

# TS 101 368 V6.1.0 (1998-07)

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*Technical Specification*

**Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+);  
Example protocol stacks for interconnecting  
Cell Broadcast Centre (CBC) and  
Base Station Controller (BSC)  
(GSM 03.49 version 6.1.0 Release 1997)**

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## Foreword

This ETSI Technical Specification (TS) has been produced by the Special Mobile Group (SMG) of the European Telecommunications Standards Institute (ETSI).

This TS specifies three alternative approaches to the specification of protocol stacks of communication protocols for the purpose of fulfilling the service requirements of the primitives specified for the CBC - BSC interface in GSM 03.41 within the digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2/Phase 2+).

The contents of this TS are subject to continuing work within SMG and may change following formal SMG approval. Should SMG modify the contents of this TS it will then be republished by ETSI with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version 6.x.y

where:

- 6 indicates GSM Release 1997 of Phase 2+
- x the second digit is incremented for all other types of changes, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- y the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification.

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## Introduction

The present document includes references to features which were introduced into the GSM Technical specifications after Release 96 of GSM Phase 2+. The text that is relevant, if the feature is supported, is marked with designators.

The following table lists all features that were introduced after Release 96 and have impacted this specification:

Feature	Designator
In Phase 2+ systems the Restart-Ind, Failure-Ind and Set-DRX-Resp PDUs supply consistent cell-list formats from the BSC.	\$(Phase2PBscCellLists)\$

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# 1 Scope

No mandatory protocol between the Cell Broadcast Centre (CBC) and the Base Station Controller (BSC) is specified by GSM; this is a matter of agreement between CBC and PLMN operators.

This Technical Specification (TS) specifies three alternative approaches to the specification of protocol stacks of communication protocols for the purpose of fulfilling the service requirements of the primitives specified for the CBC - BSC interface in GSM 03.41.

One approach is based upon the use of the complete OSI reference model (see X.200), another approach is based upon the use of only the lower 3 OSI layers, and another approach is based upon the use of CCITT Signalling System No. 7 (see Q.700).

Specifications are based upon individual contributions. Any judgement concerning functionality, completeness and advantages/disadvantages of implementation is intentionally omitted.

## 1.1 References

References may be made to:

- a) specific versions of publications (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.), in which case, subsequent revisions to the referenced document do not apply; or
- b) all versions up to and including the identified version (identified by "up to and including" before the version identity); or
- c) all versions subsequent to and including the identified version (identified by "onwards" following the version identity); or
- d) publications without mention of a specific version, in which case the latest version applies.

A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

- [1] GSM 01.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Abbreviations and acronyms".
- [2] GSM 03.41: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Technical realization of Short Message Service Cell Broadcast (SMSCB)".
- [3] GSM 12.20: "Digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2); Network Management (NM) procedures and messages".
- [4] CCITT Recommendation Q.700: "Introduction to CCITT Signalling System No.7".
- [5] CCITT Recommendation Q.931: "Integrated services digital network.(ISDN) User-Network interface layer 3 specification for basic control".
- [6] CCITT Recommendation Q.932: "Generic procedures for the control of ISDN supplementary services".
- [7] CCITT Recommendation Q.941: "ISDN user-network interface protocol profile for management".
- [8] CCITT Recommendation Q.1400: "Architecture framework for the development of signalling and organisation, administration and maintenance protocols using OSI concepts".
- [9] CCITT Recommendation X.2 (1988): "International data transmission services and optional user facilities in public data networks and ISDNs".
- [10] CCITT Recommendation X.200: "Reference Model of Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications".

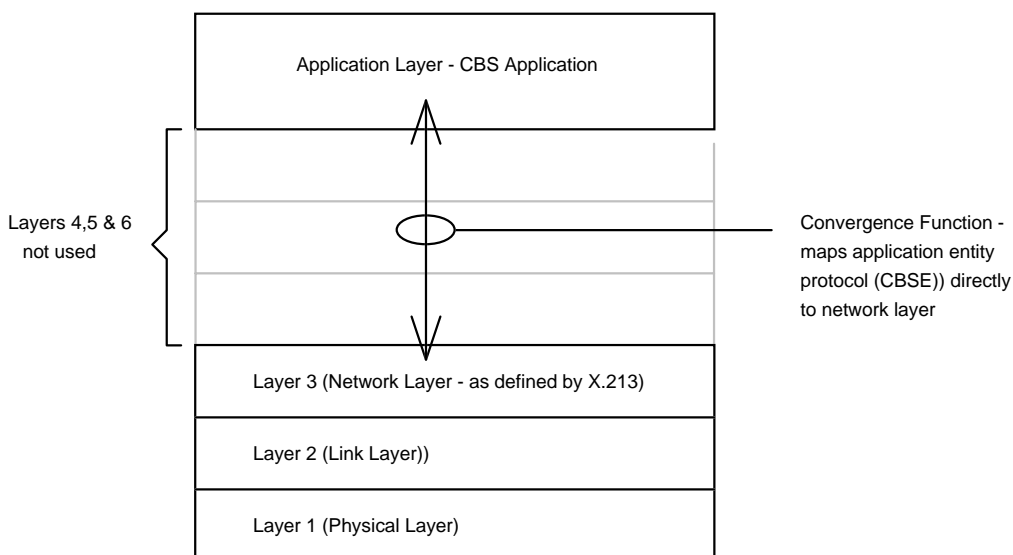
- [11] CCITT Recommendation X.213: "Information technology - Network service definition for Open Systems Interconnection".
- [12] CCITT Recommendation X.215: "Session service definition for open systems interconnection for CCITT applications".
- [13] CCITT Recommendation X.217: "Association control service definition for open systems interconnection for CCITT applications".
- [14] CCITT Recommendation X.219: " Remote operations: model, notation and service definition".
- [15] CCITT Recommendation X.225: "Session protocol specification for Open Systems Interconnection for CCITT Applications".
- [16] CCITT Recommendation X.227: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - protocol specification for the association".
- [17] CCITT Recommendation X.229: "Remote operations Protocol specification".
- [18] GSM 10.01: "Digital cellular telecommunication system (Phase 2+); GSM features and releases"

## 1.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviations used in this TS are listed in GSM 01.04.

# 2 A protocol stack which utilises an application-network layer convergence function for interconnecting CBC and BSC

A convergence function (see Draft CCITT Recommendation Q.941 Report R 22 May 1990) which maps an application entity protocol directly to the Network Layer service defined by X.213 can provide a practical alternative to ACSE, ROSE and OSI layers 6, 5 and 4.



**Figure 1**

Draft CCITT Recommendation Q.941 proposes to map application layer protocols ACSE and ROSE via a convergence function to network layers defined by CCITT Recommendations Q.931 and Q.932.

The complexity of dealing with the many different network layer protocols is avoided by mapping the application protocols to the Network Layer Service defined by X.213. ACSE and ROSE are specifically defined in terms of the full

OSI stack. The use of ACSE and ROSE is avoided by incorporating the functionality provided by ACSE and ROSE into the CBS protocol. The convergence function is embedded in the CBS protocol.

## 2.1 CBSE Definition

The Cell Broadcast Short Message Service Element (CBSE) is defined in terms of the following service:

### CBSE-BIND

This operation must be invoked by the party which is responsible for establishing the application association; only after the application association has been established may the remaining CBSE services be used. This operation reports either success (via CBSE-Bind-Confirm) or failure (via CBSE-Bind-Failure).

CBSE-BIND will be mapped to/from N-CONNECT request/indication with CBSE-BIND parameters carried in NS-user-data (if the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-BIND parameters may be carried by the first N-DATA request/indication following establishment of the network layer connection - see subclause 2.4).

This operation is retained for backward compatibility with Phase 2 systems.

NOTE: This PDU should be used in the case of a Phase 2+ entity communicating with a Phase 2 entity.

### CBSE-VBIND

This operation must be invoked by the party which is responsible for establishing the application association; only after the application association has been established may the remaining CBSE services be used. This operation reports either success (via CBSE-Bind-Confirm) or failure (via CBSE-Bind-Failure).

CBSE-VBIND will be mapped to/from N-CONNECT request/indication with CBSE-VBIND parameters carried in NS-user-data (if the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-VBIND parameters may be carried by the first N-DATA request/indication following establishment of the network layer connection - see subclause 2.4).

This operation is used in Phase 2+ systems.

### CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM

This operation must be invoked by a party to accept an application association.

CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM will be mapped to/from N-CONNECT confirm/response with CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM parameters carried in NS-user-data (if the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM may be carried as the second N-DATA request/indication following establishment of the network layer connection - see Section 2.4).

On receipt of a CBSE-BIND PDU, the recipient must assume that the sender is supporting the Phase 2 version of the interface and must reply with an untagged CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM. If a CBSE-VBIND PDU is received, the recipient must reply with a tagged CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM as a substructure of CBSEapdus.

### CBSE-BIND-FAILURE

This operation must be invoked by a party to reject an attempted application association.

CBSE-BIND-FAILURE will be mapped to/from N-DISCONNECT request/indication with CBSE-BIND-FAILURE parameters carried in NS-user-data (if the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-BIND-FAILURE parameters shall be carried by the N-DATA request/indication preceding N-DISCONNECT).

GSM phase2 compliance:

If the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-BIND-FAILURE parameters will not be carried by the network layer - i.e. NS-user-data will be discarded).

## CBSE-UNBIND

This operation must be invoked by a party to release the application association.

CBSE-UNBIND will be mapped to/from N-DISCONNECT request/indication with CBSE-UNBIND parameters be carried in NS-user-data (if the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then CBSE-UNBIND parameters shall be carried by the N-DATA request/indication preceding N-DISCONNECT - see Section 2.4 ).

GSM phase 2 compliance:

If the network layer does not support NS-user-data of 128 octets then reception of N-DISCONNECT shall be interpreted as a CBSE-UNBIND even if the N-DISCONNECT is not preceded by a N-DATA packet carrying the CBSE-UNBIND parameters.

\$start\$(Phase2PBscCellLists)\$

CBSE-WRITE-REPLACE, CBSE-KILL, CBSE-REPORT,

CBSE-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY, CBSE-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY-RESP, CBSE-STATUS-MESS-QUERY, CBSE-STATUS-MESS-QUERY-RESP, CBSE-REJECT, CBSE-RESTART-IND, CBSE-RESTART-IND-PHASE2P, CBSE-RESET, CSE-FAILURE-IND, CSE-FAILURE-IND-PHASE2P, CBSE-SET-DRX, CBSE-SET-DRX-RESP

Application data units CBSE-WRITE-REPLACE, CBSE-KILL, CBSE-REPORT, CBSE-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY, CBSE-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY-RESP, CBSE-STATUS-MESSAGE-QUERY, CBSE-STATUS-MESS-QUERY-RESP., CBSE- REJECT, CBSE -RESTART-IND, CBSE -RESTART-IND-PHASE2P, CBSE-RESET, CBSE-FAILURE-IND, CBSE-FAILURE-IND-PHASE2P, CBSE-SET-DRX, CBSE-SET-DRX-RESP provide the services specified via primitives Write-Replace, Kill, Report, Status-CBCH, Status-CBCH-Response, Status-Message, Status-Message-Response, Reject, Restart-Indication, Restart-Indication-Phase2P, Reset, Failure-Indication, Failure-Indication-Phase2P, Set-DRX and Set-DRX-Response respectively in GSM 03.41.

\$end\$(Phase2PBscCellLists)\$

These application data units will be mapped to/from N-DATA request/indication.



## 2.2 ASN1 Specification

The Abstract Syntax Notation of the Cell Broadcast Short Message Service Element

CBSE

1st module of 2:

CBS-UsefulDefinitions

```
CBS-UsefulDefinitions {
  ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain (0)
  gsm-messaging (4) gsm-sms3 (12) usefulDefinitions (10) }
```

DEFINITIONS

IMPLICIT TAGS

::=

BEGIN

ID ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER

mobile-domain ID ::= {ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)}

-- root for all sms allocations

gsm-messaging ID ::= { mobile-domain gsm-messaging(4) }

-- categories

gsm-sms3 ID ::= { gsm-messaging 12 }

END

2nd module of 2:

Application Protocol

```
ApplicationProtocol {
  ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
  gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms3 (12) applicationProtocol(11) }
```

DEFINITIONS

IMPLICIT TAGS

::=

BEGIN

-- CBSE-BIND will be carried as N-CONNECT request/indication  
 -- CBSE-BIND-Parameters will carried in the User Data field of the N-CONNECT  
 -- request/indication message.  
 -- Note that this structure should be used by Phase 2 systems only.

```
CBSE-BIND-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
  initiatorID [0] Name,
  password    [1] Password OPTIONAL
}
```

-- Above and in CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM  
 -- initiatorID/respID: identify the initiating/responding telecommunication subsystem  
 -- password: may assist in authentication

-- CBSE-VBIND-Parameters will only be used as an element of CBSEapdus in the  
 -- User Data field of the N-CONNECT request/indication message.  
 -- Note that this structure should be used by Phase 2+ and higher systems only.

```
CBSE-VBIND-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
  initiatorID [0] Name,
  password    [1] Password OPTIONAL,
  version     [2] Version
}
```

```

-- Above
-- initiatorID/respID: identify the initiating/responding telecommunication subsystem
-- password: may assist in authentication
-- version: identify the interface version supported, defined below

Name ::= SEQUENCE {
    operator          [0] Operator          OPTIONAL,
    bilateralAgreem  [1] BilateralAgreem  OPTIONAL,
    dataNetworkAddress [2] X121Address  OPTIONAL,
    iSDNAddress      [3] CBS-Address  OPTIONAL
}

-- operator is a text string containing the name of the CBC/PLMN operator. bilateralagreem is a
text
-- string identifying the bilateral agreement between the CBC and the PLMN operators which allows
-- for this association to be established.
-- dataNetworkAddress is the PSPDN X.121 address of the CBC/BSC issuing the BIND or
-- CONFIRM, occurring only if a PSPDN is used.
-- iSDNAddress is the PLMN address of the CBC (same datum in both BIND and CONFIRM).
-- Any pair of subsets of these parameters may be used to identify the CBC and the BSC to one
-- another.

-- upper bound settings

Operator ::= PrintableString (SIZE (0..20))

BilateralAgreem ::= PrintableString (SIZE (0 .. 20))

X121Address ::= NumericString (SIZE(0..15))

-- Definition of Cell Broadcast Short Message Service address

CBS-Address ::= [APPLICATION 0] SEQUENCE {
    address-type      INTEGER { unknown-type(0),
        international-number(1),
        national-number(2),
        network-specific-number(3),
        short-number(4) },
    numbering-plan    INTEGER { unknown-numbering(0),
        iSDN-numbering(1),
        data-network-numbering(3),
        telex-numbering(4),
        national-numbering(8),
        private-numbering(9) },
    address-value     CHOICE {
        octet-format
            SemiOctetString
        -- other formats are for further study
    }
}

-- each octet contains two binary coded decimal digits

SemiOctetString ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1..10))

Password ::= PrintableString (SIZE(0..20))

-- Version provides one of the indications given in the following table.
-- Any future substantive interface definition changes must be added to this table.

```

**Table 1**

Version indication	Document Version	Compatible with previous version
release-97	This mandates adherence to 03.49 version 6.0.0.	No (see Note 1)
reserved-1		
reserved-2		
reserved-3		
reserved-4		
reserved-5		
reserved-6		

Note 1: PDUs not backwards compatible with Phase 2 include, but may not be limited to, Report, Reject, Status-CBCH-Resp, and Status-Mess-Resp.

```

Version ::= INTEGER {
    release-97 (0),
    reserved-1 (1),

```

```

        reserved-2 (2),
        reserved-3 (3),
        reserved-4 (4),
        reserved-5 (5),
        reserved-6 (6)
    }

-- CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM will be carried as N-CONNECT response/confirm
-- CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM parameters will be carried in User Data of the N-CONNECT
-- response/confirm message

CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    respId      [0] Name,
    password    [1] Password OPTIONAL
}

-- The following defines the choices and tags for the N-DISCONNECT.request/indication User Data.

Applic-protocol-discs ::= CHOICE {
    bindfail [1] CBSE-BIND-FAILURE,
    unbindreq [2] CBSE-UNBIND
}

CBSE-BIND-FAILURE ::= Connect-failure-reason

-- connect-failure-reason provides one of the error indications given in the following table.
    
```

**Table 2**

Error indications	Reason
not-entitled	The responder is not entitled to accept a request for an association between itself and the initiator.
temporary-overload	The responder is not capable of establishing an association due to temporary overload.
temporary-failure	The responder is not capable of establishing an association due to a temporary failure.
incorrect-ID-or-password	The responder will not accept the request to establish an association between itself and the initiator due to incorrect identity or password.
version-unsupported	The version specified is not supported by the recipient.

```

--
    Connect-failure-reason ::= INTEGER {
        not-entitled (0),
        temporary-overload (1),
        temporary-failure (2),
        incorrect-ID-or-password (3),
        version-unsupported (4)
    }

CBSE-UNBIND ::= NULL

-- The following defines the choices and tags for the N-DATA.request/indication User Data

CBMSSEapdus ::= CHOICE {
    cbse-WRITE-REPLACE [1] Write-Replace,
    cbse-KILL [2] Kill,
    cbse-REPORT [3] Report,
    cbse-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY [4] Status-CBCH,
    cbse-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY-RESP [5] Status-CBCH-Resp,
    cbse-STATUS-MESSAGE-QUERY [6] Status-Message,
    cbse-STATUS-MESS-QUERY-RESP [7] Status-Mess-Resp,
    cbse-REJECT [8] Reject,
    cbse-RESTART-IND [9] Restart-Ind,
    cbse-RESET [10] Reset,
    cbse-FAILURE-IND [11] Failure-Ind,
    cbse-SET-DRX [12] Set-DRX,
    cbse-SET-DRX-RESP [13] Set-DRX-Resp,
    cbse-VBIND [14] CBSE-VBIND-Parameters,
    cbse-BIND-CONFIRM [15] CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM-Parameters,
    cbse-BIND-FAILURE [16] CBSE-BIND-FAILURE,
    cbse-UNBIND [17] CBSE-UNBIND,
    cbse-RESTART-IND-PHASE2P [18] Restart-Ind-Phase2P -- $(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
    cbse-FAILURE-IND-PHASE2P [19] Failure-Ind-Phase2P -- $(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
}
    
```

```

}

-- PDU parameter definitions from 03.41
Message-Identifier ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
Serial-Number      ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
No-of-Pages       ::= INTEGER (1 .. 15)
Cell-List         ::= SEQUENCE {
    length INTEGER, -- number of cells in the list
    disc   Cell-ID-Disc,
    list   SEQUENCE OF Cell-Id
}

Channel           ::= INTEGER {
    basic-channel (0),
    extended-channel (1)
}

Category         ::= INTEGER {
    high-priority (0),
    normal-priority (1),
    background (2)
}

Repetition-Period ::= INTEGER (1 .. 1024)
No-of-Broadcast-Req ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
    cell-id Cell,
    no-of-broadcasts-compl INTEGER,
    no-of-broadcasts-compl-info No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-Info-Type
}

OPTIONAL
}

Cell-Id           ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(4))
--
-- Note:
-- If Cell-Id-Disc equals ciOnly then only the last 2 octets of
-- Cell-ID are to be considered
-- If Cell-ID-Disc equals lacOnly then only the first 2 octets of
-- Cell-ID are to be considered. The unused octets are filler octets
-- If Cell-ID-Disc equals allCells, Cell-ID only contains filler octets
Schedule-Period  ::= INTEGER (0 .. 40)
Reserved-Slots   ::= INTEGER (0 .. 40)
Failure-List     ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
    cell-id Cell,
    cause Failure-Reason,
    diagnostic Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL
}

Cbch-Loading-List ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
    cell-id Cell,
    cbch-loading Cbch-Loading
--
-- indicates the predicted short term load, expressed as a percentage
-- (min:0, max: 100)
}

Cbch-Loading     ::= INTEGER(0..100)
Failure-Reason   ::= INTEGER {
    parameter-not-recognised (0),
    unused-failure-reason-1 (1), -- not used
    parameter-value-invalid (2),
    valid-CBS-message-not-identified (3),
    cell-identity-not-valid (4),
    unrecognised-primitive (5),
    missing-mandatory-element (6),
    bss-capacity-exceeded (7),
    cell-memory-exceeded (8),
    bss-memory-exceeded (9),
    unspecified-error (10),
    incompatible-DRX-parameter (11),
    unused-failure-reason-12 (12), -- not used
    cell-broadcast-not-supported (13),
    cell-broadcast-not-operational (14),
    extended-channel-not-supported (15),
    message-reference-already-used (16)
}

Diagnostic-Info  ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..20))
Data-Coding-Scheme ::= INTEGER (0 .. 255)
Page-Inf        ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-info-useful-octets Message-Info-Useful-Octets,
    message-info-page Message-Info-Page
}

Message-Info-Useful-Octets ::= INTEGER (0..82)
Recovery-Indication ::= BOOLEAN
--
-- TRUE indicates data is available
--
-- False indicates data is lost

-- Definitions used by the PDU parameters

```

```

Message-Info-Page ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(82))

Cell-Id-Disc ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1))

--
values from the following table
lacAndCi OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '1'H -- 2 Octet lac, followed by 2 Octet Cell Id
ciOnly OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '2'H -- Cell Id only
lacOnly OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '5'H -- 2 Octet lac only, all cells in this LAC (NOT USED BY BSC)
allCells OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '6'H -- all cells in this BSS (NOT USED BY BSC)

Cell ::= SEQUENCE {
    disc Cell-Id-Disc,
    id Cell-Id
}

No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-Info-Type ::= INTEGER {
    unknown (0),
    overflow (1)
}

-- Definitions of PDUs

Write-Replace ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    new-Serial-Number Serial-Number,
    no-of-Pages No-of-Pages,
    data-coding-scheme Data-Coding-Scheme,
    cell-list Cell-List,
    repetition-Period Repetition-Period,
    no-of-broadcast-req No-of-Broadcast-Req,
    cbs-Page-Inf SEQUENCE OF [15] Page-Inf,
    old-Serial-Number [3] Serial-Number OPTIONAL,
    category [2] Category OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Kill ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-Serial-Number Serial-Number,
    cell-List Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Report ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    serial-Number Serial-Number,
    no-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List [0] No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List OPTIONAL,
    failure-List [1] Failure-List OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Status-CBCH ::= SEQUENCE{
    cell-List Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Status-CBCH-Resp ::= SEQUENCE{
    cbch-loading-List [0] Cbch-Loading-List OPTIONAL,
    failure-List [1] Failure-List OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Status-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-Serial-No Serial-Number,
    cell-List Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Status-Mess-Resp ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-serial-number Serial-Number,
    no-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List [0] No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List OPTIONAL,
    failure-List [1] Failure-List OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Reject ::= SEQUENCE {
    cause Failure-Reason,
    diagnostic Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL,
    message-Identifier [7] Message-Identifier OPTIONAL,
    serial-Number [3] Serial-Number OPTIONAL
}

```

```

    }
-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- The Restart-Ind PDU is retained for backward compatibility with Phase 2 systems,
-- and may be used in Phase 2+ systems
Restart-Ind ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          Cell-List,
    recovery-Indication  Recovery-Indication  OPTIONAL
}
-- coding of the recovery-Indication states is Data-available TRUE, Data-lost FALSE

-- The Restart-Ind-Phase2P PDU is used in Phase 2+ systems
Restart-Ind-Phase2P ::= CHOICE {
    restart-list1      [0] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list          Cell-List,
        recovery-Indication  Recovery-Indication  OPTIONAL
    },
    restart-list2      [1] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list          SEQUENCE OF Cell,
        recovery-Indication  Recovery-Indication  OPTIONAL
    }
}
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

Reset ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          Cell-List
}

Set-DRX ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          Cell-List,
    schedule-Period    [6] Schedule-Period  OPTIONAL,
    reserved-slots     [2] Reserved-slots    OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator  [4] Channel          OPTIONAL
}

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
Set-DRX-Resp ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          [0] SEQUENCE OF Cell  OPTIONAL,
    failure-list       [1] Failure-list     OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator  [4] Channel          OPTIONAL
}
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
-- The Failure-Ind PDU is retained for backward compatibility with Phase 2 systems,
-- and may be used in Phase 2+ systems
Failure-Ind ::= SEQUENCE{
    cell-list          Cell-List
}

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
-- The Failure-Ind-Phase2P PDU is used in Phase 2+ systems
Failure-Ind-Phase2P ::= CHOICE {
    failure-list1      [0] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list          Cell-List
    },
    failure-list2      [1] SEQUENCE OF Cell
}
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

END

```

## 2.3 Application Rules for Avoidance of Collision of CBSE Operations

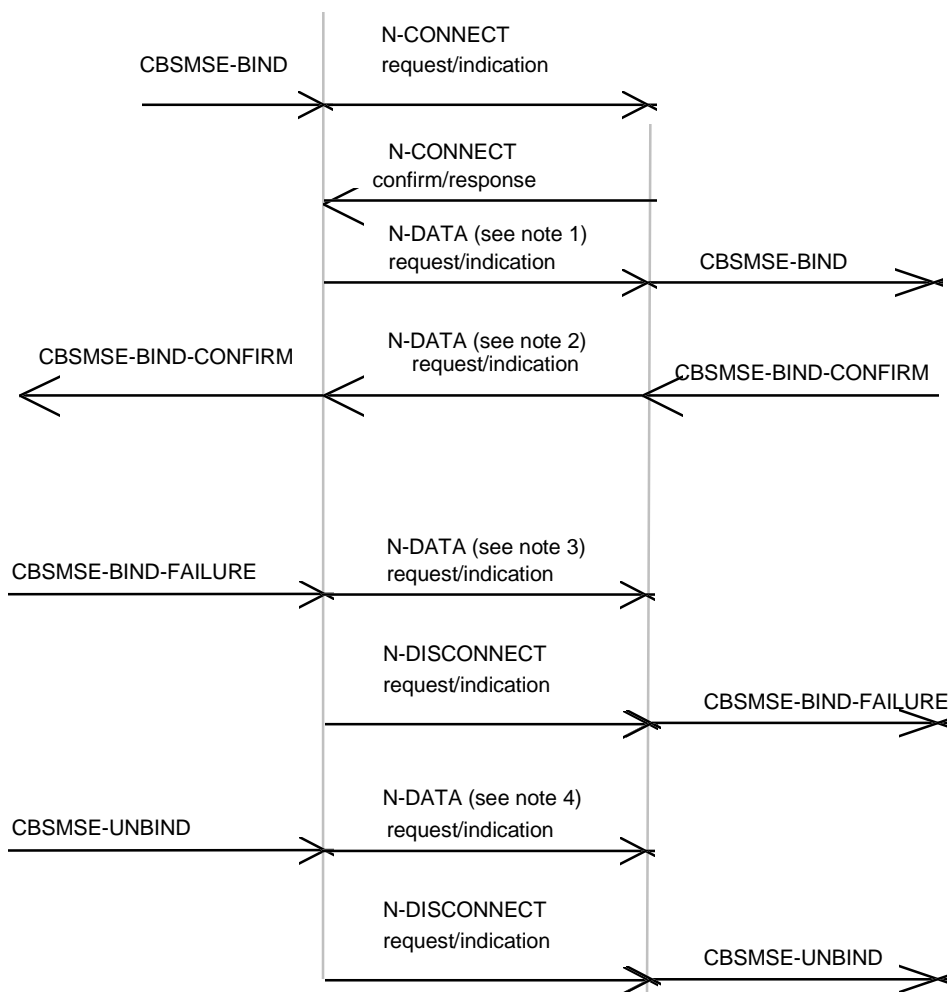
For the purpose of establishing the association between CBSEs in CBC and BSC then either the CBC or the BSC shall be designated as the entity responsible for initiating the association by the operation CBSE-BIND.

Following premature release of the association by N-DISCONNECT then either the CBC or the BSC shall be designated as the entity responsible for re-establishing the association.

Following receipt of N-RESET any command sent by the CBC, for which no corresponding response has been received by the CBC, will be re-sent to the BSC.

## 2.4 Non Support of 128 bytes of NS-user-data in Network Connection and Network Connection Release phases

It is generally intended to make the support of 128 bytes of NS user-data mandatory (see Sections 12.2.8 and 13.2.3 of X.213). CCITT Recommendation X.2 regards provision of Fast Select as essential, thereby ensuring support of 128 bytes of NS-user-data in network connection and network connection release phases. For an interim period support of 128 bytes of NS-user-data in network connection and network connection release phases will remain a provider option. The following figures are therefore provided in order to indicate how CBSE-BIND, CBSE-BIND-CONFIRM, CBSE-BIND-FAILURE and CBSE-UNBIND should be mapped to/from an OSI Network Service definition which does not support 128 bytes of NS-user-data in network connection and network connection release phases.



NOTE 1: CBSMSE-BIND parameters are carried as NS-user-data.

NOTE 2: CBSMSE-BIND-CONFIRM is carried as NS-user-data.

NOTE 3: CBSMSE-BIND-FAILURE is carried as NS-user-data

NOTE 4: CBSMSE-UNBIND parameters are carried as NS-user-data.

Figure 2

## 3 An OSI Protocol Stack For Interconnecting CBC and BSC

This clause specifies a stack of communication protocols in terms of the OSI Reference Model (see X.200) and therefore makes use of all seven layers for the purpose of fulfilling the service requirements of the primitives specified for the CBC - BSC interface in GSM 03.41. The CBS application layer (layer 7) is mapped to the Presentation Layer via ACSE (see X.217 and X.227) and ROSE (see X.219 and X.229). Only the Kernel functional unit of the Presentation Layer is used. Only the Kernel and Duplex functional units are used in the Session Layer (see X.215 and X.225).

### 3.1 Service elements on the application layer

An association (class 3) between CBRSEs is formed via ACSE and ROSE operations (class 2 and 5) are used to implement the service requirements specified for the CBC - BSC interface in GSM 03.41.

This results in an asynchronous asymmetric situation where the application entity in the CBC or BSC can invoke a CBRSE operation at any time.

The new CBRSE service element is first defined in the following subclause, and then specified in ASN.1 notation in subclause 3.2.

#### CBRSE definition

This service element defines the following services:

**CBRSE-BIND** This operation will normally be invoked by the CBC to establish the application association, but in exceptional circumstances (e.g. following loss of data) the BSC may invoke the operation; only thereafter the remaining CBRSE services may be used. This operation reports either success or failure (result or error).

**CBR-WRITE-REPLACE, CBR-KILL, CBR-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY, CBR-STATUS-MESSAGE-QUERY, CBR-RESET, CBR-SET-DRX**

These operations may be invoked by the application entity in the CBC; They are used to relay commands from the CBC to a given BSC. The operations report either success or failure.

`$start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$`

**CBR-RESTART-IND, CBR-RESTART-IND-PHASE2P, CBR-FAILURE-IND, CBR-FAILURE-IND-PHASE2P**

This operation may be invoked by the application entity in the BSC. The operation reports success or failure.

`$end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$`

**CBR-UNBIND** This operation must be invoked by the CBC as the last CBRSE operation before releasing the application association. This operation reports success only.

Of the services defined above, CBR-WRITE-REPLACE semantically means the relay of cell broadcast messages across the CBC-BSC-connection in order to add them to the message list in the BSC, whereas CBR-KILL is used to delete messages from the message list. The CBR-STATUS-CBCH-QUERY command inquires after the current loading of a specific cell broadcast channel, while the CBR-STATUS-MESSAGE-QUERY command requests status information concerning a specific message. The CBR-SET-DRX command sets the DRX related parameters. These five services combine the primitives defined in GSM 03.41, which can be invoked by the CBC.

The CBR-BIND service is used to exchange identifications, passwords, etc., and in order to negotiate the usage of the other services. The CBR-UNBIND service prepares for the release of the application association.



## 3.2 Detailed specification of the CBRSE services

On the following pages, the new CBRSE service element is specified with the ASN.1 notation, together with the entire protocol.

The Abstract Syntax Notation of  
the Cell Broadcast Relay Service Element

CBRSE

1st module of 3:

CBS-UsefulDefinitions

```
CBS-UsefulDefinitions {
  ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
  gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms4(13) usefulDefinitions(0) }
```

DEFINITIONS

IMPLICIT TAGS

::=

BEGIN

```
EXPORTS      id-cb-ot-CBC, id-cb-ot-BSC, id-cb-port,
             id-cb-ac-so, id-cb-CBRSE, id-cb-as-CBRSE;
```

```
ID ::= OBJECT IDENTIFIER
```

```
mobile-domain ID ::= { ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain (0)}
```

```
-- root for all sms allocations
```

```
gsm-messaging ID ::= { mobile-domain gsm-messaging (4) }
```

```
gsm-sms4 ID ::= {gsm-messaging (13)}
```

```
-- categories
```

```
id-cb-mod ID ::= { gsm-messaging 1 } -- modules
id-cb-ot ID ::= { gsm-messaging 2 } -- object type
id-cb-pt ID ::= { gsm-messaging 3 } -- port types
id-cb-ac ID ::= { gsm-messaging 4 } -- appl. contexts
id-cb-ase ID ::= { gsm-messaging 5 } -- ASEs
id-cb-as ID ::= { gsm-messaging 6 } -- abstract syntaxes
```

```
-- modules
```

```
usefulDefinitions ID ::= { gsm-sms4 0 }
relayProtocol ID ::= { gsm-sms4 1 }
relayAbstractService ID ::= { gsm-sms4 2 }
```

```
-- object types
```

```
id-cb-ot-CBC ID ::= { id-cb-ot 0 }
id-cb-ot-BSC ID ::= { id-cb-ot 1 }
```

```
-- port types
```

```
id-cb-port ID ::= { id-cb-pt 0 }
```

```
-- application contexts
```

```
id-cb-ac-so ID ::= { id-cb-ac 0 }
```

```
-- application service elements
```

```
id-cb-CBRSE ID ::= { id-cb-ase 0 }
```

```
-- abstract syntaxes
```

```
id-cb-as-CBRSE ID ::= { id-cb-as 0 }
```

END

## 2nd module of 3

## RelayAbstractService

```

RelayAbstractService {
    ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
    gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms4(13) relayAbstractService(2) }

DEFINITIONS

IMPLICIT TAGS

::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

    BIND, UNBIND
FROM Remote-Operations-Notation {
    joint-iso-ccitt remote-operations(4) notation(0) }

    OBJECT, PORT, ABSTRACT-BIND, ABSTRACT-UNBIND,
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION, ABSTRACT-ERROR
FROM AbstractServiceNotation {
    joint-iso-ccitt mhs-motis(6) asdc(2) modules(0) notation(1) }

    id-cb-ot-CBC, id-cb-ot-BSC, id-cb-port
FROM CBS-UsefulDefinitions{
    ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
    gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms4(13) usefulDefinitions(0) }

-- upper bound settings

ub-operator-name-length INTEGER ::= 20

ub-agreem-name-length INTEGER ::= 20

ub-X121Address-length INTEGER ::= 15

ub-password-length INTEGER ::= 20

-- Objects

-- The CBC and the BSC are modelled as atomic objects, cBC--Object and bSC-Object. Each
-- object has one port for the interconnection. ([S] and [C] indicate supply and consumption of
-- services, respectively).

cBC-Object OBJECT
    PORTS { cBR-port [S] }
    ::= id-cb-ot-CBC

bSC-Object OBJECT
    PORTS { cBR-port [C] }
    ::= id-cb-ot-BSC

-- Port

cBR-port PORT
    CONSUMER INVOKES { CBR-Restart-Ind
-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
        CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P
        CBR-Failure-Ind
        CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
    }
    SUPPLIER INVOKES { CBR-Write-Replace
        CBR-Kill
        CBR-Status-CBCH-Query
        CBR-Status-Message-Query
        CBR-Reset
        CBR-Set-DRX
    }
    ::= id-cb-port

-- The CBR-Bind operation

-- Both, BIND and UNBIND operations, are exclusively within the responsibility of the CBC. The
-- BIND operation is therefore always requested by the CBC

```

```

-- Note that this structure should be used by Phase 2 systems only.

CBR-Bind ::=
    ABSTRACT-BIND
    TO { cBR-port }
    BIND
    ARGUMENT    CBR-Bind-Parameters
    RESULT      CBR-Bind-confirm
    BIND-ERROR  CBR-Bind-failure

-- The CBR-Unbind operation

-- The UNBIND is a harsh release of the association and all outstanding operations are aborted.
-- UNBIND is always requested by the CBC. The CBC and the BSC should negotiate (during
-- CBR-BIND) the use of services on the association (the operations parameter - list of
-- operation
-- types for the association) in such a way that no harmful losses of operations occur.

CBR-Unbind ::=
    ABSTRACT-UNBIND
    FROM { cBR-port }
    UNBIND
    ARGUMENT    Time-when-connected
    RESULT      Time-when-disconnected

- Association control parameters

CBR-Bind-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    initiatorID [0] Name,
    password    [1] Password OPTIONAL,
    pswNeeded   [2] BOOLEAN,
    iniType     [3] Telecom-System-Type,
    operations  [4] List-of-Operations,
    transient   [5] BOOLEAN
}

-- Above and in SMR-Bind-confirm
-- initiatorID/respID: identify the initiating/responding telecommunication subsystem
-- password: may assist in authentication
-- pswNeeded (BIND only):requests password into SMR-Bind, SMR-Bind-Confirm
-- iniType/respType: identify the system entity
-- operations: lists the SM relay operations requested and supported on the association:
-- operations listed in both the BIND and the CONFIRM may be used (i.e. this is a negotiation
-- between CBC and BSC)
-- transient:forces the association (and the underlying connections), transient: it must be
-- UNBOUND as soon as there are no operations to be performed

Name ::= SEQUENCE {
    operator          [0] Operator          OPTIONAL,
    bilateralAgreem  [1] BilateralAgreem  OPTIONAL,
    dataNetworkAddress [2] X121Address  OPTIONAL,
    isDNAddress      [3] CBS-Address  OPTIONAL
}

-- operator is a text string containing the name of the CBC/PLMN operator. bilateralAgreem is a
-- text string identifying the bilateral agreement between the CBC and the PLMN operators
-- which allows for this association to be established.
-- dataNetworkAddress is the PSPDN X.121 address of the CBC/BSC issuing the BIND or
-- CONFIRM, occurring only if a PSPDN is used.
-- isDNAddress is the PLMN address of the CBC as seen by the MSs (same datum in both BIND
-- and CONFIRM).

-- Any pair of subsets of these parameters may be used to identify the CBC and the BSC to one
-- another.

Operator ::= PrintableString (SIZE(0..ub-operator-name-length))

BilateralAgreem ::= PrintableString (SIZE(0..ub-agreem-name-length))

X121Address ::= NumericString (SIZE(0..ub-X121Address-length))

-- CBS-Address is specified later in this module.

Password ::= PrintableString (SIZE(0..ub-password-length))

-- Version provides one of the indications given in the following table.
-- Any future substantive interface definition changes must be added to Table 1.

-- For definitions see Table 1.

```

```

Version ::= INTEGER {
    release-97 (0),
    reserved-1 (1),
    reserved-2 (2),
    reserved-3 (3),
    reserved-4 (4),
    reserved-5 (5),
    reserved-6 (6)
}

Telecom-System-Type ::= INTEGER {
    cell-Broadcast-Service-Centre (0),
    public-Land-Mobile-Network (1)
    -- Extensions are possible: additional telecommunication subsystems
    -- might adopt this service element for their interconnection.
}

List-of-Operations ::= BIT STRING {
    cBR-From-CBC-Write-Replace (0),
    cBR-From-CBC-Kill (1),
    cBR-From-CBC-Status-CBCH-Query (2),
    cBR-From-CBC-Status-Message-Query (3),
    cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind (4),
    cBR-From-CBC-Reset (5),
    cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind (6),
    cBR-From-CBC-Set-DRX (7),
    cBR-From-BSC-VBind-Request (8),
    cBR-From-BSC-Bind-Confirm (9),
    cBR-From-BSC-Bind-Failure (10),
    cBR-From-BSC-UnBind (11),
    -- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
    cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind-Phase2P (12),
    cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind-Phase2P (13)
    -- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

    -- Extensions are possible: additional operations may be defined
    -- within this service element. Existing systems should tolerate
    -- unknown values, but negotiate not to perform unknown
    -- operations.}

-- Note that this element replaces the CBR-Bind structure for Phase 2+ and beyond.

CBR-VBind-Request ::=
    ABSTRACT-VBIND
    TO { cBR-port }
    BIND
    ARGUMENT    CBR-VBind-Parameters
    RESULT      CBR-Bind-confirm
    BIND-ERROR  CBR-Bind-failure

CBR-Bind-confirm ::= SEQUENCE {
    respId [0] Name,
    password [1] Password OPTIONAL,
    respType [3] Telecom-System-Type,
    operations [4] List-of-Operations,
    transient [5] BOOLEAN,
    connectTime [6] Time-when-connected
}

CBR-Bind-failure ::= SEQUENCE {
    connect-failure-reason
    [0] Connect-failure
}

```

-- connect-failure-reason contains one of the error indications given in the following table.

**Table 3**

Error indications	Reason
not-entitled	The responder is not entitled to accept a request for an association between itself and the initiator.
temporary-overload	The responder is not capable of establishing an association due to temporary overload.
temporary-failure	The responder is not capable of establishing an association due to a temporary failure (having impact on an entity at SM-RL or at layers above).
incorrect-ID-or-password	The responder will not accept the request to establish an association between itself and the initiator due to incorrect identity or password.
not-supported	The responder does not recognize the telecommunication subsystem type of the initiator, or cannot support any of the operations suggested on the association.
version-unsupported	The version specified is not supported by the recipient.

--

```
Connect-failure ::= INTEGER {
    not-entitled (0),
    temporary-overload (1),
    temporary-failure (2),
    incorrect-ID-or-password (3),
    not-supported (4),
    version-unsupported (5)
}
```

```
Time-when-disconnected ::= UTCTime
Time-when-connected ::= UTCTime
```

-- The CBR-Write-Replace operation

```
CBR-Write-Replace ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT Write-Replace
    RESULT Report
    ERRORS {Parameter-not-recognized,
            Parameter-value-invalid,
            Valid-CBS-message-not-identified,
            Cell-identity-not-valid,
            Unrecognized-primitive,
            Missing-mandatory-element,
            BSS-capacity-exceeded,
            Cell-memory-exceeded,
            BSS-memory-exceeded,
            Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
            Cell-broadcast-not-operational,
            Extended-channel-not-supported,
            Message-reference-already-used,
            Unspecified-error
    }
```

-- The CBR-Kill operation

```
CBR-Kill ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT Kill
    RESULT Report
    ERRORS {Parameter-not-recognized,
            Parameter-value-invalid,
            Cell-identity-not-valid,
            Valid-CBS-message-not-identified,
            Unrecognized-primitive,
            Missing-mandatory-element,
            Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
            Cell-broadcast-not-operational,
            Extended-channel-not-supported,
            Unspecified-error
    }
```

```

    }

-- The CBR-Status-CBCH-Query operation
CBR-Status-CBCH-Query ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT     Status-CBCH
    RESULT       Status-CBCH-Resp
    ERRORS       {Parameter-not-recognized,
                  Parameter-value-invalid,
                  Cell-identity-not-valid,
                  Unrecognized-primitive,
                  Missing-mandatory-element,
                  Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
                  Cell-broadcast-not-operational,
                  Extended-channel-not-supported,
                  Unspecified-error
                  }

-- The CBR-Status-Message-Query operation
CBR-Status-Message-Query ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT     Status-Message
    RESULT       Status-Mess-Resp
    ERRORS       {Parameter-not-recognized,
                  Parameter-value-invalid,
                  Cell-identity-not-valid,
                  Valid-CBS-message-not-identified,
                  Unrecognized-primitive,
                  Missing-mandatory-element,
                  Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
                  Cell-broadcast-not-operational,
                  Extended-channel-not-supported,
                  Unspecified-error
                  }

-- The CBR-Restart-Ind operation
CBR-Restart-Ind ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT     Restart-Ind
    RESULT
    ERRORS       {Parameter-not-recognised,
                  Parameter-value-invalid,
                  Cell-identity-not-valid,
                  Unrecognized-primitive,
                  Missing-mandatory-element,
                  Unspecified-error
                  }

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
-- The CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P operation
CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT     Restart-Ind-Phase2P
    RESULT
    ERRORS       {Parameter-not-recognised,
                  Parameter-value-invalid,
                  Cell-identity-not-valid,
                  Unrecognized-primitive,
                  Missing-mandatory-element,
                  Unspecified-error
                  }
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- The CBR-Reset operation
CBR-Reset ::=
    ABSTRACT-OPERATION
    ARGUMENT     Reset
    RESULT
    ERRORS       {Parameter-not-recognized,
                  Parameter-value-invalid,
                  Cell-identity-not-valid,
                  Unrecognized-primitive,
                  Missing-mandatory-element,
                  Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
                  Unspecified-error
                  }

-- The CBR-Failure-Ind operation
CBR-Failure-Ind ::=

```

```

ABSTRACT-OPERATION
ARGUMENT      Failure-Ind
RESULT
ERRORS        {Parameter-not-recognized,
               Parameter-value-invalid,
               Cell-identity-not-valid,
               Unrecognized-primitive,
               Missing-mandatory-element,
               Unspecified-error
               }

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
-- The CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P operation

CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P ::=
  ABSTRACT-OPERATION
  ARGUMENT      Failure-Ind-Phase2P
  RESULT
  ERRORS        {Parameter-not-recognized,
                 Parameter-value-invalid,
                 Cell-identity-not-valid,
                 Unrecognized-primitive,
                 Missing-mandatory-element,
                 Unspecified-error
                 }

-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- The CBR-Set-DRX operation

CBR-Set-DRX ::=
  ABSTRACT-OPERATION
  ARGUMENT      Set-DRX
  RESULT        Set-DRX-Resp
  ERRORS        {Parameter-not-recognized,
                 Parameter-value-invalid,
                 Valid-CBS-message-not-identified,
                 Cell-identity-not-valid,
                 Unrecognized-primitive,
                 Missing-mandatory-element,
                 BSS-capacity-exceeded,
                 Unspecified-error,
                 Cell-broadcast-not-supported,
                 Cell-broadcast-not-operational,
                 Extended-channel-not-supported,
                 Incompatible-DRX-parameter
                 }

-- CBR operation ARGUMENT lists

-- PDU parameter definitions from 03.41
Message-Identifier ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
Serial-Number      ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
No-of-Pages        ::= INTEGER (1 .. 15)
Cell-List          ::= SEQUENCE {
                    length  INTEGER, -- number of cells in the list
                    disc    Cell-Id-Disc,
                    list    SEQUENCE OF Cell-Id
                    }
Channel            ::= INTEGER {
                    basic-channel (0),
                    extended-channel (1)
                    }
Category           ::= INTEGER {
                    high-priority (0),
                    normal-priority (1),
                    background (2)
                    }
Repetition-Period ::= INTEGER (1 .. 1024)
No-of-Broadcast-Req ::= INTEGER (0 .. 65535)
No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-List ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
                    cell-id          Cell,
                    no-of-broadcasts-compl  INTEGER,
                    no-of-broadcasts-compl-info No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-Info-Type
                    }
OPTIONAL
}
Cell-Id            ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(4))
--
-- Note:
-- If Cell-Id-Disc equals ciOnly then only the last 2 octets of
-- Cell-ID are to be considered
-- If Cell-Id-Disc equals lacOnly then only the first 2 octets of
-- Cell-ID are to be considered. The unused octets are filler octets
-- If Cell-Id-Disc equals allCells, Cell-ID only contains filler octets

```

```

Schedule-Period ::= INTEGER (0 .. 40)
Reserved-Slots ::= INTEGER (0 .. 40)
Failure-List ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
    cell-id Cell,
    cause Failure-Reason,
    diagnostic Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL
}

Cbch-Loading-List ::= SEQUENCE OF SEQUENCE {
    cell-id Cell,
    cbch-loading Cbch-Loading
-- indicates the predicted short term load, expressed as a percentage
-- (min:0, max: 100)
}

Cbch-Loading ::= INTEGER(0..100)
Failure-Reason ::= INTEGER {
    parameter-not-recognised (0),
    unused-failure-reason-1 (1), -- not used
    parameter-value-invalid (2),
    valid-CBS-message-not-identified (3),
    cell-identity-not-valid (4),
    unrecognised-primitive (5),
    missing-mandatory-element (6),
    bss-capacity-exceeded (7),
    cell-memory-exceeded (8),
    bss-memory-exceeded (9),
    unspecified-error (10),
    incompatible-DRX-parameter (11),
    unused-failure-reason-12 (12), -- not used
    cell-broadcast-not-supported (13),
    cell-broadcast-not-operational (14),
    extended-channel-not-supported (15),
    message-reference-already-used (16)
}

Diagnostic-Info ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (1..20))
Data-Coding-Scheme ::= INTEGER (0 .. 255)
Page-Inf ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-info-useful-octets Message-Info-Useful-Octets,
    message-info-page Message-Info-Page
}

Message-Info-Useful-Octets ::= INTEGER (0..82)
Recovery-Indication ::= BOOLEAN
-- TRUE indicates data is available
-- False indicates data is lost

-- Definitions used by the PDU parameters
Message-Info-Page ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(82))

Cell-Id-Disc ::= OCTET-STRING (SIZE(1))
-- values from the following table
lacAndCi OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '1'H -- 2 Octet lac, followed by 2 Octet Cell Id
ciOnly OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '2'H -- Cell Id only
lacOnly OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '5'H -- 2 Octet lac only, all cells in this LAC (NOT USED BY BSC)
allCells OCTET STRING (SIZE(1)) ::= '6'H -- all cells in this BSS (NOT USED BY BSC)
Cell ::= SEQUENCE {
    disc Cell-Id-Disc,
    id Cell-Id
}

No-of-Broadcasts-Compl-Info-Type ::= INTEGER {
    unknown (0),
    overflow (1)
}

Write-Replace ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    new-Serial-Number Serial-Number,
    no-of-Pages No-of-Pages,
    data-coding-scheme Data-Coding-Scheme,
    cell-list Cell-List,
    repetition-Period Repetition-Period,
    no-of-broadcast-req No-of-Broadcast-Req,
    cbs-Page-Inf SEQUENCE OF [15] Page-Inf,
    old-Serial-Number [3] Serial-Number OPTIONAL,
    category [2] Category OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

Kill ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-Serial-Number Serial-Number,
    cell-List Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}

```



```

    }

Status-CBCH ::= SEQUENCE{
    cell-List          Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

Status-Message ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-Serial-No      Serial-Number,
    cell-List          Cell-List,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
-- The Restart-Ind PDU is retained for backward compatibility with Phase 2 systems,
-- and may be used in Phase 2+ systems
Restart-Ind ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          Cell-List,
    recovery-Indication Recovery-Indication  OPTIONAL
}

-- coding of the recovery-Indication states is Data-available TRUE, Data-lost FALSE

-- The Restart-Ind-Phase2P PDU is used in Phase 2+ systems
Restart-Ind-Phase2P ::= CHOICE {
    restart-list1 [0] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list          Cell-List,
        recovery-Indication Recovery  OPTIONAL
    },
    restart-list2 [1] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list          SEQUENCE OF Cell,
        recovery-Indication Recovery  OPTIONAL
    }
}

-- The Failure-Ind PDU is retained for backward compatibility with Phase 2 systems,
-- and may be used in Phase 2+ systems
Failure-Ind ::= SEQUENCE{
    cell-list Cell-List
}

-- The Failure-Ind-Phase2P PDU is used in Phase 2+ systems
Failure-Ind-Phase2P ::= CHOICE {
    failure-list1 [0] SEQUENCE {
        cell-list Cell-List
    },
    failure-list2 [1] SEQUENCE OF Cell
}

-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

Reset ::= SEQUENCE{
    cell-list Cell-List
}

Set-DRX ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list          Cell-List,
    schedule-Period   [6] Schedule-Period OPTIONAL,
    reserved-slots    [2] Reserved-slots  OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

Report ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    serial-Number       Serial-Number,
    no-of-broadcasts-compl-list [0] No-of-broadcasts-compl-list OPTIONAL,
    failure-list        [1] Failure-list  OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator   [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

Status-CBCH-Resp ::= SEQUENCE{
    cbch-loading-list [0] Cbch-loading-list OPTIONAL,
    failure-list       [1] Failure-list  OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

Status-Mess-Resp ::= SEQUENCE {
    message-Identifier Message-Identifier,
    old-serial-number  Serial-Number,
    no-of-broadcasts-compl-list [0] No-of-broadcasts-compl-list OPTIONAL,
    failure-list          [1] Failure-list  OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator     [4] Channel  OPTIONAL
}

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

```

```

Set-DRX-Resp ::= SEQUENCE {
    cell-list                [0] SEQUENCE OF Cell OPTIONAL,
    failure-List             [1] Failure-List OPTIONAL,
    channel-indicator        [4] Channel OPTIONAL
}
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- CBR operation errors listed below

Parameter-not-recognized ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Parameter-value-invalid ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Valid-CBS-message-not-identified ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Cell-Identity-not-valid ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Unrecognized-primitive ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Missing-mandatory-element ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

BSS-capacity-exceeded ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Cell-memory-exceeded ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

BSS-memory-exceeded ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Unspecified-error ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Incompatible-DRX-parameter ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Cell-broadcast-not-supported ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Cell-broadcast-not-operational ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Extended-channel-not-supported ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

Message-reference-already-used ::=
    ABSTRACT-ERROR
    PARAMETER Diagnostic-Info OPTIONAL

-- Definition of Cell Broadcast Relay Service address

CBS-Address ::= [APPLICATION 0] SEQUENCE {
    address-type             INTEGER { unknown-type (0),
                                   international-number (1),
                                   national-number (2),
                                   network-specific-number (3),
                                   short-number (4) },
    numbering-plan           INTEGER { unknown-numbering (0),
                                   iSDN-numbering (1),
                                   data-network-numbering (3),
                                   telex-numbering (4),
                                   national-numbering (8),

```

```

        private-numbering      (9)}
address-value CHOICE { octet-format
                    SemiOctetString
                    --other formats are for further study}
}

```

```

SemiOctetString ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE(1..10))
-- each octet contains two binary coded decimal digits

```

END

3rd module of 3

RelayProtocol

```

RelayProtocol {
    ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
    gsm-messaging (4) gsm-sms4 (13) relayProtocol(1) }

```

DEFINITIONS

IMPLICIT TAGS

::=

BEGIN

IMPORTS

-- application service elements and application contexts

```

    aCSE, APPLICATION-SERVICE-ELEMENT, APPLICATION-CONTEXT
FROM Remote-Operations-Notation-extension {
    joint-iso-ccitt remote-operations(4) notation-extension(2) }

```

rOSE

```

FROM Remote-Operations-APDUs {
    joint-iso-ccitt remote-operations(4) apdus(1) }

```

-- object identifiers

```

    id-cb-ac-so, id-cb-CBRSE, id-cb-as-CBRSE,
FROM CBS-UsefulDefinitions{
    ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
    gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms4 (13) usefulDefinitions(0) } ;

```

```

    aS-ACSE OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::=
        { joint-iso-ccitt association-control (2) abstractSyntax(1) apdus(0) version(1) }

```

-- abstract service parameters

```

    CBR-Bind, CBR-Unbind, CBR-Write-Replace, CBR-Kill,
    CBR-Status-CBCH-Query,
-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
    CBR-Status-Message-Query, CBR-Reset, CBR-Restart-Ind, CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P,
    CBR-Failure-Ind, CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P, CBR-Set-DRX,
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
    Parameter-not-recognized, Parameter-value-invalid,
    Valid-CBS-message-not-identified, Cell-identity-not-valid,
    Unrecognized-primitive,
    Missing-mandatory-element, BSS-capacity-exceeded,
    Cell-memory-exceeded, BSS-memory-exceeded, Unspecified-error, Incompatible-DRX-parameter,
    Cell-broadcast-not-supported, Cell-broadcast-not-operational, Extended-channel-not-supported

```

```

FROM RelayAbstractService{
    ccitt identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobile-domain(0)
    gsm-messaging(4) gsm-sms4(13) relayAbstractService(2) } ;

```

-- Application contexts

-- Only one application contexts is specified: the CBC is exclusively responsible for the BIND and UNBIND operations.

cBC-BINDs-and-UNBINDs

```

    APPLICATION-CONTEXT
    APPLICATION-SERVICE-ELEMENTS { aCSE }
    BIND      CBR-Bind
    UNBIND    CBR-Unbind
    REMOTE OPERATIONS { rOSE }
    INITIATOR CONSUMER OF { cBRSE }
    ABSTRACT SYNTAXES { id-cb-as-CBRSE , aS-ACSE }
    ::= id-cb-ac-so

```

-- Application service elements

```

cBRSE APPLICATION-SERVICE-ELEMENT
      CONSUMER INVOKES { CBR-Restart-Ind
-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
      CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P
      CBR-Failure-Ind
      CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
      CBR-From-BSC-VBind-Request
      CBR-From-BSC-Bind-Confirm
      CBR-From-BSC-Bind-Failure
      CBR-From-BSC-UnBind
      }
      SUPPLIER INVOKES { CBR-Write-Replace
      CBR-Kill
      CBR-Status-CBCH-Query
      CBR-Status-Message-Query
      CBR-Reset
      CBR-Set-DRX
      CBR-From-BSC-VBind-Request
      CBR-From-BSC-Bind-Confirm
      CBR-From-BSC-Bind-Failure
      CBR-From-BSC-UnBind
      }
      ::= id-cb-SMRSE

-- Remote operations

cbr-write-replace          CBR-Write-Replace
      ::= 1
      -- Note:   localValue - words are omitted, since they are
      -- typically not used, and likely to be removed from
      -- the OPERATION and ERROR macros in ROSE.

cbr-kill                   CBR-Kill
      ::= 2

cbr-status-CBCH-query      CBR-Status-CBCH-Query
      ::= 3

cbr-status-message-query   CBR-Status-Message-Query
      ::= 4

cbr-restart-ind            CBR-Restart-Ind
      ::= 5

cbr-reset                  CBR-Reset
      ::= 6

cbr-failure-ind            CBR-Failure-Ind
      ::= 7

cbr-set-DRX                CBR-Set-DRX
      ::= 8

-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
cbr-restart-ind-phase2p    CBR-Restart-Ind-Phase2P
      ::= 9

cbr-failure-ind-phase2p    CBR-Failure-Ind-Phase2P
      ::= 10
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$

-- Remote errors, the localValues are provisional

parameter-not-recognized   Parameter-not-recognized
      ::= 0

parameter-value-invalid    Parameter-value-invalid
      ::= 2

valid-CBS-message-not-identified    Valid-CBS-message-not-identified
      ::= 3

cell-identity-not-valid    Cell-identity-not-valid
      ::= 4

unrecognized-primitive      Unrecognized-primitive
      ::= 5

missing-mandatory-element   Missing-mandatory-element
      ::= 6

```

```

bss-capacity-exceeded      ::= 7      BSS-capacity-exceeded
cell-memory-exceeded       ::= 8      Cell-memory-exceeded
bss-memory-exceeded        ::= 9      BSS-memory-exceeded
unspecified-error          ::= 10     Unspecified-error
incompatible-DRX-parameter ::= 11     Incompatible-DRX-Parameter
cell-broadcast-not-supported ::= 13   Cell-broadcast-not-supported
cell-broadcast-not-operational ::= 14 Cell-broadcast-not-operational
extended-channel-not-supported ::= 15 Extended-channel-not-supported
message-reference-already-used ::= 16 Message-reference-already-used

```

END

### 3.3 Application rules

The following application rules specify the invocation of different operations on the association. Two alternative sets of application rules are given in 3.3.1 (for semi-permanent connections) and in 3.3.2 (for transient connections); additional sets are possible.

#### 3.3.1 Application rule set 1 Semi-permanent symmetric connection

This set of application rules is to be used in situations where the connection (on all the protocol layers) between the CBC and the BSC is maintained for ever.

Within the CBR-BIND service, all operations are allowed on the association; semi-permanent connection is accepted (by not forcing the connection transient). This is negotiated within the CBR-BIND service as follows:

```

name of parameter  value in request and report

operations          {cBR-From-CBC-Write-Replace,
                    cBR-From-CBC-Kill,
                    cBR-From-CBC-Status-CBCH-Query,
                    cBR-From-CBC-Status-Message-Query,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Reset,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind,
                    cBR-From-CBC-Set-DRX,
                    cBR-From-BSC-VBind-Request,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Bind-Confirm,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Bind-Failure,
                    cBR-From-BSC-UnBind,
-- $start$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
                    cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind-Phase2P,
                    cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind-Phase2P
-- $end$(Phase2PBscCellLists)$
                    }

transient           FALSE

```

\$start\$(Phase2PBscCellLists)\$

The CBC invokes cBR-From-CBC-Write-Replace, cBR-From-CBC-Kill, cBR-From-CBC-Status-CBCH-Query, cBR-From-CBC-Status-Message-Query, cBR-From-CBC-Reset, cBR-From-CBC-Set-DRX operations as needed. The BSC invokes cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind, cBR-From-BSC-Restart-Ind-Phase2P, cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind and cBR-From-BSC-Failure-Ind-Phase2P.

\$end\$(Phase2PBscCellLists)\$

The CBR-UNBIND operation is not normally invoked on the association.

### 3.3.2 Application rule set 2 Transient asymmetric connection

This set of application rules is to be used e.g. in situations where a CBC has connections with many BSCs, and there is a switched data network connecting them. A data network connection (and the higher layer connections on top of it) is maintained for the duration of the relay or alert operations only.

Within the CBR-BIND service, only one type of operation is negotiated for use on the association. The operation of that type must be invoked by the CBC or by the BSC in exceptional circumstances (e.g. in order to invoke CBR-RESET). The BSC or CBC accepts the one type of operation and forces the association transient.

The following is an example of a negotiation procedure within the CBR-BIND service, where the CBR-Write-Replace operation is initiated by the CBC.

```
name of parameter  value
iniType           cell-Broadcast-Service-Centre
respType          public-Land-Mobile-Network
operations        { cBR-From-CBC-Write-Replace }
transient         TRUE
```

The association for cBR-From-CBC-Kill, cBR-From-CBC-Status-CBCH-Query or cBR-From-CBC-Status-Message-Query, cBR-From-CBC-Reset, cBR-From-CBC-Set-DRX are negotiated according to the same principle, the CBC always being the initiator of the CBR-BIND.

The association may be used for invoking operations of the negotiated type(s) as long as there are such operations to be invoked (in other words, until all commands have been relayed).

---

## 4 An SS7 Protocol Stack For Interconnecting CBC And BSC

Concepts described in Q.1400 (see CCITT Study Group XI - Report R219) are used. These concepts enable, with minor modifications, the protocol specified in Section 3 of GSM 03.49 to be supported via an SS7 protocol stack.

Q.1400 specifies the use of OSI concepts via SS7 for the development of signalling and operations and management protocols. The protocol specified in Section 3 of this report can be carried via an SS7 protocol stack consisting of TCAP, SCCP and MTP (see Q.700 series) with minor adaptations:

- ROSE operation classes 2 and 5 are replaced by TCAP operation classes 1 and 4 respectively.
- TCAP provides a connectionless service. The services provided by CBRSE-BIND, CBR-UNBIND, CBR-Bind-confirm and CBR-Bind-failure are therefore not required and subclause 3.3 is not applicable.

PLMN networks may provide interworking between either of the protocols specified by clause 2 or 3 and the SS7 protocol stack for the purpose of fulfilling the service requirements of the primitives specified for the CBC - BSC interface in GSM 03.41.

---

## Annex A (informative): Document change history

<b>SPEC</b>	<b>SMG</b>	<b>CR</b>	<b>PHA</b>	<b>VERS</b>	<b>NEW_VE</b>	<b>SUBJECT</b>
03.49	s25	A032	R97	5.7.0	6.0.0	Version Control for the CBC-BSC interface
03.49	s25	A033	R97	5.7.0	6.0.0	Write-Replace ASN.1
03.49	s26	A034	R97	6.0.0	6.1.0	CBC-BSC interface compatibility

---

# History

<b>Document history</b>		
V6.1.0	July 1998	Publication