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**Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS);
The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3;
TTCN-3 Language Extensions: Advanced Parameterization**

Reference

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Foreword

This ETSI Standard (ES) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS).

The use of underline (additional text) and strike through (deleted text) highlights the differences between base document and extended documents.

The present document relates to the multi-part standard ETSI ES 201 873 covering the Testing and Test Control Notation version 3, as identified below:

- Part 1: "TTCN-3 Core Language";
 - Part 4: "TTCN-3 Operational Semantics";
 - Part 5: "TTCN-3 Runtime Interface (TRI)";
 - Part 6: "TTCN-3 Control Interface (TCI)";
 - Part 7: "Using ASN.1 with TTCN-3";
 - Part 8: "The IDL to TTCN-3 Mapping";
 - Part 9: "Using XML schema with TTCN-3";
 - Part 10: "TTCN-3 Documentation Comment Specification".
-

Modal verbs terminology

In the present document "**shall**", "**shall not**", "**should**", "**should not**", "**may**", "**need not**", "**will**", "**will not**", "**can**" and "**cannot**" are to be interpreted as described in clause 3.2 of the [ETSI Drafting Rules](#) (Verbal forms for the expression of provisions).

"**must**" and "**must not**" are **NOT** allowed in ETSI deliverables except when used in direct citation.

1 Scope

The present document defines the Advanced Parameterization package of TTCN-3. TTCN-3 can be used for the specification of all types of reactive system tests over a variety of communication ports. Typical areas of application are protocol testing (including mobile and Internet protocols), service testing (including supplementary services), module testing, testing of CORBA based platforms, APIs, etc. TTCN-3 is not restricted to conformance testing and can be used for many other kinds of testing including interoperability, robustness, regression, system and integration testing. The specification of test suites for physical layer protocols is outside the scope of the present document.

TTCN-3 packages are intended to define additional TTCN-3 concepts, which are not mandatory as concepts in the TTCN-3 core language, but which are optional as part of a package which is suited for dedicated applications and/or usages of TTCN-3.

This package defines:

- Value parameters of types.
- Type parameterization.

While the design of TTCN-3 package has taken into account the consistency of a combined usage of the core language with a number of packages, the concrete usages of and guidelines for this package in combination with other packages is outside the scope of the present document.

2 References

2.1 Normative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

Referenced documents which are not found to be publicly available in the expected location might be found at <http://docbox.etsi.org/Reference>.

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The following referenced documents are necessary for the application of the present document.

- [1] ETSI ES 201 873-1: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 1: TTCN-3 Core Language".
- [2] ETSI ES 201 873-4: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 4: TTCN-3 Operational Semantics".
- [3] ETSI ES 201 873-5: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 5: TTCN-3 Runtime Interface (TRI)".
- [4] ETSI ES 201 873-6: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 6: TTCN-3 Control Interface (TCI)".
- [5] ETSI ES 201 873-7: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 7: Using ASN.1 with TTCN-3".
- [6] ETSI ES 201 873-10: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 10: TTCN-3 Documentation Comment Specification".
- [7] ISO/IEC 9646-1: "Information technology - Open Systems Interconnection - Conformance testing methodology and framework; Part 1: General concepts".
- [8] ETSI ES 201 873-8: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 8: The IDL to TTCN-3 Mapping".

- [9] ETSI ES 201 873-9: "Methods for Testing and Specification (MTS); The Testing and Test Control Notation version 3; Part 9: Using XML schema with TTCN-3".

2.2 Informative references

References are either specific (identified by date of publication and/or edition number or version number) or non-specific. For specific references, only the cited version applies. For non-specific references, the latest version of the reference document (including any amendments) applies.

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The following referenced documents are not necessary for the application of the present document but they assist the user with regard to a particular subject area.

Not applicable.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6], ISO/IEC 9646-1 [7] and the following apply:

type parameterization: ability to pass a type as an actual parameter into a parameterized object via a type parameter

NOTE: This actual type parameter is added to the specification of that object and may complete it.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6] and ISO/IEC 9646-1 [7] apply.

4 Package conformance and compatibility

The package presented in the present document is identified by the package tag:

- "TTCN-3:2014 Advanced Parameterization" - to be used with modules complying with the present document.

NOTE: This version of the package only extends the previous versions, identified with the package tag "TTCN-3:2009 Advanced Parameterization", with the option of parameterizing objects - in addition to types - also with signatures. For this reason, modules not containing a formal or actual parameter of the kind signature are compatible with both versions.

For an implementation claiming to conform to this package version, all features specified in the present document shall be implemented consistently with the requirements given in the present document, in ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] and in ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2].

The package presented in the present document is compatible to:

- ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], version 4.5.1;
- ETSI ES 201 873-4 [2], version 4.4.1;
- ETSI ES 201 873-5 [3], version 4.5.1;
- ETSI ES 201 873-6 [4], version 4.5.1;
- ETSI ES 201 873-7 [5], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-8 [8], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-9 [9], version 4.5.1;

ETSI ES 201 873-10 [6], version 4.5.1.

If later versions of those parts are available and should be used instead, the compatibility to the package presented in the present document has to be checked individually.

5 Package concepts for the core language

5.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 4 (Introduction)

The present package adds the following essential characteristic to TTCN-3:

- type parameterization.

5.2 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 5 (Basic language elements)

Clause 5.2.1 Scope of formal parameters

Add the following text:

Additionally, formal type parameters can be used as types of formal value parameters, return values, `runs on` and `system` clauses, where applicable.

Clause 5.4 Parameterization

Additionally, TTCN-3 supports type and signature parameterization.

Replace table 2 "Overview of parameterizable TTCN-3 objects" with the following table.

Table 2: Overview of parameterizable TTCN-3 objects

Keyword	Allowed kind of Parameterization	Allowed form of non-type Parameterization	Allowed types in formal non-type parameter lists
module	Value parameterization	Static at start of run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <code>address</code> type.
type (notes 1 and 2)	Value parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Static at compile-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <code>address</code> type.
template	Value and template parameterization, type parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <code>address</code> type, <code>template</code> .
function (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <code>address</code> type, <code>component</code> type, <code>port</code> type, <code>default</code> , <code>template</code> and <code>timer</code> .
altstep (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types, <code>address</code> type, <code>component</code> type, <code>port</code> type, <code>default</code> , <code>template</code> and <code>timer</code> .
testcase (note 1)	Value, template, port and timer parameterization, type parameterization, signature parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types and of all user-defined types, <code>address</code> type, <code>template</code> .
signature	Value and template parameterization, type parameterization	Dynamic at run-time	all basic types, all user-defined types and <code>address</code> type, <code>component</code> type.
NOTE 1: Type and signature parameterization are always static at compile-time.			
NOTE 2: Only port and component types are parameterizable with signature formal parameters.			

Clause 5.4.1 Formal parameters

All types in TTCN-3 may be parameterized.

Clause 5.4.1.1 Formal parameters of kind value

In addition to the existing rules, TTCN-3 supports value parameterizations as follows:

- the value parameters of user-defined types shall be in parameters;
- the language element **signature** does not support *static* value parameterization.

Modify the text as follows:

Restriction a) is relaxed to:

- a) Language elements which cannot be parameterized are: **const**, **var**, **timer**, **control**, ~~**record of**~~, ~~**set of**~~, ~~**enumerated**~~, ~~**port**~~, ~~**component and sub-type definitions**~~, **group** and **import**.

Clause 5.4.1 Formal Parameters

Is extended by the following clause:

Clause 5.4.1.5 Formal parameters of kind type and signature

Type, template and behaviour definitions in TTCN-3 can have parameters of kind type.

Syntactical Structure

```
[ in ] [ TypeIdentifier | type | signature ] TypeParIdentifier [ "!=" ( Type | Signature ) ]
```

Semantic Description

Types and signatures passed into a parameterized object can be used inside the definition of that object. This includes the usage as type of value, template, and port parameters, as type of return values and within **runs on** and **system** clauses of behaviour definitions.

Any type and signature parameterization shall be resolved statically.

Type and signature parameters shall be written in a separate parameter list, enclosed in angle brackets.

Parameters of type kind may have a default type, which is given by a type assigned to the parameter. Similarly, parameters of signature kind may own a default signature, which is identified by assigning a signature to the parameter.

The actual parameters of a type parameter can be required to be compatible with a specific component type. This is indicated by referring to a specific component type in the formal parameter list instead of using the keyword **type**.

Restrictions

- a) Formal type and signature parameters shall be in parameters, which can optionally be indicated by the optional keyword **in**.
- b) When a TypeIdentifier is used to specify the kind of the formal parameter, the default types shall be compatible with the type of the parameter. For type compatibility see [1] TTCN-3 Core Language, clause 6.4. The default type shall not refer to other type parameters in the same parameter list.
- c) Requiring type compatibility of the actual parameter with the formal parameter is possible for component types only.
- d) External functions shall not have type parameters.

Examples

```
// Definition of a list and a check function
type record of T MyList <in type T>;
function isElement <in type T>(in MyList<T> list, in T elem) return boolean { ... }

// Definition of a protocol message
type record Data<in type PayloadType> {
  Header      hdr,
  PayloadType payload
}

// restricting the actual type parameters
// the function can create a component of a type that is an extension of CT.
type component CT { timer t_guard };
function MyFunction <in CT Comp> (in integer p) runs on CT {
  var Comp c := Comp.create;
  :
};
```

Clause 5.4.1.1 Formal Parameters of kind value

Formal parameters with default values are additionally restricted by:

Restrictions

Replace the text as follows:

- e) ~~The expression of the default value has to be compatible with the type of the parameter. The expression shall not refer to elements of the component type of the optional runs on clause. The expression shall not refer to other parameters of the same parameter list. The expression shall not contain the invocation of functions with a runs on clause.~~
- e) The type of a value parameter with a default value shall not be a type parameter.

Clause 5.4.1.2 Formal Parameters of kind template

Formal parameters with default templates are additionally restricted by:

Restrictions

- a) ~~Only function, testcase, altstep and template definitions may have formal template parameters.~~
- a) The type of a template parameter with a default template shall not be a type parameter.

Clause 5.4.2 Actual Parameters

Is extended by a new clause:

Clause 5.4.2.1 Actual type parameters

Types can be passed into parameterized TTCN-3 objects as actual type parameters. Signatures can be passed into parameterized TTCN-3 objects as actual signature parameters. Actual type and signature parameters can be provided both as a list in the same order as the formal parameters as well as in an assignment notation, explicitly using the associated formal parameter names.

Syntactical Structure

```
[ ( Type | Signature | TypeParIdentifier ) "!=" ] ( Type | Signature )
```

Semantic Description

Actual type parameters that are passed to formal type parameters shall be types or formal type parameters. Actual signature parameters that are passed to formal signature parameters shall be signatures or formal signature parameters. Any compatible type/signature can be passed as actual parameter, i.e. actual parameters are not limited to those types/signatures only known in the module containing the parameterized definition itself. Formal type and signature parameters passed as parameters are those from the enclosing scope unit.

An empty type/signature parameter list can be omitted in both the declaration and usage of that object.

Restrictions

- a) When using list notation, the order of elements in the actual parameter list shall be the same as their order in the corresponding formal parameter list. For each formal parameter without a default type/signature there shall be an actual parameter. If a formal parameter with a default is followed by a formal parameter without a default, the actual parameter can be skipped by using dash "-" as actual parameter. If a formal parameter with a default is not followed by a parameter without a default, then the actual parameter can simply be omitted.
- c) When using assignment notation, each formal parameter shall be assigned an actual parameter at most once. For each formal parameter without default-type or signature, there shall be an actual parameter. To use the default -type or signature of a formal parameter, no assignment for this specific parameter shall be provided.
- d) If a formal parameter was defined using a specific component type, then the actual parameter shall be compatible with the type of the formal parameter. For type compatibility of component types see ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1], clause 6.3.3.
- e) Instantiating formal type or signature parameters with actual types/signatures shall result in valid TTCN-3.

EXAMPLE 1: Type parameterization

```
function f <in type T> (in T a, in T b) return T {
  return a + b}
var integer c := f<integer>(1, 2); // correct call, result 3
var integer c := f<boolean>(true, false); // incorrect
```

EXAMPLE 2: Signature parameterization

```
type port P <signature S> procedure { inout S }

function g <signature S> (integer a, P<S> p) return integer {
  var integer result;
  p.call(s:{a}, 10.0) {
    [] p.getreply(s:{-}) -> value result {}
    [] p.catch(s, exc) { testcase.stop }
    [] p.catch(timeout) { testcase.stop }
  }
  return result;
}

template integer exc := ?;

signature s1(integer a) return integer exception(integer);

signature s2(float a) return float exception(boolean);

type component C<signature S> {
  port P<S> p;
}

function h() runs on C<s1> {
  var integer r := g<s1>(1, p) // correct
}

function h2() runs on C<s2> {
  var float r := g<s2>(1, p) // incorrect; g returns integer and the actual call within
  // function g also returns integer.
}
```

5.3 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 6 (Types and values)

Clause 6.1.2.1 Nested type definitions for field types

Nested type definitions shall not have formal value parameters and shall not have formal type or signature parameters.

Clause 6 Types and values

Is extended by the following clause:

Clause 6.5 Value parameterization of types

TTCN-3 allows the use of value parameters in type definitions. This is applicable to all user-defined types, including subtypes of basic types, and excluding behaviour types and signatures.

The formal parameters may be used inside the type definition. The actual parameters have to be either formal value parameters of an enclosing type or they have to satisfy the same restrictions as global constants, see [1] TTCN-3 Core Language clause 10.

When referring to a parameterized type, actual parameters have to be provided for each of the formal parameters of the type.

EXAMPLE 1: length restriction

```
type record length ( 0 .. maxAmount ) of float MyFloats ( in integer maxAmount );
const MyFloats(3) myConst := { 1.1, 2.1, 3.1 };
```

EXAMPLE 2: range subtyping

```
type integer MyInt ( in integer maxInt ) ( 0 .. maxInt );
const MyInt(127) myByte := 125;
const MyInt(127) myWord := 65335; // incorrect
```

EXAMPLE 3: passing parameter

```
type record MySquareIndex ( in integer maxInt ) {
    MyInt(maxInt) x,
    MyInt(maxInt) y
};
```

5.4 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, clause 8 (Modules)

Clause 8.2.3.1 General form of import

Import of definitions is additionally restricted by:

Restrictions

- i) When importing a parameterized type the parameters are not resolved.

5.5 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-1, annex A (BNF and static semantics)

The BNF is extended with the following clause and productions:

Clause A.1.6.1.14 Type parameter definitions

1. FormalTypeParList ::= "<" [FormalTypePar](#) { "," [FormalTypePar](#) } ">"
2. FormalTypePar ::= [InParKeyword] [Type | | SignatureKeyword | TypeDefKeyword] [TypeParIdentifier](#) ["!=" Type | Signature]
3. TypeParIdentifier ::= Identifier
4. TypeActualParIdentifier ::= Identifier
5. TypeParAssignment ::= [TypeActualParIdentifier](#) "!=" TypeActualPar
6. ActualTypeParList ::= ("<" [ActualTypePar](#) { "," [ActualTypePar](#) } ">") | ("<" [ActualTypeParAssignment](#) { "," [ActualTypeParAssignment](#) } ">")
7. ActualTypePar ::= Type | Signature | Dash
8. ActualTypeParAssignment ::= [TypeActualParIdentifier](#) "!=" [ActualTypePar](#)
9. StructDefFormalParList ::= "(" [StructDefFormalPar](#) { "," [StructDefFormalPar](#) } ")"
10. StructDefFormalPar ::= [FormalValuePar](#)
11. TypeActualParList ::= ("(" [TypeActualPar](#) { "," [TypeActualPar](#) } ")") | ("(" TypeParAssignment { "," TypeParAssignment } ")")
12. TypeActualPar ::= [ConstantExpression](#) | TypeActualParIdentifier

The following productions from ETSI ES 201 873-1 [1] TTCN-3 Core Language clause A.1.6 are modified as follows:

```

15. StructDefBody ::= ( Identifier | AddressKeyword )
                    [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ]
                    "{ " [ StructFieldDef { ", " StructFieldDef } } " }"

27. UnionDefBody ::= ( Identifier | AddressKeyword )
                    [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ]
                    "{ " UnionFieldDef { ", " UnionFieldDef } " }"

33. StructOfDefBody ::= ( Type | NestedTypeDef ) ( Identifier | AddressKeyword )
                    [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ] [ SubTypeSpec ]

35. EnumDef ::= EnumKeyword ( Identifier | AddressKeyword ) [ StructDefFormalParList ]
                "{ " EnumerationList " }"

39. SubTypeDef ::= Type ( Identifier | AddressKeyword )
                 [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ] [ ArrayDef ] [ SubTypeSpec ]

47. PortDefBody ::= Identifier [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ] PortDefAttribs

71. ComponentDef ::= ComponentKeyword Identifier
                   [ FormalTypeParList ] [ StructDefFormalParList ]
                   [ ExtendsKeyword ComponentType { ", " ComponentType } ]
                   "{ " [ ComponentDefList ] " }"

74. ComponentType ::= ExtendedIdentifier
                    [ ActualTypeParList ] [ TypeActualParList ]

77. PortInstance ::= PortKeyword ExtendedIdentifier [ ActualTypeParList ]
                   [ TypeActualParList ] PortElement { ", " PortElement }

84. BaseTemplate ::= ( Type | Signature ) Identifier
                   [ FormalTypeParList ] [ (" TemplateOrValueFormalParList " ) ]

97. StructFieldRef ::= Identifier | PredefinedType | ReferencedType
/* STATIC SEMANTICS - PredefinedType and ReferencedType shall be used for anytype value notation
only. PredefinedType shall not be AnyTypeKeyword.*/

154. FunctionDef ::= FunctionKeyword Identifier [ FormalTypeParList ]
                   "( " [ FunctionFormalParList ] " ) " [ RunsOnSpec ] [ ReturnType ] StatementBlock

170. FunctionInstance ::= FunctionRef [ ActualTypeParList ] "( " [ FunctionActualParList ] " ) "

177. SignatureDef ::= SignatureKeyword Identifier [ FormalTypeParList ]
                   "( " [ SignatureFormalParList ] " ) " [ ReturnType | NoBlockKeyword ]
                   [ ExceptionSpec ]

182. Signature ::= ExtendedIdentifier [ ActualTypeParList ]

184. TestcaseDef ::= TestcaseKeyword Identifier [ FormalTypeParList ]
                   "( " [ TemplateOrValueFormalParList ] " ) " ConfigSpec
                   StatementBlock

189. TestcaseInstance ::= ExecuteKeyword "( " ExtendedIdentifier [ ActualTypeParList ]
                        " ( " [ TestcaseActualParList ] " ) "
                        [ ", " ( Expression | Minus ) { ", " SingleExpression } ] " ) "

192. AltstepDef ::= AltstepKeyword Identifier [ FormalTypeParList ]
                  "( " [ FunctionFormalParList ] " ) " [ RunsOnSpec ]
                  "{ " AltstepLocalDefList AltGuardList " }"

196. AltstepInstance ::= ExtendedIdentifier [ ActualTypeParList ] "( " [ FunctionActualParList ] " ) "

406. ReferencedType ::= [ GlobalModuleId Dot ] TypeReference [ TypeActualParList ]
                    [ ExtendedFieldReference ]

530. ExtendedFieldReference ::= { (( Dot ( Identifier [ ActualTypeParList ] [ TypeActualParList ] |
                                         PredefinedType ) )
                                | ArrayOrBitRef | ( "[" Minus "]" ) ) }+

/* STATIC SEMANTIC - The Identifier refers to a type definition if the type of the VarInstance or
ReferencedValue in which the ExtendedFieldReference is used is anytype. ArrayOrBitRef shall be used
when referencing elements of values or arrays. The square brackets with dash shall be used when
referencing inner types of a record of or set of type.*/

```

6 Package semantics

6.0 General

The semantics of a declaration with type parameters is defined only for the instantiations of the declaration, i.e. only the instances of the declaration with actual types provided are considered meaningful.

6.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-4, clause 6 (Restrictions)

Value parameterization of types and general type parameterization are static aspects. They are not relevant for the operational semantics.

The operational semantics therefore does not provide:

- a) A semantics for type parameterization. The instantiation of type parameters has to be done in the definitions part of a TTCN-3 module. The operational semantics is defined for the instantiated definitions only.
- b) A semantics for value parameterization of types. The instantiation of value parameters of types has to be done in the definitions part of a TTCN-3 module. The operational semantics is defined for the instantiated type definitions only.

7 TRI extensions for the package

Advanced parameterization has no effects on the TRI.

8 TCI extensions for the package

8.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-6, clause 7 (TTCN 3 control interface and operations)

Clause 7.2.1.2 Communication types

The `TciBehaviourIdType` is extended to cover also the actual type parameters.

`TciBehaviourIdType` A value of type `TciBehaviourIdType` identifies a TTCN-3 behaviour functions, including actual type parameters.

Clause 7.2.2.1 Abstract TTCN-3 data types

The following additional operations are defined for the abstract data type `Type`:

<code>TciParameterListType</code> <code>getValueParameters()</code>	Returns a list of the actual value parameters of this type. The list can be empty.
<code>TciParameterTypeListType</code> <code>getTypeParameters()</code>	Returns a list of the actual type parameters of this type. The list can be empty.

The list of operations of the class `Type` in **figure 4 Hierarchy of abstract values** is extended by:

```
getValueParameters():TciTypes::TciParameterListType
getTypeParameters():TciTypes::TciParameterTypeListType
```

Clause 7.3.1.1.7 `tciStartTestCase`

The usage of `tciStartTestCase` is additionally constrained by:

`tciStartTestCase` shall not be used for testcases with type parameters.

8.2 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-6, clause 8 (Java language mapping)

Clause 8.2.2.6 TciBehaviourIdType

Text is modified as follows:

TciBehaviourIdType is mapped to the following interface, providing access to the name as well as to the type parameters of the behaviour.

```
// TCI IDL TciBehaviourIdType
package org.etsi.ttcn.tci;
public interface TciBehaviourId extends QualifiedName {
public TciParameterTypeList      getTypeParameters();
}
```

Methods:

- getTypeParameters() Returns the list of the actual type parameters of this behaviour.

Clause 8.2.3.1 Type

The interface Type is extended by the two new operations:

```
// TCI IDL Type
package org.etsi.ttcn.tci;
public interface Type {
public TciModuleId  getDefiningModule ();
public String       getName ();
public int          getTypeClass ();
public Value        newInstance ();
public TciParameterList  getValueParameters();
public TciParameterTypeList  getTypeParameters();
public String       getTypeEncoding ();
public String       getTypeEncodingVariant();
public String[]     getTypeExtension();
}
```

Methods:

getValueParameters() Returns the list of the actual value parameters of this type.

getTypeParameters() Returns the list of the actual type parameters of this type.

8.3 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-6, clause 9 (ANSI C language mapping)

Clause 9.2 Value interfaces

The interface of Type is extended by the two additional operations.

TCI IDL Interface	ANSI C representation	Notes and comments
Type		
TciParameterListType getValueParameters()	TciParameterListType tciGetValueParameters(Type inst)	
TciParameterTypeListType getTypeParameters()	TciParameterTypeListType tciGetTypeParameters(Type inst)	

Clause 9.5 Value interfaces

TciBehaviourId is extended to hold the actual type parameters.

TCI IDL ADT	ANSI C representation (Type definition)	Notes and comments
TciBehaviourIdType	QualifiedName	The field aux holds a reference to an element of type TciParameterTypeListType

8.4 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-6, clause 10 (C++ language mapping)

Clause 10.5.2.1 TciBehaviourId

Identifies a TTCN-3 behaviour functions. It is mapped to the following pure virtual class:

```
class TciBehaviourId: ORG_ETSI_TTCN3_TRI::QualifiedName {
public:
    virtual ~TciBehaviourId ();
    virtual TciParameterTypeList getTypeParameters() const =0;
    virtual Tboolean equals (const TciBehaviourId &bid) const =0;
    virtual TciBehaviourId * cloneBehaviourId () const =0;
    virtual Tboolean operator< (const TciBehaviourId &bid) const =0;
}
```

Clause 10.5.2.1.1 Methods

To be extended by the following text:

getTypeParameters() Returns the list of the actual type parameters of this behaviour.

Clause 10.5.3.1 TciType

The interface Type is extended by the two new operations getValueParameters and getTypeParameters:

```
class TciType {
public:
    virtual ~TciType ();
    virtual const TciModuleId & getDefiningModule () const =0;
    virtual const Tstring & getName () const =0;
    virtual const TciTypeClass & getTypeClass () const =0;
    virtual const Tstring & getTypeEncoding () const =0;
    virtual const Tstring & getTypeEncodingVariant () const =0;
    virtual TciValue * newInstance ()=0;
    virtual const TciParameterList & getValueParameters()const =0;
    virtual const TciParameterTypeList & getTypeParameters()const =0;
    virtual Tboolean equals (const TciType &typ) const =0;
    virtual TciType * cloneType () const =0;
    virtual Tboolean operator< (const TciType &typ) const =0;
}
```

Clause 10.5.3.1.1 Methods

To be extended by the following text:

getValueParameters() Returns the list of the actual value parameters of this type.

getTypeParameters() Returns the list of the actual type parameters of this type.

8.5 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-6, annex A (IDL Specification of TCI)

The definitions of TciBehaviourIdType and Type are extended to provide also actual type parameters:

```
struct TciBehaviourIdType {
    TString moduleName;
    TString baseName;
    TciParameterTypeListType typeParameters;
};

// Abstract data type "Type"
interface Type {
    TciModuleIdType getDefiningModule ();
    TString getName ();
    TciTypeClassType getTypeClass ();
    Value newInstance ();
    TciParameterListType getValueParameters();
    TciParameterTypeListType getTypeParameters();
    TString getTypeEncoding ();
}
```

```

TString      getTypeEncodingVariant ();
TStringSeq  getTypeExtension ();
};

```

9 Package Extensions for the use of ASN.1 with TTCN-3

9.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-7, clause 10 (Parameterization in ASN.1)

Clause 10 Parameterization in ASN.1

Is extended by:

ASN.1 **type** definitions, parameterized merely with ASN.1 value formal parameters (i.e. when all formal parameter(s) have the form "Type: dummyvalue"), can be imported to TTCN-3 and used to define TTCN-3 definitions. When importing all definitions of an ASN.1 module, such type definitions shall also be imported.

ASN.1 **value** definitions, parameterized merely with ASN.1 type formal parameters (i.e. all formal parameters have the form "DummyType"), can be imported to TTCN-3 and used to define TTCN-3 definitions. When importing all definitions of an ASN.1 module, such value definitions shall also be imported.

All parameterized ASN.1 definitions shall be resolvable at compile-time.

All other parameterized ASN.1 definitions, not specified in the previous paragraphs of this clause, shall not be imported to and referenced in TTCN-3 modules.

For example the following is not legal because it would associate a TTCN-3 type which should take an ASN.1 object set as an actual parameter.

```

MyASN1module DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
  -- ASN.1 Module definition

  -- Information object class definition
  MESSAGE ::= CLASS { &msgTypeValue  INTEGER UNIQUE,
                    &MsgFields}

  -- Information object definition
  setupMessage MESSAGE ::= { &msgTypeValue  1,
                            &MsgFields      OCTET STRING}

  setupAckMessage MESSAGE ::= { &msgTypeValue  2,
                               &MsgFields      BOOLEAN}

  -- Information object set definition
  MyProtocol MESSAGE ::= {setupMessage | setupAckMessage}

  -- ASN.1 type constrained by object set
  MyMessage{ MESSAGE : MsgSet} ::= SEQUENCE
  {
    code  MESSAGE.&msgTypeValue({MsgSet}),
    Type  MESSAGE.&MsgFields({MsgSet})
  }
END

module MyTTCNModule
{
  // TTCN-3 module definition
  import from MyASN1module language "ASN.1:2002" all;

  // Illegal TTCN-3 type with object set as parameter
  type record Q(MESSAGE MyMsgSet) ::= { Z field1,
                                         MyMessage(MyMsgSet) field2}
}

```


To make this a legal definition the extra ASN.1 type My Message1 has to be defined as shown below. This resolves the information object set parameterization and can therefore be directly used in the TTCN-3 module.

```
MyASN1module DEFINITIONS ::=
BEGIN
  -- ASN.1 Module definition

  ...

  MyProtocol MESSAGE ::= {setupMessage | setupAckMessage}

  -- Extra ASN.1 type to remove object set parameterization
  MyMessage1 ::= MyMessage{MyProtocol}
END

module MyTTCNModule
{
  // TTCN-3 module definition
  import from MyASN1module language "ASN.1:2002" all;

  // Legal TTCN-3 type with no object set as parameter
  type record Q := {
    Z                field1,
    MyMessage1      field2}
}
```

10 Documentation extensions for the package

10.1 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-10, clause 6 (Tagged paragraphs)

Clause 6.6 The @param tag

The @param tag is applicable to all parameterized TTCN-3 definitions.

10.2 Extension to ETSI ES 201 873-10, annex A (where Tags can be used)

Table A.1 "Relation of documentation tags and TTCN-3" is modified as follows (only the @param row is changed):

	Simple Data Types	Structured Data Types	Component Types	Port Types	Modulepars	Constants	Templates	Signatures	Functions (TTCN-3 and external)	Altsteps	Test Cases	Modules	Groups	Control Parts	Component local definitions	Used in implicit form (see clause 7)	Embedded in other tags
@author	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@config											X						
@desc	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@exception								X								X	
@member		X ¹	X	X	X ¹	X ¹	X ¹									X	
@param	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X					X	
@priority											X						
@purpose											X	X					
@remark	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@reference	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@requirement									X	X	X	X					
@return								X	X							X	
@see	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
@since	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@status	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		
@url	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X
@verdict									X	X	X	X					
@version	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		

NOTE: ¹ Preceding language elements of record, set, union or enumerated types only.

History

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