

ETSI TS 102 797-3 V1.1.1 (2012-08)



Technical Specification

**Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS);
Communications Access for Land Mobiles (CALM);
Test specifications for ITS station management (ISO 24102);
Part 3: Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial PIXIT proforma**



Reference

DTS/ITS-0020030

Keywords

ATS, CALM, ITS, management, testing, TTCN

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Foreword

This Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Intelligent Transport System (ITS).

The present document is part 3 of a multi-part deliverable covering "Abstract Test Suite" (ATS) and partial PIXIT proforma specifications for ITS station management protocols as identified below:

- Part 1: "Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) specification";
- Part 2: "Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)";
- Part 3: "Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial PIXIT proforma".**

1 Scope

The present document provides the Abstract Test Suite (ATS) and partial PIXIT proforma for the protocols specified in ISO/DIS 24102 [i.1], [1], [2] based on the related TSS&TP specification [4] and the PICS proforma [3] and in accordance with the relevant guidance given in ISO/IEC 9646-1 [5], ISO/IEC 9646-2 [6], ETS 300 406 [7] and EG 202 798 [i.5].

2 References

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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2.1 Normative references

The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ISO/DIS 24102-4: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- ITS station management -- Part 4: Station-internal management communications".

NOTE: Available at http://www.iso.org/iso/iso_catalogue/catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=61565

- [2] ISO/DIS 24102-5: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- ITS station management -- Part 5: Fast service advertisement protocol (FSAP)".

NOTE: Available at http://www.iso.org/iso/iso_catalogue/catalogue_tc/catalogue_detail.htm?csnumber=61566.

- [3] ETSI TS 102 797-1: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Communications Access for Land Mobiles (CALM); Test specifications for ITS station management (ISO 24102); Part 1: Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) specification".

- [4] ETSI TS 102 985-2: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Communications Access for Land Mobiles (CALM); Test specifications for non-IP networking (ISO 29281); Part 2: Test Suite Structure and Test Purposes (TSS&TP)".

- [5] ISO/IEC 9646-1 (1994): "Information technology -- Open Systems Interconnection -- Conformance testing methodology and framework -- Part 1: General concepts".

- [6] ISO/IEC 9646-2 (1994): "Information technology -- Open Systems Interconnection -- Conformance testing methodology and framework -- Part 2: Abstract Test Suite specification".

- [7] ETSI ETS 300 406 (1995): "Methods for testing and Specification (MTS); Protocol and profile conformance testing specifications; Standardization methodology".

- [8] ETSI ES 201 873-1: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 1: TTCN-3 Core Language".

- [9] ETSI ES 201 873-7: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 7: Using ASN.1 with TTCN-3".

- [10] ETSI ES 202 784: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Advanced Parameterization".

2.2 Informative references

The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

- [i.1] ISO/DIS 24102-1: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- ITS station management -- Part 1: Local management".
- [i.2] ISO/DIS 24102-3: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- ITS station management -- Part 3: Service access points".
- [i.3] ISO 21217: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- Communications architecture".
- [i.4] ISO 21218: "Intelligent transport systems -- Communications access for land mobiles (CALM) -- Medium service access point".
- [i.5] ETSI EG 202 798: "Intelligent Transport Systems (ITS); Testing; Framework for conformance and interoperability testing".

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8], [9], [10], [i.1], [i.2], [i.3], [i.4] and [i.5] apply.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in [1], [2], [3], [4], [5], [6], [7], [8], [9], [10], [i.1], [i.2], [i.3], [i.4] and [i.5] apply.

4 Abstract protocol tester

In general, the conformance test system architecture as illustrated in the ITS testing framework [i.5], see figure 1, applies. For the present document, the IUT is given by protocols located in the ITS-S management entity, thus several types of IUTs need to be considered. The "Upper tester application" allows accessing the "upper side" of the IUT. Lower layer protocols indicated by the block "ITS lower layers" allow access to the IUT from the "lower side". "Upper side" and "lower side" are obvious terms in case of protocols residing in an OSI communication layer. For management protocols, it will be clearly specified in clauses 5 and 6 what "upper side" and "lower side" mean.

The test system simulates valid and invalid protocol behaviour and analyses the reaction of the IUT.

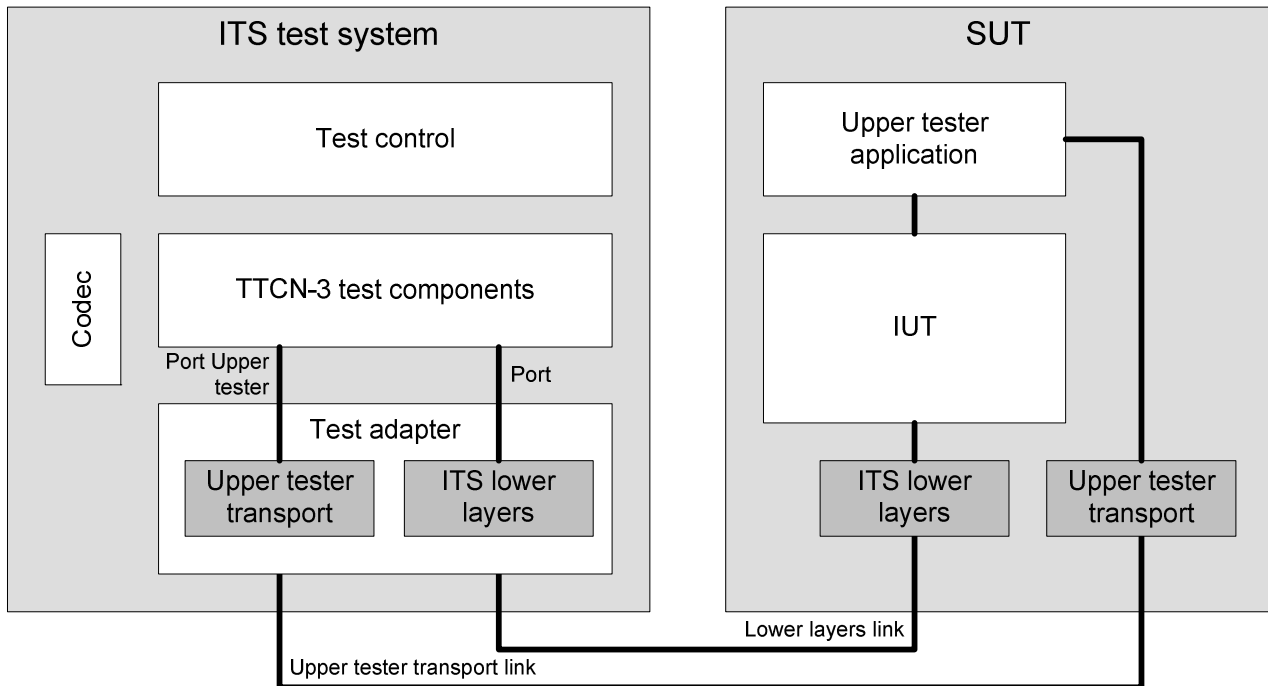


Figure 1: Abstract protocol tester - General approach

5 Abstract test method for FSAP

This clause describes the "Abstract Test Method" (ATM) used to test the "Fast Service Advertisement Protocol" (FSAP) [2].

5.1 Abstract protocol tester

SUTs which support the "ITS station-Internal management Communications Protocol" (IICP) [1] may benefit from the conformance test system architecture illustrated in figure 2, where the access to the IUT from top, i.e. in general via the upper tester application, is performed via management SAPs.

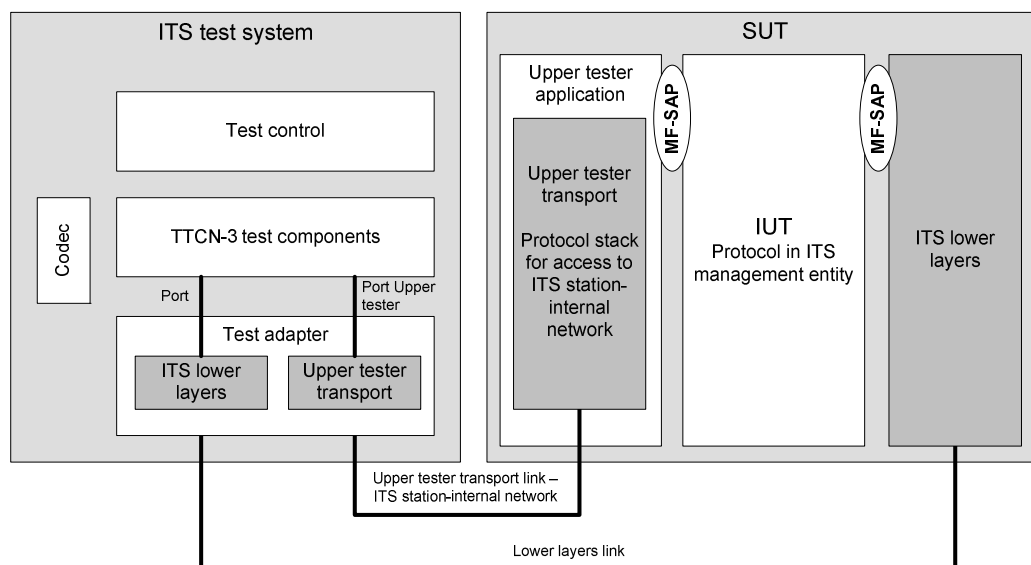


Figure 2: Abstract protocol tester for FSAP - IICP approach for upper tester

5.2 Test configurations

5.2.1 Roles of an ITS-SCU

The test suite for FSAP uses two test configurations in order to cover the different test scenarios. Distinction between the two configurations is given by the two possible implementation scenarios for an ITS station, i.e. a single-unit implementation, or an implementation with several "ITS station communication units" (ITS-SCU) which are interconnected via an ITS station-internal network [1], [2], [i.3]. These ITS-SCUs can take over the roles of an ITS-S host, or an ITS-S router, or the combined role of ITS-S host and ITS-S router. The two identified testing configurations are referred to as CF01, for the single unit implementation and CF02 for the multi-unit implementation and are described in clauses 5.2.2 and 5.2.3.

5.2.2 Test configuration CF01: No ITS station-internal network

In test configuration CF01, the roles of ITS-S host and ITS-S router are implemented in a single ITS-SCU. Consequently the whole supported functionality of FSAP is given in a single ITS-SCU and no station-internal forwarding between ITS-S host and ITS-S router is needed.

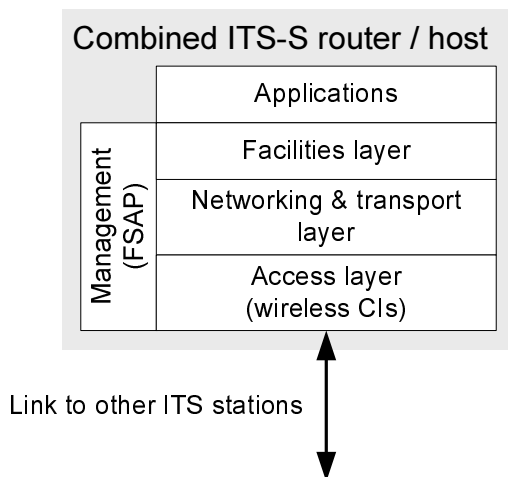


Figure 3: Test configuration CF01 architecture

This configuration is used in the cases listed below [4]:

- ITS-S station internat-network PICS (PICS_S_INW) is set to false.
- The roles PICS (PICS_ROLE_RH) is set to true.

5.2.3 Test configuration CF02: ITS station-internal network

In test configuration CF02, the roles of ITS-S host and ITS-S router are implemented in different ITS-SCUs. Consequently there is communications needed between the ITS-SCU with host functionality and the ITS-SCU with router functionality. This communication goes via the ITS station-internal network using the "ITS station-Internal management Communications Protocol" (IICP) [1].

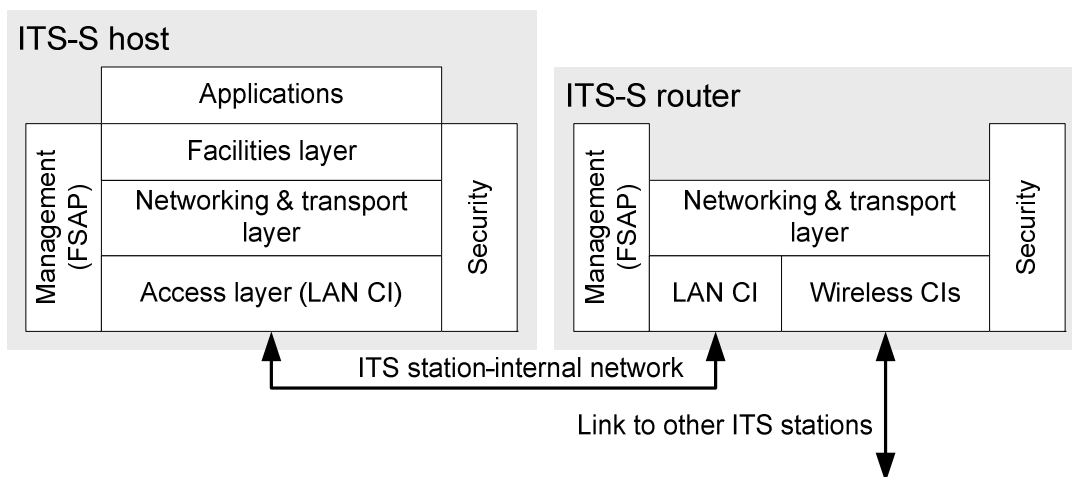


Figure 4: Test configuration CF02 architecture

This configuration is used in the cases listed below [4]:

- ITS-S station internat-network PICS (PICS_S_INW) is set to true.

5.3 Test architecture

This ITS test specification implements the general TTCN-3 test architecture described in EG 202 798 [i.5], clauses 6.3.2 and 8.3.1.

Figure 5 shows the TTCN-3 test architecture used for the FSAP ATS.

- The MTC is of type ItsFSAP and communicates with the SUT over fsapPort in order to exchange FSAP messages (SAM, CTX) between the FSAP test component and the FASP IUT. The "ITS lower layers transport" system adaptor is used to enable usage of ITS lower layers in the SUT in case the MF-SAP is not directly accessible.
- The MTC communicates with the SUT over the utPort in order to trigger FSAP functionalities by simulating primitives from e.g. application entities. It is required to trigger the FSAP layer in the SUT to send FSAP messages, which are resulting from upper layer primitives. Furthermore, receiving FSAP messages may result in notifications to other entities. The "Upper tester transport" system adaptor is used to adapt to the upper tester application implementation of the SUT.
- The MTC communicates with the SUT over the cfPort in order to perform settings in the SUT. The "Configuration transport" system adaptor is used to adapt to the configuration access implementation of the SUT.

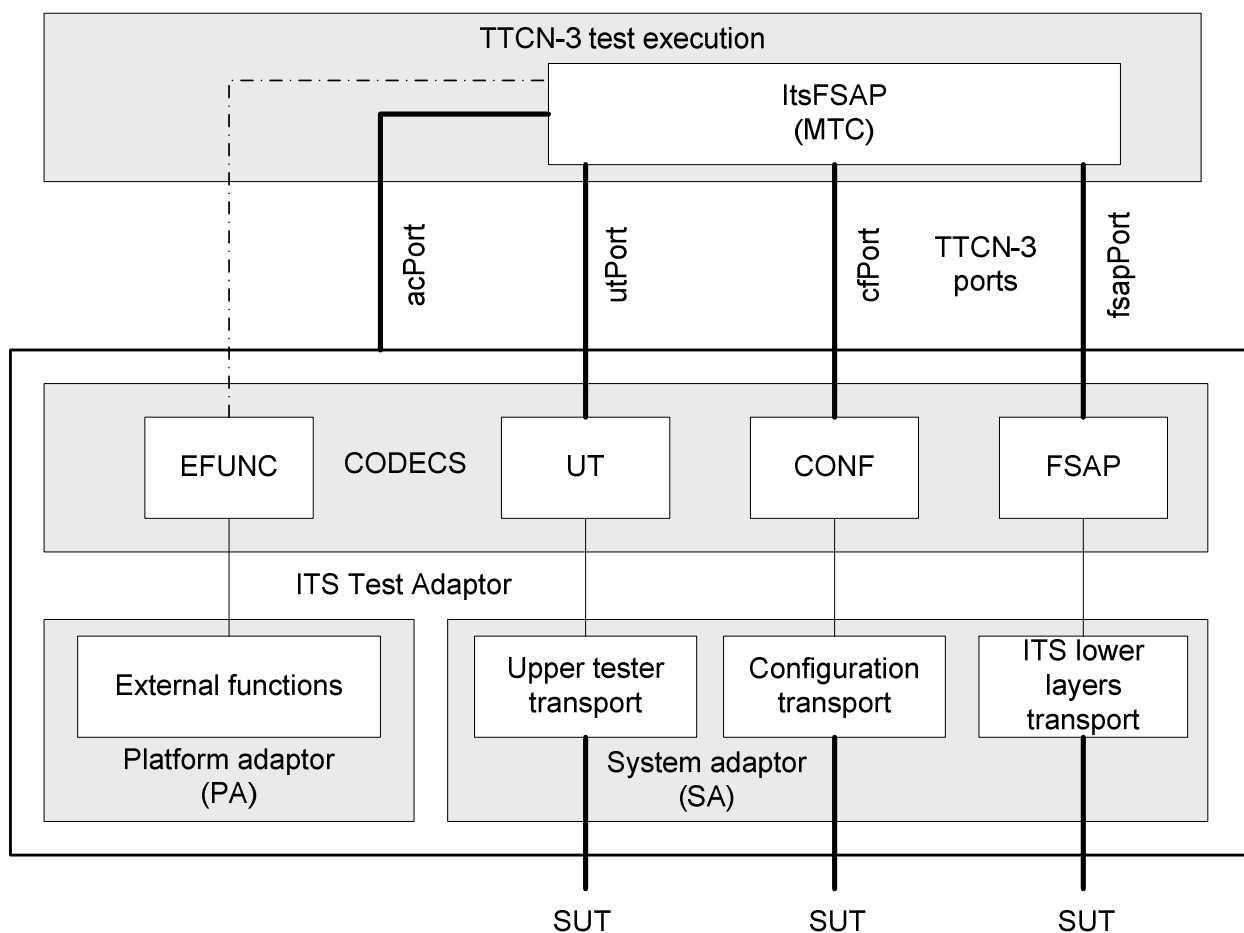


Figure 5: Test system architecture for FSAP

5.4 Ports and abstract service primitives

5.4.1 Overview

The following TTCN-3 ports are used by the FSAP ATS:

- fsapPort of type FsapPort is used to receive messages from and transmit messages to the IUT (via MF-SAP).
- utPort of type UpperTesterPort is used to receive service message from and transmit service messages to the IUT (via MF-SAP).

Every port provides "Abstract Service Primitives" (ASPs) as specified in clauses 5.4.2 and 5.4.3.

5.4.2 ASPs of the fsapPort

One ASP is used in the fsapPort:

- The FsapReq primitive used to receive messages of type MF-Command-Request or MF_COMMAND_Confirm sent by the IUT to the Groupcast Communication Manager.

These primitives use FSAP types, which are declared in the CALMfsap module, following the ASN.1 definition from the base standard [2].

5.4.3 ASPs of the utPort

The following ASPs are used in the utPort:

- The UtInitialize primitive is used to initialise IUT.
- The UtCommandRequest primitive is used to send NF-SAP service primitives to the IUT.
- The UtCommandConfirm primitive is used to received NF-SAP service primitives from the IUT.
- The UtCommandIndication primitive is used to received NF-SAP service primitives from the IUT.

6 Abstract Test Method for IICP

This clause describes the "Abstract Test Method" (ATM) used to test various protocols of the "ITS station management" [i.1], [i.2], [1] and [2].

6.1 Abstract protocol tester

SUTs which support the "ITS station-Internal management Communications Protocol" (IICP) [1] may benefit from the conformance test system architecture illustrated in figure 6, where the access to the IUT from top, i.e. in general via the upper tester application, is performed via management SAPs.

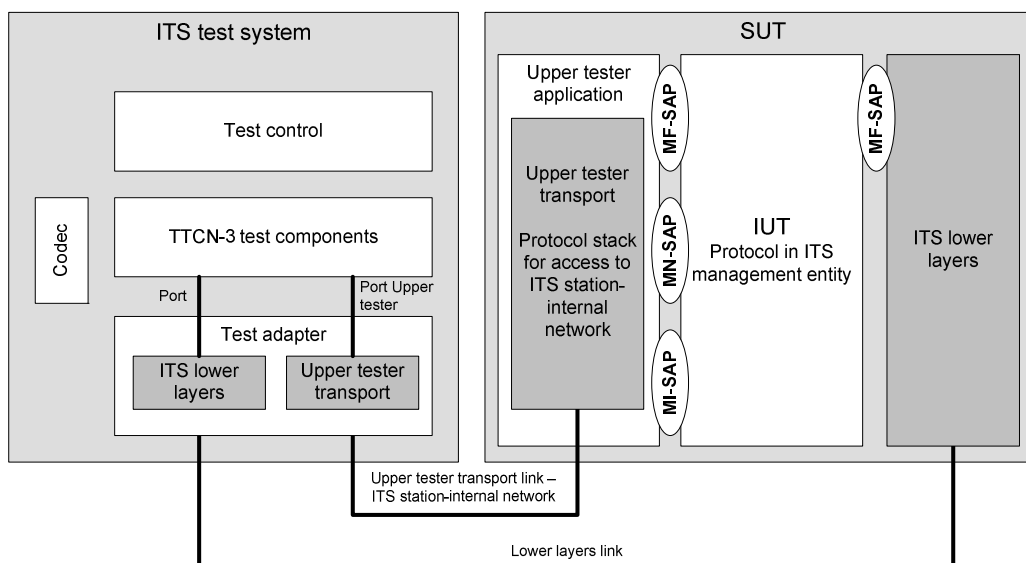


Figure 6: Abstract protocol tester for IICP

6.2 Test configurations

IICP becomes applicable once an ITS station-internal network is available. This results in the basic configuration illustrated in figure 7, where the SUT is an ITS-SCU which either has the role of an ITS-S router, or an ITS-S host, or a combined ITS-S host and router and where the ITS test system simulates such an ITS-SCU at the ITS station-internal network.

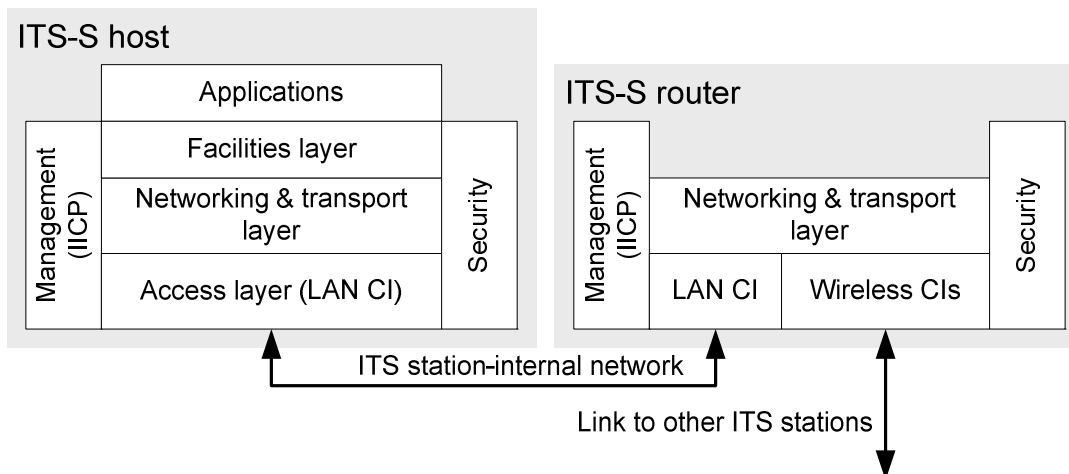


Figure 7: Test configuration CF01 architecture

This configuration is used in the cases listed below [4]:

- ITS-S station internal-network PICS (PICS_S_INW) is set to true.
- Either one of the roles PICS (PICS_ROLE_RH, PICS_ROLE_RONLY, PICS_ROLE_HONLY) is set to true.

6.3 Test architecture

This ITS test specification implements the general TTCN-3 test architecture described in EG 202 798 [i.5], clauses 6.3.2 and 8.3.1.

Figure 5 shows the TTCN-3 test architecture used for the IICP ATS.

- The MTC is of type ItsIICP and communicates with the SUT over iicpPort in order to exchange IICP PDUs between the IICP test component and the IICP IUT. The "ITS lower layers transport" system adapter is used to enable usage of ITS lower layers in the SUT in case the MF-SAP is not directly accessible.
- The MTC communicates with the SUT over the utPort in order to trigger IICP functionalities by simulating primitives from e.g. application entities. It is required to trigger the IICP layer in the SUT to send IICP PDUs, which are resulting from other entities. Furthermore, receiving IICP PDUs may result in notifications to other entities. The "Upper tester transport" system adapter is used to adapt to the upper tester application implementation of the SUT.
- The MTC communicates with the SUT over the cfPort in order to perform settings in the SUT. The "Configuration transport" system adapter is used to adapt to the configuration access implementation of the SUT.

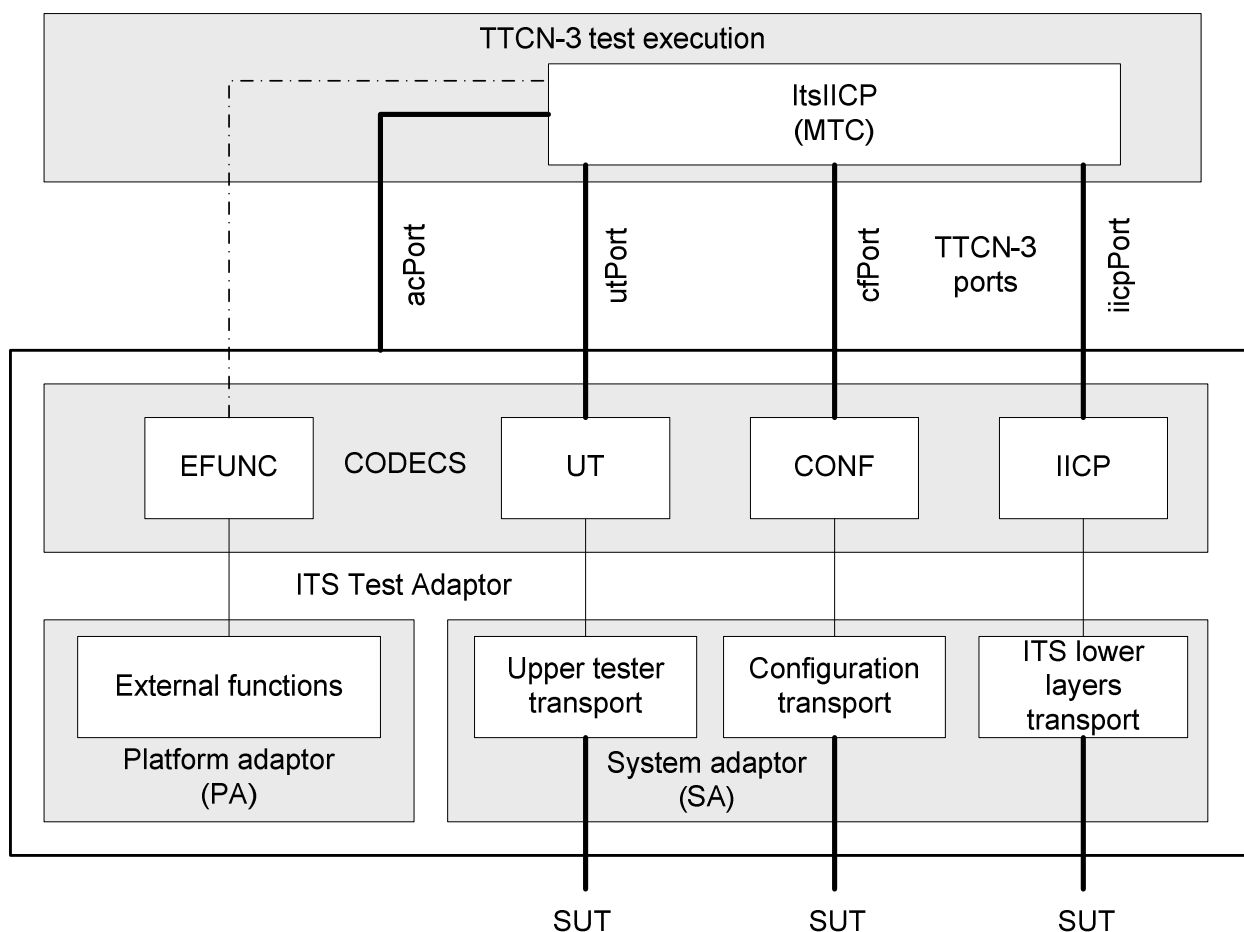


Figure 8: Test system architecture for IICP

6.4 Ports and abstract service primitives

6.4.1 Overview

The following TTCN-3 ports are used by the IICP ATS:

- `iicpPort` of type `IicpPort` is used to receive messages from and transmit messages to the IUT (via MF-SAP).
- `utPort` of type `UpperTesterPort` is used to receive service message from and transmit service messages to the IUT.
- `cfPort` of type `CfPort` is used to configure the IICP (via MF-SAP).

Each of the above ports provides "Abstract Service Primitives" (ASPs) as specified in clauses 6.4.2, 6.4.3 and 6.4.4.

6.4.2 ASPs of the `iicpPort`

Two ASPs are used in the `iicpPort`:

- The `IicpReq` primitive used to receive messages of type `MF-Command-Request` or `MF_COMMAND_Confirmwith IICrequestTX/IICresponseTX` sent to the IICA by the IUT.
- The `IicpResp` primitive used to send messages of type `MF-Request.request` received from the IUT.

These primitives use IICP types, which are declared in the `CALMiitssci` module, following the ASN.1 definition from the base standard [1].

6.4.3 ASPs of the `utPort`

The following ASPs are used in the `utPort`:

- The `UtInitialize` primitive is used to initialise IUT.

6.4.4 ASPs of the `cfPort`

This port is used to simulate the behaviour of the IIC Agent. The following ASPs are used in the `cfPort`:

- The `mgtMFSapRequestReq` primitive is used to send and receive messages of types `MgtMNSapRequestReq` for `MF-REQUEST.request` service primitives.

7 ATS conventions

The ATS conventions are intended to give a better understanding of the ATS but they also describe the conventions made for the development of the ATS. These conventions shall be considered during any later maintenance or further development of the ATS.

The ATS conventions contain two clauses, the testing conventions and the naming conventions. The testing conventions describe the functional structure of the ATS. The naming conventions describe the structure of the naming of all ATS elements.

To define the ATS, the guidelines of the document ETS 300 406 [7] was considered.

7.1 Testing conventions

7.1.1 Testing states

7.1.1.1 Initial state

All test cases start with the function `f_prInitialState`. This function brings the IUT in an "initialized" state by invoking the upper tester primitive `UtInitialize`.

7.1.1.2 Final state

All test cases end with the function `f_poDefault`. This function brings the IUT back in an "idle" state. As no specific actions are required for the idle state in the base standard, the function `f_poDefault` does not invoke any action.

As necessary, further actions may be included in the `f_poDefault` function.

7.1.2 Message types - ASN.1 definitions

Message types are defined in ASN.1. ASN.1 definitions from the base standard are directly imported in TTCN-3 using the ASN.1 import method specified in ES 201 873-7 [9].

The following example shows the TTCN-3 import statement used to import ASN.1 definitions in the TTCN-3 modules:

```
import from CAMfsap language "ASN.1:1997" all;
```

7.2 Naming conventions

This test suite follows the naming convention guidelines provided in EG 202 798 [i.5].

7.2.1 General guidelines

The naming convention is based on the following underlying principles:

- Identifiers should be prefixed with a short alphabetic string (specified in table 1) indicating the type of TTCN-3 element it represents.
- Suffixes should not be used except in those specific cases identified in table 7.
- Prefixes and suffixes should be separated from the body of the identifier with an underscore ("_").

EXAMPLE 1: `c_sixteen`, `t_wait`.

- Only module names, data type names and module parameters should begin with an upper-case letter. All other names (i.e. the part of the identifier following the prefix) should begin with a lower-case letter.

- The start of second and subsequent words in an identifier should be indicated by capitalizing the first character. Underscores should not be used for this purpose.

EXAMPLE 2: f_initialState.

Table 1 specifies the naming guidelines for each element of the TTCN-3 language indicating the recommended prefix, suffixes (if any) and capitalization.

Table 1: ETSI TTCN-3 generic naming conventions

Language element	Naming convention	Prefix	Example identifier
Module	Use upper-case initial letter	none	FsapTemplates
Group within a module	Use lower-case initial letter	none	transmittingPackets
Data type	Use upper-case initial letter	none	SetupContents
Message template	Use lower-case initial letter	m_	m_setupInit
Message template with wildcard or matching expression	Use lower-case initial letters	mw_	mw_anyUserReply
Modifying message template	Use lower-case initial letter	md_	md_setupInit
Modifying message template with wildcard or matching expression	Use lower-case initial letters	mdw_	mdw_anyUserReply
Signature template	Use lower-case initial letter	s_	s_callSignature
Port instance	Use lower-case initial letter	none	fsapPort
Test component instance	Use lower-case initial letter	none	userTerminal
Constant	Use lower-case initial letter	c_	c_portExt
Constant (defined within component type)	Use lower-case initial letter	cc_	cc_minDuration
External constant	Use lower-case initial letter	cx_	cx_macId
Function	Use lower-case initial letter	f_	f_cf01Up()
External function	Use lower-case initial letter	fx_	fx_calculateLength()
Altstep (incl. Default)	Use lower-case initial letter	a_	a_cf01Down()
Test case	Use ETSI numbering	TC_	TC_FSAP_SP_HR_BV_01
Variable (local)	Use lower-case initial letter	v_	v_pduCounter
Variable (defined within a component type)	Use lower-case initial letters	vc_	vc_pduCounter
Timer (local)	Use lower-case initial letter	t_	t_wait
Timer (defined within a component)	Use lower-case initial letters	tc_	tc_ac
Module parameters for PICS	Use all upper case letters	PICS_	PICS_ROLE_RH
Module parameters for other parameters	Use all upper case letters	PX_	PX_LINK_ID
Formal Parameters	Use lower-case initial letter	p_	p_commRef
Enumerated Values	Use lower-case initial letter	e_	e_success

7.2.2 ITS specific TTCN-3 naming conventions

In addition to such general naming conventions, table 2 shows specific naming conventions that apply to the ITS TTCN-3 test suite.

Table 2: ITS specific TTCN-3 naming conventions

Language element	Naming convention	Prefix	Example identifier
ITS Module	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _	ItsFsap_
Module containing types and values	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _TypesAndValues	ItsFsap_TypesAndValues
Module containing Templates	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _Templates	ItsFsap_Templates
Module containing test cases	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _TestCases	ItsFsap_TestCases
Module containing functions	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _Functions	ItsFsap_Functions
Module containing external functions	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _ExternalFunctions	ItsFsap_ExternalFunctions
Module containing components, ports and message definitions	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _Interface	ItsFsap_Interface
Module containing main component definitions	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _TestSystem	ItsFsap_TestSystem
Module containing the control part	Use upper-case initial letter	Its"IUTname" _TestControl	ItsFsap_TestControl

7.2.3 Usage of Log statements

All TTCN-3 log statements use the following format:

- Three asterisks followed by a blank character.
- The TTCN-3 test case or function identifier in which the log statement is defined followed by a colon and a blank character.
- One of the log categories: INFO, WARNING, ERROR, PASS, FAIL, INCONC, TIMEOUT followed by a colon and a blank character.
- Free text.
- A blank character followed by three asterisks.

EXAMPLE 1:

```
log("*** TC_FSAP_SP_HR_BV_01: INFO: Preamble: IUT was setup properly ***");
```

Furthermore, the following rules are applied for the Fsap ATS:

- Log statements are used in the body of the functions, so that invocation of functions are visible in the test logs.
- All TTCN-3 setverdict statements are combined (as defined in TTCN-3 v3.4.1) with a log statement following the same above rules (see example 2).

EXAMPLE 2:

```
setverdict(pass, "*** TC_FSAP_SP_HR_BV_01: PASS: SAM transmitted at prescribed periodicity ***");
```

7.2.4 Test Case (TC) identifier

Table 3 shows the test case naming convention for FSAP [2], which follows the test purposes [4] naming convention.

Table 3: FSAP TC naming conventions

TC_<root>_<gr>_<sgr>_<x>_<nn>		
<root> = root	FSAP	Fast Service Advertisement Protocol
<gr> = group	SP	Service provider
	SU	Service user
<sgr> = sub-group	HR	Combined ITS-S host and ITS-S router
	HO	ITS-S host only
	RO	ITS-S router only
<x> = type of testing	BV	Valid Behaviour tests
	BI	Invalid Syntax or Behaviour Tests
<nn> = sequential number		01 to 99

EXAMPLE 1: TP identifier: TP/FSAP/SP/HR/BV/01
 TC identifier: TC_FSAP_SP_HR_BV_01

Table 4 shows the test case naming convention for IICP [1], which follows the test purposes [4] naming convention.

Table 4: IICP TC naming conventions

TC_<root>_<gr>_<x>_<nn>		
<root> = root	IICP	Inter-ITS-SCU communication Protocol
<gr> = group	MGM	Management
	COM	Communication
<x> = type of testing	BV	Valid Behaviour tests
	BI	Invalid Syntax or Behaviour Tests
<nn> = sequential number		01 to 99

EXAMPLE 2: TP identifier: TP/IICP/COM/BV/01
 TC identifier: TC_IICP_COM_BV_01

Annex A (normative): Partial PIXIT proforma for FSAP

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A.1 Identification summary

Table A.1

PIXIT Number:	
Test Laboratory Name:	
Date of Issue:	
Issued to:	

A.2 ATS summary

Table A.2: Summary

Protocol Specification:	ISO/DIS 24102-5
Protocol to be tested:	FSAP
ATS Specification:	TS 102 797-3
Abstract Test Method:	Clause 5

A.3 Test laboratory

Table A.3: Test laboratory

Test Laboratory Identification:	
Test Laboratory Manager:	
Means of Testing:	
SAP Address:	

A.4 Client identification

Table A.4: Client identification

Client Identification:	
Client Test manager:	
Test Facilities required:	

A.5 SUT

Table A.5: SUT identification

Name:	
Version:	
SCS Number:	
Machine configuration:	
Operating System Identification:	
IUT Identification:	
PICS Reference for IUT:	
Limitations of the SUT:	
Environmental Conditions:	

A.6 Protocol layer information

A.6.1 Protocol identification

Table A.6: Protocol identification

Name:	ISO/DIS 24102-5
Version:	
PICS References:	TS 102 797-1

A.6.2 IUT information

Table A.7: Fsap Pixits

Identifier	Description	
PX_WL_LOCAL_CIID	Comment	Identifies the CI on ITS-S host
	Type	EUI64
	Def. value	'03000AFFFFFFFF0000'O
PX_SRC_REMOTE_CIID	Comment	Identifies the VCI on ITS-S host
	Type	EUI64
	Def. value	'FF000AFFFFFFFFFFFF'O
PX_SERVER_ID	Comment	The service provider ITS station
	Type	StationID
	Def. value	'11111111'O
PX_CLIENT_ID	Comment	The service client ITS station
	Type	StationID
	Def. value	'22222222'O
PX_ITS_AID	Comment	The globally unique ITS-AID of the ITS-S application
	Type	ITSaid
	Def. value	{ content := 8 }
PX_UNKNOWN_ITS_AID	Comment	An unknown ITS-AID of the ITS-S application
	Type	ITSaid
	Def. value	{ content := 126 }
PX_SESSION_PORT	Comment	A session port value
	Type	PortNumber
	Def. value	{ portLong := 1234 }
PX_NO_SESSION_PORT	Comment	An unspecified session port value
	Type	PortNumber
	Def. value	{ portLong := c_portNon }
PX_UNKNOWN_SESSION_PORT	Comment	An unknown session port value
	Type	PortNumber
	Def. value	{ portLong := 1234 }
PX_APPLICATION_ID	Comment	ITS application object ID (ITS-AID) for GCregerServer MF-REQUEST
	Type	ApplicationID
	Def. value	{ hostITS_scuid := 8, seqNumber := 1 }
PX_CLIENT_APPLICATION_ID	Comment	ITS application object ID (ITS-AID) for GCregerClient MF-REQUEST
	Type	ApplicationID
	Def. value	{ hostITS_scuid := 2, seqNumber := 2 }

Identifier	Description	
PX_GSCHED_ACCESS_TECH_NONIP	Comment	Scheduling information for registration / deregistration request in order to select the proper VCI in the ITS-station for communication 'medium' field indicates a request of specific access technology
	Type	GCsched
	Def. value	<pre> { medium := 128, directivity := { mode := 0, dirPredef := 0, fill := '0000000'B, dirVar := { } }, // End of field 'directivity' gcInterval := 1 } </pre>
PX_GSCHED_ACCESS_UNKNOWN_TECH_NONIP	Comment	Scheduling information for registration / deregistration request in order to select the proper VCI in the ITS-station for communication 'medium' field indicates a request of an unknown access technology
	Type	GCsched
	Def. value	<pre> { medium := 254, directivity := { mode := 0, dirPredef := 0, fill := '0000000'B, dirVar := { } }, // End of field 'directivity' gcInterval := 1 } </pre>
PX_GSCHED_NONIP	Comment	Scheduling information for registration / deregistration request in order to select the proper VCI in the ITS-station for communication 'medium' field indicates no request of specific access technology
	Type	GCsched
	Def. value	<pre> { medium := 1, directivity := { mode := 0, dirPredef := 0, fill := '0000000'B, dirVar := { } }, // End of field 'directivity' gcInterval := 1 } </pre>
PX_SERVICE_DATA_REG_WITH_NO_SESSION_PHASE	Comment	Receive template for advertisement details with no session phase
	Type	ServiceDataReg
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := '0000000'B, datareg := { nonipData := { serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O, providerPort := PX_NO_SESSION_PORT } } } </pre>

Identifier	Description	
PX_SERVICE_DATA_REG_WITH_SESSION_PHASE_AND_CHANNEL_CHANGE	Comment	Receive template for advertisement details with session phase
	Type	ServiceDataReg
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := '000000'B, datareg := { nonipData := { serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_SESSION_PORT } } } </pre>
PX_NO_IP_SERVICE_WITH_NO_SESSION_AND_NO_CHANGE_CHANNEL	Comment	Non-IP information on services offered, with no session phase and no channel change requested
	Type	ServiceDataReg
	Def. value	<pre> { serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_NO_SESSION_PORT } </pre>
PX_NO_IP_SERVICE_WITH_SESSION_AND_NO_CHANGE_CHANNEL	Comment	Non-IP information on services offered, with session phase and no channel change requested
	Type	NonipService
	Def. value	<pre> { serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_SESSION_PORT, sessionChannel := 0 } </pre>
PX_NO_IP_SERVICE_WITH_SESSION_AND_CHANNEL_CHANGE	Comment	Non-IP information on services offered, with no session phase and channel change requested
	Type	NonipService
	Def. value	<pre> { serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_SESSION_PORT, sessionChannel := 1 } </pre>
PX_NO_IP_SERVICE_WITH_UNKNOWN_SERVICE_ID	Comment	Non-IP information on an unknown services offered, with session phase and no channel change requested
	Type	NonipService
	Def. value	<pre> { serviceID := PX_UNKNOWN_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_SESSION_PORT, sessionChannel := 1 } </pre>

Identifier	Description	
PX_NO_IP_SERVICE_WITH_UNKNOWN_CHANNEL	Comment	Non-IP information on services offered, with session phase and channel change requested on an unknown channel
	Type	NonipService
	Def. value	{ serviceID := PX_ITS_AID, timeout_ := 100, serviceData := "O", providerPort := PX_UNKNOWN_SESSION_PORT, sessionChannel := 1 }
PX_FMTID_SAM	Comment	SAM tag identifier
	Type	FmtID
	Def. value	0
PX_FMTID_CTX	Comment	CTX tag identifier
	Type	FmtID
	Def. value	1
PX_VERSION_FSAP	Comment	FSAP version number
	Type	VersionFSAP
	Def. value	0

Table A.8: Configuration Pixits (cfPort)

Identifier	Description	
PX_SRC_ITS_SCU_ID	Comment	ITS-SCU-ID of the source ITS-SCU which produces the request
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	8
PX_DST_ITS_SCU_ID	Comment	ITS-SCU-ID of the destination ITS-SCU which shall evaluate the request
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	9
PX_HOST_SCU_ID	Comment	ITS-SCU-ID of the host ITS-SCU
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	7
PX_HOST_CIID	Comment	Host CI identifier
	Type	CIID
	Def. value	0
PX_REMOTE_PORT	Comment	Indicate the remote port number
	Type	PortNumber
	Def. value	0
PX_USER_PRIORITY	Comment	The user priority as specified in ISO 21218
	Type	UserPriority
	Def. value	0

Annex B (normative): Partial PIXIT proforma for IICP

Notwithstanding the provisions of the copyright clause related to the text of the present document, ETSI grants that users of the present document may freely reproduce the Partial PIXIT proforma in this annex so that it can be used for its intended purposes and may further publish the completed Partial PIXIT.

B.1 Identification summary

Table B.1

PIXIT Number:	
Test Laboratory Name:	
Date of Issue:	
Issued to:	

B.2 ATS summary

Table B.2: Summary

Protocol Specification:	ISO/DIS 24102-4
Protocol to be tested:	IICP
ATS Specification:	TS 102 797-3
Abstract Test Method:	Clause 6

B.3 Test laboratory

Table B.3: Test laboratory

Test Laboratory Identification:	
Test Laboratory Manager:	
Means of Testing:	
SAP Address:	

B.4 Client identification

Table B.4: Client identification

Client Identification:	
Client Test manager:	
Test Facilities required:	

B.5 SUT

Table B.5: SUT identification

Name:	
Version:	
SCS Number:	
Machine configuration:	
Operating System Identification:	
IUT Identification:	
PICS Reference for IUT:	
Limitations of the SUT:	
Environmental Conditions:	

B.6 Protocol layer information

B.6.1 Protocol identification

Table B.6: Protocol identification

Name:	ISO/DIS 24102-4
Version:	
PICS References:	TS 102 797-1

B.6.2 IUT information

Table B.7: IICP Pixits

Identifier	Description	
PX_ACTIVE_VCI_LINK_ID	Comment	Defines the active CI link identifier
	Type	Link_ID
	Def. value	{ remoteCIID := '0000000000000000'O, localCIID := '0000000000000000'O }
PX_PDU_REQUEST_FILL_FIELD_VALUE	Comment	Defines the value to set to fill field for PduRequest field
	Type	Bit4
	Def. value	'0000'B
PX_SRC_ITS_SCU_ID	Comment	ITS-SCU-ID of the source ITS-SCU which produces the request
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	5
PX_DST_ITS_SCU_ID	Comment	ITS_SCUtype of the source ITS-SCU which produces the request
	Type	ITS_SCUtype
	Def. value	0
PX_LOCAL_ITS_SCU_ID	Comment	The own ITS sculd
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	8
PX_LOCAL_ITS_TYPE	Comment	The type ITS sculd
	Type	ITS_SCUtype
	Def. value	1
PX_HOST_SCU_ID	Comment	Host ITS-SCU-ID
	Type	ITS_sculd
	Def. value	0
PX_TALIVE	Comment	Alive timer
	Type	Talive
	Def. value	100
PX_MI_RCMD_STATECINOTIFY	Comment	MI-Command value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MI_Command
	Def. value	{ fill := PX_PDU_REQUEST_FILL_FIELD_VALUE, miCmd := { wakeUp := 10 } }
PX_MN_RCMD_STATECINOTIFY	Comment	MN-Command value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MN_Command
	Def. value	{ fill := '00000'B, mnCmd := { fWTdelete := { fill := '0000000'B, delete := { fnTP := { reference := 10 } } } } }

Identifier	Description	
PX_MN_RCMD_FWYSETNOTIFY	Comment	MN-Request value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MN_Request
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := '00000'B, mnReq := { fWTsetNot := { fill := '0000000'B, setNot := { fast := { reference := 0, remotePort := { portShort := 0 }, linkID := { remoteCIID := '00000000000000000'O, localCIID := '00000000000000000'O }, ciStatus := 0, linkPort := { portShort := 0 }, serviceInfo := { servicePort := { portShort := 0 }, hostITSscu := 0, servicePriority := 0 }, priority := 0, timeout_ := 0 } } } } } </pre>
PX_MI_RCMD_REGTYPE	Comment	MI-Request value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MI_Request
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := '0000'B, miReq := { regReq := { medType := MedType_iso17515_ } } } </pre>
PX_MF_RCMD_STATECINOTIFY	Comment	MF-Command value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MF_Command
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := PX_PDU_REQUEST_FILL_FIELD_VALUE, mfCmd := { stateCInotify := { linkld := { remoteCIID := '00000000000000000'O, localCIID := '00000000000000000'O }, clstatus := 8 } } } </pre>

Identifier	Description	
PX_MF_RCMD_LDM_REGISTER	Comment	MF-Command value used for IICP/COM/xx TPs
	Type	MF_Request
	Def. value	<pre> { fill := PX_PDU_REQUEST_FILL_FIELD_VALUE, mfReq := { IDMregister := { iTS_scud := 0, reference := "O } } } </pre>
PX_MI_IPARAMNOLIST	Comment	List of reference number of parameter to be monitored
	Type	IParamNoList
	Def. value	<pre> { 0, // AuxiliaryChannel 1 // ControlChannel } </pre>
PX_MI_IPARAMLIST	Comment	List of error status for each parameter to be monitored
	Type	IParamList
	Def. value	<pre> { { fill := '00'B, param_ := { errors := { { paramNo := 0, fill := '000000'B, med := {}, errStatus := 0 } } } } } </pre>
PX_MI_ERRORSLIST	Comment	List of errors
	Type	ErrorsList
	Def. value	<pre> { { { paramNo := 0, fill := '000000'B, med := {}, errStatus := 0 } } } </pre>
PX_IIC_RESPONSE	Comment	Error status in response of MF-REQUEST.request service primitive
	Type	MF_Request_confirm
	Def. value	<pre> { commandRef := 1, reqConfirm := { fill := '0000'B, mfReqConf := { IDMregister := 0 } }, errStatus := 0 } </pre>

Annex C (normative): TTCN-3 library modules

This ATS has been produced using the Testing and Test Control Notation (TTCN) according to ES 201 873-1 [8]. The ATS was developed on a separate TTCN software tool and therefore the TTCN tables are not completely referenced in the table of contents. The ATS itself contains a test suite overview part which provides additional information and references.

This test suite has been compiled error-free using three different commercial TTCN-3 compilers.

C.1 Electronic annex, zip file with TTCN-3 code

The TTCN-3 library modules, which form parts of the present technical standard, are contained in archive `ts_10279703v010101p0.zip` which accompanies the present document.

History

Document history		
V1.1.1	August 2012	Publication