response in a REGISTER request that is sent integrity protected.
- NOTE 2: A REGISTER with Expires header value equal to zero should always be received protected. However, it is possible that in error conditions a REGISTER with Expires header value equal to zero may be received unprotected. In that instance the procedures below will be applied.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", for a public user identity linked to a private user identity that has previously registered one or more public user identities, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) perform the procedure for receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", for the received public user identity; and
- 2) if the authentication that concludes the initial registration has been successful, and there are public user identities belonging to this user that have been previously registered and the previous registrations have not expired, the S-CSCF shall perform the network initiated deregistration procedure for the previously registered public user identities belonging to this user excluding the public user identity being registered (as described in subclause 5.4.1.5).
- NOTE 3: The S-CSCF will inform the HSS that the previously registered public user identities, excluding the public user identity being registered, have been deregistered.

When S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no" and a non-empty response directive, the S-CSCF shall ignore the value of the response directive.

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "no", which is not for an already registered public user identity linked to the same private user identity, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the username field in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request;
- 2) check if the P-Visited-Network header is included in the REGISTER request, and if it is included identify the visited network by the value of this header;
- 3) select an authentication vector for the user. If no authentication vector for this user is available, after the S-CSCF has performed the Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall select an authentication vector as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].
 - Prior to performing Cx Multimedia Authentication procedure with the HSS, the S-CSCF decides which HSS to query, possibly as a result of a query to the Subscription Locator Functional (SLF) entity as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14];
- NOTE 4: At this point the S-CSCF informs the HSS, that the user currently registering will be served by the S-CSCF by passing its SIP URI to the HSS. This will be used by the HSS to direct all subsequent incoming initial requests for a dialog or standalone transactions destined for this user to this S-CSCF.
- NOTE 5: When passing its SIP URI to the HSS, the S-CSCF may include in its SIP URI the transport protocol and the port number where it wants to be contacted.
- 4) store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header;

- 5) challenge the user by generating a 401 (Unauthorized) response for the received REGISTER request, including a WWW-Authenticate header which transports:
 - a globally unique name of the S-CSCF in the realm field;
 - the RAND and AUTN parameters and optional server specific data for the UE in the nonce field;
 - the security mechanism, which is AKAv1-MD5, in the algorithm field;
 - the IK (Integrity Key) parameter for the P-CSCF in the ik field (see subclause 7.2A.1); and
 - the CK (Cipher Key) parameter for the P-CSCF in the ck field (see subclause 7.2A.1);
- 6) store the RAND parameter used in the 401 (Unathorized) response for future use in case of a resynchronisation. If a stored RAND already exists in the S-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall overwrite the stored RAND with the RAND used in the most recent 401 (Unauthorized) response;
- 7) send the so generated 401 (Unauthorized) response towards the UE; and,
- 8) start timer reg-await-auth which guards the receipt of the next REGISTER request.

If the received REGISTER request indicates that the challenge sent previously by the S-CSCF to the UE was deemed to be invalid by the UE, the S-CSCF shall stop the timer reg-await-auth and proceed as described in the subclause 5.4.1.2.3.

5.4.1.2.2 Protected REGISTER

Upon receipt of a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes", the S-CSCF shall identify the user by the public user identity as received in the To header and the private user identity as received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request, and:

In the case that there is no authentication currently ongoing for this user (i.e. no timer reg-await-auth is running):

1) check if the user needs to be reauthenticated.

The S-CSCF may require authentication of the user for any REGISTER request, and shall always require authentication for REGISTER requests received without the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes".

If the user needs to be reauthenticated, the S-CSCF shall proceed with the procedures as described for the unprotected REGISTER in subclause 5.4.1.2.1, beginning with step 3). If the user does not need to be reauthenticated, the S-CSCF shall proceed with the following steps in this paragraph; and

2) check whether an Expires timer is included in the REGISTER request and its value. If the Expires header indicates a zero value, the S-CSCF shall perform the deregistration procedures as described in subclause 5.4.1.4. If the Expires header does not indicate zero, the S-CSCF shall check whether the public user identity received in the To header is already registered. If it is not registered, the S-CSCF shall proceed beginning with step 5 below. Otherwise, the S-CSCF shall proceed beginning with step 6 below.

In the case that a timer reg-await-auth is running for this user the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) check if the Call-ID of the request matches with the Call-ID of the 401 (Unauthorized) response which carried the last challenge. The S-CSCF shall only proceed further if the Call-IDs match.
- 2) stop timer reg-await-auth;
- 3) check whether an Authorization header is included, containing:
 - a) the private user identity of the user in the username field;
 - b) the algorithm which is AKAv1-MD5 in the algorithm field; and
 - c) the authentication challenge response needed for the authentication procedure in the response field.

The S-CSCF shall only proceed with the following steps in this paragraph if the authentication challenge response was included;

- 4) check whether the received authentication challenge response and the expected authentication challenge response (calculated by the S-CSCF using XRES and other parameters as described in RFC 3310 [49]) match. The XRES parameter was received from the HSS as part of the Authentication Vector. The S-CSCF shall only proceed with the following steps if the challenge response received from the UE and the expected response calculated by the S-CSCF match;
- 5) after performing the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], store the following information in the local data:
 - a) the list of public user identities associated to the the public user identity under registration, including the own public user identity under registration and the implicitly registered due to the received REGISTER request. Each public user identity is identified as either barred or non-barred; and,
 - b) all the service profile(s) corresponding to the public user identities being registered (explicitly or implicitly), including initial Filter Criteria(the initial Filter Criteria for the Registered and common parts is stored and the unregistered part is retained for possible use later - in the case of the S-CSCF is retained if the user becomes unregistered);
- NOTE 1: There might be more than one set of initial Filter Criteria received because some implicitly registered public user identities that are part of the same implicit registration set may belong to different service profiles.
- 6) bind to each non-barred registered public user identity all registered contact information including all header parameters contained in the Contact header and all associated URI parameters and store information for future use:
- NOTE 2: There might be more then one contact information available for one public user identity.
- NOTE 3: The barred public user identities are not bound to the contact information.
- 7) check whether a Path header was included in the REGISTER request and construct a list of preloaded Route headers from the list of entries in the Path header. The S-CSCF shall preserve the order of the preloaded Route headers and bind them to the contact information that was received in the REGISTER message;
- NOTE 4: If this registration is a reregistration, then a list of pre-loaded Route headers will already exist. The new list replaces the old list.
- 8) determine the duration of the registration by checking the value of the Expires header in the received REGISTER request. The S-CSCF may reduce the duration of the registration due to local policy or send back a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response specifying the minimum allowed time for registration;
- 9) store the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 10) if an orig-ioi parameter is received in the P-Charging-Vector header, store the value of the received orig-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 5: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 1 orig-ioi. The type 1 orig-ioi identifies the network from which the request was sent.
- 11) create a 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request, including:
 - a) the list of received Path headers;
 - b) a P-Associated-URI header containing the list of public user identities that are associated to the public user identity under registration. The first URI in the list of public user identities supplied by the HSS to the S-CSCF will indicate the default public user identity to be used by the S-CSCF. The public user identity indicated as the default public user identity must be an already registered public user identity. The S-CSCF shall place the default public user identity as a first entry in the list of URIs present in the P-Associated-URI header. The default public user identity will be used by the P-CSCF in conjunction with the procedures for the P-Asserted-Identity header, as described in subclause 5.2.6.3. The S-CSCF shall not add a barred public user identity to the list of URIs in the P-Associated-URI header;
 - c) a Service-Route header containing:
 - the SIP URI identifying the S-CSCF containing an indication that requests routed via the service route (i.e. from the P-CSCF to the S-CSCF) are treated as for the mobile-originating case. This indication may

e.g. be in a URI parameter, a character string in the user part of the URI or be a port number in the URI; and.

- if network topology hiding is required a SIP URI identifying an I-CSCF(THIG) as the topmost entry;
- d) a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header containing the values received from the HSS if the P-CSCF is in the same network as the S-CSCF. It can be determined if the P-CSCF is in the same network as the S-CSCF by the contents of the P-Visited-Network-ID header field included in the REGISTER request;
- e) a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the REGISTER request and a
 type 1 term-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 1 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the
 sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi;
 and
- f) a Contact header listing all contact addresses for this public user identity.

NOTE 6: There might be other contact addresses available, that other UEs have registered for the same public user identity.

12) send the so created 200 (OK) response to the UE;

13) for all service profiles in the implicit registration set send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS for the REGISTER event; and,

NOTE 7: If this registration is a reregistration, the Filter Criteria already exists in the local data.

NOTE 8: If the same AS matches the Filter Criteria of several service profiles for the event of REGISTER request, then the AS will receive several third-party REGISTER requests. Each of these requests will include a public user identity from the corresponding service profile.

14) handle the user as registered for the duration indicated in the Expires header.

5.4.1.2.3 Abnormal cases

In the case that the REGISTER request, that contains the authentication challenge response from the UE does not match with the expected REGISTER request (e.g. wrong Call-Id or authentication challenge response) and the request has the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes", the S-CSCF shall:

- send a 403 (Forbidden) response to the UE. The S-CSCF shall consider this authentication attempt as failed. The S-CSCF shall not update the registration state of the subscriber.

NOTE 1: If the UE was registered before, it stays registered until the registration expiration time expires.

In the case that the REGISTER request, which was supposed to carry the response to the challenge, contains no authentication challenge response and no AUTS parameters indicating that the MAC parameter was invalid in the challenge, the S-CSCF shall:

- respond with a 403 (Forbidden) response to the UE. The S-CSCF shall not update the registration state of the subscriber.

NOTE 2: If the UE was registered before, it stays registered until the registration expiration time expires.

In the case that the REGISTER request from the UE containing an AUTS directive, indicating that the SQN was deemed to be out of range by the UE, the S-CSCF will fetch new authentication vectors from the HSS. In order to indicate a resynchronisation, the S-CSCF shall include the AUTS directive received from the UE and the stored RAND, when fetching the new authentication vectors. On receipt of the new authentication vectors from the HSS, the S-CSCF shall either:

- send a 401 (Unauthorized) response to initiate a further authentication attempt, using these new vectors; or
- respond with a 403 (Forbidden) response if the authentication attempt is to be abandoned. The S-CSCF shall not update the registration state of the subscriber.

NOTE 3: If the UE was registered before, it stays registered until the registration expiration time expires.

- NOTE 4: Since the UE responds only to two consecutive invalid challenges, the S-CSCF will send a 401 (Unauthorized) response that contains a new challenge only twice.
- NOTE 5: In the case of an AUTS directive being present in the REGISTER request, the response directive in the same REGISTER request will not be taken into account by the S-CSCF.

In the case that the expiration timer from the UE is too short to be accepted by the S-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall:

- reject the REGISTER request with a 423 (Interval Too Brief) response, containing a Min-Expires header with the minimum registration time the S-CSCF will accept.

On receiving a failure response to one of the third-party REGISTER requests, based on the information in the Filter Criteria the S-CSCF may:

- abort sending third-party REGISTER requests; and
- initiate network-initiated deregistration procedure.

If the Filter Criteria does not contain instruction to the S-CSCF regarding the failure of the contact to the AS, the S-CSCF shall not initiate network-initiated deregistration procedure.

In the case that the REGISTER request from the UE contains more than one SIP URIs as Contact header entries, the S-CSCF shall store the:

- entry with the highest "q" value;
- the entry in the contact header with the highest "q"; or
- an entry decided by the S-CSCF based on local policy;

and include it in the 200 (OK) response.

NOTE 6: If the timer reg-await-auth expires, the S-CSCF will consider the authentication to have failed. If the public user identity was already registered, the S-CSCF will leave it as registered described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

In the case that the S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request with the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header set to "yes", for which the public user identity received in the To header and the private user identity received in the Authorization header of the REGISTER request do not match to any registered user at this S-CSCF, the S-CSCF shall:

- respond with a 500 (Server Internal Error) response to the UE.

For any error response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the REGISTER request and a type 1 term-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 1 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

NOTE 7: Any previously received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 1 orig-ioi. The type 1 orig-ioi identifies the visited network of the registered user.

5.4.1.3 Authentication and reauthentication

Authentication and reauthentication is performed by the registration procedures as described in subclause 5.4.1.2.

5.4.1.4 User-initiated deregistration

When S-CSCF receives a REGISTER request with the Expires header field containing the value zero, the S-CSCF shall:

- check whether the "integrity-protected" parameter in the Authorization header field set to "yes", indicating that the REGISTER request was received integrity protected. The S-CSCF shall only proceed with the following steps if the "integrity-protected" parameter is set to "yes";

- release each multimedia session that includes this user's registered contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards this contact with the registered contact address for which the public user identity found in the P-Asserted-Identity header field or with one of the implicitly registered public used identities by applying the steps listed in subclause 5.4.5.1.2;
- if this public used identity was registered only by this UE, deregister the public user identity found in the To header field together with the implicitly registered public user identities. Otherwise, the S-CSCF will only remove the contact address that was registered by this UE;
- for all service profiles in the implicit registration set send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS for the REGISTER event; and
- if this is a deregistration request for the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered) and there are still active multimedia sessions that includes this user's registered contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the contact with the registered contact address for that public user identity which is currently registered or with one of the implicitly registered public used identities, release only each of these multimedia sessions associated with the registered contact address by applying the steps listed in subclause 5.4.5.1.2.

If all public user identities of the UE are deregistered, then the S-CSCF may consider the UE and P-CSCF subscriptions to the reg event package cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

If the Authorization header of the REGISTER request contained an "integrity-protected" parameter set to the value "no", the S-CSCF shall apply the procedures described in subclause 5.4.1.2.1.

On completion of the above procedures in this subclause and of the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], for one or more public user identities, the S-CSCF shall update or remove those public user identities, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data (based on operators' policy the S-CSCF can request of the HSS to either be kept or cleared as the S-CSCF allocated to this subscriber).

5.4.1.5 Network-initiated deregistration

NOTE 1: A network-initiated deregistration event that occurs at the S-CSCF may be received from the HSS or may be an internal event in the S-CSCF.

Prior to initiating the network-initiated deregistration for the only currently registered public user identity and its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities that have been registered with the same contact (i.e. no other public user identity is registered with this contact) while there are still active multimedia sessions belonging to this contact, the S-CSCF shall release only the multimedia sessions belonging to this contact as described in the following paragraph. The multimedia sessions for the same public user identity, if registered with another contact remain unchanged.

Prior to initiating the network-initiated deregistration while there are still active multimedia sessions that are associated with this user and contact, the S-CSCF shall release none, some or all of these multimedia sessions by applying the steps listed in subclause 5.4.5.1.2 under the following conditions:

- when the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister (i.e. S-CSCF will set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "rejected" for the NOTIFY request, as described below), the S-CSCF shall release all sessions that are associated with the registered contact address for the public user identities being deregistered, which includes the implicitly registered public user identities.
- when the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister (i.e. S-CSCF will set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "deactivated" for the NOTIFY request, as described below), the S-CSCF shall only release sessions that currently include the user's contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the user with the contact address registered to one of the public user identities being deregistered, which includes the implicitly registered public user identities.

When a network-initiated deregistration event occurs for one or more public user identities that are bound to one or more contacts, the S-CSCF shall send a NOTIFY request to all subscribers that have subscribed to the respective reg event package. For each NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall:

1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;

- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include as many <registration> elements as many public user identities the S-CSCF is aware of the user owns;
- 4) set the aor attribute within each <registration> element to one public user identity:
 - a) set the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element of each <registration> element to the contact address provided by the UE;
 - b) if the public user identity:
 - i) has been deregistered then:
 - set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "terminated";
 - set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "terminated"; and
 - set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "deactivated" if the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister or "rejected" if the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister; or
 - ii) has been kept registered then:
 - I) set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active";
 - II) set the state attribute within the <contact> element to:
 - for the contact address to be removed set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "terminated", and event attribute element to "deactivated" if the S-CSCF expects the UE to reregister or "rejected" if the S-CSCF does not expect the UE to reregister; or
 - for the contact address which remain unchanged, if any, leave the <contact> element unmodified;
 and
- NOTE 2: There might be more than one contact information available for one public user identity. When deregistering this UE, the S-CSCF will only modify the <contact> elements that were originally registered by this UE using its private user identity. The <contact> elements of the same public user identitity, if registered by another UE using different private user identities remain unchanged.
- 5) add a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

Also, for all service profiles in the implicit registration set the S-CSCF shall send a third-party REGISTER request, as described in subclause 5.4.1.7, to each AS that matches the Filter Criteria of the service profile from the HSS as if a equivalent REGISTER request had been received from the user deregistering that public user identity, or combination of public user identities.

In case of the deregistration of the old contact information when the UE is roaming, registration is done in a new network and the previous registration has not expired, on completion of the above procedures, the S-CSCF shall remove the registration information related to the old contact from the local data.

Otherwise, on completion of the above procedures for one or more public user identities linked to the same private user identity, the S-CSCF shall deregister those public user identities and the associated implicitly registered public user identities. On completion of the Cx Server Assignment procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall update or remove those public user identities linked to the same private user identity, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data (based on operators' policy the S-CSCF can request of the HSS to either be kept or cleared as the S-CSCF allocated to this subscriber). On the completion of the Cx Registration-Termination procedure with the HSS, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall remove those public user identities, their registration state and the associated service profiles from the local data.

5.4.1.6 Network-initiated reauthentication

The S-CSCF may request a subscriber to reauthenticate at any time, based on a number of possible operator settable triggers as described in subclause 5.4.1.2.

If the S-CSCF is informed that a private user identity needs to be re-authenticated, the S-CSCF shall generate a NOTIFY request on all dialogs which have been established due to subscription to the reg event package of that user. For each NOTIFY request the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;
- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include as many <registration> elements as many public user identities the S-CSCF is aware of the user owns:
 - a) set the <uri> sub-element inside the <contact> sub-element of each <registration> element to the contact address provided by the UE;
 - b) set the aor attribute within each <registration> element to one public user identity;
 - c) set the state attribute within each <registration> element to "active";
 - d) set the state attribute within each <contact> element to "active";
 - e) set the event attribute within each <contact> element that was registered by this UE to "shortened"; and
 - f) set the expiry attribute within each <contact> element that was registered by this UE to an operator defined value; and
- NOTE 1: There might be more then one contact information available for one public user identity. The S-CSCF will only modify the <contact> elements that were originally registered by this UE using its private user identity. The S-CSCF will not modify the <contact> elements for the same public user identitity, if registered by another UE using different private user identity.
- 4) set a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

Afterwards the S-CSCF shall wait for the user to reauthenticate (see subclause 5.4.1.2).

NOTE 2: Network initiated re-authentication may occur due to internal processing within the S-CSCF.

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

When generating the NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall shorten the validity of all registration lifetimes associated with this private user identity to an operator defined value that will allow the user to be re-authenticated.

5.4.1.7 Notification of Application Servers about registration status

During registration, the S-CSCF shall include a P-Access-Network-Info header (as received in the REGISTER request from the UE) in the 3rd-party REGISTER sent towards the ASs, if the AS is part of the trust domain. If the AS is not part of the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall not include any P-Access-Network-Info header. The S-CSCF shall not include a P-Access-Network-Info header in any responses to the REGISTER request.

If the registration procedure described in subclauses 5.4.1.2, 5.4.1.4 or 5.4.1.5 (as appropriate) was successful, the S-CSCF shall send a third-party REGISTER request to each AS with the following information:

- a) the Request-URI, which shall contain the AS's SIP URI;
- b) the From header, which shall contain the S-CSCF's SIP URI;
- c) the To header, which shall contain a non-barred public user identity belonging to the service profile of the
 processed Filter Criteria. It may be either a public user identity as contained in the REGISTER request received
 from the UE or one of the implicitly registered public user identities in the service profile, as configured by the
 operator;
- NOTE 1: For the whole implicit registration set only one public user identity per service profile appears in the third-party REGISTER requests. Thus, based on third-party REGISTER requests only, the ASs will not have complete information on the registration state of each public user identity in the implicit registration set. The only way to have a complete and continuously updated information (even upon administrative change in subscriber's profile) is to subscribe to the reg event package.

- d) the Contact header, which shall contain the S-CSCF's SIP URI;
- e) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration (subclause 5.4.1.2), the Expires header, which shall contain the same value that the S-CSCF returned in the 200 (OK) response for the REGISTER request received form the UE;
- f) for user-initiated deregistration (subclause 5.4.1.4) and network-initiated deregistration (subclause 5.4.1.5), the Expires header, which shall contain the value zero;
- g) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration (subclause 5.4.1.2), a message body, if there is Filter Criteria indicating the need to include HSS provided data for the REGISTER event (e.g. HSS may provide AS specific data to be included in the third-party REGISTER). If there is a service information XML element provided in the HSS Filter Criteria for an AS (see 3GPP TS 29.228 [14]), then the S-CSCF shall include it in the message body of the REGISTER request within the <service-info> XML element which is a child XML element of an <ims-3gpp> element with the "version" attribute set to "1" as described in subclause 7.6. For the messages including the IM CN subsystem XML body, the S-CSCF shall set the value of the Content-Type header to include the MIME type specified in subclause 7.6;
- h) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration, the P-Charging-Vector header, which shall contain the same icid parameter that the S-CSCF received in the original REGISTER request from the UE and add a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter; and
- i) for initial registration and user-initiated reregistration, a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header, which shall contain the values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network.

When the S-CSCF receives any response to a third-party REGISTER request, the S-CSCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE 2: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

If the S-CSCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response to a third-party REGISTER, the S-CSCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, no further action is needed; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], the S-CSCF shall, for a currently registered public user identity, initiate the network-initiated deregistration as described in subclause 5.4.1.5.

5.4.2 Subscription and notification

5.4.2.1 Subscriptions to S-CSCF events

5.4.2.1.1 Subscription to the event providing registration state

When an incoming SUBSCRIBE request addressed to S-CSCF arrives containing the Event header with the reg event package, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) check if, based on the local policy, the request was generated by a subscriber who is authorised to subscribe to the registration state of this particular user. The authorized subscribers include:
 - all public user identities this particular user owns, that the S-CSCF is aware of, and which are not-barred;
 - all the entities identified by the Path header (i.e. the P-CSCF to which this user is attached to); and
 - all the ASs listed in the initial filter criteria and not belonging to third-party providers;

- NOTE 1: The S-CSCF finds the identity for authentication of the subscription in the P-Asserted-Identity header received in the SUBSCRIBE request.
- 2) store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present; and
- NOTE 2: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 3 orig-ioi. The type 3 orig-ioi identifies the service provider from which the request was sent.
- 3) generate a 2xx response acknowledging the SUBSCRIBE request and indicating that the authorised subscription was successful as described in RFC 3680 [43]. The S-CSCF shall populate the header fields as follows:
 - an Expires header, set to either the same or a decreased value as the Expires header in SUBSCRIBE request;
 and
 - if the request originated from an ASs listed in the initial filter criteria, a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the SUBSCRIBE request, and a type 3 term-ioi. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

The S-CSCF may set the Contact header to an identifier uniquely associated with the SUBSCRIBE request and generated within the S-CSCF, that may help the S-CSCF to correlate refreshes for the SUBSCRIBE.

NOTE 3: The S-CSCF could use such unique identifiers to distinguish between UEs, when two or more users, holding a shared subscription, register under the same public user identity.

Afterwards the S-CSCF shall perform the procedures for notification about registration state as described in subclause 5.4.2.1.2.

If the SUBSCRIBE request originated from an AS listed in the initial filter criteria, for any final response that is not a 2xx response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the SUBSCRIBE request and a type 3 term-ioi. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

5.4.2.1.2 Notification about registration state

For each NOTIFY request on all dialogs which have been established due to subscription to the reg event package of that user, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) set the Request-URI and Route header to the saved route information during subscription;
- 2) set the Event header to the "reg" value;
- 3) in the body of the NOTIFY request, include one <registration> elements for each public user identity the S-CSCF is aware the user owns.

If the user shares one or more public user identities with other users, any contact addresses registered by other users of the shared public user identity shall be included in the NOTIFY request;

- 4) for each <registration> element:
 - a) set the aor attribute to one public user identity;
 - b) set the <uri> sub-element inside each <contact> sub-element of the <registration> element to the contact address provided by the respective UE; and
 - c) if the public user identity set at step a):
 - I) has been deregistered (i.e. no active contact left) then:
 - set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "terminated";
 - set the state attribute within each <contact> element to "terminated"; and
 - set the event attribute within each <contact> element to "deactivated", "expired", "unregistered", "rejected" or "probation" according to RFC 3680 [43].

If the public user identity has been deregistered and the deregistration has already been indicated in the NOTIFY request, and no new registration has occurred, its <registration> element shall not be included in the subsequent NOTIFY requests; or

II) has been registered then:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active", if not already set to "active", otherwise leave it unchanged; and:
- set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "registered"; or

III) has been re-registered then:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- for contact addresses to be registered: set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "registered"; or
- for contact addresses to be re-registered, set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "refreshed" according to RFC 3680 [43]; or
- for contact addresses that remain unchanged, if any, leave the <contact> element unmodified; or

IV) has been automatically registered, and has not been previously automatically registered:

- set the <unknown-param> element to any additional header parameters contained in the contact header of the original REGISTER request according to RFC 3680 [43];
- set the state attribute within the <registration> element to "active";
- set the state attribute within the <contact> element to "active"; and
- set the event attribute within the <contact> element to "created"; and
- 5) set the P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17], and if the NOTIFY request is sent towards an AS listed in the initial filter criteria a type 3 orig-ioi parameter. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter.

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

EXAMPLE: If sip:user1_public1@home1.net is registered, the public user identity sip:user1_public2@home1.net can automatically be registered. Therefore the entries in the body of the NOTIFY request look like:

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<reginfo xmlns="urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:reginfo"
             version="0" state="full">
 <registration aor="sip:user1_public1@home1.net" id="as9"</pre>
               state="active">
    <contact id="76" state="active" event="registered">
          <uri>sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]</uri>
          <unknown-param name="audio"/>
    </contact>
  </registration>
  <registration aor="sip:user1 public2@home1.net" id="as10"
               state="active">
    <contact id="86" state="active" event="created">
          <uri>sip:[5555::aaa:bbb:ccc:ddd]</uri>
          <unknown-param name="audio"/>
    </contact>
  </registration>
</reginfo>
```

When sending a final NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities have been deregistered or expired), the S-CSCF shall also terminate the subscription to the registration event package by setting the Subscription-State header to the value of "terminated".

When all of a UE's contact addresses have been deregistered (i.e. there is no <contact> element set to "active" for this UE), the S-CSCF shall consider subscription to the reg event package belonging to the UE cancelled (i.e. as if the UE had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero).

The S-CSCF shall only include the non-barred public user identities in the NOTIFY request.

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the NOTIFY request, the S-CSCF shall store the value of the term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

5.4.3 General treatment for all dialogs and standalone transactions excluding requests terminated by the S-CSCF

5.4.3.1 Determination of mobile-originated or mobile-terminated case

Upon receipt of an initial request or a target refresh request or a stand-alone transaction, the S-CSCF shall:

- perform the procedures for the mobile-originating case as described in subclause 5.4.3.2 if the request makes use of the information for mobile-originating calls, which was added to the Service-Route header entry of the S-CSCF during registration (see subclause 5.4.1.2), e.g. the message is received at a certain port or the topmost Route header contains a specific user part or parameter; or,
- perform the procedures for the mobile-originating case as described in subclause 5.4.3.2 if the topmost Route header of the request contains the "orig" parameter. The S-CSCF shall remove the "orig" parameter from the topmost Route header; or,
- perform the procedures for the mobile-terminating case as described in subclause 5.4.3.3 if this information is not used by the request.

5.4.3.2 Requests initiated by the served user

When the S-CSCF receives from the served user or from a PSI an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, and the request is received either from a functional entity within the same trust domain or contains a valid original dialog identifier (see step 3) or the dialog identifier (From, To and Call-ID header fields) relates to an existing request processed by the S-CSCF, then prior to forwarding the request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) determine whether the request contains a barred public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header field of the request or not. In case the said header field contains a barred public user identity for the user, then the S-CSCF shall reject the request by generating a 403 (Forbidden) response. Otherwise, continue with the rest of the steps;
- NOTE 1: If the P-Asserted-Identity header field contains a barred public user identity, then the message has been received, either directly or indirectly, from a non-compliant entity which should have had generated the content with a non-barred public user identity.
- 2) store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present, and remove it from any forwarded request;
- NOTE 2: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 3 orig-ioi. The type 3 orig-ioi identifies the service provider from which the request was sent (AS initiating a session on behalf of a user or a PSI);
- 3) check if an original dialog identifier that the S-CSCF previously placed in a Route header is present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request. If present, it indicates an association with an existing dialog, the request has been sent from an AS in response to a previously sent request;
- 4) remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header;

- 5) check whether the initial request matches the next unexecuted initial filter criteria based on a public user identity in the P-Asserted-Identity header in the priority order as described in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5], and if it does, the S-CSCF shall:
 - a) insert the AS URI to be contacted into the Route header as the topmost entry followed by its own URI populated as specified in the subclause 5.4.3.4;
 - b) if the AS is located outside the trust domain then the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header field and its values and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header from the request; if the AS is located within the trust domain, then the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header field and its values and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header in the request that is forwarded to the AS; and
 - c) insert a type 3 orig-ioi parameter before the received orig-ioi parameters in the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the request. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 3: Depending on the result of processing the filter criteria the S-CSCF might contact one or more AS(s) before processing the outgoing Request URI.
- 6) if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. Optionally, the S-CSCF may generate a new, globally unique icid and insert the new value in the icid parameter of the P-Charging-Vector header when forwarding the message. If the S-CSCF creates a new icid, then it is responsible for maintaining the two icid values in the subsequent messaging;
- 7) in step 5, if the initial request did not match the next unexecuted initial filter criteria (i.e. the request is not forwarded to an AS), insert a type 2 orig-ioi parameter into the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall set the type 2 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 2 term-ioi parameter;
- 8) if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS;
- 9) if there is no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request and if the S-CSCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI, add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel-URI. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel URI, the S-CSCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The S-CSCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI;
- NOTE 4: The S-CSCF recognizes that a given SIP URI is an alias SIP URI of a tel URI, since they have the same service profile and belong to the same set of implicitly registered public user identities. If tel URI is shared URI so is the alias SIP URI.
- 10) if the request is not forwarded to an AS and if the outgoing Request-URI is a tel URI, the S-CSCF shall translate the E.164 address (see RFC 3966 [22]) to a globally routeable SIP URI using an ENUM/DNS translation mechanism with the format specified in RFC 3761 24]. Databases aspects of ENUM are outside the scope of the present document. If this translation fails, the request may be forwarded to a BGCF or any other appropriate entity (e.g a MRFC to play an announcement) in the originator's home network or the S-CSCF may send an appropriate SIP response to the originator. If the request is forwarded, the S-CSCF shall remove the accessnetwork-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header prior to forwarding the message. If the outgoing Request-URI is a pres URI or an im URI, the S-CSCF shall forward the request as specified in RFC 3861 [63]. In this case, the S-CSCF shall not modify the received Request-URI;
- 11) determine the destination address (e.g. DNS access) using the URI placed in the topmost Route header if present, otherwise based on the Request-URI. If the destination address is of an IP address type other than the IP address type used in the IM CN subsystem, then the S-CSCF shall forward the request to the IMS-ALG if the IM CN subsystem supports interworking to networks with different IP address type;
- 12) if network hiding is needed due to local policy, put the address of the I-CSCF(THIG) to the topmost route header;

13)in case of an initial request for a dialog originated from a served user, either:

- if the request is routed to an AS which is part of the trust domain, the S-CSCF can decide whether to record-route or not. The decision is configured in the S-CSCF using any information in the received request that may otherwise be used for the initial filter criteria. If the request is record-routed the S-CSCF shall create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; or
- if the request is routed elsewhere, create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
- NOTE 5: For requests originated from a PSI the S-CSCF can decide whether to record-route or not based on operator policy.
- 14) based on the destination user (Request-URI), remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header prior to forwarding the message;
- 15) route the request based on SIP routeing procedures; and
- 16) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, Cseq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed.

If the S-CSCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response from the AS, the S-CSCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, execute the procedure from step 4; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], either forward the received response or send a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response towards the served UE as appropriate (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

If the S-CSCF receives any final response from the AS, it shall forward the response towards the served UE (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the above request, the S-CSCF may:

- 1) apply any privacy required by RFC 3323 [33] and RFC 3325 [34] to the P-Asserted-Identity header.
- NOTE 6: The P-Asserted-Identity header would normally only be expected in 1xx or 2xx responses.
- NOTE 7: The optional procedure above is in addition to any procedure for the application of privacy at the edge of the trust domain specified by RFC 3325 [34].

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the above request containing a term-ioi parameter, the S-CSCF shall store the value of the received term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present, and remove all received ioi parameters from the forwarded response if next hop is not an AS.

NOTE 8: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 2 term-ioi or type 3 term-ioi. The term-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the response message

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the above request, and forwards it to AS, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the request, and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the type 3 orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of type 3 orig-ioi.

When the S-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the initial request for a dialog, if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, the S-CSCF shall save the Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response in order to be able to release the session if needed.

When the S-CSCF, upon sending an initial INVITE request that includes an IPv6 address in the SDP offer (in "c=" parameter), receives an error response indicating that the IP address type used in the IM CN subsystem is not supported, (e.g., the S-CSCF receives the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) with 301 Warning header indicating "incompatible network address format"), the S-CSCF shall either:

- fork the initial INVITE request to the IMS-ALG; or

- process the error response and forward it using the Via header.

When the S-CSCF receives from the served user a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI;
- 3) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, Cseq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 4) in case the request is routed towards the destination user (Request-URI) or in case the request is routed to an AS located outside the trust domain, remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 5) route the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the target refresh request for a dialog, if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, the S-CSCF shall save the Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed.

When the S-CSCF receives from the served user a subsequent request other than a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) in case the request is routed towards the destination user (Request-URI) or in case the request is routed to an AS located outside the trust domain, remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- 3) route the request based on the topmost Route header.

5.4.3.3 Requests terminated at the served user

When the S-CSCF receives, destined for a statically pre-configured PSI or a registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) check if an original dialog identifier that the S-CSCF previously placed in a Route header is present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request.
 - If present, it indicates an association with an existing dialog, the request has been sent from an AS in response to a previously sent request.
 - If not present, it indicates that the request is visiting the S-CSCF for the first time, and in this case the S-CSCF shall save the Request-URI from the request and in this case the S-CSCF shall determine whether the request contains a barred public user identity in the Request-URI of the request or not. In case the Request URI contains a barred public user identity for the user, then the S-CSCF shall reject the request by generating a 404 (Not Found) response. Otherwise, the S-CSCF shall save the Request-URI from the request and continue with the rest of the steps;
- 2) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 3) if there was an original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request check whether the Request-URI equals to the saved value of the Request-URI. If there is no match, then:
 - a) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed; and
 - b) forward the request based on the topmost Route header or if not available forward the request based on the Request-URI (routing based on Request-URI is specified in steps 10 through 14 from subclause 5.4.3.2) and skip the following steps;

- 4) check whether the initial request matches the next unexecuted initial filter criteria in the priority order and apply the filter criteria on the SIP method as described in 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] subclause 6.5. If there is a match, then the S-CSCF shall:
 - insert the AS URI to be contacted into the Route header as the topmost entry followed by its own URI populated as specified in the subclause 5.4.3.4; and
 - insert a type 3 orig-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. The type 3 orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request message before the received orig-ioi. The S-CSCF shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter;
- NOTE 1: Depending on the result of the previous process, the S-CSCF may contact one or more AS(s) before processing the outgoing Request-URI.
- 5) if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header field, if not present, populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS;
- 6) if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header;
- 7) if there was no original dialog identifier present in the topmost Route header of the incoming request store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present, and remove all received ioi parameters from the forwarded request if next hop is not an AS;
- NOTE 2: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 2 orig-ioi or type 3 orig-ioi. The type 2 orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request message;
- 8) if necessary perform the caller preferences to callee capabilities matching according to RFC 3841 [56B];
- 9) in case there are no Route headers in the request, then determine, from the destination public user identity, the list of preloaded routes saved during registration or re-registration, as described in subclause 5.4.1.2. Furthermore, the S-CSCF shall:
 - a) build the Route header field with the values determined in the previous step;
 - b) determine, from the destination public user identity, the saved Contact URI where the user is reachable saved at registration or reregistration, as described in subclause 5.4.1.2. If there is more than one contact address saved for the destination public user identity, the S-CSCF shall:
 - if the fork directive in the Request Disposition header was set to "no-fork", the contact with the highest qualue parameter shall be used when building the Request-URI. In case no qualue parameters were provided, the S-CSCF shall decide locally what contact address to be used when building the Request-URI; otherwise
 - fork the request or perform sequential search based on the relative preference indicated by the qvalue parameter of the Contact header in the original REGISTER request, as described in RFC 3261 [26]. In case no qvalue parameters were provided, then the S-CSCF determine the contact address to be used when building the Request-URI as directed by the Request Disposition header as described in RFC 3841 [56B]. If the Request-Disposition header is not present, the S-CSCF shall decide locally whether to fork or perform sequential search among the contact addresses;
 - c) build a Request-URI with the contents of the saved Contact URI determined in the previous step; and
 - d) insert a P-Called-Party-ID SIP header field including the Request-URI received in the request;
- 10) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, CSeq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 11) optionally, apply any privacy required by RFC 3323 [33] and RFC 3325 [34] to the P-Asserted-Identity header;
- NOTE 3: The optional procedure above is in addition to any procedure for the application of privacy at the edge of the trust domain specified by RFC 3325 [34].
- 12) in case of an initial request for a dialog, either:

- if the request is routed to an AS which is part of the trust domain, the S-CSCF can decide whether to record-route or not. The decision is configured in the S-CSCF using any information in the received request that may otherwise be used for the initial filter criteria. If the request is record-routed the S-CSCF shall create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; or
- if the request is routed elsewhere, create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; and

13) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

If the S-CSCF fails to receive a SIP response or receives a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response from the AS, the S-CSCF shall:

- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_CONTINUED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14] or no default handling is indicated, execute the procedure from step 4; and
- if the default handling defined in the filter criteria indicates the value "SESSION_TERMINATED" as specified in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14], either forward the received response or send a 408 (Request Timeout) response or a 5xx response towards the originating UE as appropriate (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

If the S-CSCF receives any final response from the AS, it shall forward the response towards the originating UE (without verifying the matching of filter criteria of lower priority and without proceeding for further steps).

When the S-CSCF receives any response to the above request and forwards it to AS, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the request, and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response. The S-CSCF shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

NOTE 4: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The term-ioi parameter identifies the service provider from which the response was sent.

When the S-CSCF receives, destined for an unregistered user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) if the S-CSCF does not have the user profile, then initiate the S-CSCF Registration/deregistration notification with the purpose of downloading the relevant user profile (i.e. for unregistered user) and informing the HSS that the user is unregistered, but this S-CSCF will assess triggering of services for the unregistered user, as described in 3GPP TS 29.228 [14];
- 2) execute the procedures described in the steps 1, 2 and 3 in the above paragraph (when the S-CSCF receives, destined for the registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction); and
- 3) execute the procedure described in step 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12 and 13 in the above paragraph (when the S-CSCF receives, destined for the registered served user, an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction).

In case that no AS needs to be contacted, then S-CSCF shall return an appropriate unsuccessful SIP response. This response may be a 480 (Temporarily unavailable) and terminate these procedures.

When the S-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the initial request for a dialog (whether the user is registered or not), it shall:

- 1) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Contact and Record-Route header field values in the response such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 2) if the response is not forwarded to an AS (i.e. the response is related to a request that was matched to the first executed initial filter criteria), insert a type 2 term-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header of the outgoing response. The type 2 term-ioi is set to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi. Values of orig-ioi and term-ioi in the received response are removed;
- 3) in the case where the S-CSCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI, the S-CSCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel URI. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel-URI, the S-CSCF shall add a second P-

Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The S-CSCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI; and

4) in case the response is sent towards the originating user, the S-CSCF may remove the P-Access-Network-Info header based on local policy rules and the destination user (Request-URI).

When the S-CSCF receives a response to a request for a standalone transaction (whether the user is registered or not), in the case where the S-CSCF has knowledge that the SIP URI contained in the received P-Asserted-Identity header is an alias SIP URI for a tel URI, the S-CSCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing this tel URI. If the P-Asserted-Identity header contains only a tel-URI, the S-CSCF shall add a second P-Asserted-Identity header containing a SIP URI. The added SIP URI shall contain in the user part a "+" followed by the international public telecommunication number contained in tel URI, and user's home domain name in the hostport part. The S-CSCF shall also add a user parameter equals "phone" to the SIP URI. In case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header.

When the S-CSCF receives the 200 (OK) response for a standalone transaction request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards an AS; and
- 2) if the response is not forwarded to an AS(i.e. the response is related to a request that was matched to the first executed initial filter criteria), insert a type 2 term-ioi parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header of the outgoing response. The type 2 term-ioi is set to a value that identifies the sending network of the response and the type 2 orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

When the S-CSCF receives, destined for a served user, a target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header;
- 2) if the request is an INVITE request, save the Contact, Cseq and Record-Route header field values received in the request such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed;
- 3) create a Record-Route header containing its own SIP URI; and
- 4) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CSCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to the target refresh request for a dialog (whether the user is registered or not), the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) if the response corresponds to an INVITE request, save the Record-Route and Contact header field values in the response such that the S-CSCF is able to release the session if needed; and
- 2) in case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header. ...

When the S-CSCF receives, destined for the served user, a subsequent request other than target refresh request for a dialog, prior to forwarding the request, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) remove its own URI from the topmost Route header; and
- 2) forward the request based on the topmost Route header.

When the S-CSCF receives a response to a a subsequent request other than target refresh request for a dialog, in case the response is forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

5.4.3.4 Original dialog identifier

The original dialog identifier is an implementation specific token that the S-CSCF encodes into the own S-CSCF URI in a Route header, prior to forwarding the request to an AS. This is possible because the S-CSCF is the only entity that creates and consumes the value.

The token identifies the original dialog of the request, so in case an AS acting as a B2BUA changes the dialog, the S-CSCF is able to identify the original dialog when the request returns to the S-CSCF. The token can be encoded in different ways, such as e.g., a character string in the user-part of the S-CSCF URI, a parameter in the S-CSCF URI or port number in the S-CSCF URI.

The S-CSCF shall ensure that the value chosen is unique so that the S-CSCF may recognize the value when received in a subsequent message and make the proper association between related dialogs that pass through an AS.

5.4.3.5 Void

5.4.4 Call initiation

5.4.4.1 Initial INVITE

When the S-CSCF receives an INVITE request, either from the served user or destined to the served user, the S-CSCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the S-CSCF. If the S-CSCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 1: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

When the S-CSCF receives an initial INVITE request destined for the served user, it shall either:

- a) examine the SDP offer (the "c=" parameter) to detect if it contains an IP address type that is not supported by the IM CN subsystem; or
- b) process the initial INVITE request without examining the SDP.

NOTE 2: If the SDP offer contained an IP address type that is not supported by the IM CN subsystem, the S-CSCF will receive the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response with 301 Warning header indicating "incompatible network address format".

Subsequently, when the S-CSCF detects that the SDP offer contained an IP address type that is not supported by the IM CN subsystem (i.e., either case a) or b)), the S-CSCF shall either:

- return a 305 (Use Proxy) response to the I-CSCF with the Contact field containing the SIP URI of the IMS-ALG, or
- forward the initial INVITE request to the IMS-ALG. When forwarding the initial INVITE request, the S-CSCF shall not insert its SIP URI into the Record-Route header.

5.4.4.2 Subsequent requests

5.4.4.2.1 Mobile-originating case

When the S-CSCF receives any 1xx or 2xx response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

When the S-CSCF receives the request containing the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector, the S-CSCF shall store the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded to an AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

When the S-CSCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a mobile-originated dialog or standalone transaction, the S-CSCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

5.4.4.2.2 Mobile-terminating case

When the S-CSCF receives the any 1xx or 2xx response, the S-CSCF shall insert a P-Charging-Function-Addresses header populated with values received from the HSS if the message is forwarded within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

When the S-CSCF receives 180 (Ringing) or 200 (OK) (to INVITE) responses containing the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector, the S-CSCF shall store the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded to an AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

When the S-CSCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a mobile- terminated dialog or standalone transaction, the S-CSCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message within the S-CSCF home network, including towards AS.

5.4.5 Call release

5.4.5.1 S-CSCF-initiated session release

5.4.5.1.1 Cancellation of a session currently being established

Upon receipt of an network internal indication to release a session which is currently being established, the S-CSCF shall cancel the related dialogs by sending the CANCEL request according to the procedures described in RFC 3261 [26].

5.4.5.1.2 Release of an existing session

Upon receipt of a network internal indication to release an existing multimedia session, the S-CSCF shall:

- 1) generate a first BYE request for the called user based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the called user;
 - a To header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 OK response for the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a CSeq header, set to the CSeq value that was stored for the direction from the calling to the called user, incremented by one;
 - a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the called user as stored for the dialog;
 - further headers, based on local policy or the requested session release reason.
- 2) generate a second BYE request for the calling user based on the information saved for the related dialog, including:
 - a Request-URI, set to the stored Contact header provided by the calling user;
 - a To header, set to the From header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
 - a From header, set to the To header value as received in the 200 OK response for the initial INVITE request;

- a Call-ID header, set to the Call-Id header value as received in the initial INVITE request;
- a CSeq header, set to the CSeq value that was stored for the direction from the called to the calling user, incremented by one if no CSeq value was stored for that session it shall generate and apply a random number within the valid range for CSeqs;
- a Route header, set to the routeing information towards the calling user as stored for the dialog;
- further headers, based on local policy or the requested session release reason.
- 3) if the S-CSCF serves the calling user, treat the first BYE request as if received directly from the calling user, i.e. send it to internal service control and based on the outcome further on towards the called user;
- 4) if the S-CSCF serves the calling user, send the second BYE request directly to the calling user.
- 5) if the S-CSCF serves the called user, send the first BYE request directly to the called user;
- 6) if the S-CSCF serves the called user, treat the second BYE request as if received directly from the called user, i.e. shall send it to internal service control and based on the outcome further on towards to the calling user.

Upon receipt of the 2xx responses for both BYE requests, the S-CSCF shall release all information related to the dialog and the related multimedia session.

5.4.5.1.2A Release of the existing dialogs due to registration expiration

When the registration lifetime of the only public user identity currently registered with its associated set of implicitly registered public user identities (i.e. no other is registered) expires while there are still active multimedia sessions that includes this user's contact address, where the session was initiated by or terminated towards the user with the contact address associated with public user identity currently registered or with one of the implicitly registered public used identities, the S-CSCF shall release each of these multimedia sessions by applying the steps listed in the subclause 5.4.5.1.2.

5.4.5.1.3 Abnormal cases

Upon receipt of a request on a dialog for which the S-CSCF initiated session release, the S-CSCF shall terminate the received request and answer it with a 481 (Call/Transaction Does Not Exist) response.

5.4.5.2 Session release initiated by any other entity

Upon receipt of a 2xx response for a BYE request matching an existing dialog, the S-CSCF shall delete all the stored information related to the dialog.

5.4.5.3 Session expiration

If the S-CSCF requested the session to be refreshed periodically, and the S-CSCF got the indication that the session will be refreshed, when the session timer expires, the S-CSCF shall delete all the stored information related to the dialog.

5.4.6 Call-related requests

5.4.6.1 ReINVITE

5.4.6.1.1 Determination of served user

Void.

5.4.6.1.2 Mobile-originating case

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request from the UE within the same dialog, the S-CSCF shall store the updated access-network-charging-info parameter from P-Charging-Vector header in the received SIP request. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded to an

AS. However, the S-CSCF shall not include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the request is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

For a reINVITE request from the UE, if the request is to be forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

5.4.6.1.3 Mobile-terminating case

For a reINVITE request or UPDATE request destined towards the UE within the same dialog, when the S-CSCF receives the 200 (OK) response (to the INVITE request or UPDATE request), the S-CSCF shall store the updated access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header. The S-CSCF shall retain the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the response is forwarded to the AS. However, the S-CSCF shall include the access-network-charging-info parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header when the 200 (OK) response is forwarded outside the home network of the S-CSCF.

For any SIP response to an INVITE request, if the response is to be forwarded to an AS that is located within the trust domain, the S-CSCF shall retain the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header; otherwise, the S-CSCF shall remove the P-Access-Network-Info header and the access-network-charging-info parameter from the P-Charging-Vector header.

5.4.7 Void

5.5 Procedures at the MGCF

5.5.1 General

The MGCF, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem. Therefore table A.4/1 and dependencies on that major capability shall not apply.

The use of the Path and Service-Route headers shall not be supported by the MGCF.

When the MGCF sends any request or response related to a dialog, the MGCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before sending the message.

5.5.2 Subscription and notification

Void.

5.5.3 Call initiation

5.5.3.1 Initial INVITE

5.5.3.1.1 Calls originated from circuit-switched networks

When the MGCF receives an indication of an incoming call from a circuit-switched network, the MGCF shall:

- 1) generate and send an INVITE request to I-CSCF:
 - set the Request-URI to the "tel" format using an E.164 address;
 - include the "100rel" option tag in the Supported header field (as defined in RFC 3262 [27]);
 - include the "preconditions" option tag in the Supported header field (as defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4028 [64]) if the MGCF supports the SIP preconditions mechanism;

- include an P-Asserted-Identity header, depending on corresponding information in the circuit-switched network;
- create a new, globally unique value for the icid parameter and insert it into the P-Charging-Vector header; and
- insert a type 2 orig-ioi parameter into the P-Charging-Vector header. The type 2 orig-ioi parameter shall be set to a value that identifies the sending network in which the MGCF resides and the type 2 term-ioi parameter shall not be included.

When the MGCF receives a 1xx or 2xx response to an initial request for a dialog, the MGCF shall store the value of the received term-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present.

NOTE: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 2 term-ioi. The type 2 term-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the response message.

5.5.3.1.2 Calls terminating in circuit-switched networks

When the MGCF receives an initial INVITE request with Supported header indicating "100rel", the MGCF shall:

- 1) store the value of the orig-ioi parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header, if present;
- NOTE: Any received orig-ioi parameter will be a type 2 orig-ioi. The type 2 orig-ioi parameter identifies the sending network of the request message.
- 2) send a 100 (Trying) response;
- 3) after a matching codec is found or no codec is required at the MGW, send 183 "Session Progress" response:
 - set the Require header to the value of "100rel";
 - store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header;
 - store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header; and
 - insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the initial INVITE request and a type 2 term-ioi. The MGCF shall set the type 2 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the network in which the MGCF resides and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

If a codec is required and the MGCF does not find an available matching codec at the MGW for the received initial INVITE request, the MGCF shall:

- send 503 (Service Unavailable) response if the type of codec was acceptable but none were available; or
- send 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response if the type of codec was not supported, and may include SDP in the message body to indicate the codecs supported by the MGCF/MGW.

5.5.3.2 Subsequent requests

5.5.3.2.1 Calls originating in circuit-switched networks

When the MGCF receives 183 response to an INVITE request, the MGCF shall:

- store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header.

The MGCF shall send an UPDATE request when the following conditions are fulfilled:

- conditions as specified in 3GPP TS 29.153 [11B]; and
- the MGCF receives 200 (OK) response to a PRACK request

5.5.3.2.2 Calls terminating in circuit-switched networks

When the MGCF receives an indication of a ringing for the called party of outgoing call to a circuit-switched network, the MGCF shall:

- send 180 (Ringing) response to the UE.

When the MGCF receives an indication of answer for the called party of outgoing call to a circuit-switched network, the MGCF shall:

- send 200 (OK) response to the UE. The 200 (OK) response shall include an P-Asserted-Identity header if corresponding information is received from the circuit-switched network.

5.5.4 Call release

5.5.4.1 Call release initiated by a circuit-switched network

When the MGCF receives an indication of call release from a circuit-switched network, the MGCF shall:

- send a BYE request to the UE.

5.5.4.2 IM CN subsystem initiated call release

NOTE: The release of a call towards the circuit-switched network additionally requires signaling procedures other than SIP in the MGCF that are outside the scope of this document.

5.5.4.3 MGW-initiated call release

When the MGCF receives an indication from the MGW that the bearer was lost, the MGCF shall:

- send a BYE request towards the UE; and
- may include Error-Info header with a pointer to additional information indicating that bearer was lost.

5.5.5 Call-related requests

5.5.5.1 ReINVITE

5.5.5.1.1 Calls originating from circuit-switched networks

Void.

5.5.5.1.2 Calls terminating in circuit-switched networks

When the MGCF receives a reINVITE request for hold/resume operation, the MGCF shall:

- send 100 (Trying) response;
- after performing interaction with MGW to hold/resume the media flow, send 200 (OK) response.

5.5.6 Further initial requests

When the MGCF responds to an OPTIONS request with a 200 (OK) response, the MGCF may include a message body with an indication of the DTMF capabilities and supported codecs of the MGCF/MGW.

NOTE: The detailed interface for requesting MGCF/MGW capabilities is not specified in this version of the document. Other solutions may be used in the interim.

5.6 Procedures at the BGCF

5.6.1 General

The use of the Path and Service-Route headers shall not be supported by the BGCF.

When the BGCF receives any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a dialog or standalone transaction, the BGCF may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before forwarding the message.

5.6.2 Session initiation transaction

When the BGCF receives an INVITE request, the BGCF shall forward the request either to an MGCF within its own network, or to another network containing an MGCF. The BGCF need not Record-Route the INVITE request. While the next entity may be a MGCF acting as a UA, the BGCF shall not apply the procedures of RFC 3323 [33] relating to privacy. The BGCF shall store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header. The BGCF shall store the value of the icid parameter received in the P-Charging-Vector header and retain the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header.

NOTE 1: The means by which the decision is made to forward to an MGCF or to another network is outside the scope of the present document, but may be by means of a lookup to an external database, or may be by data held internally to the BGCF.

When the BGCF receives an INVITE request, if the BGCF inserts its own Record-Route header, the BGCF may require the periodic refreshment of the session to avoid hung states in the BGCF. If the BGCF requires the session to be refreshed, it shall apply the procedures described in RFC 4028 [58] clause 8.

NOTE 2: Requesting the session to be refreshed requires support by at least one of the UEs. This functionality cannot automatically be granted, i.e. at least one of the involved UEs needs to support it.

5.7 Procedures at the Application Server (AS)

5.7.1 Common Application Server (AS) procedures

5.7.1.1 Notification about registration status

The AS may support the REGISTER method in order to discover the registration status of the user. If a REGISTER request arrives containing information about the user's registration status and the AS supports the REGISTER method, the AS shall store the Expires parameter from the request and generate a 200 (OK) response or an appropriate failure response. For the success case, the 200 (OK) response shall contain Expires value equal to the value received in the REGISTER request. The AS shall store the values received in P-Charging-Function-Addresses header. Also, the AS shall store the values of the icid parameter and orig-ioi parameter if present in the P-Charging-Vector header from the REGISTER request. The AS shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameters, if received in the REGISTER request and a type 3 term-ioi parameter in the response to REGISTER. The AS shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the response is sent and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

Upon receipt of a third-party REGISTER request, the AS may subscribe to the reg event package for the public user identity registered at the users registrar (S-CSCF) as described in RFC 3680 [43].

On sending a SUBSCRIBE request, the AS shall populate the header fields as follows:

- a) a Request URI set to the resource to which the AS wants to be subscribed to, i.e. to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity of the user that was received in the To header field of the third-party REGISTER request;
- b) a From header field set to the AS's SIP URI;
- c) a To header field, set to a SIP URI that contains the public user identity of the user that was received in the To header field of the third-party REGISTER request;
- d) an Event header set to the "reg" event package;
- e) a P-Asserted-Identity header field set to the SIP URI of the AS; and
- NOTE 1: The S-CSCF expects the SIP URI used in the P-Asserted-Identity header to correspond to the SIP URI, which identified this AS in the initial filter criteria of the user to whose registration state the AS subscribes to.

f) a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 3 orig-ioi parameter. The type 3 orig-ioi identifies the service provider from which the request is sent. The AS shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter.

Upon receipt of a 2xx response to the SUBSCRIBE request, the AS shall store the information for the so established dialog and the expiration time as indicated in the Expires header of the received response.

Upon receipt of any response, the AS shall store the value of the term-ioi parameters received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present.

- NOTE 2: Any received term-ioi parameters will be any type term-ioi but includes the adjacent network term ioi in frst position. The first type 3 term-ioi identifies the network operator from which the response was originated for a release 5 S-CSCF and the network operator from which the request was sent otherwise.
- NOTE 3: Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request with all <registration> element(s) having their state attribute set to "terminated" (i.e. all public user identities are deregistered) and the Subscription-State header set to "terminated", the AS considers the subscription to the reg event package terminated, i.e. as if the AS had sent a SUBSCRIBE request with an Expires header containing a value of zero.

Upon receipt of a NOTIFY request, the AS shall store the value of the orig-ioi parameters if present in the P-Charging-Vector header. The AS shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header in the response to the NOTIFY request containing the orig-ioi parameter, if received in the NOTIFY request and a type 3 term-ioi. The AS shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the response is sent and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

5.7.1.2 Extracting charging correlation information

When an AS receives an initial request for a dialog or a request (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) for a standalone transaction, the AS shall store the values received in the P-Charging-Vector header, e.g. orig-ioi parameters, if present, and icid parameter, and retain the P-Charging-Vector header in the message. The AS shall store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header and retain the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header in the message.

When an AS sends any request or response related to a dialog or standalone transaction, the AS may insert previously saved values into the P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before sending the message.

5.7.1.3 Access-Network-Info

The AS may receive in any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) information about the served user access network. This information is contained in the P-Access-Network-Info header. The AS can use the header to provide an appropriate service to the user.

5.7.1.4 User identify verification at the AS

The procedures at the AS to accomplish user identity verification are described with the help of figure 5-1.

NOTE: Different means can be used to represent or transport the credentials. Such mechanisms are subject to operator policy and can e.g. include the P-Asserted-Identity header, the Authorization header or other mechanisms not specified by 3GPP TS 24.229.

When the AS receives a SIP initial or standalone request, excluding REGISTER request, that does not contain credentials, the AS shall:

- a) if a Privacy header is present in the initial or standalone request and the Privacy header value is set to "id" or "user", then the user and the request are considered as anonymous, and no further actions are required. The AS shall consider the request as authenticated;
- b) if there is no Privacy header present in the initial or standalone request, or if the Privacy header contains a value other than "id" or "user", then the AS shall check for the presence of a P-Asserted-Identity header in the initial or standalone request. Two cases exists:

- i) the initial or standalone request contains a P-Asserted-Identity header. This is typically the case when the user is located inside a trusted domain as defined by subclause 4.4. In this case, the AS is aware of the identity of the user and no extra actions are needed. The AS shall consider the request as authenticated.
- ii) the initial or standalone request does not contain a P-Asserted-Identity header. This is typically the case when the user is located outside a trusted domain as defined by subclause 4.4. In this case, the AS does not have a verified identity of the user. The AS shall check the From header of the initial or standalone request. If the From header value in the initial or standalone request is set to "Anonymous", then the user and the request are considered as anonymous and no further actions are required. If the From header value does not indicate anonymity, then the AS shall challenge the user by issuing a 401 (Unauthorized) response including a challenge as per procedures described in RFC 3261 [26].

When the AS receives a SIP initial or standalone request that contains credentials but it does not contain a P-Asserted-Identity header the AS shall check the correctness of the credentials as follows:

- a) If the credentials are correct, then the AS shall consider the identity of the user verified, and the AS shall consider the request as authenticated;
- b) If the credentials are not correct, the AS may either rechallenge the user by issuing a 401 (Unauthorized) response including a challenge as per procedures described in RFC 3261 [26] (up to a predetermined maximum number of times predefined in the AS configuration data), or consider the user as anonymous. If the user is considered anonymous, the PS shall consider the request as authenticated.

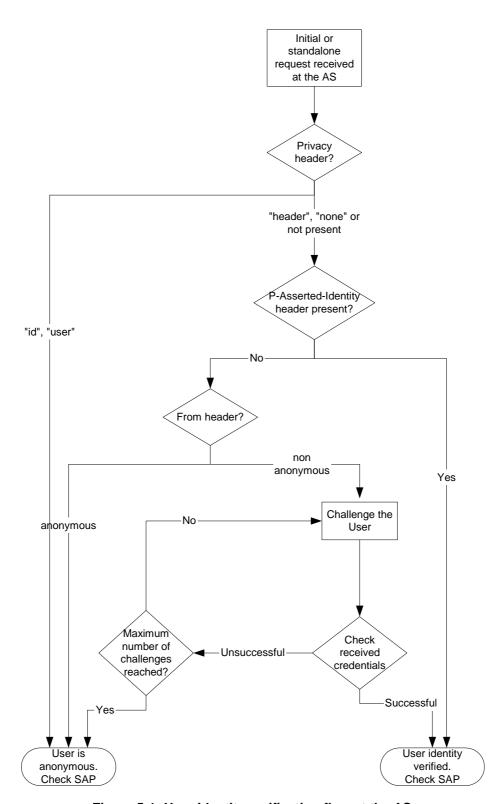


Figure 5-1: User identity verification flow at the AS

5.7.1.5 Request authorization

Once the AS have tried to verify the identity of the user, the AS either has a verified identity of the user or it considers the user as anonymous.

If the user is considered anonymous, the AS shall check whether the authorization policy defined for this request allows anonymous requests. If anonymous requests are allowed, then the AS can proceed with the requested functionality, otherwise, the AS shall not proceed with the requested functionality.

If the user is identified by an identity, the AS shall apply the authorization policy related to the requested functionality to detect whether the particular user is allowed to request the functionality. The authorization policy may require a verified identity of a user.

If the request is authorized then the AS shall continue with the procedures as defined for that request.

If the request is not authorized, the AS shall either:

- reject the request according to the procedures defined for that request e.g., by issuing a 403 (Forbidden) response; or
- send a 2xx final response if the authorization policy requires to deny the requested functionality, whilst appearing to the user as if the request has been granted.

5.7.1.6 Event notification throttling

If the AS has a local configuration information limiting the rate at which notification generation is allowed, then the AS shall take that information into account. Such local configuration information could be e.g. the shortest time period between issuing consecutive NOTIFY requests.

5.7.2 Application Server (AS) acting as terminating UA, or redirect server

When acting as a terminating UA the AS shall behave as defined for a UE in subclause 5.1.4, with the exceptions identified in this subclause.

The AS, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem.

An AS acting as redirect server shall propagate any received IM CN subsystem XML message body in the redirected message.

When an AS acting as a terminating UA generates a subsequent request that does not relate to an INVITE dialog, the AS shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

When the AS acting as terminating UA receives an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall store the value of the orig-ioi parameters received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present.

NOTE: Any received orig-ioi parameters will be any type orig-ioi but includes the adjacent network term ioi in frst position. The first orig-ioi identifies the network operator from which the request was originated for a release 5 S-CSCF and the network operator from which the request was sent otherwise.

When the AS acting as terminating UA generates a response to an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameters, if received in the request and a type 3 term-ioi. The AS shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the response is sent and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi.

5.7.3 Application Server (AS) acting as originating UA

In order to support an AS acting as an originating UA, the AS has to be within the same trust domain as the S-CSCF to which requests will be sent.

When acting as an originating UA the AS shall behave as defined for a UE in subclause 5.1.3, with the exceptions identified in this subclause.

The AS, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem.

When an AS acting as an originating UA generates an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the AS shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17] and a type 3 orig-ioi. The AS shall set the type 3 orig-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the request is sent. The AS shall not include the type 3 term-ioi parameter.

NOTE 1: The AS can retrieve CCF and/or ECF addresses from HSS on Sh interface.

When the AS acting as an originating UA receives any response to an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall store the value of the term-ioi parameters received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present.

NOTE 2: Any received term-ioi parameter will be a type 3 term-ioi. The type 3 term-ioi identifies the network operator from which the response was sent.

When an AS acting as an originating UA generates a subsequent request that does not relate to an INVITE dialog, the AS shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

The AS shall extract charging function addresses from any P-Charging-Function-Addresses header that is received in any 1xx or 2xx responses to the requests.

The AS may also indicate that the proxies should not fork the INVITE request by including a "no-fork" directive within the Request-Disposition header in the initial INVITE request as described in RFC 3841 [56B].

When sending an initial request on behalf of a PSI that is hosted by the AS, the AS shall insert a Route header pointing to an S-CSCF of the home network of the PSI, if:

- the AS is not able to resolve the next hop address by itself; or
- the operator policy requires it.

NOTE 3: The address of the S-CSCF can be obtained by querying the HSS on the Sh interface or from static configuration.

When sending an initial request on behalf of a public user identity, the AS shall insert a Route header pointing to the S-CSCF where the public user identity on whose behalf the request is generated is registered or hosted (unregistered case).

NOTE 4: The address of the S-CSCF can be obtained either from a previous request terminated by the AS, by querying the HSS on the Sh interface or from static configuration.

For the use of the P-Asserted-Identity by the AS, at least two cases exist:

- a) any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction is generated as if it was originated by the UE on whose behalf the request is generated. In this case the AS shall insert a P-Asserted-Identity representing a public user identity of that UE. The AS shall append the "orig" parameter to the URI of the S-CSCF; and
- b) any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction is generated by an AS supporting a service identified by a PSI. In this case the AS shall insert a P-Asserted-Identity containing the PSI of the AS. Also, the AS shall append the "orig" parameter to the URI of the S-CSCF.

The AS can indicate privacy of the P-Asserted-Identity in accordance with RFC 3323 [33], and the additional requirements contained within RFC 3325 [34].

Where privacy is required, in any initial request for a dialog or request for a standalone transaction, the AS shall set the From header to "Anonymous".

NOTE 5: The contents of the From header cannot be relied upon to be modified by the network based on any privacy specified by the user either within the AS indication of privacy or by network subscription or network policy. Therefore the AS includes the value "Anonymous" whenever privacy is explicitly required.

5.7.4 Application Server (AS) acting as a SIP proxy

When the AS acting as a SIP proxy receives a request from the S-CSCF, prior to forwarding the request it shall:

- remove its own URI from the topmost Route header; and
- after executing the required services, route the request based on the topmost Route header.

The AS may modify the SIP requests based on service logic, prior to forwarding the request back to the S-CSCF.

The AS shall not fork the request if the fork-directive in the Request-Disposition header is set to "no-fork" as described in RFC 3841 [56B].

An AS acting as a SIP proxy shall propagate any received IM CN subsystem XML message body in the forwarded message.

When the AS acting as a SIP proxy receives an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall store the value of the orig-ioi parameters received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present. The AS shall remove the orig-ioi parameter from the forwarded request.

NOTE: Any received orig-ioi parameters will be any type orig-ioi but includes the adjacent network term ioi in frst position. The first orig-ioi identifies the network operator from which the request was originated for a release 5 S-CSCF and the network operator from which the request was sent otherwise.

When the AS acting as a SIP proxy generates a response to an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameters, if received in the request and a type 3 term-ioi. The AS shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the response is sent and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi. Any values of orig-ioi or term-ioi received in any response that is being forwarded are not used.

5.7.5 Application Server (AS) performing 3rd party call control

5.7.5.1 General

The AS performing 3rd party call control acts as a B2BUA. There are two kinds of 3rd party call control:

- Routeing B2BUA: an AS receives a request from the S-CSCF, terminates it and generates a new request, which is based on the received request.
- Initiating B2BUA: an AS initiates two requests, which are logically connected together at the AS, or an AS receives a request from the S-CSCF and initiates a new request that is logically connected but unrelated to the incoming request from the originating user (e.g. the P-Asserted-Identity of the incoming request is changed by the AS),

When the AS receives a terminated call and generates a new call, and dependent on whether the service allows the AS to change the P-Asserted-Identity for outgoing requests compared with the incoming request, the AS will select appropriate kind of 3rd party call control.

The B2BUA AS will internally map the message headers between the two dialogs that it manages. It is responsible for correlating the dialog identifiers and will decide when to simply translate a message from one dialog to the other, or when to perform other functions. These decisions are specific to each AS and are outside the scope of the present document.

The AS, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem.

For standalone transactions, when the AS is acting as a Routeing B2BUA, the AS shall copy the remaining Route header(s) unchanged from the received request for a standalone transaction to the new request for a standalone transaction.

When the AS receives a Replaces header within an initial request for a dialog, the AS shall check, whether the AS acts as a routeing B2BUA for the dialog identified in the Replaces header. The AS shall:

- if the AS acts as routeing B2BUA for the dialog indicated in the Replaces header, include in the forwarded request a Replaces header, indicating the the dialog on the outgoing side that corresponds to the dialog identified in the received Replaces header; or
- if the AS does not act as a routeing B2BUA for the dialog indicated in the Replaces header, include in the forwarded request the Replaces header as received in the incoming request.

When the AS acting as a routeing B2BUA receives an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the AS shall:

- store the value of the orig-ioi parameters received in the P-Charging-Vector header if present; and
- remove the orig-ioi parameter from the forwarded request.

NOTE: Any received orig-ioi parameters will be any type orig-ioi but includes the adjacent network term ioi in frst position. The first orig-ioi identifies the network operator from which the request was originated for a release 5 S-CSCF and the network operator from which the request was sent otherwise.

When the AS acting as a routeing B2BUA generates a response to an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, it shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header containing the orig-ioi parameters, if received in the request and a type 3 term-ioi. The AS shall set the type 3 term-ioi parameter to a value that identifies the service provider from which the response is sent and the orig-ioi parameter is set to the previously received value of orig-ioi. Any values of orig-ioi or term-ioi received in any response that is being forwarded are not used.

5.7.5.2 Call initiation

5.7.5.2.1 Initial INVITE

When the AS acting as a Routeing B2BUA receives an initial INVITE request from the S-CSCF, the AS shall:

- remove its own SIP URI from the topmost Route header of the received INVITE request;
- perform the AS specific functions. See 3GPP TS 23.218 [5];
- if successful, generate and send a new INVITE request to the S-CSCF to establish a new dialog;
- copy the remaining Route header(s) unchanged from the received INVITE request to the new INVITE request;
- copy the P-Asserted-Identity to the outgoing request; and
- route the new INVITE request based on the topmost Route header.

NOTE 1: The topmost Route header of the received INVITE request will contain the AS's SIP URI. The following Route header will contain the SIP URI of the S-CSCF.

When the AS is acting as an Initiating B2BUA, the AS shall apply the procedures described in subclause 5.7.3 for any outgoing requests. The AS shall either set the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header to be the same as received or different.

NOTE 2: The AS can retrieve CCF and/or ECF adresses from HSS on Sh interface.

5.7.5.2.2 Subsequent requests

Void.

5.7.5.3 Call release

5.7.5.4 Call-related requests

An AS may initiate a call release. See 3GPP TS 23.218 [5] for possible reasons. The AS shall simultaneously send the BYE request for both dialogs managed by the B2BUA.

5.7.5.5 Further initial requests

When the AS acting as an Initiating B2BUA the AS shall apply the procedures described in subclause 5.7.3 for both requests. The AS shall either set the icid parameter in the P-Charging-Vector header to be the same as received or different.

5.7.6 Void

5.8 Procedures at the MRFC

5.8.1 General

Although the MRFC is acting as a UA, it is outside the scope of this specification how the MRFC associated addresses are made known to other entities.

When the MRFC sends any request or response (excluding ACK requests and CANCEL requests and responses) related to a dialog or standalone transaction, the MRFC may insert previously saved values into P-Charging-Vector and P-Charging-Function-Addresses headers before sending the message.

5.8.2 Call initiation

5.8.2.1 Initial INVITE

5.8.2.1.1 MRFC-terminating case

5.8.2.1.1.1 Introduction

The MRFC shall provide a P-Asserted-Identity header in a response to the initial request for a dialog, or any response for a standalone transaction. It is a matter of network policy whether the MRFC expresses privacy according to RFC 3323 [33] with such responses.

When the MRFC receives an initial INVITE request, the MRFC shall store the values received in the P-Charging-Vector header, e.g. icid parameter. The MRFC shall store the values received in the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header.

5.8.2.1.1.2 Tones and announcements

The MRFC can receive INVITE requests to set up a session to play tones and announcements. The MRFC acts as terminating UA in this case.

When the MRFC receives an INVITE request with an indicator for a tone or announcement, the MRFC shall:

- send 100 (Trying) response.

NOTE: The detailed interfaces for requesting tones and announcements are not specified in this version of the document. Other solutions may be used in the interim.

5.8.2.1.1.3 Ad-hoc conferences

The MRFC can receive INVITE requests to set up an ad-hoc conferencing session (e.g. Multiparty Call) or to add parties to the conference. The MRFC acts as terminating UA in this case.

When the MRFC receives an INVITE request with an indicator to initiate ad hoc conferencing, the MRFC shall:

- send 100 (Trying) response; and
- after the MRFP indicates that the conference resources are available, send 200 (OK) response with an MRFC conference identifier. If the MRFC chooses to send a 183 (Session Progress) response prior to the 200 (OK), then the conference identifier may also be included in the 183 (Session Progress) response.

When the MRFC receives an INVITE request with an indicator to add a party to an existing ad hoc conference (i.e. MRFC conference identifier), the MRFC shall:

- send 100 Trying response; and
- after the MRFP indicates that the conferencing request is granted, send 200 OK response with the MRFC conference identifier. If the MRFC chooses to send a 183 Session Progress response prior to the 200 OK, then the conference identifier may also be included in the 183 Session Progress response.

NOTE: The detailed interface for requesting ad-hoc conferencing sessions is not specified in this version of the document. Other solutions may be used in the interim.

5.8.2.1.1.4 Transcoding

The MRFC may receive INVITE requests to set up transcoding between endpoints with incompatible codecs. The MRFC acts as terminating UA in this case.

When the MRFC receives an INVITE request with an indicator for transcoding and a codec is supplied in SDP, the MRFC shall:

- send 100 (Trying) response; and
- after the MRFP indicates that the transcoding request is granted, send 200 (OK) response.

When the MRFC receives an INVITE request with an indicator for transcoding but no SDP, the MRFC shall:

- send 183 (Session Progress) response with list of codecs supported by the MRFC/MRFP.

5.8.2.1.2 MRFC-originating case

The MRFC shall provide a P-Asserted-Identity header in an initial request for a dialog, or any request for a standalone transaction. It is a matter of network policy whether the MRFC expresses privacy according to RFC 3323 [33] with such requests.

When an MRFC generates an initial request for a dialog or a request for a standalone transaction, the MRFC shall insert a P-Charging-Vector header with the icid parameter populated as specified in 3GPP TS 32.260 [17].

5.8.2.2 Subsequent requests

5.8.2.2.1 Tones and announcements

When the MRFC receives an ACK request for a session, this may be considered as an event to direct the MRFP to start the playing of a tone or announcement.

5.8.3 Call release

5.8.3.1 S-CSCF-initiated call release

5.8.3.1.1 Tones and announcements

When the MRFC receives a BYE request for a session, the MRFC directs the MRFP to stop the playing of a tone or announcement.

5.8.3.2 MRFC-initiated call release

5.8.3.2.1 Tones and announcements

When the MRFC has a timed session to play tones and announcements and the time expires, the MRFC shall:

- send a BYE request towards the UE.

When the MRFC is informed by the MRFP that tone or announcement resource has been released, the MRFC shall:

- send a BYE request towards the UE.

5.8.2.2.2 Transcoding

When the MRFC receives a PRACK request (in response to the 183 (Session Progress) response) with an indicator for transcoding and codec supplied in SDP, the MRFC shall:

- after the MRFP indicates that the transcoding request is granted, send 200 (OK) response.

5.8.4 Call-related requests

5.8.4.1 ReINVITE

5.8.4.1.1 MRFC-terminating case

5.8.4.1.1.1 Ad-hoc conferences

The MRFC can receive reINVITE requests to modify an ad-hoc conferencing session (e.g. Multiparty Call) for purposes of floor control and for parties to leave and rejoin the conference.

When the MRFC receives a reINVITE request, the MRFC shall:

- send 100 (Trying) response; and
- after the MRFP indicates that the conferencing request is granted, send 200 (OK) response with the MRFC conference identifier. If the MRFC chooses to send a 183 (Session Progress) response prior to the 200 OK, then the conference identifier may also be included in the 183 (Session Progress) response.

NOTE: The detailed interface for requesting ad-hoc conferencing sessions is not specified in this version of the document. Other solutions may be used in the interim.

5.8.4.1.2	MRFC-originating case

Void.

5.8.4.2 REFER

5.8.4.2.1 MRFC-terminating case

Void.

5.8.4.2.2 MRFC-originating case

Void.

5.8.4.2.3 REFER initiating a new session

Void.

5.8.4.2.4 REFER replacing an existing session

Void.

5.8.4.3 INFO

Void.

5.8.5 Further initial requests

When the MRFC responds to an OPTIONS request with a 200 (OK) response, the MRFC may include a message body with an indication of the supported tones/announcement packages, DTMF capabilities, supported codecs and conferencing options of the MRFC/MRFP.

NOTE: The detailed interface for requesting MRFC/MRFP capabilities is not specified in this version of the document. Other solutions may be used in the interim.

5.9 IMS-ALG

5.9.1 General

The IMS-ALG acts as a B2BUA. The IMS-ALG will internally map the message headers between the two dialogs that it manages. It is responsible for correlating the dialog identifiers and will decide when to simply translate a message from one dialog to the other, or when to perform other functions. The IMS-ALG, although acting as a UA, does not initiate any registration of its associated addresses. These are assumed to be known by peer-to-peer arrangements within the IM CN subsystem. The use of the Path and Service-Route headers shall not be supported by the IMS-ALG.

When the IMS-ALG receives an initial INVITE request from a SIP network that does not support the IP address type used in the IM CN subsystem, the IMS-ALG shall generate a new initial INVITE request and forward it to the I-CSCF.

The internal function of the IMS-ALG is defined in 3GPP TS 29.162 [11A].

6 Application usage of SDP

6.1 Procedures at the UE

6.1.1 General

The "integration of resource management and SIP" extension is hereafter in this subclause referred to as "the precondition mechanism" and is defined in RFC 3312 [30] as updated by RFC 4032 [64].

In order to authorize the media streams, the P-CSCF and S-CSCF have to be able to inspect the SDP payloads. Hence, the UE shall not encrypt the SDP payloads.

During session establishment procedure, and during session modification procedures, SIP messages shall only contain SDP payload if that is intended to modify the session description, or when the SDP payload is included in the message because of SIP rules described in RFC 3261 [26].

NOTE 1: A codec can have multiple payload type numbers associated with it.

For "video" and "audio" media types that utilize the RTP/RTCP, the UE shall specify the proposed bandwidth for each media stream utilizing the "b=" media descriptor and the "AS" bandwidth modifier in the SDP.

If the media line in the SDP indicates the usage of RTP/RTCP, in addition to the "AS" bandwidth modifier in the media-level "b=" line, the UE shall include two media-level "b=" lines, one with the "RS" bandwidth modifier and the other with the "RR" bandwidth modifier as described in RFC 3556 [56] to specify the required bandwidth allocation for RTCP.

For other media streams the "b=" media descriptor may be included. The value or absence of the "b=" parameter will affect the assigned QoS which is defined in 3GPP TS 29.208 [13].

NOTE 2: In a two-party session where both participants are active, the RTCP receiver reports are not sent, therefore, the RR bandwidth modifer will typically get the value of zero.

If an in-band DTMF codec is supported by the application associated with an audio media stream, then the UE shall include, in addition to the payload types associated with the audio codecs for the media stream, the MIME subtype

"telephone-event" in the SDP "m=" media descriptor associated with the media stream, to indicate support of in-band DTMF as described in RFC 2833 [23]..

The UE shall inspect the SDP contained in any SIP request or response, looking for possible indications of grouping of media streams according to RFC 3524 [54] and perform the appropriate actions for IP-CAN bearer establishment for media according to IP-CAN specific procedures (see subclause B.2.2.5 for IP-CAN implemented using GPRS).

If resource reservation is needed, the UE shall start reserving its local resources whenever it has sufficient information about the media streams, media authorization and used codecs available.

NOTE 3: Based on this resource reservation can, in certain cases, be initiated immediately after the sending or receiving of the initial SDP offer.

In order to fulfil the QoS requirements of one or more media streams, the UE may re-use previously reserved resources. In this case the local preconditions related to the media stream, for which resources are re-used, shall be indicated as met.

If an IP-CAN bearer is rejected or modified, the UE shall, if the SDP is affected, update the remote SIP entity according to RFC 3261 [26] and RFC 3311 [29].

6.1.2 Handling of SDP at the originating UE

An INVITE request generated by a UE shall contain a SDP offer. The SDP offer shall reflect the calling user's terminal capabilities and user preferences for the session. The UE shall order the codecs with the most preferred codec listed first.

If the desired QoS resources for one or more media streams have not been reserved at the UE when constructing the initial SDP offer, the UE shall:

- indicate the related local preconditions for QoS as not met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64], as well as the strength-tag value "mandatory" for the local segment and the strength-tag value "optional" for the remote segment; and,
- set the related media streams to inactive, by including an "a=inactive" line, according to the procedures described in RFC 4566 [39].

NOTE 1: When setting the media streams to the inactive mode, the UE can include in the first SDP offer the proper values for the RS and RR modifiers and associate bandwidths to prevent the receiving of the RTCP packets, and not send any RTCP packets.

If the desired QoS resources for one or more media streams are available at the UE when the initial SDP offer is sent, the UE shall indicate the related local preconditions as met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64], as well as the strength-tag value "mandatory" for the local segment and the strength-tag value "optional" for the remote segment, if the UE supports the precondition mechanism (see subclause 5.1.3.1).

NOTE 2: If the originating UE does not support the precondition mechanism it will not include any precondition information in SDP.

Upon generating the SDP offer for an INVITE request generated after receiving a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, as described in subclause 5.1.3.1, the UE shall include SDP payload containing a subset of the allowed media types, codecs and other parameters from the SDP payload of all 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses related to the same session establishment attempt (i.e. a set of INVITE requests used for the same session establishment). For each media line, the UE shall order the codecs in the SDP payload according to the order of the codecs in the SDP payload of the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses.

NOTE 3: The UE can attempt a session establishment through multiple networks with different policies and potentially can need to send multiple INVITE requests and receive multiple 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses from different CSCF nodes. The UE therefore takes into account the SDP contents of all the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) responses received related to the same session establishment when building a new INVITE request.

Upon confirming successful local resource reservation, the UE shall create an SDP offer in which:

- the related local preconditions are set to met, using the segmented status type, as defined in RFC 3312 [30] and RFC 4032 [64]; and
- the media streams previously set to inactive mode are set to active (sendrecy, sendonly or recyonly) mode.

Upon receiving an SDP answer, which includes more than one codec per media stream, excluding the in-band DTMF codec, as described in subclause 6.1.1, the UE shall send an SDP offer at the first possible time, selecting only one codec per media stream.

6.1.3 Handling of SDP at the terminating UE

Upon receipt of an initial SDP offer in which no precondition information is available, the terminating UE shall in the SDP answer:

- if, prior to sending the SDP answer the desired QoS resources have been reserved at the terminating UE, set the related media streams in the SDP answer to:
 - active mode, if the offered media streams were not listed as inactive; or
 - inactive mode, if the offered media streams were listed as inactive.

If the terminating UE had previously set one or more media streams to inactive mode and the QoS resources for those media streams are now ready, it shall set the media streams to active mode by applying the procedures described in RFC 4566 [39] with respect to setting the direction of media streams.

Upon sending a SDP answer to an initial SDP offer (which included one or more media lines which was offered with several codecs) the terminating UE shall select exactly one codec per media line and indicate only the selected codec for the related media stream. In addition, the UE may indicate support of the in-band DTMF codec, as described in subclause 6.1.1.

Upon sending a SDP answer to an initial SDP offer, with the SDP answer including one or more media streams for which the originating side did indicate its local preconditions as not met, if the precondition mechanism is supported by the terminating UE, the terminating UE shall indicates its local preconditions and request the confirmation for the result of the resource reservation at the originating end point.

NOTE: If the terminating UE does not support the precondition mechanism it will ignore any precondition information received from the originating UE.

Upon receipt an initial INVITE request, that includes the SDP offer containing an IP address type (in the "c=" parameter) that is not supported by the UE, it shall respond with the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response with 301 Warning header indicating "incompatible network address format".

6.2 Procedures at the P-CSCF

When the P-CSCF receives any SIP request containing an SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the P-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed on the network by local policy, the P-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing SDP payload. This SDP payload contains either all the media types, codecs and other SDP parameters which are allowed according to the local policy, or, based on configuration by the operator of the P-CSCF, a subset of these allowed parameters. This subset may depend on the content of the received SIP request. The P-CSCF shall build the SDP payload in the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response in the same manner as a UAS builds the SDP in a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specifed in RFC 3261 [26]. For each media line, the P-CSCF shall order the codecs with the most preferred codec listed first. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the P-CSCF may reject the request.

When the P-CSCF receives a SIP response different from 200 (OK) response containing SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall not examine the media parameters in the received SDP offer, but the P-CSCF shall rather check the succeeding request containing the SDP answer for this offer, and if necessary (i.e. the SDP answer reduced by the UE still breaches local policy), the P-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing the local policy allowed SDP payload. If the SDP answer is encrypted, the P-CSCF may reject the succeeding request.

When the P-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response containing SDP offer, the P-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the P-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed on the network by local policy, the P-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it shall

immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.2.8.1.2. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the P-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it may immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.2.8.1.2.

When the P-CSCF receives an initial INVITE request for a terminating session setup or a 183 (Session Progress) response to an INVITE request for an originating session setup, the P-CSCF may modify the SDP according to RFC 3524 [54] to indicate to the UE that particular media stream(s) is grouped according to a local policy. The policy is used to determine whether the P-CSCF will request the UE to keep media stream(s) grouped in different IP-CAN bearers and identify the relation between different media streams and IP-CAN bearers (see subclause B.2.2.5 for IP-CAN implemented using GPRS).

The P-CSCF shall apply and maintain the same policy within the SDP from the initial request or response containing SDP and throughout the complete SIP session. If a media stream is added and grouping of media streams apply to the session, the P-CSCF shall modify the SDP according to RFC 3524 [54] to indicate to the UE that the added media stream(s) will be grouped into either a new group or into one of the existing groups. The P-CSCF shall not indicate regrouping of media stream(s) within the SDP.

The P-CSCF shall not apply RFC 3524 [54] to the SDP for additional media stream(s), if grouping of media stream(s) was not indicated in the initial INVITE request or 183 (Session Progress) response.

The P-CSCF may inspect, if present, the "b=RS" and "b=RR" lines in order to find out the bandwidth allocation requirements for RTCP.

6.3 Procedures at the S-CSCF

When the S-CSCF receives any SIP request containing an SDP offer, the S-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the S-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed based on either local policy or the subscription, the S-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing SDP payload. This SDP payload contains either all the media types, codecs and other SDP parameters which are allowed according to the local policy and users subscription or, based on configuration by the operator of the S-CSCF, a subset of these allowed parameters. This subset may depend on the content of the received SIP request. The S-CSCF shall build the SDP payload in the 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response in the same manner as a UAS builds the SDP in a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response as specified in RFC 3261 [26]. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the S-CSCF may reject the request.

When the S-CSCF receives a SIP response different from 200 (OK) response containing SDP offer, the S-CSCF shall not examine the media parameters in the received SDP offer, but the S-CSCFshall rather check the succeeding request containing the SDP answer for this offer, and if necessary (i.e. the SDP answer reduced by the UE still breaches local policy), the S-CSCF shall return a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response containing the local policy allowed SDP payload. If the SDP answer is encrypted, the S-CSCF may reject the succeeding request.

When the S-CSCF receives a 200 (OK) response containing SDP offer, the S-CSCF shall examine the media parameters in the received SDP. If the S-CSCF finds any media parameters which are not allowed based on either local policy or the subscription, the S-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it shall immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.4.5.1.2. If the SDP offer is encrypted, the S-CSCF shall forward the SDP offer and on the receipt of the ACK request containing the SDP answer, it may immediately terminate the session as described in subclause 5.4.5.1.2.

6.4 Procedures at the MGCF

6.4.1 Calls originating from circuit-switched networks

The usage of SDP by the MGCF is the same as its usage by the UE, as defined in the subclause 6.1 and A.3.2, with the following exception:

- in an initial SDP offer the MGCF shall not use the "inactive" attribute when the local preconditions are met; and
- if local preconditions are not met at the MGCF and local configuration indicates that the MGCF is serving users not supporting SIP preconditions, then the MGCF shall set the inactive mode (by including an attribute "a=inactive") in an initial SDP offer, (otherwise all served users support the SIP preconditions and the inactive indication is not needed);

- in an initial INVITE request generated by a MGCF, the MGCF shall indicate the current status of the local precondition.

When sending an SDP, the MGCF shall not include the "i=", "u=", "e=", "p=", "r=", and "z=" descriptors in the SDP, and it shall ignore them when received in the SDP.

When the MGCF generates and sends an INVITE request for a call originating in a circuit-switched network, the MGCF shall:

- populate the SDP with the codecs supported by the associated MGW (see 3GPP TS 26.235 [10] for the supported codecs); and
- in order to support DTMF, populate the SDP with MIME subtype "telephone-event" as described in RFC 2833 [23].

When the MGCF receives 183 (Session Progress) response to an INVITE request, the MGCF shall:

- check that a supported codec has been indicated in the SDP.

6.4.2 Calls terminating in circuit-switched networks

The usage of SDP by the MGCF is the same as its usage by the UE, as defined in the subclause 6.1 and A.3.2, with the following exception:

- a) when the MGCF sends a 183 (Session Progress) response with SDP payload, it shall only request confirmation for the result of the resource reservation (as defined in RFC 3312 [30]) at the originating end point if all of the following conditions are true:
 - there are any remaining unfulfilled preconditions at the originating end point;
 - the received initial INVITE request indicates support of SIP preconditions; and
 - local configuration indicates support of SIP preconditions.

When sending an SDP, the MGCF shall not include the "i=", "u=", "e=", "p=", "r=", and "z=" descriptors in the SDP, and it shall ignore them when received in the SDP.

When the MGCF receives an initial INVITE request, the MGCF shall:

- check for a codec that matches the requested SDP, which may include the MIME subtype "telephone-event" as described in RFC 2833 [23].

When the MGCF generates and sends a 183 (Session Progress) response to an initial INVITE request, the MGCF shall:

- set SDP indicating the selected codec, which may include the MIME subtype "telephone-event" as described in RFC 2833 [23].

6.5 Procedures at the MRFC

Void.

6.6 Procedures at the AS

Since an AS may provide a wide range of different services, procedures for the SDP usage for an AS acting as originating UA, terminating UA or third-party call control role are dependent on the service provided to the UA and on the capabilities on the remote UA. There is no special requirements regarding the usage of the SDP, except the requirements for the SDP capabilities described in the following paragraphs and clause A.3:

1) Providing that an INVITE request generated by an AS contains SDP payload, the AS has the capability of reflecting the originating AS's capabilities, desired QoS and precondition requirements for the session in the SDP payload.

2) When the AS sends a 183 (Session Progress) response with SDP payload including one or more "m=" media types, it has the capability of requesting confirmation for the result of the resource reservation at the originating endpoint.

6.7 Procedures at the IMS-ALG

IMS-ALG makes procedures as for an originating UA and terminating UA. The IMS-ALG acts as a B2BUA. The treatment of the SDP information between originating UA and terminating UA is described in 3GPP TS 29.162 [11A].

7 Extensions within the present document

7.1 SIP methods defined within the present document

There are no SIP methods defined within the present document over and above those defined in the referenced IETF specifications.

7.2 SIP headers defined within the present document

7.2.0 General

There are no SIP headers defined within the present document over and above those defined in the referenced IETF specifications.

- 7.2.1 Void
- 7.2.2 Void
- 7.2.3 Void
- 7.2.4 Void
- 7.2.5 Void
- 7.2.6 Void
- 7.2.7 Void
- 7.2.8 Void
- 7.2.9 Void
- 7.2.10 Void
- 7.2A Extensions to SIP headers defined within the present document
- 7.2A.1 Extension to WWW-authenticate header

7.2A.1.1 Introduction

This extension defines a new authentication parameter (auth-param) for the WWW-Authenticate header used in a 401 (Unauthorized) response to the REGISTER request. For more information, see RFC 2617 [21] subclause 3.2.1.

7.2A.1.2 Syntax

The syntax for for auth-param is specified in table 7.4.

Table 7.4: Syntax of auth-param

```
auth-param = 1#( integrity-key / cipher-key )
integrity-key = "ik" EQUAL ik-value
cipher-key = "ck" EQUAL ck-value
ik-value = LDQUOT *(HEXDIG) RDQUOT
ck-value = LDQUOT *(HEXDIG) RDQUOT
```

7.2A.1.3 Operation

This authentication parameter will be used in a 401 (Unauthorized) response in the WWW-authenticate header during UE authentication procedure as specified in subclause 5.4.1.

The S-CSCF appends the integrity-key parameter (directive) to the WWW.-Authenticate header in a 401 (Unauthorized) response. The P-CSCF stores the integrity-key value and removes the integrity-key parameter from the header prior to forwarding the response to the UE.

The S-CSCF appends the cipher-key parameter (directive) to the WWW-Authenticate header in a 401 (Unauthorized) response. The P-CSCF removes the cipher-key parameter from the header prior to forwarding the response to the UE. In the case ciphering is used, the P-CSCF stores the cipher-key value.

7.2A.2 Extension to Authorization header

7.2A.2.1 Introduction

This extension defines a new auth-param for the Authorization header used in REGISTER requests. For more information, see RFC 2617 [21] subclause 3.2.2.

7.2A.2.2 Syntax

The syntax of auth-param for the Authorization header is specified in table 7.5.

Table 7.5: Syntax of auth-param for Authorization header

```
auth-param = "integrity-protected" EQUAL ("yes" / "no")
```

7.2A.2.3 Operation

This authentication parameter is inserted by the P-CSCF in the Authorization header of all the REGISTER requests received from the UE. The value of the "integrity protected" field in the auth-param parameter is set as specified in subclause 5.2.2. This information is used by S-CSCF to decide whether to challenge the REGISTER request or not, as specified in subclause 5.4.1.

7.2A.3 Tokenized-by parameter definition (various headers)

7.2A.3.1 Introduction

The tokenized-by parameter is an extension parameter appended to encrypted entries in various SIP headers as defined in subclause 5.3.3.1.

7.2A.3.2 Svntax

The syntax for the tokenized-by parameter is specified in table 7.6:

Table 7.6: Syntax of tokenized-by-param

The BNF for uri-parameter is taken from RFC 3261 [26] and modified accordingly.

7.2A.3.3 Operation

The tokenized-by parameter is appended by I-CSCF(THIG) after all encrypted strings within SIP headers when network configuration hiding is active. The value of the parameter is the domain name of the network which encrypts the information.

7.2A.4 P-Access-Network-Info header

7.2A.4.1 Introduction

The P-Access-Network-Info header is extended to include specific information relating to particular access technologies.

7.2A.4.2 Syntax

The syntax of the P-Access-Network-Info header is described in RFC 3455 [52]. There are additional coding rules for this header depending on the type of IP-CAN, according to access technology specific descriptions.

Table 7.6A describes 3GPP-specific extensions to the P-Charging-Vector header field defined in RFC 3455 [52].

Table 7.6A: Syntax of extensions to P-Access-Network-Info header

7.2A.4.3 Additional coding rules for P-Access-Network-Info header

The UE shall populate the P-Access-Network-Info header, where use is specified in subclause 5.1, with the following contents:

- 1) the access-type field set to one of "3GPP-GERAN", "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD", "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", "3GPP2-1X", "3GPP2-1X-HRPD", "IEEE-802.11" or "IEEE-802.11a" or "IEEE-802.11b" or "IEEE-802.11g" as appropriate to the radio access technology in use;
- 2) if the access type field is set to "3GPP-GERAN", a cgi-3gpp parameter set to the Cell Global Identity obtained from lower layers of the UE. The Cell Global Identity is a concatenation of MCC, MNC, LAC and CI (as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3]). The value of "cgi-3gpp" parameter is therefore coded as a text string as follows:

Starting with the most significant bit, MCC (3 digits), MNC (2 or 3 digits depending on MCC value), LAC (fixed length code of 16 bits using full hexadecimal representation) and CI (fixed length code of 16 bits using a full hexadecimal representation);

3) if the access type field is equal to "3GPP-UTRAN-FDD", or "3GPP-UTRAN-TDD", a "utran-cell-id-3gpp" parameter set to a concatenation of the MCC, MNC, LAC (as described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3]) and the UMTS Cell Identity (as described in 3GPP TS 25.331 [9A]), obtained from lower layers of the UE, and is coded as a text string as follows:

Starting with the most significant bit, MCC (3 digits), MNC (2 or 3 digits depending on MCC value), LAC (fixed length code of 16 bits using full hexadecimal representation) and UMTS Cell Identity (fixed length code of 28 bits using a full hexadecimal representation);

4) if the access type field is set to "3GPP2-1X", a ci-3gpp2 parameter set to the ASCII representation of the hexadecimal value of the string obtained by the concatenation of SID (16 bits), NID (16 bits), PZID (8 bits) and BASE_ID (16 bits) (see 3GPP2 C.S0005-D [85]) in the specified order. The length of the ci-3gpp2 parameter shall be 14 hexadecimal characters. The hexadecimal characters (A through F) shall be coded using the uppercase ASCII characters. If the MS does not know the values for any of the above parameters, the MS shall use the value of 0 for that parameter. For example, if the SID is unknown, the MS shall represent the SID as 0x0000;

NOTE 1: The SID value is represented using 16 bits as supposed to 15 bits as specified in 3GPP2 C.S0005-D [85].

EXAMPLE: If SID = 0x1234, NID = 0x5678, PZID = 0x12, BASE_ID = 0xFFFF, the ci-3gpp2 value is set to the string "1234567812FFFF".

5) if the access type field is set to "3GPP2-1X-HRPD", a ci-3gpp2 parameter set to the ASCII representation of the hexadecimal value of the string obtained by the concatenation of Sector ID (128 bits) and Subnet length (8 bits) (see 3GPP2 C.S0024-A [86]) in the specified order. The length of the ci-3gpp2 parameter shall be 34 hexadecimal characters. The hexadecimal characters (A through F) shall be coded using the uppercase ASCII characters;

6) if the access-type field set to one of "IEEE-802.11" or "IEEE-802.11a" or "IEEE-802.11b" or "IEEE-802.11g" the access info parameter is set to a null value. This release of this specification does not define values for use in this parameter.

7.2A.5 P-Charging-Vector header

7.2A.5.1 Introduction

The P-Charging-Vector header field is extended to include specific charging correlation information needed for IM CN subsystem functional entities.

7.2A.5.2 Syntax

7.2A.5.2.1 General

The syntax of the P-Charging-Vector header field is described in RFC 3455 [52]. There may be additional coding rules for this header depending on the type of IP-CAN, according to access technology specific descriptions.

Table 7.3 describes 3GPP-specific extensions to the P-Charging-Vector header field defined in RFC 3455 [52].

Table 7.3: Syntax of extensions to P-Charging-Vector header

```
access-network-charging-info = (gprs-charging-info / i-wlan-charging-info / generic-param)
gprs-charging-info = ggsn SEMI auth-token [SEMI pdp-info-hierarchy] *(SEMI extension-param)
ggsn = "ggsn" EQUAL gen-value
pdp-info-hierarchy = "pdp-info" EQUAL LDQUOT pdp-info *(COMMA pdp-info) RDQUOT
pdp-info = pdp-item SEMI pdp-sig SEMI gcid [SEMI flow-id]
pdp-item = "pdp-item" EQUAL DIGIT
pdp-sig = "pdp-sig" EQUAL ("yes" / "no")
gcid = "gcid" EQUAL 1*HEXDIG
auth-token = "auth-token" EQUAL 1*HEXDIG
flow-id = "flow-id" EQUAL "(" "{ " 1*DIGIT COMMA 1*DIGIT "} " *(COMMA "{ " 1*DIGIT COMMA 1*DIGIT "}")")"
extension-param = token [EQUAL token]
i-wlan-charging-info = "pdg"
```

The access-network-charging-info parameter is an instance of generic-param from the current charge-params component of P-Charging-Vector header.

The access-network-charging-info parameter includes alternative definitions for different types access networks. The description of these parameters are given in the subsequent subclauses.

The access network charging information is not included in the P-Charging-Vector for SIP signalling that is not associated with a session,

When the access network charging information is included in the P-Charging-Vector and necessary information is not available from the Go/Gq interface reference points then null or zero values are included

For type 1 and type 3 IOIs, the generating SIP entity shall express the orig-ioi and term-ioi parameters in the format of a quoted string as specified in RFC 3455 [52] with a specific string prefix being "Type 1" and "Type 3" respectively to

indicate the type of IOI. For the type 2 IOI, no string prefix is used. The receiving SIP entity does not perform syntactic checking of the contents of the IOI parameter (the IOI parameter is passed unmodified to charging entities).

7.2A.5.2.2 GPRS as IP-CAN

GPRS is the initially supported access network (gprs-charging-info parameter). For GPRS there are the following components to track: GGSN address (ggsn parameter), media authorization token (auth token parameter), and a pdp-info parameter that contains the information for one or more PDP contexts. The pdp-info contains one or more pdp-item values followed by a collection of parameters (pdp-sig, gcid, and flow-id). The value of the pdp-item is a unique number that identifies each of the PDP-related charging information within the P-Charging-Vector header. Each PDP context has an indicator if it is an IM CN subsystem signalling PDP context (pdp-sig parameter), an associated GPRS Charging Identifier (gcid parameter), and a identifier (flow-id parameter). The flow-id parameter contains a sequence of curly bracket delimited flow identifier tuples that identify associated m-lines and relative order of port numbers in an m-line within the SDP from the SIP signalling to which the PDP context charging information applies. For a complete description of the semantics of the flow-id parameter see 3GPP TS 29.207 [12] Annex C. The gcid, ggsn address and flow-id parameters are transferred from the GGSN to the P-CSCF via the PDF over the Go interface (see 3GPP TS 29.207 [12]) and Gq interface (see 3GPP TS 29.209 [13A]).

The gcid value is received in binary format at the P-CSCF (see 3GPP TS 29.207 [12]). The P-CSCF shall encode it in hexadecimal format before include it into the gcid parameter. On receipt of this header, a node receiving a gcid shall decode from hexadecimal into binary format.

The access network charging information is not included in the P-Charging-Vector for SIP signalling that is not associated with a multimedia session. The access network charging information may be unavailable for sessions that use a general purpose PDP context (for both SIP signalling and media) or that do not require media authorisation.

7.2A.5.2.3 I-WLAN as IP-CAN

The access-network-charging-info parameter is an instance of generic-param from the current charge-params component of P-Charging-Vector header.

This version of the specification defines the use of "pdg" for inclusion in the P-Charging-Vector header. No other extensions are defined for use in I-WLAN in this version of the specification.

7.2A.5.3 Operation

The operation of this header is described in subclauses 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 5.7 and 5.8.

7.2A.6 Orig parameter definition

7.2A.6.1 Introduction

The "orig" parameter is a uri-parameter intended to tell to the S-CSCF that it has to perform the originating services instead of terminating services.

7.2A.6.2 Syntax

The syntax for the orig parameter is specified in table 7.7:

Table 7.7: Syntax of orig parameter

```
uri-parameter = transport-param / user-param / method-param / ttl-param / maddr-param / lr-param /
    orig / other-param
orig = "orig"
```

The BNF for uri-parameter is taken from IETF RFC 3261 [26] and modified accordingly.

7.2A.6.3 Operation

The orig parameter is appended to the address of the S-CSCF by the ASs, when those initiate requests on behalf of the user. The S-CSCF will run originating services whenever the orig parameter is present next to its address.

7.2A.7 Extension to Security-Client, Security-Server and Security-Verify headers

7.2A.7.1 Introduction

This extension defines new parametrs for the Security-Client, Security-Server and Security-Verify headers.

7.2A.7.2 Syntax

The syntax for the Security-Client, Security-Server and Security-Verify headers is defined in IETF RFC 3329. The additional syntax is defined in Annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

7.2A.7.3 Operation

The operation of the additional parameters for the Security-Client, Security-Server and Security-Verify headers is defined in Annex H of 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

7.3 Option-tags defined within the present document

There are no option-tags defined within the present document over and above those defined in the referenced IETF specifications.

7.4 Status-codes defined within the present document

There are no status-codes defined within the present document over and above those defined in the referenced IETF specifications.

7.5 Session description types defined within the present document

There are no session description types defined within the present document over and above those defined in the referenced IETF specifications.

7.6 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body

7.6.1 General

This subclause contains the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML body in XML format. The 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML shall be valid against the 3GPP IM CN Subsystem XML schema defined in table 7.7A.

Any SIP User Agent or proxy may insert or remove the 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body or parts of it, as required, in any SIP message. The 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML body shall not be forwarded outside a 3GPP network.

The associated MIME type with the 3GPP IMS XML body is "application/3gpp-ims+xml".

7.6.2 Document Type Definition

The XML Schema is defined in table 7.7A.

Table 7.7A: IM CN subsystem XML body, XML Schema

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<xs:schema xmlns:xs="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema" elementFormDefault="qualified"</pre>
       attributeFormDefault="unqualified" version="1">
   <xs:complexType name="tIMS3GPP">
      <xs:sequence>
         <xs:choice>
            <xs:element name="alternative-service" type="tAlternativeService"/>
            <xs:element name="service-info" type="xs:string"/>
      </xs:choice>
         <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
      <xs:attribute name="version" type="xs:decimal" use="required"/>
      <xs:anvAttribute/>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:complexType name="tAlternativeService">
     <xs:sequence>
         <xs:element name="type" type="xs:string"/>
         <xs:element name="reason" type="xs:string"/>
         <xs:any namespace="##any" processContents="lax" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
      </xs:sequence>
      <xs:anyAttribute/:</pre>
   </xs:complexType>
   <xs:element name="ims-3gpp" type="tIMS3GPP"/>
```

7.6.3 XML Schema description

This subclause describes the elements of the IMS Document Type Definition as defined in table 7.7A.

<ims-3gpp>:

This is the root element of the IMS XML body. It shall always be present. XML instance documents of future versions of the XML Schema in table 7.7A shall be valid against the XML Schema in table 7.7A in this document. XML instance documents of the XML Schema in table 7.7A in the present document shall have a version attribute value, part of the ims-3gpp element, that is equal to the value of the XML Schema version described in the present document.

<service-info>:

the transparent element received from the HSS for a particular trigger point are placed within this optional element.

<alternative-service>: in the present document, the alternative service is used as a response for an attempt to establish an emergency session within the IM CN subsystem. The element describes an alternative service where the call should success. The alternative service is described by the type of service information. A possible reason cause why an alternative service is suggested may be included.

The <alternative-service> element contains a <type> element that indicates the type of alternative service. In the present document, the <type> element contains only the value specified in table 7.7AA.

Table 7.7AA: ABNF syntax of value of the <type> element

```
emergency-value = %x65.6D.65.72.67.65.6E.63.79 ; "emergency"
```

The <reason> element contains an explanatory text with the reason why the session setup has been redirected. A UE may use this information to give an indication to the user.

7.7 SIP timers

The timers defined in RFC 3261 [26] need modification in some cases to accommodate the delays introduced by the air interface processing and transmission delays. Table 7.8 shows recommended values for IM CN subsystem.

Table 7.8 lists in the first column, titled "SIP Timer" the timer names as defined in RFC 3261 [26].

The second column, titled "value to be applied between IM CN subsystem elements" lists the values recommended for network elements e.g. P-CSCF, S-CSCF, MGCF, when communicating with each other i.e. when no air interface leg is included. These values are identical to those recommended by RFC 3261 [26].

The third column, titled "value to be applied at the UE" lists the values recommended for the UE. These are modified when compared to RFC 3261 [26] to accommodate the air interface delays.

The fourth column, titled "value to be applied at the P-CSCF toward a UE" lists the values recommended for the P-CSCF when an air interface leg is traversed. These are modified when compared to RFC 3261 [26].

The final column reflects the timer meaning as defined in RFC 3261 [26].

Table 7.8: SIP timers

SIP Timer	Value to be applied between IM CN subsystem elements	Value to be applied at the UE	Value to be applied at the P-CSCF toward a UE	Meaning
T1	500ms default	2s default	2s default	RTT estimate
T2	4s	16s	16s	The maximum retransmit interval for non-INVITE requests and INVITE responses
T4	5s	17s	17s	Maximum duration a message will remain in the network
Timer A	initially T1	initially T1	initially T1	INVITE request retransmit interval, for UDP only
Timer B	64*T1	64*T1	64*T1	INVITE transaction timeout timer
Timer C	> 3min	> 3 min	> 3 min	proxy INVITE transaction timeout
Timer D	> 32s for UDP	>128s	>128s	Wait time for response retransmits
	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	
Timer E	initially T1	initially T1	initially T1	non-INVITE request retransmit interval, UDP only
Timer F	64*T1	64*T1	64*T1	non-INVITE transaction timeout timer
Timer G	initially T1	initially T1	initially T1	INVITE response retransmit interval
Timer H	64*T1	64*T1	64*T1	Wait time for ACK receipt.
Timer I	T4 for UDP	T4 for UDP	T4 for UDP	Wait time for ACK retransmits
	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	
Timer J	64*T1 for UDP	64*T1 for UDP	64*T1 for UDP	Wait time for non-INVITE request
	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	retransmits
Timer K	T4 for UDP	T4 for UDP	T4 for UDP	Wait time for response retransmits
	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	0s for TCP/SCTP	

7.8 IM CN subsystem timers

Table 7.9 shows recommended values for timers specific to the IM CN subsystem.

Table 7.9: IM CN subsystem

Timer	Value to be applied at the UE	Value to be applied at the P-CSCF	Value to be applied at the S-CSCF	Meaning
reg-await- auth	not applicable	not applicable		The timer is used by the S-CSCF during the authentication procedure of the UE. For detailed usage of the timer see subclause 5.4.1.2. The authentication procedure may take in the worst case as long as 2 times Timer F. The IM CN subsystem value for Timer F is 128 seconds.

NOTE: The UE and the P-CSCF use the value of the reg-await-auth timer to set the SIP level lifetime of the temporary set of security associations.

8 SIP compression

8.1 SIP compression procedures at the UE

8.1.1 SIP compression

The UE shall support SigComp as specified in RFC 3320 [32]. When using SigComp the UE shall send compressed SIP messages in accordance with RFC 3486 [55]. When the UE will create the compartment is implementation specific, but the compartment shall not be created until a set of security associations are set up. The compartment shall finish when the UE is deregistered. State creations and announcements shall be allowed only for messages received in a security association.

NOTE: Exchange of bytecodes during registration will prevent unnecessary delays during session setup.

The UE shall support the SIP dictionary specified in RFC 3485 [42]. If compression is enabled, the UE shall use the dictionary to compress the first message.

The following apply when signalling compression is used:

- State Memory Size greater than zero is needed to give room for the UDVM byte code and make dynamic compression possible. A State Memory Size of at least 4096 bytes shall be a minimum value; and
- A Decompression Memory Size of at least 8192 bytes shall be a minimum value.

8.1.2 Compression of SIP requests and responses transmitted to the P-CSCF

The UE should compress the requests and responses transmitted to the P-CSCF according to subclause 8.1.1.

- NOTE 1: Compression of SIP messages is an implementation option. However, compression is strongly recommended.
- NOTE 2: Since compression support is mandatory, the UE may send even the first message compressed. Sigcomp provides mechanisms to allow the UE to know if state has been created in the P-CSCF or not.

8.1.3 Decompression of SIP requests and responses received from the P-CSCF

The UE shall decompress the compressed requests and responses received from the P-CSCF according to subclause 8.1.1.

If the UE detects a decompression failure at the P-CSCF, the recovery mechanism is implementation specific.

8.2 SIP compression procedures at the P-CSCF

8.2.1 SIP compression

The P-CSCF shall support SigComp as specified in RFC 3320 [32]. When using SigComp the P-CSCF shall send compressed SIP messages in accordance with RFC 3486 [55]. When the P-CSCF will create the compartment is implementation specific, but the compartment shall not be created until a set of security associations are set up. The compartment shall finish when the UE is deregistered. State creations and announcements shall be allowed only for messages received in a security association.

The P-CSCF shall support the SIP dictionary specified in RFC 3485 [42]. If compression is enabled, the P-CSCF shall use the dictionary to compress the first message.

NOTE: Exchange of bytecodes during registration will prevent unnecessary delays during session setup.

The following apply when signalling compression is used:

- State Memory Size greater than zero is needed to give room for the UDVM byte code and make dynamic compression possible. A State Memory Size of at least 4096 bytes shall be a minimum value; and
- A Decompression Memory Size of at least 8192 bytes shall be a minimum value.

8.2.2 Compression of SIP requests and responses transmitted to the UE

The P-CSCF should compress the requests and responses transmitted to the UE according to subclause 8.2.1.

NOTE: Compression of SIP messages is an implementation option. However, compression is strongly recommended.

8.2.3 Decompression of SIP requests and responses received from the UE

The P-CSCF shall decompress the compressed requests and responses received from the UE according to subclause 8.2.1.

If the P-CSCF detects a decompression failure at the UE, the recovery mechanism is implementation specific.

9 IP-Connectivity Access Network aspects when connected to the IM CN subsystem

9.1 Introduction

A UE accessing the IM CN subsystem and the IM CN subsystem itself utilises the services supported by the IP-CAN to provide packet-mode communication between the UE and the IM CN subsystem. General requirements for the UE on the use of these packet-mode services are specified in this clause.

Possible aspects particular to each IP-CAN is described separately for each IP-CAN.

9.2 Procedures at the UE

9.2.1 Connecting to the IP-CAN and P-CSCF discovery

Prior to communication with the IM CN subsystem, the UE shall:

- a) establish a connection with the IP-CAN;
- b) obtain an IP address using either the standard IETF protocols (e.g., DHCP or IPCP) or a protocol that is particular to the IP-CAN technology that the UE is utilising. The obtained IP address shall be fixed throughout the period the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem, i.e. from the initial registration and at least until the last deregistration; and
- c) acquire a P-CSCF address(es).

The methods for acquiring a P-CSCF address(es) are:

I. Employ Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) RFC 3315 [40] and the DHCPv6 options for SIP servers RFC 3319 [41] and the DHCPv6 options for Domain Name Servers (DNS) RFC 3646 [56C].

The UE shall either:

- in the DHCP query, request a list of SIP server domain names of P-CSCF(s) and the list of Domain Name Servers (DNS); or
- request a list of SIP server IPv6 addresses of P-CSCF(s).

II. Obtain the P-CSCF address(es) by employing a procedure that the IP-CAN technology supports. (e.g. GPRS).

When acquiring a P-CSCF address(es) the UE can freely select either method I or II.

The UE may also request a DNS Server IPv6 address(es) as specified in RFC 3315 [40] and RFC 3646 [56C].

9.2.2 Handling of the IP-CAN

The UE shall ensure that appropriate resources are available for the media flow(s) on the IP-CAN(s) related to a SIP-session. The means to ensure this is dependant on the characteristics for each IP-CAN, and is described separately for each IP-CAN in question.

GPRS is described in annex B. I-WLAN is described in annex D.

9.2.3 Special requirements applying to forked responses

Since the UE does not know that forking has occurred until a second provisional response arrives, the UE will request the radio/bearer resources as required by the first provisional response. For each subsequent provisional response that may be received, different alternative actions may be performed depending on the requirements in the SDP answer:

- the UE has sufficient radio/bearer resources to handle the media specified in the SDP of the subsequent provisional response, or
- the UE must request additional radio/bearer resources to accommodate the media specified in the SDP of the subsequent provisional response.
- NOTE 1: When several forked responses are received, the resources requested by the UE is the "logical OR" of the resources indicated in the multiple responses to avoid allocation of unnecessary resources. The UE does not request more resources than proposed in the original INVITE request.
- NOTE 2: When service-based local policy is applied, the UE receives the same authorization token for all forked requests/responses related to the same SIP session.

When a first final 200 (OK) response for the INVITE request is received for one of the early dialogues, the UE proceeds to set up the SIP session using the radio/bearer resources required for this session. Upon the reception of a first final 200 (OK) response for the INVITE request, the UE shall release all unneeded radio/bearer resources.

Annex A (normative): Profiles of IETF RFCs for 3GPP usage

A.1 Profiles

A.1.1 Relationship to other specifications

This annex contains a profile to the IETF specifications which are referenced by this specification, and the PICS proformas underlying profiles do not add requirements to the specifications they are proformas for.

This annex provides a profile specification according to both the current IETF specifications for SIP, SDP and other protocols (as indicated by the "RFC status" column in the tables in this annex) which are referenced by this specification and to the 3GPP specifications using SIP (as indicated by the "Profile status" column in the tables in this annex.

In the "RFC status" column the contents of the referenced specification takes precedence over the contents of the entry in the column.

In the "Profile status" column, there are a number of differences from the "RFC status" column. Where these differences occur, these differences take precedence over any requirements of the IETF specifications. Where specification concerning these requirements exists in the main body of the present document, the main body of the present document takes precedence.

Where differences occur in the "Profile status" column, the "Profile status" normally gives more strength to a "RFC status" and is not in contradiction with the "RFC status", e.g. it may change an optional "RFC status" to a mandatory "Profile status". If the "Profile status" weakens the strength of a "RFC status" then additionally this will be indicated by further textual description in the present document.

For all IETF specifications that are not referenced by this document or that are not mentioned within the 3GPP profile of SIP and SDP, the generic rules as defined by RFC 3261 [26] and in addition the rules in clauses 5 and 6 of this specification apply, e.g..

- a proxy which is built in accordance to this specification passes on any unknown method, unknown header field or unknown header parameter after applying procedures such as filtering, insertion of P-Asserted-Identity header, etc.;
- an UA which is built in accordance to this specification will
 - handle received unknown methods in accordance to the procedures defined in RFC 3261 [26], e.g. respond with a 400 (Bad Request) response; and
 - handle unknown header fields and unknown header parameters in accordance to the procedures defined in RFC 3261 [26], e.g. respond with a 420 (Bad Extension) if an extension identified by an option tag in the Require header of the received request is not supported by the UA.

A.1.2 Introduction to methodology within this profile

This subclause does not reflect dynamic conformance requirements but static ones. In particular, an condition for support of a PDU parameter does not reflect requirements about the syntax of the PDU (i.e. the presence of a parameter) but the capability of the implementation to support the parameter.

In the sending direction, the support of a parameter means that the implementation is able to send this parameter (but it does not mean that the implementation always sends it).

In the receiving direction, it means that the implementation supports the whole semantic of the parameter that is described in the main part of this specification.

As a consequence, PDU parameter tables in this subclause are not the same as the tables describing the syntax of a PDU in the reference specification, e.g. RFC 3261 [26] tables 2 and 3. It is not rare to see a parameter which is optional in the syntax but mandatory in subclause below.

The various statii used in this subclause are in accordance with the rules in table A.1.

Table A.1: Key to status codes

Status code	Status name	Meaning
m	mandatory	the capability shall be supported. It is a static view of the fact that the conformance requirements related to the capability in the reference specification are mandatory requirements. This does not mean that a given behaviour shall always be observed (this would be a dynamic view), but that it shall be observed when the implementation is placed in conditions where the conformance requirements from the reference specification compel it to do so. For instance, if the support for a parameter in a sent PDU is mandatory, it does not mean that it shall always be present, but that it shall be present according to the description of the behaviour in the reference specification (dynamic conformance requirement).
0	optional	the capability may or may not be supported. It is an implementation choice.
n/a	not applicable	it is impossible to use the capability. No answer in the support column is required.
х	prohibited (excluded)	It is not allowed to use the capability. This is more common for a profile.
c <integer></integer>	conditional	the requirement on the capability ("m", "o", "n/a" or "x") depends on the support of other optional or conditional items. <integer> is the identifier of the conditional expression.</integer>
o. <integer></integer>	qualified optional	for mutually exclusive or selectable options from a set. <integer> is the identifier of the group of options, and the logic of selection of the options.</integer>
i	irrelevant	capability outside the scope of the given specification. Normally, this notation should be used in a base specification ICS proforma only for transparent parameters in received PDUs. However, it may be useful in other cases, when the base specification is in fact based on another standard.

In the context of this specification the "i" status code mandates that the implementation does not change the content of the parameter. It is an implementation option if the implementation acts upon the content of the parameter (e.g. by setting filter criteria to known or unknown parts of parameters in order to find out the route a message has to take).

It must be understood, that this 3GPP SIP profile does not list all parameters which an implementation will treat as indicated by the status code "irrelevant". In general an implementation will pass on all unknown messages, header fields and header parameters, as long as it can perform its normal behaviour.

The following additional comments apply to the interpretation of the tables in this Annex.

NOTE 1: The tables are constructed according to the conventional rules for ICS proformas and profile tables.

NOTE 2: The notation (either directly or as part of a conditional) of "m" for the sending of a parameter and "i" for the receipt of the same parameter, may be taken as indicating that the parameter is passed on transparently, i.e. without modification. Where a conditional applies, this behaviour only applies when the conditional is met.

A.1.3 Roles

Table A.2: Roles

Item	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status			
1	User agent	[26]	0.1	0.1			
2	Proxy	[26]	0.1	0.1			
o.1:	It is mandatory to support exactly one of thes	se items.					
NOTE:	For the purposes of the present document it	has been chosen to k	eep the specification	simple by the tables			
	specifying only one role at a time. This does not preclude implementations providing two roles, but an						
	entirely separate assessment of the tables shall be made for each role.						

Table A.3: Roles specific to this profile

Item	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
1	UE	5.1	n/a	0.1
2	P-CSCF	5.2	n/a	0.1
3	I-CSCF	5.3	n/a	0.1
3A	I-CSCF (THIG)	5.3	n/a	c1
4	S-CSCF	5.4	n/a	0.1
5	BGCF	5.6	n/a	0.1
6	MGCF	5.5	n/a	0.1
7	AS	5.7	n/a	0.1
7A	AS acting as terminating UA, or redirect server	5.7.2	n/a	c2
7B	AS acting as originating UA	5.7.3	n/a	c2
7C	AS acting as a SIP proxy	5.7.4	n/a	c2
7D	AS performing 3rd party call control	5.7.5	n/a	c2
8	MRFC	5.8	n/a	0.1
9	IMS-ALG	5.9	n/a	0.1

- c1: IF A.3/3 THEN 0 ELSE x - I-CSCF.
- c2: IF A.3/7 THEN o.2 ELSE n/a - AS.
- o.1: It is mandatory to support exactly one of these items.
- o.2: It is mandatory to support at least one of these items.

NOTE: For the purposes of the present document it has been chosen to keep the specification simple by the tables specifying only one role at a time. This does not preclude implementations providing two roles, but an entirely separate assessment of the tables shall be made for each role.

Table A.3A: Roles specific to additional capabilities

Item	Roles	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
1	Presence server	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c1
2	Presence user agent	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c2
3	Resource list server	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	с3
4	Watcher	3GPP TS 24.141 [8A]	n/a	c4
11	Conference focus	3GPP TS 24.147 [8B]	n/a	c5
12	Conference participant	3GPP TS 24.147 [8B]	n/a	с6
31	Messaging application server	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c5
32	Messaging list server	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c5
33	Messaging participant	3GPP TS 24.247 [8F]	n/a	c2

- c1: IF A.3/7A AND A.3/7B THEN o ELSE n/a - AS acting as terminating UA, or redirect server and AS acting as originating UA.
- c2: IF A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a - UE.
- c3: IF A.3/7A THEN o ELSE n/a - AS acting as terminating UA, or redirect server.
- c4: IF A.3/1 OR A.3/7B THEN o ELSE IF A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - UE or AS acting as originating UA.
- c5: IF A.3/7D AND A.3/4 AND A.3/8 THEN o ELSE n/a - AS performing 3rd party call control and S-CSCF and MRFC (note 2).
- c6: IF A.3/1 OR A.3A/11 THEN o ELSE IF A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - UE or conference focus.
- NOTE 1: For the purposes of the present document it has been chosen to keep the specification simple by the tables specifying only one role at a time. This does not preclude implementations providing two roles, but an entirely separate assessment of the tables shall be made for each role.
- NOTE 2: The functional split between the MRFC and the conferencing AS is out of scope of this document and they are assumed to be collocated.

A.2 Profile definition for the Session Initiation Protocol as used in the present document

A.2.1 User agent role

A.2.1.1 Introduction

This subclause contains the ICS proforma tables related to the user role. They need to be completed only for UA implementations:

Prerequisite: A.2/1 - - user agent role.

A.2.1.2 Major capabilities

Table A.4: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
1	client behaviour for registration?	[26] subclause 10.2	0	c3
2	registrar?	[26] subclause 10.3	0	c4
2A	registration of multiple contacts for a single address of record	[26] 10.2.1.2, 16.6	0	0
2B	initiating a session?	[26] subclause 13	0	0
2C	initiating a session which require local and/or remote resource reservation?	[27]	0	c43
3	client behaviour for INVITE requests?	[26] subclause 13.2	c18	c18
4	server behaviour for INVITE requests?	[26] subclause 13.3	c18	c18
5	session release?	[26] subclause 15.1	c18	c18
6	timestamping of requests?	[26] subclause 8.2.6.1	0	0
7	authentication between UA and UA?	[26] subclause 22.2	c34	c34
8	authentication between UA and registrar?	[26] subclause 22.2	0	n/a
8A	authentication between UA and proxy?	[26] 20.28, 22.3	0	0
9	server handling of merged requests due to forking?	[26] 8.2.2.2	m	m
10	client handling of multiple responses due to forking?	[26] 13.2.2.4	m	m
11	insertion of date in requests and responses?	[26] subclause 20.17	0	0
12	downloading of alerting information?	[26] subclause 20.4	0	0
	Extensions			
13	the SIP INFO method?	[25]	0	n/a
14	reliability of provisional responses in SIP?	[27]	c19	c44
15	the REFER method?	[36]	0	c33
16	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	c19	c44
17	the SIP UPDATE method?	[29]	c5	c44
19	SIP extensions for media authorization?	[31]	0	c14
20	SIP specific event notification?	[28]	0	c13
21	the use of NOTIFY to establish a dialog?	[28] 4.2	0	n/a
22	acting as the notifier of event information?	[28]	c2	c15
23	acting as the subscriber to event information?	[28]	c2	c16
24	session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent contacts?	[35]	0	c6
25	private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for network asserted identity within trusted networks?	[34]	0	m
26	a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)?	[33]	0	m
26A	request of privacy by the inclusion of a Privacy header indicating any privacy option?	[33]	с9	c11
26B	application of privacy based on the received Privacy header?	[33]	с9	n/a
26C	passing on of the Privacy header transparently?	[33]	с9	c12
26D	application of the privacy option "header" such that those headers which cannot be completely expunged of identifying information without the assistance of intermediaries are obscured?	[33] 5.1	c10	c27

26E	application of the privacy option	[33] 5.2	c10	c27
	"session" such that anonymization for the session(s) initiated by this message occurs?			
26F	application of the privacy option "user" such that user level privacy functions are provided by the network?	[33] 5.3	c10	c27
26G	application of the privacy option "id" such that privacy of the network asserted identity is provided by the network?	[34] 7	c10	n/a
27	a messaging mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)?	[50]	0	с7
28	session initiation protocol extension header field for service route discovery during registration?	[38]	0	c17
29	compressing the session initiation protocol?	[55]	0	c8
30	private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)?	[52]	0	m
31	the P-Associated-URI header extension?	[52] 4.1	c21	c22
32	the P-Called-Party-ID header extension?	[52] 4.2	c21	c23
33	the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension?	[52] 4.3	c21	c24
34	the P-Access-Network-Info header extension?	[52] 4.4	c21	c25
35	the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension?	[52] 4.5	c21	c26
36	the P-Charging-Vector header extension?	[52] 4.6	c21	c26
37	security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol?	[48]	0	c20
38	the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol?	[34A]	0	o (note 1)
39	an extension to the session initiation protocol for symmetric response routeing?	[56A]	0	c62
40	caller preferences for the session initiation protocol?	[56B]	C29	c29
40A	the proxy-directive within caller-preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
40B	the cancel-directive within caller-preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
40C	the fork-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
40D	the recurse-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
40E	the parallel-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
40F	the queue-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.5	0.5
41	an event state publication extension to the session initiation protocol?	[70]	0	c30
42	SIP session timer?	[58]	c19	c19
43 44	the SIP Referred-By mechanism? the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP)	[59] [60]	o c19	c33 c38 (note 1)
45	"Replaces" header? the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP)	[61]	c19	c19 (note 1)
	"Join" header?			
46	the callee capabilities?	[62]	0	c35
59	multiple-recipient MESSAGE requests in the session initiation protocol?	[104]	c47	c48
71	addressing an amplification vulnerability	[117]	0	c87

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	in session initiation protocol forking			
	proxies?			
92	correct transaction handling for 2xx	[163]	c18	c18
	responses to Session Initiation Protocol			
	INVITE requests?			
94	essential correction for IPv6 ABNF and URI comparison in RFC3261?	[165]	m	m
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN o.1 ELSE n/a SIP specifi	c event notification	n extension.	·
c3:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE	or S-CSCF funct	ional entity.	
c4:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE IF A.3/7 THEN o EL	SE n/a S-CSC	F or AS functional en	itity.
c5:	IF A.4/16 THEN m ELSE o integration of	resource manage	ment and SIP extens	ion.
c6:	IF A.3/4 OR A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a S-	CSCF or UE.		
c7:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B OF	R A.3/7D OR A.3/9	9 THEN m ELSE n/a	UA or S-CSCF or AS
	acting as terminating UA or AS acting as ori	ginating UA or AS	performing 3 rd party	call control or IMS-ALG.
c8:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a UE behaviou			
c9:	IF A.4/26 THEN o.2 ELSE n/a a privacy r	nechanism for the	Session Initiation Pr	otocol (SIP).
c10:	IF A.4/26B THEN o.3 ELSE n/a application			
c11:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/6 THEN o ELSE IF A.3/9 T			S-ALG.
c12:	IF A.3/7D THEN m ELSE n/a AS perform	ing 3rd-party call	control.	
c13:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/9 THEN			
c14:	IF A.3/1 AND A4/2B THEN m ELSE IF A.3/2	THEN o ELSE n	/a - UE and initiating	sessions or P-CSCF.
c15:	IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/9) THEN m EI IMS-ALG.	_SE o – SIP spec	ific event notification	extensions and S-CSCF,
c16:	IF A.4/20 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/9) T UE or P-CSCF OR IMS-ALG.	HEN m ELSE o -	- SIP specific event r	notification extension and
c17:	IF A.3/1 or A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a UE of			
c18:	IF A.4/2B THEN m ELSE n/a initiating se			
c19:	IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a initiating ses			
c20:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a UE behaviou			
c21:	IF A.4/30 THEN o.4 ELSE n/a private hea	ader extensions to	the session initiation	protocol for the 3rd-
	Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).			
c22:	IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/4) THEN m EI			o the session initiation
	protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership			
c23:	IF A.4/30 AND A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a p		ensions to the session	n initiation protocol for
	the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GI			
c24:	IF A.4/30 AND A.3/4) THEN m ELSE n/a			on initiation protocol for
	the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GI			
c25:	IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/4 OR A.3/7A (
	extensions to the session initiation protocol			
	CSCF or AS acting as terminating UA or AS			
c26:	IF A.4/30 AND (A.3/6 OR A.3/7A OR A.3/7B			
	the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Ge			
	terminating UA, or AS acting as an originating			controller.
c27:	IF A.3/7D THEN o ELSE x AS performing	, ,		
c29:	IF A.4/40A OR A.4/40B OR A.4/40C OR A.4			n ELSE n/a support of
0.5	any directives within caller preferences for the			
c30:	IF A.3A/1 OR A.3A/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.3/	1 THEN o ELSE	n/a presence serve	er, presence user agent,
	UE, AS.			
c33:	IF A.3/11 OR A.3/12 OR A.3/9 OR A.4/44 T or IMS-ALG or the Session Inititation Protoc			conference participant

- or IMS-ALG or the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header.
- c34: IF A.4/44 OR A.4/45 OR A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header or the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Join" header or IMS-ALG.
- IF A.3/4 OR A.3/9 THEN m ELSE IF (A.3/1 OR A.3/6 OR A.3/7 OR A.3/8) THEN o ELSE n/a - S-CSCF or c35: IMS-ALG functional entities, UE or MGCF or AS or MRFC functional entity.
- c38: IF A.4/2B AND (A.3A/11 or A.3A/12 or A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a - - initiating sessions, conference focus, conference participant, AS performing 3rd party call control.
- c43: IF A.4/2B THEN o ELSE n/a - - initiating sessions.
- c44: IF A.4/2C THEN m ELSE o - - initiating a session which require local and/or remote resource reservation.
- IF A.4/27 THEN o ELSE n/a - a messaging mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). c47:
- c48: IF A.3A/32 AND A.4/27 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/27 THEN o ELSE n/a - - messaging list server, a messaging mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c62: IF A.3/1 THEN o ELSE n/a - - UE.
- c87: IF A.3/9 THEN m ELSE o - - IMS-ALG.
- At least one of these capabilities is supported. 0.1:
- 0.2: At least one of these capabilities is supported.
- At least one of these capabilities is supported. 0.3:
- o.4: At least one of these capabilities is supported. 0.5: At least one of these capabilities is supported.

NOTE 1: At the MGCF, the interworking specifications do not support a handling of the header associated with this extension.

Prerequisite A.5/20 - - SIP specific event notification

Table A.4A: Supported event packages

Item	Does the implementation		Subscriber				
	support	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	reg event package?	[43]	c1	c3	[43]	c2	c4
2	refer package?	[36] 3	c13	c13	[36] 3	c13	c13
3	presence package?	[74] 6	c1	c5	[74] 6	c2	c6
4	eventlist with underlying presence package?	[75], [74] 6	c1	с7	[75], [74] 6	c2	с8
5	presence.winfo template- package?	[72] 4	c1	с9	[72] 4	c2	c10
6	xcap-diff package?	[77] 4	c1	c11	[77] 4	c2	c12
7	conference package?	[78] 3	c1	c21	[78] 3	c1	c22
c1:	IF A.4/23 THEN o ELSE n/a	acting as the	subscriber to	event inforr	nation.		•
c2:	IF A.4/22 THEN o ELSE n/a						
c3:	IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 THEN m EL	SE IF A.3/7 T	HEN o ELSE	n/a UE, F	P-CSCF, AS.		
c4:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a	S-CSCF.					
c5:	IF A.3A/3 OR A.3A/4 THEN m as the subscriber to event information of the subscriber		23 THEN o E	LSE n/a r	esource list s	erver or wate	cher, acting
c6:	IF A.3A/1 THEN m ELSE IF A. information.	4/22 THEN o	ELSE n/a	presence se	rver, acting a	s the notifier	of event
c7:	IF A.3A/4 THEN m ELSE IF A. information.	4/23 THEN o	ELSE n/a	watcher, act	ing as the sul	oscriber to ev	/ent
c8:	IF A.3A/3 THEN m ELSE IF A. information.	4/22 THEN o	ELSE n/a	resource list	server, acting	g as the notif	ier of even
c9:	IF A.3A/2 THEN m ELSE IF A. event information.	4/23 THEN o	ELSE n/a	presence us	er agent, acti	ng as the sul	bscriber to
c10:	IF A.3A/1 THEN m ELSE IF A.	4/22 THEN o	ELSE n/a	presence se	rver, acting a	s the notifier	of event

- IF A.3A/1 OR A.3A/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/22 THEN o ELSE n/a - presence server or resource list
- server, acting as the notifier of event information.

IF A.3A/2 OR A.3A/4 THEN o ELSE IF A.4/23 THEN o ELSE n/a - - presence user agent or watcher, acting

c13: IF A.4/15 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the REFER method.

information.

c11:

- IF A.3A/12 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/23 THEN o ELSE n/a - conference participant or acting as the c21: subscriber to event information.
- c22: IF A.3A/11 THEN m ELSE IF A.4/22 THEN o ELSE n/a - - conference focus or acting as the notifier of event information.

A.2.1.3 PDUs

Table A.5: Supported methods

Item	PDU	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	ACK request	[26] 13	c10	c10	[26] 13	c11	c11	
2	BYE request	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	
3	BYE response	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	[26] 15.1	c12	c12	
4	CANCEL request	[26] 9	m	m	[26] 9	m	m	
5	CANCEL response	[26] 9	m	m	[26] 9	m	m	
8	INVITE request	[26] 13	c10	c10	[26] 13	c11	c11	
9	INVITE response	[26] 13	c11	c11	[26] 13	c10	c10	
9A	MESSAGE request	[50] 4	c7	c7	[50] 7	c7	c7	
9B	MESSAGE response	[50] 4	с7	с7	[50] 7	с7	с7	
10	NOTIFY request	[28] 8.1.2	c4	c4	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3	
11	NOTIFY response	[28] 8.1.2	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.2	c4	c4	
12	OPTIONS request	[26] 11	m	m	[26] 11	m	m	
13	OPTIONS response	[26] 11	m	m	[26] 11	m	m	
14	PRACK request	[27] 6	c5	c5	[27] 6	c5	c5	
15	PRACK response	[27] 6	c5	c5	[27] 6	c5	c5	
15A	PUBLISH request	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20	
	·	11.1.3			11.1.3			
15B	PUBLISH response	[70]	c20	c20	[70]	c20	c20	
	,	11.1.3			11.1.3			
16	REFER request	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1	
17	REFER response	[36] 3	c1	c1	[36] 3	c1	c1	
18	REGISTER request	[26] 10	c8	c8	[26] 10	с9	с9	
19	REGISTER response	[26] 10	с9	с9	[26] 10	c8	c8	
20	SUBSCRIBE request	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.1.1	c4	c4	
21	SUBSCRIBE response	[28] 8.1.1	c4	c4	[28] 8.1.1	c3	c3	
22	UPDATE request	[29] 6.1	c6	c6	[29] 6.2	c6	c6	
23	UPDATE response	[29] 6.2	c6	c6	[29] 6.1	c6	c6	
c1:	IF A.4/15 THEN m ELSE n/a	the REFER	method exter	nsion.				
c3:	IF A.4/23 THEN m ELSE n/a	recipient for	event inform	ation.				
c4:	IF A.4/22 THEN m ELSE n/a	notifier of ev	ent informati	on.				
c5:	IF A.4/14 THEN m ELSE n/a	reliability of p	orovisional re	sponses exte	ension.			
c6:	IF A.4/17 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c7:	IF A.4/27 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c8:	IF A.4/1 THEN m ELSE n/a o		ur for registra	ation.				
c9:	IF A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a ı							
c10:	IF A.4/3 THEN m ELSE n/a o							
c11:	IF A.4/4 THEN m ELSE n/a s			E requests.				
c12:	IF A.4/5 THEN m ELSE n/a s	session releas	se.					
c20:	IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a.							

A.2.1.4 PDU parameters

A.2.1.4.1 Status-codes

Table A.6: Supported status-codes

Item	Header		Sending		ı	Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	100 (Trying)	[26] 21.1.1	c21	c21	[26] 21.1.1	c11	c11
101	1xx response	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	[26] 21.1	p21	p21
2	180 (Ringing)	[26] 21.1.2	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.2	c1	c1
3	181 (Call Is Being	[26] 21.1.3	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.3	c1	c1
	Forwarded)						
4	182 (Queued)	[26] 21.1.4	c2	c2	[26] 21.1.4	c1	c1
5	183 (Session Progress)	[26] 21.1.5	c1	c1	[26] 21.1.5	c1	c1
102	2xx response	[26] 21.2	p22	p22	[26] 21.1	p22	p22
6	200 (OK)	[26] 21.2.1	m	m	[26] 21.2.1	m	m
7	202 (Accepted)	[28] 8.3.1	c3	c3	[28] 8.3.1	c3	c3
103	3xx response	[26] 21.3	p23	p23	[26] 21.1	p23	p23
8	300 (Multiple Choices)	[26] 21.3.1			[26] 21.3.1		
9	301 (Moved Permanently)	[26] 21.3.2			[26] 21.3.2		
10	302 (Moved Temporarily)	[26] 21.3.3			[26] 21.3.3		
11	305 (Use Proxy)	[26] 21.3.4			[26] 21.3.4		
12	380 (Alternative Service)	[26] 21.3.5			[26] 21.3.5		
104	4xx response	[26] 21.4	p24	p24	[26] 21.4	p24	p24
13	400 (Bad Request)	[26] 21.4.1	m	m	[26] 21.4.1	m	m
14	401 (Unauthorized)	[26] 21.4.2	0	c12	[26] 21.4.2	m	m
15	402 (Payment Required)	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a
16	403 (Forbidden)	[26] 21.4.4	m	m	[26] 21.4.4	m	m
17	404 (Not Found)	[26] 21.4.5	m	m	[26] 21.4.5	m	m
18	405 (Method Not Allowed)	[26] 21.4.6	m	m	[26] 21.4.6	m	m
19	406 (Not Acceptable)	[26] 21.4.7	m	m	[26] 21.4.7	m	m
20	407 (Proxy Authentication	[26] 21.4.8	0	0	[26] 21.4.8	m	m
	Required)	' '					
21	408 (Request Timeout)	[26] 21.4.9	m	m	[26] 21.4.9	m	m
22	410 (Gone)	[26] 21.4.10	m	m	[26] 21.4.10	m	m
22A	412 (Conditional Request	[70] 11.2.1	c20	c20	[70] 11.2.1	c20	c20
	Failed)						
23	413 (Request Entity Too	[26] 21.4.11	m	m	[26] 21.4.11	m	m
	Large)						
24	414 (Request-URI Too	[26] 21.4.12	m	m	[26] 21.4.12	m	m
	Large)						
25	415 (Unsupported Media	[26] 21.4.13	m	m	[26] 21.4.13	m	m
	Type)						
26	416 (Unsupported URI	[26] 21.4.14	m	m	[26] 21.4.14	m	m
	Scheme)						
27	420 (Bad Extension)	[26] 21.4.15	m	c13	[26] 21.4.15	m	m
28	421 (Extension Required)	[26] 21.4.16	0		[26] 21.4.16	i	i
28A	422 (Session Interval Too	[58] 6	с7	с7	[58] 6	c7	с7
	Small)						
29	423 (Interval Too Brief)	[26] 21.4.17	c4	c4	[26] 21.4.17	m	m
29A	429 (Provide Referrer	[59] 5	c8	с8	[59] 5	с9	с9
	Identity)						
29F	440 (Max Breadth	[117] 5	n/a	c30	[117] 5	c31	c31
	Exceeded)						
30	480 (Temporarily	[26] 21.4.18	m	m	[26] 21.4.18	m	m
	Unavailable)		1				
31	481 (Call/Transaction	[26] 21.4.19	m	m	[26] 21.4.19	m	m
	Does Not Exist)						
32	482 (Loop Detected)	[26] 21.4.20	m	m	[26] 21.4.20	m	m
33	483 (Too Many Hops)	[26] 21.4.21	m	m	[26] 21.4.21	m	m
34	484 (Address Incomplete)	[26] 21.4.22	0	0	[26] 21.4.22	m	m
35	485 (Ambiguous)	[26] 21.4.23	0	0	[26] 21.4.23	m	m
36	486 (Busy Here)	[26] 21.4.24	m	m	[26] 21.4.24	m	m

Item	Header		Sending		F	Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
37	487 (Request Terminated)	[26] 21.4.25	m	m	[26] 21.4.25	m	m		
38	488 (Not Acceptable Here)	[26] 21.4.26	m	m	[26] 21.4.26	m	m		
39	489 (Bad Event)	[28] 7.3.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.3.2	c3	c3		
40	491 (Request Pending)	[26] 21.4.27	m	m	[26] 21.4.27	m	m		
41	493 (Undecipherable)	[26] 21.4.28	m	m	[26] 21.4.28	m	m		
41A	494 (Security Agreement	[48] 2	c5	c5	[48] 2	с6	c6		
	Required)								
105	5xx response	[26] 21.5	p25	p25	[26] 21.5	p25	p25		
42	500 (Internal Server Error)	[26] 21.5.1	m	m	[26] 21.5.1	m	m		
43	501 (Not Implemented)	[26] 21.5.2	m	m	[26] 21.5.2	m	m		
44	502 (Bad Gateway)	[26] 21.5.3	0	0	[26] 21.5.3	m	m		
45	503 (Service Unavailable)	[26] 21.5.4	m	m	[26] 21.5.4	m	m		
46	504 (Server Time-out)	[26] 21.5.5	m	m	[26] 21.5.5	m	m		
47	505 (Version not	[26] 21.5.6	m	m	[26] 21.5.6	m	m		
	supported)								
48	513 (Message Too Large)	[26] 21.5.7	m	m	[26] 21.5.7	m	m		
49	580 (Precondition Failure)	[30] 8			[30] 8				
106	6xx response	[26] 21.6	p26	p26	[26] 21.6	p26	p26		
50	600 (Busy Everywhere)	[26] 21.6.1	m	m	[26] 21.6.1	m	m		
51	603 (Decline)	[26] 21.6.2	c10	c10	[26] 21.6.2	m	m		
52	604 (Does Not Exist	[26] 21.6.3	m	m	[26] 21.6.3	m	m		
	Anywhere)								
53	606 (Not Acceptable)	[26] 21.6.4	m	m	[26] 21.6.4	m	m		
c1:	IF A.5/9 THEN m ELSE n/a	INVITE respo	nse.		-				
_	IE A E/O TUENU EL OE / IND/ITE								

- c2: IF A.5/9 THEN o ELSE n/a - INVITE response.
- c3: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c4: IF A.5/19 OR A.5/21 THEN m ELSE n/a - REGISTER response or SUBSCRIBE response.
- c5: IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol and registrar.
- c6: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c7: IF A.4/42 AND (A.5/9 OR A.5/23) THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP session timer AND (INVITE response OR UPDATE response).
- c8: IF A.4/43 AND A.5/17 THEN o ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism and REFER response.
- c9: IF A.4/43 AND A.5/17 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism and REFER response.
- c10: IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE o - the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header.
- c11: IF A.5/9 THE m ELSE n/a - INVITE response (note 1).
- c12: IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE o - S-CSCF.
- c13: IF A.3/1 OR A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE o - UE, P-CSCF, S-CSCF.
- c20: IF A.4/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - an event state publication extension to the session initiation protocol.
- c21: IF A.5/9 THEN o ELSE n/a - INVITE response.
- c30: IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG.
- c31: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- p21: A.6/2 OR A.6/3 OR A.6/4 OR A.6/5 - 1xx response.
- p22: A.6/6 OR A.6/7 - 2xx response.
- p23: A.6/8 OR A.6/9 OR A.6/10 OR A.6/11 OR A.6/12 OR A.6/13 - 3xx response.
- p24: A.6/14 OR A.6/15 OR A.6/16 OR A.6/17 OR A.6/18 OR A.6/19 OR A.6/20 OR A.6/21 OR A.6/22 OR A.6/22A OR A.6/23 OR A.6/24 OR A.6/25 OR A.6/26 OR A.6/27 OR A.6/28 OR A.6/28A OR A.6/29 OR A.6/29A OR A.6/29F OR A.6/30 OR A.6/31 OR A.6/32 OR A.6/33 OR A.6/34 OR A.6/35 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/436 OR A.6/38 OR A.6/39 OR A.6/40 OR A.6/41 OR A.6/41A. 4xx response.
- p25: A.6/42 OR A.6/43 OR A.6/44 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/46 OR A.6/47 OR A.6/48 OR A.6/49 - 5xx response
- p26: A.6/50 OR A.6/51 OR A.6/52 OR A.6/53 - 6xx response.
- NOTE 1: RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header for methods other than INVITE as SHOULD NOT.

A.2.1.4.2 ACK method

Prerequisite A.5/1 – ACK request

proxies.

Table A.7: Supported headers within the ACK request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	с9	с9	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2		
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3		
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
12	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m		
13	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
13A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c14	[117] 5.8	c15	c15		
14	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a		
15	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
15A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a		
16	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a		
17	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a		
17A	Reason	[34A] 2	с8	c8	[34A] 2	с8	c8		
17B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	с9	с9	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10		
17C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	с9	с9	[56B] 9.1	c10	c10		
18	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m		
19	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a		
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с7	c7	[26] 20.38	m	m		
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	m	m		
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a \$								
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	ation extension	on.				
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a								
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i								
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a								
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a			he Session I	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).			
c7:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir								
c8:	IF A.4/38 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t								
c9:	IF A.4/40 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 0								
c10:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a						,		
c14:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m E								
c15:	addressing an amplification vuln IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a								

Table A.8: Void

A.2.1.4.3 BYE method

Prerequisite A.5/2 - - BYE request

Table A.9: Supported headers within the BYE request

Item	Header	er Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	О	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	с3	c3	
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
14B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c29	[117] 5.8	c30	c30	
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a	
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c9	c10	[52] 4.4	с9	c11	
16B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	
16C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	
16D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	
16E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
16F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	n/a	[33] 4.2	с7	с7	
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
18A	Reason	[34A] 2	c17	c17	[34A] 2	c17	c17	
19	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	
19A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c19	c19	[59] 3	c20	c20	
19B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	
19C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c18	c18	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	
20	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
21	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
21A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c15	c15	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
21B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c16	c16	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
22	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m	
23	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с8	с8	[26] 20.38	m	m	
24	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
25	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
26	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[20] 20.42	m	m	

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity
	within trusted networks.
c7:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c9:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c10:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c11:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and AS
	acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c12:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c14:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c16:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c17:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c18:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c20:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c29:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a addressing
	an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
c30:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which
	is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism defined by
	3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.10: Void

Table A.11: Void

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response for all status-codes

Table A.12: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c11	c11	[26] 20.5	m	m
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	с6
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	с3	c3
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	с9	c10	[52] 4.5	с9	c10
	Addresses						
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	n/a	[33] 4.2	c4	c4
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	o (note)	[26] 20.43	0	0
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.		
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti						
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a ۱	private extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted
	identity within trusted networks.						
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a					col (SIP).	
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E						
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and
_	AS acting as terminating UA or						
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 1						
c9:	IF A.4/35 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 1						
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses h	eader extens	ion.	
c11:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 40	05 (Method V	lot Allowed)	N1 1 11			10111 5
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, F	KFC 3261 [26	gives the s	tatus of this h	ieader as SH	IOULD
	rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.13: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0.4	Allow Events	[00] 7 0 0			[00] 7 0 0		_	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	m	[26] 20.37	m	m	

c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c4:	IF A 4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.13A: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.14: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0B	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.15: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.16: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0	

Table A.17: Void

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/19 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.18: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.19: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.20: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Header Sending Receiving			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m		

Prerequisite A.5/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required)

response

Table A.20A: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agre	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	

Table A.21: Void

Table A.22: Void

A.2.1.4.4 **CANCEL** method

Prerequisite A.5/4 - - CANCEL request

Table A.23: Supported headers within the CANCEL request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c9	c9	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11			
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3			
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
8	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
9	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
10	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m			
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
11A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c16	[117] 5.8	c17	c17			
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a			
14	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a			
15	Reason	[34A] 2	с7	с7	[34A] 2	с7	с7			
16	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a			
17	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	с9	с9	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11			
17A	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	с9	с9	[56B] 9.1	c11	c11			
18	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a			
19	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m			
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m			
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0		[26] 20.41	0				
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c4:		A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.								
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a	4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).								

- IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c7:
- IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a - timestamping of requests. c8:
- IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c9:
- c11:
- IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a c16: addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
- c17: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.

Table A.24: Void

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response for all status-codes

Table A.25: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	•		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
5A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с3	n/a	[33] 4.2	с3	n/a		
6	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
7	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
7A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
8	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
9	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respor	nses.				
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.								
c3:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).								
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.								

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.26: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	m	[26] 20.37	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.26A: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Header Sending Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0	

Table A.27: Void

Prerequisite A.5/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.28: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			otatao	514		514	วเนเน	
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0	

Table A.30: Void

Table A.31: Void

A.2.1.4.5 COMET method

Void

A.2.1.4.6 INFO method

Void

A.2.1.4.7 INVITE method

Prerequisite A.5/8 - - INVITE request

Tables A.32 to A.45: Void

Table A.46: Supported headers within the INVITE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c32	c32
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
4	Alert-Info	[26] 20.4	0	0	[26] 20.4	c1	c1
5	Allow	[26] 20.5,	o (note 1)	0	[26] 20.5,	m	m
		[26] 5.1			[26] 5.1		
6	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
8	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
9	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
10	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
11	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
12	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
13	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
14	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
15	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
16	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
17	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
18	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
19	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0
20	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
21	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0	[26] 20.21	0	0
21A	Join	[61] 7.1	c30	c30	[61] 7.1	c30	c30
21B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c45	[117] 5.8	c46	c46
22	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
23	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
23A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c26	c26	[58] 5	c25	c25
24	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
24A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c15	c16	[52] 4.4	c15	c17
24B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c7	c7
24C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	Х	х	[52] 4.2	c13	c13
24D	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	[52] 4.5	c20	c21
	Addresses						
24E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19
25	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12
25A	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	с7	c5	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
25B	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 3)	Х	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a
26	Priority	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0
26A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с9	с9	[33] 4.2	с9	с9
27	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c6	c6	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a

o.1:

proxies.

At least one of these shall be supported.

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
28	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	o (note 2)	o (note 2)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a			
28A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	c8			
29	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	m	m			
30	Referred-By	[59] 3	c27	c27	[59] 3	c28	c28			
31	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c32	c32			
31A	Replaces	[60] 6.1	c29	c29	[60] 6.1	c29	c29			
31B	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0			
31B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	[56B] 9.1	c32	c32			
32	Require	[26] 20.32	0	m	[26] 20.32	m	m			
33	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a			
33A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c22	c22	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a			
33B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c23	c23	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a			
33C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c25	c25	[58] 4	c25	c25			
34	Subject	[26] 20.36	0	0	[26] 20.36	0	0			
35	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m			
36	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c10	c10	[26] 20.38	m	m			
37	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
38	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
39	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/12 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.									
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.									
c5:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o EL			extensions t	o the Sessioi	n Initiation Pr	otocol			
	(SIP) for asserted identity within									
c6:	IF A 4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a	authenticatio	on between U	IA and proxy.	ian Dratagal	(CID) for one				
c7:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	orivate extens	sions to the s	session initiat	ion Protocoi	(SIP) for ass	ertea			
c8:	identity within trusted networks. IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a t	ha Paasan h	oador fiold fo	or the coccion	initiation pro	stocol				
c9:	IF A.4/26 THEN 0 ELSE 11/a 1									
c10:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir			110 00331011 11	illiation i roto	,coi (Oii).				
c11:	IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a			authorization	1_					
c12:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a U									
c13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a t		Party-ID exte	ension.						
c14:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c15:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t				ension.					
c16:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E	LSE n/a th	ne P-Access-	Network-Info	header exter	nsion and UE	<u>.</u>			
c17:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7					fo header ext	tension and			
	AS acting as terminating UA or A									
c18:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c19:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c20:	IF A.4/35 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c21:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a	•	•				(t 4)			
c22:	IF A.4/37 THEN 0 ELSE n/a s									
c23:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a						1.			
c24: c25:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.									
c25:	IF A.4/42 THEN M ELSE N/a t									
c27:	IF A.4/43 THEN 0 ELSE 11/a 1			hanism						
c28:	IF A.4/43 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t		•							
c29:	IF A.4/44 THEN m ELSE n/a				Replaces" he	ader.				
c30:	IF A.4/45 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c32:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c45:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m E						/a			
	addressing an amplification vuln									
c46:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a						tocol forking			
	proxies.	3	-		-	•	· ·			

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
NOTE 1:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status	C 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.								
NOTE 2:	No distinction has been made in these tables between first use of a request on a From/To/Call-ID combination, and the usage in a subsequent one. Therefore the use of "o" etc. above has been included from a viewpoint of first usage.									
	The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT. Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism									
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19		inis metnoa is	s not appropri	ate to the se	curity mecha	Inism			

Table A.47: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.48: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m			
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.									

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response for all remaining status-codes

Table A.49: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	ceiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status				
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m				
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m				
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0				
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	m	m				
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m				
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m				
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	m	m				
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m				
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16		1	[26] 20.16	1					
8	Date	[26] 20.16	m c1	m c1	[26] 20.16	m	m				
8a	Expires	[26] 20.17			[26] 20.17	m o	m o				
9	MIME-Version	From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m									
10		[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m				
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0				
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7				
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3				
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	Addresses									
11D	P-Charging-Vector [52] 4.6 c8 c9 [52] 4.6 c8 c9										
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a				
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4				
11G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0				
11H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m				
111	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0				
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2				
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m				
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0				
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m				
15	Warning	[26] 20.43		0	[26] 20.43	0	0				
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a	insertion of d	ate in reques	ts and respo	nses.						
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a t										
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a	private extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted				
	identity within trusted networks.										
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a					col (SIP).					
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a						_				
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E										
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.										
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.										
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.										
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.										
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.										
c12:	IF A.6/6 OR A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 200 (OK), 405 (Method Not Allowed)										
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here rather than OPTIONAL.					neader as SH	HOULD				

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/101 - - Additional for 1xx response

Table A.50: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
6	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12	
7	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	0	m	[26] 20.30	m	m	
9	Rseq	[27] 7.1	c2	m	[27] 7.1	c3	m	
c2:	IF A.4/14 THEN o ELSE n/a	reliability of p	rovisional res	sponses in SI	P.			
c3:	IF A.4/14 THEN m ELSE n/a reliability of provisional responses in SIP.							
c11:	IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization.							
c12:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a U	JE.						

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.51: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
4	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
6	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
8	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	[31] 5.1	c11	c12	
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	m	m	
10	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c13	c13	[58] 4	c13	c13	
13	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a au	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a \$	SIP specific e	event notifica	tion extensio	n.			
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.							
c11:	IF A.4/19 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP extensions for media authorization.							
c12:	IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a UE.							
c13:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP sess	ion timer.					

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.51A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.52: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note 1)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement is RECOMMENDED rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.53: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	
13	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	insertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respor	nses.			
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.							
c3:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	upport of aut	hentication b	etween UA a	nd UA.			

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.54: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.55: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.56: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	0		[26] 20.27	0		
11	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.57: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.58: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
10	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required)

response

Table A.58A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agre	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.58B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/42 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.						

Table A.59: Void

Table A.60: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.6/45 - - 503 (Service Unavailable)

Table A.61: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
			วเฉเนอ	วเลเนอ		วเลเนอ	วเลเนอ
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	m

Table A.62: Void

A.2.1.4.7A MESSAGE method

Prerequisite A.5/9A - - MESSAGE request

Table A.62A: Supported headers within the MESSAGE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28		
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2		
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	с3		
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
5	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0		
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 29.15	m	m		
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
12	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m		
13	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0		
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
15	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0	[26] 20.21	0	0		
15A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c39	[117] 5.8	c40	c40		
16	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a		
17	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
18	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0		
18A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c15	c16	[52] 4.4	c15	c16		
18B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c11	c11		
18C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	х	[52] 4.2	c13	c13		
18D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	[52] 4.5	c20	c21		
18E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19		
18F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c11	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
18G	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 1)	X	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a		
19	Priority	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0		
19A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c12	c12		
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a		
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a		
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c6	c6	[34A] 2	c6	c6		
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a		
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26		
23	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28		
23A	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0		
23B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28		
24	Require	[26] 20.32	c8	0	[26] 20.32	m	m		
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a		
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c22	c22	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a		
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c23	c23	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a		
26	Subject	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.36	0	0		
27	Supported	[26] 20.37	c9	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
28	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c10	c10	[26] 20.38	m	m		
29	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
30	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
50									

Item	Header	Sending Receiving								
		Ref. RFC Profile Ref. RFC Profile								
			status	status		status	status			
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a \$									
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	tion extensio	n.					
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.						
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i									
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a									
c6:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c7:		THEN o ELSE n/a UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol								
	(SIP) for asserted identity within									
c8:	IF A.4/14 THEN 0.1 ELSE 0 F									
c9:	IF IF A.4/14 THEN o.1 ELSE o -			port.						
c10:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a tir									
c11:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	orivate extens	sions to the S	Session Initiat	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted			
	identity within trusted networks.									
c12:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a				nitiation Proto	col (SIP).				
c13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c14:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c15:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c16:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E									
c17:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Network-In	fo header ext	tension and			
4.0	AS acting as terminating UA or A									
c18:	IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c19:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c20:	IF A.4/35 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c21:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a						(==+== O)			
c22:	IF A.4/37 THEN 0 ELSE n/a s									
c23:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a					ation protoco	I.			
c24:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a 0				tion protocol.					
c25:	IF A 4/43 THEN OF USE D/A									
c26: c28:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a t IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a				tion protocal					
c28: c39:	IF A.4/40 THEN M ELSE N/a IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m E						/2			
639.	addressing an amplification vuln						/a			
c40:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a						tocal farking			
0 4 0.	proxies.	addicsoing a	ii airipiiiicalii	AT VUITICIADIII	ty iii acaaloii	iiiilalioii pioi	locol lolking			
NOTE 1:	The strength of this requirement	in REC 3/155	5 [52] is SHO	III D NOT ra	ther than MI	IST NOT				
	Support of this header in this me						architecture			
14012.	which is implemented. Use of the									
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]		ins method k	τιοι αρριορί	iato to the se	curity mecha	11110111			
l .	domica by oci 1 10 00.200 [19]	1.								

Table A.62B: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response for all status-codes

Table A.62C: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0			
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	o (note 2)	o (note 2)	[26] 20.11	m	m			
						(note 2)	(note 2)			
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	o (note 2)	o (note 2)	[26] 20.12	m (====================================	m (====================================			
_	Content Language	[00] 00 40	- (n-t- 0)	- (n-t- 0)	[00] 00 40	(note 2)	(note 2)			
5	Content-Language	tent-Language [26] 20.13 o (note 2) o (note 2) [26] 20.13 m m (note 2) (note 2)								
6										
0	Content-Length									
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	(note 2) m			
'	Conton Type	[20] 20.10	(note 2)	(note 2)	[20] 20:10	(note 2)	(note 2)			
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m			
9A	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0			
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m			
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0			
12A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7			
12B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3			
12C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11			
	Addresses									
12D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	с9	[52] 4.6	c8	с9			
12E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a			
12F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4			
12G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0			
12H	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m			
13	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0			
14	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2			
15	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
16 17	User-Agent Via	[26] 20.41 [26] 20.42	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
18	Warning	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42 [26] 20.43	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i		0	to and reapo		0	0			
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti			is and respon	1565.					
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p			Session Initiat	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted			
00.	identity within trusted networks.	onvato oxtori				(611) 101 400	ortod			
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).				
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t	he P-Access	-Network-Infe	header exte	ension.	, ,				
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E	LSE n/a th	ne P-Access-	Network-Info	header exter	nsion and UE				
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Network-In	fo header ext	ension and			
	AS acting as terminating UA or A									
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN to ELSE n/a t									
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses no	eader extens	ion.				
c12: NOTE 1:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 40 RFC 3261 [26] gives the status) rather than	OPTIONAL					
	RFC 3428 [50] clause 7 states the					must not inc	lude anv			
INOTE 2.	body, therefore for 2xx response									
	and "Profile status" are "x", the									
	RFC 3261 [26] subclause 7.4 states that all responses may contain bodies, therefore for all responses to									
	the MESSAGE request other than 2xx responses, the values on Sending side for "RFC status" and "Profile									
	•	status" are "o", the values for Receiving side for "RFC status" and "Profile Status" are "m".								

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.62D: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m	
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.				
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	authentication	between UA	and UA.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.							
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	ation extension	on.			

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.62DA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.62E: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement	quirement is RECOMMENDED rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.62F: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status status status					
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate [26] 20.44 m m [26] 20.44 m m							
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.62G: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.62H: Void

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.62I: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.62J: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilitie	capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.62K: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/9B - - MESSAGE response

 $Prerequisite: A.6/28\ OR\ A.6/41A\ -\ -\ Additional\ for\ 421\ (Extension\ Required),\ 494\ (Security\ Agreement\ Required)$ response

Table A.62L: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agree	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	l.

Table A.62M: Void

Table A.62N: Void

A.2.1.4.8 NOTIFY method

Prerequisite A.5/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.63: Supported headers within the NOTIFY request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	с3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
15C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c26	[117] 5.8	c27	c27
16	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
17	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
17A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c10	c11	[52] 4.4	c10	c12
17B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6
17C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c15	[52] 4.5	c14	c15
17D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c13	n/a	[52] 4.6	c13	n/a
17E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	X	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
17F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	n/a	[33] 4.2	c7	c7
18	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
19	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c18	c18	[34A] 2	c18	c18
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	c9	c9
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c20	c20	[59] 3	c21	c21
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c19	c19	[56B] 9.1	c23	c23
21	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
22A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c16	c16	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
22B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c17	c17	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
23	Subscription-State	[28] 8.2.3	m	m	[28] 8.2.3	m	m
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
26	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
28	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
29	Warning	[26] 20.42	0	0	[26] 20.42	0	0
20	i vvanning	[20] 20.43	1 5	1 0	[20] 20.43	J	1 0

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted
	identity within trusted networks.
c7:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c9:	IF A.4/15 OR A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a the REFER method extension or SIP specific event notification
	extension.
c10:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c11:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c12:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c13:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c14:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c16:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c17:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c18:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c19:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c21:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c23:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c26:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a
	addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
c27:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture
	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Receiving

Table A.64: Void

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response for all status-codes

Header

Item

Table A.65: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Sending

item	Header		Senaing		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	с6	[52] 4.4	c5	с7		
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3		
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	с9	c10	[52] 4.5	с9	c10		
	Addresses								
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a		
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	n/a	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
14	Warning	[26] 20.43		0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i			ts and respo	nses.				
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti								
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a	private exten	sions to the S	Session Initiat	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted		
_	identity within trusted networks.	_							
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN 0 ELSE n/a a					col (SIP).			
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.								
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE. IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and								
c7:					s-Network-In	to header ex	tension and		
-0.	AS acting as terminating UA or A	AS acting as	tnira-party c	ali controller.					
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 1								
c9: c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a 1 IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a								
610.	IF A C/40 TUEN III ELSE II/a			Audiesses II	eauei exteris	1011.			

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

c11:

NOTE:

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o - - 405 (Method Not Allowed)

Table A.66: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	[28] 7.2.2	c5	c5		
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m		
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	[26] 20.30	c3	с3		
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		

- c1: IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and UA.
- c2: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and UA.
- c3: IF A.4/15 OR A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - the REFER method extension or SIP specific event notification
- c4: IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c5: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension.

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.66A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0	

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 - - Additional for 3xx response

Table A.67: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.68: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	Ref. RFC Profile			RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.69: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.70: Void

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.71: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c3	c3	[26] 20.27	c3	c3
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0
c3:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.72: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	Ref. RFC Profile status		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Addition for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.73: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

 $Prerequisite: A. 6/28 \ OR \ A. 6/41A \ - \ Additional \ for \ 421 \ (Extension \ Required), \ 494 \ (Security \ Agreement \ Required)$

response

Table A.73A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.74: Void

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/35 - - Additional for 485 (Ambigious) response

Table A.74A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.75: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			อเลเนอ	รเลเนร		อเลเนอ	รเลเนธ	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	

Table A.76: Void

A.2.1.4.9 OPTIONS method

Prerequisite A.5/12 - - OPTIONS request

Table A.77: Supported headers within the OPTIONS request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c24	c24	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c2	c2	[26] 20.7	c2	c2
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	с3	c3	[26] 20.17	m	m
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c31	[117] 5.8	c32	c32
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
19	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
19A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c12	[52] 4.4	c11	c13
19B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	с6
19C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	Х	Х	[52] 4.2	с9	с9
19D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	[52] 4.5	c16	c17
19E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	[52] 4.6	c14	c15
19F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	c4	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
19G	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	х	[52] 4.3	c10	n/a
19H	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c8	с8	[33] 4.2	с8	с8
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	o (note 1)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c20	c20	[34A] 2	c20	c20
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23
22B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c26	c26
23	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	с6	c6	[26] 20.37	m	m
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с7	с7	[26] 20.38	m	m
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c1: IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and UA. c2: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a - - insertion of date in requests and responses. c3: c4: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks. IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and proxy. c5: IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted c6: identity within trusted networks. c7: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a - - timestamping of requests. IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). c8: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Called-Party-ID extension. IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c9: c10: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c11: c12: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE. c13: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller. IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c14: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c15: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c16: IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c17: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 3). c18: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c19: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c20: IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c21: c22: IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c23: IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - - SIP specific event notification extension. c24: c26: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - - IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a - c31: addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG). c32: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking NOTE 1: No distinction has been made in these tables between first use of a request on a From/To/Call-ID combination, and the usage in a subsequent one. Therefore the use of "o" etc. above has been included from a viewpoint of first usage.
- from a viewpoint of first usage.

 NOTE 2: The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT.
- NOTE 2. The strength of this requirement in RFC 3430 [32] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MOST NOT.
- NOTE 3: Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.78: Void

Table A.79: Void

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response for all status-codes

Table A.80: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

	Allow	Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC				
_	Allow									
_	Allow		status	status		status	status			
1 C		[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m			
	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
1A C	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0			
	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m			
3 C	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m			
4 C	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m			
	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m			
7 C	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m			
_	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
10 N	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m			
11 C	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0			
	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7			
	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3			
	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11			
	Addresses									
	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	с9	[52] 4.6	с8	с9			
	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a			
	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4			
	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m			
	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0			
	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2			
	Го	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0			
	F A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a ir			ts and respor	nses.					
	F A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a tir						_			
	F A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	rivate extens	sions to the S	Session Initiat	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted			
	dentity within trusted networks.					I (OID)				
	F A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a					coi (SIP).				
	F A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a th					asian and UF	_			
	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.									
	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.									
	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.									
c11:	F A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a t	he P-Chargi	na-Function-	Addresses h	eader extens	ion.				
	IF A.6/6 OR A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 200 (OK), 405 (Method Not Allowed)									
	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of									

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.81: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	m	m		
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	m	m		
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	m	m		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	с3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4		
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	0		[26] 20.10	0			
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		

IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and UA.

- IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and UA. c2:
- c3:
- IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c4:

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.81A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0	

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.82: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.						

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.83: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0		[26] 20.44	0		
c1:	IF A 5/7 THEN m FLSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response.

Table A.84: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.85: Void

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.86: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.87: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.88: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.88A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.89: Void

Table A.90: Void

A.2.1.4.10 PRACK method

Prerequisite A.5/14 - - PRACK request

Table A.91: Supported headers within the PRACK request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c15	c15	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
14A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c21	[117] 5.8	c22	c22
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	с9	c10	[52] 4.4	с9	c11
16B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c13	c14	[52] 4.5	c13	c14
16C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a
16D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
19	Rack	[27] 7.2	m	m	[27] 7.2	m	m
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c7	с7	[34A] 2	c7	c7
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c16	c16	[59] 3	c17	c17
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c15	c15	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c15	c15	[56B] 9.1	c18	c18
21	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
23	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
24	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
25	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
26	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
27	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c7:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c8:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c9:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c10:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c11:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c12:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c13:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c14:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c16:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c17:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c18:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a
	addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
c22:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.

Table A.92: Void

Table A.93: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response for all status-codes

Table A.94: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	с9	с9	[26] 20.5	m	m			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m			
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m			
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m			
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m			
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m			
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m			
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c3	c4	[52] 4.4	c3	c5			
10B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c7	c8	[52] 4.5	c7	c8			
	Addresses									
10C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c6	n/a	[52] 4.6	c6	n/a			
10D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a			
10E	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m			
10F	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0			
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2			
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0			
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i									
c2:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a					col (SIP).				
c3:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c4:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E									
c5:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Network-In	fo header ex	tension and			
	AS acting as terminating UA or A									
c6:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
c7:	IF A.4/35 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c8:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a			Addresses h	eader extens	ion.				
c9:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 40				ODTIONIC					
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.									

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.95: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	c3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4		
0B	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
3	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a au	uthentication	between UA	and UA.					
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.					
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.								
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specific	event notifica	tion extensio	n.				

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.95A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.96: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m	
NOTE:	RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.97: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response.

Table A.98: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.99: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.100: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.101: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.102: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.102A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	х	х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.103: Void

Table A.104: Void

A.2.1.4.10A PUBLISH method

Prerequisite A.5/15A – PUBLISH request

Table A.104A: Supported headers within the PUBLISH request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28
2	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
3	Allow-Events	[26] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[26] 7.2.2	c2	c2
4	Authorization	[26] 20.7	с3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	с3
5	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	Event	[70] 4, 6	m	m	[70] 4, 6	m	m
15	Expires	[26]	0	0	[26]	m	m
		20.19,			20.19,		
		[70] 4, 5,			[70] 4, 5,		
		6			6		
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	0	0	[26] 20.21	0	0
17A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c23	[117] 5.8	c24	c24
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
21	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c15	c16	[52] 4.4	c15	c17
22	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c11	c11
23	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	X	X	[52] 4.2	c13	c13
24	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c20	c21	[52] 4.5	c20	c21
25	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c19	[52] 4.6	c18	c19
26	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c11	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
27	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 3)	х	[52] 4.3	c14	n/a
28	Priorità	[26] 20.26	0	0	[26] 20.26	0	0
29	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c12	c12
30	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
31	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
32	Reason	[34A] 2	с8	c8	[34A] 2	c8	с8
33	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28
33A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26
34	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28
35	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	0	0	[26] 20.31	0	0
36	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
37	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
38	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c9	c9	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
39	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c10	c10	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
40	SIP-If-Match	[70] 11.3.2	0	0	[70] 11.3.2	m	m
41	Subject	[26] 20.36	0	0	[26] 20.36	0	0
42	Supported	[26]	0	0	[26]	m	m
		20.37,			20.37,		
		[26] 7.1			[26] 7.1		
43	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c6	c6	[26] 20.38	m	m

44	То	[26] 20.39	m	l m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
45	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0			
46	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a S		vent notifica	tion extension		l	· I			
c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c3:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a									
c4:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	nsertion of d	ate in reques	sts and respo	onses.					
c5:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.									
c6:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.									
c7:	IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o EL	SE n/a U	E and private	e extensions	to the Session	n Initiation P	rotocol			
	(SIP) for asserted identity within	trusted netw	orks.							
c8:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c9:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a s									
c10:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c11:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	rivate exten	sions to the	Session Initia	ation Protocol	(SIP) for ass	serted			
	identity within trusted networks.									
c12:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a				Initiation Proto	col (SIP).				
c13:	IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c14:	IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c15:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t									
c16:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E									
c17:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7					fo header ex	tension and			
	AS acting as terminating UA or A									
c18:	IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c19:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c20:	IF A.4/35 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t									
c21:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c22:	IF A.4/40 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 0						- 1-			
c23:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m E									
-04:	addressing an amplification vuln									
c24:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a	addressing a	ın ampıllıcatı	on vuinerabl	ility in session	initiation pro	nocoi forking			
c25:	proxies.	the SID Defe	rrod By maa	haniem						
c25.	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism. IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.									
c26.	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.									
	1: Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture									
INOTE I.	which is implemented.	iliou is depe	indent on the	5 Security III	scriariisiii allu	ine security	architecture			
NOTE 2:	The strength of this requirement	in REC 3/5/	5 [52] ie SHC	י דטא ח וווט	rather than MI	TON TSI				
NOTE 2.	The shellyin of this requirement	III NEC 3430		JULU NUI, I	ומנווטו נוומוו ועונ	JOT NOT.				

Table A.104B: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response for all status-codes

Table A.104C: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Call-Info	[26] 24.9	0	0	[26] 24.9	m	m		
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0		
13	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	с6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7		
14	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	с3		
15	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11		
	Addresses								
16	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c8	c9	[52] 4.6	c8	c9		
17	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	X	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
18	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
19	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
20	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
21	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
22	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
23	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
24	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
25	Warning	[26] 20.43	0	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i			sts and respo	nses.				
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti								
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a	private extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted		
	identity within trusted networks.								
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).								
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.								
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE. IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and								
c7:					ss-Network-In	to neader ex	tension and		
c8:	AS acting as terminating UA or IF A.4/36 THEN 0 ELSE n/a 1								

- IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c9:
- IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c10:
- c11:
- c12:
- IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.

 IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o - 405 (Method Not Allowed)

 For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD NOTE: rather than OPTIONAL.

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/7 - - Additional for 200 (OK) response

Table A.104D: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2			
3	Expires	[26]	m	m	[26]	m	m			
		20.19,			20.19,					
		[70] 4, 5,			[70] 4, 5,					
		6			6					
4	SIP-Etag	[70]	m	m	[70]	m	m			
	_	11.3.1			11.3.1					
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m			
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.104DA: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.104E: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/8 OR A.6/9 OR A.6/10 OR A.6/11 OR A.6/12 – Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.104F: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
5	WWW-Authenticate [26] 20.44 m m [26] 20.44 m m								
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.104G: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.104H: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.104I: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
5	WWW-Authenticate [26] 20.44 o o [26] 20.44 o o							
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.104J: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilitie	capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.104K: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.104L: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	7 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.104M: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
3	Min-Expires	[26]	m	m	[26]	m	m	
		20.23,			20.23,			
		[70] 5, 6			[70] 5, 6			

Table A.104N: Void

Prerequisite A.5/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.1040: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Ī	Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
			Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
ſ	2	Allow-Events	[28] 8 2 2	m	m	[28] 8 2 2	m	m

Table A.104P: Void

A.2.1.4.11 REFER method

Prerequisite A.5/16 - - REFER request

Table A.105: Supported headers within the REFER request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
0B	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c25	c25	
0C	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
1	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
5A	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
5B	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
5C	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
9	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m	
10	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	0	0	
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
11C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c30	[117] 5.8	c31	c31	
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a	
13	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
14	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
14A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14	
14B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	с8	c8	
14C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	х	Х	[52] 4.2	c10	c10	
14D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	
14E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	
14F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	с8	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
14G	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 1)	х	[52] 4.3	c11	n/a	
14H	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c9 ´	с9	[33] 4.2	с9	с9	
15	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
16	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
16A	Reason	[34A] 2	c21	c21	[34A] 2	c21	c21	
17	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	m	m	
18	Refer-To	[36] 3	m	m	[36] 3	m	m	
18A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c23	c23	[59] 3	c23	c23	
18B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	n/a	n/a	
18C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	n/a	n/a	
19	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
20	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
20A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
20B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
21	Supported	[26]	0	0	[26]	m	m	
		20.37,			20.37,			
		[26] 7.1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	[26] 7.1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
22	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с6	c6	[26] 20.38	m	m	
23	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
24	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
25	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - - SIP specific event notification extension. c1: c2: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - - SIP specific event notification extension. IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and UA. c3: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a - - insertion of date in requests and responses. c4· IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and proxy. c5: IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a - - timestamping of requests. c6: c7: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks. IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted c8: identity within trusted networks. c9: IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c10: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c11: IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c12: c13: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE. IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c14: AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller. c15: IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c16: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c17: IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c18: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 2). c19: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c20: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c21: c22: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By Mechanism. c23: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c25: c30: IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - - IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG). c31: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies. The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT. NOTE 1: NOTE 2: Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism

Table A.106: Void

Table A.107: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response for all status-codes

Table A.108: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	c13	c13	[26] 20.10	m	m		
1B	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
2	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
3	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
4	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
5	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
6	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
7	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
8	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
9	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
10	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0		
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7		
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3		
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11		
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	с9	[52] 4.6	с8	с9		
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	X	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i			ts and respon	nses.				
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti								
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	orivate extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted		
	identity within trusted networks.								
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a					col (SIP).			
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a 1						_		
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E								
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Network-In	to header ex	tension and		
-0.	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.								
c8: c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.								
c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.								
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.								
c11:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.								
c12.	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 405 (Method Not Allowed) IF A.6/102 THEN m ELSE o 2xx response								
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here			SI aives the s	tatus of this h	eader as SH	IOLII D		
INOIL.	rather than OPTIONAL.	, response, r	0 0201 [20	oj givos tile s	tatus or triis I	cader as or	ICOLD		

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.109: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	Ref. RFC Profile		Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status

1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c3	с3	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4		
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
5	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	m	m		
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.					
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.							
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.								
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.								

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.109A: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Table A.110: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.111: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.112: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.113: Void

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.114: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.115: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	o.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.116: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required)

response

Table A.116A: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.117: Void

Table A.118: Void

A.2.1.4.12 REGISTER method

Prerequisite A.5/18 - - REGISTER request

Table A.119: Supported headers within the REGISTER request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c27	c27	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7, [49]	c2	c29	[26] 20.7, [49]	m	c22	
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
15	Date	[26] 20.17	c3	c3	[26] 20.17	m	m	
16	Expires	[26] 20.19	0	0	[26] 20.19	m	m	
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
17C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c35	[117] 5.8	c36	c36	
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a	
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14	
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	
20D	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	х	[52] 4.3	c10	c11	
20E	Path	[35] 4	c4	c5	[35] 4	m	c6	
20F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с9	n/a	[33] 4.2	с9	n/a	
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c8	с8	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	o (note 1)	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c23	c23	[34A] 2	c23	c23	
22B	Referred-By	[59] 3	c25	c25	[59] 3	c26	c26	
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	[56B] 9.1	n/a	n/a	
23	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
24	Route	[26] 20.34	0	n/a	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	c21	n/a	
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	c28	[26] 20.37	m	m	
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с7	с7	[26] 20.38	с7	c7	
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

- IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c1:
- IF A.4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and registrar. c2:
- IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a - insertion of date in requests and responses. c3:
- IF A.4/24 THEN o ELSE n/a - session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent c4:
- IF A.4/24 THEN x ELSE n/a - session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent c5: contacts.
- IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a. - S-CSCF. c6:
- c7: IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a - - timestamping of requests.
- IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and proxy. c8:
- IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c9:
- c10:
- IF A.4/33 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. c11:
- IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c12:
- c13: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/1 OR A.3/4) THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE or S-CSCF.
- c14: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/4 OR A.3/7A) THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and S-CSCF or AS acting as terminating UA.
- IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c15:
- IF A.4/36 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension (including S-CSCF as c16:
- IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c17:
- IF A.4/35 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension (including c18: S-CSCF as registrar).
- IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 3). c19:
- IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c20:
- IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol c21: and registrar.
- c22: IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a - - S-CSCF.
- IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c23:
- c24: IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c25:
- IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c26:
- IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c27:
- c28: IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE o - - UE.
- IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a c35: addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
- c36: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
- NOTE 1: No distinction has been made in these tables between first use of a request on a From/To/Call-ID combination, and the usage in a subsequent one. Therefore the use of "o" etc. above has been included from a viewpoint of first usage.
- The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT.
- Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented.

Table A.120: Void

Table A.121: Void

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response for all status-codes

Table A.122: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	с8	c8	[26] 20.5	m	m	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c3	n/a	[52] 4.4	c3	n/a	
11B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c6	c7	[52] 4.5	c6	c7	
440	Addresses	[50] 4.0	- 4	- 5	[50] 4.0	- 4	-5	
11C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c4	c5	[52] 4.6	c4	c5	
11D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a	[33] 4.2	c2	n/a	
11E	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m	
11F	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0	
12	Timestamp To	[26] 20.38	c2	c2	[26] 20.38	m	m	
13		[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0	
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN 0 ELSE n/a i					L (OID)		
c2:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).							
c3:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.							
c4:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.							
c5:	IF A.4/36 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension (including S-CSCF as registrar).							
c6:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.							
c7:	IF A.4/35 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension (including							
	S-CSCF as registrar).							
c8:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 405 (Method Not Allowed)							
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD							
	rather than OPTIONAL.							

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.123: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0		[26] 20.1	0	
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c12	c12	[28] 7.2.2	c13	c13
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	с6	c6	[26] 20.6	с7	с7
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	m	m
5A	P-Associated-URI	[52] 4.1	с8	с9	[52] 4.1	c10	c11
6	Path	[35] 4	c3	с3	[35] 4	c4	c4
8	Service-Route	[38] 5	c5	c5	[38] 5	c5	c5
9	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m
c1:	IF (A.3/4 AND A.4/2) THE	N m ELSE n/a S	S-CSCF acti	ng as registra	ar.	•	•

- IF A.3/4 OR A.3/1THEN m ELSE n/a. - S-CSCF or UE.
- IF A.4/24 THEN m ELSE n/a - session initiation protocol extension header field for registering nonc3: adjacent contacts.
- IF A.4/24 THEN o ELSE n/a - session initiation protocol extension header field for registering non-adjacent
- IF A.4/28 THEN m ELSE n/a - session initiation protocol extension header field for service route discovery c5: during registration.
- IF A.4/8 THEN o ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and registrar.
- IF A.4/8 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and registrar. c7:
- c8: IF A.4/2 AND A.4/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - P-Assocated-URI header extension and registrar.
- c9: IF A.3/1 AND A.4/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - P-Assocated-URI header extension and S-CSCF.
- IF A.4/31 THEN o ELSE n/a - P-Assocated-URI header extension. c10:
- IF A.4/31 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - P-Assocated-URI header extension and UE. c11:
- c12:
- IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - SIP specific event notification extension. c13:

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.123A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.124: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	o (note)	0	[26] 20.10	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.125: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	Х	[26] 20.27	c1	х	
6	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	n/a	c2	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m	
c1:	IF A.5/8 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							
c2:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security mec	hanism agre	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	l.	

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.126: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.127: Void

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.128: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
5	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	х	[26] 20.27	c1	х		
9	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0		
c1:	IF A.5/8 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.129: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m		
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m		
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m		
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.								

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.130: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.130A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c2	c2	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security med	hanism agre	ement for the	session initia	ation protoco	l.	
c2:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. IF A.4/37 AND A.4/2 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol and registrar.							

Prerequisite A.5/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.131: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

ſ	Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	ving	
			Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
ſ	5	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	m	m	

Table A.132: Void

Table A.133: Void

A.2.1.4.13 SUBSCRIBE method

Prerequisite A.5/20 - - SUBSCRIBE request

Table A.134: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	0	0	[28] 7.2.2	m	m
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c3	c3	[26] 20.7	c3	c3
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	[26] 20.17	m	m
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	Expires	[26] 20.19	o (note 1)	o (note 1)	[26] 20.19	m	m
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c38	[117] 5.8	c39	c39
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m
18A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0
18B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c13	[52] 4.4	c12	c14
18C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c6	c6
18D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	X	X	[52] 4.2	c10	c10
18E	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c17	c18	[52] 4.5	c17	c18
18F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	c16	[52] 4.6	c15	c16
18G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c6	c7	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a
18H	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	x (note 2)	х	[52] 4.3	c11	n/a
181	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c9	c9	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
19	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c5	c5	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a
20	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a
20A	Reason	[34A] 2	c21	c21	[34A] 2	c21	c21
21	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	m	m
21A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c23	c23	[59] 3	c24	c24
21B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c26	c26
21C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c26	c26
22	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m
23	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a
23A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
23B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c20	c20	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c8	c8	[26] 20.38	m	m
26	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0
28	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
	1	[==] =0. rZ		1		1	1

- IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a - authentication between UA and UA. c3: IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a - - insertion of date in requests and responses. c4: IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a - - authentication between UA and proxy. c5: IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted c6· identity within trusted networks. IF A.3/1 AND A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a - - UE and private extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol c7: (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks. IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a - - timestamping of requests. IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). c9: IF A.4/32 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Called-Party-ID extension. c10: IF A.4/33 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Visited-Network-ID extension. IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension. c11: c12: IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE. c13: IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and c14: AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller. IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c15: IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c16: c17: IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c18: IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 3). c19: IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. c20: IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c21: IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c22. c23: IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c24: IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c26: IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a - - IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a - c38: addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG). c39: IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking NOTE 1: The strength of this requirement is RECOMMENDED rather than OPTIONAL.
- NOTE 2: The strength of this requirement in RFC 3455 [52] is SHOULD NOT, rather than MUST NOT.
- NOTE 3: Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.135: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response for all status-codes

Table A.136: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

			Receiving						
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c12	c12	[26] 20.5	m	m		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0		
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c5	c6	[52] 4.4	c5	c7		
10C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	n/a	n/a	[34] 9.1	c3	c3		
10D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c11	[52] 4.5	c10	c11		
10E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	с9	[52] 4.6	с8	с9		
10F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	c3	Х	[34] 9.2	n/a	n/a		
10G	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
10H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
10I	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i			ts and respo	nses.				
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti								
c3:	IF A.4/25 THEN o ELSE n/a p	orivate extens	sions to the S	Session Initia	tion Protocol	(SIP) for ass	erted		
	identity within trusted networks.								
c4:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a					col (SIP).			
c5:	IF A.4/34 THEN 0 ELSE n/a t						_		
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E								
c7:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-inetwork-In	io neader ex	tension and		
c8:	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.								
co. c9:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.								
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN IT ELSE II/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension. IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE II/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.								
c10.	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c12:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 40			/ (dule3363 ll	Cadel exiells	ЮП.			
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here			Slaives the s	tatus of this h	eader as SH	IOULD		
	rather than OPTIONAL.	,	0 0201 [20	21 21100 110 0		00001 00 01			

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.137: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	0	0	[28] 7.2.2	m	m		
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	c1	c1	[26] 20.6	c2	c2		
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m		
2	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	m	m		

3	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	m	m		
4	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	m	m		
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a a	uthentication	between UA	and UA.					
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.137A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.138: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	status status		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m (note)	m	[26] 20.10	m	m
NOTE:	The strength of this requirement	is RECOMM	IENDED rath	er than MAN	DATORY for	a 485 respor	nse.

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.139: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480 (Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.140: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0		[26] 20.33	0	

Table A.141: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.142: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0	
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a s	LSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.						

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.143: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	o.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m	
6	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0	
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.							

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.144: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.				RFC Prof	
			status	status		status	status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.144A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	Ref. RFC Profile status			RFC	Profile	
			Status	Status		status	status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	X	X	[48] 2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.145: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	m	m

Table A.146: Void

Prerequisite A.5/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.6/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.147: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	m	m

Table A.148: Void

Table A.149: Void

A.2.1.4.14 UPDATE method

Prerequisite A.5/22 - - UPDATE request

Table A.150: Supported headers within the UPDATE request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c20	c20	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m	
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	0	0	[26] 20.5	m	m	
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c2	c2	[28] 7.2.2	c3	сЗ	
6	Authorization	[26] 20.7	c4	c4	[26] 20.7	c4	c4	
7	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
8	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0	
9	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m	
10	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m	
11	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m	
12	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m	
13	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
14	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m	
15	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
16	Date	[26] 20.17	c5	c5	[26] 20.17	m	m	
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
17B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	n/a	c29	[117] 5.8	c30	c30	
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	n/a	n/a	
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m	
19A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c21	c21	[58] 5	c21	c21	
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0	
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c12	[52] 4.4	c11	c13	
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	[52] 4.5	c16	c17	
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	[52] 4.6	c14	c15	
20D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	[33] 4.2	c6	n/a	
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	c10	c10	[26] 20.28	n/a	n/a	
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	0	n/a	[26] 20.29	n/a	n/a	
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	с8	[34A] 2	c8	с8	
23	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	[26] 20.30	n/a	n/a	
23A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23	
23B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c20	c20	[56B] 9.2	c24	c24	
23C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c20	c20	[56B] 9.1	c24	c24	
24	Require	[26] 20.32	0	0	[26] 20.32	m	m	
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	n/a	n/a	
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19	[48] 2.3.1	n/a	n/a	
25C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c21	c21	[58] 4	c21	c21	
26	Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0	[26] 20.37	m	m	
27	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	с9	с9	[26] 20.38	m	m	
28	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
29	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0	
30	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

c2:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.
c4:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.
c5:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a insertion of date in requests and responses.
c6:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
c8:	IF A.4/38 THEN o ELSE n/a the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
c9:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.
c10:	IF A.4/8A THEN m ELSE n/a authentication between UA and proxy.
c11:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c12:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and UE.
c13:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7D) THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Access-Network-Info header extension and
	AS acting as terminating UA or AS acting as third-party call controller.
c14:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c15:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
c16:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c17:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
c18:	IF A.4/37 THEN o ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note).
c19:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
c20:	IF A.4/40 THEN o ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c21:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.
c22:	IF A.4/43 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c23:	IF A.4/43 THEN o ELSE n/a the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
c24:	IF A.4/40 THEN m ELSE n/a caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
c29:	IF A.4/71 AND A.3/9 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.4/71 AND (A.3/9B OR A.3/9C) THEN m ELSE n/a
	addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, IMS-ALG).
c30:	IF A.4/71 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking
	proxies.
NOTE:	Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture
	which is implemented. Use of this header in this method is not appropriate to the security mechanism
	defined by 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

Table A.151: Void

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response for all status-codes

Table A.152: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	c11	c11	[26] 20.5	m	m		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0	[26] 20.9	0	0		
1B	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	0	0	[26] 20.11	m	m		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	0	0	[26] 20.12	m	m		
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	0	0	[26] 20.13	m	m		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	m	m		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
8	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	m	m		
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	0	0	[26] 20.24	m	m		
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	0	0	[26] 20.25	0	0		
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c4	c5	[52] 4.4	c4	c6		
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	с9	c10	[52] 4.5	с9	c10		
	Addresses				' '				
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c7	c8	[52] 4.6	с7	с8		
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a	[33] 4.2	c3	n/a		
10F	Require	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	m	m		
10G	Server	[26] 20.35	0	0	[26] 20.35	0	0		
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	c12	c12	[26] 20.38	c2	c2		
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0	0	[26] 20.41	0	0		
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	o (note)	0	[26] 20.43	0	0		
c1:	IF A.4/11 THEN o ELSE n/a i	nsertion of da	ate in reques	ts and respon	nses.		•		
c2:	IF A.4/6 THEN m ELSE n/a ti	mestamping	of requests.						
c3:	IF A.4/26 THEN o ELSE n/a a	a privacy med	chanism for t	he Session Ir	nitiation Proto	col (SIP).			
c4:	IF A.4/34 THEN o ELSE n/a t								
c5:	IF A.4/34 AND A.3/1 THEN m E								
c6:	IF A.4/34 AND (A.3/7A OR A.3/7				s-Network-Inf	fo header ex	tension and		
	AS acting as terminating UA or								
c7:	IF A.4/36 THEN o ELSE n/a t								
c8:	IF A.4/36 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c9:	IF A.4/35 THEN o ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.								
c10:	IF A.4/35 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.								
c11:	IF A.6/18 THEN m ELSE o 405 (Method Not Allowed)								
c12:	IF A.4/6 THEN o ELSE n/a timestamping of requests.								
NOTE:	For a 488 (Not Acceptable Here) response, RFC 3261 [26] gives the status of this header as SHOULD								

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

rather than OPTIONAL.

Prerequisite: A.6/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.153: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	0	0	[26] 20.1	m	m		
0B	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0	0	[26] 20.2	m	m		
0C	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0	0	[26] 20.3	m	m		
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	c4	c4	[28] 7.2.2	c5	c5		
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20 6	c1	c1	[26] 20 6	c2	c2		

3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	m	m			
4	Session-Expires	[58]	c3	c3	[58]	c3	c3			
6	Supported [26] 20.37 m m [26] 20.37 m m									
c1:	IF A.4/7 THEN o ELSE n/a authentication between UA and UA.									
c2:	IF A.4/7 THEN m ELSE n/a a	authentication	between UA	and UA.						
c3:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP sess	ion timer							
c4:	IF A.4/20 THEN o ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.									
c5:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE n/a SIP specific event notification extension.									

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/104 OR A.6/105 OR A.6/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.153A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	0	0	[26] 20.18	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/103 OR A.6/35 - - Additional for 3xx, 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.154: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	0	0	[26] 20.10	0	0

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.154A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	0		[26] 20.27	0			
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	m	m		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/17 OR A.6/23 OR A.6/30 OR A.6/36 OR A.6/42 OR A.6/45 OR A.6/50 OR A.6/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.155: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

1	Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
			Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
				status	status		status	status
	5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	0	0	[26] 20.33	0	0

Table A.156: Void

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.157: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	c1	c1	[26] 20.27	c1	c1		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0	0	[26] 20.44	0	0		
c1:	IF A.5/7 THEN m ELSE n/a support of authentication between UA and UA.								

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.158: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.1	m	m			
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.2	m	m			
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	0.1	0.1	[26] 20.3	m	m			
0.1	At least one of these capabilities is supported.									

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.159: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	m	m

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28 OR A.6/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required)

response

Table A.159A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	Х	[48] 2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/37 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.5/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.6/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.159B: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/42 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.							

Table A.160: Void

Table A.161: Void

A.2.2 Proxy role

A.2.2.1 Introduction

This subclause contains the ICS proforma tables related to the proxy role. They need to be completed only for proxy implementations.

Prerequisite: A.2/2 - - proxy role

A.2.2.2 Major capabilities

Table A.162: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
3	initiate session release?	[26] 16	Х	c27
4	stateless proxy behaviour?	[26] 16.11	0.1	c29
5	stateful proxy behaviour?	[26] 16.2	o.1	c28
6	forking of initial requests?	[26] 16.1	c1	c31
7	support of indication of TLS	[26] 16.7	0	n/a
	connections in the Record-Route			
	header on the upstream side?			
8	support of indication TLS connections	[26] 16.7	0	n/a
	in the Record-Route header on the			
0.4	downstream side?	1001 00 00	_	
8A	authentication between UA and proxy?	[26] 20.28,	0	Х
9	insertion of date in requests and	22.3 [26] 20.17	0	0
9	responses?	[20] 20.17	0	0
10	suppression or modification of alerting	[26] 20.4	0	0
10	information data?	[20] 20.4		
11	reading the contents of the Require	[26] 20.32	0	0
' '	header before proxying the request or	[20] 20.02		
	response?			
12	adding or modifying the contents of the	[26] 20.32	0	m
	Require header before proxying the	,		
	REGISTER request or response			
13	adding or modifying the contents of the	[26] 20.32	0	0
	Require header before proxying the			
	request or response for methods other			
	than REGISTER?			
14	being able to insert itself in the	[26] 16.6	0	c2
	subsequent transactions in a dialog			
45	(record-routing)?	[00] 40.7	-0	-0
15	the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction	[26] 16.7	c3	c3
	and downstream direction when record			
	routeing?			
16	reading the contents of the Supported	[26] 20.37	0	0
	header before proxying the response?	[20] 20.01		
17	reading the contents of the	[26] 20.40	0	m
	Unsupported header before proxying	' '		
	the 420 response to a REGISTER?			
18	reading the contents of the	[26] 20.40	0	0
	Unsupported header before proxying			
	the 420 response to a method other			
	than REGISTER?			
19	the inclusion of the Error-Info header in	[26] 20.18	0	0
101	3xx - 6xx responses?	1001.00.05		
19A	reading the contents of the	[26] 20.25	0	0
	Organization header before proxying			
19B	the request or response? adding or concatenating the	[26] 20.25	0	0
190	Organization header before proxying	[20] 20.23	0	
	the request or response?			
19C	reading the contents of the Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0
	header before proxying the request or	[,] -	
	response?			
19D	adding or concatenating the Call-Info	[26] 20.9	0	0
	header before proxying the request or			
	response?			
19E	delete Contact headers from 3xx	[26] 20	0	0
	responses prior to relaying the			
	response?			
	Extensions		1	

20	the SID INFO method?	[25]	Τ.	
20	the SIP INFO method?	[25]	0	0
21	reliability of provisional responses in SIP?	[27]	0	i
22	the REFER method?	[36]	0	
23	integration of resource management	[30] [64]	0	i o
23	and SIP?	[30] [04]	0	1
24	the SIP UPDATE method?	[29]	c4	i
			_	
26	SIP extensions for media authorization?	[31]	0	c7
27	SIP specific event notification	[28]	0	i
28	the use of NOTIFY to establish a dialog	[28] 4.2	0	n/a
29	Session Initiation Protocol Extension	[35]	0	c6
	Header Field for Registering Non-			
	Adjacent Contacts	FO 43		
30	extensions to the Session Initiation	[34]	0	m
	Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity			
	within trusted networks	FO 41	_	
30A	act as first entity within the trust domain	[34]	c5	c8
000	for asserted identity	FO 41	_	
30B	act as subsequent entity within trust	[34]	c5	c9
	network that can route outside the trust			
	network			
31	a privacy mechanism for the Session	[33]	0	m
	Initiation Protocol (SIP)			
31A	request of privacy by the inclusion of a	[33]	n/a	n/a
	Privacy header			
31B	application of privacy based on the	[33]	c10	c12
	received Privacy header			
31C	passing on of the Privacy header	[33]	c10	c13
	transparently			
31D	application of the privacy option	[33] 5.1	X	х
	"header" such that those headers which			
	cannot be completely expunged of			
	identifying information without the			
	assistance of intermediaries are			
	obscured?			
31E	application of the privacy option	[33] 5.2	n/a	n/a
	"session" such that anonymization for			
	the session(s) initiated by this message			
	occurs?			
31F	application of the privacy option "user"	[33] 5.3	n/a	n/a
	such that user level privacy functions			
	are provided by the network?			
31G	application of the privacy option "id"	[34] 7	c11	c12
	such that privacy of the network			
	asserted identity is provided by the			
	network?			
32	Session Initiation Protocol Extension	[38]	0	c30
	Header Field for Service Route			
	Discovery During Registration			
33	a messaging mechanism for the	[50]	0	m
	Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)		1	
34	Compressing the Session Initiation	[55]	0	c7
	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol	[55]	0	c7
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the	[55] [52]	0	c7
	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-			
	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project			
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd-Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)?	[52]	0	m
	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header			
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension?	[52] [52] 4.1	0 C14	m c15
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header	[52]	0	m
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header extension?	[52] [52] 4.1 [52] 4.2	0 C14	m c15
35	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header	[52] [52] 4.1	0 C14	m c15
35 36 37	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header extension? the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension?	[52] [52] 4.1 [52] 4.2	0 c14 c14	c15
35 36 37	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header extension? the P-Visited-Network-ID header	[52] [52] 4.1 [52] 4.2	0 c14 c14	c15
35 36 37 38	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header extension? the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension? reading, or deleting the P-Visited- Network-ID header before proxying the	[52] 4.1 [52] 4.2 [52] 4.3	0 c14 c14 c14	c15 c16 c17
35 36 37 38	Compressing the Session Initiation Protocol private header extensions to the session initiation protocol for the 3rd- Generation Partnership Project (3GPP)? the P-Associated-URI header extension? the P-Called-Party-ID header extension? the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension? reading, or deleting the P-Visited-	[52] 4.1 [52] 4.2 [52] 4.3	0 c14 c14 c14	c15 c16 c17

	extension?			
42	act as first entity within the trust domain	[52] 4.4	c20	c21
	for access network information?			
43	act as subsequent entity within trust	[52] 4.4	c20	c22
	network for access network information			
	that can route outside the trust			
44	network? the P-Charging-Function-Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	m
44	header extension?	[32] 4.3	1 614	""
44A	adding, deleting or reading the P-	[52] 4.6	c25	c26
	Charging-Function-Addresses header	` -		
	before proxying the request or			
	response?			
45	the P-Charging-Vector header	[52] 4.6	c14	m
40	extension?	[50] 4.0	-00	-0.4
46	adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before	[52] 4.6	c23	c24
	proxying the request or response?			
47	security mechanism agreement for the	[48]	0	c7
••	session initiation protocol?	[. •]		
48	the Reason header field for the session	[34A]	0	0
	initiation protocol			
49	an extension to the session initiation	[56A]	0	m
	protocol for symmetric response			
50	routeing	[COD]	-22	-22
50	caller preferences for the session initiation protocol?	[56B]	c33	c33
50A	the proxy-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
3071	preferences?	[500] 5.1	0.4	0.4
50B	the cancel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
	preferences?			
50C	the fork-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	c32
===	preferences?	[50D] 0.4	1	
50D	the recurse-directive within caller- preferences?	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
50E	the parallel-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	c32
JUL	preferences?	[500] 5.1	0.4	002
50F	the queue-directive within caller-	[56B] 9.1	0.4	0.4
	preferences?			
51	an event state publication extension to	[70]	0	m
	the session initiation protocol?			
52	SIP session timer?	[58]	0	0
53	the SIP Referred-By mechanism?	[59]	0	0
54	the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP) "Replaces" header?	[60]	0	0
55	the Session Inititation Protocol (SIP)	[61]	0	0
55	"Join" header?	[0.]		
56	the callee capabilities?	[62]	0	0
69	multiple-recipient MESSAGE requests	[104]	n/a	n/a
	in the session initiation protocol			
81	addressing an amplification vulnerability	[117]	c52	c52
	in session initiation protocol forking			
102	proxies?	[462]	m	m
102	correct transaction handling for 2xx responses to Session Initiation Protocol	[163]	m	m
	INVITE requests?			
104	essential correction for IPv6 ABNF and	[165]	m	m

0.3:

0.4

24.229 v	rersion 6.26.0 Release 6	198	ETSI TS 124 229 V6.26.0
c1:	IF A.162/5 THEN o ELSE n/a	stateful proxy beha	aviour
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3A OR A.3/4	THEN m FLSE o F	P-CSCF, I-CSCF(THIG) or S-CSCF.
c3:			AND A.162/8) THEN m ELSE IF
00.			th non-TLS else proxy insertion.
c4:	IF A.162/23 THEN m ELSE o		
c5:			Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for
C5.			Session initiation Protocol (SIP) for
- 0	asserted identity within truste		L OOOF (TUIO)
c6:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3A THEN m		or I-CSCF (THIG).
c7:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a -		
c8:			CF and extensions to the Session
	Initiation Protocol (SIP) for as		
c9:			ND A.162/30 THEN o ELSE n/a
			e Session Initiation Protocol (SIP)
	for asserted identity within tru		
c10:	IF A.162/31 THEN o.2 ELSE	n/a a privacy mecha	anism for the Session Initiation
	Protocol (SIP).		
c11:	IF A.162/31B THEN o ELSE	x application of priva	acy based on the received Privacy
	header.	,, ,	
c12:	IF A.162/31 AND A.3/4 THEN	l m ELSE n/a S-CS	CF.
c13:			N m ELSE n/a P-CSCF OR I-
	CSCF OR AS acting as a SIP		==== .,
c14:			extensions to the session initiation
011.	protocol for the 3rd-Generation		
c15:			n/a private header extensions to
010.			Partnership Project (3GPP) and
	P-CSCF or I-CSCF.	ioi the sid-Generation	i i artifership i roject (301 i) and
o16.		1 2/2 OD A 2/4) THEN	m FLCF n/a private booder
c16:			m ELSE n/a private header
			Brd-Generation Partnership Project
47	(3GPP) and P-CSCF or I-CSC		
c17:			n/a private header extensions to
		for the 3rd-Generation	n Partnership Project (3GPP) and
	P-CSCF or I-CSCF.		
c18:	IF A.162/38 THEN o ELSE n/		
c19:			3/7 THEN m ELSE n/a private
			for the 3rd-Generation Partnership
	Project (3GPP) and P-CSCF,		
c20:	IF A.162/41 THEN o ELSE n/		
c21:	IF A.162/41 AND A.3/2 THEN	I m ELSE n/a the P	-Access-Network-Info header
	extension and P-CSCF.		
c22:	IF A.162/41 AND A.3/4 THEN	I m ELSE n/a the P	-Access-Network-Info header
	extension and S-CSCF.		
c23:	IF A.162/45 THEN o ELSE n/	a the P-Charging-V	ector header extension.
c24:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n		
c25:	IF A.162/44 THEN o ELSE n/		
020.	extension.	a thor onarging r	andion / adrococo noddor
c26:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n	/a the P-Charging-F	Function Addresses header
020.	extension.	/a tile i -Charging-i	unction Addresses neader
227.	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m E	LCC V D CCCE or C	, CCCE
c27:			
c28:			P-CSCF or I-CSCF or S-CSCF.
c29:		ELSE IF A.3/3 THEN O	ELSE 0.8 P-CSCF or S-CSCF
	or I-CSCF.		
c30:	IF A.3/2 o ELSE i P-CSCF		
c31:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE x S		
c32:	IF A.3/4 THEN m ELSE o.4 -		
c33:	IF A.162/50A OR A.162/50B	OR A.162/50C OR A.1	62/50D OR A.162/50E OR
	A.162/50F THEN m ELSE n/a	a support of any dire	ectives within caller preferences for
	the session initiation protocol.		,
c52:	IF A.162/6 THEN m ELSE o -		iests.
o.1:	It is mandatory to support at l		
0.2:	It is mandatory to support at l		
0.2.	It is mandatory to support at l		

At least one of these capabilities is supported. It is mandatory to support at least one of these items. 0.8 NOTE: An AS acting as a proxy may be outside the trust domain, and therefore not able to support the capability for that reason; in this case it is perfectly reasonable for the header to be passed on transparently, as specified in the PDU parts of the profile.

It is mandatory to support at least one of these items.

A.2.2.3 PDUs

Table A.163: Supported methods

Receiving			
Profile			
status			
n			
n			
n			
n			
n			
n			
n			
:5			
:5			
:3			
:3			
n			
n			
6			
6			
20			
20			
:1			
:1			
n			
n			
:3			
:3			
:4			
:4			

c20: IF A.4/51 THEN m ELSE n/a

A.2.2.4 PDU parameters

A.2.2.4.1 Status-codes

Table A.164: Supported-status codes

	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	100 (Trying)	[26] 21.1.1	c1	c1	[26] 21.1.1	c2	c2	
101	1xx response	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	[26] 21.1	p21	p21	
2	180 (Ringing)	[26]	c3	c3	[26]	c3	c3	
_	Too (Kinging)	21.1.2			21.1.2			
3	181 (Call Is Being Forwarded)	[26]	c3	c3	[26]	c3	с3	
		21.1.3			21.1.3			
4	182 (Queued)	[26] 21.1.4	c3	c3	[26] 21.1.4	c3	c3	
5	183 (Session Progress)	[26] 21.1.5	c3	с3	[26] 21.1.5	c3	сЗ	
102	2xx response	[26] 21.2	p22	p22	[26] 21.1	p22	p22	
6	200 (OK)	[26] 21.2.1	m	m	[26] 21.2.1	i	m	
7	202 (Accepted)	[28] 8.3.1	c4	c4	[28] 8.3.1	c4	c4	
103	3xx response	[26] 21.3	p23	p23	[26] 21.1	p23	p23	
8	300 (Multiple Choices)	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
	,	21.3.1			21.3.1			
9	301 (Moved Permanently)	[26] 21.3.2	m	m	[26] 21.3.2	i	i	
10	302 (Moved Temporarily)	[26] 21.3.3	m	m	[26] 21.3.3	i	i	
11	305 (Use Proxy)	[26] 21.3.4	m	m	[26] 21.3.4	i	i	
12	380 (Alternative Service)	[26] 21.3.5	m	m	[26] 21.3.5	i	i	
104	4xx response	[26] 21.4	p24	p24	[26] 21.4	p24	p24	
13	400 (Bad Request)	[26] [21.4.1	m m	m m	[26] 21.4.1	i	i	
14	401 (Unauthorized)	[26] 21.4.2	m	m	[26] 21.4.2	i	c10	
15	402 (Payment Required)	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a	[26] 21.4.3	n/a	n/a	
16	403 (Forbidden)	[26] 21.4.4	m	m	[26] 21.4.4	i	i	
17	404 (Not Found)	[26] 21.4.5	m	m	[26] 21.4.5	i	i	
18	405 (Method Not Allowed)	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
19	406 (Not Acceptable)	21.4.6 [26] 21.4.7	m	m	21.4.6 [26]	i	i	
20	407 (Proxy Authentication	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
21	Required) 408 (Request Timeout)	21.4.8 [26]	m	m	21.4.8 [26] 21.4.9	i	i	
22	410 (Gone)	21.4.9 [26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
22A	412 (Conditional Request	21.4.10 [70]	c20	c20	21.4.10 [70]	c19	c19	
23	Failed) 413 (Request Entity Too	11.2.1 [26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
24	Large) 414 (Request-URI Too Large)	21.4.11 [26]	m	m	21.4.11 [26]	i	i	
25	415 (Unsupported Media Type)	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i	
	1 (VDE)	21.4.13	İ	I	21.4.13	1		

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
		24.4.4	status	status	01.111	status	status
07	Scheme)	21.4.14			21.4.14	:	:
27	420 (Bad Extension)	[26] 21.4.15	m	m	[26] 21.4.15	i	i
28	421 (Extension Required)	[26] 21.4.16	m	m	[26] 21.4.16	i	İ
28A	422 (Session Interval Too Small)	[58] 6	c8	c8	[58] 6	c8	c8
29	423 (Interval Too Brief)	[26] 21.4.17	c5	c5	[26] 21.4.17	c6	c6
29A	429 (Provide Referrer Identity)	[59] 5	с9	с9	[59] 5	с9	с9
29F	440 (Max Breadth Exceeded)	[117] 5	c30	c30	[117] 5	c31	c31
30	480 (Temporarily not available)	[26] 21.4.18	m	m	[26] 21.4.18	i	i
31	481 (Call /Transaction Does Not Exist)	[26] 21.4.19	m	m	[26] 21.4.19	i	i
32	482 (Loop Detected)	[26] 21.4.20	m	m	[26] 21.4.20	i	i
33	483 (Too Many Hops)	[26] 21.4.21	m	m	[26] 21.4.21	i	i
34	484 (Address Incomplete)	[26] 21.4.22	m	m	[26] 21.4.22	i	i
35	485 (Ambiguous)	[26] 21.4.23	m	m	[26] 21.4.23	i	i
36	486 (Busy Here)	[26] 21.4.24	m	m	[26] 21.4.24	i	i
37	487 (Request Terminated)	[26] 21.4.25	m	m	[26] 21.4.25	i	i
38	488 (Not Acceptable Here)	[26] 21.4.26	m	m	[26] 21.4.26	i	i
39	489 (Bad Event)	[28] 7.3.2	c4	c4	[28] 7.3.2	c4	c4
40	491 (Request Pending)	[26] 21.4.27	m	m	[26] 21.4.27	i	i
41	493 (Undecipherable)	[26] 21.4.28	m	m	[26] 21.4.28	i	i
41A	494 (Security Agreement Required)	[48] 2	с7	с7	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
105	5xx response	[26] 21.5	p25	p25	[26] 21.5	p25	p25
42	500 (Internal Server Error)	[26] 21.5.1	m	m	[26] 21.5.1	li	i
43	501 (Not Implemented)	[26] 21.5.2	m	m	[26] 21.5.2	i	i
44	502 (Bad Gateway)	[26] 21.5.3	m	m	[26] 21.5.3	i	i
45	503 (Service Unavailable)	[26] 21.5.4	m	m	[26] 21.5.4	i	i
46	504 (Server Time-out)	[26] 21.5.5	m	m	[26] 21.5.5	i	i
47	505 (Version not supported)	[26] 21.5.6	m	m	[26] 21.5.6	i	i
48	513 (Message Too Large)	[26] 21.5.7	m	m	[26] 21.5.7	i	i
49	580 (Precondition Failure)	[30] 8	m	m	[30] 8	i	i
106	6xx response	[26] 21.6	p26	p26	[26] 21.6	p26	p26
50	600 (Busy Everywhere)	[26] 21.6.1	m	m	[26] 21.6.1	i	i
51	603 (Decline)	[26] 21.6.2	m	m	[26] 21.6.2	i	i
52	604 (Does Not Exist Anywhere)	[26] 21.6.3	m	m	[26] 21.6.3	i	i
53	606 (Not Acceptable)	[26] 21.6.4	m	m	[26] 21.6.4	i	i

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
c1:	IF A.163/9 AND A.162/5 THEN m ELSE n/a INVITE response, stateful proxy.									
c2:	IF A.163/9 THEN (IF A.162/5 TH	IF A.163/9 THEN (IF A.162/5 THEN m ELSE i) ELSE n/a INVITE response, stateful proxy.								
c3:	IF A.163/9 THEN m ELSE n/a -	- INVITE resp	oonse.							
c4:	IF A.162/27 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP specif	ic event notif	ication.						
c5:	IF A.163/19 OR A.163/21 THEN	m ELSE n/a	REGISTE	R response	or SUBSCRI	BE response				
c6:	IF A.163/19 OR A.163/21 THEN	i ELSE n/a -	- REGISTER	R response or	SUBSCRIB	E response.				
c7:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security m	echanism ag	reement for t	he session ir	nitiation proto	col.			
c8:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP se	ssion timer.							
c9:	IF A.162/53 AND A.163/17 THE	N m ELSE n/	/a the SIP	Referred-By	mechanism a	and REFER r	esponse.			
c10:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE i P-C	SCF.								
c19:	IF A.162/51 THEN i ELSE n/a -									
c20:	IF A.162/51 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c30:	IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a	addressing	g an amplifica	ation vulneral	oility in session	on initiation p	rotocol			
	forking proxies.									
c31:	IF A.162/81 THEN i ELSE n/a -	- addressing	an amplificat	ion vulnerabi	lity in sessior	n initiation pro	otocol			
	forking proxies.									
p21:	A.164/2 OR A.164/3 OR A.164/4		5 1xx resp	onse						
p22:	A.164/6 OR A.164/7 2xx resp									
p23:	A.164/8 OR A.164/9 OR A.164/									
p24:	A.164/14 OR A.164/15 OR A.16									
	OR A.164/22 OR A.164/22A OR						-			
	A.164/28 OR A.164/28A OR A.1						-			
	A.164/32 OR A.164/33 OR A.16				164/436 OR	A.164/38 OF	R A.164/39			
	OR A.164/40 OR A.164/41 OR A									
p25:	A.164/42 OR A.164/43 OR A.16	4/44 OR A.10	64/45 OR A.	164/46 OR A.	164/47 OR <i>A</i>	A.164/48 OR	A.164/49			
	5xx response	./ :								
p26:	A.164/50 OR A.164/51 OR A.16	4/52 OR A.1	64/53 6xx	response						

A.2.2.4.2 ACK method

Prerequisite A.163/1 - - ACK request

NOTE:

SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.165: Supported headers within the ACK request

Item	Header	Header Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i		
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
6	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i		
7	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i		
8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i		
9	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
10	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3		
11	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
12	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
13	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
13A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c15	c15	[117] 5.8	c16	c16		
14	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m		
15	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c3		
15A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	c7	c7		
16	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4		
17	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m		
17A	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	c9	с9		
17B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11		
17C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c10	c10	[56B] 9.1	c11	c11		
18	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5		
19	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m		
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i		
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i		
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI								
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i iı				nses.				
c3:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS								
c4:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i								
c5:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN								
	the request or response or addi			nts of the Re	quire header	before proxy	ing the		
	request or response for method				1 B	, , (OID)			
c6:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c7:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G The								
00.	option "header" or application of IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a						sparently.		
c8: c9:	IF A.162/48 THEN IT ELSE IT/A IF A.162/48 THEN I ELSE IT/A								
c10:	IF A.162/46 THEN TELSE II/a - IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c10.	IF A.162/50 THEN III ELSE II/a IF A.162/50 THEN I ELSE II/a								
c15:	IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a						orotocol		
010.	forking proxies.	addicasiii	g an ampline	addir vaniere	iomity iii ooooii	on midation	31313331		
c16:	IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN	l m ELSE IF	A.162/81 AN	ID NOT A.16	2/6 THEN i F	LSE n/a a	ddressina		
3.0.	an amplification vulnerability in								
NOTE	at refere to the LIA rele major of								

c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for

Table A.166: Void

A.2.2.4.3 BYE method

Prerequisite A.163/2 - - BYE request

Table A.167: Supported headers within the BYE request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
14B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c33	c33	[117] 5.8	c34	c34
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	с3
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14
16B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	с9	с9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10
16C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c17	c17	[52] 4.5	c18	c18
	Addresses	' '					
16D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c15	n/a	[52] 4.6	c16	n/a
16E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c8	n/a
16F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
18A	Reason	[34A] 2	c20	c20	[34A] 2	c21	c21
19	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
19A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c24	c24	[59] 3	c25	c25
19B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22	[56B] 9.2	c23	c23
19C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22	[56B] 9.1	c23	c23
20	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
21	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
21A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	Х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19
21B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c19	c19
22	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
23	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
24	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
25	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
26	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i - P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
- c4: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN o ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c9: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c10: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c11: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c12: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c13: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c19: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c20: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c21: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c22: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c23: IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c24: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c25: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c33: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c34: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.

NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.168: Void

Table A.169: Void

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Item	Header		Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c2			
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c2			
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c2			
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c2			
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1			
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c2			
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13			
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5			
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11			
	Addresses	` '								
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	n/a	[52] 4.6	с9	n/a			
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a			
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	с7	с7			
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14			
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i			
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i			
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i			
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m			
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i			
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i ir	nsertion of da	te in reques	s and respor	ises.	•				
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS									
c3:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a									
c4:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	extensions	to the Sess	ion Initiation	Protocol (SIP) for asserte	d identity			
	within trusted networks.									
c5:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE									
	asserted identity within trusted r	networks or si	ubsequent e	ntity within tri	ist network th	at can route	outside th			

- c6: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy c7: option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c8:
- c9: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c10:
- IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Chargingc11: Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network c12: for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying c14: the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.171: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	i	c1	
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notification	n extension.				
c3:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension. IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction and downstream direction when record routeing.							

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.171A: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/3 - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.172: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.						

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.173: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.174: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.175: Void

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.176: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.177: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			วเลเนอ	่อเลเนอ		่อเลเนอ	่อเลเนอ	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.178: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref. RFC Profile			Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3		
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420								
	response to a method other than REGISTER.								

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - BYE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.178A: Supported headers within the BYE response

Item	Header	Sending Ref. RFC Profile			Receiving							
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status					
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a					
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security m	echanism ag	reement for t	he session ir	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Table A.179: Void

Table A.180: Void

A.2.2.4.4 **CANCEL** method

Prerequisite A.163/4 - - CANCEL request

Table A.181: Supported headers within the CANCEL request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11		
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i		
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
8	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
9	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
10	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
11A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c15	c15	[117] 5.8	c16	c16		
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m		
14	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	c3	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
15	Reason	[34A] 2	c8	c8	[34A] 2	с9	с9		
16	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	с7	c7		
17	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c10	c10	[56B] 9.2	c11	c11		
17A	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c10	c10	[56B] 9.1	c11	c11		
18	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m		
19	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6		
20	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i		
21	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
22	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i		
23	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
c2:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i	insertion of da	te in reques	ts and respor	ises.				
c3:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a	ı a privacy ı	mechanism f	or the Sessic	n Initiation Pr	rotocol (SIP)			
c4:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G T	HEN m ELSE	IF A.162/31	C THEN I EL	SE n/a app	olication of th	ne privacy		
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.								
c6:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i -								
	response.	•							
c7:	IF A.162/14 THEN o ELSE i	the requireme	ent to be able	e to insert itse	elf in the subs	equent trans	sactions in		
	dialog.	-							
- 0 -	IE A ÃOO/40 TUEN. EL OF /	41 D							

c8: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.

IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c9:

IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c10:

c11:

IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a - - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol c15: forking proxies.

IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - - addressing c16: an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.

NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.182: Void

Prerequisite A.163/5 - - CANCEL response for all status-codes

Table A.183: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Header		Sending			Receiving	
	Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
		status	status		status	status
Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
Privacy	[33] 4.2	c2	c2	[33] 4.2	c3	c3
Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
User-Agent	[26] 20.41	0		[26] 20.41	0	
Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
	Call-ID Content-Length Cseq Date From Privacy Timestamp To User-Agent Via	Ref. Call-ID [26] 20.8 Content-Length [26] 20.14 Cseq [26] 20.16 Date [26] 20.17 From [26] 20.20 Privacy [33] 4.2 Timestamp [26] 20.38 To [26] 20.39 User-Agent [26] 20.41 Via [26] 20.42	Ref. RFC status Call-ID [26] 20.8 m Content-Length [26] 20.14 m Cseq [26] 20.16 m Date [26] 20.17 m From [26] 20.20 m Privacy [33] 4.2 c2 Timestamp [26] 20.38 m To [26] 20.39 m User-Agent [26] 20.41 o Via [26] 20.42 m	Ref. RFC status Profile status Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m Cseq [26] 20.16 m m Date [26] 20.17 m m From [26] 20.20 m m Privacy [33] 4.2 c2 c2 Timestamp [26] 20.38 m m To [26] 20.39 m m User-Agent [26] 20.41 o o Via [26] 20.42 m m	Ref. RFC status Profile status Ref. Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m m m [26] 20.18 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m m [26] 20.14 Cseq [26] 20.16 m m m [26] 20.16 Date [26] 20.17 m m m [26] 20.17 From [26] 20.20 m m m [26] 20.20 Privacy [33] 4.2 c2 c2 c2 [33] 4.2 Timestamp [26] 20.38 m m m [26] 20.38 To [26] 20.39 m m m [26] 20.39 User-Agent [26] 20.41 o m [26] 20.41 Via [26] 20.42 m m m [26] 20.42	Ref. RFC status Profile status Ref. status RFC status Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m m [26] 20.8 m m Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m m [26] 20.14 m m Cseq [26] 20.16 m m m [26] 20.16 m m Date [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.17 c1 c1 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m Privacy [33] 4.2 c2 c2 c2 [33] 4.2 c3 Timestamp [26] 20.38 m m m [26] 20.39 m m User-Agent [26] 20.41 o m m [26] 20.42 m m

c1:

IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - - insertion of date in requests and responses. IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). c2:

IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - - application of the privacy c3: option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.

Prerequisite A.163/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.184: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction and downstream direction when record routeing.							

Prerequisite A.163/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.184A: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
			อเลเนอ	อเลเนอ		อเลเนอ	อเลเนอ	
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i	

Table A.185: Void

Prerequisite A.163/5 - - CANCEL response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.186: Supported headers within the CANCEL response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.188: Void

Table A.189: Void

A.2.2.4.5 COMET method

Void

A.2.2.4.6 INFO method

Void

A.2.2.4.7 INVITE method

Prerequisite A.163/8 - - INVITE request

Tables A.190 to A.203: Void

Table A.204: Supported headers within the INVITE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c34	c34	[56B] 9.2	c34	c35	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	
4	Alert-Info	[26] 20.4	c2	c2	[26] 20.4	c3	c3	
5	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
6	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
8	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i	
9	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
10	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c12	c12	
11	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
12	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c6	
13	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	с6	
14	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	с6	
15	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
16	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	с6	
17	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
18	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c4	c4	
19	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i	
20	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
21	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	m	m	[26] 20.21	i	i	
21A	Join	[61] 7.1	c41	c41	[61] 7.1	c42	c42	
21B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c63	c63	[117] 5.8	c64	c64	
22	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m	
23	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c6	
23A	Min-SE	[58] 5	0	0	[58] 5	0	0	
24	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c5	c5	
24A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c28	c28	[52] 4.4	c29	c30	
24B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c15	c15	[34] 9.1	c16	c16	
24C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c19	c19	[52] 4.2	c20	c21	
24D	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c26	c27	[52] 4.5	c26	c27	
	Addresses							
24E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c24	c24	[52] 4.6	c25	c25	
25	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	с9	c10	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	
25A	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c14	c14	
25B	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c22	n/a	[52] 4.3	c23	n/a	
26	Priority	[26] 20.26	m	m	[26] 20.26	i	i	
26A	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c17	c17	[33] 4.2	c18	c18	
27	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c13	c13	
28	Proxy-Require	[26]	m	m	[26]	m	m	

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
		20.29,			20.29,			
		[34] 4			[34] 4			
28A	Reason	[34A] 2	c32	c32	[34A] 2	c33	c33	
29	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c11	c11	
30	Referred-By	[59] 3	c37	c37	[59] 3	c38	c38	
31	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c34	c34	[56B] 9.2	c34	c35	
31A	Replaces	[60] 6.1	c39	c39	[60] 6.1	c40	c40	
31B	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i	
31B	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c34	c34	[56B] 9.1	c34	c34	
32	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c7	c7	
33	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m	
33A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c31	c31	
33B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	Х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c31	c31	
33C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c36	c36	[58] 4	c36	c36	
34	Subject	[26] 20.36	m	m	[26] 20.36	i	i	
35	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	с8	с8	
36	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
37	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
38	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
39	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI									
c2:	IF A.162/10 THEN n/a ELSE m									
c3:	IF A.162/10 THEN m ELSE i					data.				
c4:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i insertion of date in requests and responses. IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.									
c5:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSET reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header. IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i P-CSCF or S-CSCF.									
c6: c7:	IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN				o Poguiro b	onder before	proving			
67.	the request or response or additional transfer of the request of t									
	request or response for method	s other than	REGISTER.							
c8:	IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.									
c9:	IF A.162/26 THEN m ELSE n/a	SIP exten	sions for med	dia authorizat	on.					
c10:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a F		0.0.10 .00							
c11:	IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i		ent to be abl	e to insert itse	elf in the sub	sequent trans	sactions in			
	a dialog.									
c12:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D TH					the Call-Info h	neader.			
c13:	IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i									
c14:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/s									
c15:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	extension	s to the Sess	ion Initiation I	rotocol (SIF) for asserted	didentity			
c16:	within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE	N m El SE i	extension	e to the Secci	on Initiation	Protocol (SIP) for			
010.	asserted identity within trusted r									
	trust network.	ictworks or s	absequent e	indity within the	or notwork ti	nat can route	outside the			
c17:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a	a privacy	mechanism f	or the Sessio	n Initiation P	rotocol (SIP).				
c18:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH									
	option "header" or application of									
c19:	IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Call	ed-Party-ID I	neader extens	sion.					
c20:	IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a -									
c21:	IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m		162/37 AND	A.3/3 THEN i	ELSE n/a -	- the P-Called	l-Party-ID			
	header extension and P-CSCF									
c22:	IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c23:	IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i	reading, or d	leleting the P	-Visited-Netw	ork-ID head	er before prox	kying the			
224	request or response. IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a	the D Che	raina Vaatar	booder exten	oion					
c24: c25:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A					ling or modify	ing the D			
625.	Charging-Vector header before									
	extension.	proxying the	request of re	saporise or the		g-vector fleat	161			
c26:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Cha	raina-Functio	on-Addresses	header exte	ension.				
c27:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF						Charging-			
	Function-Addresses header before	ore proxying	the request of	or response, o	or the P-Cha	rging-Functio	n-			
	Addresses header extension.									
c28:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A									
	for access network information t	hat can route	e outside the	trust network	, the P-Acce	ss-Network-Ir	nfo header			
	extension.									
c29:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A									
	for access network information t	nat can route	e outside the	trust network	, the P-Acce	ss-Network-Ir	nto neader			
c30:	extension. IF A.162/43 OR (A.162/41 AND	Λ 3/2) THEN	l m El SE IE	Λ 162//1 THE	N i El SE n	/a act as si	ubsequent			
C30.	entity within trust network for ac									
	Access-Network-Info header ex				outside trie	tiust network	ι, ιπο τ -			
c31:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a				he session i	nitiation proto	col.			
c32:	IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c33:	IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a -									
c34:	IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c35:	IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m			NOT A.4/3 TH	HEN i ELSE	n/a caller p	oreferences			
	for the session initiation protoco									
c36:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c37:	IF A.162/53 THEN I ELSE n/a -									
c38:	IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a				"Doole "	hoods:				
c39:	IF A.162/54 THEN m ELSE n/a									
c40: c41:	IF A.162/54 THEN i ELSE n/a									
c41: c42:	IF A.162/55 THEN m ELSE n/a IF A.162/55 THEN i ELSE n/a -									
c42:							rotocol			
000.	IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.									
c64:	IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN	l m ELSE IF	A.162/81 AN	D NOT A.162	/6 THEN i F	LSE n/a a	ddressina			
	an amplification vulnerability in									
	,			J 1	,	-130				

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major ca SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.	apability as th	nis is the case	of a proxy the	nat also acts	as a UA spec	cifically for

Table A.205: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/1 - - Additional for 100 (Trying) response

Table A.206: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
3	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
4	Date	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
5	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
6	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
7	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
c1:	IF (A.162/9 AND A.162/5) OR A stateless proxies.	1.162/4 THEN	I m ELSE n/a	a stateful p	roxy behavio	ur that insert	s date, or

c2: IF A.162/4 THEN i ELSE m - - Stateless proxy passes on.

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response for all remaining status-codes

Table A.207: Supported headers within the INVITE response

ltem	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	сЗ
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	сЗ
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	сЗ
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	с3
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
8A	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	сЗ
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	[52] 4.4	c15	c15
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	с6	с6	[34] 9.1	с7	с7
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	[52] 4.5	c13	c13
11D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c10	c10	[52] 4.6	c11	c11
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c5	n/a
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с8	с8	[33] 4.2	с9	с9
11G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i
11H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c16	c16
11I	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i
o1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i		te in reques	ts and respor		•	•
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B T					ne Organiza	tion headei
c3:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m EL				ŭ	•	
c4:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D T						
c5:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n	/a act as fir	st entity with	in the trust d	omain for ass	erted identity	v .

- c6: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c7: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c8: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c9: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c10: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c12: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/101 - - Additional for 1xx response

Table A.208: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
6	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	с9	c10	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a	
7	Record-Route	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c11	c11	
9	Rseq	[27] 7.1	m	m	[27] 7.1	i	i	
11	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
ca.	IF Δ 162/26 THEN m FLSE n/a	SIP avtano	sions for mar	dia authorizat	tion	•	•	

IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a - - P-CSCF. c10:

c11: IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i - - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.209: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i		
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i		
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
4	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i		
6	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i		
8	P-Media-Authorization	[31] 5.1	с9	c10	[31] 5.1	n/a	n/a		
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	с3		
10	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c11	c11	[58] 4	c11	c11		
13	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i		

IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - - SIP specific event notification extension. c1:

c3: IF A.162/14 THEN m ELSE i - - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in

IF A.162/26 THEN m ELSE n/a - - SIP extensions for media authorization. c9:

IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a - - P-CSCF. c10:

c11: IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP session timer. Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.209A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.210: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.						

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.211: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
15	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	0		[26] 20.44	0	

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.212: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i	
12	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	

Table A.213: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.214: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
6	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
11	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.215: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.216: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile			
			status	status		status	status			
10	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3			
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420									
	response to a method other than REGISTER.									

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.216A: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Prerequisite A.16/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.216B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a the SIP session timer.							

Table A.217: Void

Table A.217A: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9 - - INVITE response

Prerequisite: A.164/45 - - 503 (Service Unavailable)

Table A.217B: Supported headers within the INVITE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
8	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.218: Void

A.2.2.4.7A MESSAGE method

Prerequisite A.163/9A - - MESSAGE request

Table A.218A: Supported headers within the MESSAGE request

Ref. Status Sta	Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
1			Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.		Profile
1A Allow [26] 20.5 m m [50] 10 i i				status	status		status	status
Allow-Events	1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29
Authorization		Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[50] 10	i	i
4 Call-ID [26] 20.8 m m [26] 20.9 m m [26] 20.9 cd		Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5 Call-Info [26] 20.91 m m [26] 20.91 c4 c4 6 Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.12 i<	3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6 Content-Disposition [26] 20.11 m m [26] 20.11 i i i 7 Content-Language [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.13 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.14 m m 10 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.14 m m 11 Cseq [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.16 m m 12 Date [26] 20.17 m m [26] 20.19 l i 13 Expires [26] 20.19 m m [26] 20.19 l i 14 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.19 l i 15 In-Reply-To [26] 20.21 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m	4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7 Content-Encoding [26] 20.12 m m [26] 20.12 i i 8 Content-Languape [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i 10 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Cseq [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 13 Expires [26] 20.19 m m [26] 20.19 l i 14 From [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.19 l i 15 In-Reply-To [26] 20.20 m m [50] 10 i i 15A Max-Browards [26] 20.21 m m [50] 10 i i 15A Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i<	5	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
7 Content-Encoding [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.12 i i 8 Content-Language [26] 20.13 m m [26] 20.14 i i 9 Content-Length [26] 20.14 m m [26] 20.15 i i 10 Content-Type [26] 20.15 m m [26] 20.15 i i 11 Cseq [26] 20.16 m m [26] 20.17 c2 c2 13 Expires [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.19 l i i m 14 From [26] 20.20 m m [50] 10 i i i i i i i i m m [26] 20.20 m m m [26] 20.20 m m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 m m [26] 20.20 <t< td=""><td>6</td><td>Content-Disposition</td><td></td><td>m</td><td>m</td><td></td><td>i</td><td>i</td></t<>	6	Content-Disposition		m	m		i	i
Second Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Language Content-Type Cont				m	m		i	i
9 Content-Length 1261 20.14 m m 1261 20.15 i i 10 Content-Type 1261 20.15 m m 1261 20.15 i i 11 Cseq 1261 20.16 m m 1261 20.16 m m 12 Date 1261 20.17 m m 1261 20.17 c2 c2 13 Expires 1261 20.19 m m 1261 20.20 m m 14 From 1261 20.20 m m 261 20.20 m m 15 In-Reply-To 1261 20.21 m m 1501 10 i i 15A Max-Browards 1261 20.22 m m 1501 10 i i 15A Max-Browards 1261 20.22 m m 1	8	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
10				m	m		m	m
11	10			m	m		i	i
12				m	m		m	m
13			[26] 20.17	m	m		c2	
14		Expires						
15				m	m		m	m
15A Max-Breadth								
16 Max-Forwards [26] 20.22 m m [26] 20.22 m m 17 MIME-Version [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i i 18 Organization [26] 20.25 m m [26] 20.25 c3 c3 18A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c23 c23 [52] 4.4 c24 c24 18B P-Asserted-Identity [34] 9.1 c10 c10 [34] 9.1 c11 c11 18C P-Called-Party-ID [52] 4.2 c14 c14 [52] 4.5 c21 c51 d.5 c15 c16 18D P-Charging-Function-Addresses [52] 4.5 c21 c21 [52] 4.6 c20 c22 c22 18E P-Charging-Vector [52] 4.6 c19 c19 [52] 4.6 c20 c20 18F P-Preferred-Identity [34] 9.2 x x x [34] 9.2 c9 c9 18G							c49	c49
17 MIME-Version [26] 20.24 m m [26] 20.24 i i 18 Organization [26] 20.25 m m [26] 20.25 c3 c3 18A P-Access-Network-Info [52] 4.4 c23 c23 [52] 4.4 c24 c24 18B P-Asserted-Identity [34] 9.1 c10 c10 [34] 9.1 c11 c11 c11 18C P-Called-Party-ID [52] 4.2 c14 c14 [52] 4.2 c15 c16 18D P-Charging-Function-Addresses c21 c21 [52] 4.5 c22 c22 c22 18E P-Charging-Vector [52] 4.6 c19 c19 [52] 4.6 c20 c20 18F P-Preferred-Identity [34] 9.2 x x 34] 9.2 c9 c9 18G P-Visited-Network-ID [52] 4.3 c17 n/a [52] 4.3 c18 n/a 19 Prioxity [26] 20.26 m m <								
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31 Via [26] 20.42 m m [26] 20.42 m m		· · · · · ·						

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN o ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c9: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c10: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c11: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c12: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c13: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c14: IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND A.3/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF.
- c17: IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
- c19: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c20: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c21: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c22: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c23: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c24: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c25: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c26: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c27: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c28: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c29: IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
- c30: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c31: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c48: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c49: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.218B: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response for all status-codes

Table A.218C: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c3	c3	
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
9	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
9A	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i	
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2	
12A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	
12B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	[34] 9.1	c6	c6	
12C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	
12D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с9	n/a	[52] 4.6	c10	n/a	
12E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	с4	n/a	
12F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с7	с7	[33] 4.2	с8	с8	
12G	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i	
12H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c15	c15	
13	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
14	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	i	i	[26] 20.38	i	i	
15	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
16	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
17	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
18	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i	
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i	insertion of da	te in reques	ts and respor	nses.			
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B T					he Organiza	tion headeı	

- c3: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c4: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c5: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c6: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c7: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c8: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c9: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c10: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c12: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.218D: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i		
4	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3		
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.								
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction								

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

and downstream direction when record routeing.

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.218DA: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.218E: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.218F: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.218G: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
4	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.218H: Void

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.218I: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type)

Table A.218J: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.218K: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	с3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/9B - - MESSAGE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.218L: Supported headers within the MESSAGE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.218M: Void

Table A.218N: Void

A.2.2.4.8 NOTIFY method

Prerequisite A.163/10 - - NOTIFY request

Table A.219: Supported headers within the NOTIFY request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m
15	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
15C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c29	c29	[117] 5.8	c30	c30
16	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
17	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
17A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c16	c16	[52] 4.4	c17	c17
17B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c8	c8	[34] 9.1	c9	c9
17C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c14	[52] 4.5	c15	c15
17D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	n/a	[52] 4.6	c13	n/a
17E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	X	X	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a
17F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c10	c10	[33] 4.2	c11	c11
18	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
19	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c19	c19	[34A] 2	c20	c20
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c23	c23	[59] 3	c24	c24
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22
21	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
22A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	Х	X	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
22B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	X	X	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
23	Subscription-State	[28] 8.2.3	m	m	[28] 8.2.3	i	i
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
26	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	1 ii
28	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
29	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.42	i	i i
	· · · a · · · · · · · · · · ·	[[20] 20.70	1 ***	1	[20] 20.70		1 '

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c4: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN (IF A.162/22 OR A.162/27 THEN m ELSE o) ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog or (the REFER method or SIP specific event notification).
- c8: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c9: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c10: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c11: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c12: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c19: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c20: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c21: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c22: IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c23: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c24: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c29: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c30: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.

NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.220: Void

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response for all status-codes

Table A.221: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

ltem	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c11	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c3	c3	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	с9	с9	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с7	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a	
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	х	[34] 9.2	c2	n/a	
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c5	c5	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c13	c13	
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i	

- c2: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c3: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c4: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c5: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c6: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c7: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c8: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c9: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c10: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension
- c12: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.222: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i		
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i		
2	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3		
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SIP specific event notification extension.								
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction								
	and downstream direction when	record route	ing.						

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.222A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 - - Additional for 3xx response

Table A.223: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.224: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.225: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Ī	Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
			Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
Ī	3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	li

Table A.226: Void

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.227: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.228: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	İ
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.229: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.229A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.230: Void

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/35 - - Additional for 485 (Ambigious) response

Table A.230A: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/11 - - NOTIFY response

Prerequisite: A.164/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.231: Supported headers within the NOTIFY response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SII	P specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.				
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for							
	SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.	•				•	-	

Table A.232: Void

A.2.2.4.9 OPTIONS method

Prerequisite A.163/12 - - OPTIONS request

Table A.233: Supported headers within the OPTIONS request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
16C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c41	c41	[117] 5.8	c42	c42
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
19	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	с3	с3
19A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c23	c23	[52] 4.4	c24	c24
19B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c10	c10	[34] 9.1	c11	c11
19C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c14	c14	[52] 4.2	c15	c16
19D	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c21	c21	[52] 4.5	c22	c22
	Addresses						
19E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c19	c19	[52] 4.6	c20	c20
19F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	X	[34] 9.2	с9	с9
19G	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a	[52] 4.3	c18	n/a
19H	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c13	c13
20	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	с8	c8
21	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
21A	Reason	[34A] 2	c26	c26	[34A] 2	c27	c27
22	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
22A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c30	c30	[59] 3	c31	c31
22B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28	[56B] 9.1	c28	c28
23	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	Х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	Х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN o ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c9: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c10: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c11: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c12: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c13: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c14: IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND A.3/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF.
- c17: IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
- c19: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c20: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c21: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c22: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c23: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c24: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c25: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c26: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c27: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c28: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c29: IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
- c30: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c31: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c41: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c42: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.234: Void

Table A.235: Void

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response for all status-codes

Addresses header extension.

extension.

c13:

c14:

Table A.236: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving					
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status			
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i			
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m			
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c3	с3			
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i			
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i			
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i			
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m			
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i			
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m			
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1			
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m			
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i			
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2			
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14			
11B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	[34] 9.1	c6	c6			
11C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	[52] 4.5	c12	c12			
11D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с9	с9	[52] 4.6	c10	c10			
11E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	X	X	[34] 9.2	c4	n/a			
11F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c7	c7	[33] 4.2	c8	c8			
11G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c15	c15			
11H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i			
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i			
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m			
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i			
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42		m			
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i			
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i i					<u> </u>	٠.			
c2: c3: c4: c5:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D TH IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/ IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	HEN m ELSE HEN m ELSE 'a act as fir	i reading, i reading, st entity with	adding or co adding or co in the trust do	ncatenating to ncatenating to omain for ass	he Call-Info I erted identity	neader. ′.			
c6:	within trusted networks. IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THE asserted identity within trusted it trust network.	EN m ELSE i networks or s	extension ubsequent e	s to the Sess	ion Initiation lust network th	Protocol (SIP nat can route) for outside the			
c7: c8:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP). IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy									
_	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.									
c9:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
c10:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.									
c11:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a	the P-Cha	raina-Function	n-Addresse	s header exte	nsion				
c12:	IF A.162/44A THEN IN ELSE IF Function-Addresses header bef	A.162/44 TH	EN i ELSE r	/a adding	, deleting or re	eading the P				

IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header

IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - - act as subsequent entity within trust network

15: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
c15: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.237: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
9	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	сЗ	
12	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	

c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - - SIP specific event notification extension.

c3: IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i - - the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction and downstream direction when record routeing.

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.237A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.238: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.239: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20,44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	li	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.240: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.241: Void

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.242: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.243: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.244: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	с3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/13 - - OPTIONS response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.244A: Supported headers within the OPTIONS response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.245: Void

Table A.246: Void

A.2.2.4.10 PRACK method

Prerequisite A.163/14 - - PRACK request

Table A.247: Supported headers within the PRACK request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	сЗ
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
14	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
14A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c26	c26	[117] 5.8	c27	c27
15	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
16	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	сЗ
16A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	[52] 4.4	c15	c15
16B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	[52] 4.5	c13	c13
16C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c10	n/a	[52] 4.6	c11	n/a
16D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c8	c8	[33] 4.2	c9	c9
17	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
18	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
19	Rack	[27] 7.2	m	m	[27] 7.2	i	† iii
19A	Reason	[34A] 2	c16	c16	[34A] 2	c17	c17
20	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7
20A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c20	c20	[59] 3	c21	c21
20B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c18	c18	[56B] 9.2	c19	c19
20C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c18	c18	[56B] 9.1	c19	c19
21	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
22	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
23	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
24	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
25	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
26	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	† i''
27	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	'm
<u>~ 1</u>	VIU	[20] 20.72	1	1 111	ا لحال کا ۱۳	1	1

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i - P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
- c4: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN 0 ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c9: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c10: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c12: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c17: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c18: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c19: IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c20: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c21: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c26: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c27: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.248: Void

Table A.249: Void

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response for all status-codes

Table A.250: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c2	
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c2	
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c2	
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c2	
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c2	
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	с9	с9	[52] 4.4	c10	c10	
10B	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	с7	с7	[52] 4.5	с8	с8	
	Addresses							
10C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c5	n/a	[52] 4.6	c6	n/a	
10D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	c3	[33] 4.2	c4	c4	
10E	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c11	c11	
10F	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i	
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i ir				ises.			
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELS							
c3:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c4:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a application of the privacy							
	option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.							
c5:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c6:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A	1.162/45 THE	N i ELSE n/a	a adding, c	deleting, read	ing or modify	ying the P-	

- c6: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c7: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c8: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c9: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c10: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.251: Supported headers within the PRACK response

I	ltem	Header	Sending	Receiving

		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
0B	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
1	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
4	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i S	IP specific eve	ent notificatio	n extension.				
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction							
	and downstream direction wher	record route	ing.					

Prerequisite A.163/3 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.251A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.252: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.253: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.254: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20 33	i	i

Table A.255: Void

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.256: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.257: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	İ	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Addition for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.258: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than	n REGISTER						

Prerequisite A.163/15 - - PRACK response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.258A: Supported headers within the PRACK response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.259: Void

Table A.260: Void

A.2.2.4.10A PUBLISH method

Prerequisite A.163/15A - - PUBLISH request

Table A.260A: Supported headers within the PUBLISH request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c28	c28	[56B] 9.2	c28	c29		
2	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i		
3	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c29	c29		
4	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i		
5	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
6	Call-Info	[26] 24.9	m	m	[26] 24.9	c4	c4		
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i		
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i		
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i		
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i		
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2		
14	Event	[70] 4, 6	m	m	[70] 4, 6	m	m		
15	Expires	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i		
		20.19,			20.19,				
		[70] 4, 5,			[70] 4, 5,				
		6			6				
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
17	In-Reply-To	[26] 20.21	m	m	[26] 20.21	i	i		
17A	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c44	c44	[117] 5.8	c45	c45		
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m		
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i		
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3		
21	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c23	c23	[52] 4.4	c24	c24		
22	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c10	c10	[34] 9.1	c11	c11		
23	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c14	c14	[52] 4.2	c15	c16		
24	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c21	c21	[52] 4.5	c22	c22		
	Addresses								
25	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c19	c19	[52] 4.6	c20	c20		
26	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	х	Х	[34] 9.2	с9	с9		

27	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a	[52] 4.3	c18	n/a
28	Priorità	[26] 20.26	m	m	[26] 20.26	i	i
29	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	[33] 4.2	c13	c13
30	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c7	c7
31	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
32	Reason	[34A] 2	с8	с8	[34A] 2	c1	c1
33	Referred-By	[59] 3	c30	c30	[59] 3	c31	c31
34	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
34A	Reply-To	[26] 20.31	m	m	[26] 20.31	i	i
35	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27
36	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
37	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
38	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	Х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c25	c25
39	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	Х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c26	c26
40	SIP-If-Match	[70]	m	m	[70]	i	i
		11.3.2			11.3.2		
41	Subject	[26] 20.36	m	m	[26] 20.36	i	i
42	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
43	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
44	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
45	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
46	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol. c1:
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header. c3:
- IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header. c4·
- IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying c5: the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the c6:
- IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy. c7:
- c8: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity. c9:
- IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity c10: within trusted networks.
- IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for c11: asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the
- c12: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy c13: option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension. c14:
- IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension. c15:
- IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND A.3/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID c16: header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF.
- IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension. c17:
- IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the c18: request or response.
- IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c19:
- IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the Pc20: Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c21: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Chargingc22: Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network c23: for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network c24: for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
- IF A.162/47 THEN o ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol (note 1). c25:
- IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol. IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol. c26:
- c27:
- IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences c28: for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
- c29: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - - SIP specific event notification extension (note 2).
- IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism. c30:
- c31: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c44: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing c45: an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests
- NOTE 1: Support of this header in this method is dependent on the security mechanism and the security architecture which is implemented.
- NOTE 2: c29 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.260B: Void

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response for all status-codes

Table A.260C: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
2	Call-Info	[26] 24.9	m	m	[26] 24.9	c3	c3	
3	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
4	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
5	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
9	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
10	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
11	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
12	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2	
13	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	[52] 4.4	c14	c14	
14	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	[34] 9.1	с6	c6	
15	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	[52] 4.5	c12	c12	
16	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с9	n/a	[52] 4.6	c10	n/a	
17	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c4	n/a	
18	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с7	c7	[33] 4.2	с8	с8	
19	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c15	c15	
20	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
21	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
22	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
23	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
24	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
25	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i	

- IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header. c2:
- IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header. c3:
- IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity. c4:
- IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity c5: within trusted networks.
- c6: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network
- c7: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c8: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension. c9:
- IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the Pc10: Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header
- IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension. c11:
- IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Chargingc12: Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network c13: for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header
- c14: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying c15: the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/7 - - Additional for 200 (OK) response

Table A.260D: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
3	Expires	[26] 20.19, [70] 4, 5, 6	m	m	[26] 20.19, [70] 4, 5,	i	i
4	SIP-Etag	[70] 11.3.1	m	m	[70] 11.3.1	i	i
5	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.260DA: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.260E: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i -	- deleting Co						

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

 $Prerequisite: A.164/8 \ OR \ A.164/9 \ OR \ A.164/10 \ OR \ A.164/11 \ OR \ A.164/12 \ - \ Additional \ for \ 401 \ (Unauthorized) \ response$

Table A.260F: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
5	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20,44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.260G: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.260H: Void

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.260I: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
5	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.260J: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.260K: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420 response to a method other than REGISTER.						

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.260L: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.260M: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Min-Expires	[26]	m	m	[26]	i	i
		20.23,			20.23,		
		[70] 5, 6			[70] 5, 6		

Table A.260N: Void

Prerequisite A.163/15B - - PUBLISH response

Prerequisite: A.164/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.260O: Supported headers within the PUBLISH response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
2	Allow-Events	[28] 8.2.2	m	m	[28] 8.2.2	i	i	

Table A.260P: Void

A.2.2.4.11 REFER method

Prerequisite A.163/16 - - REFER request

Table A.261: Supported headers within the REFER request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
0B	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
0C	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
1	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
1A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
3	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
4	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
5A	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
5B	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
5C	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
6	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
7	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
8	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
9	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
10	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
11	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
11C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c40	c40	[117] 5.8	c41	c41
12	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
13	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
14	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
14A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c22	c22	[52] 4.4	c23	c23
14B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	с9	с9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10
14C	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	[52] 4.2	c14	c15
14D	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c20	c20	[52] 4.5	c21	c21
	Addresses	' '			' '		
14E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c18	[52] 4.6	c19	c19
14F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c8	с8
14G	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c16	n/a	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a
14H	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12
15	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4
16	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
16A	Reason	[34A] 2	c25	c25	[34A] 2	c26	c26
17	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	с7	c7
18	Refer-To	[36] 3	c3	c3	[36] 3	c4	c4
18A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c29	c29	[59] 3	c30	c30
18B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28
18C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27
19	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
20	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
20A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
20B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24
21	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
22	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
23	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
24	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
25	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
_							

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN m ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c9: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c10: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c11: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c12: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c13: IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND A.3/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF.
- c16: IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
- c18: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c19: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c20: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c21: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c22: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c23: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c24: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c25: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c26: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c27: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c28: IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
- c29: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c30: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c40: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c41: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.262: Void

Table A.263: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response for all status-codes

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
1B	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
2	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
3	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
4	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
5	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
6	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
7	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1	
8	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
9	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
10	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2	
10A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13	
10B	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5	
10C	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11	
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	c8	[52] 4.6	с9	с9	
10E	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	X	X	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a	
10F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	c7	c7	
10G	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14	
10H	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i	
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
12	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	li	
c1:	IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i i					'		
c2:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TI					he Organizat	ion header	
c3:	IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n	/a act as fir	st entity with	in the trust d	omain for ass	erted identity	/	
c4:	IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a	extensions	s to the Sess	sion Initiation	Protocol (SIP) for asserte	d identity	
•	within trusted networks.	0,110,10,10				,	a .ac,	
c5:	IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B TH	EN m ELSE i	extension	s to the Sess	ion Initiation I	Protocol (SIF	P) for	
	asserted identity within trusted							
	trust network.		·	•				
c6:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a							
c7:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G T							
	option "header" or application of	of the privacy	option "id" or	passing on o	of the Privacy			
c8:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a						•	
c9:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A Charging-Vector header before	A.162/45 THE proxying the	N i ELSE n/s	a adding, o	deleting, read e P-Charging	ing or modify -Vector head	ing the P- der	
	extension.	. , ,	•	•	5 5			

- c10: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Chargingc11: Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network c12: for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.265: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i		
5	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3		
8	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SI	P specific eve	ent notification	n extension.					
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction								
	and downstream direction when	record route	ing.						

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.265A: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Table A.266: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

 $Prerequisite: A.164/8 \ OR \ A.164/9 \ OR \ A.164/10 \ OR \ A.164/11 \ OR \ A.164/12 \ -- \ Additional \ for \ 401 \ (Unauthorized) \ response$

Table A.267: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.268: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.269: Void

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.270: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	0		[26] 20.27	0	
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.271: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	İ	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.272: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3		
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420								
	response to a method other than REGISTER.								

Prerequisite A.163/17 - - REFER response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.272A: Supported headers within the REFER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.							

Table A.273: Void

Table A.274: Void

A.2.2.4.12 REGISTER method

Prerequisite A.163/18 - - REGISTER request

Table A.275: Supported headers within the REGISTER request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7, [49]	m	m	[26] 20.7, [49]	i	i
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
7	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c2	c2
8	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
9	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
10	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
11	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
12	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
13	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
14	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
15	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	m	m
16	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c31	c31	[117] 5.8	c32	c32
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	сЗ
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c16	c16	[52] 4.4	c17	c17
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c14	[52] 4.5	c15	c15
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	c12	[52] 4.6	c13	c13
20D	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c10	c10	[52] 4.3	c11	c11
20E	Path	[35] 4.2	c6	c6	[35] 4.2	c6	c6
20F	Privacy	[33] 4.2	с8	с8	[33] 4.2	с9	с9
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	с7	с7
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c19	c19	[34A] 2	c20	c20
22B	Referred-By	[59] 3	c22	c22	[59] 3	c23	c23
22C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21
23	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c4	c4
24	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
24A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
24B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c5	c5
26	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
27	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
28	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
29	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c5: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c6: IF A.162/29 THEN m ELSE n/a - PATH header support.
- c7: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c8: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c9: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c10: IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
- c12: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c19: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c20: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c21: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c22: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c23: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c31: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c32: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.276: Void

Table A.277: Void

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response for all status-codes

Table A.278: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving				
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i		
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m		
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c2	c2		
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i		
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i		
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i		
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m		
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i		
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m		
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	m	m		
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m		
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i		
11	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c1	c1		
11A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	с9	с9	[52] 4.4	c10	c10		
11B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	с7	c7	[52] 4.5	c8	c8		
11C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c5	c5	[52] 4.6	c6	c6		
11D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c3	c3	[33] 4.2	c4	c4		
11E	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c11	c11		
11F	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i		
12	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i		
13	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m		
13A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i		
14	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m		
15	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i		
c1:	IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B TH								
c2:	IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D TH								
c3:	IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c4:	IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G TH								
_	option "header" or application of					header trans	sparently.		
c5:	IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c6:	IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A Charging-Vector header before extension.	proxying the	request or re	esponse or th	e P-Charging	-Vector head			
c7:	IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a								
c8:	IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF								
	Function-Addresses header before	ore proxying	the request o	or response,	or the P-Char	rging-Functio	n-		
_	Addresses header extension.								
c9:	IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A. for access network information t								
	extension.								
c10:	IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A for access network information to								
c11:	extension. IF A.162/11 OR A.162/12 THEN the request or response or addir request or response for methods	ng or modifyii	ng the conte						

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.279: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending	<u></u>		Receiving	<u></u>		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i		
1A	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i		
1B	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i		
2	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1		
3	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i		
5	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i		
5A	P-Associated-URI	[52] 4.1	с8	c8	[52] 4.1	с9	c10		
6	Path	[35] 4.2	с3	c3	[35] 4.2	c4	c4		
8	Service-Route	[38] 5	c5	c5	[38] 5	c6	с7		
9	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i		
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SII	P specific eve	ent notification	n extension.					
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/3A THEN m EL	SE n/a P-	CSCF or I-C	SCF (THIG).					
c3:	IF A.162/29 THEN m ELSE n/a	Path exter	nsion support	t.					
c4:	IF A.162/29 THEN i ELSE n/a -	- Path extens	sion support.						
c5:	IF A.162/32 THEN m ELSE n/a	Service-R	oute extension	on support.					
c6:	IF A.162/32 THEN i ELSE n/a -	- Service-Ro	ute extensior	support.					
c7:	IF A.162/32 THEN (IF A.3/2 THE	EN m ELSE i) ELSE n/a -	- Service-Ro	ute extension	and P-CSC	F.		
c8:	IF A.162/36 THEN m ELSE n/a the P-Associated-URI extension.								
c9:	IF A.162/36 THEN i ELSE n/a the P-Associated-URI extension.								
c10:	IF A.162/36 AND A.3/2 THEN mextension and P-CSCF or I-CSC		162/36 AND	A.3/3 THEN i	i ELSE n/a	the P-Asso	ciated-URI		

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.279A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.280: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c2	c2	
c2:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i deleting Contact headers.							

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.281: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m		
6	Security-Server	[48] 2	Х	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a		
10	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i		
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.								

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.282: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
6	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.283: Void

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.284: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
9	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.285: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.286: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
8	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/17 THEN m ELSE.i							

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.286A: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.						

Prerequisite A.163/19 - - REGISTER response

Prerequisite: A.164/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.287: Supported headers within the REGISTER response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	i	i

Table A.288: Void

Table A.289: Void

A.2.2.4.13 SUBSCRIBE method

Prerequisite A.163/20 - - SUBSCRIBE request

Table A.290: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE request

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	
3A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i	
4	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1	
5	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i	
6	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m	
6A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
7	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i	
8	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i	
9	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i	
10	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m	
11	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i	
12	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m	
13	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2	
14	Event	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	[28] 7.2.1	m	m	
15	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i	
16	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m	
16C	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c47	c47	[117] 5.8	c48	c48	
17	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m	
18	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i	
18A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3	
18B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c22	c22	[52] 4.4	c23	c23	
18C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c9	c9	[34] 9.1	c10	c10	
18D	P-Called-Party-ID	[52] 4.2	c13	c13	[52] 4.2	c14	c15	
18E	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	c20	c20	[52] 4.5	c21	c21	
	Addresses	[0-]			[0-]			
18F	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c18	c18	[52] 4.6	c19	c19	
18G	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	X	X	[34] 9.2	c8	c8	
18H	P-Visited-Network-ID	[52] 4.3	c16	n/a	[52] 4.3	c17	n/a	
181	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c11	c11	[33] 4.2	c12	c12	
19	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	c4	c4	
20	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m	
20A	Reason	[34A] 2	c25	c25	[34A] 2	c26	c26	
21	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c7	c7	
21A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c29	c29	[59] 3	c30	c30	
21B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c27	c27	[56B] 9.2	c27	c28	
21C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	[56B] 9.1	c27	c27	
22	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5	
23	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m	
23A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	X	X	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24	
23B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	X	X	[48] 2.3.1	c24	c24	
24	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6	
25	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i	
26	To	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m	
27	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i	
28	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m	
~		1 [-0] -0.72						

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN m ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c9: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c10: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c11: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c12: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c13: IF A.162/37 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/37 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/37 AND A.3/2 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/37 AND A.3/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - the P-Called-Party-ID header extension and P-CSCF or I-CSCF.
- c16: IF A.162/38 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Visited-Network-ID header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/39 THEN m ELSE i - reading, or deleting the P-Visited-Network-ID header before proxying the request or response.
- c18: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c19: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c20: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c21: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c22: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c23: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c24: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c25: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c26: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c27: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c28: IF A.162/50 AND A.4/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/50 AND NOT A.4/3 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol, and S-CSCF.
- c29: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c30: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c47: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c48: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.
- NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.291: Void

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Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response for all status-codes

Table A.292: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	i
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	i
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	i
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	i
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	i
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c12	c12	[52] 4.4	c13	c13
10C	P-Asserted-Identity	[34] 9.1	c4	c4	[34] 9.1	c5	c5
10D	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c10	c10	[52] 4.5	c11	c11
10E	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с8	с8	[52] 4.6	с9	с9
10F	P-Preferred-Identity	[34] 9.2	Х	Х	[34] 9.2	c3	n/a
10G	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c6	c6	[33] 4.2	с7	c7
10H	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c14	c14
101	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i

- c1: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c2: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c3: IF A.162/30A THEN m ELSE n/a - act as first entity within the trust domain for asserted identity.
- c4: IF A.162/30 THEN m ELSE n/a - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks.
- c5: IF A.162/30A or A.162/30B THEN m ELSE i - extensions to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for asserted identity within trusted networks or subsequent entity within trust network that can route outside the trust network.
- c6: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c7: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c8: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c9: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c10: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c12: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.293: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
0A	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	i	i	
1	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i	
1A	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i	
2	Expires	[26] 20.19	m	m	[26] 20.19	i	i	
3	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	c3	c3	
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i	
c3:	IF A.162/15 THEN m ELSE i	the requirem	ent to be abl	e to use sepa	arate URIs in	the upstrear	n direction	

and downstream direction when record routeing.

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.293A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx or 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.294: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i -	- deleting Co	ntact header	S.				

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.295: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending				Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status		
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m		
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i		

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480 (Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.296: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
3	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.297: Void

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.298: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.299: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i	
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i	
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.300: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
5	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i response to a method other than			e Unsupporte	ed header be	fore proxying	the 420

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.300A: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a	
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security m	echanism ag	reement for t	he session ir	itiation proto	col.	

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/29 - - Additional for 423 (Interval Too Brief) response

Table A.301: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header		Sending		Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
2	Min-Expires	[26] 20.23	m	m	[26] 20.23	i	i

Table A.302: Void

Prerequisite A.163/21 - - SUBSCRIBE response

Prerequisite: A.164/39 - - Additional for 489 (Bad Event) response

Table A.303: Supported headers within the SUBSCRIBE response

Item	Header	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i SII	P specific ev	ent notificatio	n extension.			
NOTE:	c1 refers to the UA role major ca SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.	apability as th	nis is the case	e of a proxy t	hat also acts	as a UA spe	cifically for

Table A.303A: Void

Table A.304: Void

A.2.2.4.14 UPDATE method

Prerequisite A.163/22 - - UPDATE request

Table A.305: Supported headers within the UPDATE request

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
1A	Accept-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	li
4	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
5	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
6	Authorization	[26] 20.7	m	m	[26] 20.7	i	i
7	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
8	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	с8	с8
9	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
10	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	c4	c4
11	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	c4	c4
12	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	c4	c4
13	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
14	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	c4	c4
15	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
16	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c2	c2
17	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
17B	Max-Breadth	[117] 5.8	c32	c32	[117] 5.8	c33	c33
18	Max-Forwards	[26] 20.22	m	m	[26] 20.22	m	m
19	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c4
19A	Min-SE	[58] 5	c23	c23	[58] 5	c23	c23
20	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c3	c3
20A	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c16	c16	[52] 4.4	c17	c17
20B	P-Charging-Function- Addresses	[52] 4.5	c14	c14	[52] 4.5	c15	c15
20C	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	c12	c12	[52] 4.6	c13	c13
20D	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c10	c10	[33] 4.2	c11	c11
21	Proxy-Authorization	[26] 20.28	m	m	[26] 20.28	с9	с9
22	Proxy-Require	[26] 20.29	m	m	[26] 20.29	m	m
22A	Reason	[34A] 2	c19	c19	[34A] 2	c20	c20
23	Record-Route	[26] 20.30	m	m	[26] 20.30	с7	с7
23A	Referred-By	[59] 3	c24	c24	[59] 3	c25	c25
23B	Reject-Contact	[56B] 9.2	c21	c21	[56B] 9.2	c22	c22
23C	Request-Disposition	[56B] 9.1	c21	c21	[56B] 9.1	c22	c22
24	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c5	c5
25	Route	[26] 20.34	m	m	[26] 20.34	m	m
25A	Security-Client	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25B	Security-Verify	[48] 2.3.1	х	Х	[48] 2.3.1	c18	c18
25C	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c23	c23	[58] 4	c23	c23
26	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	c6	c6
27	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
28	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
29	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
30	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m

- c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - SIP specific event notification extension.
- c2: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c3: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c4: IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i - P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
- c5: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.
- c6: IF A.162/16 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Supported header before proxying the response.
- c7: IF Å.162/14 THEN o ELSE i - the requirement to be able to insert itself in the subsequent transactions in a dialog.
- c8: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c9: IF A.162/8A THEN m ELSE i - authentication between UA and proxy.
- c10: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c11: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c12: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c14: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c15: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c16: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c17: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c18: IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a - security mechanism agreement for the session initiation protocol.
- c19: IF A.162/48 THEN m ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c20: IF A.162/48 THEN i ELSE n/a - the Reason header field for the session initiation protocol.
- c21: IF A.162/50 THEN m ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c22: IF A.162/50 THEN i ELSE n/a - caller preferences for the session initiation protocol.
- c23: IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP session timer.
- c24: IF A.162/53 THEN i ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c25: IF A.162/53 THEN m ELSE n/a - the SIP Referred-By mechanism.
- c32: IF A.162/81 THEN m ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies.
- c33: IF A.162/81 AND A.162/6 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/81 AND NOT A.162/6 THEN i ELSE n/a - addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies, forking of initial requests.

NOTE: c1 refers to the UA role major capability as this is the case of a proxy that also acts as a UA specifically for SUBSCRIBE and NOTIFY.

Table A.306: Void

Prerequisite A.163/22 - - UPDATE response for all status-codes

Table A.307: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Allow	[26] 20.5	m	m	[26] 20.5	i	i
1	Call-ID	[26] 20.8	m	m	[26] 20.8	m	m
1A	Call-Info	[26] 20.9	m	m	[26] 20.9	c4	c4
1B	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
2	Content-Disposition	[26] 20.11	m	m	[26] 20.11	i	c3
3	Content-Encoding	[26] 20.12	m	m	[26] 20.12	i	c3
4	Content-Language	[26] 20.13	m	m	[26] 20.13	i	c3
5	Content-Length	[26] 20.14	m	m	[26] 20.14	m	m
6	Content-Type	[26] 20.15	m	m	[26] 20.15	i	c3
7	Cseq	[26] 20.16	m	m	[26] 20.16	m	m
8	Date	[26] 20.17	m	m	[26] 20.17	c1	c1
9	From	[26] 20.20	m	m	[26] 20.20	m	m
10	MIME-Version	[26] 20.24	m	m	[26] 20.24	i	c3
10A	Organization	[26] 20.25	m	m	[26] 20.25	c2	c2
10B	P-Access-Network-Info	[52] 4.4	c11	c11	[52] 4.4	c12	c12
10C	P-Charging-Function-	[52] 4.5	с9	с9	[52] 4.5	c10	c10
	Addresses			1			
10D	P-Charging-Vector	[52] 4.6	с7	n/a	[52] 4.6	c8	n/a
10E	Privacy	[33] 4.2	c5	c5	[33] 4.2	c6	c6
10F	Require	[26] 20.32	m	m	[26] 20.32	c13	c13
10G	Server	[26] 20.35	m	m	[26] 20.35	i	i
11	Timestamp	[26] 20.38	m	m	[26] 20.38	i	i
12	То	[26] 20.39	m	m	[26] 20.39	m	m
12A	User-Agent	[26] 20.41	m	m	[26] 20.41	i	i
13	Via	[26] 20.42	m	m	[26] 20.42	m	m
14	Warning	[26] 20.43	m	m	[26] 20.43	i	i

- c1: IF A.162/9 THEN m ELSE i - insertion of date in requests and responses.
- c2: IF A.162/19A OR A.162/19B THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Organization header.
- c3: IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN m ELSE i - P-CSCF or S-CSCF.
- c4: IF A.162/19C OR A.162/19D THEN m ELSE i - reading, adding or concatenating the Call-Info header.
- c5: IF A.162/31 THEN m ELSE n/a - a privacy mechanism for the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP).
- c6: IF A.162/31D OR A.162/31G THEN m ELSE IF A.162/31C THEN i ELSE n/a - application of the privacy option "header" or application of the privacy option "id" or passing on of the Privacy header transparently.
- c7: IF A.162/45 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Vector header extension.
- c8: IF A.162/46 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/45 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting, reading or modifying the P-Charging-Vector header before proxying the request or response or the P-Charging-Vector header extension
- c9: IF A.162/44 THEN m ELSE n/a - the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c10: IF A.162/44A THEN m ELSE IF A.162/44 THEN i ELSE n/a - adding, deleting or reading the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header before proxying the request or response, or the P-Charging-Function-Addresses header extension.
- c11: IF A.162/43 THEN x ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN m ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension
- c12: IF A.162/43 THEN m ELSE IF A.162/41 THEN i ELSE n/a - act as subsequent entity within trust network for access network information that can route outside the trust network, the P-Access-Network-Info header extension.
- c13: IF A.162/11 OR A.162/13 THEN m ELSE i - reading the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response or adding or modifying the contents of the Require header before proxying the request or response for methods other than REGISTER.

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/102 - - Additional for 2xx response

Table A.308: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
0A	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
0B	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
0C	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i
1	Allow-Events	[28] 7.2.2	m	m	[28] 7.2.2	c1	c1
2	Authentication-Info	[26] 20.6	m	m	[26] 20.6	i	i
3	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	i	i
4	Session-Expires	[58] 4	c4	c4	[58] 4	c4	c4
6	Supported	[26] 20.37	m	m	[26] 20.37	i	i

c1: IF A.4/20 THEN m ELSE i - - SIP specific event notification extension.

c3: IF A.162/15 THEN o ELSE i - - the requirement to be able to use separate URIs in the upstream direction and downstream direction when record routeing.

c4: IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a - - the SIP session timer

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 OR A.164/104 OR A.164/105 OR A.164/106 - - Additional for 3xx - 6xx response

Table A.308A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile
			status	status		status	status
1	Error-Info	[26] 20.18	m	m	[26] 20.18	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/103 or A.164/35 - - Additional for 3xx, 485 (Ambiguous) response

Table A.309: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
2	Contact	[26] 20.10	m	m	[26] 20.10	c1	c1	
c1:	IF A.162/19E THEN m ELSE i -	- deleting Co						

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/14 - - Additional for 401 (Unauthorized) response

Table A.309A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header		Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m	
6	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i	

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/17 OR A.164/23 OR A.164/30 OR A.164/36 OR A.164/42 OR A.164/45 OR A.164/50 OR A.164/51 - - Additional for 404 (Not Found), 413 (Request Entity Too Large), 480(Temporarily not available), 486 (Busy Here), 500 (Internal Server Error), 503 (Service Unavailable), 600 (Busy Everywhere), 603 (Decline) response

Table A.310: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile status status			Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
			Status	Status		Status	Status
5	Retry-After	[26] 20.33	m	m	[26] 20.33	i	i

Table A.311: Void

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/20 - - Additional for 407 (Proxy Authentication Required) response

Table A.312: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile status status		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
4	Proxy-Authenticate	[26] 20.27	m	m	[26] 20.27	m	m
8	WWW-Authenticate	[26] 20.44	m	m	[26] 20.44	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/25 - - Additional for 415 (Unsupported Media Type) response

Table A.313: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
			วเลเนอ	่อเลเนอ		่อเลเนอ	่อเลเนอ
1	Accept	[26] 20.1	m	m	[26] 20.1	i	i
2	Accept-Encoding	[26] 20.2	m	m	[26] 20.2	i	i
3	Accept-Language	[26] 20.3	m	m	[26] 20.3	i	i

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/27 - - Additional for 420 (Bad Extension) response

Table A.314: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
7	Unsupported	[26] 20.40	m	m	[26] 20.40	c3	c3	
c3:	IF A.162/18 THEN m ELSE i reading the contents of the Unsupported header before proxying the 420							
	response to a method other than REGISTER.							

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28 OR A.164/41A - - Additional for 421 (Extension Required), 494 (Security Agreement Required) response

Table A.314A: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref. RFC Profile status		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
3	Security-Server	[48] 2	c1	c1	[48] 2	n/a	n/a
c1:	IF A.162/47 THEN m ELSE n/a	security m	echanism ag	reement for t	he session ir	nitiation proto	col.

Prerequisite A.163/23 - - UPDATE response

Prerequisite: A.164/28A - - Additional for 422 (Session Interval Too Small) response

Table A.314B: Supported headers within the UPDATE response

Item	Header	Sending			Receiving		
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	Min-SE	[58] 5	c1	c1	[58] 5	c1	c1
c1:	IF A.162/52 THEN m ELSE n/a	the SIP se	ession timer.				

Table A.315: Void

Table A.316: Void

A.3 Profile definition for the Session Description Protocol as used in the present document

A.3.1 Introduction

Void.

A.3.2 User agent role

This subclause contains the ICS proforma tables related to the user agent role. They need to be completed only for UA implementations.

Prerequisite: A.2/1 -- user agent role

A.3.2.1 Major capabilities

Table A.317: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
	Extensions			
22	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	0	m
23	grouping of media lines	[53]	c3	c3
24	mapping of media streams to resource reservation flows	[54]	0	c1
25	SDP bandwidth modifiers for RTCP bandwidth	[56]	0	o (NOTE 1)

NOTE 1: For "video" and "audio" media types that utilise RTP/RTCP, it shall be specified. For other media types, it may be specified.

IF A.3/1 THEN m ELSE n/a - - UE role.
IF A.317/24 THEN m ELSE o - - mapping of media streams to resource reservation flows. c3:

A.3.2.2 SDP types

Table A.318: SDP types

Item	Туре	Sending			Receiving				
		Ref. RFC		Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile		
			status	status		status	status		
	Session level description			*			•		
1	v= (protocol version)	[39] 5.1	m	m	[39] 5.1	m	m		
2	o= (owner/creator and session identifier)	[39] 5.2	m	m	[39] 5.2	m	m		
3	s= (session name)	[39] 5.3	m	m	[39] 5.3	m	m		
4	i= (session information)	[39] 5.4	0	c2	[39] 5.4	m	c3		
5	u= (URI of description)	[39] 5.5	0	c4	[39] 5.5	0	n/a		
6	e= (email address)	[39] 5.6	0	c4	[39] 5.6	0	n/a		
7	p= (phone number)	[39] 5.6	0	c4	[39] 5.6	0	n/a		
8	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	c5	c5	[39] 5.7	m	m		
9	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	0	o (NOTE 1)	[39] 5.8	m	m		
	Time description (one or more per description)								
10	t= (time the session is active)	[39] 5.9	m	m	[39] 5.9	m	m		
11	r= (zero or more repeat times)	[39] 5.10	0	c4	[39] 5.10	0	n/a		
	Session level description (cor	ntinued)		*			•		
12	z= (time zone adjustments)	[39] 5.11	0	c4	[39] 5.11	0	n/a		
13	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	Х	Х	[39] 5.12	n/a	n/a		
14	a= (zero or more session attribute lines)	[39] 5.13	0	0	[39] 5.13	m	m		
	Media description (zero or more per description)								
15	m= (media name and transport address)	[39] 5.14	m	m	[39] 5.14	m	m		
16	i= (media title)	[39] 5.4	0	c2	[39] 5.4	0	c3		
17	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	c1	c1	[39] 5.7	m	m		
18	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	0	o (NOTE 1)	[39] 5.8	m	m		
19	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	х	X	[39] 5.12	n/a	n/a		
20	a= (zero or more media attribute lines)	[39] 5.13	0	0	[39] 5.13	m	m		
c1:	IF (A.318/15 AND NOT A.318/8 contained in session level descr					N o ELSE n/a	ı 'C='		
c2: c3:	IF A.3A/6 THEN x ELSE o MIF A.3A/6 THEN n/a ELSE m	ĠCF.	22	2 3.1.3. 3.2.3 3.1.1					

c4: IF A.3A/6 THEN x ELSE n/a - - MGCF.
c5: IF A.318/17 THEN o ELSE m - - "c=" contained in all media description.
NOTE 1: For "video" and "audio" media types that utilise RTP/RTCP, it shall be specified. For other media types, it may be specified.

Prerequisite A.318/14 OR A.318/20 - - a= (zero or more session/media attribute lines)

IF A.318/20 THEN o ELSE x - - media level attribute name "a=".

IF A.318/20 THEN m ELSE n/a - - media level attribute name "a=".

c10:

c11:

Table A.319: zero or more session / media attribute lines (a=)

Item	Field	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	
1	category (a=cat)	[39] 6	с8	с8	[39] 6	с9	с9	
2	keywords (a=keywds)	[39] 6	с8	с8	[39] 6	с9	с9	
3	name and version of tool (a=tool)	[39] 6	с8	c8	[39] 6	с9	с9	
4	packet time (a=ptime)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
5	maximum packet time	[39] 6,	c10	c10	[39] 6,	c11	c11	
	(a=maxptime)	[28A] 8			[28A] 8			
6	receive-only mode (a=recvonly)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
7	send and receive mode (a=sendrecv)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
8	send-only mode (a=sendonly)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
8A	Inactive mode (a=inactive)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
9	whiteboard orientation (a=orient)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
10	conference type (a=type)	[39] 6	с8	с8	[39] 6	с9	с9	
11	character set (a=charset)	[39] 6	c8	c8	[39] 6	c9	c9	
12	language tag (a=sdplang)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
13	language tag (a=lang)	[39] 6	0	0	[39] 6	m	m	
14	frame rate (a=framerate)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
15	quality (a=quality)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
16	format specific parameters (a=fmtp)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
17	rtpmap attribute (a=rtpmap)	[39] 6	c10	c10	[39] 6	c11	c11	
18	current-status attribute (a=curr)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2	
19	desired-status attribute (a=des)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2	
20	confirm-status attribute (a=conf)	[30] 5	c1	c1	[30] 5	c2	c2	
21	media stream identification attribute (a=mid)	[53] 3	с3	с3	[53] 3	c4	c4	
22	group attribute (a=group)	[53] 4	c5	c5	[53] 3	c6	c6	
c1:	IF A.317/22 AND A.318/20 THE attribute name "a=".							
c2:	IF A.317/22 AND A.318/20 THE attribute name "a=".	N m ELSE	n/a integra	tion of resour	rce manager	ment and SIP	, media leve	
c3:	IF A.317/23 AND A.318/20 THEN o ELSE n/a grouping of media lines, media level attribute name "a=".							
c4:	IF A.317/23 AND A.318/20 THEN m ELSE n/a grouping of media lines, media level attribute name "a=".							
c5:	IF A.317/23 AND A.318/14 THEN o ELSE n/a grouping of media lines, session level attribute name "a=".							
c6:	IF A.317/23 AND A.318/14 THE "a=".							
c8:	IF A.318/14 THEN o ELSE x							
c9:	IF A.318/14 THEN m ELSE n/a			name "a=".				
40.	IF A 040/00 THEN FLOR							

A.3.2.3 Void

Table A.320: Void

Table A.321: Void

Table A.322: Void

Table A.323: Void

Table A.324: Void

Table A.325: Void

Table A.326: Void

Table A.327: Void

A.3.2.4 Void

Table A.327A: Void

A.3.3 Proxy role

This subclause contains the ICS proforma tables related to the user role. They need to be completed only for proxy implementations.

Prerequisite: A.2/2 -- proxy role

A.3.3.1 Major capabilities

Table A.328: Major capabilities

Item	Does the implementation support	Reference	RFC status	Profile status
	Capabilities within main protocol			
0A	application of session policy	6.2, 6.3	Х	c2
	Extensions			
1	integration of resource management and SIP?	[30] [64]	0	n/a
2	grouping of media lines	[53]	c3	c3
3	mapping of media streams to resource reservation flows	[54]	0	c1
4	SDP bandwidth modifiers for RTCP bandwidth	[56]	0	c1
c1:	IF A.3/2 THEN m ELSE n/a P-CSCF role			
c2:	IF A.3/2 OR A.3/4 THEN o ELSE x - P-CSC	F, S-CSCF.		
c3:	IF A.328/3 THEN m ELSE o mapping of r	nedia streams to res	source reservation flow	S.

A.3.3.2 SDP types

Table A.329: SDP types

Item	Type	Sending			Receiving			
		Ref.	RFC	Profile	Ref.	RFC	Profile	
			status	status		status	status	
	Session level description							
1	v= (protocol version)	[39] 5.1	m	m	[39] 5.1	m	m	
2	o= (owner/creator and session identifier).	[39] 5.2	m	m	[39] 5.2	i	i	
3	s= (session name)	[39] 5.3	m	m	[39] 5.3	i	i	
4	i= (session information)	[39] 5.4	m	m	[39] 5.4	i	i	
5	u= (URI of description)	[39] 5.5	m	m	[39] 5.5	i	i	
6	e= (email address)	[39] 5.6	m	m	[39] 5.6	i	i	
7	p= (phone number)	[39] 5.6	m	m	[39] 5.6	i	i	
8	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	m	m	[39] 5.7	i	i	
9	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	m	m	[39] 5.8	i	i	
	Time description (one or more per description)							
10	t= (time the session is active)	[39] 5.9	m	m	[39] 5.9	i	i	
11	r= (zero or more repeat times)	[39] 5.10	m	m	[39] 5.10	i	i	
	Session level description (continued)							
12	z= (time zone adjustments)	[39] 5.11	m	m	[39] 5.11	i	i	
13	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	m	m	[39] 5.12	i	i	
14	a= (zero or more session attribute lines)	[39] 5.13	m	m	[39] 5.13	i	i	
	Media description (zero or mo	re per desc	ription)					
15	m= (media name and transport address)	[39] 5.14	m	m	[39] 5.14	m	m	
16	i= (media title)	[39] 5.4	m	m	[39] 5.4	i	i	
17	c= (connection information)	[39] 5.7	m	m	[39] 5.7	i	i	
18	b= (bandwidth information)	[39] 5.8	m	m	[39] 5.8	i	c1	
19	k= (encryption key)	[39] 5.12	m	m	[39] 5.12	i	i	
20	a= (zero or more media attribute lines)	[39] 5.13	m	m	[39] 5.13	i	c1	
c1:	IF A.328/0A THEN m ELSE i	application of	of session po	licy.				

Prerequisite A.329/14 OR A.329/20 - - a= (zero or more session/media attribute lines)

Table A.330: zero or more session / media attribute lines (a=)

Item	Field	Sending				Receiving	
		Ref.	RFC status	Profile status	Ref.	RFC status	Profile status
1	category (a=cat)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	i
2	keywords (a=keywds)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	i i
3	name and version of tool (a=tool)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	i
4	packet time (a=ptime)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
5	maximum packet time (a=maxptime)	[39] 6, [28A] 8	m	m	[39] 6, [28A] 8	i	с9
6	receive-only mode (a=recvonly)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
7	send and receive mode (a=sendrecv)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
8	send-only mode (a=sendonly)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
8A	Inactive mode (a=inactive)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
9	whiteboard orientation (a=orient)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
10	conference type (a=type)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	i
11	character set (a=charset)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	i
12	language tag (a=sdplang)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
13	language tag (a=lang)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
14	frame rate (a=framerate)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
15	quality (a=quality)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
16	format specific parameters (a=fmtp)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
17	rtpmap attribute (a=rtpmap)	[39] 6	m	m	[39] 6	i	с9
18	current-status attribute (a=curr)	[30] 5	m	m	[30] 5	c2	c2
19	desired-status attribute (a=des)	[30] 5	m	m	[30] 5	c2	c2
20	confirm-status attribute (a=conf)	[30] 5	m	m	[30] 5	c2	c2
21	media stream identification attribute (a=mid)	[53] 3	c5	c5	[53] 3	c6	c6
22	group attribute (a=group)	[53] 4	c5	c5	[53] 4	c6	c6

IF A.328/2 THEN m ELSE n/a - - grouping of media lines. IF A.328/3 THEN m ELSE IF A.328/2 THEN i ELSE n/a - - mapping of media streams to resource c6: reservation flows, grouping of media lines. IF A.329/20 AND A.328/0A THEN m ELSE i - - media level attribute name "a=" and application of session

c9: policy.

A.3.3.3 Void

Table A.331: Void

Table A.332: Void

Table A.333: Void

Table A.334: Void

Table A.335: Void

Table A.336: Void

Table A.337: Void

Table A.338: Void

A.3.3.4 Void

Table A.339: Void

A.4 Profile definition for other message bodies as used in the present document

Void.

Annex B (normative):

IP-Connectivity Access Network specific concepts when using GPRS to access IM CN subsystem

B.1 Scope

The present annex defines IP-CAN specific requirements for a call control protocol for use in the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem based on the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), and the associated Session Description Protocol (SDP), where the IP-CAN is General Packet Radio Service (GPRS).

B.2 GPRS aspects when connected to the IM CN subsystem

B.2.1 Introduction

A UE accessing the IM CN subsystem, and the IM CN subsystem itself, utilise the services provided by GPRS to provide packet-mode communication between the UE and the IM CN subsystem.

Requirements for the UE on the use of these packet-mode services are specified in this clause. Requirements for the GGSN in support of this communication are specified in 3GPP TS 29.061 [11] and 3GPP TS 29.207 [12].

When using the GPRS, each IP-CAN bearer is provided by a PDP context.

B.2.2 Procedures at the UE

B.2.2.1 PDP context activation and P-CSCF discovery

Prior to communication with the IM CN subsystem, the UE shall:

- a) perform a GPRS attach procedure;
- b) establish a PDP context used for SIP signalling according to the APN and GGSN selection criteria described in 3GPP TS 23.060 [4] and 3GPP TS 27.060 [10A]. This PDP context shall remain active throughout the period the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem, i.e. from the initial registration and at least until the deregistration. As a result, the PDP context provides the UE with information that makes the UE able to construct an IPv6 address;

The UE shall choose one of the following options when performing establishment of this PDP context:

I. A dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling:

The UE shall indicate to the GGSN that this is a PDP context intended to carry IM CN subsystem-related signalling only by setting the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag. The UE may also use this PDP context for DNS and DHCP signalling according to the static packet filters as described in 3GPP TS 29.061 [11]. The UE can also set the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE;

II. A general-purpose PDP context:

The UE may decide to use a general-purpose PDP Context to carry IM CN subsystem-related signaling. The UE shall indicate to the GGSN that this is a general-purpose PDP context by not setting the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag. The UE may carry both signalling and media on the general-purpose PDP context. The UE can also set the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE.

The UE indicates the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag to the GGSN within the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message. Upon successful signalling PDP context establishment the UE receives an indication from GGSN in the form of IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag within the Protocol Configuration Options IE. If the flag is not received, the UE shall consider the PDP context as a general-purpose PDP context.

The encoding of the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag within the Protocol Configuration Options IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

The UE can indicate a request for prioritised handling over the radio interface by setting the Signalling Indication attribute (see 3GPP TS 23.107 [4A]). The general QoS negotiation mechanism and the encoding of the Signalling Indication attribute within the QoS IE are described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

NOTE: A general-purpose PDP Context may carry both IM CN subsystem signaling and media, in case the media does not need to be authorized by Service Based Local Policy mechanisms defined in 3GPP TS 29.207 [12] and the media stream is not mandated by the P-CSCF to be carried in a separate PDP Context.

c) acquire a P-CSCF address(es).

The methods for P-CSCF discovery are:

- I. Employ Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) RFC 3315 [40], the DHCPv6 options for SIP servers RFC 3319 [41] and DHCPv6 options for Domain Name Servers (DNS) RFC 3646 [56C] as described in subclause 9.2.1.
- II. Transfer P-CSCF address(es) within the PDP context activation procedure.

The UE shall indicate the request for a P-CSCF address to the GGSN within the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message.

If the GGSN provides the UE with a list of P-CSCF IPv6 addresses in the ACTIVATE PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message or ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT ACCEPT message, the UE shall assume that the list is prioritised with the first address within the Protocol Configuration Options IE as the P-CSCF address with the highest priority.

The UE can freely select method I or II for P-CSCF discovery. In case method I is selected and several P-CSCF addresses or FQDNs are provided to the UE, the selection of P-CSCF address or FQDN shall be performed as indicated in RFC 3319 [41]. If sufficient information for P-CSCF address selection is not available, selection of the P-CSCF address by the UE is implementation specific.

If the UE is designed to use I above, but receives P-CSCF address(es) according to II, then the UE shall either ignore the received address(es), or use the address(es) in accordance with II, and not proceed with the DHCP request according to I.

The UE may request a DNS Server IPv6 address(es) via RFC 3315 [40] and RFC 3646 [56C] or by the Protocol Configuration Options IE when activating a PDP context according to 3GPP TS 27.060 [10A].

The encoding of the request and response for IPv6 address(es) for DNS server(s) and list of P-CSCF address(es) within the Protocol Configuration Options IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

B.2.2.1A Modification of a PDP context used for SIP signalling

The PDP context shall not be modified from a dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling to a general-purpose PDP context or vice versa. The IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag shall not be set in the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message.

The UE shall not indicate the request for a P-CSCF address to the GGSN within the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message. The UE shall ignore P-CSCF address(es) if received from the GGSN in the Protocol Configuration Options IE of the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT RESPONSE message.

B.2.2.1B Re-establishment of the PDP context for signalling

If the dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling is lost due to e.g. a GPRS routeing area update procedure, the UE shall attempt to re-establish the dedicated PDP context for SIP signalling. If this procedure does not succeed, the UE shall deactivate all PDP contexts established as a result of SIP signalling according to the 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

B.2.2.2 Session management procedures

The existing procedures for session management as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8] shall apply while the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem.

B.2.2.3 Mobility management procedures

The existing procedures for mobility management as described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8] shall apply while the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem.

B.2.2.4 Cell selection and lack of coverage

The existing mechanisms and criteria for cell selection as described in 3GPP TS 25.304 [9] and 3GPP TS 44.018 [20] shall apply while the UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem.

B.2.2.5 PDP contexts for media

B.2.2.5.1 General requirements

The UE can establish media streams that belong to different SIP sessions on the same PDP context.

During establishment of a session, the UE establishes data streams(s) for media related to the session. Such data stream(s) may result in activation of additional PDP context(s). Such additional PDP context(s) shall be established as secondary PDP contexts associated to the PDP context used for signalling.

When the UE has to allocate bandwidth for RTP and RTCP in a PDP context, the UE shall use the rules outlined in 3GPP TS 29.208 [13].

B.2.2.5.1A Activation or modification of PDP contexts for media

If the UE receives indication within the SDP according to RFC 3524 [54] that media stream(s) belong to group(s), the media stream(s) shall be set up on separate PDP contexts according to the indication of grouping of media streams. The UE may freely group media streams to PDP context(s) in case no indication of grouping of media streams is received from the P-CSCF.

If the capabilities of the originating UE prevents it from establishment of additional PDP contexts according to the media grouping attributes given by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3524 [54], the UE will not establish such grouping of media streams. Instead, the originating UE shall negotiate media parameters for the session according to RFC 3264 [27B].

If the capabilities of the terminating UE prevents it from establishment of additional PDP contexts according to the media grouping attributes given by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3524 [54], the UE will not establish such grouping of media streams. Instead, the terminating UE shall the UE shall handle such SDP offers in accordance with RFC 3388 [53].

The UE can receive a media authorization token in the P-Media-Authorization header from the P-CSCF according to RFC 3313 [31]. If a media authorization token is received in the P-Media-Authorization header when a SIP session is initiated, the UE shall:

- either use existing PDP context(s) where another media authorization token is already in use and no indication of grouping of media streams is required; or
- establish separate PDP context(s) for the media; or

- use an existing PDP context where media authorization token is not in use and no indication of grouping of media streams is required.

When a UE modifies a PDP context to indicate a new media authorization token:

- either as a result of establishment of an additional SIP session; or
- modification of media streams for an ongoing SIP session;

the UE shall include all media authorization tokens and all flow identifiers for all ongoing SIP sessions that use this particular PDP context.

If a media authorization token is received in subsequent messages for the same SIP session, the UE shall:

- use the existing PDP context(s) for media;
- modify the existing PDP context(s) for media; or
- establish additional PDP context(s) for media.

If either background or interactive QoS class is needed for the media, then the UE does not need to use the authorization token even if it receives one. In this case the UE may reuse an existing PDP context and it does not need to request PDP context modification unless it needs to modify the QoS.

If existing PDP context(s) where another media authorization token is already in use is re-used for the media, or separate PDP context(s) is established for the media, the UE shall proceed as follows:

- when a SIP session is terminated, the media authorization token is no longer valid and the UE shall not include it in future GPRS session management messages. The UE shall send a MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message updating the binding information by deleting the media authorization token and the corresponding flow identifiers that are no longer valid. If a SIP session is terminated and no other SIP sessions are using the PDP context, the UE shall either update the binding information as described above or deactivate the PDP context;
- the UE shall transparently pass the media authorization token received from the P-CSCF in a response to an INVITE request at originating setup or in the INVITE request at terminating setup to the GGSN. The UE shall signal it by inserting it within the Traffic Flow Template IE in the ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message;
- to identify to the GGSN which flow(s) (identified by m-lines within the SDP) that are transferred within a particular PDP context, the UE shall set the flow identifier(s) within the Traffic Flow Template IE in the ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message or the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REQUEST message. Detailed description of how the flow identifiers are constructed is provided in 3GPP TS 29.207 [12];
- if the UE receives several media authorization tokens from the P-CSCF within the same SIP request or response, the first instance of the media authorization token shall be sent to the GGSN, and subsequent instances are discarded by the UE; and
- the UE shall not include the IM CN Subsystem Signalling Flag when a PDP context for media is established or modified.

The encoding of the media authorization token and the flow identifiers within the Traffic Flow Template IE is described in 3GPP TS 24.008 [8].

B.2.2.5.2 Special requirements applying to forked responses

Since the UE does not know that forking has occurred until a second, provisional response arrives, the UE sets up the PDP context(s) as required by the initial response received. If a subsequent provisional response is received, different alternative actions may be performed depending on the requirements in the SDP answer:

- 1) the bearer requirements of the subsequent SDP can be accommodated by the existing PDP context(s). The UE performs no activation or modification of PDP contexts.
- 2) **the subsequent SDP introduces different QoS requirements or additional IP flows.** The UE modifies the existing PDP context(s), if necessary, according to subclause B.2.2.5.1A.

- 3) **the subsequent SDP introduces one or more additional IP flows.** The UE establishes additional PDP context(s) according to subclause B.2.2.5.1A.
- NOTE 1: When several forked responses are received, the resources requested by the UE is are the "logical OR" of the resources indicated in the multiple responses to avoid allocation of unnecessary resources. The UE does not request more resources than proposed in the original INVITE request.
- NOTE 2: When service-based local policy is applied, the UE receives the same authorization token for all forked requests/responses related to the same SIP session.

When a final answer is received for one of the early dialogues, the UE proceeds to set up the SIP session. The UE shall release all the unneeded radio/bearer resources. Therefore, upon the reception of a first final 200 (OK) response for the INVITE request (in addition to the procedures defined in RFC 3261 [26] subclause 13.2.2.4), the UE shall:

in case PDP context(s) were established or modified as a consequence of the INVITE request and forked
provisional responses that are not related to the accepted 200 (OK) response, delete the PDP context(s) or
modify the delete the PDP context(s) back to their original state.

B.2.2.5.3 Unsuccessful situations

One of the Go interface related error codes can be received by the UE in the ACTIVATE SECONDARY PDP CONTEXT REJECT message or the MODIFY PDP CONTEXT REJECT message. If the UE receives a Go interface related error code, the UE shall either terminate the session or retransmit the message up to three times. The Go interface related error codes are further specified in 3GPP TS 29.207 [12].

B.3 Application usage of SIP

B.3.1 Procedures at the UE

B.3.1.1 Void

B.4 3GPP specific encoding for SIP header extensions

B.4.1 Void

Annex C (normative): UICC and USIM Aspects for access to the IM CN subsystem

C.1 Scope

This clause describes the UICC and USIM aspects for access to the IM CN subsystem. Additional requirements related to UICC usage for access to the IM CN subsystem are described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19].

C.2 Derivation of IMS parameters from USIM

In case the UE is loaded with a UICC that contains a USIM application but does not contain an ISIM application, the UE shall:

- generate a private user identity;
- generate a temporary public user identity; and
- generate a home network domain name to address the SIP REGISTER request to.

All these three parameters are derived from the IMSI parameter in the USIM, according to the procedures described in 3GPP TS 23.003 [3]. Also in this case, the UE shall derive new values every time the UICC is changed, and shall discard existing values if the UICC is removed.

NOTE: If there is an ISIM and a USIM application on a UICC, the ISIM application is used for IMS authentication, as described in 3GPP TS 33.203 [19]. See subclause 5.1.1.1A.

C.3 ISIM Location in 3GPP Systems

For 3GPP systems, if ISIM application is present, it is contained in UICC.

Annex D (normative):

IP-Connectivity Access Network specific concepts when using I-WLAN to access IM CN subsystem

D.1 Scope

The present annex defines IP-CAN specific requirements for a call control protocol for use in the IP Multimedia (IM) Core Network (CN) subsystem based on the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), and the associated Session Description Protocol (SDP), where the IP-CAN is Wireless LAN Interworking (I-WLAN).

D.2 I-WLAN aspects when connected to the IM CN subsystem

D.2.1 Introduction

A WLAN UE accessing the IM CN subsystem, and the IM CN subsystem itself, utilise the services provided by I-WLAN to provide packet-mode communication between the WLAN UE and the IM CN subsystem.

Requirements for the WLAN UE on the use of these packet-mode services are specified in this clause. Requirements for the PDG in support of this communication are specified in 3GPP TS 29.161 [11C]. When using the I-WLAN, the IP-CAN bearer is provided by an I-WLAN tunnel.

D.2.2 Procedures at the WLAN UE

D.2.2.1 I-WLAN tunnel activation and P-CSCF discovery

Prior to communication with the IM CN subsystem, the WLAN UE shall:

- a) Perform I-WLAN network selection i.e. gaining 3GPP Direct access as described in 3GPP TS 24.234 [8C] in the access dependent case;
- b) Establish an IKE security association and an IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnel) with the PDG according to the W-APN and PDG selection criteria described in 3GPP TS 24.234 [8C]. The IKE security association and IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnel) shall remain active throughout the period the WLAN UE is connected to the IM CN subsystem, i.e. from the initial registration and at least until the deregistration.;

The WLAN UE may carry both signalling and media on an IPsec ESP security association.

c) Acquire a P-CSCF address(es).

The method for P-CSCF discovery is:

Employ Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6) RFC 3315 [40], the DHCPv6 options for SIP servers RFC 3319 [41] and the DHCPv6 options for Domain Name Servers (DNS) RFC 3646 [56C] as described in subclause 9.2.1.

In case several P-CSCF addresses or FQDNs are provided to the UE, the selection of P-CSCF address or FQDN shall be performed as indicated in RFC 3319 [41]. If sufficient information for P-CSCF address selection is not available, selection of the P-CSCF address by the WLAN UE is implementation specific.

The WLAN UE may request a DNS Server IPv6 address(es) via RFC 3315 [40] and RFC 3646 [56C].

D.2.2.2 I-WLAN tunnel procedures

D.2.2.2.1 General requirements

The WLAN UE can establish media streams that belong to different SIP sessions on the same I-WLAN tunnel.

During establishment of a session, the WLAN UE establishes data streams(s) for media related to the session. Such data stream(s) may result in activation of additional IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnels).

D.2.2.2.2 Usage of I-WLAN tunnel for media

If the WLAN UE receives indication within the SDP according to RFC 3524 [54] that media stream(s) belong to group(s), the media stream(s) shall be set up on separate IPSEC ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnels) according to the indication of grouping of media streams. The WLAN UE may freely group media streams to IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnel(s)) in case no indication of grouping of media streams is received from the P-CSCF.

If the capabilities of the originating WLAN UE, or operator policy at the PDG prevents the originating WLAN UE from establishment of additional IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnels) according to the media grouping attributes given by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3524 [54], the WLAN UE will not establish such grouping of media streams. Instead, the originating WLAN UE shall negotiate media parameters for the session according to RFC 3264 [27B].

If the capabilities of the terminating WLAN UE or operator policy at the PDG prevents the originating WLAN UE from establishment of additional IPsec ESP security association (I-WLAN tunnels) according to the media grouping attributes given by the P-CSCF in accordance with RFC 3524 [54], the WLAN UE will not establish such grouping of media streams. Instead, the terminating WLAN UE shall handle such SDP offers in accordance with RFC 3388 [53].

The UE can receive a media authorization token in the P-Media-Authorization header from the P-CSCF according to RFC 3313 [31]. If a media authorization token is received in the P-Media-Authorization header when a SIP session is initiated, the UE shall reuse the existing I-WLAN tunnel and ignore the media authorization token.

D.2.2.2.3 Special requirements applying to forked responses

Since the UE is unable to perform bearer modification, forked responses place no special requirements on the UE.

Annex E (informative): Change history

Change history									
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New	WG doc	
					Version 0.0.0 Editor's internal draft				
					Version 0.0.1 Editor's internal draft				
					Version 0.0.2 Editor's internal draft				
		N1-001060			Version 0.0.3 Submitted to CN1 SIP adhoc #1				
19/10/00		N1-001109			Version 0.0.4 Reflecting results of initial CN1				
					discussion				
19/10/00		N1-001115			Version 0.0.5 Reflecting output of CN1 SIP adhoc#1 discussion				
09/11/00					Version 0.0.6 Revision to include latest template and styles				
		N1-010092			Version 0.0.7 Reflecting updates of some IETF drafts				
14/02/01		N1-010269			Version 0.0.8 Revision to include temporary annex B incorporating valuable source material				
18/03/01		N1-010378			Version 0.1.0 incorporating results of CN1				
40/04/04		rev			discussion at CN1 #16				
12/04/01		N1-010737			Version 0.2.0 incorporating results of CN1 discussions at SIP adhoc #4				
11/06/01		N1-010935			Version 0.3.0 incorporating results of CN1 discussions at CN1 #16				
23/07/01		N1-011103			Version 0.4.0 incorporating results of CN1				
				1	discussions at CN1 #18 (agreed documents N1-				
			<u> </u>		011028, N1-011050, N1-011055, N1-011056)				
12/09/01		N1-011385			Version 0.5.0 incorporating results of CN1				
					discussions at CN1 #19 (agreed documents N1-				
					011109, N1-011152, N1-011195, N1-011312, N1-				
					011319, N1-011343)				
04/10/01		N1-011470			Version 0.6.0 incorporating results of CN1				
					discussions at CN1 #19bis (agreed documents N1-				
					011346, N1-011373, N1-011389, N1-011390, N1- 011392, N1-011393, N1-011394, N1-011408, N1-				
					011410, N1-011426)				
19/10/01		N1-011643			Version 0.7.0 incorporating results of CN1				
13/10/01		141-0110-3			discussions at CN1 #20 (agreed documents N1-				
					011477, N1-011479, N1-011498, N1-011523, N1-				
					011548, N1-011585, N1-011586, N1-011592, N1-				
					011611, N1-011629)				
16/11/01		N1-011821			Version 0.8.0 incorporating results of CN1				
					discussions at CN1 #20bis (agreed documents N1-				
					011685, N1-011690, N1-011741, N1-011743, N1-				
					011759, N1-011760, N1-011761, N1-011765c, N1-				
					011767, N1-011769, N1-011770, N1-011771, N1-				
					011774, N1-011777, N1-011779, N1-011780) N1-011712 was agreed but determined to have no				
					impact on the specification at this time.				
30/11/01		N1-020010			Version 1.0.0 incorporating results of CN1				
20, . 1, 01		525515		1	discussions at CN1 #21 (agreed documents N1-				
					011828, N1-011829, N1-011836, N1-011899				
					[revision marks not used on moved text - additional				
				1	change from chairman's report incorporated],				
				1	implementation of subclause 3.1 editor's note based				
				1	on discussion of N1-011900 [chairman's report], N1-				
				1	011905, N1-011984, N1-011985, N1-011986, N1-				
				1	011988, N1-011989, N1-012012 [excluding points 2				
					and 16], N1-012013, N1-012014 [excluding point 1], N1-012015, N1-012021, N1-012022, N1-012025,				
				1	N1-012031, N1-012021, N1-012022, N1-012025, N1-012031, N1-012045, N1-012056, N1-012057)				
				1	CN1 agreed for presentation for information to CN				
					plenary.				
18/01/02		N1-020189			Version 1.1.0 incorporating results of CN1				
					discussions at CN1 SIP ad-hoc (agreed documents				
					N1-020015, N1-020053, N1-020064, N1-020101,				
					N1-020123, N1-020124, N1-020142, N1-020146,				
				1	N1-020147, N1-020148, N1-020151, N1-020157,				
				1	N1-020159, N1-020165).				
				1	Also N1-012000 (agreed at previous meeting)				
			1		required, subclause 5.2.6 to be deleted and this				

Data	TCC #	TSC Dee	CD	Day	Change history	OIA	Now	WC dos
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment change has been enacted	Old	New	WG doc
01/02/02		N1-020459			Version 1.2.0 incorporating results of CN1 discussions at CN1 #22 (agreed documents N1-020198, N1-020396, N1-020398, N1-020399, N1-020408, N1-020417, N1-020418, N1-020419, N1-			
01/02/02		N1-020569			020421, N1-020422, N1-020436, N1-020437, N1- 020449) Version 1.2.1 issues to correct cut and paste error in			
					incorporation of Annex B into main document. Affected subclause 5.1.1.3. Change to clause 7 title that was incorrectly applied to subclause 7.2 also corrected.			
22/02/02					Advanced to version 2.0.0 based on agreement of N1-020515. Version 2.0.0 incorporating results of CN1 discussions at CN1 #22bis (agreed documents N1-020466, N1-020468, N1-020469, N1-020472, N1-020473, N1-020500, N1-020504, N1-020507, N1-020511, N1-020512, N1-020521, N1-020583, N1-020584, N1-020602, N1-020603, N1-020604, N1-020611, N1-020612, N1-020613, N1-020614, N1-020615, N1-020617, N1-020623, N1-020624, N1-020625, N1-020626, N1-020627, N1-020642, N1-020643, N1-020646, N1-020649, N1-020656, N1-020659, N1-020668, N1-020669, N1-020670). In addition N1-020409, agreed at CN1#22 but missed from the previous version, was also implemented. References have been resequenced.			
02/03/02					Editorial clean-up by ETSI/MCC.	2.0.0	2.0.1	
11/03/02	TSG CN#15	NP-020049			The draft was approved, and 3GPP TS 24.229 was then to be issued in Rel-5 under formal change control.	2.0.1	5.0.0	
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020230	004	1	S-CSCF Actions on Authentication Failure	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020903
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020230	005	2	Disallow Parallel Registrations	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020959
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020230	007	1	Hiding	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020910
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020312	800	8	Support for services for unregistered users	5.0.0	5.1.0	
2002-06			009	1	Not implemented nor implementable. In the meeting report CN1#24 under doc N1-021513 it is shown that CR095r2 supercedes 009r1 if 095r2 was to be approved in CN#16 (but unfortunately 009r1 was also approved in the the CN#16 draft minutes).			N1-020921
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	019		MGCF procedure clarification	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020788
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	020	2	MGCF procedure error cases	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020960
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	022	1	Abbreviations clean up	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020949
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	023		Clarification of SIP usage outside IM CN subsystem	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020792
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020314	024	3	Replacement of COMET by UPDATE	5.0.0	5.1.0	
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	025	3	Incorporation of current RFC numbers	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021091
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	026	1	Clarification of B2BUA usage in roles	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020941
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	028	4	Determination of MO / MT requests in I- CSCF(THIG)	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021248
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020231	030	2	P-CSCF release of an existing session	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021006
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	031	1	S-CSCF release of an existing session	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020939
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	033	3	SDP procedure at the UE	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020971
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	035	1	AS Procedures corrections	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020934
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	036	8	Corrections to SIP Compression	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021499

		_			Change history			
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New	WG doc
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	037	1	Enhancement of S-CSCF and I-CSCF Routing Procedures for interworking with external networks	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020928
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	041	2	Delivery of IMS security parameters from S-CSCF to the P-CSCF by using proprietary auth-param	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021003
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	045		Cleanup of request / response terminology - clause 5	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020835
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	046		Cleanup of request / response terminology - clause 6	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020836
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	047	2	Simplification of profile tables	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021059
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020232	049		Forking options	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020839
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020315	050	1	Media-Authorization header corrections	5.0.0	5.1.0	
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	051	1	Clause 5.4 editorials (S-CSCF)	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020950
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	053	2	Integrity protection signalling from the P-CSCF to the S-CSCF	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021007
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	054		Representing IM CN subsystem functional entities in profile table roles	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020847
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	055		Clause 4 editorials	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020848
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	056		Clause 5.8 editorials (MRFC)	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020849
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	057	1	Annex A editorials, including precondition additions	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021001
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	058	2	Representing the registrar as a UA	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021054
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020233	059		Additional definitions	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020852
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020312	060	11	Restructuring of S-CSCF Registration Sections	5.0.0	5.1.0	
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	061	2	Determination of MOC / MTC at P-CSCF and S-CSCF	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021060
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	062		Correction to the terminating procedures	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020927
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	063		Loose Routing for Network Initiated Call Release Procedures	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-020940
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	064		Incorporation of previously agreed corrections to clause 5.2.5.2 (N1-020416)	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021004
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	065		Clause 7.2 editorial corrections	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021005
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	067	2	S-CSCF routing of MO calls	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021097
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	068	1	I-CSCF routeing of dialog requests	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021078
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020234	069	2	Definition of the Tokanised-by parameter	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021096
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	070	3	SDP procedures at UE	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021453
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	073	2	Updates to the procedures involving the iFCs, following the Oulu iFC changes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021440
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	074	1	Addition of DHCPv6 references to 24.229	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021086
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	075	1	Clarification to URL and address assignments	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021083
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	079	3	Downloading the implicitely registered public user identities from the S-CSCF to P-CSCF	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021510
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	080	3	Clarification of GPRS aspects	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021486
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	081	2	Introduction of Subscription Locator Function Interrogation at I-CSCF in 24.229	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021469
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020235	082	1	Introduction of Visited_Network_ID p-header	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021433
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020236	084	1	MRFC register addresses	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021434
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020236	085	1	MRFC INVITE interface editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021470
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020236	086	1	MRFC OPTIONS interface editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021471
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020236	087		MRFC PRACK & INFO editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021159

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Date 2002-06	TSG # NP-16	TSG Doc. NP-020236	CR 088	Rev 1	Subject/Comment MGCF OPTIONS interface editor's notes	Old 5.0.0	New 5.1.0	WG doc N1-021472
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020236	089		MGCF reINVITE editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021161
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	090		3PCC AS editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021162
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	091		AS acting as terminating UA editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021163
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	092	1	AS acting as originating UA editor's notes	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021466
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	093	2	Charging overview clause	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021512
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	094	1	Procedures for original-dialog-id P-header	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021456
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	095	2	Procedures for charging-vector P-header	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021513
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	096	1	Procedures for charging-function-addresses P-header	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021458
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	097	1	SDP types	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021467
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020237	100		Removal of State from profile tables	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021173
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	101		Editor's note cleanup - clause 3	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021174
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	102		Editor's note cleanup - clause 4	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021175
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	103		Editor's note cleanup - clause 5.1 and deletion of void subclauses	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021176
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	104	1	Editor's note cleanup - clause 5.2 and deletion of void subclauses	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021487
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	105		Editor's note cleanup - clause 5.3	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021178
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	106		Editor's note cleanup - clause 5.4 and deletion of void subclauses	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021179
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	107		Editor's note cleanup - clause 5.5 and deletion of void subclauses	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021180
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	110		Editor's note cleanup - clause 6	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021183
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020238	111		Editor's note cleanup - clause 9	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021184
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	113	1	SIP Default Timers	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021465
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	114	1	Correction of the subscription to the registration event package	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021436
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	115	1	Support for ISIMless UICC	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021441
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	119	1	SIP procedures at UE	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021452
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	121	2	New requirements in the P-CSCF	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021509
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	122		SDP procedures at MGCF	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021264
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020239	124	1	S-CSCF allocation	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021443
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	129	1	Introduction of P-Access-Network-Info header	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021498
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	130	2	Usage of Path and P-Service Route	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021508
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	133		Removal of Referred-By header from specification	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021354
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	134		Handling of Record-Route header in profile tables	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021357
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020312	135	1	Asserted identities and privacy	5.0.0	5.1.0	
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	136		Removal of caller preferences from specification	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021359
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	137		Substitution of REFER references	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021360
2002-06	NP-16	NP-020240	138		Removal of session timer from specification	5.0.0	5.1.0	N1-021361
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020489	141	2	Adding MESSAGE to 24.229	5.1.0	5.2.0	

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Date	TSG#	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New	WG doc				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020375	142		Public user identity to use for third party register	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021563				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020375	143	1	Replace P-Original-Dialog-ID header with unique data in Route header	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021797				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020375	145		Synchronize text with latest I-D for P-headers for charging	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021569				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020488	146	2	Service profiles and implicitly registered public user identities	5.1.0	5.2.0					
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	147		S-CSCF decides when to include IOI	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021571				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	148		Clean up XML in clause 7.6	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021572				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	149		Fix clause 5.2.7.4 header	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021573				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	150		Removal of forward reference to non P-CSCF procedures	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021589				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	151		Deregistration of public user identities	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021590				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020376	152		Reauthentication trigger via other means	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021591				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020487	153	3	Registration with integrity protection	5.1.0	5.2.0					
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020485	154	2	Explicit listing of need to route response messages	5.1.0	5.2.0					
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	157	1	Include IP address in ICID	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021816				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	158		Reference updates	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021604				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	159		Abbreviation updates	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021605				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	163	1	Clarifications of allocation of IP address	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021817				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	171	1	Verifications at the P-CSCF for subsequent request	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021802				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	174	1	Clarification of IMS signalling flag	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021781				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020377	176	1	Definition of a general-purpose PDP context for IMS	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021783				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020372	177	2	Request for DNS IPv6 server address	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021833				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	178		Error cases for PDP context modification	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021679				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	183	1	Incorporation of draft-ietf-sip-sec-agree-04.txt	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021791				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	185	1	User Initiated De-registration	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021787				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	186	1	Mobile initiated de-registration	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021788				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	187	1	CallID of REGISTER requests	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021786				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	188	1	Correction to the I-CSCF routing procedures	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021803				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	189	1	Registration procedures at P-CSCF	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021793				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	192	1	Corrections related to the P-Access-Network-Info header	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021827				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020378	194	1	Chapter to decribe the registration event	5.1.0	5.2.0	N1-021794				
2002-09	NP-17	NP-020484	196		Definition of abbreviation IMS	5.1.0	5.2.0					
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	140	4	Support of non-IMS forking	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022446				
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020565	144	2	Identification of supported IETF drafts within this release	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022114				
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	161	3	Clarifications and editorials to SIP profile	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022412				
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	175	5	Clarifications of the binding and media grouping	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022494				
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	179	2	Support of originating requests from Application Servers	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022106				

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Date 2002-12	TSG # NP-18	TSG Doc. NP-020558	CR 197	Rev	Subject/Comment Wrong references in 4.1	Old 5.2.0	New 5.3.0	WG doc N1-021902
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	198		Alignment of the MGCF procedures to RFC 3312	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021903
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	199	1	Service Route Header and Path Header interactions	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022080
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	202		Addition of clause 6 though clause 9 references to conformance clause	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021919
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020558	203	1	URL and address assignments	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022115
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	204	3	Fix gprs-charging-info definition and descriptions	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022426
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	206		Alignment of the SDP attributes related to QoS integration with IETF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021930
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	207	1	Update of the 3GPP-generated SIP P- headers document references	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022116
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	208	1	Handling of INVITE requests that do not contain SDP	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022098
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	209	2	UE Registration	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022471
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	211	1	Usage of private user identity during registration	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022083
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	212	1	P-CSCF subscription to the users registration-state event	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022084
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	213	2	Handling of MT call by the P-CSCF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022154
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	215		P-CSCF acting as a UA	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021939
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020559	216	1	S-CSCF handling of protected registrations	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022085
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	217	1	S-CSCF handling of subscription to the users registration-state event	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022086
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	218	1	Determination of MO or MT in I-CSCF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022102
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	220		Definition of the NAI and RTCP abbreviations	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021944
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	222	4	Go related error codes in the UE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022495
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	223	1	Clarifications on CCF/ECF addresses	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022120
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	225	2	Clarifications on dedicated PDP Context for IMS signaling	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022156
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	228	3	Clarifications on the use of charging correlation information	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022425
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	232	1	Expires information in REGISTER response	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022095
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	235	2	Indication of successful establishment of Dedicated Signalling PDP context to the UE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022129
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020560	237		P-CSCF sending 100 (Trying) Response for reINVITE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-021998
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	239	1	Correction on P-Asserted-Id, P-Preferred-Id, Remote-Party-ID	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022100
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	240	1	Clarifications to subclause 9.2.5	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022137
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	242		ENUM translation	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022020
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	243	1	AS routing	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022107
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	245	1	Warning header	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022108
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	246	3	S-CSCF procedure tidyup	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022497

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Date 2002-12	TSG # NP-18	TSG Doc. NP-020561	CR 247	Rev 1	Subject/Comment P-CSCF procedure tidyup	Old 5.2.0	New 5.3.0	WG doc N1-022125
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	248	2	UE procedure tidyup	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022472
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	249	3	MESSAGE corrections part 1	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022455
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020561	250	2	MESSAGE corrections part 2	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022456
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	251	2	Security association clarifications	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022440
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	252	1	The use of security association by the UE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022433
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	253	1	UE integrity protected re-registration	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022434
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	255	3	Handling of default public user identities by the P-CSCF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022496
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	263		Fixing ioi descriptions	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022266
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	264	1	Fix descriptions for ECF/CCF addresses	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022447
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020562	266	2	Alignment with draft-ietf-sipping-reg-event-00 and clarification on network initiated deregistration	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022493
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	267	1	Correction to network initiated re-authentication procedure	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022449
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	268	1	Registration Expires Timer Default Setting	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022439
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	269	1	Clarification on Sh interface for charging purposes	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022465
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	270	2	Clarifications on the scope	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022500
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	273	1	Add charging info for SUBSCRIBE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022467
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	274	1	Profile revisions for RFC 3261 headers	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022413
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	275		Consistency changes for SDP procedures at MGCF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022345
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	276		Proxy support of PRACK	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022350
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020563	277		Clarification of transparent handling of parameters in profile	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022351
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020564	279	1	Meaning of refresh request	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022444
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020564	280		Removal of Caller Preferences dependency	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022362
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020564	281	1	P-Access-Network-Info clarifications	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022445
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020564	282		Clarification on use of the From header by the UE	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022370
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020634	283	2	Support of comp=sigcomp parameter	5.2.0	5.3.0	
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020668	284	4	SDP media policy rejection	5.2.0	5.3.0	
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020567	285	1	Fallback for compression failure	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022481
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020564	287	1	SA related procedures	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022459
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020568	290	1	Emergency Service correction	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022461
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020663	278	4	P-CSCF does not strip away headers	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022499
2002-12	NP-18	NP-020557	289	<u> </u>	PCF to PDF	5.2.0	5.3.0	N1-022387
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	291		Minor correction and consistency changes to general part of profile	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030012
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	292		SIP profile minor correction and consistency changes	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030013

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2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	293	1	Network asserted identity procedure corrections for the UE	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030261					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	294	1	Asserted identity inclusion in SIP profile	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030300					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	296		Profile references relating to registration	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030023					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030049	297	2	Reference corrections	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030301					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	300	1	488 message with a subset of allowed media parameters	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030245					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	301	1	Handling of Emergency Numbers in P-CSCF	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030239					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	302	2	Correction of the registration state event package	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030268					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	305	2	User initiated de-registration at P-CSCF	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030295					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	306	2	Network-initiated deregistration at UE, P-CSCF, and S-CSCF	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030296					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	307	2	UE deregistration during established dialogs	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030297					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	308	2	S-CSCF handling of deregistration during established dialogs	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030298					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	309	1	S-CSCF handling of established dialogs upon deregistration	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030233					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030050	310	2	S-CSCF handling of established dialogs upon registration-lifetime expiration	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030299					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	311	1	P-CSCF handling of established dialogs upon registration-lifetime expiration	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030235					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	312	1	Correction of Authentication procedure	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030240					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	313		Mixed Path header and Service-Route operation	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030127					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	315	2	Clarifications on updating the authorization token	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030255					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	318	2	Consideration of P-CSCF/PDF	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030307					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	319	2	Clarification on GPRS charging information	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030308					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	323	1	P-Access-Network-Info procedure corrections for the UE	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030250					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	324	1	P-Access-Network-Info procedure corrections for the S-CSCF	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030251					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030051	326	1	Updating user agent related profile tables	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030260					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	327	2	Cleanup and clarification to the registration and authentication procedure	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030282					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	328	1	Corrections to the reg event package	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030230					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	330	2	Clarifications for setting up separate PDP contexts in case of SBLP	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030288					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	331	2	Handling of the P-Media-Autohorization header	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030289					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	333	3	Removal of P-Asserted-Identity from clause 7 of 24.229	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030310					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	334		P-CSCF general procedure corrections	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030182					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	335	2	Usage of Contact in UE's registration procedure	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030281					
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	337		Usage of P-Asserted-Identity for responses	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030193					

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Date 2003-03	TSG # NP-19	TSG Doc. NP-030052	CR 339	Rev 2	Subject/Comment Authorization for registration event package	Old 5.3.0	New 5.4.0	WG doc N1-030285
2003-03	NP-19	NP-030052	341	1	P-CSCF subscription to reg event	5.3.0	5.4.0	N1-030284
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	295	4	Security agreement inclusion in SIP profile	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030939
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	322	5	3GPP P-header inclusion in SIP profile	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030938
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	332	5	Change of IP address for the UE	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030923
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	342		Removal of the requirement for UE re-authentication initiated by HSS	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030349
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	343	2	UE behaviour on reception of 420 (Bad Extension) message	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030552
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030275	347	2	Handling of DTMF	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030551
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	348	1	Format of Tel URL in P-Asserted-Id	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030510
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	349		Delete Note on header stripping/SDP manipulation	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030387
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	354	1	Clarifications on using DNS procedures	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030520
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	356	4	Addition of procedures at the AS for SDP	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030942
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	357	1	Usage of P-Associated-URI	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030499
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	359	1	Network-initiated deregistration at UE and P-CSCF	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030501
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	360	2	Barred identities	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030550
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	365	1	PDP contex subject to SBLP cannot be reused by other IMS sessions	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030513
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030276	368	1	User authentication failure cleanups	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030506
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	369	3	S-CSCF behavior correction to enable call forwarding	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030931
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	370	1	SUBSCRIBE request information stored at the P- CSCF and S-CSCF	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030521
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	371	1	Profile Tables - Transparency	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030858
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	375	1	Profile Tables - Major Capability Corrections	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030860
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	376	2	Profile Tables - Deletion of Elements not used in 24.229	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030921
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	377	1	Use of the QoS parameter 'signalling information' for a signalling PDP context	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030840
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	378	2	Deregistration of a PUID (not the last one)	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030919
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	379	2	'Last registered public user identity' terminology change	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030920
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030277	380	1	Check Integrity Protection for P-Access-Network- Info header	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030881
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	381	1	PCSCF setting of Integrity protection indicator and checking of Security Verify header	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030882
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	383	1	Consistent treatment of register and de-register	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030884
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	384	1	Optionality of sending CK is removed	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030885
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	385	1	Addition of note and Correction of References regarding security associations and registration	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030886
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	387	1	Subscription/Registration refresh time	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030887

Doto	TCC #	TCC Doc	CP	Dev	Change history	Old	New	WC dos
Date 2003-06	TSG # NP-20	TSG Doc. NP-030278	CR 388	Rev 1	Subject/Comment Corrections to use of IK	Old 5.4.0	New 5.5.0	WG doc N1-030863
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	390		Mobile-originating case at UE	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030647
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	394	2	Re-authentication procedure.	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030917
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030278	395		Replacement of SIP URL with SIP URI	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030652
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	397	2	Notification about registration state	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030926
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	402	1	Handling of P-Asserted ID in MGCF	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030848
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	404	1	S-CSCF initiated release of calls to circiut switched network	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030873
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	405	2	Supported Integrity algorithms	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030927
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	407	1	RFC 3524, Single Reservation Flows	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030851
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	410	1	Clarification of the S-CSCF's handling of the P-access-network-info header	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030868
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	411	2	Port numbers in the RR header entries	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030941
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030279	412	2	Registration abnormal cases	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030928
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	415		Minor correction to section 5.4.5.1.2	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030720
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	417	1	Introduction of RTCP bandwidth	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030872
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	418	1	Registratin Event - Shortend	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030844
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	419	1	HSS / S-CSCF text relating to user deregistration	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030845
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	421		Handling of unknown methods at the P-CSCF	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030743
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	422	1	Definitions and abbreviations update	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030870
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	423		Removal of hanging paragraph	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030752
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	424		Access network charging information	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030753
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030280	425	1	UE procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030871
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	426		P-CSCF procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030755
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	427		I-CSCF procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030756
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	428		S-CSCF procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030757
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	429		BGCF procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030758
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	430		AS procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030759
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	431		MRFC procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030760
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	434	1	SDP procedure tidyup	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030852
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	438	2	Profile Tables – Further Corrections	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030935
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	439	3	AS's subscription for the registration state event package	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030940
2003-06	NP-20	NP-030281	440		Temporary Public User Identity in re- and de- REGISTER requests	5.4.0	5.5.0	N1-030792
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	444	2	All non-REGISTER requests must be integrity protected	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031328
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	445		Download of all service profiles linked to PUID being registered and implicitly registered	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031010

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Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New	WG doc			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	448	3	Authentication at UE	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031326			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	449	1	Nework authentication failure at the UE	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031242			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	451	3	Handling of security association	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031327			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	452	1	Re-authentication timer at S-CSCF	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031274			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030412	455	2	Authentication failure at S-CSCF	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031285			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	456	2	Subscription termination sent by the S-CSCF	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031276			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	457		Subscription termination at the P-CSCF	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031032			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	458		Network -initiated deregistration at P-CSCF	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031033			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030349	459	2	Notification about registration status at AS	5.5.0	5.6.0				
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	461	1	Service profile	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031233			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	466	1	Requirements on Preconditions	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031246			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	467	1	Call forwarding cleanup	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031238			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030413	468		Update of references	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031094			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030414	470	1	Adding P-Asserted-Identity headers to NE initiated subscriptions	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031314			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030414	479	1	Replace USIM by ISIM for user identity storage	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031247			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030414	481	1	24.229 R5 CR: Corrections to Profile Tables	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031248			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030414	482		24.229 R5 CR: Setting of SUBSCRIBE exipiration time	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031140			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030414	483	3	24.229 R5 CR: Alignment of IMS Compression with RFC 3486	5.5.0	5.6.0	N1-031335			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030418	465	1	Alignment with TS for policy control over Gq interface	5.6.0	6.0.0	N1-031267			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030418	472	1	I-CSCF procedures for openness	5.6.0	6.0.0	N1-031304			
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030433	473	3	Registration from multiple terminals and forking	5.6.0	6.0.0				
2003-09	NP-21	NP-030419	480	3	Access Independent IMS	5.6.0	6.0.0	N1-031333			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	487	1	Registration amendments in profile	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031627			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	489		Privacy considerations for the UE	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031351			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030476	493		INVITE dialog amendments in profile	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031359			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	494		Correction of I-CSCF handling of multiple private user identities with same public user identity	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031375			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030476	496	1	P-Asserted-Identity in SUBSCRIBE requests	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031632			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	497		Addition of reference to Gq interface	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031378			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030476	503	2	Update of HSS information at deregistration	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031720			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	507		Unavailable definitions	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031392			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030476	509		Reference corrections	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031394			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030484	510	1	UICC related changes for IMS commonality and interoperability	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031682			
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030484	511		Interoperability and commonality; definition of scope	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031427			

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Date 2003-12	TSG # NP-22	TSG Doc. NP-030484	CR 512	Rev	Subject/Comment Interoperability and commonality; addition of	Old 6.0.0	New 6.1.0	WG doc N1-031428
2003-12		INP-030464	512		terminology	6.0.0	0.1.0	N1-031428
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030484	513		Interoperability and commonality; media grouping	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031429
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030484	515		Interoperability and commonality; charging information	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031431
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	518	1	Profile support of RFC 3326: The Reason Header Field for the Session Initiation Protocol	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031681
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030482	519		Profile support of RFC 3581: An Extension to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) for Symmetric Response Routing	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031439
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030484	522	1	Clause 9 restructuring	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031684
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030477	524	2	Correct use of RAND during re-synchronisation failures	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031712
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030478	526	1	Correction to description or RES/XRES usage	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031617
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	529		Corrections on charging specification number	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031469
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030581	531	3	Corrections on ICID for REGISTER	6.0.0	6.1.0	
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030478	543	1	Correction of user initiated re-registration	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031619
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	551	1	IMS trust domain in Rel 6	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031622
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030478	556	1	P-CSCF and UE handling of Security Associations	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031624
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	560	2	SDP offer handling in SIP responses in S-CSCF and P-CSCF	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031727
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	564	1	SIP compression	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031705
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030478	566		Sending challenge	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031580
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030480	568	2	Reg-await-auth timer value	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031716
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030480	571	1	Network initiated deregistration	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031707
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	572		Text harmonisation with 3GPP2	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031589
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	573	1	Procedures in the absence of UICC	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031680
2003-12	NP-22	NP-030483	575	1	P-Access-Network-Info changes	6.0.0	6.1.0	N1-031683
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040027	488	3	Completion of major capabilities table in respect of privacy	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040406
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040027	499	5	P-CSCF integrity protection	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040500
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040032	578	1	UE requesting no-fork	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040184
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040032	579	1	Inclusion of caller preferences into profile	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040284
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040027	586	1	Network-initiated re-authentication	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040391
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040032	588	1	Re-authentication - Abnormal cases	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040393
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040027	592	1	Integrity protected correction	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040398
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040032	596	1	Sec-agree parameter in "Proxy-Require" header	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040400
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040027	600	2	Handling of record-route in target refresh and subsequent request	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040481
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040035	603		Cleanup for IP-CAN and GPRS	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040304
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040032	604	†	Forking in S-CSCF	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040325

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Date 2004-03	TSG # NP-23	TSG Doc. NP-040108	CR 605	Rev 3	Subject/Comment Determination of S-CSCF role	Old 6.1.0	New 6.2.0	WG doc
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040134	608	3	Unprotected deregistration	6.1.0	6.2.0	
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040029	610		Sending authentication challenge	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040331
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040033	613		Reference to PDF operation	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040334
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040029	615	1	Support of MESSAGE (Profile Tables)	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040466
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040033	616	2	Introduction of PSI Routing to 24.229	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040487
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040033	617	1	P-CSCF Re-selection	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040463
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040033	618		I-CSCF does not re-select S-CSCF during re- registration	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040344
2004-03	NP-23	NP-040033	620	1	Handling of media authorization token due to messaging	6.1.0	6.2.0	N1-040430
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	621	2	Forking requests terminating at the served user	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040739
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	624	1	Abbreviations	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040691
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	625	5	Removal of restriction for multiple SIP sessions on a single PDP context	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041053
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	626	3	Record route in S-CSCF	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041061
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040189	627	3	Correction of reception of media authorization token	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040994
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	628	3	Introduction of PSI Routing to 24.229	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041059
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040198	629	2	Addition of PRESNC material	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040996
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040189	631	1	Missing statements regarding P-Charging-Function-Addresses header	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040987
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040191	634	1	Multiple registrations	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041054
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	635	1	Network-initiated deregistration	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041055
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	636		Network-initiated re-authentication	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040778
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	637	1	Mobile-initiated deregistration	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041056
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	638	1	Notification about registration state	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041057
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040189	642	3	Syntax of the extension to the P-Charging-Vector header field	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041100
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	643	2	Session Timer	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041095
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040193	644	3	Session initiation without preconditions	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041096
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040192	645	1	IMS Conferencing: Inclusion of Profile Tables to TS 24.229	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041015
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040189	649	1	Revisions due to published version of draft-ietf- sipping-reg-event	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-040992
2004-06	NP-24	NP-040198	652		Creation of separate event package table for UA role	6.2.0	6.3.0	N1-041066
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040380	658		Correction of User identity verification at the AS	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041344
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	666	1	NOTIFY requests	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041586
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	654	4	Callee capabilities and Registration	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041315
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	668	2	Network deregistration	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041614

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Date 2004-09	NP-25	TSG Doc. NP-040381	CR 682	Rev 1	SDP parameters received by the S-CSCF and the P-CSCF in the 200 OK message	Old 6.3.0	New 6.4.0	WG doc N1-041592
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	661	1	Call Release	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041589
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	659		Multiple public ID registration	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041350
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	660		Standalone transactions	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041351
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	663		Unprotected REGISTER	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041354
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	662	1	Session timer	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041590
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	665		Contact in SUBSCRIBE request	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041372
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	650	2	Support of draft-ietf-sip-replaces	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041391
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	657	1	Support of draft-ietf-sip-join	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041393
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	656	1	Support of draft-ietf-sip-referredby	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041263
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	678		Support of TLS	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041462
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040381	688	2	Filtering of the P-Access-Network-Info header by the S-CSCF and privacy rules	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041641
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040382	692	2	Ipv6 IPv4 interworking	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041630
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040383	689	2	Addition of session set-up not requiring preconditions and reliable transport of provisional responses.	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041632
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040385	697		Missing value for the event attribute within the <contact> element of NOTIFY body</contact>	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041540
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040385	698		HSS initiated deregistration	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041549
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040385	673		Syntax correction for the P-Charging-Vector header	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041434
2004-09	NP-25	NP-040385	699	1	Network initiated deregistration upon UE roaming and registration to a new network	6.3.0	6.4.0	N1-041629
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	651	4	Downloading the user profile based on User-Data- Request-Type	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042031
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	703	2	SDP Encryption	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042095
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	704	1	RTCP streams	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042019
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	709		Contact in 200(OK) response	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041725
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	710	1	P-Access-Network-Info header	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042020
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	711	1	P-Called-Party-ID header	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041954
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	713	1	IMS-ALG routing	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042021
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	714	1	Public User Identity	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042022
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	715	1	"Pres" and "im" URIs	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042023
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	723	1	Correction Term IOI handling	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041956
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	725	1	Request handling in S-CSCF originating case	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041958
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	727	1	Request handling in S-CSCF - terminating case	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041960
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040506	728		SBLP and non-realtime PDP contexts	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041797
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	730	2	Reference updates	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042085
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	733	3	Support for extended SigComp	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042117

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Date 2004-12	TSG # NP-26	TSG Doc. NP-040590	CR 734	Rev 2	Subject/Comment Correction to subclause 5.1.3 of TS 24,229	Old 6.4.0	New 6.5.0	WG doc N1-042120
					·			141-042120
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	735	1	Correction to subclause 5.1.4.1.2.3 of TS 24,.229	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042084
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	738	1	Population of Via header when using REGISTER method	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041962
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	739		Tel-URI related reference updates	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041869
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	741	1	Throttling	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042086
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	742		Editorial correction resulting from CR665	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041881
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	743		Unprotected REGISTER corrections	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041882
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	744	1	Corrections to receiving SDP offer in 200 (OK) response	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042087
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	745	1	Privacy corrections	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042085
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	747	2	Syntax of the P-Charging-Vector	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042105
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	752	2	Unavailability of the access-network-charging-info when the session is established without SBLP	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042106
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	753	1	SIP messages carrying the access-network- charging-info for sessions without preconditions	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042089
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040590	755	1	Network-initiated deregistration for multiple UEs sharing the same user public identity and for the old contact information of a roaming UE registered in a new network	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042090
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	765	1	Interaction between S-CSCF and HSS in Network initiated deregistration procedure	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-041966
2004-12	NP-26	NP-040502	768	1	Downloading of user profile	6.4.0	6.5.0	N1-042103
2005-01					Fix Word problem	6.5.0	6.5.1	
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	839		Filter criteria matching and generation of third-party REGISTER request for network-initiated deregistration	5.11.1	5.12.0	N1-050220
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	785		Deregistration effect on active sessions	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050052
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	784		Deregistration effect on active sessions	5.11.1	5.12.0	N1-050051
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	809	1	IOI storage at MGCF	5.11.1	5.12.0	N1-050295
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	840		Filter criteria matching and generation of third-party REGISTER request for network-initiated deregistration	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050221
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	806	1	Use of original dialog identifier at AS	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050292
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	807	2	Checking Request-URI for terminating requests at the S-CSCF	5.11.1	5.12.0	N1-050401
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	805	1	Use of original dialog identifier at AS	5.11.1	5.12.0	N1-050291
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	808	2	Checking Request-URI for terminating requests at the S-CSCF	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050402
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050069	810	1	IOI storage at MGCF	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050296
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	794		RFC 3966	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050080
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	848	1	Removal of I-CSCF normative requirement on Cx interface	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050299
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	841		Filtering of the P-Access-Network-Info header by the	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050225

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ı					S-CSCF and privacy rules			
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	817		Editorial corrections	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050129
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	786	1	Cleanups resulting from CR changes for last version	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050324
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	821	1	Handling topmost Route header at the P-CSCF	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050297
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050073	790		Registration - Abnormal Case	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050076
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	832	1	Corrections to the tables for "PUBLISH"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050341
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	822	1	Corrections to the UE tables for "major capabilities"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050332
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	825	1	Corrections to the UE tables for "ACK"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050334
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	826	1	Corrections to the tables for "CANCEL"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050335
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	827	1	Corrections to the tables for "INVITE"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050336
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	828	1	Corrections to the tables for "MESSAGE"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050337
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	829	1	Corrections to the tables for "NOTIFY"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050338
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	830	1	Corrections to the tables for "OPTIONS"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050339
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	834	1	Corrections to the tables for "REGISTER"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050343
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	831	1	Corrections to the tables for "PRACK"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050340
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	833	1	Corrections to the tables for "REFER"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050342
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	835	1	Corrections to the tables for "SUBSCRIBE"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050344
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	836	1	Corrections to the tables for "UPDATE"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050345
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	837	1	Corrections to the tables for SDP	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050346
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	824	1	Removal of the UE table for 'status codes'	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050351
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050074	823	1	Corrections to the tables for "BYE"	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050333
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	846	2	Correction to the Registration procedure	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050413
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	850	1	Addition of IMS-ALF to profile tables	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050348
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	851	2	Press and im URIs in incoming requests	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050395
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	788	1	MO - Calls to IPv4 SIP terminals	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050387
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	818	3	Corrections to subclause 5.5 in TS 24.229	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050414
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	801	3	Default handling associated with the trigger at the S-CSCF	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050418
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050075	803	4	Default handling associated with the trigger for third party registration	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050421
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050078	795	1	Sip-profile package in major capabilities	6.5.1	6.6.0	N1-050306
2005-03	NP-27	NP-050127	849	2	Corrections to addition of session set-up not requiring preconditions and reliable transport of provisional responses	6.5.1	6.6.0	
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	879		Correction Reg-Await-Auth Timer	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050522
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	881		Security Association in P-CSCF	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050524
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	871	1	Port 5060	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050674
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	891	2	SIP headers storage for P-CSCF initiated session release	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050777

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2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	921	1	Correction of error in the specification of the extension to Authorization header	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050689
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	886	2	Handling of P-Associated URI header	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050783
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050059	907	2	Clarification to the procedures at the I-CSCF	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050785
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	894	1	Re-registration failure	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050709
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	892		Completion of status-code tables in SIP profile	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050571
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	865	1	Unsubscribe by P-CSCF	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050671
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	866	1	Protected initial registration	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050708
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	916	1	Clarify that S-CSCF shall support Supported and Require headers	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050684
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	862		Shared public user identities	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050599
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	860	1	P-CSCF - routing of REGISTER requests	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050701
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	870	1	Correction of table A.104A	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050711
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	887	1	Contact address in REGISTER response	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050716
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	890	1	P-CSCF Record-Route processing for target refresh requests/responses	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050717
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	893	1	AS originated requests on behalf of PSI	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050719
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	896	1	Routing PSI at terminating side	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050720
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	856	2	Notification about registration state	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050789
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	861	3	Registration failure at UE	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050790
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	899	2	Correction of the references for the integration of resource management procedures	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050791
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	902	2	Clarification on P-CSCF-intiated call release	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050792
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	863	3	Error handling in UE in case of RFC 3524	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050793
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	895	3	UE registration failure because the selected S-CSCF is unreachable	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050802
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	787	6	MT- SDP offer with IPv4 address.	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050794
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050061	858	1	S-CSCF redirecting	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050700
2005-06	CP-28	CP-050064	872	2	I-WLAN information for IMS	6.6.0	6.7.0	C1-050729
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050355	929	1	Correction Profile Table A.119	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051060
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050355	945		Public User identity in 3rd party REG	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-050905
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050355	956	1	Removal of Access Network Charging Information by the S-CSCF	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051080
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050355	964		Optional ccf	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-050985
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050355	985		Contact header in REGISTER requests	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051176
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050358	943	2	Modifications to 24.229 to allow multiple IPSec SA	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051210
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050359	931	1	SigComp-Corrections	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-050876
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050359	961	1	IETF reference corrections	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051073
2005-09	CP-29	CP-050359	967	1	AS procedure correction	6.7.0	6.8.0	C1-051083

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2005-12	CP-30	CP-050538	1048		Replace 'originated' with 'terminated'	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051478
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050538	1011	1	Correction to section 5.4.3.2 of TS 24.229	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051562
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050538	1070		Correction Syntax P-Charging Vector	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051507
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050538	1045	2	Mobile originating call related requests	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051667
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050538	1025		Handling of P-Charging-Function-Address	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051423
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050541	1001	1	Modification to the definition of Security Association	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051575
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1028	1	B2B UA AS handling	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-041596
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1058		Replace 'served' by 'Originating' UE	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051488
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1053		Adjusting section reference in section 6.3	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051483
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1064	1	Charging terms correction	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051617
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1016		Correction to subclause 5.7.5.1. of TS 24229	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051381
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	0993		cdma2000	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051335
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1072	5	Short Session Setup in IMS	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051655
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1004	2	Refreshes of SUBSCRIBE to reg-event (Fix for Rel 6)	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051669
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1063	2	Correction to 3rd party registration procedures for SESSION_TERMINATED default handling	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051673
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	0981	3	Access Type of P-Access-Network-Info header	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051674
2005-12	CP-30	CP-050542	1042		Correction of a reference in some tables in Appendix A	6.8.0	6.9.0	C1-051472
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060106	1113	1	IMS AKA - content of initial authentication header	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060449
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060106	1116	1	IMS AKA - SQN resync clarifications	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060452
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060111	1118	2	IMS Short Session Setup - Clarifications	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060594
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060111	1128	2	Tel URI	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060592
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060110	1131	1	P-Asserted-Identity	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060475
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060110	1133	-	Preconditions required	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060191
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060110	1135	1	SDP answer	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060471
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060107	1141	1	Support of call forwarding at the S-CSCF	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060462
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060107	1147	1	UE processing 305 (Use Proxy)	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060506
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060110	1155	1	Tables Change in Appendix A	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060477
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060107	1160	1	DHCPv6 options for Domain Name Servers	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060455
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060107	1163	1	Clarifications on P-CSCF discovery	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060458
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060106	1186	-	Removal of Warning header non-compliance with RFC 3261	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060327
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060111	1188	3	Definition of principles for IOI exchange and storage	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060609
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060106	1203	-	Syntax and operation for Security-Client, Security-Server and Security-Verify headers	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060386
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060110	1205	-	Inclusion of Ma reference point	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060391
2006-03	CP-31	CP-060117	1209	1	Coding of P-Access-Network-Info header for 3GPP2	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060493

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2006-03	CP-31	CP-060111	1213	1	Reference Update of TS24.229, Rel6	6.9.0	6.10.0	C1-060482
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060231	1289	2	Realm Parameter Handling	6.10.0	6.11.0	-
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060250	1231	3	Handling of P-Charging-Addresses	6.10.0	6.11.0	-
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060262	1308	1	Hiding correction	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061044
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060262	1305	2	3rd-party registration	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061097
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060262	1302	2	One private identity one contact	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061094
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060264	1273	2	Re-authentication during deregistration	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061112
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060265	1311		I-CSCF registration procedure correction	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060828
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1363		Incorrect requirement on I-CSCF	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061078
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1347		UE behavior after timer F expiry	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060896
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1270	1	Introduction of signalling encryption	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060998
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1264	1	IOI overview	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060996
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1241	1	SDP answer	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060992
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1237	1	Via header in the initial registration	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-060974
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060266	1235	2	P-Asserted-ID	6.10.0	6.11.0	C1-061118
2006-06	CP-32	CP-060338	1364	1	Registration of several unrelated public user identities	6.10.0	6.11.0	-
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060452	1432		Removal of Editor's notes in 24.229, rel-6	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061501
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060452	1460	1	Correction of Realm Parameter Handling for S-CSCF procedures	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061731
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060452	1466		SDP reference revision	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061656
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060452	1474	2	"Response" value in unprotected Register requests	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061844
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1256	4	SDP usage at MGCF	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061846
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1416	1	Type 3 orig-ioi in I-CSCF	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061743
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1477	1	Updates to Profile Tables UE Major Capabilities	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061753
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1482		Final codec selection	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061849
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1404	1	Removal of Editor's notes in 24.229, rel-6	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061738
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1468		SDP corrections	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061658
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1470		SDP completion	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061660
2006-09	CP-33	CP-060504	1462	1	Receipt of SIP URI with URI parameter user equals "phone" at the I-CSCF	6.11.0	6.12.0	C1-061752
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1545	-	Join header correction	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-062204
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1507	2	Processing the successful response at S-CSCF	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-062433
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060719	1448	3	Correction of S-CSCF construction and UE interpretation of registration event notification	6.12.0	6.13.0	-
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1501	-	RFC reference update	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-061976
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1505	-	SDP group attribute correction	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-061980

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2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1503	1	Addressing editor's notes relating to trust domains	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-062303
2006-12	CP-34	CP-060655	1513	1	Removal of more Editor's notes in 24.229, rel-6	6.12.0	6.13.0	C1-062309
2007-03	CP-35	CP-070130	1565	-	Session Establishment Interworking with Rel-5 UEs	6.13.0	6.14.0	C1-070051
2007-03	CP-35	CP-070130	1637	-	Inclusion of draft-ietf-sip-uri-list-message in SIP profile	6.13.0	6.14.0	C1-070265
2007-03	CP-35	CP-070130	1618	-	Clarifications on resource reservation	6.13.0	6.14.0	C1-070179
2007-03	CP-35	CP-070232	1620	2	Routeing B2BUA handling of Replaces header	6.13.0	6.14.0	
2007-06	CP-36	CP-070370	1688	2	Inclusion of "addressing an amplification vulnerability in session initiation protocol forking proxies" (draft-ietf-sip-fork-loop-fix) in the SIP profile	6.14.0	6.15.0	C1-071408
2007-06	CP-36	CP-070370	1776	-	Correction of coding rules of P-Access-Network-Info header	6.14.0	6.15.0	C1-071336
2007-06	CP-36	CP-070449	1778	2	THIG processing correction to ensure conformity to RFC 3261	6.14.0	6.15.0	
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070578	1943		Correction of the Authorization Header in the Profile Table	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072083
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070578	1809		Integrity param in De- and ReREGISTER	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-071571
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070579	1903	2	Clarification of DTD	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072148
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070580	1940		Unprotected registration at S-CSCF	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072050
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070580	1939		Unprotected registration at UE	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072047
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070580	1938	1	P-Access-Network-Info header clarification	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072040
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070580	1920	1	Optional rport parameter in UE	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-072037
2007-09	CP-37	CP-070580	1874		IETF reference updates	6.15.0	6.16.0	C1-071770
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070785	2113		Proxy profile corrections	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072920
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070785	2109		Corrections to RFC 3329 entries in profile	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072916
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070785	2063		Authenticating with AKAv1-MD5	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072531
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070785	2047	3	Introduction of versioning and conventions	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072987
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070785	2039	1	Corrections for re-authenticating user	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072551
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070788	2074		Coverage of access technology specific text	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072744
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2007-12	CP-38	CP-070788	2033	1	MGCF does not act as a proxy	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-072563
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070788	2015	2	Action on missing "integrity-protected" parameter	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-073177
2007-12	CP-38	CP-070871	2095	4	Correction of 3GPP IM CN subsystem XML handling	6.16.0	6.17.0	C1-073168
2008-06	CP-40	CP-080338	2228	1	Interaction IPSec with symmetric response routing	6.17.0	6.18.0	C1-081322
2008-06	CP-40	CP-080338	2270	1	Removal of Editor's notes from 24.229	6.17.0	6.18.0	C1-081924
2008-06	CP-40	CP-080338	2294	-	Correction to de-registration procedure when registration expired	6.17.0	6.18.0	C1-081937
2008-06	CP-40	CP-080354	2278	-	Annex A : SIP Record-Route header table correction	6.17.0	6.18.0	C1-081603
2008-09	CP-41	CP-080515	2304	1	Annex A: Correction of SDP connection information	6.18.0	6.19.0	C1-082609
2008-09	CP-41	CP-080514	2312	1	Correction on identifiers distinguishing the dialog	6.18.0	6.19.0	C1-082264

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2008-09	CP-41	CP-080514	2348	1	One contact address per UE	6.18.0	6.19.0	C1-083347	
2008-09	CP-41	CP-080515	2360		SDP referencing error for IBCF (IMS-ALG)	6.18.0	6.19.0	C1-082925	
2008-09	CP-41	CP-080515	2379		Alignment with current version of draft-ietf-sip-fork-loop-fix	6.18.0	6.19.0	C1-083244	
2008-12	CP-42	CP-080841	2467		Reference updates (release 6 ietf dependencies)	6.19.0	6.20.0	C1-084896	
2008-12	CP-42				Editorial cleanup by ETSI EditHelp! and MCC	6.19.0	6.20.0		
2009-03	CP-43	CP-090237	2599	2	reference correction	6.20.0	6.21.0	C1-091113	
2009-06	CP-44	CP-090397	2646	1	Correction to Annex A /Caller preferences directives	6.21.0	6.22.0	C1-092080	
2009-09	CP-45	CP-090644	2622	3	Inconsistency between text and XML schema	6.22.0	6.23.0	C1-093706	
2009-09	CP-45	CP-090645	2786		IOI Handling	6.22.0	6.23.0	C1-093263	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090890	2836		Inclusion of draft-ietf-sipcore-invfix	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-094117	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090890	2840	1	Inclusion of draft-ietf-sip-ipv6-abnf-fix	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-094528	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090891	2844		Change of ua-profile package to xcap-diff package	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-094128	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090890	2882		Annex A / c and m paramters in media description in SDP	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-094378	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090890	2886		Annex A / User-Agent in PUBLISH responses	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-094383	
2009-12	CP-46	CP-090890	2902	1	Reference update for draft-ietf-sip-session-timer	6.23.0	6.24.0	C1-095477	
2010-12	CP-50	CP-100721	3315		IETF reference updates	6.24.0	6.25.0	C1-103917	
2010-12	CP-50	CP-100722	3320		IETF reference updates	6.24.0	6.25.0	C1-103922	
2010-12	CP-50	CP-100876	3373	2	Codec and DTMF correction	6.24.0	6.25.0	-	
2011-03	CP-51	CP-110160	3503	1	MGCF procedure corrections related to SIP preconditions	6.25.0	6.26.0	C1-111255	

History

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V6.6.0	March 2005	Publication								
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